Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 1. BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, SATURDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 1, 1868. No. 233.

Montreal Business Directory.

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal.

DEPARTMENTS.

Braces,	Knitted Woollens,
Braids,	Laces,
Brushes and Combs.	Ladies Collars and Sets,
Buttons,	Straw Goods,
Corsets,	Small Wares in great
Elastics,	variety,
Felt Hats,	Threads,
Gent's Collars and Ties,	Trimmings & Ornaments
Hosiery and Gloves,	Umbrellas,
VELVET RIBBONS, &c.	

HOOP SKIRTS,—our own Manufacture. 156-6m

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware Manufacturers,
MONTREAL.

KILN PLATES
AND
CASTINGS for BREWERIES.

Any parties about putting up new kilns for
MALT OR OATMEAL
will do well to correspond with the above.
156-6m.

BURROWS & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobaccos, &c., &c.
416 St. Paul St., Montreal.

☞Orders by letter from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 156-6m

PEAVEY & MARCH,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions,
And everything usually sold in a first class Grocery.
No. 344 Notre Dame Street, a few doors West St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

☞Every article warranted to be as represented or may be returned. Goods sent to any part of the City Free of Charge. 156-6m

HUNTER, DUFFY & JOHNSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
20 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 156-6m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, PROPRIETOR.
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 11-3m

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, Collins Wharf, Halifax.

PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain on the Lower Provinces. 38D-6m-W6m

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
375 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.
MAPS, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, Bills of Lading, Blank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards, in any number of colors, Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 27D6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS,
&c., &c., &c.,
25 Hospital St., - - - MONTREAL,
OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and
ON AS GOOD TERMS
as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.
J. C. FRANCK & Co.
July 27, 1867. 74d.

QUEEN
INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL, - - - - $10,000,000.
FIRE and LIFE.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers.—One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to **Ten per Cent.** of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management
Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.
The next division of profits takes place in 1868, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.
M. BOWELL,
Intelligencer Office.
DR. CANNIFF,
Medical Referee *Agent.*
May, 1867. 45-6mo.

Montreal Business Directory.

Frothingham & Workman,
MONTREAL,
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.
Warehouse and Offices 395 to 399, St. Paul St.
Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c.
May 1st. 1d-6m

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M. D.,
Consulting and Analytical Chemist,
630 Lagauchetiere Street, Montreal.
☞At home for consultation before 10 A. M., between 2 and 3, and after 6 P. M.
FEES FOR ANALYSIS,—$5 a metal, payable in advance.
156-6m

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
303 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL.
☞Every description of Jewelry manufactured from Gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 28b6m

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant.
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Agent for Walter Evans & Co. Sewing and Knitting Cottons, Derby; and J. M. Perry & Co.'s Gray's Patent Linen Fibre Collarss, Nottingham, England. 1D-6m

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER.
OFFICE: Corner of St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.
REFERENCES—Robertson & Bentley, Robert Esdaile, Esq., Jas Turnance, Esq. 31D3m

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT
And Commission Merchants,
49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street,
MONTREAL. 1D-6m

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant.
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods, 1D-6m

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 229 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 28b6m

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.
THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.
E. MUIR,
Chemist and Druggist,
28b5m Place D'Armes, Montreal.

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McCUAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
OFFICE—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and St. Gennion Street, Canal Wharf,
MONTREAL.
☞Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and oil of Produce, and purchase of Merchandise. 28b5m

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
100 GREY NUNS STREET, MONTREAL,
HAVE FOR SALE—

Boiler Tubes,	Drain Pipes,
Gas Tubes,	Roman Cement,
Horse Nails,	Water Lime,
Paints and Putty,	Portland Cement,
Fire Bricks,	Paving Tiles,
Fire Clay,	Garden Vases,
Fire Covers.	Chimney Tops, &c.

☞Manufacturers of AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR, and BED SPRINGS. 24D6m

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.
LIBERAL advances made on consignments to ourselves, or for shipment to our friends in Great Britain and the Lower Port
May 31st, 1867. 27D6m

A. ROBERTSON & Co,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Manties, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosier, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Clothes, Canadian Woollens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons, Prints, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Muslins.
478 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St.,
MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro'. C. W. 1'9-6m

Important to Miners and MINING MEN.
JOHNS' Patent Water-Proof Safety Fuse for WET GROUND and SUBMARINE BLASTING, is much cheaper than any other, and pronounced by Mining men much better than any imported.
Testimonials received from Men well known in the mining and quarrying business of Canada and the United States; from Messrs. Morrill & Colby, Bennets, Wiswell Macfarland, Adams, Watson, Griffith, Wearn, and others.
☞All orders promptly attended to.
Address JOHNS & Co.,
150-3m Sherbrooke, Q.

TERRAPIN RESTAURANT
CHARLES PAPINEAU,
BEGS to inform the public that he has opened the TERRAPIN RESTAURANT, in Coleman's Building, next door to Dr. Coleman's Drug Store, and he has fitted up in first class style, with every convenience. He will keep constantly on hand the best Ale and Porter, and the purest brands of Liquors, ☞Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c., always on hand.
Belleville, Oct. 16, 1867. 142-tf

CONGER BROS.

FEELING thankful for the very liberal patronage given them for the past year, beg to remind their customers and the public that having thoroughly
REFITTED THEIR STORE!
are now opening a well assorted stock of FRESH TEAS, SUGARS, SPICES, CURRANTS, RAISINS, FIGS, &c.
Special attention is called to their fine assortment of
Jams, Jellies, Canned and Bottled FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.
R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER
Nov. 13th, 1867. 1dly

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the
Canadian & United States Mails.
1867—SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS—1867.
Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.
Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.

This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undermoted First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double-Engine iron Steamships:—

AUSTRIAN,	2700 Tons.	Capt. AITON.
NESTORIAN,	2700 "	Lt. DUTTON, RNR.
MORAVIAN,	2650 "	Capt. WYLIE.
PERUVIAN.	2600 "	Capt. BALLANTINE.
HIBERNIAN.	2434 "	Capt. BROWN.
NOVA-SCOTIAN.	2300 "	Capt. ARLAN.
NORTH-AMERICAN.	1734 "	Capt. KERR.
BELGIAN.	2434 "	Capt. ORANGE.
DAMASCUS,	1600 "	Capt. WATTS.

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL EVERY THURSDAY, and from PORTLAND every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)

The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from PORTDAND as undernoted, viz:—

NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 25th Jan.
PERUVIAN.	Saturday, 1st Feb.
AUSTRIAN,	Saturday, 8th "
HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 15th "
NOVA-SCOTIAN	Saturday, 22nd "
MORAVIAN,	Saturday, 29th "
NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 7th March

ST. GEORGE from Portland, 31st Februay,
ST. ANDREW from Portland, 11th March,
☞Fares per "Nova Scotian," 11th January, from Scotland to St. Johns, N. F., are:—Cabin, $80; Steerage, $15.

Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway:—
CABIN, - - - $80 20 to $90 20
(according to accommodation.)
STEERAGE, - - - $32 00
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.
Berths not secured until paid for.
For particulars, apply to
J. W THOMPSON, Agent,
Canadian Express Office,
37D6m-16W1y BELLEVILLE.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
For 1868.

THE CHEAPEST OF LADIES' MAGAZINES,
BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST.

THE friend of woman, the arbiter of fashion, the encourager and publisher of the best literature of the day, the pattern from which all others copy.

READING MATTER.

In this there will be an improvement. The volume for 1863 will be set up with new-faced type, and of a size that will enable us to give an additional quantity of reading matter amounting to about twelve pages in each number.

BEAUTIFUL STEEL PLATES.

Of these the LADY'S BOOK contains *fourteen* each year, superior (we challenge comparison) to any published in this country, either in book or periodical.

THE LITERATURE OF THE LADY'S BOOK,
MARION HARLAND,
Authoress of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Moss Side," "Nemesis," and "Miriam,"
who contributes to no other monthly publication, will furnish a new novel for 1868, called "PEMBIE ROWLAND," that will run through the year. Her stories are anxiously sought after, and as they are copyrighted, can be found nowhere but in GODEY. Our former efficient corps of writers has also been retained.

OUR FASHION PLATES.

The original double fashion-plates will be continued MODEL COTTAGES.—The only magazine in this country that gives these designs is the LADY'S BOOK.
DRAWING LESSONS.—In this we are also alone.
ORIGINAL MUSIC.—GODEY'S is the only magazine in which music is paged expressly for it appears.
We have also a CHILDREN'S, a HOREICULTURAL, and a HEALTH department.
GODEY'S INVALUABLE RECEIPTS
upon every subject, for the Boudoir, Nursery, Kitchen, House, and Laundry.
TINTED ENGRAVINGS.—This is a series of engravings that no one has attempted but ourselves.
LADIES' FANCY WORK DEPARTMENT.—Some of the designs in this department are printed in colors in a style unequalled.

Terms for 1868.

One copy, one year,	$3 00
Two copies, one year,	5 00
Three copies, one year,	7 00
Four copies, one year,	10 00
Five copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making six copies,	14 00
Eight copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making nine copies,	21 00
Eleven copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making twelve copies,	27 00

Godey's Lady's Book and Arthur's Home Magazine will be sent one year on receipt of $4 50.
Godey's Lady's and The Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $3 50.
Godey's Lady's Book, Arthur's Home Magazine, and Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $5 00.
☞Canada subscribers must send 24 cents additional for every subscription to the Lady's Book, and 12 cents for either of the other magazines, to pay the American postage.
HOW TO REMIT.—In remitting by mail, a Post Office Order or a Draft, *payable to the Order of L. A. Godey*, is preferable to bank notes, as should the Order or Draft be lost or stolen, it can be renewed without loss to the sender. If a Draft or a Post Office Order cannot be procured, send United States or National Bank notes.
Address L. A. GODEY,
N. E. Corner South and Chestnut Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

Belleville Business Directory.

Ross, Bell & Holden,
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville.
HON. JNO. ROSS. JOHN BELL. THOS. HOLDEN
1D6m Wtf

Diamond & Dickson,
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c.
OFFICE:—Neilson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
A. DIAMOND. GEO. D. DICKSON.
1D-Wtf

A. R. Dougall,
BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.
Office over Overell's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.

Robertson & Stewart,
BARRISTERS and Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office,—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street,
ALEX. ROBERTSON. D. E. K. STEWART.
1D6m-Wtf

Macleilan & Macleilan,
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency Attornies-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c., &c
Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Legate & Price,
BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1D6m-Wtf

Geo. H. Haymes,
HATTER and Furrier, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs.
1D6m-Wtf

McLeod & Carre,
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS, Architects, Draughtsmen and Patent Solicitors, 153½ Front Street, Belleville.
MACLEOD, GAVILLER, KENNEDY & Co.,
Madoc. 1D6m-Wtf

Pitceathly & Kelso,
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Law Partnership.
THE undersigned have this day entered into co-partnership under the name of Jellett & Bleasdell. Office—Corner of Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville.
R. P. JELLETT.
8th October, 1867. J. H. T. BLEASDELL.

Forrest & Lozo's
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Lazier's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 25D-tf

T. Lockerty,
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 22D6m

Ponton, Falkiner & Denmark
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

Angus McFee,
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellry and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1D6m

John Wilson,
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street. Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled.
1D6m

J. W. Brown,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

Geo. Gibson,
MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1D6m

J. C. Vapor,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

To Gold Miners.
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Swedes Iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. WM. POWELL.
1D6m

McKeown & Robertson,
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

ALLSOP'S ALE,
Guinness' Stout,
Blood's Porter!!
IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT
1D6m **HAMBLY'S.**

BILL HEADS.
AND all other kinds of JOB PRINTING, executed with neatness and despatch at the INTELLIGENCER Office, Front Street, Belleville.

The Drifting Boat.

A boat floated away from the beach and bay,
Out of sight of tower and town,
An empty and a battered boat,
And that boat would not go down.
The morning rose on the waters wide,
And the night fell cold and dark,
Yet ever on with the wind and tide
Drifted that battered bark.

The sail had passed from its broken mast,
And its painted pride was dim;
The salt sea weed clung round its bows,
Which had been so sharp and trim.
Where were the merry mates and free,
Who had gone with it afloat,
We never learned; but the world's wide sea,
Hath lives like that drifting boat—

Lives that in early storms have lost
Anchor and sail and oar,
And never, except on Lethe's shore,
Can come to moorings more;
Out of whose loveliness, truthful days
The hope and the heart have gone—
Good ships go down in stormy seas,
But those empty boats drift on!

They had hearts to sail in the wind's eye once,
They had hands to reef and steer,
With a strength that would not stoop to chance
And a faith that knew no fear;
But the years were long, and the storms were strong,
And the rainbow flag was furled,
And they that launched for the skies have grown,
But the drift-wood of the world.

Profane Swearing.

"Of all sins which the human race is liable to fall into, none is so displeasing to God, and none is carried to such an extent as profane swearing. This may especially be said of Americans who use it in their every day conversation as an ornament, and persons of foreign nations travelling in our land have been horrified on witnessing its prevalence.

Our cities, our villages, and even our farming communities abound with profane swearers, and, go where we will, our ears are greeted with horrible oaths which make our blood curdle. On the cars, the steamboat, in the store, and every place of public resort, and even in private circles before ladies, we hear the name of God taken in vain, not only when the speaker is in passion but in common conversation it is introduced.

Not only those who are advanced in years indulge in this immoral practice, but we too often hear oaths most bitter and profane from the lips of our smallest children. It is a deep shame and a curse upon society and morals to hear children in this christian age railing against heaven and earth, and reviling their maker, yet on the play-grounds and in our village streets we hear blasphemies from the lips of children only learning to walk.

And who is responsible for this blot on the fame of every American citizen? It is you, parent, and it is you, young man, who pollute your lips with horrible blasphemies in the presence of children. You, and you alone, are accountable for this blackest of sins.

Let me say to you, young man or old, parent or otherwise, never give utterance to a profane oath. As you love all that is pure and holy, and as you hope for an inheritance in that home beyond the skies, never take the name of your maker in vain. This vile practice overthrows all that is good in man, blunts those nobler feelings within his breast, destroys his morals, and unfits him for all virtuous pursuits and all respectable society. God forbid that it should ever pervade the family circle and overthrow the family altar, yet this must be the inevitable result if persisted in. It steals upon man cunningly, it winds itself about his heart, driving out every virtue until it meets with no opposition. O, young man, for heaven's sake, for the sake of the rising generation, listen not to the temptings of the enemy, but drive it away from your heart—crush it under foot ere it takes possession of you, and the task will be easy; but let it tighten its anaconda folds around you day by day, and it will require all your power to disengage yourself from its embrace.

"Above all things swear not," saith the Apostle James. Hearken unto his instruction, ye that are taking the first step, and it will save you much anguish in your dying hour.

Beautiful Extract.

The following eloquent paper on Time, is, we believe, from the pen of Paulding:

I saw a temple, reared by the hands of man, standing with its pinnacle in the distant plain. The streams beat about it, the God of nature hurled his thunderbolt against it, yet it stood firm as adamant. Revelry was in the halls; the gay, the happy, the young, the beautiful were there. I returned—and the temple was no more. Its high walls lay in scattered ruin; moss and grass grew rankly there; and at the midnight hour the owl's long cry added to the deep solitude.—The young and gay who had reveled there had passed away.

I saw a child rejoicing in its youth; the idol of his mother and the pride of his father. I returned—and that child had become old. Trembling with the weight of years, he stood the last of his generation; a stranger amid the desolation around him.

I saw an old oak standing in all its pride upon the mountain; the birds were caroling in its boughs. I returned—and the oak was

leafless and sapless; the winds were playing at their pastimes through its thin branches.

"Who is this destroyer?" said I to my guardian angel.

"It is Time," said he. "When the morning stars sung together for joy over the new-made world he commenced his course; and when he has destroyed all that is beautiful on the earth, plucked the sun from its sphere, walled the moon in blood, yea, when he shall have rolled the heavens and earth away as a scroll, then shall an angel from the throne of God come forth, and with one foot upon the sea and one upon the land, lift up his hand toward heaven and swear by Heaven's Eternal, Time is, Time was, but Time shall be no longer!"

The Naturalization Question--British Subjects vs. American Citizens.

[From the London Times.]

We admit that very strong reasons may be alleged for the modification of existing laws, and if that would be quite impossible to push the principle of indefeasible allegiance to its extreme consequences. In ancient times the sovereign not only claimed, but exercised the right of forbidding subjects to leave the realm, and of recalling them at pleasure.

The maxim *nemo potest exuere patriam* was consistent with these prerogatives, and the persons who might be injuriously affected by it were too few to need special consideration. The vast emigration of recent years has changed all the conditions upon which its application depended, and rendered its maintenance as burdensome to the sovereign as it is to the subjects. A single illustration will suffice to put this in a clear light. If persons born in the United Kingdom owe a life-long allegiance to Her Majesty, it follows that they possess an equally durable right to her protection. Yet it cannot for a moment be supposed that our Government could or would attempt to watch over the interests of Irishmen permanently domiciled in the United States, and perhaps engaged in plotting against their native country. It is well known that great discretion was necessary in dealing with the numerous claims of natural born Englishmen resident in America for exemption from conscription during the civil war, and that our Minister judiciously abstained from interfering in behalf of those who had previously manifested their intention of becoming American citizens. Passages may, indeed, be quoted from treaties on international law to show that a sovereign's obligations are not co-extensive with those of a subject, but such distinctions will not stand the test of justice, common sense or national policy. We cannot hold the American Fenians responsible, as subjects, for acts of conspiracy in America, and yet refuse them whatever privileges may belong to that character.

Let us once more remind our readers that no concession is contemplated, except in respect to natural-born British subjects who may commit offences against our laws in the United States, and afterwards to return to Great Britain or Ireland. The jurisdiction of our courts over all offences committed on British territory, either by natives or foreigners, is absolute, and a foreigner may be convicted of treason as well as an Englishman. The doubt and the only doubt, is, whether a natural born subject, having deliberately changed his country and formally renounced his allegiance, ought not to be placed on the same footing with foreigners as regards his proceedings on a foreign soil. At present there is no method prescribed by the law of England, or, we believe, of any other State, whereby allegiance can be fully renounced for this purpose. * * No State has a right to demand that its subjects should be tried by jury at all, the system of trial by jury being unknown to international law, and not yet adopted by the municipal law of all, or nearly all, civilized nations. The jury *de medietate* is a purely English institution, established in an age of comparative barbarism, for the special benefit of persons ignorant of our language, and associated with oppressive disabilities of foreign merchants. We may safely predict that no complaint so unreasonable will be made by the American Government, and that if any reasonable complaint should be made it will be entertained by Lord Stanley in a conciliatory spirit. We have no desire or occasion to punish American Fenians for what they may do in the United States, and no power of so punishing them until they land in the United Kingdom. When they come to Ireland they may be arrested before the commission of an overt act by virtue of the authority intrusted by Parliament, to the Executive, or tried after the commission of an overt act for treason or felony. These safeguards are quite sufficient for the maintenance of public order, but if they should prove insufficient, this country will shrink from no sacrifice that may be required to strengthen them. If the Queen's Government is unable to put down Fenianism, it is unworthy to rule Ireland, and they greatly mistake our national character who suppose that we value our existence as an United Kingdom less highly than America valued her federal Union. We have nothing to gain by retaining the nominal allegiance of a single Irishman who prefers a republic to a monarchy, but it is the paramount duty of a government to protect its loyal subjects at any cost, against lawless fillibusters, whether native or foreign.

Abyssinia.

KING THEODORE'S PEDIGREE.

(*From the London Star, Jan.* 10.)

The following is King Theodore's pedigree, according to his own account:

PROCLAMATION.

In the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost, one God.

The Kings of Kings, Theodore, created by the Trinity its servant, installed by it and made Prince, to his children given to him by God and to all the Franks (Europeans).

By your God and the God of your friend Theodore, who appeared to Moses on Mount Sinai and in the Red Sea, who appeared to Joshua at Jericho, who through his servant Samuel annointed Saul when he was seeking the asses that were lost, who, when Saul turned from his Creator, commanded Samuel to annoint David.

Solomon was King after David, according to the word of the prophet and of his father, notwithstanding that Adonias (Adonijah), against the will of God, was proclaimed King by the people and obtained favor in their sight. Solomon, by the Queen of Azyeb (the southeast), begat Menilck, who became King of Ethiopia.—From Menilek down to the dynasty of the Gallas, all the Kings were stageplayers (*asmari*), who sought from God neither wisdom nor strength, but, with his help, the means of raising up an empire were found, when God chose me, His servant to be King.

My countrymen said, "The river is dried up, its bed is empty," and they insulted me because my mother was poor, and called me the son of a beggar. But the Turks knew the greatness of my father, who made them his tributaries as far as the frontiers of Egypt, and to the gates of their cities. My father and my mother descended from David and from Solomon, and they are also of the seed of Abraham, the servant of God.

Now, those who insulted me with the name of a beggar's son are themselves beggars, and beg for their daily bread. With out God's will neither wisdom nor power can save them from ruin. Nevertheless, as God said unto Adam, "in the sweat of thy face thou shalt eat bread," it is necessary not to fall into slothfulness. But it is needless for me to give you this advice; for, as the proverb says, "speak not of wisdom to the sage, neither cut the food of a lion."

There is nothing powerful in the world. Many have had mortars and cannons in abundance, and nevertheless have succumbed. Napoleon had myriads of them, yet he died conquered after having subjugated the Franks. Nicholas, Emperor of the Miscovites, possessed them in abundance, and he was vanquished by the French, the English, and the Turks, and died without having accomplished the desire of his heart.

If in your countries you meet with any partisans of the brigand Negusye, who shall say, like the traitors of this country, that Ethiopia is governed by the son of a beggar, wager with them a field covered with gold that I, the present Emperor, am on the throne of my father, Abraham and David, and bring them here to be comforted with me.

It is God "that hath put down the mighty from their seats, and hath exalted them of low degree."

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West,	7.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West,	8.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going West,	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train,	6.30 P. M.
Noon Express going East,	12.08 P. M.
Night Express going East,	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East,	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train,	9.30 P. M.

Montreal Time.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, FEB. 1.

TOWN COUNCIL.—The proceedings of last night's Town Council will appear on Monday.

LIEUT.-GOVERNORS.—The Ottawa special to the *Leader* says: "Lieut.-Governors Belleau, Quebec, and Doyle, Nova Scotia, have been confirmed in their appointments for five years."

HON. M. CHAPAIS.—This gentleman has been appointed to the vacant seat in the Senate, but it is said he will not abandon his claim to the representation of Kamouraska because of his appointment to the Senate, but will press his petition before the election Committee.

FIRE IN QUEBEC.—A fire broke out in a house on the south-east side of Findlay Market on the 31st January. Before the fire could be quenched, three tenements were destroyed, occupied by Messrs Lacsaire and Lachanie as grocers and a tavern. Loss about $4,000—covered by insurance.

QUEBEC CORPORATION.—This Corporation must be badly managed. A petition to Parliament to place the affairs of the city in the hands of commissioners appointed by Government, and suspend the corporation for a time, has been signed by a large number of citizens—some of them prominent and wealthy.

GOVERNMENT CLERKS.—We understand, says the Ottawa *Times*, "that the clerks in the several Government Departments are now positively required to be in their offices at or before nine o'clock a.m., and to remain until four p. m.—The Saturday half holliday has also been discontinued."

NAPANEE MATORALTY.—Some days since we noticed the fact that the right of Mr. Detlor, who had been elected Mayor of Napanee, to retain his seat was to be tested on the ground of his being a County Clerk. The Napanee *Standard* informs us that the Judges in Toronto have decided that he was not qualified, and have ordered a new election.

The Silver Question.

On the 31st January another "meeting on the silver question was held in Montreal. Nearly 150 firms and individuals, comprising a large number of the principal wholesale and retail houses, had tendered sums of from $500 to $5,000 each at a uniform rate of discount sufficiently high to secure its exportation, the aggregate amount, so far, reaching upwards of $200,000. A resolution was carried unanimously recommending a general increase of the amount tendered, so that an additional $100,000 may be at once obtained. This amount being considered necessary to ensure success it is hoped that the arrangements will be completed to-morrow, so that shipments may commence without delay."

Mr. King of Montreal.

"We thought that we had heard the last of Mr. King's intermeddling with the other banking institutions of the country. It appears we have not. We are credibly informed that, notwithstanding the universal out-cry against his financial dictatorship, he is threatening another monetary *coup d'etat*. He is reported to be engaged in buying up Commercial bills at 99 and 99¾, with a view of embarrassing the Merchants' Bank of Montreal as soon as the amalgamation of the two institutions is complete. We need hardly say that the attempt will utterly fail, and we only mention it for two reasons—to put the Merchants' Bank on their guard against even momentary inconvenience, and to point out the persistent virulence with which Mr. King is waging war upon the other banks, as he supposes, for the benefit of his own. It is high time that the talons of this financial vulture were pared down within the limits of harmlessness; it is no longer endurable that he should possess the power of putting sound and solvent institutions in jeopardy even for an hour."—*Telegraph, Toronto, Jan.* 30.

We do not understand where, at the present time, the Commercial Bills are to come from. There was a time when to buy and hold over would prove a good speculation, but that time has passed. Mr. King may have been preserving Bills for the purpose intimated, but to suppose that a Bank Manager would do what is here attributed to him, is to suppose a good deal. Yet, when we reflects upon his former acts, we must not be astonished at anything that occur.

Opposition Leader.

The *Evening Telegraph*, Toronto, says: "The member for South Bruce drew up a "round robin, pledging the Opposition to "accept Mr. McKellar as their leader, and "that this document has received twenty-"three signatures. When members at "present out of town have given in their "adhesion, this number may probably be "increased to thirty, which we imagine is "about the full strength of the stiff-backed "section of the House." It is also said Mr. McKellar had become sulky at the position assumed by Mr. Blake, and that in order to molify him, Mr. Blake adopted this method of swearing allegiance to his leader. It is not the first time Mr. Blake has been brought to book. While in Ottawa he assumed too much, and Mr. McKenzie got his back up, when the great Chancery lawyer had to back down and promise better behavior in future.

FAREWELL DINNER TO MR. VANALLAN.—A few of the friends of this gentleman entertained him at the Club House in a most sumptuous manner, on the evening of Wednesday last, prior to his promotion to the birth of Collector of Tolls on the Welland Canal; Mr. Jallett was in the Chair, and Mr. Starling filled the Vice-Chair. The fare was the best of all that was good in the eating way, and cooked and put on the table by Mr. Cronn (than whom there is no better caterer) in his very best style. The wines were choice and in abundance, the "sparkling Moselle" being the favorite. After the cloth was removed the Chairman, in a few well chosen remarks, presented the guest with an address signed by all the influential business men in the Town. It was couched in appropriate terms, acknowledging the worthiness, affability and attention to business, which so conspicuously marked this gentleman's conduct whilst with us during a period of eight years, and expressing a regret at his departure. Mr. Vanallan in touching language very feelingly replied. After this the toast of the evening was given by Mr. Jellett, who expressed in felicitous terms the feelings of the company towards their guest, in echoing the address and amplifying it. That it was heartily received can be testified to by people standing at the bridge, who heard "He is a Jolly Good Fellow." The parties waited long, and it was the murky hour preceding the dawn ere they in full force saw their guest safely to his hall door. Few men better deserve the honors and hospitality tendered to Mr. Vanallan, either as a business man or warm friend.—COM.

—A loafer in a newspaper office is like a shade tree, because we are glad when he leaves.

—It is said the passengers killed on the American railroads are six to one on any of the railroads in Europe.

—The Kingston corporation have petitioned the Legislature of Ontario to abolish the Recorders Court in that city.

—The Legislature of New Brunswick will assemble on the 13th February and that of Prince Edward on the 4th March.

—In consequence of the Fenian troubles, the Welsh colliers at Merthyr, South Wales, have refused to work if Irishmen are employed in the works. This is one of the results of the conspiracy for the "deliverance" of Ireland and Irishmen.

Ontario Legislature.

JANUARY 31st, 1868.

ASSESSMENT LAWS.

Mr. Rykert moved, seconded by Mr. Pardee, for leave to introduce an act to amend the assessment act of Upper Canada.—Carried and referred to private bill committee.

REGISTRARS.

Mr. Seaton introduced a bill to amend an act respecting Registrars and Registry offices, in connection with lands in Upper Canada; second reading on Thursday next.

ASSESSMENT ROLLS OF BELLEVILLE.

Mr. Corby introduced a bill to legalise the Assessment Rolls of the Town of Belleville, from 1852 to 1866.

REGISTRY OFFICES.

Mr. Cameron presented a return by command of His Excellency, to an address asking for returns as to fees paid to registrars of the Province. Also a return containing copies of all orders in Council relating to the sale of mineral and agricultural lands passed since 1856.

INTERPRETATION OF THE LAW.

Mr. Macdonald in moving the second reading of the bill respecting interpretation of the statutes, explained that it would settle the clauses in the consolidated statutes which were not applicable to Upper Canada. For one thing it would reduce the number of Holidays, for they did not want so many of them in this section of the province.

HEIR AND DEVISE COURTS.

Mr. Macdonald moved the second reading of the bill respecting heir and devise courts. He said it was likely he would have to make a few alterations in some of the clauses, and would therefore only now move that it be read a second time.

Mr. Blake agreed entirely in the principle of the bill.

FREE GRANT SETTLERS.

Mr. Richards moved the second reading of the bill respecting free grants to settlers.

Mr. McKellar said the House was somewhat taken by surprise, and hoped the second reading would not be pressed to-day. Let it lie over till Monday or Tuesday next.

Mr. Hays hoped the government would never allow a measure to lie over, because of the absence of members. They were sent by their constituents who expected them to be faithful towards them, and to their duty, and if they neglected that they would have to answer for it elsewhere.

It was moved that the bill be read a second time on Monday next.

Mr. McKellar objected again. Many members had gone home, who could not be here until Tuesday, and that being a government day, without the consent of his friends opposite it could not be proceeded with.

Mr. Macdonald said if there was not a full house on Monday the bill would be taken up on Tuesday. That he promised.

TRACTION ENGINES.

Mr. Cumberland moved the second reading of an act to authorize and regulate the use of Traction Engines on highways. It provides that it shall be lawful for any person to employ Traction Engines for the conveyance of freight or passengers, or both, over any public highway in this Province. That the speed of the Traction Engine shall not exceed the rate of so many miles per hour. That parties running engines are to strengthen bridges, culverts, &c., and to level highways. The width of the driving wheels of the engines are to be at least eighteen inches, and the wheels of the trucks or waggons drawn thereby, shall be four inches in width for the first two tons capacity, load and weight of truck included, and an additional half-inch for each further ton. Other clauses provide for the meeting of restive horses; that lights shall be carried after dark; and for other preventives to secure the protection of the public.

Mr. Cameron hoped the second reading of this bill would not be forced to-night, because it affected considerably private interests, which the government had not as yet had time to look into.

Mr. Macdonald followed, and had no objection that the bill should be read on Thursday, and then discussed.

Mr. McKellar said the objection as to frightening horses by having such traction engines on highways was puerile. It was said when the Grand Trunk was started, that the cows in the fields through which the trains ran would refuse to give milk, and the horses run away half mad. Now they were as quiet as possible; they had got used to it; there was no complaint of the kind; and he ventured to say before these engines were six months in operation the same report would be given as to the conduct and behavior of the animals, now called in question.

Mr. Swinerton gave the bill his support, and it was ordered to stand over till Monday.

At 4:30 the House, on motion of the hon. the Premier, adjourned till Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

—The subscription collected in Quebec and Ontario for the relief of the Nova Scotia fishermen already amounts to about $15,000.

—The Fenians are taking up George Francis Train as a candidate for Governor of the Empire State, provided he declines a nomination for Congress, which he is sure to have any how.

—A consignment of forty tons of cheese, the produce of the Harrietsville factory, East Middlesex, was received a day or two ago at London, and is about to be forwarded to Liverpool.

Stock Market.

The Montreal *Gazette's* commercial article of yesterday quotes stocks as follows:

Securities of all kinds have been dull and heavy throughout the week. In Bank Stocks the amounts offering have been large and lower prices in many cases have been accepted.

Bank of Montreal—This has been dealt in at all prices from 125 to 126.

Bank of British North America—Buyers but no sellers at 102½ to 104½.

City Bank—Has again declined ¼, with sales at 99, 99½, and 100.

Molson's Bank—Is offered at 111¼, with buyers at 111.

Merchants' Bank—Under a heavy pressure to sell, has declined from 1 to 2 per cent., closing heavy at 108½ to 108¾. Sales during the week at 109½ and 109.

Mechanics' Bank—None in market; 97 would be paid.

La Banque du Peuple—All offering has been taken at 108.

La Bank Jacques Cartier—Remains as last quoted at 107½ to 108.

Quebec Bank—Heavy at 98 to 99.

La Banque Nationale—Is without change at 106½ to 107½.

Union Bank of Lower Canada—Sales to some extent at 101.

Eastern Township's Bank—Buyers but no sellers at 97 to 98.

Commercial Bank of Canada—There has been considerable sales at 36 to 36½.

Ontario Bank—Declined to 97, at which some sales have been made, closing rather firmer, with buyers at that price.

Bank of Toronto—Sales at 111 to 111½. There are still buyers at the former price.

Gore Bank—Is very dull at 80 to 81.

Royal Canadian Bank—Considerable sales at 91, which price is still procurable.

Canadian Bank of Commerce.—Continues to be offered at 100 to 100½. No demand.

Montreal Telegraph Company—Sellers at 131½, with buyers at 130½.

Canadian Inland Steam Navigation Co.—Buyers offer 125, with sellers at 127½.

Richelieu Navigation Co.—There have been sales at 105, which price would still be paid.

Canada Debentures.—Are without change. No sales reported during the week.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—Dr. Arminius Vambery, the well-known traveller in Central Asia, has written a letter to the London *Times*, in which he proves the absurdity of the reports that the Chinese Government is preparing a hostile movement on the borders of the empire.

Despatches received from Florence last night allege that the Italian Government is about to send out a naval expedition to the Rio de La Plata, South America. Nothing is known as to the cause or the object of the movement. Prime Minister Menabrea, when interrogated on the subject, declined to give any explanation.

BERLIN, January 31.—Gen. Carl Schurz to-day dined with Count Von Bismarck and the members of the Federal Council of the North German States.

NAPLES, January 31, evening.—The Italian fleet now in this harbor, which has been getting ready for sea, has received orders to sail forthwith to the Rio Parana, Paraguay. All information in regard to the expedition is rigorously withheld by the Government, and to the naval officials only is its destination known.

VIENNA, January 31.—The Reicharath will re-assemble in this city on February 17th.

LONDON, Feb. 1, 11:15 a. m.—The Bank of Holland has reduced its rate of discount to 3 per cent. Erie 48¼; Bonds firmer at 72¼ to 72¾.

LIVERPOOL, February 1, 11:15 a. m.—Cotton quiet and steady. Other articles unchanged.

American Despatches.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 31.—By the fire at Leavenworth, Kansas, this morning, about $75,000 worth of property was destroyed.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—The *World's* Washington special says the tergiversation of Secretary Seward is of avail no longer, and higher authority has determined upon the course which is to be pursued in respect to the claims of the United States government upon Great Britain. I am authorized to state most confidently and decisively, that the legitimate demands which has been too meekly urged by the Secretary of State upon the British Cabinet, are to be forced at whatever hazard. The new British Minister, Mr. Thornton, will probably be presented to the President on Tuesday. Although the addresses that are to be exchanged may be guarded and serene, the fact yet remains that a speedy and satisfactory response must be made by the British Government to the ultimatum of the executive of the United States, or else a declaration of war against Great Britain must inevitably ensue.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—The *World's* Washington special says, the naval bill reported in the House to-day, cuts down the appropriations for the naval service from the original estimate of $47,000,000 to $18,000,000. In the consular and diplomatic bill the expenses are cut down about $500,000.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—A party of men acting under the orders of Collector Wood, third internal revenue district, yesterday, were mobbed while engaged in looking for illicit stills in Brooklyn. An immense crowd assembled and buried missles of various kinds at the officers, three of whom were struck, but not seriously injured.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—The steamer "City of New York," from Liverpool, has arrived.

Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

February 1, 1868.

IMPORTS.—1 car merchandise.

EXPORTS.—3 cars merchandise and 1 car lumber.

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, Feb. 1.

Commercial Bills buying at.....99
" selling at.....99½
Greenbacks, buying at.....70 to 70½
" selling at.....71 to 71½
Bank of Upper Canada Bills.....63
Silver, buying at.....4½ to 4¾
" selling at.....4
Gold opened at 140½; closed at 140¼.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, Feb. 1, 1868.

FALL WHEAT—$1 60 to $1 65.
SPRING WHEAT—$1 50 to $1 60.
BARLEY—$90 to $95.
RYE—firm at $1 00 to $1 05.
OATS—60c to 65c.
PEAS—demand only for local use at 95c to 100c.
BUCKWHEAT—40c to 75c.
BRAN—Dull at $5 50 $6.
PORK—$5 00 to $8 50. Heavy Pork $6 to.
MUTTON—8c to 9c per pound.
BUTTER—15c to 20c.
EGGS—18c to 20c.
HIDES—$6.00 to $6.50.
SHEEPSKINS—dull at 50c to 65c.
CALFSKINS—8c ₱ lb.
TALLOW—Rough, 6c; rendered, 8c.
WOOL—22c.
POTATOES—50 to 60c.
APPLES—$0 30c to $1 00
HAY—$10 to $15.
CHEESE—10c.
COAL—70c to 80c.
FLOUR—No 1, $7 50 ₱ bbl.
POTASH—$4 50 to $4 75.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.

MONTREAL, Feb. 1, 1867.
1 P. M.

FLOUR.—Superior Extra	$8 00	@	8 25
Extra	7 90	@	8 00
Fancy	7 60	@	7 75
Welland Canal Superfine	7 45	@	7 60
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat,	7 45	@	7 60
" " 1 Western Wheat,	7 45	@	7 60
" " 2 " "	7 00	@	7 20
Bag Flour	3 60	@	3 70
WHEAT.—Canada Fall	0 00	@	0 00
Spring	1 70	@	0 00
Western	0 00	@	0 00
OATS.—Per 32 lbs	0 46	@	0 47
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	0 90	@	1 00
BUTTER—Dairy	0 13	@	0 18
" Store Packed	0 13	@	0 18
ASHES—Pots	5 25	@	5 27½
Pearls	5 75	@	5 80
PORK.—Mess	19 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess	14 00	@	00 00
Prime	13 00	@	00 00
DRESSED Hogs	5 50	@	6 00
PEAS	0 86	@	0 87
RYE FLOUR	5 90	@	6 00

Flour—receipts moderate; demand more active; sales to a fair extent of Supers at quotations. Grain: Wheat wanted; Peas—no sales; Oats firm; Barley quiet. Provisions—Pork unchanged; Hogs—rather better enquiry; rates unchanged; Butter neglected. Ashes dull.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET

NEW YORK, February 1.

Cotton firmer at 19½c.
Flour dull; receipts 5,200 barrels; sales 4,100 bbls at $8 60 to $9 10 for superior state and western; $9 90 to $10 80 for common to choice extra State; $9 60 to $12 for common to choice extra western.
Rye flour steady.
Wheat firm; receipts 3,380 bushels; sales 7,500 bushels at $2 50 for No. 1 spring in store.
Rye quiet; receipts 125 bushels.
Corn unchanged; receipts 51,600 bushels; sales 31,000 bushels at $1 25 to $1 27 for new mixed western afloat
Barley dull.
Oats dull and nominal; receipts 6,300 bush; sales at 84c for western.
Pork firm at $21 75 to $21 23 for old mess; $22 25 to $22 75 for new.
Lard firm at 13¼c to 14¾c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.

Stocks steady.
Sterling Exchange, 60 days, 109¾.
Gold 140¾.
Gold closed 140¾.

CHRIST CHURCH,

NEAR UPPER BRIDGE.

REV. SEPTIMUS JONES, B.A., INCUMBENT.

SUNDAY SERVICES 11 A.M., and 7 P.M. Holy Communion Third Sunday in every month. This church is wholly supported by the offeretory collections. *SEATS FREE.*
November 28th, 1867. 41-1y

☞ Ticket Office for Great Western Railway, opposite the Market, Front-St. Tickets issued to Milwaukee, Chicago, New Orleans, Omaha City, Nebraska Territory, Fort Riley, Kansas, Cheyenne, Dacotah, Denvis Colorado, and all points West. Fare received either in Greenbacks or current funds.
217-1y R. P. DAVY, AGENT.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE COUGH AND LUNG REMEDY for every family to keep at hand.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM.

It sells everywhere, and gives satisfaction. Read the following extracts from letters:

I. P. BOWIE, Druggist, Uniontown, Penn., writes, April 4, 1866: "Allen's Lung Balsam has performed some remarkable cures about here. I recommend it with confidence in all diseases of the throat and Lungs."

STERLING BROS., Druggists, write from Carrollton, January 27, 1866: "Send us six dozen Allen's Lung Balsam. We are entirely out of it. It gives more general satisfaction than any other medicine we sell."

Sold by all Family Medicine dealers.

☞ Perry Davis & Son, Agents for the Dominion of Canada. 47-4w 2-3-4w

R. R. R. RADWAY'S PILLS.

Are the only Purgative, Alterative, and Cathartic Medicine that secures a vegetable substitute for mercury or calomel. They cure with astonishing rapidity Liver Complaints, Kidney Diseases, Irritation of the Bladder, Piles, Biliousness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Ladies' Complaints, and all diseases indicating the necessity of a purgative medicine.

AGED PEOPLE,

Subject to Costiveness, or paralysis of the bowels, are quickly cured by these Pills.

A gentleman, aged 80 years, who had not enjoyed a natural discharge from the bowels for nearly 40 years, and was always compelled to resort to injections, was relieved by one dose; and by taking 4 pills each night, for one month, was restored to sound health and regularity.

These Pills purify the blood, remove all obstructions from the bowels, liver, skin, spleen, bladder, &c., and purge out all corrupt and acrimonious humors. A few days' use of these pills will make the skin smooth, clear, pure and healthy. They increase the appetite and flesh.

DOSE.—For Regulating the Liver, Stomach, Bowels, and promoting Digestion, One Pill at Night. For Obstinate Diseases and Chronic Complaints, 4 to 6 every 24 hours.

Price, 25 cents per box. Sold by Druggists. Always ask for Dr. Radway's Pills.

See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1869.—R. R. R. sold by Druggists. 49-3w.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY!

NOTICE.

A QUARTERLY MEETING of this Society will be held in NEILSON'S HALL, on the evening of TUESDAY, 4th February.

A. ROBERTSON, Esq.,
Pres'd St. Andrew's Soc'y.

W. WEBSTER,
Secretary.
Belleville, Jan. 30, 1868. 50w1t

LECTURE.

THE celebrated Rev. CHARLES CHINIQUI, of St. Anne, Kankakee, Illinois, formerly of Lower Canada, will lecture in the John Street Presbyterian Church, on TUESDAY EVENING, 4th February, at 7:30 o'clock.

At the close of the Lecture, a collection will be taken up on behalf of the Kankakee Mission.
Belleville, Jan. 29th, 1868. 50w1t-d M-T

DR. OTWAY'S Third Lecture!

WILL be delivered in the MARBLE HALL on

Tuesday Evening, Feb. 4th.

SUBJECT:

Gold and Silver Ores,

ILLUSTRATED BY EXPERIMENTS.

Admission 12½ cents. Proceeds to be given to the Ladies Committee for the relief of the poor.

Doors open at half past seven. Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock, precisely.
February 1st, 1868. 133-2t

NOW READY,

THE

Queen's New Book,

Journal in the Highlands.

PRICE, $1.25.

E. HARRISON.
Belleville, Feb. 1, 1868. 233-tf

Notice of Partnership.

WE HAVE this day admitted William Jones, of Belleville, as partner into our firm.

A. S. PAGE & CO.
Belleville, Jan. 15, 1868. 218-1m

GRAND DISCOUNT SALES

OF

DRY GOODS,

AT

P. D. CONGER'S.

A SPLENDID

ASSORTMENT OF

FLANNELS,

GENT'S

FURNISHING GOODS,

&c., &c.,

JUST RECEIVED,

AT

J. MUIR & CO.'S.

Partner Wanted,

WANTED, as equal partner in a light and profitable manufacturing business, a good responsible man, with some capital to invest.

For particulars enquire at 224, or at the office of S. B. Burdett, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Front St., Belleville.
Belleville, Jan. 27, 1868. 228-tf

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THIS BANK is prepared to issue drafts, receive deposits, and grant interest receipts at the office of the Commercial Bank in Belleville.

Mr. THOMSON will be happy to see his old friends.
Belleville, Jany. 23, 1868. 226-tf

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

MOIRA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Capital Stock, $100,000. Divided into 10,000 Shares.

WORKING CAPITAL, $15,000.

HORACE YEOMANS, ESQ., PRESIDENT. ANDREW THOMSON, ESQ., TREASURER.
B. S. GILBERT, ESQ., SECRETARY. J. G. SHURTZ, ESQ., SUPERINTENDENT.

MERCHANTS' BANK, BANKERS. DEAN & GILBERT, SOLICITORS.

DIRECTORS:

HORACE YEOMANS, of Flint & Yeomans, Belleville.
ANDREW THOMSON, Banker, Belleville.
W. W. DEAN, Master in Chancery, Belleville.
JOHN G. SHURTZ, Superintendent.
JAMES LISTER, M.D., Belleville.
JAMES W. CARMAN, American, Consul, Belleville.
BARTON S. GILBERT, of Dean & Gilbert, Barristers, Belleville.

THIS COMPANY is duly Incorporated under Cap. 23, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the purpose of working the mineral veins upon *sixteen* acres of Lot No. 19, in the fifth concession of Madoc, (the Richardson Mine being No. 18 in the same concession.)

A shaft has been sunk to the depth of nine feet in the rock. At six feet a gold-bearing lode was struck, of 18 inches in width, which at nine feet has increased to 2½ feet, and a crushing at Gilbert & Turley's mill of four and one-half tons of the rock, gave a yield of over fifty-six dollars in gold; the lode is clearly defined, and evidently extends the whole length of the property—52 rods.

The territory is admirably situated for mining purposes, being a high ridge covered with indications of mineral veins. There are numerous places on the land fully as promising as the one on which the shaft has been sunk, and which would unquestionably yield as well. The large quantity of land, and the prospects of other gold-bearing veins, make it certain that the Company will be able to subdivide the property as soon as a little further development has been made, and form other Companies at great advantage.

Work is being vigorously prosecuted in the shaft, under the superintendence of JOHN G. SHURTZ, Esq., one of the Directors, who is largely interested in the proprietary of the mine, and who has had thirteen years' practical experience in the gold mines of California and Nevada, and is unquestionably the most accomplished quartz miner now in this country.

It is intended to have a further crushing in a few days, and negotiations are in progress which, if carried out, will secure a mill to the Company at once, so that regular work will be gone on with without delay, and dividends may, in that case, be expected in a short time.
Belleville, Jan. 27th, 1868. 228d-tf

Limes and Glycerine,

The best Hair Dresser before the public.

Limes and Glycerine,
The best preparation known for Dandruff.
Limes and Glycerine,
Allays all irritation of the Scalp.
Limes and Glycerine,
All who have used it pronounce it superior to any preparation for the Hair.
Limes and Glycerine,
Is to be found on almost every toilet table.
Limes and Glycerine,
Far superior to pure Glycerine for chapped hands, &c.

Prepared only at
APOTHECARIES HALL,
1d1y Front St., Belleville.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

Ladies Work Boxes,
" Writing Desks.
" Dressing Cases,
Photograph Albums.
Fancy Wool Goods.
Ladies Bonnets.

A fine assortment of

Dress Goods!

and the

Latest Styles in Cloth

FOR LADIES JACKETS.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.
Dec. 19, 1867. 1D-1y

The X-Mas No. of the

ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS,

IS NOW READY.

ALSO,
BOUND NUMBERS OF
British Workman,
Band of Hope Review,
Children's Friend,
Infant's Magazine,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
LEISURE HOUR, SUNDAY AT HOME, &c., &c.,
AT
J. C. OVERELL'S,
OPPOSITE THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
FRONT STREET,
BELLEVILLE.
January 4, 1868. 209

Horses, Carriages, &c., FOR SALE.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS

TAKEN AT PAR.

Apply to
H. PRETTY,
Opposite the Market.
Belleville, Oct, 22, 1867. 147-tf

DIARIES, DIARIES,

FOR 1868,

AT

J. C. OVERELL'S,

TURNBULL'S BLOCK,
180 FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

GRAHAM FLOUR,

OATMEAL, SPLIT PEAS, BEANS, &c.

—ALSO,—

WHITEFISH AND HERRINGS

IN BARRELS & HALF BARRELS,

At the "Corner Store,"
Front and Bridge Streets.

A. FLETCHER & Co.
January 15, 1868. 7-1y,w48-2t

HOOP SKIRTS,

LATEST STYLES.

G. C. Holton & Co.

J. & W. Sutherland

WOULD respectfully solicit an inspection of their new stock of

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS,

Which will be found complete in the following specialities:

FANCY DRESS GOODS.
FRENCH MERINOS—2s. 6d. and upwards
FRENCH LAMAS & THIBETS.
FRENCH DELAINES.
SCOTCH TWEEDS.
" ALL WOOL HOSIERY.
CANADIAN " "
" FLANNELS.
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.
DUNDAS COTTONS AND BAGS.
AMERICAN YARN.

J. & W. SUTHERLAND.
Belleville, October, 1867. 1n6m

NEW MUSIC

AT

F. VANNORMAN'S.

La Crosse Galop and Quadrille!

and a lot of

CHOICE NEW PIECES.
Belleville, Jan. 15, 1867.

NOTICE.

THE annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Belleville Gas Company, to receive the Annual Report and for the Election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Secretary, on MONDAY, the 3rd day of February, 1868, at 12 o'clock, noon.

JAS. GLASS,
Secretary.
per H. A. B.
Belleville, Jan'y. 27, 1868. 229 4t

F. HACKETT

HAS RECEIVED A

CHOICE ASSORTMENT

OF

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS

Belleville, Oct. 1, 1867. 1D-6m

COSGRAVE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

East India Pale Ale.

JUST RECEIVED,

50 Hhds,

150 Barrels and half Barrels.

FOR SALE ONLY BY
WESLEY BULLEN.
Belleville, Nov. 26, 1867. 177-tf

HUFFMAN HOUSE,

MADOC, ONTARIO.

HUFFMAN & SON, Proprietors,
(LATE OF PETERBOROUGH.)

☞ Every attention paid to travellers. House and furniture entirely new. 143-tf 36tf

Store-keepers!
Farmers!
And Others!

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM THE IMPORTERS DIRECT.

The Montreal Tea Company,

6 Hospital Street, Montreal,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to different parts of the country—and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOTEL, QUEBEC, January 7, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:
GENTLEMEN,—The six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for my guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,
WILLIS RUSSELL.

HOUSE OF SENATE, Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:
GENTLEMEN,—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,
S. SKINNER.

QUEBEC, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:
GENTLEMEN,—The box of 20 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 55 cents was of excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for.
Yours respectfully, D. ANDERSON.

TORONTO, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:
GENTLEMEN,—The two chests of Tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton, one chest Fine Flavoured New Seasons Congou, at same price, viz.: at 55 cents per lb. Yours, &c.,
JAMES EDGAR.

FELCOME, December 23, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:
GENTLEMEN,—The Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using, for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz.: at 75 cents per lb. Address as before.
Your obedient servant, JOHN T. DAY.

COBOURG, January 8, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:
GENTLEMEN,—I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box of 20 lbs. at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,
F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the "Medical Journal" have frequently declared that one half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substance, in 50, 25, 20, 15, and 12 lbs. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do. 55c., 60c., and 65c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c.; Sound Oolong, 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60c.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Superfine and very 50c., 55c.; Very Fine, 60c.; Finest, 65c., 75c.; Scented Orange Pekoe, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankey Common, 38c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c., 60c., 65c., and 70c.; Fine do., 75c.; Very Fine, 85c.; Superfine and very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 55c.; Extra Superfine do., $1.

All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality, and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c. to 70c.; very good for common purpose, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by expressman, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of five chests and upwards.

All Boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

Business Cards,

AND all other kinds of Job Printing, executed with despatch, at the *Intelligencer* Office, Intelligencer Building, Front Street.

Murphy vs. St. Clair.

A certain gentleman of the Milesian persuasion, who has achieved some little newspaper notoriety in this country, and whose name was Murphy, for some reason or other, and much to the disgust of his brother Irishmen, changed his time honored name to "the more hifalutin" cognomen of St. Clair.

Every one knows how it hurts an Irishman's feelings to see a brother Irishman go back on the old sod, and you may be sure that he got many a sharp rap over the change of name.

Some time during the war, our hero was stopping at the Tremont House, as was also a dashing young Irish Officer of our army. They chanced to be together at dinner, and Major J., who always goes in for a joke, whether at his own expense or some one's else, thought the opportunity was too good to be lost, so he sings out to the waiter:—

'Patrick'

Pat came to him.

'Bring me a St. Clair,' said the Major, in his matter of fact way.

'A which, sir?' says Pat.

'A St. Clair, I said; don't you understand the American dialect?'

Pat, sorely bothered, scratched his head, and replied:—

'Shure, Amerika, is a quare country; but I never heard of such a thing axed for before at all, shure.'

'Well, Patrick,' quoth our joker, with the air of one about to impart useful knowledge, 'it's a potato I want. We used to call them murphies at home, but I believe the polite name for them in this country is St. Clair.'

The Major hit hard this time, at least for the owner of the polite name, who left the table amidst the unrestrained roars of the company who understood and fully appreciated the joke; and it is believed he has since gone back to his old name.

A Frenchman who had been in India, speaking of tiger haunts pleasantly remarks: 'When ze Frenchman hunts ze tigare, ah! ze sport is grand, magnifique! But when ze tigare hunts ze Frenchman, oui! zere is ze very mischief to pay.'

A young man, becoming engaged recently, was desirous of presenting his intended with a ring, appropriately inscribed; but being at a loss what to have engraved on it, called on his father for advice. 'Well,' said the old man, "put on 'When this you see, remember me.'" The young lady was much surprised a few days after at receiving a beautiful ring, with this inscription: "When this you see, remember father."

Sir John Sinclair, visiting Lord Mellville, in 1795, entered his host's room early on New Years morning and wished him a happy New Year. Melleville, who laid down a crave official paper as he took his guest's hand replied: "I hope this year will be happier than the last, for I scarcely recollect having spent one happy in the whole of it.'



HURRAH FOR

THE DOMINION.

R. H. JONES

BEGS leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened a new WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Grocery and Liquor Store,

in the premises lately occupied by Messrs. O'Brien & Henchy, where he will keep on hand a select and varied assortment of

General Groceries,

AND LIQUORS,

For family use and medicinal purposes.

TEAS.

YOUNG AND OLD HYSONS,
GUNPOWDER, TWANKAY,
IMPERIAL, JAPAN,
SOUCHONG,
CONGOU, &c., &c.

COFFEES.

THE BEST IN TOWN, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.

He would especially call the attention of families to his stock of

WINES, SPIRITS & LIQUORS.

Brandies, Ports, Sherries.

Irish, Scotch & Morton's Whiskeys.

Old Tom & Holland Gins,

IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.

Together with a large assortment of

CHAMPAGNE,

of the most popular brands.

LIQUEURS & CORDIALS, &C.

In addition to these there will be found a splendid stock of

LAMP GOODS & TRIMMINGS.

☞ Goods sent promptly to customers in any part of the town.

Belleville, Dec. 9, 1867. 168 43-tf

Great Bargains at

Wilson & Robertson's

THE following lines are now offered to the public:—

30 ps. all Wool Tweeds, 5s. for 3s 9d per yd.
25 " " " 5s 6d for 4s 6d "
40 " " " 5s 9d for 5s "

A large Assortment of Wool Shawls

A few ps. ALL WOOL Carpets,

AND A VARIETY OF OTHER GOODS.

In order to reduce our Stock, we offer these goods very much cheaper than they will be found elsewhere.

WILSON & ROBERTSON

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

ROSE MINING COMPANY

OF MADOC.

Capital Stock, - - - $25,000.

Divided into - - 5,000 Shares.

5,000 Shares - - $5.00 Each.

Deposit on Subscription Twenty-five per cent.

GEO. D. WYCKOFF, A. L. McLELLAN, JAS. CARR RITCHIE, F. E. KILVERT, ASA A. BURNHAM, JR., J. E. O'REILLY, E. H. HALE, and HUGH FAIRGRIEVE, are the owners of the property hereinafter mentioned, and are desirous of forming a Stock Company, with the capital of $25,000, and are to receive and take in payment for the said property $1,250 in cash, and 2,250 shares of paid up Stock of the said company. The said parties are now taking proceedings for its incorporation, under cap. 23, 27-28 Vic., and have much pleasure in calling the attention of the public to the following Prospectus:

This Company is being formed for the purpose of developing the Mineral Resources of five acres of land, being part of Lot No. 10 in the 8th concession of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings, situated on the main road, between three and four miles from the village of Madoc, upon which Gold and Silver have been found in paying quantities, several assays having been made by Professor Wyckoff, who selected with great care this locality as being not only rich in minerals, but possessing facilities for mining which gives this company peculiar advantages over many others, there being on the property a high ridge or mountain of rock, in which numerous veins of gold-bearing quartz crop out; and instead of sinking shafts, (a most expensive and tedious operation), drifts can be run from the base of the ridge, cross-cutting the different veins, and giving eighty feet of backs to work upon, which will furnish as much ore as could be taken out for the next twenty years, and at a cost comparatively small, no machinery being required to free the mine from water.

This Company intend, as soon as a charter is granted, to erect a mill house, with suitable machinery for reducing and separating the precious metal, thereby saving the cost of carriage to other mills, and the great expense and inconvenience incurred in having the ore reduced and the metal extracted by custom mills.

Adjoining this property is a lake from which an abundant supply of water can be obtained for all purposes.

Another great advantage in this property is, that immediately the work is commenced ore can be taken out in quantities more than sufficient to pay the working expenses and in that respect alone it will equal if not surpass any of the mines in that district, taking into consideration the richness and abundance of the ore, and the many advantages described above, it cannot but prove remunerative to those who may become interested in this Company.

DIRECTORS, PRO TEM.

GEO. D. WYCKOFF, ASA A. BURNHAM, JR., F. E. KILVERT, A. L. McLELLAN, JAS. CARR RITCHIE, JAS. EDWIN O'REILLY, E. H. HALE.

PROVIS. PRESIDENT—GEO. D. WYCKOFF.
PROVIS, SEC'Y & TREAS—JAS. C. RITCHIE.
SOLICITORS—THOMSON & KILVERT.

☞ Stock Book opened at J. W. Murton's Exchange Office, Hamilton. Application for Stock and other Communications may be addressed to any of the Directors, or to

JAMES C. RITCHIE,
Provis. Sec. & Treas. Hamilton.

December 3d, 1867 D183-tf

CANADA WEST

FARMERS' MUTUAL

AND

Stock Insurance Company.

THE Annual general meeting of the Members of "The Canada West Farmers' Mutual and Stock Insurance Company," will be held (pursuant to resolution adopted at the last annual meeting) on Thursday, the 6th of February next, for the purpose of receiving the Annual Report, and of electing four Directors to serve in place of the late Jacob Binkley, deceased, H. J. Lawry, who retires, and William Burrell and Thomas Stock, whose term of office expires, but who are eligible for re-election.

RICHARD P. STREET,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Hamilton, January 2d, 1868. 210 5-w

GEORGE ROCHE,

HATTER & FURRIER,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now prepared to take orders for

ALL KINDS of FURS.

Having procured the services of a first-class Cutter from Paris, particular attention paid to repairing.

☞ All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.

Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs.

October 14. 1D-6m

BLANKS of every description for sale at *The Intelligencer* office.

India and China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or $1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb. Finest procurable, $1.00. **Protected by Trade Mark.**

☞ Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.

August 16th, 1867. D90-1y w27-1y

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO. OF CANADA.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
INCORPORATED 1849.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - - TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., President, LEWIS MOFFATT, Esq., Vice-President.

HON. MALCOLM CAMERON,	A. T. FULTON, Esq.,	W. J. McDONELL, Esq.
C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq.,	H. S. HOWLAND, Esq.	J. McGILLES, Esq.,
GEORGE CHAFFEY, Esq.,	A. R. McMASTER, Esq.	A. M. SMITH, Esq.

SOLICITORS.—MESSRS. DUGGAN & BURNS.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on every description of property.

MARINE INSURANCES—Inland and to the Lower Ports, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the West Indies, and by steam vessels to Europe.

Rates as moderate as any other respectable Insurance Company.

F. McANNANY, Esq., Agent, Belleville.

JAS. SIDNEY CROCKER, Manager.

November 12, 1867. 39w6m–165d6m

American Invoices--Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
QUEBEC, 6th March, 1863.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the *Canada Gazette*.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, June 8, 1867.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 28 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
3D1t-tf Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

American Watches.

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its use Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is, indeed, little else than a machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course, there must be no defect in the principle of plan or the movement, no mistake in the sizes or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points are thoroughly attended to in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the reduplication of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out in the system of the most thorough subdivision.

By means of multiplying guages and microscopes, tests and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools, and for faults and flaws in steel or stone, are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a finished machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home. Instead of sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the lightest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear ringing sound always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a time keeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The Company claim that by it they produce Watches that cannot be equalled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan, and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of Watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes to suit all tastes and means; but every Watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM" is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

☞ EVERY WATCH FULLY WARRANTED.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
No. 182, Broadway, N.Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
TORONTO and MONTREAL,
General Agents.

Toronto, Nov. 2, 1867 168-3m 40-3m

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL!

THE "DAILY NEWS,"

$5 00 per Annum, in advance.

JOHN LOVELL,
63 Printer and Publisher.

HURRAH FOR

BARNUM'S

LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half-past 8 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12, noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 2 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

S. BARNUM,
Proprietor.

JOHN TANGNEY, Agent, Belleville.
S. GUSTIN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1867. D68

BRITISH PERIODICALS,

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review (Whig).
The Westminster Review (Liberal).
The North British Review (Free Church.)
AND
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory.)

THESE periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and rank in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews, - - $4.00 per annum.
For any two of the Reviews, - - 7.00 "
For any three of the Reviews, - - 10.00 "
For all four of the Reviews, - - 12.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine, - - 4.00 "
For Blackwood and one Review, - 7.00 "
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews, - - 10.00 "
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews, - - 13.00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews, 15.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of *twenty per cent.* will be allowed to Clubs of four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent *to one address* for $12.80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $48.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is *Two Cents* a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums for New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, gratis, any *one* of the *Four Reviews* for 1867. New Subscribers to all five of the periodicals for 1868 may receive, gratis, Blackwood or any one of the *Four Reviews* for 1867.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:—

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1.50 a year for each or any Review; also, Blackwood for 1866 and 1867, for $2.50 a year, or the two years together for $4.00.

☞ Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to Clubs, nor reduced prices for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted *direct to the Publishers.*

No premiums can be given to Clubs.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING Co.,
140 Fulton St., N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE,

by HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1600 pages and numerous Engravings.

Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid, $8.

BELLEVILLE

AGRICULTURAL WORKS

AND

IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Threshing Machines,

STRAW CUTTERS,

MILL WORK & MACHINERY,

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,

Iron and Steel Ploughs,

Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-tf

ORANGE CERTIFICATES

FOR SALE at the INTELLIGENCER Office Intelligencer Buildings, Front Street Belleville.

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the *AMERICAN (WALTHAM) WATCH* have given it such a wide world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and printed its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found, who furtively trade upon the popularity of the American Watch, by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article. It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American Watches—except the lowest grade, marked Home Watch Co.—*are guaranteed by special certificate*, bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. ROBBINS.

The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine Watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH Co.

APPLETON, TRACY & Co.

WALTHAM WATCH Co.

P. S. BARTLETT.

WM. ELLERY.

HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the General Superintendent,
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

GENTLEMEN—The watches manufactured by you have been in use on the Railroad for several years by our engineers, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying your watches give us less trouble and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't. Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that Waltham watches are the most satisfactory of any for their uses. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have never known one to wear out, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer.
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.

ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto & Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS.

Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-3m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every afternoon (Sundays excepted) and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of $5 a year if paid in advance, $6 otherwise. Mail subscribers $5 a year. $2 50 for 6 months; $1 50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgewater, Marmora and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the **Gold Regions**, and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporate Public Meetings, &c., &c., and in short, neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months	$ 5 00
Half Square, 6 months	$10 00
One Square, 6 months	$20 00
Two Squares, 6 months	$30 00
Four Squares, 6 months	$50 00
Notices of Births,	50
Do of Marriages,	50
Do of Deaths,	50

"BUSINESS NOTICES"—All matter under this heading, leaded or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of solid minion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements every two weeks.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion, and 2 cents for each additional insertion.

The Weekly Intelligencer

Is published every Friday Morning at $2 per annum if called for at the Office, or sent by mail, and $2½ if delivered by the Carrier, payable in all cases in advance. When not paid until the close of the year, 50 cents will be added to each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, and the number now on our Subscription Books is **over 1,400.** With such a large and general circulation throughout this and adjoining Counties, the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed advantages to advertisers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Six lines and under, first insertion,	0 50
Each subsequent insertion,	0 12½
Above six lines (per line) first insertion	07
Each subsequent insertion per line,	0 02

☞ "BUSINESS NOTICES"—10 cents per line each insertion, measured as solid minion.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to insure their appearance.

All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

The Intelligencer Job Office

Is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the country.

The DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER can be had at the Book Stores in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at Deroche.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

M. ROWELL,
INTELLIGENCER BUILDING, Publisher
Front treet, Belleville.

Daily Intelligencer.

Let there be Harmony in things Essential—Liberality in things not Essential—Charity in all.

Vol. 1. BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, MONDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 3, 1868. No. 234.

Montreal Business Directory.

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal.

DEPARTMENTS.

Braces,	Knitted Woolens,
Braids,	Laces,
Brushes and Combs,	Ladies Collars and Sets,
Buttons,	Straw Goods,
Corsets,	Small Wares in great
Elastics,	variety,
Felt Hats,	Threads,
Gents Collars and Ties.	Trimmings & Ornaments
Hosiery and Gloves,	Umbrellas.

VELVET RIBBONS, &c.

HOOP SKIRTS,—our own Manufacture. 156-6m

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware Manufacturers,
MONTREAL.
KILN PLATES
AND
CASTINGS for BREWERIES.

Any parties about putting up new kilns for
MALT OR OATMEAL
will do well to correspond with the above.
156-6m.

BURROWS & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobaccos, &c., &c.
416 St. Paul St., Montreal.

☞Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 156-6m

PEAVEY & MARCH,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions,
And everything usually sold in a first class Grocery.
No. 344 Notre Dame Street, a few doors West St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

☞Every article warranted to be as represented or may be returned. Goods sent to any part of the City Free of Charge. 156-6m

HUNTER, DUFFY & JOHNSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
20 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 156-6m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, PROPRIETOR.
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-6m

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
87 Paul Street, Montreal.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, Collins Wharf, Halifax.

Premises—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.

Advances—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 83D-6m-W6m

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
378 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.

Maps, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, Bills of Lading, Blank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards, in any number of colors, Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 27D6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c., &c., &c.,
25 Hospital St., - - - MONTREAL,

OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and
ON AS GOOD TERMS
as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.
J. C. FRANCK & Co.
July 27, 1867. 74d.

QUEEN
INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL, - - - - $10,000,000.
FIRE and LIFE.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers.—One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to **Ten per Cent.** of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in 1868, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.

M. BOWELL,
DR. CANNIFF, *Intelligencer Office.*
Medical Referee *Agent.*
May, 1867. 4D-6mo.

Montreal Business Directory.

Frothingham & Workman,
—MONTREAL—
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.

Warehouse and Offices 395 to 399, St. Paul St.

Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c. May 1st. 1d-6m

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M. D.,
Consulting and Analytical Chemist,
630 Lagauchetiere Street, Montreal.

☞At home for consultation before 10 A. M., between 2 and 3, and after 6 P. M.

Fees for Analysis,—$5 a metal, payable in advance. 166-6m

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
393 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

☞Every description of Jewelry manufactured from gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 28d6m

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant.
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

Agent for Walter Evans & Co. Sewing and Knitting Cottons, Derby; and J. M. Perry & Co.'s Gray's Patent Linen Fibre Collars, Nottingham, England. 1D-6m

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER.
Office: Corner of St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.

References—Robertson & Beattie, Robert Esdaile, Esq., Jas Fortnice, Esq. 31D3m

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT
And Commission Merchants,
49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street.
MONTREAL. 1D-6m

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant.
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods. 1D-6m

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 329 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 28d6m

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.
THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.
E. MUIR,
Chemist and Druggist,
28d6m Place D'Armes, Montreal.

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McCUAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
Office—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and St. Common Street, Canal Wharf.
MONTREAL.

☞Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and out of Produce, and purchase of Merchandise. 28d6m

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
100 Grey Nuns Street, Montreal,
HAVE FOR SALE—

Boiler Tubes,	Drain Pipes,
Gas Retorts,	Roman Cement,
Horse Nails,	Water Lime,
Paints and Putty,	Portland Cement,
Fire Bricks,	Paving Tiles,
Fire Clay,	Garden Vases,
Flue Covers.	Chimney Tops, &c.

☞Manufacturers of AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR, and BED SPRINGS. 24D6m

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.
LIBERAL advances made on consignments to ourselves, or for shipment to our friends in Great Britain and the Lower Port
May 31st, 1867. 27D6m

A. ROBERTSON & Co.,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Manilles, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosier, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Clothes, Canadian Woollens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons, Prints, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Muslins.
478 St. Paul Street & 29 Commissioners St.,
MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro'. C. W. 1y-6m

Important to Miners and
MINING MEN.
JOHNS' Patent Water-Proof Safety Tape for Wet Ground and Submarine Blasting, is much cheaper than any other, and pronounced by Mining men much better than any imported.

Testimonials received from men well known in the mining and quarrying business of Canada and the United States; from Messrs, Morrill & Colby, Bennets, Wiswell Macfarland, Adams, Watson, Griffith, Wearn, and others.

☞All orders promptly attended to.
Address JOHNS & Co.,
150-3m Sherbrooke, Q.

TERRAPIN RESTAURANT
CHARLES PAPINEAU,
BEGS to inform the public that he has opened the Terrapin Restaurant, in Coleman's Building, next door to Dr. Coleman's Drug Store, and he has fitted it up in first class style, with every convenience. He will keep constantly on hand the best Ale and Porter, and the purest brands of Liquors.

☞Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c., always on hand.
Belleville, Oct. 16, 1867. 142-tf

CONGER BROS.
FEELING thankful for the very liberal patronage given them for the past year, beg to remind their customers and the public that having thoroughly
REFITTED THEIR STORE!
are now opening a well assorted stock of
FRESH TEAS, SUGARS, SPICES,
CURRANTS, RAISINS, FIGS, &c.
Special attention is called to their fine assortment of
Jams, Jellies, Canned and Bottled FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.
R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER.
Nov. 13th, 1867. 1D1y

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the
Canadian & United States Mails.
1867—Summer Arrangements.—1867.
Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.
Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.

This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undernoted First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double-Engine Iron Steamships:—

AUSTRIAN,	2700 Tons,	Capt. Aitch.	
NESTORIAN,	2700 "	Lt. Dutton, R.N.R.	
MORAVIAN,	2650 "	Capt. Wylie.	
PERUVIAN,	2600 "	Capt. Ballantine.	
HIBERNIAN,	2434 "	Capt. Brown.	
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	2300 "	Capt. Allan.	
NORTH-AMERICAN,	1734 "	Capt. Kerr.	
BELGIAN,	2434 "	Capt. Grange.	
DAMASCUS,	1600 "	Capt. Watts.	

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL every THURSDAY, and from PORTLAND every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)

The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from PORTLAND as undernoted, viz:—

NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 25th Jan.
PERUVIAN,	Saturday, 1st Feb.
AUSTRIAN,	Saturday, 8th "
HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 15th "
NOVA-SCOTIAN	Saturday, 22nd "
MORAVIAN,	Saturday, 29th "
NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 7th March

St. GEORGE from Portland, 21st February.
St. ANDREW from Portland, 14th March.

☞Fares per "Nova Scotian," 1st January, from Scotland to St. Johns, N. F., are:—Cabin, $30; Steerage, $18.

Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway:—

CABIN, - - -	$66 20 to $90 20
(according to accommodation.)	
STEERAGE, - - - -	$32 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.
Berths not secured until paid for.
For particulars, apply to
J. W THOMPSON, Agent,
27D5m-16W1v "Canadian Express Office, BELLEVILLE.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
For 1868.
THE CHEAPEST OF LADIES' MAGAZINES,
BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST.

THE friend of woman, the arbiter of fashion, the encourager and publisher of the best literature of the day, the pattern from which all others copy.

READING MATTER.

In this there will be an improvement. The volume for 1868 will be set up with new-faced type, and of a size that will enable us to give an additional quantity of reading matter amounting to about twelve pages in each number.

BEAUTIFUL STEEL PLATES.

Of these the Lady's Book contains *fourteen* each year, superior if we challenge comparison to any published in this country, either in book or periodical.

THE LITERATURE OF THE LADY'S BOOK.
MARION HARLAND,
Authoress of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Moss Side," "Nemesis," and "Miriam,"
who contributes to no other monthly publication, will furnish a new novel for 1868, called "Pearle Rose-Land," that will run through the year. Her stories are anxiously sought after, and as they are copyrighted, can be found nowhere but in Godey. Our former efficient corps of writers has also been retained.

OUR FASHION PLATES.

The original double fashion-plates will be continued from Godey. The only magazine in this country that gives these designs in the Lady's Book.

Drawing Lessons.—In this we are also alone.

Original Music.—Godey's is the only magazine in which music prepared expressly for it appears.

We have also a CHILDREN'S, a HORTICULTURAL, and a HEALTH department.

GODEY'S INVALUABLE RECEIPTS

upon every subject, for the Boudoir, Nursery, Kitchen, House, and Laundry.

Steel Engravings.—This is a series of engravings that no one has attempted but ourselves.

Ladies' Fancy Work Department.—Some of the designs in this department are printed in colors in a style unequalled.

Terms for 1868.

One copy, one year, - - - - - - - -	$3 00
Three copies, one year, - - - - - - -	7 50
Four copies, one year, - - - - - - -	10 00
Five copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making six copies - - - - - - - - - -	14 00
Eight copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making nine copies, - - - - - - - - - -	21 00
Eleven copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making twelve copies - - - - - - - - - -	27 00

Godey's Lady's Book and Arthur's Home Magazine will be sent one year on receipt of $4 00.

Godey's Lady's and The Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $3 50.

Godey's Lady's Book, Arthur's Home Magazine, and Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $5 00.

☞Canada subscribers must send 24 cents additional for every subscription to the Lady's Book, and 12 cents for either of the other magazines, to pay the American postage.

How to Remit.—In remitting by mail, a Post Office Order or a Draft, *payable to the Order of L. A. Godey*, is preferable to bank notes, as, should the Order or Draft be lost or stolen, it can be renewed without loss to the owner. If a Draft or a Post Office Order cannot be procured, send United States or National Bank notes.

Address L. A. GODEY,
N. E. Corner Sixth and Chestnut Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

Belleville Business Directory.

Ross, Bell & Holden,
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville.
Hon. Jno. Ross. John Bell. Thos. Holden
1D6m Wtf

Diamond & Dickson,
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c.
Office:—Neilson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
A. Diamond. Geo. D. Dickson.
1D-Wtf

A. R. Dougall,
BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.
Office over Overell's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.

Robertson & Stewart,
BARRISTERS and Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office,—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street,
Alex. Robertson. D. E. K. Stewart.
1D6m-Wtf

Macleilan & Macleilan,
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency Attornies-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c., &c
Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Legate & Price,
BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1D6m-Wtf

Geo. H. Haymes,
HATTER and Furrier, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs.
1D6m-Wtf

McLeod & Carre,
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURveyors, Architects, Draughtsmen and Patent Solicitors, 153½ Front Street, Belleville.
MACLEOD, GAVILLER, KENNEDY & Co., Madoc. 1D6m-Wtf

Pitcathly & Kelso,
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Law Partnership.
THE undersigned have this day entered into co-partnership under the name of Jellett & Bleasdell. Office—Corner of Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville.
R. P. JELLETT.
8th October, 1867. J. H. T. BLEASDELL.

Forrest & Lozo's
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Lazier's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 25D-tf

T. Lockerty,
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 22D5m

Ponton, Falkiner & Denmark
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

Angus McFee,
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellry and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1D6m

John Wilson,
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street, Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 1D6m

J. W. Brown,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

Geo. Gibson,
MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1D6m

J. C. Vapor,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

To Gold Miners
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Swedes Iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. Wm. POWELL.
1D6m

McKeown & Robertson,
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

ALLSOP'S ALE,
Guinness' Stout,
Blood's Porter!!
IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT
HAMBLY'S.
1D6m

BILL HEADS,
AND all other kinds of Job Printing, executed with neatness and despatch at the Intelligencer Office, Front Street, Belleville.

Town Council.

FRIDAY, January 31, 1868.

PRESENT:—Messrs. Brown, Sutherland, Jones, Diamond, Robertson, Kennedy, Henderson, McIntosh, Watters, Tannahill, Holden and Foster.

In the absence of the Mayor, Mr. Brown took the chair.

The minutes of former meeting were read and approved.

Richard Taylor applied for the office of Assessor.

John Roach sent in a letter in reference to the assessment.

A letter from Henry Pretty was also read in reference to a water lot.

An application for renting a water lot was made by John N. Simpson.

Mr. Diamond moved that the petition of Mr. Simpson be referred to the Committee of Harbor and Town Property, with power to close if they deem it proper and expedient.—Laid over till the orders of the day are called, when it was carried.

Mr. Sutherland presented a report from the Finance Committee recommending the payment of a number of accounts. The Council went into Committee of the Whole on Finance, and passed a number of accounts and rejected others, when the Committee rose and reported. Report adopted.

STREET SURVEYOR.

Mr. Holden moved, seconded by Mr. Tannahill, That the office of Street Surveyor be abolished, and that the Street Committee be recommended to devise some plan for carrying on the work of the Corporation.

Mr. Holden said he had not expected this question to be taken up to-night, or he would have brought some statistics which he had obtained from the Treasurer, to justify the course he was taking. He did not intend making a speech, because he did not believe that anything he could say would change any of their minds, as he had no doubt all had made up their minds on this subject. He wished it understood that he did not make this motion through any hostility to the present Surveyor, but from a conviction that the present system was bad. He had no one to take his place, nor would there be any necessity for an appointment, because if his motion carried, the office would be abolished, and it would be for the energetic and efficient Street Committee to recommend some other system which would be better. There was no doubt in his mind that the Town lost thousands of dollars by the present system of doing the work, and in buying lumber and nails. The question was, did the Town get value for their money? He had no hesitation in saying it did not; still, it was a question for each to decide for himself. The only objection that he had heard against the abolition of the office was that it would throw a great number of poor persons out of employment, and that the Town would have to support them. If it became necessary to hire these men, they should be made to earn the money paid them by getting more work out of them, which could be done, if they had an overseer to look after them. Instead of that, they were set to work in the morning, and then left for the day to do as they pleased. This was not right. No person in his own private business would pursue such a course, and allow their men to idle away their time in the manner in which the men who work on the streets do. If the present Street Surveyor has not the time from his own business to attend to this, the Town should not be the loser. He could see should look after these men, and see that they do their duty. The amount spent upon the streets for labor yearly averaged about $2,000. In 1867 the sum expended under the Street Surveyor for labor was between $1,800 and $1,900; and would any man pretend to say it was earned. No, and it was because the men were not looked after. And another reason was, the whole system of management was bad, not only in the manner in which the labor was performed, but in the purchase of nails and lumber also. In 1867, the Town bought between $1,800 and $1,700 worth of lumber, and $167 were paid for nails. In 1865 the expense for lumber was no greater, while about $300 was paid for nails. Can any one explain why this should be? He did not wish to be understood as attributing anything wilful to any one, but it must have been negligence. For these and other reasons he thought the Street Committee should devise a better and more economical system. He was convinced that the vast majority of the Town was in favor of a change, and instanced his own election as an evidence of the fact. He did not believe the result of that election arose from any merit of his own, but it was an expression of opinion in favor of the course he had pursued upon this very subject. In abolishing the office of Street Surveyor it would meet the almost unanimous approval of the people.

Mr. Tannahill had given this subject a great deal of thought and attention. As far back as 1861, when he first entered the Council, he saw the whole thing was wrong, and it was time it was looked into. The expenses of the streets were excessive, the work done not commensurate with the outlay, and there was fully saved to the reckless expenditure arising from there being no supervision over those who worked upon the roads. Had he been allowed to remain Chairman of the Street Committee he would, he thought, have been enabled to suggest some plan better than the present one, and he had no doubt Mr. Robertson could do so also, if he liked. He could not understand why there should have been so much larger an account for nails in years when not much more than half the lumber was used. He had heard the expenditure was $7,000 this year.

Mr. Holden—The expense was not so large as he had thought it was. He did not wish to overstate the amount.

Mr. Kennedy—What about the printing?

Mr. Holden—I have no doubt you have been finding out to-day what the printing cost.

Mr. Brown had been looking over the books, and Mr. Tannahill was mistaken. The estimate was $4,000, and there had not been more expended.

Mr. Holden—$300 more.

Mr. Brown—Not under the supervision of the Street Committee. There may have been an expenditure for other purposes. Certain appropriations were made to each ward, and if that was exceeded it was by order of the Council. So far as the nails were concerned, he could not explain it unless it was that they were used in repairing when new walks were not built.

Mr. Tannahill thought the expenditure was $7,000, and had been so informed by the Chairman of the Finance Committee.

Mr. Sutherland had no recollection of ever having told him so.

Mr. Diamond said there were objections which he could bring as to the motion being out of

order, but at present would not do it, as it was just as well to discuss this question at once. It had to be met, and the sooner it was settled the better. He believed the system was not exactly right, and was glad that the mover of the resolutionhad confined himself to attacking the system alone, thereby exonerating the Street Surveyor from blame; exonerating him from the charges of neglecting and not doing his duty. While he agreed with the mover of the resolution that the system required amendment, he thought he should propose some new scheme before abolishing the present one. A defective system was better than no system at all, and therefore, he should have been prepared with something to take the place of that which he wanted to destroy. If you dismiss the Street Surveyor to-night, for the motion is nothing more nor less than that, who will you have to look after the streets? True there is not much to do just now, but something might transpire that would require the supervision of some one, and it was not to be expected that the chairman of the committee would give his time for such a purpose, therefore he thought the motion should not be pushed through too hastily. He was disappointed when he found there was no new scheme submitted to take the place of that now in force. For his own part he was in favor of combining the office of Civil Engineer and Street Surveyor in one, by which a saving could be effected, but he was prepared to consider any scheme Mr. Holden might lay down, and if it met his approval would give his hearty support, but was not prepared to adopt the resolution to-night, and in order to allow some new scheme to be introduced he would move, seconded by Mr. Sutherland, That the motion before the Council be not now adopted, but that it be referred to the Street Committee, with instructions to report.

Mr. Sutherland supported the amendment, because he was not prepared to abolish the present system until some new one was proposed.

Mr. Robertson fully concurred in the remarks of Mr. Diamond, but was not prepared to say an improvement could not be made in the present system. He was not prepared either to act as Street Surveyor, because he happened to be Chairman of the Street Committee. Something must be done to provide work for certain people, or the Town would have to support them.

Mr. Henderson had voted that the charges against Mr. Grant were not sustained, but the present movement was popular with the people and he would support it.

Mr. Kennedy was pleased at the cool manner in which this question was discussed, but say what they liked, it was a hit at Mr. Grant, who had been ridiculed ever since the last election. Suppose there were more nails paid for one year than another, it might be that they had been used the year before, and the account not sent in. And suppose there were $5,000 spent, it was not the fault of Mr. Grant, who could not be with the men all the time. A good deal had been said about the frozen mud, but when it was scraped up it was too wet to move, and before it got dry enough it froze up. He would support the amendment until some scheme was brought up.

Mr. Holden replied, and the amendment was put and lost on the following division:

Yeas.—Messrs. Sutherland, Diamond, Robertson, Kennedy and Jones—5.

Nays.—Messrs. Henderson, McIntosh, Tannahill, Watters, Holden and Foster—6.

Mr. Diamond moved in amendment to the original motion, seconded by Mr. Sutherland, That the further consideration of the question be postponed until the next meeting. Lost on the same division.

The original motion was then put.

Yeas.—Messrs. Foster, Holden, Tannahill, McIntosh, Henderson and Watters—6.

Nays—Messrs. Sutherland, Diamond, Robertson, Kennedy, Jones and Brown—6.

There being an equality vote, the motion was lost. In giving his vote, Mr. Brown said that as a good deal had been said about tendering for lumber, he could inform them that tenders had been asked for, and some of them would not only not tender, but would not sell the Town the lumber, because they could do better in the United States market, and the sidewalks had been given out at so much per rod. He believed the proper way to proceed would be by By-Law, and not by resolution; and he would not vote for doing away with the present system until some new one was proposed.

Mr. Holden then introduced a By-Law to abolish the office of Street Surveyor.

ASSESSORS.

Mr. Sutherland introduced a By-Law for the appointment of Assessors, and moved that Messrs. William Alford, M. Nulty, R. Taylor, and A. T. Petrie be appointed.

Mr. Henderson moved that there be but two Assessors.

Mr. Holden thought three would be better, and that they should all assess together, and moved that Messrs. Wm. Alford, Wm. Davy, and D. Ockerman be the Assessors.

The original motion was put and lost, when Mr. Diamond moved that the three assessors be composed of Messrs. M. Nulty, R. Taylor, and Wm. Alford.

Mr. Holden's motion was carried, and the remuneration fixed at $100 each.

The committee rose and reported, and the By-Law was adopted.

It being 11 o'clock the rule of the Council was suspended, and the sitting continued.

TAVERN BY-LAW.

The Council again went into committee of the whole on the Tavern By-Law, when some councillors adopted a free and easy style, suggested probably by the subject upon which they were legislating, two of them were smoking at the council board, and another leaning back in his chair with his feet on the table. The result was, the number of tavern licenses to be granted was increased to the extent allowed by law, and the license established at $70, when the council adjourned to the Club House, and the Chairman of Finance entertained the members and reporters to an oyster supper. A pleasant termination to a hard night's work.

The Abyssinian Expedition.

FRIGHTFUL MISMANAGEMENT—A JOLLY ROW IN PROSPECT.

In a private letter written from Zula, near Annesley Bay, on the 19th of December, the writer says: "There have been dreadful blunders here, and no mistake; a tremendous waste of Government property, which Englishmen will have to pay for. The mules have been dying by scores, also the horses, purely for want of water. Scores of them are dead. They have been landed with nobody to look after them, wandering about the country looking for water and provisions, and falling down dead from sheer exhaustion. Go where you will for five miles round, and you see nothing but the carcases of dead camels and mules. The stench, too, through the camp is awful throughout the day. They have taken to burning the carcases now, and I can assure you that is anything but agreeable—I think worse than the other. The vultures, too, are beginning to get dainty, they have had such a feed lately; and the jackal and hyenas come down to the camp. They are building sheds, &c., for the commissariat—for the stores, which are lying in hundreds of tons on the shore, protected only by little cloths, the tops of which don't cover one hundredth part of them. There has been gross mismanagement by some—can't pretend to say whom. I guess there will be a jolly row about it some day. Out of 1,200 mules landed they can't muster 750 now!"

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West,	7.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West,	8.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going West,	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train,	6.30 P. M.
Noon Express going East,	12.08 P. M.
Night Express going East,	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East,	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train,	9.30 P. M.

Montreal Time.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, MONDAY, FEB. 3.

American Invoices.—The discount for this week on American invoices is 28 per cent.

Attorney.—The friends of Mr. Baldwin Fralick will learn, with pleasure, that he passed a successful examination, at Toronto, to-day for an Attorney.

Order in Council.—An order in the Executive Council of the Dominion has been passed, giving a drawback of one cent per pound on malt, when combined with sugar, for manufacturing beer.

Railway Traffic.—The railway traffic returns for last year show a total for the Great Western of $3,725,169, being an increase over the previous year of $590,766. The Grand Trunk returns for the last year show a total of $6,506,966, being a decrease on the previous year of $132,294.

Fire in Kingston.—The Kingston papers contain lengthy accounts of another destructive fire which occurred in that city on Friday morning, and by which the "Baker Block" was wholly consumed. The losers were Mr. Thos. Baker, Mrs. Jas. Baker, Mr. Birmingham, Mr. R. Town and Mr. Wm. Ford. Loss partially covered by insurance.

Gold News.

Owing to recent valuable discoveries reported in Marmora, this Township is attracting considerable attention from miners and capitalists. At several of the shafts opened last summer and fall, work has been continued during the winter, with most encouraging prospects. The richest discovery reported in Marmora is that on lot 17, in the 11th concession, made by Mr. Powell, the first discoverer of gold on the Richardson farm. While exploring through that section late in the fall, they came across a lead of quartz on a hill on this lot, and breaking off a piece with a hammer, gold was observed distinctly visible to the eye in the rock. A little further exploration developed extraordinary richness, the rock being generally impregnated with the precious metal. The quartz in which the gold has been found, is nearly white with a reddish cast, and, from its appearance, and the character and size of the vein, it promises to be one of the richest discoveries in the gold district.

At Bailey's Corners, two or three mines have been opened, at which operations have been going on all winter. At the mine of the American Gold and Silver Company, two pounds of ore were crushed in a mortar on Thursday last, and after washing, a very fine show of gold and silver was obtained. Some very fine slabs of silver quartz have been taken from this mine. A short distance from this mine is another shaft being sunk by the same company, from which some fine looking quartz has been obtained.

In the same vicinity is located the Crawford Mine, which is now down to a depth of twenty-seven feet. From this shaft a ton of quartz was crushed at the mill of Turley & Gilbert a short time ago, which was said to have yielded $21.50 of gold. Several assays have been made of material from this mine, which, report says, yielded handsomely.

Mr. Bowen, of Marmora, is opening a mine, about three miles north-west of the village, which promises well. Some of the ore has been assayed and produced very good shows of gold.

Several other shafts have been sunk in different parts of the Township, reports from which are very encouraging. It is said that a crusher will shortly be erected on Beaver Creek, arrangements for the construction of which, we understand, are already in progress.

We are informed that the Caledonian Gold Mining Company of Madoc, whose mine is in the village, had a ton of ore crushed at Turley & Gilbert's mill last week, which yielded $10.

Town Printing.

To the Editor of the Daily Intelligencer.

Sir,—In your report of the proceedings of the Town Council on the 29th ult., I notice that Mr. Holden asserted that the expenditure for printing in 1866 was $644, and inferring that the annual cost of printing was about that amount. I therefore beg to hand you, in compliance with your request, the statement of the account for that year.

Date when Paid.	To whom Paid.	Amount.		When Passed.
Feby. 12, 1866.	E. Miles & Co.	$ 25 85		Oct. 22, 1865.
" " "	E. Miles & Co.	25 00		Jan. 9, 1866.
" 13, "	M. Bowell	115 83		Jan. 9, 1866.
April 16, "	M. Bowell (Directories)	100 00	$266 68	July 19, 1865.
July 11, "	M. Bowell	94 36		July 9, 1866.
Dec. 24, "	M. Bowell	89 15		Dec. 21, 1866.
" 29, "	E. Miles & Co.	22 47	205 96	Dec. 29, 1866.
Feby. 28, "	E. Harrison	62 33		Jany. 9, 1866.
Dec. 24, "	E. Harrison	108 29		Dec. 21, 1866.
	Chewett	0 94	171 56	
Total			$644 20	

So you see that $266 68 was for work done in 1865 and for Directories of 1864; $171 56 was for stationery for the Council and Police Office for two years, and the balance ($205 96) being for the printing of 1866.

Yours, &c.,

Thomas Wills, Treasurer.

Belleville, Feb. 1st, 1868.

Free Grants.

To the Editor of the Daily Intelligencer.

It has long been an expressed opinion that the Canadian Government cannot settle any more of our wild lands; that, consequently, in an agricultural point of view, Canada has passed its utmost degree of prosperity. Hence, all the best young life of the country leave it as soon as fledged; hence, also, as we shall show, European emigrants, notwithstanding all the parade of free grants, give a wide berth to Canada in seeking out a new home.

We had some expectations that a more liberal policy would have ruled the settlement question under the *regime* of the new Dominion. No such advancement has been made, but rather a retrogression is the order of the day. The old policy is continued of treating settlers as interlopers and paupers, who are just to be tolerated and allowed to eke out a Siberian existence, where no wrongs will be redressed, where no rights will be maintained, where no appeal will be heard, where he is trampled upon by lumbermen and Government agents, where roads are made of an impassable nature only, and where no representation to Government, either for a personal or public grievance is ever listened to. It is the received idea that if settlers only locate themselves in Canada, they will do well to be left to the tender mercies of one branch of the Executive, whose only character of government is that of the most galling autocracy. And it is supposed that this spirit, so different to the policy of the United States to emigrants, has only a local effect, and that it does not influence emigration. It seems, however, to be forgotten that these people can write home to Europe, and they are able to make out a case strong enough to neutralize all the tempting offers of Canada.

And now, under the blessings of the new Dominion, we are to have the astringent dose doubled in No. 6 resolution of the Committee of the whole, moved by the Hon. Mr. Richards, which says that the lumbermen are to have all the merchantable timber growing on the land of the settlers, and that all metals and minerals are to be reserved. Does Mr. Richards think that any one brought up under the free institutions of Great Britain, who has always been taught to consider his freehold his own to all intents and purposes, will come here to have his property overrun by lumbermen? If you give them a right to take away the lumber, they have a right of road over the lot: thus his crops, fences, and buildings will never be safe. Or does he think that mining speculators will be welcome to prospect over his land, sink their shafts on his lot, and injure his homestead, on the strength of a permit from the gold agent? We know not! Canadian serfdom is not so easily established.

On these conditions, your forests must remain a wilderness, and you may keep them until their lumber value is exhausted, which will be at no distant period on the land over which the liberal arms of the government are stretched, and all for the benefit of a handful of wealthy lumbermen; or you can let them out to a few hundred alien miners; but give every man his lot fairly and honestly at a low figure. There is good land enough to support millions of settlers; these men would advance the country, and the mineral resources would be more rapidly developed, if they exist, than in any other way.

Then at once treat the emigrant with justice and due consideration; make roads such as are of some pretention to the name of roads, which has never yet been done, and establish such a policy in regard to the great lumbering interest, that that and settlement shall not be antagonistic, then a better state of things for the back country will soon be manifest.

M. P. P.

Madoc, January 31st, 1868.

—Brigham Young is building a large and very strong fort at Cone Creek, in Utah territory. Brigham is either going to play Bluebeard or defy Uncle Sam.

Editorial Summary.

—Another incendiary fire occurred in Kingston on Saturday morning, by which two frame dwellings were destroyed.

—During the year 1867, there were forty-three actual fires, and twelve alarms, in the city of Halifax.

—A shrewd negro, claiming to be an agent for the "Queen's Society" in London, has been swindling the ignorant negroes of the South most outrageously by "loaning them money," on condition that they pay *interest* in advance.

—Charleston rogues make a good thing by removing stamps from manufactured articles which should bear them, and then informing against the parties for pretended violation of the revenue laws. They secure half the reward on conviction.

—Minneapolis (Minnesota) has been boasting of its activity in building and business generally, but now reports large numbers of people likely to die of hunger and cold for want of employment unless they are aided. A similar cry comes from all parts of the Union.

—The Jackson, Miss., *Clarion* state that on the 25th and 26th inst., a squad of freedmen who had been stealing hogs in Jasper County, waylaid a constable's posse who were searching for them with a warrant for their arrest. Two white men were killed, one mortally wounded and five severely. But one negro was wounded and arrested.

—The Boston *Traveller* says a man in New Hampshire had a valuable horse and sleigh stolen. He followed them to Montreal, where the thief had offered them for sale, but succeeded in finding his property, and secured the arrest of the thief. He started home with his team, but the U. S. customs officers seized it on the ground that it had been offered for sale, and had thus become forfeited to the government.

—A new style of fire engine has been brought out in Boston. The *Traveller* thus describes the machine, and a recent trial of its efficiency: A hand engine which uses water saturated with chemicals, was tried yesterday on the old fair grounds, in the presence of Col. Damrell. The engine used was a small portable one on wheels, with two cylinders worked by handles attached to a piston rod, either by a boy or man. The tub holds about 40 gallons of water, a little over a barrel, which is passed into it through sieves at each end filled with the requisite chemicals. Fifty-three tar barrels partially filled with shavings were piled up five tiers high. They were lighted, and when thoroughly on fire, on a signal given by Chief Engineer Damrell, a stream one-quarter inch in diameter was opened upon it, and in the space of one minute the fire was extinguished, using only ten gallons of water. Very like a whale.

Critical State of the East.

THE FIX RUSSIA HAS DESIGNEDLY GOT INTO.

The Vienna *Der Wanderer* says: Everything indicates that in the East, things have come to a state of maturity, and that the explosion must take place soon. Russian agents are predicting it every day, and, lately, the Russian press speaks of it emphatically. The Russians ought to know better than any one else the state of things in the East. It is they who have prepared with admirable perseverance, with great ability and boldness, the mines which are to explode in the Balkan Peninsula. The Russians have now brought things to such a pass that they themselves are the ones to cry out "fire" when they, or their accomplyices, think the time come to cause the explosion. Signs of warning are given to Europe on purpose. The Russians show in this respect a frankness which is unlimited, in order to apprise the world that a speedy solution of the Eastern question must take place. * * * * There is now for Russia no other alternative but either to make a disgraceful retreat, or give a fresh provocation such as Prince Menschikoff gave the Divan. She must either abandon the Cretans to their fate, appease Greece, Servia, and Montenegro, compromise the fatal influence exercised by Russia on the minds of the Christian rayabs, or else once more put to the test the power of the empire of the Czars—try war again to obtain the inheritance of the Sick Man, as has already been done in vain. This is a sad alternative, and in this respect no one will envy the Autocrat of All the Russias, nor his patient people.

Is Lime a Manure?

Some of our contemporaries, says the *Country Gentleman*, are exercising their debating talents on this question, which is one of no great consequence in itself, although the discussion of the subject might elicit interesting collateral information if it were properly handled.

We cannot see why lime is not a manure. It certainly is one of the necessary elements of plain food. The ashes of clover contain nearly thirty per cent of lime. Wheat contains a large percentage of lime, and so of other plants. It exerts a physical and chemical action on the soil, and in barnyard manure this feature constitutes a prominent argument for its great value. To us it appears peurile for any one to claim that lime is not a manure in the modern sence of that word. The old meaning of the word manure, which is to "work with the hand," implies only tillage. One old English author speaks of the Commonwealth of England as being "governed, administered and manured by three sorts of persons," &c. *Manure* here means to operate or work. From the earliest times men have added fertilizers to the soil, but the great dependence was placed upon labor expended in tillage. *Query*—To what extent was Jethro Tull's idea of horse-hoeing as a substitute for manure, anticipated by those who first used the word manure—(manœuvre, to work with the hand,) before it was employed to express the addition of this matter to the soil with a view to increase its fertility?

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

London, Feb. 1.—Late despatches have been received here from Athens, giving an account of another battle between the Turks and Cretans, in which the latter were successful. The Spakestean mountaineers were the attacking party. The Turks stood their ground and the battle lasted all day. The Turks acknowledge a loss of 250 killed. The Cretan loss is not stated.

Madrid, Feb. 1.—In accordance with the expressed determination of the Government to uphold the temporal power of the Holy Father, steps have been taken for the formation of a corps to be known as the Papal Legion.

Paris, Feb. 1.—The debate in the Corps Legislatif on the new project of law for the government of the press, was continued to-day. M. Favre, in a speech generally opposed to the details of the Bill, expressed approval of a few of its clauses. M. Cassagnac also spoke against the Bill, denouncing it in all its parts as leading to license.

London, Feb. 1, evening.—South American advices are important. The inhabitants of Rosario, a town of considerable size on the Parana river, in the Argentine Republic, have rebelled against the authority of President Maitre, and declared for General Mouquiza, formerly chief executive or dictator of the Confederation.

The cholera which has made sad ravages in Buenos Ayres, has subsided to a great degree, and its entire eradication was confidently anticipated at an early day. The disease, however, still prevails to an alarming extent in the allied army on the Paraguay. There had been no fighting since the departure of the last mail. President Lopez, of Paraguay, remained at Humaita, and was well supplied with provisions and munitions of war.

London, Feb. 1, evening.—Letters from Killarney say that the clergy of that town who refused to say masses for the souls of Allen, Larkin, and Gould, who were executed at Manchester, have ceased to receive any money from their parishioners, who refuse to contribute to their support or that of the church.

A terrific gale prevails throughout England to-night, and disaster, both to life and property, on sea and land, is apprehended. The telegraph lines to Liverpool are down.

Liverpool, Feb. 1.—The cabmen of this town are on a strike.

Second Despatch.

Paris, Feb. 2.—The *Courier Francais* of last evening says the presence of Admiral Farragut at Naples is designed as a counterpoise to the French forces at Rome, and to sustain the Liberals of Italy, with whom Farragut holds intimate relations. The *Courier* says the Admiral has sent to Caprera the promise of his support, and he only awaits the reply of Garibaldi.

The debate on the proposed Bill for the government of the press was closed late last night. No vote was reached. The success of the Bill is regarded as extremely problematic.

London, Feb. 2.—In accordance with a request from Lord Stanley, the Pacha of Egypt has recalled the auxiliary corps of native Egyptians which he sent to join the British expedition in Abyssinia.

Berlin, Feb. 3.—The Bill introduced by the Government granting large indemnities to the King of Hanover and the Duke of Nassau, has been passed. Much opposition was shown to granting these appropriations, and at one time their passage seemed doubtful, but towards the close of the debate Count Von Bismarck declared that if they were not adopted, he would dissolve the Parliament. This threat was effective, and the Bill, as proposed by the Government, was passed.

Paris, February 2.—Yesterday being settling day, rentes fell off, closing at 5 centimes.

Copenhagen, February 2.—His Majesty, King Christian, has signed the treaty with the United States, for the new sale of the West India Islands. A special courtier has left Copenhagen for Washington with the document.

Florence, February 2.—It is announced that the Crown Prince, Humbert, has been formally betrothed to the Princess Margerita, of Genoa.

Paris, February 2.—It is reported that the government is likely to withdraw the new Bill for the regulation of the press, which has been under discussion in the Corps Legislatif, in consequence of the opposition, to the measure, shown by the liberal party.

London, Feb. 3, 11:15 a. m.—Bonds quiet at 72¼; American securities weaker; Erie 48¾; I C 86½; A & G W 25½.

London, February 3, 1:30 p. m.—Consols 93⅝ to 93¾; Bonds, 72⅛ to 72¼.

Liverpool, February 3, 1:20 p. m.—Cotton easier; sales at 7¾d for Uplands on spot and 7⅝d to arrive. Breadstuffs steady; Pork dull; Lard firmer at 53s 3d; other articles unchanged.

American Despatches.

Washington, Feb. 3.—An authenticated rumor prevails in Congressional circles that Mr. Adams has resigned his position as Minister to England.

Buffalo, February 3.—About two thousand Fenians assembled in St. James' Hall on Saturday night and were addressed by John O'Neill, the president of the organization, and Col. Walsh, of California. The President said, in reference to a letter sent to the British Consul threatening his life, that it was not authorized by the organization, and that such acts are condemned by the Fenian organization.

—The huge icicles and mountains of ice formed from frozen spray at Niagara are constantly growing larger, and form a most beautiful and imposing spectacle.

—Whipping is extensively practised in the Tennessee penitentiary. During the past six months no less than five hundred and twenty-five punishments by flogging have been administered, some of which were seventy-five lashes.

—One of our Maine exchanges says: Thompson & Co., proprietors of the Glen House, have sold their famous White Mountain steers. They are five years old, girt over 8 feet, and weigh over 5,000 lbs., and are said to be the handsomest cattle of their age in New England, though of the ordinary breed of that section.

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, Feb. 3.

Commercial Bills buying at.....98
" selling at.....99
Greenbacks, buying at.....70
" selling at.....71 to 71½
Bank of Upper Canada Bills.....62
Silver, buying at.....4½
" selling at.....4
Gold opened at 140½; closed at 141½.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.

MONTREAL, Feb. 3, 1867.
1 P. M.

FLOUR.—Superior Extra.....	$8 00	@	8 25
Extra.....	7 90	@	8 00
Fancy.....	7 60	@	7 75
Welland Canal Superfine ...	7 45	@	7 50
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat,	7 40	@	7 60
" " 1 Western Wheat,	7 45	@	7 50
" " 2 "	7 20	@	7 30
Bag Flour.....	3 60	@	3 70
WHEAT.—Canada Fall.....	0 00	@	0 00
Spring.....	1 70	@	0 00
Western.....	0 00	@	0 00
OATS.—Per 32 lbs.....	0 46	@	0 47
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs.....	0 90	@	1 00
BUTTER—Dairy.....	0 13	@	0 18
" Store Packed.....	0 13	@	0 18
ASHES—Pots.....	5 22½	@	5 27½
Pearls.....	5 75	@	5 80
PORK—Mess.....	19 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess.....	14 00	@	00 00
Prime.....	13 00	@	00 00
DRESSED HOGS.....	5 60	@	6 10
PEAS.....	0 86	@	0 87
RYE FLOUR.....	5 90	@	6 00

Flour—Small receipts; market steady and firm and but little done. Grain: Wheat—no sales; $1 70 obtainable. Pease—none offered. Oats firm and improving. Barley quiet. Provisions—Pork unchanged. Hogs—demand slightly improved. Butter neglected. Ashes quiet.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, February 3.

Cotton firmer at 19½c to 19¾c.
Flour dull; receipts 5,300 barrels; sales 5,000 bbls at $8 50 to $9 50 for superior state and western; $9 90 to $10 80 for common to choice extra state; $9 60 to $12 for common to choice extra western.
Rye flour quiet at $7 30 to $9 25.
Wheat quiet and steady; receipts 12,000 bushels.
Rye quiet.
Corn more active; receipts 36,000 bushels; sales 56,000 bushels at $1 27 to $1 30 for new mixed western afloat; $1 31 for poor old ditto in store; $1 27 to $1 30 for new white southern.
Barley quiet and firm.
Oats firm; receipts 3,000 bush; sales 35,000
Pork dull at $21 50 to $21 62 for old mess; $22 50 to $22 75 for new.
Lard firmer at 13¾c to 14¼c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3

Stocks active.
Sterling Exchange, 60 days, 109½.
Gold 141¾.
The *Post's* financial article says the loan market is abundantly supplied at 5 to 6 per cent. Stocks unsettled. Governments active. Railroads closed with a disposition to make concessions. Exchange quiet.
Gold closed 141½.

Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
February 1, 1868.

IMPORTS.—1 car merchandise.
EXPORTS.—3 cars merchandise and 1 car lumber.

DIED.

At Madawaska, on the 30th ult, Isabella Maria, daughter of Mr. John W. Brown, of Belleville, aged 10 years, 4 months and 8 days.

☞ Ticket Office for Great Western Railway, opposite the Market, Front-St. Tickets issued to Milwaukee, Chicago, New Orleans, Omaha City, Nebraska Territory, Fort Riley, Kansas, Cheyenne, Dacotah, Denvis Colorado, and all points West. Fare received either in Greenbacks or current funds.
217-1y R. P. DAVY, AGENT.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE COUGH AND LUNG REMEDY for every family to keep at hand.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM:

It sells everywhere, and gives satisfaction. Read the following extracts from letters:

I. P. BOWIE, Druggist, Uniontown, Penn., writes, April 4, 1866: "Allen's Lung Balsam has performed some remarkable cures about here. I recommend it with confidence in all diseases of the throat and Lungs."

STERLING BROS., Druggists, write from Carrollton, January 27, 1866: "Send us six dozen Allen's Lung Balsam. We are entirely out of it. It gives more general satisfaction than any other medicine we sell."

Sold by all Family Medicine dealers.
☞ Perry Davis & Son, Agents for the Dominion of Canada. 47-4w 2-3-4w

R. R. R. RADWAY'S PILLS.

Are the only Purgative, Alterative, and Cathartic Medicine that secures a vegetable substitute for mercury or calomel. They cure, with astonishing rapidity Liver Complaints, Kidney Diseases, Irritation of the Bladder, Piles, Biliousness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Ladies' Complaints, and all diseases indicating the necessity of a purgative medicine.

AGED PEOPLE,

Subject to Costiveness, or paralysis of the bowels, are quickly cured by these Pills.

A gentleman, aged 80 years, who had not enjoyed a natural discharge from the bowels for nearly 40 years, and was always compelled to resort to injections, was relieved by one dose; and by taking 4 pills each night, or one month, was restored to sound health and regularity.

These Pills purify the blood, remove all obstructions from the bowels, liver, skin, spleen, bladder, &c., and purge out all corrupt and acrimonious humors. A few days' use of these pills will make the skin smooth, clear, pure and healthy. They increase the appetite and flesh.

DOSE.—For Regulating the Liver, Stomach, Bowels, and promoting Digestion, One Pill at Night. For Chronic Diseases and Chronic Complaints, 4 to 6 every 24 hours.

Price, 25 cents per box. Sold by Druggists. Always ask for Dr. Radway's Pills.

See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1868.—R. R. R. sold by Druggists. 49-2w.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, Feb. 3, 1868.

FALL WHEAT—$1 70 to $1 75.
SPRING WHEAT—$1 50 to $1 60.
BARLEY—$90 to $95.
RYE—firm at $1 00 to $1 06.
OATS—60c to 65c.
PEAS—demand only for local use at 95c to 100c.
BUCKWHEAT—65c to 75c.
BEEF—Dull at $5 50 $6
PORK—$5 00 to $5 50. Heavy Pork $6 25.
MUTTON—8c to 8c per pound.
BUTTER—15c to 20c.
EGGS—18c to 22c.
HIDES—$6 00 to $6 50.
SHEEPSKINS—dull at 50c to 65c.
CALFSKINS—8c ₱ lb.
TALLOW—Rough, 6c; rendered, 8c.
WOOL—25c.
POTATOES—50 to 60c.
APPLES—@ 30c to $1 00.
HAY—$10 to $15.
CHEESE—10c.
CORN—70c to 80c.
FLOUR—No 1, $7 50 ₱ bbl.
POTASH—$4 50 to $4 75.

STOLEN,

FROM a Cutter standing at the door of the Stirling House, Stirling, on Saturday, the 18th January, 1868, a BUFFALO ROBE. Any person giving information that will lead to the conviction of the thief, will receive $15 reward on application to W. R. Parker, Stirling House.
Stirling, Feb. 3d, 1868. 234-3t

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY!

NOTICE.

A QUARTERLY MEETING of this Society will be held in NEILSON'S HALL, on the evening of TUESDAY, 4th February.
A. ROBERTSON, Esq.,
Pres'd St. Andrew's Soc'y.
W. WEBSTER,
Secretary.
Belleville, Jan. 30, 1868. 50w1t

LECTURE.

THE celebrated Rev. CHARLES CHINIQUI, of St. Anne, Kankakee, Illinois, formerly of Lower Canada, will lecture in the John Street Presbyterian Church, on TUESDAY EVENING, 4th February, at 7:30 o'clock.
At the close of the Lecture, a collection will be taken up on behalf of the Kankakee Mission.
Belleville, Jan. 29th, 1868. 50w1t-d M-T

DR. OTWAY'S Third Lecture!

WILL be delivered in the MARBLE HALL on
Tuesday Evening, Feb. 4th.
SUBJECT:
Gold and Silver Ores,
ILLUSTRATED BY EXPERIMENTS.
Admission 12½ cents. Proceeds to be given to the Ladies Committee for the relief of the poor.
Doors open at half past seven. Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock, precisely.
February 1st, 1868. 133-2t

NOW READY,

THE
Queen's New Book,
Journal in the Highlands.
PRICE, $1.25.
E. HARRISON.
Belleville, Feb. 1, 1868. 233-tf

Notice of Partnership.

WE HAVE this day admitted William Jones, of Belleville, as partner into our firm.
A. S. PAGE & CO.
Belleville, Jan. 15, 1868. 218-1m

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Messrs. WALLACE & FORDYCE as Photographers, in the Town of Belleville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
(Signed.) D. J. WALLACE.
ED. FORDYCE.
Belleville, December 4th, 1867.

THE undersigned having purchased Mr. Fordyce's interest in the Gallery, will hereafter conduct the business on his own account. His long experience and thorough knowledge of the business will enable him to satisfy all who give him a call.
ROOMS:—Over Graham and Grainger's Store.
ENTRANCE:—Two doors South of Holden's Drug Store.
D. J. WALLACE.
Belleville, Dec. 4th, 1867. 185-TbST

Partner Wanted,

WANTED, as equal partner in a light and profitable manufacturing business, a good responsible man, with some capital to invest.
For particulars enquire at 224, or at the office of S. B. Burdett, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Front St., Belleville.
Belleville, Jan. 27, 1868. 228-tf

HUFFMAN HOUSE,

MADOC, ONTARIO.
HUFFMAN & SON, Proprietors.
(LATE OF PETERBOROUGH.)

☞ Every attention paid to travellers. House and furniture entirely new. 145-tf 30tf

Business Cards,

AND all other kinds of Job Printing, executed with despatch, at the *Intelligencer* Office, Intelligencer Building, Front Street.

DIARIES, DIARIES,
FOR 1868,
AT
J. C. OVERELL'S,
TURNBULL'S BLOCK,
180 FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

The X-Mas No. of the
ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS,
IS NOW READY.
ALSO,
BOUND NUMBERS OF
British Workman,
Band of Hope Review,
Children's Friend,
Infant's Magazine,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
LEISURE HOUR, SUNDAY AT HOME, &c., &c.,
AT
J. C. OVERELL'S,
OPPOSITE THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
FRONT STREET,
BELLEVILLE.
January 4, 1868. 209

Horses, Carriages, &c., FOR SALE.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS
TAKEN AT PAR.
Apply to
H. PRETTY,
Opposite the Market.
Belleville, Oct. 22, 1867. 147-tf

A SPLENDID
ASSORTMENT OF
FLANNELS,
GENT'S
FURNISHING GOODS,
&c., &c.,
JUST RECEIVED,
AT
J. MUIR & CO.'S.

REMOVAL.

N. MANN begs to notify the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to the Dafoe House Building, where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many more, who will favor him with their patronage.
Belleville, Dec. 27, 1867.

BOARDING.

MRS. McKENZIE can accommodate a few permanent boarders; also, some daily boarders.
RESIDENCE—Pinnacle Street, opposite the market.
Belleville, Nov. 18, 1867 170-tf

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THIS BANK is prepared to issue drafts, receive deposits, and grant interest receipts at the office of the Commercial Bank in Belleville.
Mr. THOMSON will be happy to see his old friends.
Belleville, Jany. 23, 1868. 225-tf

THE CHURCH UNION
IS THE
Largest Religious Paper in the World.

IT advocates the Unity of the Church of Christ, opposes Romanism, close communion, apostolic succession, church caste, exclusiveness, and sectarian bigotry. It will sustain equal rights and suffrage for every man and woman of whatsoever nationality, all ideas of progress and social advancement. It will have a Department for Home and Family Reading, for general intelligence from every portion of the Church and world, a department of religious tales, and for culturing the imagination, another for the young, a review of the pulpit, the press, of passing events, of books, music and literature, a department for the farmer and for science.
It is the organ of no sect, but will aim to represent every branch of the Church of Christ, as well as every society organized for the purpose of evangelizing the world.
It is Trinitarian in creed, but favors free discussion of all subjects not already settled by the universal consent of the Church of all ages. It will oppose Ritualism and Infidelity, and advocate a free pulpit for Christ's Ministers and a free communion table for all the Lord's people.
It will favor universal suffrage and equal rights to every man and woman of whatsoever nationality, and will oppose all human interests contrived by men for the enslavement of the consciences of men.
It will publish a sermon by Rev. Henry Ward Beecher every Monday at 12 o'clock. The CHURCH UNION is the only paper now that publishes Mr. Beecher's sermons every week. This sermon is not copyrighted, nor does it come under the eye of Mr. Beecher before publication, and will be a faithful report of the sayings of the Great Preacher of Freedom. Writers and Editors of every branch of the Church are engaged on this paper.
TERMS.—$2 50; $1 00 to agents for every subscriber. The usual premiums of sewing machines, etc., will be offered. For sale by the American News Company.
Address, C. ALBERTSON, Supt.
9 Beekman Street, N. Y.

Limes and Glycerine,

The best Hair Dresser before the public.
Limes and Glycerine,
The best preparation known for Dandruff.
Limes and Glycerine,
Allays all irritation of the Scalp.
Limes and Glycerine,
All who have used it pronounce it superior to any preparation for the Hair.
Limes and Glycerine,
Is to be found on almost every toilet table.
Limes and Glycerine,
Far superior to pure Glycerine for chapped hands, &c.
Prepared only at
APOTHECARIES HALL,
1d1y Front St., Belleville.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

Ladies Work Boxes,
" Writing Desks,
" Dressing Cases,
Photograph Albums,
Fancy Wool Goods,
Ladies Bonnets,

A fine assortment of
Dress Goods!
and the
Latest Styles in Cloth
FOR LADIES, JACKETS.
Geo. Ritchie & Co.
Dec. 19, 1867. 1D-1y

GRAHAM FLOUR,
OATMEAL, SPLIT PEAS,
BEANS, &c.
—ALSO,—
WHITEFISH AND HERRINGS
IN BARRELS & HALF BARRELS.
At the "Corner Store,"
Front and Bridge Streets.
A. FLETCHER & Co.
January 15, 1868. 7-1y, w48-2t

HOOP SKIRTS,
LATEST STYLES.
G. C. Holton & Co.

J. & W. Sutherland

WOULD respectfully solicit an inspection of their new stock of
FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS,
Which will be found complete in the following specialities:
FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FRENCH MERINOS—2s. 6d. and upwards
FRENCH LAMAS & THIBETS.
FRENCH DELAINES,
SCOTCH TWEEDS.
" ALL WOOL HOSIERY.
CANADIAN " "
" FLANNELS.
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.
DUNDAS COTTONS AND BAGS.
AMERICAN YARN.
J. & W. SUTHERLAND.
Belleville, October, 1867. 1D6m

NEW MUSIC
AT
F. VANNORMAN'S.
La Crosse Galop and Quadrille!
and a lot of
CHOICE NEW PIECES.
Belleville, Jan. 15, 1867.

GEORGE ROCHE,
HATTER & FURRIER,
RESPECTFULLY announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now prepared to take orders for
ALL KINDS of FURS.
Having procured the services of a first-class Cutter from Paris, particular attention paid to repairing.
☞ All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.
Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs.
October 14. 1D-6m

F. HACKETT
HAS RECEIVED A
CHOICE ASSORTMENT
OF
FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS
Belleville, Oct. 1, 1867. 1D-0m

COSGRAVE & CO.'S
CELEBRATED
East India Pale Ale.
JUST RECEIVED,
50 Hhds,
150 Barrels and half Barrels.
FOR SALE ONLY BY
WESLEY BULLEN.
Belleville, Nov. 26, 1867. 177-tf

GRAND
DISCOUNT SALES
OF
DRY GOODS,
AT
P. D. GONGER'S.



HURRAH FOR
THE DOMINION.
R. H. JONES
BEGS leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened a new WHOLESALE and RETAIL
Grocery and Liquor Store,
in the premises lately occupied by Messrs. O'Brien & Henchy, where he will keep on hand a select and varied assortment of
General Groceries,
AND LIQUORS,
For family use and medicinal purposes.
TEAS.
YOUNG AND OLD HYSONS,
GUNPOWDER, TWANKAY,
IMPERIAL, JAPAN,
SOUCHONG,
CONGOU, &c., &c.
COFFEES.
THE BEST IN TOWN, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.
He would especially call the attention of families to his stock of
WINES, SPIRITS & LIQUORS.
Brandies, Ports, Sherries.
Irish, Scotch & Morton's Whiskeys.
Old Tom & Holland Gins,
IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.
Together with a large assortment of
CHAMPAGNE,
of the most popular brands.
LIQUEURS & CORDIALS, &C.
In addition to these there will be found a splendid stock of
LAMP GOODS & TRIMMINGS.
☞ Goods sent promptly to customers in any part of the town.
Belleville, Dec. 9, 1867. 188 43-tf

A young man advertises for a situation as son-in-law in a respectable family; would have no objection, he says, to go a short distance into the country.

A COUPLET FOR YOUNG LADIES.

The best of all ways to lengthen our days
To go to bed early and never wear stays.

'Macduff! what a singular appellation for a hen. Pray, madam, why did you give her that name?' Because I wanted her to 'lay on.'

Another lady of Manchester has immortalized herself by recording her vote, not in a Parliamentary, but in a municipal election. Miss Jessie Goodwin is the strong-minded female in question. Her name being found upon the roll as a citizen of Manchester, her vote was received.

In New York, the other day, one Chas. Herman, a cigar maker, committed suicide on being told jocosely, that his employer's daughter was in love with him There was too much joy in the information, and so the poor Teuton went and hanged himself.

AMERICAN SILVER.—The course pursued by the banking institutions of Halifax has operated so successfully that not a dollar of American silver remains in circulation. They simply made a rule that they would take off twenty per cent discount, and receive quarters at twenty cents each.—The consequence was, that at once, throughout the city, this became the current valuation, and the brokers began to buy up and export the article to the place where it would realize the highest price.

GERMAN IMMIGRATION.—A well-informed American paper notices the fact that for the last two years the German immigration has been twice as numerous as that of the Irish, and while the former is increasing, the latter is diminishing. The emigration of the Germans has been stimulated by the same cause that gave us so large an addition of Americans to our Canadian population a few years ago,—a desire to avoid the political troubles of the country, and a wish to escape the draft for military service.

The Prescott *Telegraph* cautions the travelling public against the manœuvres of a pack of swindlers who are in the habit of plying their vocation on the Branch Train which runs between Prescott and the Junction. Their plan of operation is thus described: One of the party shows the greenhorn, as a matter of curiosity, an ingeniously constructed box, and apparently shows how it can be opened and shut.—Another swindler, a confederate of the first, though pretending to be also a greenhorn and stranger, comes along and professes great curiosity about the box, which is also exhibited to him. The owner of the box, after duly preparing his victim for the bait, lays a wager that neither of the greenies can open it. The real greeny thinks it easy after what he has seen, and in some cases is induced to stake his money on the chances of the operation. With what result, need hardly be said, for he invariably loses, especially if he bets a tolerably large sum.

American Watches.

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its use Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is, indeed, little else than a machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course, there must be no defect in the principle of plan or the movement, no mistake in the sizes or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the reduplication of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough subdivision.

By means of multiplying guages and microscopes, tests and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools, and for faults and flaws in steel or stone, are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a finished machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home.—Instead of sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the lightest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear ringing sound always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a time keeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The Company claim that by it they produce Watches that cannot be equalled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan, and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of Watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes to suit all tastes and means; but every Watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM" is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

☞ EVERY WATCH FULLY WARRANTED.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
No. 182, Broadway, N.Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
TORONTO and MONTREAL,
General Agents.

Toronto, Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-3m

Great Bargains at
Wilson & Robertson's

THE following lines are now offered to the public:—

30 ps. all Wool Tweeds, 5s. for 3s 9d per yd.
25 " " " 5s 6d for 4s 6d "
40 " " " 5s 9d for 5s "

A large Assortment of Wool Shawls

A few ps. ALL WOOL Carpets,
AND A VARIETY OF OTHER GOODS.

In order to reduce our Stock, we offer these goods very much cheaper than they will be found elsewhere.

WILSON & ROBERTSON

HURRAH FOR
BARNUM'S
LINE OF STAGES
For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half past 8 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12, noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 2 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

S. BARNUM,
Proprietor.

JOHN TANGNEY, Agent, Belleville.
S. GUSTIN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 23, 1867. 068

CANADA WEST
FARMERS' MUTUAL
AND
Stock Insurance Company.

THE Annual general meeting of the Members of "The Canada West Farmers' Mutual and Stock Insurance Company," will be held (pursuant to resolution adopted at the last annual meeting,) on Thursday, the 6th of February next, for the purpose of receiving the Annual Report, and of electing four Directors to serve in place of the late Jacob Binkley, deceased, H. J. Lawry, who retires, and William Burrell and Thomas Stock, whose term of office expires, but who are eligible for re-election.

RICHARD P. STREET,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Hamilton, January 2d, 1868. 210 5w

Store-keepers!
Farmers!
And Others!

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM THE IMPORTERS DIRECT.

The Montreal Tea Company,
6 Hospital Street, Montreal,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to different parts of the country—and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimoniale already received:

RUSSELL HOTEL, QUEBEC, January 7, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am principally in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant.

WILLIS RUSSELL.

HOUSE OF SENATE, OTTAWA, Dec. 16, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company,

GENTLEMEN.—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

S. SKINNER.

QUEBEC, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of 30 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 55 cents was of excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for.

Yours respectfully,
D. ANDERSON.

TORONTO, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The two chests of Tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton, one chest Fine Flavoured New Seasons Congou, at same price, viz.: at 55 cents per lb. Yours &c.,

JAMES EDGAR.

FERCOMB, December 23, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz.: at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant,

JOHN T. CLAY.

COBOURG, January 8, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box of 20 lbs. at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the "Medical Journal" have frequently declared that one half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15, and 12 lbs. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c.; 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do. 55c., 60c., and 65c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c.; Sound Oolong, 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60c.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan, Good, 50c., 55c.; Very Fine, 60c.; Finest, 65c., 75c.; Scented Orange Pekoe, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankey Common, 38c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c., 60c., 65c., and 70c.; Fine do., 75c.; Very Fine, 85c.; Superfine and very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c.; Extra Superfine do., $1.

All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to be a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality, and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c. to 70c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by expressman, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.
6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of five chests and upwards.

All Boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
MOIRA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Capital Stock, $100,000. Divided into 10,000 Shares.

WORKING CAPITAL, $15,000.

HORACE YEOMANS, Esq., PRESIDENT. ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., TREASURER.
B. S. GILBERT, Esq., SECRETARY. J. G. SHURTZ, Esq., SUPERINTENDENT.

MERCHANTS' BANK, BANKERS. DEAN & GILBERT, SOLICITORS.

DIRECTORS:

HORACE YEOMANS, of Flint & Yeomans, Belleville.
ANDREW THOMSON, Banker, Belleville.
W. W. DEAN, Master in Chancery, Belleville.
JOHN G. SHURTZ, Superintendent.
JAMES LISTER, M.D., Belleville.
JAMES W. CARMAN, American, Consul, Belleville.
BARTON S. GILBERT, of Dean & Gilbert, Barristers, Belleville.

THIS COMPANY is duly incorporated under Cap. 23, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the purpose of working the mineral veins upon *sixteen* acres of Lot No. 19, in the fifth concession of Madoc, (the Richardson Mine being No. 18 in the same concession.)

A shaft has been sunk to the depth of nine feet in the rock. At six feet a gold-bearing lode was struck, of 18 inches in width, which at nine feet has increased to 2½ feet, and a crushing at Gilbert & Turley's mill of four and one-half tons of the rock, gave a yield of over fifty-six dollars in gold; the lode is clearly defined, and evidently extends the whole length of the property—52 rods.

The territory is admirably situated for mining purposes, being a high ridge covered with indications of mineral veins. There are numerous places on the land fully as promising as the one on which the shaft has been sunk, and which would unquestionably yield as well. The large quantity of land, and the prospects of other gold-bearing veins, make it certain that the Company will be able to subdivide the property as soon as a little further development has been made, and form other Companies at great advantage.

Work is being vigorously prosecuted in the shaft, under the superintendence of JOHN G. SHURTZ, Esq., one of the Directors, who is largely interested in the proprietary of the mine, and who has had thirteen years' practical experience in the gold mines of California and Nevada, and is unquestionably the most accomplished quartz miner now in this country.

It is intended to have a further crushing in a few days, and negotiations are in progress which, if carried out, will secure a mill to the Company at once, so that regular work will be gone on with without delay, and dividends may, in that case, be expected in a short time.

Belleville, Jan. 27th, 1868. 223d-tf

India and China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or $1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb. Finest procurable, $1.00.
Protected by Trade Mark.

☞ Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.
August 16th, 1867. D90-1y w27-1y

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO.
OF CANADA.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
INCORPORATED 1849.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - - TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., President, LEWIS MOFFATT, Esq., Vice-President.

HON. MALCOLM CAMERON,	A. T. FULTON, Esq.,	W. J. McDONELL, Esq.
C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq.,	H. S. HOWLAND, Esq.	J. McGILLES, Esq.,
GEORGE CHAFFEY, Esq.,	A. R. McMASTER, Esq.	A. M. SMITH, Esq.

SOLICITORS:—MESSRS. DUGGAN & BURNS.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on every description of property.
MARINE INSURANCES—Inland and to the Lower Ports, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the West Indies, and by steam vessels to Europe.
Rates as moderate as any other respectable Insurance Company.

F. McANNANY, Esq., Agent, Belleville.
JAS. SIDNEY CROCKER, Manager.
November 12, 1867. 39w6m-165d6m

BELLEVILLE
AGRICULTURAL WORKS
AND
IRON FOUNDRY
WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Threshing Machines,
STRAW CUTTERS,
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,
Iron and Steel Ploughs,
Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-tf

American Invoices--Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
QUEBEC, 6th March, 1863.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the *Canada Gazette*.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, June 8, 1867.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 28 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
3D1t-tf Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL!

THE "DAILY NEWS,"
$5 00 per Annum, in advance.

JOHN LOVELL,
65 Printer and Publisher.

BLANKS of every description for sale at *The Intelligencer* office.

BRITISH PERIODICALS,

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review (Whig).
The Westminster Review (Liberal).
The North British Review (Free Church.)
AND
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine(Tory.)

THESE periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stands unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews, - - $4.00 per annum.
For any two of the Reviews, - - 7.00 "
For any three of the Reviews, - - 10.00 "
For all four of the Reviews, - - 12.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine, - - 4.00 "
For Blackwood and one Review, - 7.00 "
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews, - - 10.00 "
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews, - - 12.00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews, 15.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of *twenty per cent*, will be allowed to Clubs of four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent *to one address* for $12.80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $48.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is Two Cents a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums for New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, gratis, any one of the *Four Reviews* for 1867. New Subscribers to all five of the periodicals for 1868 may receive, gratis, Blackwood or any one of the "*Four Reviews*" for 1867.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1.50 a year for each or any Review; also, Blackwood for 1866 and 1867, for $2.50 a year, or the two together for $4.00.

☞ Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to Clubs, nor reduced rates for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted *direct to the Publishers*.

No premiums can be given to Clubs.
THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING Co.,
140 Fulton St., N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the
FARMER'S GUIDE,
by HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1600 pages, and numerous Engravings.
Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid, $8.

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the *AMERICAN (WALTHAM) WATCH* have given it such a wide world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and printed its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found, who fortunately trade upon the popularity of the American Watch, by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article. It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for genuine watches have attained. The several grades of the American Watches—except the lowest grade, marked bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. ROBBINS.

The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine Watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH Co.

APPLETON, TRACY & Co.

WALTHAM WATCH Co.

P. S. BARTLETT.

WM. ELLERY.

HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the General Superintendent,
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec. 1866.

GENTLEMEN.—The watches manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years by our engineers, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying your watches give us less trouble and have worn and do wear much longer without repair than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we trusted to those of English manufacture of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't. Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that Waltham watches are the most satisfactory of any for their uses. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have never known one to wear out, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors, in my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer,
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto & Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS
Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-3m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every afternoon (Sundays excepted) and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of $5 a year if paid in advance, $6 otherwise. Mail subscribers $5 a year. $2 50 for 6 months; $1 50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgewater, Marmora and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the **Gold Regions,** and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., &c., and in short, neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months	$ 5 00
Half Square, 6 months,	$10 00
One Square, 6 months,	$20 00
Two Squares, 6 months,	$30 00
Four Squares, 6 months,	$50 00
Notices of Births,	50
Do of Marriages,	50
Do of Deaths,	50

"BUSINESS NOTICES"—All matter under this heading, leaded or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of solid minion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements every two weeks.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion, and 2 cents for each additional insertion.

The Weekly Intelligencer

is published every Friday Morning at $2 per annum if called for at the Office, or sent by mail; and $2½ if delivered by the Carrier, payable in all cases in advance. When not paid until the close of the year, 50 cents will be added to each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, and the number now on our Subscription Books is **over 1,400.** With such a large and general circulation throughout this and adjoining Counties, the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed advantages to advertisers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Six lines and under, first insertion,	0 50
Each subsequent insertion,	0 12½
Above six lines (per line) first insertion	0 07
Each subsequent insertion per line,	0 03

☞ "BUSINESS NOTICES"—10 cents per line each insertion, measured as solid minion.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to insure their appearance.

All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

The Intelligencer Job Office

is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the country.

The DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER can be had at the Book Stores in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at El Dorado.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

M. BOWELL,
INTELLIGENCER BUILDING, } *Publisher*
Front street, Belleville.

Daily Intelligencer.

Let there be Harmony in things Essential—Liberality in things not Essential—Charity in all.

Vol. 1. BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 4, 1868. No. 235.

Montreal Business Directory.

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal.

DEPARTMENTS.

Braces.	Knitted Woolens.
Braids,	Laces,
Brushes and Combs,	Ladies Collars and Sets.
Buttons,	Straw Goods.
Corsets.	Small Wares in great
Elastics.	variety.
Felt Hats,	Threads.
Gent's Collars and Ties.	Trimmings & Ornaments
Hosiery and Gloves.	Umbrellas.
Velvet Ribbons, &c.	

HOOP SKIRTS,—our own Manufacture. 156-6m

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware Manufacturers,
MONTREAL.
KILN PLATES
AND
CASTINGS for BREWERIES.
Any parties about putting up new kilns for
MALT OR OATMEAL
will do well to correspond with the above.
156-6m.

BURROWS & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobaccos, &c., &c.
41½ St. Paul St., Montreal.
☞Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 156-6m

PEAVEY & MARCH,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions,
And everything usually sold in a first class Grocery.
No. 344 Notre Dame Street, a few doors West St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.
☞Every article warranted to be as represented or may be returned. Goods sent to any part of the City Free of Charge. 156-6m

HUNTER, DUFFY & JOHNSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
99 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 156-6m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, Proprietor,
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-6m

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
St. Paul Street, Montreal.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, Collins Wharf, Halifax.
Premises—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.
Advances—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 38d-6m-W6m

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
378 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.
Maps, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, Bills of Lading, Blank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards, in any number of colors, Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 27D6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c., &c., &c.,
25 Hospital St., - - - MONTREAL,
OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and
ON AS GOOD TERMS
as any House in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.
J. C. FRANCK & Co.
July 27, 1867. 74d.

QUEEN
INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL, - - - - $10,000,000.
FIRE and LIFE.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.
THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers.—One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to **Ten per Cent** of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.
The next division of profits takes place in 1868, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.
M. BOWELL,
Intelligencer Office.
Agent.
DR. CANNIFF,
Medical Referee
May, 1867. 4D-6m.

Montreal Business Directory.

Frothingham & Workman,
MONTREAL.
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.
Warehouse and Offices 395 to 399, St. Paul St.
Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c.
May 1st. 1d-6m

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M. D.,
Consulting and Analytical Chemist,
630 Lagauchetiere Street, Montreal.
☞At home for consultation before 10 A. M., between 2 and 3, and after 6 P. M.
Fees for Analysis,—$5 a metal, payable in advance.
156-6m

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
302 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
☞Every description of Jewelry manufactured from Gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 2806m

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant.
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Agent for Walter Evans & Co. Sewing and Knitting Cottons, Derby; and J. M. Perry & Co.'s Gray's Patent Linen Fibre Collars, Nottingham, England.
1D-6m

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER.
OFFICE: Corner of St. Sacrement and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.
References—Robertson & Beatlie, Robert Esdaile, Esq., Jas Turnace, Esq. 31 D3m

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT
And Commission Merchants,
49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street.
MONTREAL. 1D-6m

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant,
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods. 1D-6m

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 329 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 2806m

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.
THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.
E. MUIR,
Chemist and Druggist,
2805m Place D'Armes, Montreal.

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McCUAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
Office—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and 81 Common Street, Canal Wharf,
MONTREAL.
☞Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and all er Produce, and purchase of Merchandise. 2806m

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
100 Grey Nunn Street, Montreal,
HAVE FOR SALE—

Boiler Tubes,	Drain Pipes,
Gas Tubes,	Roman Cement,
Horse Nails,	Water Lime,
Paints and Putty,	Portland Cement,
Fire Bricks,	Paving Tiles,
Fire Clay,	Garden Vases,
Flue Covers.	Chimney Tops, &c.

☞Manufacturers of AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR, and BED SPRINGS. 24D6m

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.
LIBERAL advances made on consignments to ourselves, or for shipment to our friends in Great Britain and the Lower Port.
May 21st, 1867. 27D6m

A. ROBERTSON & Co,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Manles, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosier, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Clothes, Canadian Woollens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons, Prints, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Muslins.
478 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St.,
MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro'. C. W. 1D-6m

Important to Miners and
MINING MEN.
JOHNS' Patent Water-Proof Safety Fuse for Wet Ground and Submarine Blasting, is much cheaper than any other, and pronounced by Mining men much better than any imported.
Testimonials received from men well known in the mining and quarrying business of Canada and the United States; from Messrs. Morrill & Colby, Bennets, Wiswell Macfarland, Adams, Watson, Griffith, Wearn, and others.
☞All orders promptly attended to.
Address JOHNS & Co.,
Sherbrooke, Q.
150-3m

TERRAPIN RESTAURANT
CHARLES PAPINEAU,
BEGS to inform the public that he has opened the Terrapin Restaurant, in Coleman's Building, next door to Dr. Coleman's Drug Store, and he has fitted it up in first class style, with every convenience. He will keep constantly on hand the best Ale and Porter, and the purest brands of Liquors.
☞Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c., always on hand.
Belleville, Oct. 16, 1867. 142-tf

CONGER BROS.
FEELING thankful for the very liberal patronage given them for the past year, beg to remind their customers and the public that having thoroughly
REFITTED THEIR STORE!
are now opening a well assorted stock of FRESH TEAS, SUGARS, SPICES, CURRANTS, RAISINS, FIGS, &c.
Special attention is called to their fine assortment of
Jams, Jellies, Canned and Bottled FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.
R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER.
Nov. 13th, 1867. 1D1y

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the
Canadian & United States Mails.
1867—Summer Arrangements—1867.
Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.
Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.
This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undernoted First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double-Engine Iron Steamships:—

AUSTRIAN	2700	Tons.	Capt. Aiton.
NESTORIAN	2700	"	Lt. Dutton, R.N.R.
MORAVIAN,	2650	"	Capt. Wylie.
PERUVIAN	2600	"	Capt. Hallantine.
HIBERNIAN,	2434	"	Capt. Brown.
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	2300	"	Capt. Allan.
NORTH-AMERICAN,	1734	"	Capt. Kerr.
BELGIAN.	2434	"	Capt. Grange.
DAMASCUS,	1600	"	Capt. Watts.

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL every THURSDAY, and from PORTLAND every SATURDAY, calling at Lough Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)
The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from PORTDAND as undernoted, viz:—

NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 25th Jan.
PERUVIAN,	Saturday, 1st Feb.
AUSTRIAN,	Saturday, 8th "
HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 15th "
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Saturday, 22nd "
MORAVIAN,	Saturday, 29th "
NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 7th March

St. GEORGE from Portland, 21st February.
St. ANDREW from Portland, 11th March.
☞Fares per "Nova Scotian," 11th January, from Scotland to St. Johns, N.F., are—Cabin, $36; Steerage, $15.
Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway:—

CABIN, - - - -	$90 20 to $90 20
(according to accommodation.)	
STEERAGE, - - - - -	$32 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.
Berths not secured until paid for.
For particulars, apply to
J. W THOMPSON, Agent,
Canadian Express Office.
27D6m-16W1y Belleville.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
For 1868.
THE CHEAPEST OF LADIES' MAGAZINES,
BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST.
THE friend of woman, the arbiter of fashion, the encourager and publisher of the best literature of the day, the pattern from which all others copy.
READING MATTER.
In this there will be an improvement. The volume for 1868 will be set up with new-faced type, and of a size that will enable us to give an additional quantity of reading matter amounting to about twelve pages in each number.
BEAUTIFUL STEEL PLATES.
Of these the Lady's Books contain *fourteen* each year, superior to any mezzotint engraving in any published in this country, either in book or periodical.
THE LITERATURE OF THE LADY'S BOOK.
MARION HARLAND,
Authoress of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Miss Sidney," "Nemesis," and "Marian."
who contributes to no other monthly publication, will furnish a new novel for 1868, called "Pierre Rowland," that will run through the year. Her stories are anxiously sought after, and as they are copyrighted, can be found nowhere but in Godey's. Our former efficient corps of writers has also been retained.
OUR FASHION PLATES.
The original double fashion-plates will be continued in each December.—The only magazine in this country that gives these designs is the Lady's Book.
Drawing Lessons.—In this we are also alone.
Original Music.—Godey's is the only magazine in which music prepared expressly for it appears.
We have also a Children's, a Horticultural, and a Health Department.
GODEY'S INVALUABLE RECEIPTS
upon every subject, for the Boudoir, Nursery, Kitchen, House, and Laundry.
Tinted Engravings.—This is a series of engravings which no one has attempted but ourselves.
Ladies' Fancy Work Department.—Some of the designs in this department are printed in colors in a style unequalled.

Terms for 1868.

One copy, one year, - - - - -	$3 00
Two copies, one year, - - - - -	5 00
Three copies, one year, - - - - -	7 50
Four copies, one year, - - - - -	10 00
Five copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making six copies - - - - -	14 00
Eight copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making nine copies. - - - - -	21 00
Eleven copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making twelve copies - - - - -	27 00

Godey's Lady's Book and Arthur's Home Magazine will be sent one year on receipt of $4 00.
Godey's Lady's and The Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $3 50.
Godey's Lady's Book, Arthur's Home Magazine and Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $6 00.
☞Canada subscribers must send 24 cents additional for every subscription to the Lady's Book, and 12 cents for either of the other magazines to pay the American postage.
How to Remit.—In remitting by mail, a Post Office Order or a Draft, *payable to the Order of L. A. Godey*, is preferable to bank notes, as, should the Order or Draft be lost or stolen, it can be renewed without loss to the owner. If a Draft or a Post Office Order cannot be procured, send United States or National Bank notes.
Address L. A. GODEY,
N. E. Corner Sixth and Chestnut Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

Belleville Business Directory.

Macllellan & Macllellan,
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency Attornies-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c, &c Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Ross, Bell & Holden,
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner of Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville.
Hon. Jno. Ross. John Bell. Thos. Holden
1D6m Wtf

Diamond & Dickson,
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c.
Office:—Neilson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
A. Diamond. Geo. D. Dickson.
1D-Wtf

A. R. Dougall,
BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.
Office over Overell's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.

Robertson & Stewart,
BARRISTERS and Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office,—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street.
Alex. Robertson. D. E. K. Stewart.
1D6m-Wtf

Legate & Price,
BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1D6m-Wtf

Geo. H. Haymes,
HATTER and Furrier, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs.
1D6m-Wtf

McLeod & Carre,
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURveyors, Architects, Draughtsmen and Patent Solicitors, 153½ Front Street, Belleville.
MACLEOD, GAVILLER, KENNEDY & Co.,
Msdoc. 1D6m-Wtf

Pitceathly & Kelso,
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Law Partnership.
THE undersigned have this day entered into co-partnership under the name of Jellett & Bleasdell. Office—Corner of Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville.
R. P. JELLETT.
8th October, 1867. J. H. T. BLEASDELL.

Forrest & Lozo's
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Lazier's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 25D-tf

T. Lockerby,
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 23D5m

Ponton, Falkiner & Denmark
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

Angus McFee,
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellry and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1D6m

John Wilson,
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street, Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 1D6m

J. W. Brown,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

Geo. Gibson,
MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1D6m

J. C. Vapor,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

To Gold Miners.
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Swedes Iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. Wm. POWELL.
1D6m

McKeown & Robertson,
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

ALLSOP'S ALE,
Guinness' Stout,
Blood's Porter!!
IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT
HAMBLY'S.
1D6m

BILL HEADS.
AND all other kinds of Job Printing, executed with neatness and despatch at the Intelligencer Office, Front Street, Belleville.

Miscellaneous Items.

Five thousand copies of the Queen's Book, it is said, were sold in a week in England.

Archbishop Manning is to be included in the new list of Cardinals, according to the best authorities in England.

The semi-official *Marine Gazette* of St. Petersburg asserts that both England and France are actively carrying on military operations in the Mediterranean.

The most famous Highland piper, Donald Cameron, of Seaforth, is no more. His pipe was put out in December last. He won bagpipes as prizes, and good opinions wherever he went.

Mr. Dickens has received from Ticknor and Field, of Boston, the extraoidinary price of £2,000 for two short stories for their magazines; Mr. Dickens retaining the right of republication in England.

A Government inquiry into charges arising out of alleged mismanagement at the Wigan workhouse, where a baby was recently scalded to death by an idiot nurse, has resulted in the governor of that establishment being called upon to resign.

It is stated that the whole number of foreign-born citizens naturalized in the United States has been estimated to exceed 4,000,000 at least half of whom are immigrants from British territories, and more than one-third from Ireland alone.

The statistics of travel between France and England in 1867 are worth recording. No less than 462,708 persons went to and fro; 202,188 by Calais, 152,931 by Boulegne, 88,294 by Dieppe, and 19,300 by Havre. Only 19,707 crossed between England and Belgium, *via* Ostend.

A medal cast in 1789 from the lead used to rivet the chains of prisoners confined in the Bastile, is soon to be sold at Paris. It bears on one side a crude representation of the taking of the Bastile, and on the obverse an inscription stating the former use of the metal of which it is composed.

M. Gustave Lambert proposes to explore the polar sea by cutting through a bank of ice and exploring the unknown deep. He intends to go by way of Behring's Straits, under the auspices of the French Geographical Society, and to be ready to pass the Straits by July of next year. The expense will be about $120,000.

The first jail in Dayton was rather too deep for theives to dig out of. It was an old well—an excavation, which had been neglected, and caved, until it was "not only deep, but wide and ruinous as deep." Into this pit the Sheriff let down the disturbers and breakers of the peace, and there they remained until brought up for trial.

Some one has written three short and pithy sentences to the London Times, that have an application to other cities, also, as follows: "There are thousands of hungry men out of employ at the East end. There are miles of infamously filthy streets and pathways at the West end. Are there no means of bringing the two together?"

The journal *Corsaire*, in an article entitled "Le Lernier, Jour d'un Condamnee," announces that it ceases to appear. It had been sentenced, in the person of its *gerant*, to a first penalty of two months' imprisonment and 100f. fine; to a second one of a month's imprisonment and 100f. fine; and, by a third measure, its sale was prohibited in the streets.

The Scotch volunteers for the Highland company in the Papal Zouave Regiment, having turned out to be chiefly Irish, and smacking of Fenianism, have been dismissed by the Pope, and were sent away from Rome some days ago, to the number of fifty. Their conduct in barracks was extremely insubordinate. There are now twenty Irish and twenty English in the Zouave Regiment.

The water supply of Malta will be greatly increased by successful exploration in the Marsa Valley, and in the district beyond the ancient city of Medina, now called Civita Vecchia. Numerous shafts have been sunk, and it is calculated that the produce will be in a short time 900,000 gallons of water per diem, in addition to the present supply.

Great activity prevails at the manufactory of arms, St. Etienne, France. There are now no less than five thousand workmen, without reckoning those who are employed at Anailly, where an entire battery of six *pilons* for the manufacture of arms has just been put up. This latter factory can now deliver forty thousand gun barrels a month, together with the various parts of the new chassepot gun.

The Paris correspondent of the *Morning Post*, quoting from the Konigsberg *Gazette*, informs us that the Governor of Kazan has just licensed a theatre in that semi-Tartar city, on the express condition that "at least once a week" the manager shall give a performance of such a nature that it shall be "possible for a mother to take her daughter to see it." This stipulation does not seem unnecessarily severe; three nights a week for the trivial improprieties of Offenbach and his librettists, two for the more significant improprieties of Alexandre Dumas *fils*, and one (say Sunday—in Russia Saturday is theatrically a *dies non*) for the colorless productions of the purely moral school.

Bismarck on the Cutty Stool.

CURIOUS CORRESPONDENCE—THE FOUNDER OF THE PRUSSIAN EMPIRE TALKED TO "FOR BEING INTIMATE WITH A CANTATRICE AND NEGLECTING TO GO TO CHURCH."

The *Pall Mall Gazette* says: A curious correspondence between Count Bismarck and the members of a Conservative society in Pomerania is published by the *Vossische Zeitung*—we hope with sufficient authority, for it is really very funny. This society asked the count for an explanation of his conduct, first, in abandoning the Conservative party; second, in allowing himself to be photographed along with Mad'lle Lucca; and, third, in having ceased to go to church. The count at once gave a categorical reply, with many thanks for the frankness with which his "dear friends" had addressed him. In regard to the first point, Count Bismarck says that people at a distance cannot judge of the circumstances which must necessarily influence the political conduct of a states man; that he must act for the good of the country whose destinies have been placed in his hands, and that if his correspondents knew how difficult it is to adopt the right course, and how heavy a burden rests on his shoulders, they would acquit him of wilful desertion of his party.

In explanation of the second point, the count reminds his correspondents of the lengthy negotiations which led to the convention of Gastein. "At one time," he says, "matters came to a dead lock, and life became so insufferably tedious that I did not know how to kill time. I went for a walk, met Mad'lle Lucca, whom I knew, and suggested to her that she should relieve the tediousness of our existence by giving a concert. "Perhaps I will," she answered, "but only on one condition." "And what may that be?" "That your excellency will allow yourself to be photographed along with me." "With pleasure," I answered; and this was the origin of the picture. I now leave it to you to account." As for the count's non-appearance at church, he explains that his doctor forbids him to attend Divine service, as he has become so exhausted through working night after night that he is not equal to the effort. He adds that he feels this to be a great privation, and often prays in his own room for guidance as to what is best for the fatherland.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West,	7.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West,	8.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going West,	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train,	6.30 P. M.
Noon Express going East,	12.08 P. M.
Night Express going East,	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East,	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train,	9.30 P. M.

Montreal Time.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, TUESDAY, FEB. 4.

FROM MONTREAL.

By Special Telegraph to the Daily Intelligencer.

MONTREAL, February 4.

The *Telegraph* yesterday evening reported a crisis in the Dominion Cabinet, and the probable succession of Mr. Cartier to John A. Macdonald, as Premier, and that seats in the Cabinet will be offered to Mr. Howe and other Nova Scotian leaders.

LECTURE.—Our readers are reminded that this evening Dr. Otway will deliver the third of his series of lectures in the Marble Hall. Subject, "Gold and Silver Ores," illustrated by experiments.

KANKAKEE MISSION.—The well-known French Canadian Minister, Charles Chiniqui, will deliver a lecture in the John Street Presbyterian Church this evening, commencing at 7:30 o'clock.

LAW COMMISSION.—The St. John, N. B., *Morning Telegraph* says: "We learn that Hon. J. H. Gray has been selected by the Government for the important position of Chairman of the Law Commission for the Dominion."

ABYSSINIA WITCHES.—It seems that Abyssinia has its witches as well as more civilized countries, in whose communication the people of the country implicitly believe. It is related that King Theodorous lately being rather uneasy in his mind, procured the assistance of one of these interesting females, who, at his desire, called up the spirits of his deceased ancestors, when the following conversation took place: "The King—Tell me my fate. Shall I conquer as I have always conquered? Spirit—No; thy time has come; prepare thyself. The King—Let me reign but three years more, and I will redeem the past. Spirit—No. The King—But two years; let me reign but two years. Spirit—No! Not one year. Thou hast been tried and found wanting. The blood of slaughtered thousands cries aloud for vengeance.—But stay! There is yet one chance. Relinquish sovereignty, return to thy country, be again the tiller of the soil, earn thy bread by the sweat of thy brow, and live." The King was very irate, and the spirits were directed to go to——, the place from whence they came.

PERSONAL.—We are pleased to learn that Mr. P. M. Nulty, of this Town, passed a highly creditable examination for Barrister, and was called to the Bar yesterday. He was also admitted an Attorney without an oral examination.

RELIEF OF NOVA SCOTIA.—The subscriptions already collected in the two Provinces of Quebec and Ontario, for the relief of the fishermen of Nova Scotia, amount to some Fifteen Thousand Dollars.

TELEGRAPHIC FEAT.—The Toronto papers record a surprising telegraphic feat which was preformed on Friday night last. On that evening direct communication was maintained between Valentia, Ireland, the eastern terminus of the Atlantic Cable, and San Francisco, California. The only repetition in the entire journey was at Heart's Content, Newfoundland, where the courtesies passed between the telegraph operators at these places, distanced about one-third of the circumference of the globe from one another, had to be changed from the sea to the land wire. The conversation lasted for some time, and was of a highly interesting and pleasing character. The time was Valentia, 6:55 on Saturday morning; Heart's Content, 3:15 on the same morning, and San Francisco, 11:11 p. m. on Friday night. Consequently, the dispatches reached the latter place nominally some hours before they left Valentia.

The Legislature Yesterday.

A large number of petitions were presented.

The Bills for incorporating the Toronto Young Men's Christain Association, the Crescent Petroleum Company, and the Gore District Mutual Fire Insurance Company, were ordered to a second reading on Wednesday next. Several private bills were introduced, read a first time, and referred to the committee on Private Bills.

Mr. Coyne introduced a Bill, entitled an Act respecting Real Estate in Ontario. The mover explained that the object of the measure was to facilitate proceedings and lessen the expense of parties applying to Court in matters respecting real estate. By the proposed amendment, a party had full power to apply to the judge in chambers, just as he has now in full court. The Bill was ordered for a second reading on Friday next.

The House went into committee on Sir Henry Smith's Bill respecting Ontario College.

The Bill was read by the Chairman. It is in the usual form declaring the Bishop of Ontario, the Dean and several others of the clergy and laity of the diocese, a body corporate, to have and hold property real and personal, to a limited amount, for the purposes of education and establishing a college in the county of Prince Edward, and diocese of Ontario.

Mr. Cameron hoped the college would not be wanting Government aid.

Sir Henry Smith said the Bill did not ask for aid, but he had confidence enough in his hon. friends opposite that they would not leave this college in any worse position than others of the kind.

Mr. Ferguson was in favor of a general act for the purpose of incorporating societies and institutions of this kind. The Bill asked for $18,000 of a yearly annuity, and this sum must come from investments in some kind of property or another. It was a bad precedent and he hoped the Bill would not pass.

Mr. Swinerton said there were no grants asked for—it simply gave permission to hold a certain amount of property.

Mr Greely fully concurred in what had been advanced by the mover of the bill. Many persons not belonging to the Church of England had subscribed toward the establishment of that college; and a county council in that section—most of them differing from the bishop of the diocese in religious opinion—had given a grant to it.

Mr. J. S. McDonald objected to the college being allowed to hold real estate to the amount of $8,000 in any part of the Province. He said it would be more advisable to convert this property into money and invest it, and secure income from the corporate institutions of the Province. He made another objection—that there was nothing in this bill to prevent this corporation from going into speculations and purchase of wild lands. The power of acquiring by bequest or gift $5,000 a year more, was also objectionable, and this they would be able to hold for seven years. He did not agree as to a general bill, however, because under that a Mormon college might be got up.

Mr. McKellar objected to the bill on much the same ground as that taken by Mr. McDonald. He was in favor however, of a general bill.

Mr. Blake said that, believing this Bill was framed on the model of the Act incorporating Huron College, a measure with which he was familiar—had not scrutinized closely. But he now found that it was framed on that Act incorporating the college of St. Ignatius, Guelph. Under the circumstances—particularly as the hon. Attorney-General cast a doubt on the meaning of the clause providing the $8,000, it would perhaps be better that the committee should rise and ask leave to sit again.

Sir Henry Smith said that the bill had been thoroughly approved of by the clergy and bishop of the diocese, and all to whom copies of it had been forwarded. He maintained that the lands were merely for use and occupation, and that there could be no such acquiring of property as had been alluded to by the hon. the Attorney-General.

Mr. Scott (Ottawa) said that the bill from which this was copied was introduced by himself. It was acquiesced in by the member for Bothwell. The member for South Simcoe (Mr. Ferguson) moved the six months' hoist, and there were but three Yeas—Anderson, Ferguson, and Stirton. The Premier then could not say that this was one of the class of bills which had been forced on Upper Canada by a Lower Canada Majority.

After some further discussion the further consideration of the Bill was postponed until Wednesday.

The Game Bill after some discussion was read a third time, and passed.

The House went into Committee on Free Grants of land to settlers.

The Bill was read clause by clause, and after a discussion of over an hour, with a few trifling alterations it was passed, and the bill was fixed for a third reading to-day.

The House adjourned at 11:30.

County Orange Lodge, South Hastings.

At the Annual meeting held to-day, in Belleville, the following Brethren were elected officers for the current year:

Bro. GEO. D. DICKSON, C. M.
" JOHN GRAHAM, D. C. M.
" JAS. REID, C. T.
" A. COWIE, C. S.
" Rev. G. F. BYAM, C.
" JOHN MCKEOWN, C. P.
" PETER P. PETTITT, C. D. C.

School Trustees.

MONDAY, Feb. 3, 1868.

PRESENT—The Chairman, F. McAnnany Esq., and Messrs. Sisson, Wills, Sawyer, Walton, Coleman, Smith and Shepard.

On the question whether the minutes of the former meeting be approved of, Mr. Sisson objected that they were not complete, inasmuch as the Chairman at that meeting had ruled that it was not necessary that the minutes of the last meeting of the Board of 1867 be approved of by the Board of 1868, and there was no record of this ruling.

Considerable desultory discussion took place upon this question, during which Mr. Sisson insinuated that certain members did not want to have the minutes fairly recorded, that they preferred false records, which called forth a deserved rebuke from Mr. Wills and the Chairman.

Mr. Coleman pointed out the duties of the Chairman.

The Chairman said he understood the duties of Chairman of a corporate body as well as Mr. Coleman, and Mr. Coleman, as a member of the Town Council, well knew that a new Council had nothing whatever to do with the approval of the proceedings of the old body.

Mr. Shepard moved, seconded by Mr. Smith, That the minutes of last meeting be approved.

Mr. Sisson moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Coleman, That the minutes of the last meeting are correct, with the exception that the Chairman ruled that the new Board of School Trustees had nothing to do with the approval of the minutes of the former meeting and the Secretary need not record the same, and which should have been in the minutes, and now requested to be placed thereon.

The amendment was lost, and the yeas and nays were demanded on the original motion.

YEAS—Messrs. Wills, Sawyer, Smith, Walton and Shepard.

NAYS—Messrs. Coleman and Sisson.

At the request of Mr. Sawyer, the minutes of the last meeting of the old Board were read.

The usual monthly reports of Teachers and Superintendent, which were read, showed a considerable falling off in attendance, in consequence of the reports of the prevalence of the small-pox. As that disease had subsided, the attendance for the past few days was growing better.

A letter was read from Mr. J. C. Overell, representing that the teachers in the different schools were selling the new series of school books for one of the booksellers in town, thereby interfering with those who had purchased large supplies for the market, and submitting that no one bookseller should have a monopoly of the trade.

Mr. Shepard moved, seconded by Mr. Sawyer, That a Special Committee of three be appointed to enquire into the question of school books used in the schools, and that until that Committee reports to this Board, the teachers be directed not to introduce any new series of books into the schools. Such Committee to be appointed by the Chairman.—Carried.

The Chairman then appointed Messrs. Shepard, Sawyer, and Wills, as said committee.

A letter was read from Diamond & Dickson, addressed to Mr. James Smith advising him that the third instalment of purchase money of the Blacklock lot was due on the 5th inst., principal and interest amounting to $413.25, and to which his immediate attention was required.

A letter from Mr. Ashley, teacher of school No. 3, paying a high compliment to Miss Rankin, assistant teacher of the school, as an able and efficient teacher, was read and referred.

An application from Mr. French, requesting to be employed as teacher of school No. 5, accompanied with a requisition to the same effect, signed by about fifty persons, was read.

The Chairman asked if Mr. Pollock had resigned.

The Secretary said no.

Mr. Pollock, who was present, briefly stated that owing to a case of small pox in the immediate vicinity of the school house, his pupils refused to attend, and the school was closed in consequence. He tendered his resignation which was accepted.

Mr. Sawyer moved, seconded by Mr. Coleman, That School No. 5 be closed for the present.—Carried.

The letter of Dickson & Diamond, to Mr. Smith, was then taken up.

Mr. Sawyer moved, seconded by Mr. Coleman, That no further proceedings be taken with respect to the purchase of the Blacklock lot.

Mr. Sawyer said he was not satisfied with the purchase of the lot; it was not in a suitable locality; it was too large for the purposes required, and if we have to purchase a lot for a school for that ward, a much cheaper one could be obtained which would answer every purpose, and besides the title was imperfect.

Mr. Sisson asked if there was a contract entered into by this Board for the purchase of the lot.

The Chairman said the purchase was made by Mr. Smith, on behalf of the Board.

Mr. Sisson asked if the question of title was ever submitted to legal authority.

The Chairman was not aware whether it was or not.

Mr. Sisson asked if anything had been paid on the lot, by whom, and to whom.

The Chairman said there had been a sum borrowed from the School Fund and paid on the lot.

Mr. Sisson asked when was a resolution passed by this Board, authorizing the purchase of the lot, and by whom was the order made.

The Chairman said he presumed the books would show.

Mr. Sisson said he had looked over the books and could find no such resolution.

The Chairman directed the Secretary to turn to the books and read the resolution confirming the purchase, which he did.

Mr. Sisson asked Mr. Smith if there was not a judgment against him respecting this lot.

Mr. Smith was not aware of it.

Mr. Sisson repeated this question over and over, until Mr. Wills called him to order, telling him that his conduct was very ungentlemanly, and that he had no right to badger a member of this Board, as if he was in the witness box.

Mr. Coleman did not see the necessity for the motion. It should be amended to say if any steps had been taken by this Board. For his part he had seen no evidence of the purchase of the lot by the Board.

Mr. Sawyer—Then you don't second it.

Mr. Coleman—Will you amend it?

Mr. Sawyer—No.

A lengthy discussion took place, after which Mr. Sawyer withdrew his motion.

Mr. Wills moved, seconded by Mr. Smith, that the Treasurer be requested to pay the sum of four hundred and thirteen dollars and twenty-five cents, out of any funds in his hands, the same being requested from the Corporation of Belleville for school lot.

Mr. Shepard moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Sawyer, that the question of the future payments on the Blacklock lot be referred to a special Committee, consisting of Messrs. Coleman, Wills, and the Chairman, to ascertain whether this Board can now dispose of the lot, and whether any steps are necessary to be taken in the matter, said Committee to report at the next meeting.

Mr. Wills said if this payment was delayed, costs to the Board would incur.

Mr. Shepard did not wish the Board to be subjected to any further costs, but he did not think the delay of a month would make any difference. He was prepared to dispose of the lot, as he understood parties stood ready to purchase it at an advance of from two to three hundred dollars more than the price paid by the Board. At the same time he did not wish to break faith with the member of this Board who had been authorized to purchase the lot. The Board had now paid some $700 on the lot, and it was important that such steps should be taken that this amount should not be lost. He had been of the impression that in order to sell the lot and give a good title, it was necessary to be legally possessed of the same.

Mr. Coleman said the Board did not possess the lot. It was in the hands of Mr. Smith.

The Chairman said it was the property of the Board.

Considerable discussion took place, during which Mr. Sisson used some ungentlemanly remarks towards members; and Mr. Wills called him to order, and insisted that he should cease using such insulting remarks.

The Chairman said he had been a member of the Board for a long number of years, and he had never heard of such conduct as had been exhibited by Mr. Sisson.

Mr. Sisson said if he had used any insulting observations, he would withdraw them.

Mr. Shepard's amendment was then put and lost on the following division:

YEAS—Messrs. Shepard, Sawyer and Sisson.

NAYS—Messrs. Wills, Coleman, Smith and Walton.

Mr. Wills' motion was then submitted.

Mr. Shepard was not disposed to make the Board liable for any additional costs, and would therefore vote for the payment, but if that carried, he would immediately move that the lot be sold.

The Chairman thought there would be no difficulty in selling the lot, and did not think there would be any objection.

Mr. Wills' motion was then carried, Messrs. Wills, Shepard, Smith and Walton voting therefor.

Mr. Shepard then moved, seconded by Mr. Sawyer, That a Special Committee, consisting of the Chairman and Messrs. Wills, Smith and Coleman, be appointed to ascertain whether the Blacklock lot can be sold on advantageous terms, and that they be requested to report at the next meeting of the Board.

The motion was carried unanimously.

Mr. Sisson moved, seconded by Mr. Coleman, That the secretary give two days' notice of the meetings of the Board.

Mr. Sawyer did not see the necessity of any change.

The motion was lost.

Mr. Sisson moved, That the meetings of this Board be advertised in the two weekly newspapers. It having no seconder, it fell to the ground.

Mr. Sisson read another motion respecting holding the meetings in a more public manner, but it having no seconder, it also fell to the ground.

Mr. Wills moved, seconded by Mr. Sawyer, That it is necessary some improvement be made in the manner of teaching in the Common Schools. Be it therefore resolved that pupil teachers be appointed for each school on the following terms: That pupil teachers shall be entitled to one hour's instruction in each teaching day, after the ordinary scholars are dismissed, and that male pupil teachers shall be entitled to £20 per annum, provided they hold third class certificates, and £5 extra to those who hold second class certificates. Female pupil teachers to receive £15 per annum. And Committee to be Messrs. Smith, Sawyer and the mover.

Mr. Coleman referred to the petition asking for the meetings to be held in the Town Hall, and asked that it be granted.

Mr. Sawyer said he signed the petition, but he did it on account of the report of the small-pox being in the vicinity of the Police Court. For his part, he would prefer to meet here than at the Town Hall.

No action was taken, and at half-past ten o'clock the Board adjourned.

—The ascertained gold yield of the Province of Nova Scotia up to the end of September, 1867, is stated in the *Mining Gazette*, published at Halifax, to be 118,435 oz., representing, in round numbers, a value of nearly two and-a-half million dollars.

—The Stanstead *Journal*, in speaking of the success of the cheese factory established there, advises farmers to engage more extensively in that branch of business. The Stanstead factory, though laboring under great disadvantages last year, paid a profit of 23¼ per cent. on the money invested.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

PARIS, Feb. 3.—The journals of this city generally deplore the tone and tendency of the debate in the Corps Legislatif on the Bill for the regulation of the press. They think that the opposition to the measure will cause its withdrawal by the Government, and fear that the final result will be the extinction of whatever liberty the press of the country may still possess.

VIENNA, Feb. 3.—Prince Joseph Colloredo Mansfield has been appointed President of the Upper House of the Reichsdath, and has also been placed at the head of the Supreme Court of Justice in Vienna.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—Despatches from Japan, *via* Hong Kong, have been received here, which announce that the ports of Hioga and Oska were at the beginning of the year thrown open to foreigners, in accordance with the convention made with the Commissioners of the Foreign Powers.

GIBRALTAR, Feb. 3.—The captain and two sailors of the crew of the schooner "Moses Waring," which foundered at sea, were rescued on the 18th ult. by the barque "Minnie Gordon" and brought to this port. They had been seven days without food, and to sustain life were obliged to resort to the flesh of the mate, who had died of exhaustion.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—The gale which passed over England on Saturday last was very destructive to life and property in this city and in Liverpool. Chimneys and signs were blown down and houses unroofed. Many people were struck by falling objects and seriously injured, and in some instances killed outright.

CADIZ, Feb. 2.—Reports have been received here from Morocco, which represent that a severe famine prevails in Tangiers and Tetuan.

American Despatches.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 3.—Great excitement was caused yesterday during the trial of the proprietors of the Avalanche, for contempt of court, by the appearance of a squad of soldiers, who reported to Judge Hunter, and were, by his orders, stationed about the court room. Several attorneys protested against the proceedings, and Mr. Macray left the court, saying he would never practice in it under such circumstances. The troops were subsequently withdrawn.

BOSTON, Feb. 3.—The United States steamship 'Wyoming,' arrived yesterday from Hong Kong and St. Thomas.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Col. M. N. Wisewell was nominated to supersede Commissioner Rollins upon the recommendation of several hundred business men.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 3.—A destructive fire occurred in Galveston, Texas, on Sunday.—Loss $60,000.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—The *Times'* Knoxville special says a destructive conflagration last night, consumed an entire block. Loss very heavy.

The *Times'* Washington special says it has been current here for a week or two past that the President had actually issued an order to General Grant, forbidding him to obey any orders from Secretary Stanton. This turns out true, and it is also true that Grant declined to obey, whereupon a spicy correspondence ensued, which lasted a couple of weeks, and covers, not only the matter named, but also the charges made by the President against General Grant, of duplicity on the War Office question. The resignation of Mr. Adams has been tendered, but Mr. Seward hopes to induce him to withdraw it.

NEW YORK, February 4.—The *Sun's* Washington special says that Gen. Grant called upon the President, a few days since, and alluded to some statements made apparently by his authority in two New York papers that there has been a breach of faith in his surrendering the war department to Stanton. The President disavowed both and all newspaper articles criticising him, and assured him of his most distinguished regard. Gen. Grant replied that he should take no notice of them, but when such aspersions were put in a shape that he could notice them, they would be properly attended to.

Secretary McCulloch sold last month $10,000,600 of 10 40 bonds. The low state of Internal revenue receipts rendered necessary the sale of bonds to meet the current expenses of Government.

Building 77, Beekman street, was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss $150,000.

The *Herald's* Washington special reiterates the assertion that the Government will make a firm demand for the settlement of the Alabama claims.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, February 4.—There was a very large Fenian meeting here last night. One hundred thousand men were tendered to the Government, in the event of war with Great Britain, by Gen. O'Neill, in the speech that he made.

—Mr. Kennedy, the Scotch vocalist, is now on a farewell tour through Canada, and was to sing at Chatham on his way east on the 27th ult.

—It costs upwards of two and a half millions a year to do the printing of Congress, and fifty-five thousand dollars to fold the documents distributed over the country.

—A resolution has been introduced into the Pennsylvania Legislature to facilitate applications for divorce. According to its terms, either party to the matrimonial union desiring to be free should be entitled to divorce.

—The Halifax *Reporter* says that the stocks of the various Marine and Fire Insurance Companies in that city have paid handsome dividends last year. All told, some $80,000 profits have been made.

—A notice posted in the Halifax Banks states that from the 20th inst., until further notice, the rate of interest charged on bills discounted will be seven per cent.

—General Cary, of Ohio, got great credit among the Democrats for a series of flippant questions put by him to his colleague, Mr. Bingham, in Congress a few days ago, but it is now discovered that he found them in a Cincinnati paper and appropriated them to his own use without credit.

—Bennehoff, the "poor old man" who was recently robbed at Oil Creek of a quarter of a million of dollars, is said to be worth $7,000,000 in cash, and has an income of over $1,000 a day. He hoards every dollar as parsimoniously as if he expected never to see another. Nobody sympathizes with him for his loss by robbery.

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, Feb. 4.

Commercial Bills buying at..... 98 to 99
" selling at..... 99½
Greenbacks, buying at..... 70
" selling at..... 71 to 71½
Bank of Upper Canada Bills..... 62
Silver, buying at..... 4½
" selling at..... 4
Gold opened at 141½; closed at 141½.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, February 4.

Cotton dull at 19c to 19¼c.

Flour dull; receipts 5,400 barrels; sales 4,900 bbls at $8 50 to $9 60 for superior state and western; $9 90 to $10 80 for common to choice extra State; $9 60 to $12 for common to choice extra western.

Rye flour quiet and steady at $7 50 to $9 25.

Wheat quiet; receipts 19,900 bushels; sales 7,200 bushels No 1 Spring in store at $2 50.

Rye quiet.

Corn opened firm and closed dull and declining; receipts 50,800 bushels; sales 38,000 bushels at $1 27 to $1 30 for new mixed western afloat.

Barley firmer; sales 9,000 bushels Western at $2 10, and 3,500 bush C W to arrive at $2 15.

Oats quiet; receipts 3,000 bush; sales at 94c for Western in store.

Pork quiet and firm at $21 50 to $21 62 for old mess; $22 50 to $22 62 for new do.

Lard firmer at 13½c to 14¾c; small lots at 13¾c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.

Stocks active and improving.
Sterling Exchange, 60 days, 109¾.
Gold 140¾.
Gold closed 140¾.

MONTREAL MARKETS

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.

MONTREAL, Feb. 4, 1867.
1 P. M.

FLOUR.—Superior Extra	$8 00	@	8 25
Extra	7 90	@	8 00
Fancy	7 60	@	7 75
Welland Canal Superfine	7 45	@	7 50
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat	7 40	@	7 60
" " 1 Western Wheat	7 45	@	7 50
" " 2 " "	7 00	@	7 20
Bag Flour	3 60	@	3 70
WHEAT.—Canada Fall	0 00	@	0 00
Spring	1 70	@	0 00
Western	0 00	@	0 00
OATS.—Per 32 lbs	0 46	@	0 47
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	0 00	@	1 00
BUTTER—Dairy	0 13	@	0 18
" Store Packed	0 13	@	0 18
ASHES—Pots	5 20	@	5 25
Pearls	5 75	@	5 80
PORK—Mess	19 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess	14 00	@	00 00
Prime	13 00	@	00 00
DRESSED HOGS	5 75	@	6 12½
PEAS	0 86	@	0 87
RYE FLOUR	5 90	@	6 00

Flour—small receipts; market firmer, with a fair local demand at a trifling advance.—Grain generally unchanged; no transactions noted. Provisions—Pork steady; Hogs—market quiet, but holders more firm; Butter neglected. Ashes—both sorts neglected and mostly nominal.

Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
February 3, 1868.

IMPORTS.—4 cars merchandise.
EXPORTS.—3 cars merchandise.

☞ Ticket Office for Great Western Railway, opposite the Market, Front-St. Tickets issued to Milwaukee, Chicago, New Orleans, Omaha City, Nebraska Territory, Fort Riley, Kansas, Cheyenne, Dacotah, Denvis Colorado, and all points West. Fare received either in Greenbacks or current funds.
217-1y R. P. DAVY, AGENT.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE COUGH AND LUNG REMEDY for every family is keep at hand.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM,

It sells everywhere, and gives satisfaction. Read the following extracts from letters:

I. P. BOWIE, Druggist, Uniontown, Penn., writes April 4, 1866: "Allen's Lung Balsam has performed some remarkable cures about here. I recommend it with confidence in all diseases of the throat and lungs."

STERLING BROS., Druggists, write from Carrollton, January 27, 1866: "Send us six dozen Allen's Lung Balsam. We are entirely out of it. It gives more general satisfaction than any other medicine we sell."

Sold by all Family Medicine dealers.
☞ Perry Davis & Son, Agents for the Dominion of Canada. 47-4w 2:3-4w

R. R. R. RADWAY'S PILLS.

Are the only Purgative, Alterative, and Cathartic Medicine that secures a vegetable substitute for mercury or calomel. They cure with astonishing rapidity Liver Complaints, Kidney Diseases, Irritation of the Bladder, Piles, Biliousness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Ladies' Complaints, and all diseases indicating the necessity of a purgative medicine.

AGED PEOPLE,

Subject to Costiveness, or paralysis of the bowels, are quickly cured by these Pills.

A gentleman, aged 80 years, who had not enjoyed a natural discharge from the bowels for nearly 40 years, and was always compelled to resort to injections, was relieved by one dose; and by taking 4 pills each night, or one month, was restored to sound health and regularity.

These Pills purify the blood, remove all obstructions from the bowels, liver, skin, spleen, bladder, &c., and purge out all corrupt and acrimonious humors. A few days' use of these pills will make the skin smooth, clear, pure and healthy. They increase the appetite and flesh.

DOSE.—For Regulating the Liver, Stomach, Bowels, and promoting Digestion, One Pill at Night. For Obstinate Diseases and Chronic Complaints, 4 to 6 every 24 hours.

Price, 25 cents per box. Sold by Druggists. Always ask for Dr. Radway's Pills.

See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1868.—R. R. R. sold by Druggists. 42-2w

—The death of Mr. James Law, head of the firm of Law, Young & Co., of Montreal, is announced.

—At a recent meeting of New York merchants, Gan. Hiram Wallbridge stated that $10,000,000 worth of produce is now locked up by frost in the Erie Canal.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS
INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, Feb. 4, 1868.

FALL WHEAT.—$1 60 to $1 65.
SPRING WHEAT.—$1 50 to $1 60.
BARLEY.—$90 to $95.
RYE.—firm at $1 00 to $1 05.
OATS.—60c to 65c.
PEAS.—demand only for local use at 95c to 100c.
BUCKWHEAT.—60c to 75c.
BEEF.—Dull at $5 00 $6
PORK.—$5 00 to $5 50. Heavy Pork $6 2b.
MUTTON.—8c to 8c per pound.
BUTTER.—18c to 20c.
EGGS.—18c to 20c.
HIDES.—$6.00 to $6.50.
SHEEPSKINS.—dull at 50c to 65c.
CALFSKINS.—8c ⅌ lb.
TALLOW.—Rough, 8c; rendered, 8c.
WOOL.—25c.
POTATOES.—50 to 60c.
APPLES.—$0 50c to $1 00.
HAY.—$10 to $15.
CHEESE.—10c.
OATS.—70c to 80c.
FLOUR.—No 1, $7 50 ⅌ bbl.
POTASH.—$4 50 to $4 75.

WANTED,

BED ROOM AND SITTING ROOM, plainly furnished.
Apply at this office
Belleville, Feb. 4, 1868. D235-3t

STOLEN,

FROM a Cutter standing at the door of the Stirling House, Stirling, on Saturday, the 18th January, 1868, a BUFFALO ROBE. Any person giving information that will lead to the conviction of the thief, will receive $15 reward on application to W. R. Parker, Stirling House.
Stirling, Feb. 3d, 1868. 234-3t

DR. OTWAY'S Third Lecture!

WILL be delivered in the MARBLE HALL on

Tuesday Evening, Feb. 4th.

SUBJECT:

Gold and Silver Ores,

ILLUSTRATED BY EXPERIMENTS.

Admission 12½ cents. Proceeds to be given to the Ladies Committee for the relief of the poor.

Doors open at half past seven. Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock, precisely.
February 1st, 1868. 133-2t

NOW READY,

THE

Queen's New Book,

Journal in the Highlands.

PRICE, $1.25.

E. HARRISON.

Belleville, Feb. 1, 1868. 233-tf

Notice of Partnership.

WE HAVE this day admitted William Jones, of Belleville, as partner into our firm.

A. S. PAGE & CO.
Belleville, Jan. 15, 1868. 218-1m

ARE YOU INSURED?

THE WESTERN, of Toronto, Fire and Marine Assurance Company, are prepared to effect risks in both branches, through their Agent, A. WEBSTER, on the most easonable terms.

☞ All claims promptly settled.
OFFICE—In Charters & Webster's Drug Store.
Belleville, June 21, 1867. 43D-19w1

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Messrs. WALLACE & FORDYCE as Photographers, in the Town of Belleville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

(Signed.) D. J. WALLACE.
ED. FORDYCE.
Belleville, December 4th, 1867.

THE undersigned having purchased Mr. Fordyce's interest in the Gallery, will hereafter conduct the business on his own account. His long experience and thorough knowledge of the business will enable him to satisfy all who give him a call.

ROOMS:—Over Graham and Grainger's Store.

ENTRANCE:—Two doors South of Holden's Drug Store.

D. J. WALLACE.
Belleville, Dec. 4th, 1867. 185-ThST

Partner Wanted,

WANTED, as equal partner in a light and profitable manufacturing business, a good responsible man, with some capital to invest.

For particulars enquire at 224, or at the office of S. B. Burdett, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Front St., Belleville.
Belleville, Jan. 27, 1868. 228-tf

HUFFMAN HOUSE,

MADOC, ONTARIO.

HUFFMAN & SON, Proprietors;
(LATE OF PETERBOROUGH.)

☞ Every attention paid to travellers. House and furniture entirely new. 145-tf 36ft

Business Cards,

AND all other kinds of Job Printing, executed with despatch, at the *Intelligencer* Office, Intelligencer Building, Front Street.

DIARIES, DIARIES, FOR 1868,

AT

J. C. OVERELL'S,

TURNBULL'S BLOCK,
180 FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

The X-Mas No. of the

ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS,

IS NOW READY.

ALSO,

BOUND NUMBERS OF

British Workman,
Band of Hope Review,
Children's Friend,
Infant's Magazine,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
LEISURE HOUR, SUNDAY AT HOME, &c., &c.,

AT

J. C. OVERELL'S,

OPPOSITE THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
FRONT STREET,
BELLEVILLE.
January 4, 1868. 209

Horses, Carriages, &c., FOR SALE.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS TAKEN AT PAR.

Apply to
H. PRETTY,
Opposite the Market.
Belleville, Oct. 22, 1867. 147-tf

A SPLENDID

ASSORTMENT OF

FLANNELS,

GENT'S

FURNISHING GOODS,

&c., &c.,

JUST RECEIVED,

AT

J. MUIR & CO.'S.

REMOVAL.

N. MANN begs to notify the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to the Dafoe House Building, where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many more, who will favor him with their patronage.
Belleville, Dec. 27, 1867.

BOARDING.

MRS. McKENZIE can accommodate a few permanent boarders; also, some daily boarders.
RESIDENCE—Pinnacle Street, opposite the market.
Belleville, Nov. 18, 1867 170-tf

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THIS BANK is prepared to issue drafts, receive deposits, and grant interest receipts at the office of the Commercial Bank in Belleville.

MR. THOMSON will be happy to see his old friends.
Belleville, Jany. 23, 1868. 225-tf

THE CHURCH UNION

IS THE

Largest Religious Paper in the World.

IT advocates the Unity of the Church of Christ, opposes Ritualism, close communion, apostolic succession, church caste, exclusiveness, and sectarian bigotry. It will sustain equal rights and suffrage for every man and woman of whatsoever nationality, all ideas of progress and social advancement. It will have a Department for Home and Family Reading, for general intelligence from every portion of the Church and world, a department of religious tales, and for cultivating the imagination, another for the young, a review of the pulpit, the press, of passing events, of books, music and literature, a department for the farmer and for science.

It is the organ of no sect, but will aim to represent every branch of the Church of Christ, as well as every society organized for the purpose of evangelizing the world.

It is Trinitarian in creed, but favors free discussion of all subjects not already settled by the universal consent of the Church of all ages. It will oppose Ritualism and Infidelity, and advocate a free pulpit for Christ's Ministers and a free communion table for all the Lord's people.

It will favor universal suffrage and equal rights to every man and woman of whatsoever nationality, and will oppose all human interests contrived by men for the enslavement of the consciences of men.

It will publish a sermon by Rev. Henry Ward Beecher every Monday at 12 o'clock. The CHURCH UNION is the only paper now that publishes Mr. Beecher's sermons every week. This sermon is not copyrighted, nor does it come under the eye of Mr. Beecher before publication, and will be a faithful report of the sayings of the Great Preacher of Freedom. Writers and Editors of every branch of the Church are engaged on this paper.

TERMS.—$2 50; $1 00 to agents for every subscriber.

The usual premiums of sewing machines, etc., will be offered. For sale by the American News Company.

Address, C. ALBERTSON, Supt.,
9 Beekman Street, N. Y.

Limes and Glycerine,

The best Hair Dresser before the public.

Limes and Glycerine,

The best preparation known for Dandruff.

Limes and Glycerine,

Allays all irritation of the Scalp.

Limes and Glycerine,

All who have used it pronounce it superior to any preparation for the Hair.

Limes and Glycerine,

Is to be found on almost every toilet table.

Limes and Glycerine,

Far superior to pure Glycerine for chapped hands, &c.

Prepared only at
APOTHECARIES HALL,
1d1y Front St., Belleville.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

Ladies Work Boxes.
" Writing Desks.
" Dressing Cases.
Photograph Albums.
Fancy Wool Goods.
Ladies Bonnets.

A fine assortment of

Dress Goods!

and the

Latest Styles in Cloth

FOR LADIES JACKETS.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.
Dec. 19, 1867. 1D-1y

GRAHAM FLOUR,

OATMEAL, SPLIT PEAS, BEANS, &c.

—ALSO,—

WHITEFISH AND HERRINGS

IN BARRELS & HALF BARRELS,

At the "Corner Store,"
Front and Bridge Streets.

A. FLETCHER & Co.
January 15, 1868. 7-1y,w48-3t

HOOP SKIRTS,

LATEST STYLES.

G. C. Holton & Co.

J. & W. Sutherland

WOULD respectfully solicit an inspection of their new stock of

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS,

Which will be found complete in the following specialities:

FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FRENCH MERINOS—2s. 6d. and upwards
FRENCH LAMAS & THIBETS.
FRENCH DELAINES.
SCOTCH TWEEDS.
" ALL WOOL HOSIERY.
CANADIAN " "
" FLANNELS.
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.
DUNDAS COTTONS AND BAGS,
AMERICAN YARN.

J. & W. SUTHERLAND.
Belleville, October, 1867. 1p6m

NEW MUSIC

AT

F. VANNORMAN'S.

La Crosse Galop and Quadrille!

and a lot of

CHOICE NEW PIECES.
Belleville, Jan. 15, 1867.

GEORGE ROCHE,

HATTER & FURRIER,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now prepared to take orders for

ALL KINDS of FURS.

Having procured the services of a first-class Cutter from Paris, particular attention paid to repairing.

☞ All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.

Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs.
October 14. 1D-6m

F. HACKETT

HAS RECEIVED A

CHOICE ASSORTMENT

OF

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS

Belleville, Oct. 1, 1867. 1D-6m

COSGRAVE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

East India Pale Ale.

JUST RECEIVED,

50 Hhds,

150 Barrels and half Barrels.

FOR SALE ONLY BY
WESLEY BULLEN.
Belleville, Nov. 26, 1867. 177-tf

GRAND DISCOUNT SALES

OF

DRY GOODS,

AT

P. D. CONGER'S.



HURRAH FOR

THE DOMINION.

R. H. JONES

BEGS leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened a new WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Grocery and Liquor Store,

in the premises lately occupied by Messrs. O'Brien & Henchy, where he will keep on hand a select and varied assortment of

General Groceries,

AND LIQUORS,

For family use and medicinal purposes.

TEAS.

YOUNG AND OLD HYSONS,
GUNPOWDER, TWANKAY,
IMPERIAL, JAPAN,
SOUCHONG,
CONGOU, &c., &c.

COFFEES.

THE BEST IN TOWN, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.

He would especially call the attention of families to his stock of

WINES, SPIRITS & LIQUORS.

Brandies, Ports, Sherries.

Irish, Scotch & Morton's Whiskeys.

Old Tom & Holland Gins,

IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.

Together with a large assortment of

CHAMPAGNE,

of the most popular brands,

LIQUEURS & CORDIALS, &c.

In addition to these there will be found a splendid stock of

LAMP GOODS & TRIMMINGS.

☞ Goods sent promptly to customers in any part of the town.
Belleville, Dec. 9, 1867. 188 48-tf

Mr. Bernal Osborne says that Theodore's letter to Queen Victoria will cost England five millions postage.

A girl and a boy in New York, 13 or 14 years of age, attempted to murder a little boy, with a brickbat and shovel, at the instigation of a brutal mother. All the parties are under arrest.

THE SKATING MANIA.—A Bohemian girl, aged seventeen years, has just won a wager of $150, by skating thirty consecutive hours, at Detroit, resting but one minute in each hour, and consuming numerous cups of chocolate while on the wing. She was not much the worse of the wear when time was called, and of course was immensely popular.

During the year 1867, the number of persons killed by horses or carriages in the streets of London was 164, a number very much smaller than in either of the two years immediately preceding. It is found to be a sufficiently accurate rule that the number killed is about one-tenth of the whole number injured. Probably the injuries from this cause are more numerous than those by railway accidents in all England.

Private letters received from Chicago state that Mrs. Lincoln is insane beyond all doubt. She recently sold all the furniture in her house, and had two old men as body guard, believing that she will be robbed and murdered. Her mania is selling things and a dread lest she come to want. All her friends are said to be conscious of her mental condition, but think, so long as she is harmless, her removal to a lunatic asylum would increase her derangement.

The Cork *Reporter* (Liberal Roman Catholic journal), at the close of an article reasoning with the Fenians on the folly of their enterprise, shows that the risks from "informers" attendant on conspiracy in Ireland are unusually great, while the particular character of the Fenian conspiracy is such as to raise them to their maximum point. "A brass farthing in hand would be better than the certainty of a thousand dollars to be obtained on the occurrence of such a contingency as the dismemberment of the empire."

Says the *Pall Mall Gazette*: The interest aroused by the *Quarterly* article 'Talmud,' now in the seventh edition, seems to spread beyond the domain of English literature. A Danish translation is in our hands, and we further learn that an Icelandic one is in preparation, in addition to those already mentioned. The American papers are, of course, full of the subject, quoting largely, some almost reprinting the essay bodily. At home criticisms, or rather expositions, continue to appear. We cannot better express our sense of the writer's duty to the public than by quoting from one of these articles—that in the current number of the *Contemporary Review*:—"The world has now a right to expect from the author a fuller description of the wondrous realms he has journeyed through in order to produce this essay."

American Watches.

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its use Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is, indeed, little else than a machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course, there must be no defect in the principle of plan or the movement, no mistake in the sizes or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their proportions, and no error in their positions. These points are thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the reduplication of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough subdivision.

By means of multiplying guages and microscopes, tests and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools, and for faults and flaws in steel or stone, are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a finished machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home.—Instead of sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the lightest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear ringing sound always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a time keeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The Company claim that by it they produce Watches that cannot be equalled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan, and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of Watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes to suit all tastes and means; but every Watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM" is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

☞ EVERY WATCH FULLY WARRANTED.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
No. 182, Broadway, N.Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
TORONTO and MONTREAL,
General Agents.

Toronto, Nov. 4, 1867. 168-3m 40-3m

Great Bargains at
Wilson & Robertson's

THE following lines are now offered to the public:—

30 ps. all Wool Tweeds, 5s. for 3s 9d per yd.
25 " " " 5s 6d for 4s 6d "
40 " " " 5s 9d for 5s "

A large Assortment of Wool Shawls

A few ps. ALL WOOL Carpets,
AND A VARIETY OF OTHER GOODS.

In order to reduce our Stock, we offer these goods very much cheaper than they will be found elsewhere.

WILSON & ROBERTSON

HURRAH FOR
BARNUM'S
LINE OF STAGES
For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half-past 8 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12, noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 2 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

S. BARNUM,
Proprietor.

JOHN TANGNEY, Agent, Belleville.
S. GUSTIN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1867. D68

CANADA WEST
FARMERS' MUTUAL
AND
Stock Insurance Company.

THE Annual general meeting of the Members of "The Canada West Farmers' Mutual and Stock Insurance Company," will be held (pursuant to resolution adopted at the last annual meeting), on Thursday, the 6th of February next, for the purpose of receiving the Annual Report, and of electing four Directors to serve in place of the late Jacob Binkley, deceased, H. J. Lawry, who retires, and William Burrell and Thomas Stock, whose term of office expires, but who are eligible for re-election.

RICHARD P. STREET,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Hamilton, January 2d, 1868. 210 5w

Store-keepers!
Farmers!
And Others!

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM THE IMPORTERS DIRECT.

The Montreal Tea Company,
6 Hospital Street, Montreal,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to different parts of the country—and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOTEL, QUEBEC, January 7, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices sound. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

HOUSE OF SENATE, OTTAWA, Dec. 16, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

M. SKINNER.

QUEBEC, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of 30 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 55 cents was of excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for.

Yours respectfully, D. ANDERSON,

TORONTO, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The two chests of Tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton, one chest Fine Flavoured New Seasons Congou, at same price, viz.: at 55 cents per lb. Yours, &c.,

JAMES EDGAR.

BELCOURT, December 23, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend at Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz.: at 75 cents per lb. Address as before.

Your obedient servant, JOHN T. DAY.

COBOURG, January 8, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box of 30 lbs. at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the "Medical Journal" have frequently declared that one half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from injurious substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15, and 12 lbs. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do. 55c., 60c., and 65c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 70c.; Second Oolong, 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60c.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan, 45c., 50c., 55c.; Very Fine, 60c.; Finest, 65c., 75c.; Scented Orange Pekoe, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankey Common, 38c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c., 60c., and 65c.; Fine do., 75c.; Very Fine, 85c.; Superfine and very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c.; Extra Superfine do., $1.

All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality, and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three young people together could divide. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c. to 70c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail, (postal note money, or the money can be collected on delivery by expressman, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.
6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of five chests and upwards.

All Boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
MOIRA GOLD MINING COMPANY,

Capital Stock, $100,000. Divided into 10,000 Shares.

WORKING CAPITAL, $15,000.

HORACE YEOMANS, Esq., PRESIDENT. ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., TREASURER.
B. S. GILBERT, Esq., SECRETARY. J. G. SHURTZ, Esq., SUPERINTENDENT.

MERCHANTS' BANK, BANKERS. DEAN & GILBERT, SOLICITORS.

DIRECTORS:

HORACE YEOMANS, of Flint & Yeomans, Belleville.
ANDREW THOMSON, Banker, Belleville.
W. W. DEAN, Master in Chancery, Belleville.
JOHN G. SHURTZ, Superintendent.
JAMES LISTER, M.D., Belleville.
JAMES W. CARMAN, American Consul, Belleville.
BARTON S. GILBERT, of Dean & Gilbert, Barristers, Belleville.

THIS COMPANY is duly Incorporated under Cap. 23, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the purpose of working the mineral veins upon *sixteen* acres of Lot No. 19, in the fifth concession of Madoc, (the Richardson Mine being No. 18 in the same concession.)

A shaft has been sunk to the depth of nine feet in the rock. At six feet a gold-bearing lode was struck, of 18 inches in width, which at nine feet increased to 2½ feet, and a crushing at Gilbert & Turley's mill of four and one-half tons of the rock, gave a yield of over fifty-six dollars in gold; the lode is clearly defined, and evidently extends the whole length of the property—52 rods.

The territory is admirably situated for mining purposes, being a high ridge covered with indications of mineral veins. There are numerous places on the land fully as promising as the one on which the shaft has been sunk, and which would unquestionably yield as well. The large quantity of land, and the prospects of other gold-bearing veins, make it certain that the Company will be able to subdivide the property as soon as a little further development has been made, and form other Companies at great advantage.

Work is being vigorously prosecuted in the shaft, under the superintendence of JOHN G. SHURTZ, Esq., one of the Directors, who is largely interested in the proprietary of the mine, and who has had thirteen years' practical experience in the gold mines of California and Nevada, and is unquestionably the most accomplished quartz miner now in this country.

It is intended to have a further crushing in a few days, and negotiations are in progress which, if carried out, will secure a mill to the Company at once, so that regular work will be gone on with without delay, and dividends may, in that case, be expected in a short time.

Belleville, Jan. 27th, 1868. 228d-tf

India and China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or $1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb. Finest procurable, $1.00.
Protected by Trade Mark.

☞ Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.
August 16th, 1867. D90-1y w27-1y

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO.
OF CANADA.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
INCORPORATED 1849.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., President, LEWIS MOFFATT, Esq., Vice-President.

HON. MALCOLM CAMERON,	A. T. FULTON, Esq.,	W. J. McDONELL, Esq.
C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq.,	H. S. HOWLAND, Esq.	J. McGILLES, Esq.,
GEORGE CHAFFEY, Esq.,	A. R. McMASTER, Esq.	A. M. SMITH, Esq.

SOLICITORS:—MESSRS. DUGGAN & BURNS.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on every description of property.

MARINE INSURANCES—Inland and to the Lower Ports, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the West Indies, and by steam vessels to Europe.

Rates as moderate as any other respectable Insurance Company.

F. McANNANY, Esq., Agent, Belleville.
JAS. SIDNEY CROCKER, Manager.
November 12, 1867. 39w6m-165d6m

BELLEVILLE
AGRICULTURAL WORKS
AND
IRON FOUNDRY
WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Threshing Machines,
STRAW CUTTERS,
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,
Iron and Steel Ploughs,
Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-tf

American Invoices--Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
QUEBEC, 6th March, 1863.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the *Canada Gazette*.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, June 8, 1867.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 28 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
3D1t-tf Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL!

THE "DAILY NEWS,"
$5 00 per Annum, in advance.

JOHN LOVELL,
68 Printer and Publisher.

BLANKS of every description for sale at *The Intelligencer* office.

BRITISH PERIODICALS,

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review (Whig).
The Westminster Review (Liberal).
The North British Review (Free Church.)
AND
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory.)

THESE periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stands unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews, - - $4.00 per annum.
For any two of the Reviews, - - 7.00 "
For any three of the Reviews, - - 10.00 "
For all four of the Reviews, - - 12.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine, - - 4.00 "
For Blackwood and one Review, - 7.00 "
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews, - - 10.00 "
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews, - - 12.00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews, 15.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of *twenty per cent.*, will be allowed to Clubs of four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to *one address* for $12.80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $48.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is 24 cents per number. The rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums for New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, gratis, any one of the *Four Reviews* for 1867. New Subscribers to all five of the periodicals for 1868 may receive, gratis, Blackwood for any two of the *Four Reviews* for 1867.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1.50 a year for each or any Review; also, Blackwood for 1866 and 1867, for $2.50 a year, or the two years together for $4.00.

☞ Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to Clubs, nor reduced prices for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted *direct to the Publishers.*

No premiums can be given to Clubs.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING Co.,
140 Fulton St., N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE,

by HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1600 pages, and numerous Engravings.

Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid.

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the *AMERICAN (WALTHAM) WATCH* have given it such a wide world celebrity, that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and printed its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found, who fortively trade upon the popularity of the American Watch, by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article. It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American Watches—except the lowest grade, marked Home Watch Co.—*are guaranteed, by special certificate*, bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, E. E. ROBBINS.

The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine Watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH Co.

APPLETON, TRACY & Co.

WALTHAM WATCH Co.

P. S. BARTLETT.

WM. ELLERY.

HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the General Superintendent,
Altoona Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

GENTLEMEN.—The watches manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years by our engineers, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying your watches are less troubled and have worn and do wear much longer without repair than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we trusted to them for English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't, Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that Waltham watches are the most satisfactory of any for their uses. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have never known one to wear out, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer.
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto & Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS.

Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-3m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every afternoon (Sundays excepted) and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of $5 a year if paid in advance, $6 otherwise. Mail subscribers $5 a year. $2 50 for 6 months; $1 50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgewater, Marmora and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the **Gold Regions**, and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., &c., and in short, neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months	$ 5 00
Half Square, 6 months,	$10 00
One Square, 6 months,	$20 00
Two Squares, 6 months,	$30 00
Four Squares, 6 months,	$50 00
Notices of Births,	50
Do of Marriages,	50
Do of Deaths,	50

"BUSINESS NOTICES"—All matter under this heading, leaded or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of solid minion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements every two weeks.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion, and 3 cents for each additional insertion.

The Weekly Intelligencer

Is published every Friday Morning at $2 per annum if called for at the office or sent by mail; and $2½ if delivered by the Carrier, payable in all cases in advance. When not paid until the close of the year, 50 cents will be added to each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, and the number now on our subscription list is more than 1,400. With such a large and general circulation throughout this and adjoining Counties, the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed advantages to advertisers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Six lines and under, first insertion.....0 50
Each subsequent insertion.....0 12½
Above six lines (per line) first insertion 0 07
Each subsequent insertion per line.....0 03

☞ "BUSINESS NOTICES"—10 cents per line each insertion, measured as solid minion.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to insure their appearance.

All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

The Intelligencer Job Office

Is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the country.

The DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER can be had at the Book Stores in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at Eldorado.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

M. BOWELL,
INTELLIGENCER BUILDING, *Publisher*
Front street, Belleville.

Daily Intelligencer.

Let there be Harmony in things Essential—Liberality in things not Essential—Charity in all.

Vol. 1. BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, WEDNESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 5, 1868. No. 236.

Montreal Business Directory.

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal.

DEPARTMENTS.

Brocch Braids,	Knitted Woolens,
Brushes and Combs,	Laces,
Buttons,	Ladies Collars and Sets,
Corsets,	Straw Goods,
Elastics,	Small Wares in great
Felt Hats,	variety,
Gent's Collars and Ties,	Threads,
Hosiery and Gloves,	Trimmings & Ornaments
Velvet Ribbons, &c.	Umbrellas.

HOOP SKIRTS,—our own Manufacture. 156-6m

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware Manufacturers,
MONTREAL.
KILN PLATES
AND
CASTINGS for BREWERIES.
Any parties about putting up new kilns for
MALT OR OATMEAL
will do well to correspond with the above.
156-6m.

BURROWS & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobaccos, &c., &c.
416 St. Paul St., Montreal.
☞Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 156-6m

PEAVEY & MARCH,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions,
And everything usually sold in a first class Grocery.
No. 344 Notre Dame Street, a few doors West St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.
☞Every article warranted to be as represented or may be returned. Goods sent to any part of the City Free of Charge. 156-6m

HUNTER, DUFFY & JOHNSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
99 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 156-6m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, Proprietor.
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-8m

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
St. Paul Street, Montreal.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, Collins Wharf, Halifax.
Premises—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.
Advances—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 38D-6m-W6m

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
378 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.
MAPS, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, Bills of Lading, Blank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards, in any number of colors, Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 27D6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS,
&c., &c., &c.,
25 Hospital St., - - - MONTREAL,
OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and
ON AS GOOD TERMS
as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.
J. C. FRANCK & Co.
July 27, 1867. 74d.

QUEEN
INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL, - - - - $10,000,000.
FIRE and LIFE.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.
THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers.—One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to **Ten per Cent.** of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policyholders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management
Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.
The next division of profits takes place in 1868, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.
M. BOWELL,
Dr. CANNIFF, *Medical Referee* } *Agents.*
Intelligencer Office.
May, 1867. 4D-6m.

Montreal Business Directory.

Frothingham & Workman,
MONTREAL,
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.
Warehouse and Offices 295 to 299, St. Paul St.
Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c.
May 1st. 1d-6m

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M. D.,
Consulting and Analytical Chemist,
630 Lagauchetiere Street, Montreal.
☞At home for consultation before 10 A. M., between 2 and 3, and after 6 P. M.
Fees for Analysis,—$5 a metal, payable in advance.
156-6m

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
303 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
☞Every description of Jewelry manufactured from Gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 28b6m

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant.
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Agent for Walter Evans & Co.: Sewing and Knitting Cottons, Derby; and J. M. Perry & Co.'s Gray's Patent Linen Fibre Collars, Nottingham, England.
1D-6m

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER.
OFFICE: Corner of St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.
References—Robertson & Beattie, Robert Esdaile, Esq., Jas Terrance, Esq. 31D3m

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT
And Commission Merchants,
43 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street.
MONTREAL. 1D-6m

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant,
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods. 1D-6m

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 329 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 28b6m

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.
THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.
E. MUIR,
Chemist and Druggist,
28b6m Place D'Armes, Montreal.

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McCUAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
Office.—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and St. Common Street, Canal Wharf.
MONTREAL.
☞Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and oil or Produce, and purchase of Merchandise. 28d3m

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
109 Grey Nuns Street, Montreal,
HAVE FOR SALE—

Boiler Tubes,	Drain Pipes,
Gas Tubes,	Roman Cement,
Horse Nails,	Water Lime,
Paints and Putty,	Portland Cement,
Fire Bricks,	Paving Tiles,
Fire Clay,	Garden Vases,
Flue Covers.	Chimney Tops, &c.

☞Manufacturers of AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR, and BEDSPRINGS. 24D6m

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.
LIBERAL advances made on consignments to ourselves, or for shipment to our friends in Great Britain and the Lower Port.
May 31st, 1867. 27D6m

A. ROBERTSON & Co.,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Mantles, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosier, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Clothes, Canadian Woollens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons, Prints, Muslin de Laines Goods, Muslins.
478 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St.,
MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro', C. W. 1D-6m

Important to Miners and MINING MEN.
JOHNS' Patent Water-Proof Safety Fuse for Wet Ground and Submarine Blasting, is much cheaper than any other, and pronounced by Mining men much better than any imported.
Testimonials received from men well known in the mining and quarrying business of Canada and the United States; from Messrs. Morrill & Colby, Bennets, Wiswell Macfarland, Adams, Watson, Griffith, Wearn, and others.
☞All orders promptly attended to.
Address JOHNS & Co.,
150-3m Sherbrooke, Q.

TERRAPIN RESTAURANT
CHARLES PAPINEAU,
BEGS to inform the public that he has opened the Terrapin Restaurant, in Coleman's Building, next door to Dr. Coleman's Drug Store, and he has fitted it up in first class style, with every convenience. He will keep constantly on hand the best Ale and Porter, and the purest brands of Liquors.
☞Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c., always on hand.
Belleville, Oct. 16, 1867. 142-tf

CONGER BROS.
FEELING thankful for the very liberal patronage given them for the past year, beg to remind their customers and the public that having thoroughly
REFITTED THEIR STORE!
are now opening a well assorted stock of FRESH TEAS, SUGARS, SPICES, CURRANTS, RAISINS, FIGS, &c.
Special attention is called to their fine assortment of
Jams, Jellies, Canned and Bottled FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.
R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER
Nov. 13th, 1867. 1D1y



MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the
Canadian & United States Mails.
1867—Summer Arrangements.—1867.
Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.
Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.
This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undernoted First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double-Engine Iron Steamships:—

AUSTRIAN,	2700 Tons.	Capt. Aiton.
NESTORIAN,	2700 "	Lt. Dutton, R.N.R.
MORAVIAN,	2650 "	Capt. Wylie.
PERUVIAN,	2600 "	Capt. Ballantine.
HIBERNIAN,	2434 "	Capt. Brown.
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	2300 "	Capt. Allan.
NORTH-AMERICAN,	1734 "	Capt. Kerr.
BELGIAN,	2434 "	Capt. Grange.
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Garibaldi on the Papacy.

A FURIOUS BLAST FROM A DISAPPOINTED MAN.

General Garibaldi has addressed the following letter to a friend near London:

Caprera, Jan. 3, 1868.

The Ottoman domination is less hurtful to Greece than the Papal to Italy. The Turks oppress the Greeks with every kind of barbarity; appropriate to themselves the produce of their vintage; humiliate them by all sorts of servitude; prostitute their women! their children! But the Turks do not deceive their slaves, nor can incorporate them with their stock, nor assimilate them to the turpitude of their rulers; they do not, like the priests, prostitute their understanding. The terrible yataghan descends upon the skull of the miserable Greek through lust of violence, of cupidity, of lasciviousness, of barbarity. And the slaves repay the atrocities of their masters with hatred the most intense. The Greek sees in the Turk a horrible tyrant, a monster, a demon, hell itself. His hatred, nourished and transmitted from generation to generation, maintains, propogates, increases itself. It has become even a sort of worship in the breast of the poor servant; and sooner or later this hatred will free the unhappy country of Leonidas. The Greeks are cast down but not converted. They fortify themselves by the very abjectness of their slavery, and preserve those limits which only death can pass between themselves and their oppressors. The masters of the Romans, the priests, have committed the same rascalities upon their slaves, and, there can be no doubt, in a manner even more atrocious, substituting for the yataghan the torture and the flame. They are guilty of the same licentiousness, the same prostitution; they possess themselves of the substance of their slaves, not only by violence, as do the Turks, but by cunning and deceit—by sacrilege!—even associating with the deeds of their own lusts the most holy name of the Divinity, debasing it in every manner! Thus they convert their servants to their own creed; they make their sons priests, after having perverted their minds; and, in fine, debase the greatest of the nations to the lowest rank of the human family!—a transformation which the priests alone could effect! Those who, remembering the greatness of Rome, aspire to cast off the infamous yoke, are incarcerated, proscribed, burnt! In Rome, then, can only live liars, tyrants, and slaves; and therefore, I say to myself, the Roman people not doing its duty, who can hope from it that insurrection which will free humanity from its scourge? The Romans are in exile, in prison, or shamefully perverted! I conclude that the Ottoman domination inflicts less injury upon Greece than the priestly upon Italy, and that the Greek has been able to preserve more of human dignity under Islamism than the Roman under Popery. Both being tyrants and imposters, the worst is the Jesuit.

G. Garibaldi.

Literary Activity of the Year.—During the past year there have appeared 4,144 new books and new editions, which may be thus classified: Religious books and pamphlets, 849; minor works of fiction and children's books, 535; novels, 419; annuals and serials (volumes only), 257; travels, topography, 212; English philology and education, 210; European and classical theology and translations, 196; historical and biographical, 193; politics and questions of the day, 143; poetry and the drama, 150; science, natural history, &c., 133; medical and surgical, 121; law, 101; trade and commerce, 63; agriculture, horticulture, &c., 62; illustrated works (Christmas books), 62; art, architecture, &c., 53; naval, military, and engineering, 42; miscellaneous, not classified, 353; total, 4,144. Last year the total was 4,204.
—*The Bookseller.*

The *London Grocer* of the 11th January, on the late changes in the Canadian Tariff remarks: It will be seen from the figures that, on the higher grades of Sugar, the duty is much higher in Canada, and on the inferior, which are used entirely for refining, they are lower. The effect of this is to prevent the direct importation of the higher grades of sugar altogether, and to interfere very seriously with the foreign trade of the Province. The refiners in Montreal have *thus an enormous and most undue protection* over the English or Continental refiners. They have not only the higher duty on refined sugar, but they have added to it the lower duty on the raw material which they use, the whole amounting in some cases to seventy-five cents on the 100 lbs., and, in addition to this, they have an indirect protection to the extent of the ocean freight and insurance, and the difference of exchange. *There is no good reason why the great body of the consumers should be taxed for the benefit* of the Montreal establishments, a branch of trade which, in the very nature of things, can hardly become a general branch of manufacture in the country.

—In the Georgia Convention a proposition was made to ask Congress to loan the destitute planters in the South $30,000,000, to be secured by mortgages.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West,	7.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West,	8.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going West,	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train,	6.30 P. M.
Noon Express going East,	12.08 P. M.
Night Express going East,	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East,	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train,	9.30 P. M.
Montreal Time	

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 5.

THE PRIVY COUNCIL.—An Ottawa despatch says there is no foundation for the rumor of dissensions in the Cabinet.

L. O. L. No. 242, SHANNONVILLE.—The following are the officers elected for the current year: Matthew Hill, Worshipful Master; Jas. Geddes, Deputy Master; John Pegan, Treasurer; A. B. Randall, Secretary; Committeemen: Alexander Bolton, James Vancott, Wm. Roblin, Wm. R. Lazier and James Little.

ORANGE DISTRICT No. 4, SOUTH HASTINGS.—The following are the names of the officers appointed for this District for the ensuing year: George Shearman, District Master; Jno. Robertson, Deputy Master; Treasurer, Wm. Garrett; Secretary, A. B. Randall; Chaplain, Rev. G. A. Anderson; Director of Ceremonies, Wellington Esmond.

DEATH OF THE COMMISSIONER OF EMIGRATION.—The Montreal *Gazette* records the death of MR. A. C. Buchanan, Chief Commissioner of Emigration, which took place at Quebec, on Sunday morning. Mr. Buchanan was an exceedingly diligent, painstaking officer, and a man of great and varied information, one of the ablest officials in fact in the civil service of the Dominion.

SUICIDE.—The Kingston papers record a melancholy death by suicide in Williamsville, near that city, on Monday. Mr. Geo. Carr, who was a member of the Wesleyan Methodist Church, and highly respected, committed suicide on Monday morning by cutting his throat. The Coroner's Jury returned a verdict to the effect that the act was committed while he was in a state of temporary insanity.

THE TARIFF.—Mr. Johnson, Assistant Commissioner of Customs, has prepared a comparative statement between the Nova Scotia tariff of 1866 and the Dominion tariff, showing that the increase in revenue by the latter will be about $50,000. In a report accompanying the statement, Mr. Johnson shows that Nova Scotia would have had to provide $300,000 additional for interest on its railway debt.

DEATH OF A CANADIAN AT PANAMA.—The Panama *Star*—a little paper published at that place, in the Spanish and English languages, and edited for several years by a Canadian once prominently connected with the Papineau rebellion, named Dr. Shellar, formerly of Quebec—reports the death of John L. McNider, of Canada, aged 23, by a malignant fever at Panama, on the 30th Dec. last. The *Star* does not state the locality in Canada from which he emigrated, but says he came to the Isthmus first about two years ago, and gained for himself the perfect satisfaction of his employers by the correctness of his behaviour and his excellent qualifications for business.

The Legislature Yesterday.

Mr. Coyne introduced a bill respecting the Division Courts. There was nothing in the measure itself doing injustice to clerks or bailiffs; and he asked the consideration of the Attorney-General and the House to the measure. He did not wish to press its being passed this session, but it had the sanction of the County Court Judges, and therefore he thought ought to be considered. It had also been presented to the judges of the Superior Court, and had their assent, and he thought it was now time the matter should be legislated on. He thought the time was come when justice ought to be brought home to the door of every poor man. Some of the principles he had embodied in the measure did not at all affect the amount that could be sued for to more than $100. But he gave full jurisdiction to the Division Courts to deal with all matters to that amount. He explained other provisions he meant to make—that the judges of the Division Court should be authorized to take evidence by commission where witnesses were out of the country; also, that there should be a right of appeal and a court established for that purpose; and that this should consist of three County Court judges who should constitute the court of appeal from adjoining counties. He desired by this bill to lessen expense, and to facilitate the carrying out the ends of justice.

After some discussion the second reading was ordered for Friday next.

Mr. Macdonald read a telegram from the Lieutenant-Governor of Nova Scotia to the following effect: I have this day drawn for $5,000 to be placed to the general fund for the relief of the distressed fishermen. Pray convey my grateful acknowledgments to the House of Assembly for their prompt and kind action in this matter.

HASTINGS DOYLE.

The third reading of the bill granting free grants was moved by Mr. Richards, and passed. Quarries, beds of stone, gypsum, and timber, except pine trees, being left out of the exceptions in the tenth clause of the act.

The Common Law Procedure Bill was read a second time and referred to a special committee.

A somewhat lengthy discussion took place on the bill interpreting the Statutes, without coming to any decision.

The Game Law.

The Act for the better protection of game in Ontario, which passed its third reading on Monday, makes some important changes in the old law, and as it is one of great importance we give a synopsis of its provisions. It may be said that the Committee who had charge of the Bill corresponded with leading sportsmen throughout the Province, and had their opinions before framing the Act. There is no question but there was a necessity for a change in the law, and the present Bill is looked upon as a great improvement on former enactments. The present law enacts that between the first day of December, and the first of September in any year, it shall not be lawful to hunt, kill, or take any Deer, or Fawn, Elk, Moose, or Cariboo.

No Wild Turkey, Grouse, Pheasant, Patridge, or Hare, shall be hunted, taken or killed, between the first day of January and the first day of September.

No Quail shall be taken or killed between the first day of January and the first day of October.

No Woodcock or Snipe shall be taken or killed between the first day of March and the first day of September.

No Wild Swan, Goose, or any description of wild Duck, shall be hunted, taken or killed, between the first day of March and the first day of September.

No Wild Turkey, Grouse, Pheasant, Patridge, Quail, Woodcock, Snipe, Hare, or any description of Wild Duck, shall be trapped or taken by means of traps, nets snares, springs, or other means of taking such birds or Hares, other than by shooting, at any time whatever: nor shall any trap, net, or snare, be made, erected, or set, either wholly or in part, for the purpose of such trapping or taking.

It shall not be lawful for any person or persons to use batteries or sunken punts in the hunting, taking, or killing of any Wild Swan, Goose, or any kind of Duck whatever.

No Deer, or Fawn, Elk, Moose or Cariboo shall be trapped or taken by means of snares at any time whatever, nor shall any traps be set or erected for the purpose of such trapping or taking.

No person or persons shall have in their possession any of the animals or their hides, or any of the birds hereinbefore mentioned, within the period above respectively prohibited, without lawful excuse, the proof whereof to be on the party charged: nor shall any sale of any of the Game mentioned in this Act take place later than within fourteen days from the termination of the several periods hereinbefore respectively fixed for the killing thereof: nor shall any possession for the purpose of sale be deemed lawful, save within such periods of fourteen days.

No eggs of any kind of the birds above enumerated and hereby declared to be game, shall be taken or destroyed at any time.

In all cases, confiscation of the Game shall follow conviction; and the game so confiscated shall be given to some charitable institution or purpose, at the discretion of the convicting Justice.

Any person may destroy traps, nets, or snares, set or erected, either wholly or in part in contravention of any provision of this Act.

And whereas it is desirable to prevent the destruction of certain animals at seasons of the year when their furs are of little or no value. It is further enacted that no Beaver, Musk-rat, Mink, Sable, Otter, or Fisher, shall be trapped, hunted, taken or killed, nor shall any trap or snare be laid for the same or any of them, between the first day of May and the fifteenth day of November in any year, and all persons violating this Section of this Act shall be liable to the same proceedings and penalties, to be enforced and recovered in the same way as are above declared with respect to game.

In order to encourage persons who have or may hereafter import different kinds of game with a desire to breed, and preserve the same on their own lands in this Province, it is further enacted that it shall not be lawful to hunt, shoot, or kill or destroy any such game without the consent of the owner of the property wherever the same may have been bred.

The penalty for contravention of this Act is a fine of not more than $25 nor less than $2 for each head of game killed, to be disposed of summarily before a magistrate.

—The superintendent of the Phœnix Mills, at Seneca Falls, has forbidden the girls to chew tobacco during working hours.

—Lamartine has requested that his death shall not again be announced until it actually occurs.

—The ladies have for the past eighteen centuries, enjoyed special privileges during leap year. In an ancient Saxon law it is enacted: "Albeit, as often as leap year do the occur, the woman holdeth prerogative over the menne in matter of courtshipe, love and matrimonee; so that when the ladie proposeth it shall not be lawful for menne to say her nae, but shall receive her proposal in all good courtiale." Girls, this law is still in force.

FROM TORONTO.

To the Editor of the Daily Intelligencer.

TORONTO, January 25, 1868.

DEAR INTELLIGENCER,—I write you with a view to furnish information, which, it is hoped, will prove of interest to the numerous subscribers who ransack your columns for reliable reports and impartial discussion of those subjects which form the current topics of the day. Naturally, all eyes in Ontario are turned towards the seat of the local government, and the political movements of our representatives are closely observed and eagerly commented upon. The Local Legislature is something new, and its very novelty possesses a strange attraction for all sorts of of people who like to read politics. It has called forth, throughout the whole Dominion, a curiosity to see whether the practical working of the system accords with the theories advanced, and the representations made by those in favor of Confederation. So far, in Ontario at least, the trial has given general satisfaction, and previous favorable prophecies have been, to a great extent, justified. Perhaps never, certainly not in the history of Canada, has there, in any assembly exercising legislative powers, been such an unanimous desire among numbers, to lay aside party strife, and to work harmoniously together—such an absence of factious opposition. True, some little altercations have necessarily arisen, but they have rarely gone further than kind regrets that so-and-so's ancestors had performed sundry capers in mid air; or tender consolations proffered to such-an-one, because of a painful affection of the lower extremities, which very strangely detracts from (I think the word used in the House was—bravery. But, "*humanum est errare*," and it is not impossible that I may have misunderstood the remarks, it has already been said that a harmonious feeling prevails in the House; and surely great need for it exists. The politicians of Canada, or at any rate of Ontario, may be divided into two great classes, Conservatives and Reformers. One or other of these great parties has ruled the country in days gone by; and the memory of sectional jealousies and the war of strife is vivid in our minds. We believe that the true remedy for our political difficulties lies in a form of Government which gives us a fusion of the different principles held by both: a Government thoroughly Conservative in declining with too fond a tenacity to old laws and customs, while a thoroughly Reform administration would bring us into the opposite and very dangerous extreme. To express our idea in a general way, the destinies of a Nation or people cannot long be safely entrusted to a party which does not recognize the difference between the past and the present, and hopes to preserve and restore the precise institutions under which the country had prospered centuries before, long after the necessity or reason for their existence has passed away.

There is already a question before the House for consideration and approval—one of such dimensions as will demand a large amount of careful forethought if in order to ensure its just and proper settlement, and one which, according to the manner in which it is dealt with, will be productive of incalculable benefit or or injury to the country.—This question is the Homestead Law. The details and intent of this measure are already so familiar to your readers that it would only be a waste of time and stationery to repeat them. The policy which the Government propose to adopt in regard to it, and which they have embodied in several resolutions recently laid before the House, is a *limited one*. Every candid man will, we think, upon reflection, admit this to be the best course to pursue under the present circumstances, and while the practical effect of the measure remains a matter of speculation. Had they come down with a more liberal, more extended policy, had that policy been approved and adopted, and should it eventually turn out unfitted to the requirements, and unjust to many of the most important interests of the country, a great deal of bitterness of feeling would be engendered upon the attempt to curtail it. It will be admitted by all that it would be a much more difficult and unpopular task hereafter, to do away with a liberal policy upon finding it faulty, than to gradually extend a limited measure, as the growing wants of the country might seem to demand. It was the writer's purpose, Mr. Editor, when he undertook to address you, to confine the matter of this communication chiefly to current topics of general interest, touching lightly upon each, without entering minutely into the merits of any. However, as the subject to which I alluded is one which, at the present moment, no doubt, possesses unusual attractions for your readers, it might be advisable to enlarge somewhat more upon it, and give the views held and the position take with reference thereto, by some of our most prominent legislators. No easier way of doing this offers itself to my mind than that of presenting you with the substance of the debate upon this question which transpired in the House last night.

The Hon. Commissioner of Crown Lands had moved the House into a Committee of the Whole for the better consideration and more unrestrained discussion of such a vitally important matter above referred to. The Government had brought down a resolution giving free grants to *bona fide* settlers, and providing that no lands granted free to actual settlers should be liable for debt for the period of twenty years after location. In amendment to this resolution, it was moved by Mr. Blake that the old settlers who were now largely indebted to the Government should be relieved of this indebtedness. He (Mr. Blake) contended that it was unfair and unjust to the old settler that new immigrants should walk into the possession of Crown Lands untrammeled by any indebtedness to Government and their property secured from seizure for debt for the long period of twenty years. In a neat speech he demanded was it fair that the new settler, by performing certain trifling conditions, should have a patent issued in his favor, while it was withheld from the old settler who had done much more than the conditions required, and who still was embarrassed by a debt to the Government? Were we to confine our relief to those chance immigrants who, allured hither by the liberality of our offers, might determine to settle down upon the best of our public lands, while old and established settlers, who had contributed vastly by their labor and industry to promote the public welfare and increase our revenue and population, were debarred these privileges.

In reply, the Premier said, in reference to the proposed amendment, that if, upon being put to the vote of the House, it should pass, he would not remain five minutes in his seat. He asserted his confidence that the House would never entertain for a moment such a sweeping amendment as the one just submitted by the hon. gentleman on the Opposition benches. He scouted the idea that settlers, many of whom are wealthy, should be relieved of their indebtedness to the Government—an indebtedness which, in comparison to the actual value of their land, was a mere nothing. Had not those old settlers taken up their lands with the express understanding that they were to pay for them? If, then, the Government saw fit to inaugurate a new system in reference to those lands remaining under their control, what right, or shadow of right, had the old settlers to complain? Their entering upon and purchasing their lands was not compulsory, but voluntary. They might, indeed, wish that they had come to this country a little later, so that their land would have cost them nothing, and those advantages afforded to a new settler might have been his; but surely they could not accuse the Government of any injustice in this respect. If influence should be brought to bear upon this honorable assembly, said the Premier, for the purpose of causing it to afford relief to those men who were embarrassed by a debt due the Department of Crown Lands, and should this be done through a proper channel, he would not be behind any in giving the question a fair and unprejudiced consideration. But he could not see in what manner the question of granting relief to old settlers could be rationally connected with any of the provisions of the proposed Homestead Law. He felt assured that the hon. member for South Bruce had not sufficiently pondered his proposed amendment, and the practical results of which it would be productive, else he would have never brought forward such a scheme. In conclusion, the Premier coupled the name of Sir Henry Smith in such a manner with Mr. Blake's amendment, that the gallant knight felt called upon to reply. He (Sir Henry) would pause before endeavoring to force this amendment upon the House, or to test the sense of the House regarding it. He did not desire to put the hon. member for Cornwall out of his seat. (Hear, hear.) Long ago he (Sir Henry) had foreseen the difficulties to which the introduction of the Homestead Law would give rise. He believed that these difficulties might have been avoided. Had the Government pursued a different policy—had they brought the results of their deliberations in Council before the House in a different manner, all opposition would have been avoided. He repudiated the insinuation conveyed in the Premier's remarks, and denied that he had consorted with the leading gentlemen on the Opposition benches or solicited their support. Should the sense of the House in regard to this measure be tested, he (Sir Henry) would feel it to be his duty to divide against his honorable friends and vote against it.

After some further discussion of a desultory nature, the amendment was withdrawn and the original motion passed. The majority of the hon. members appear to heartily coincide with the Government as far as their policy concerning this important measure goes. As Sir Henry has promised a Bill of his own in the way of a Homestead Law, we may expect to have the subject more fully developed and ventilated ere long, when you may probably hear again from your correspondent

BOZ, JR.

FROM BRIDGEWATER.

From our own Correspondent.

BRIDGEWATER, Feb. 3, 1868.

Although the "gold fever," as it may be called, may be said to have subsided to a certain extent, yet it has in its subdued character assumed what medical men term a "chronic form," and from time to time small rumours ripple on the surface like little waves after a heavy storm, shewing that the fever is only latent, ready to break out so soon as anything more than ordinary shall turn up to cause the public pulse to beat more rapidly.

We have had a new company started here called the "Star Mining Company," composed of people in the village. They have commenced operations on lot 4 in the 5th con. Elzevir, belonging to Mr. E. Langman, and have already found shows of gold both by mining and washing, but whether it will be in paying quantities of course remains to be seen. The terms upon which they got the lot are, I believe, to allow the present owner a royalty of one-fifth on all gold found. They do not intend to do much, however, till spring.

Mr. Thos. Parsons, living on lot 17, 10th con. Elzevir, has sold his lot to Mr. Strong, of the Barry Mining Company, for $150, with a share in the gold found. Mr. Strong, at his own expense, to procure the deed, which has not been obtained by the owner. The survey has, I believe, sold his lot in the same way. It is reported here to-day that Mr. P. Achie, lot 17 in the 4th con., has sold his lot for $500, and has to get the deed of the property from Government himself. I have not heard the names of the purchasers, but the same parties, it is said, have also bought out Mr. John Lafontaine, part of lot 7 in the 4th con., for $400, they obtaining the deed of the lot themselves. Whether they found any of the "precious metal" or observed only "indications," I am not in a position to state at present.

The crusher built by the Hon. Billa Flint has been worked to test its powers, but needed some little alterations, which are now nearly completed. The laboratory is being got on with and will soon be completed.

A calamitous fire happened this morning on lot 14 in the 9th con., owned by Mr. H. T. James, by which a barn was destroyed, together with a span of horses, a yoke of oxen, two cows, and two heifers, besides harness, hay, and about 1,000 feet of lumber, which was stowed there. The fire is supposed to have originated from a spark of a candle having fallen amongst some dry stuff and then to have smouldered. When the fire was discovered it was too late to rescue the animals, as they were then suffocated. The horses were the property of a man living in Prince Edward County, who had been there only a few days, working for Mr. James.

Preparations are going on for the complimentary dinner to be given to the Hon. Billa Flint, on Thursday next, 4th inst., and judging from their extent, the committee seem pretty confident of a big turn out, and considering what that gentleman has done for the county, and is doing, there is no doubt but there will be a large muster on that occasion.

Legislature of Nova Scotia.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

HALIFAX, Feb. 1.

The House met at 12 o'clock.

Mr. RYERSON, (Yarmouth), Mr. DICKIE (Kings), and Dr. MURRAY, (Pictou), took up the financial and other points in Mr. Blanchard's speech.

Mr. MURRAY endeavored to prove that after the Canadian subsidy was received and estimating all possible local returns, the province would be $17,000 short, without allowing anything for road and bridge services.

Mr. PINEO (Cumberland, Unionist), made a fair speech, indicating his course, and said that he would support the government in such local matters as he conceived beneficial for the province.

Mr. YOUNG (Falmouth) denied that the people of this province desired or would drift into annexation. The British government had been deceived and the people would seek constitutionally to repeal so much of the union as related to Nova Scotia.

Mr. KIDSTON (Victoria) blamed the opposition for their conduct, causing delay, which was costing the country a hundred pounds per day. He said if there was disloyalty it existed only since, and in consequence of the passage of the confederation bill, and that they must have a repeal of it.

Mr. CHAMBERS (Colchester) said that Mr. Blanchard's assertions about $600,000 advanced by Canada was without proof and he referred to the increased duties under the Dominion tariff. He said that New Brunswick had made a bad bargain and consequently Nova Scotia was much worse. Mr. Tupper's statements about the school bill defeating his party was unfounded.

Mr. PURDY (Cumberland) came down hard on the opposition and charged the late government with peddling road commissions, &c., which the leader of the late government was obliged to relinquish by public sentiment.

Mr. BLANCHARD took the floor at four o'clock and spoke two hours. He said he had only bargained for six at a time, but though ten hon. members opposite had come down on him he was not dismayed. He reiterated his statements of the previous day respecting financial matters, which the Government had not yet refuted, and showed the inaccuracies in the Attorney General's pamphlet, which he expected him to explain, and also his conduct in advising the militia of Pictou county to refuse their services and resist the payment of fines. He bestowed severe censures and sarcasms on his opponents and their policy, and concluded with stating that Confederation was not desired by the Canadians for the purpose of absorbing our revenues.

The House adjourned to Monday.

HALIFAX, February 4.

The House met at three o'clock, and after a speech from Mr. Blanchard, leader of the opposition, the address in answer to the Lieut.-Governor's speech was passed without a division, when the House adjourned till two p. m. to-morrow, at which time the members will proceed in a body to present the address to His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

CORK, Feb. 4.—One of the gates of this city was undermined last night and blown up. At the same time all the telegraph wires leading to the city were cut. The prompt action of the police prevented any further demonstrations. Two brothers named Barry have been arrested on a charge of robbing one of the gun shops recently of a large quantity of powder. A man named Fitzpatrick was also arrested on suspicion of having something to do with the explosion last night. The police found a bottle of Greek fire in his pocket. Telegraphic communication has generally been restored.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—The last despatches from Abyssinia represent the prospects of the expedition favorable. The army was well supplied, and the advance under Gen. Napier had reached the neighborhood of Antallo.

PARIS, Feb. 4.—The city of Lille held a special election yesterday for the member of Corps Legislatif. The government candidate was successful.

FLORENCE, Feb. 4.—Garibaldi has written an eloquent letter to Admiral Farragut, congratulating the United States on encouraging, by the presence of an American fleet, the national aspirations of Italy.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—It is reported the Italian Finance Minister will place 440,000,000 lires of the Italian loan in this market to be negotiated.

FLORENCE, Feb. 4.—The *Nazione* newspaper to-day asserts that negotiations for a new convention on the Roman question, are going on between the French and Italian governments, but that General Menabrea prefers the September treaty.

VIENNA, Feb. 4.—It is reported the Pope is willing to resume negotiations with the Imperial government for a revision of the concordant. The *Debath*, a semi-official journal, says that Great Britain has requested the European powers to stop removing fugitives from Candia.

PARIS, Feb. 4, evening.—The debate in the Corps Legislatif on the bill for the regulation of the press was continued to-day. Minister Rougher made a long speech, in which he urged upon the members the passage of the proposed law. He said he was unwilling to oppose liberal tendencies, but the Empire and the people alike demanded some restraint to be

imposed on the press. Four millions of those who had voted for the constitution were gone, but the four millions their successors required the same guarantees. The clause of the bill, abolishing the preliminary license to publish, was adopted by an almost unanimous vote.

LONDON, Feb. 5, 11:15 a. m.—Bonds 72¾ to 72; I C 87; Erie 48.

LONDON, February 5, 1:30 p. m.—Consols 93¾ for both money and account; Bonds, 71¾.

LIVERPOOL, February 5, 11:15 a. m.—Cotton quiet but steady. Breadstuffs generally quiet; California Wheat 15s 9d.

LIVERPOOL, February 5, 1:20 p. m.—Cotton more active, though unchanged. Beef 117s 6d; Pork 73s 6d; Turpentine 29s 6d; Lard quiet.

American Despatches.

BOSTON, February 4.—The ship "Themis," from Liverpool, schooner "Mary Louisa," and bark "Windham," have arrived.

HUDSON, N. Y., February 4.—The vinegar factory of Coffin, Clark, & Co., and other buildings, were destroyed by fire this morning. Loss $60,000.

SAVANNAH, Georgia, February 4. At a political meeting to-day, a disturbance was begun by an attempt of the police to arrest some disorderly negroes. Pistols were drawn and the row became general; reinforcements arrived, and finally the police arrested the ring-leaders and drove off the rioters. Lieut. Bell, of the police, was shot and several other whites wounded. Four or five negroes were wounded but none killed.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., February 5.—S. G. Birmingham & Bro.'s satinett factory, at Dalton, was burned on Monday. Loss $50,000.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., February 5.—A fire yesterday consumed property to the amount of $150,000, belonging to the Toledo, Wabash, and Western Railroad Company.

NEW YORK, February 5.—Cable despatches announces the arrival out of the steamers 'Peirire,' 'Bremen,' 'Nestorian,' and 'City of Baltimore.'

—Mr. Dickens, it is reported, has sent $1,000 to Mrs Clemm, mother-in-law of Edgar A. Poe, who is an inmate of a charitable institution at Baltimore, and for years has been in extremely indigent circumstances.

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, Feb. 5.

Commercial Bills	98 to 99
Greenbacks, buying at	70
" selling at	71
Bank of Upper Canada Bills	62
Silver, buying at	4¼
" selling at	4

Gold opened at 141¼; closed at 141¼

BELLEVILLE MARKETS

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, Feb. 5, 1868.

FALL WHEAT—$1 60 to $1 65.
SPRING WHEAT—$1 50 to $1 60.
BARLEY—$80 to $95.
RYE—firm at $1 00 to $1 06.
OATS—60c to 65c.
PEAS—demand only for local use at 95c to 100c.
BUCKWHEAT—60c to 75c.
BEEF—Dull at $5 50 $6
PORK—$5 00 to $5 50. Heavy Pork $6 25.
MUTTON—8c to 9c per pound.
BUTTER—18c to 20c.
EGGS—18c to 20c.
HIDES—$6 00 to $6 50.
SHEEPSKINS—dull at 50c to 65c.
CALFSKINS—8c ₱ lb.
TALLOW—Rough, 5c; rendered, 8c.
WOOL—25c.
POTATOES—50 to 60c.
APPLES—$0 80c to $1 00.
HAY—$10 to $15.
CHEESE—10c.
CORN—70c to 80c.
FLOUR—No 1, $7 50 ₱ bbl.
POTASH—$4 50 to $4 75.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kurwood, Livingstone & Co.

MONTREAL, Feb. 5, 1867.
1 P. M.

FLOUR.—Superior Extra	$8 00	@	8 25
Extra	7 90	@	8 00
Fancy	7 60	@	7 75
Welland Canal Superfine	7 50	@	7 55
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat	7 40	@	7 60
" " 1 Western Wheat	7 45	@	7 50
" " 2 "	7 00	@	7 20
Bag Flour	3 60	@	3 70
WHEAT.—Canada Fall	0 00	@	0 00
Spring	1 70	@	0 00
Western	0 00	@	0 00
OATS.—Per 32 lbs	0 46	@	0 47
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	0 90	@	1 00
BUTTER—Dairy	0 14	@	0 18
" Store Packed	0 14	@	0 18
ASHES—Pots	5 22½	@	5 27
Pearls	5 80	@	5 85
PORK—Mess	19 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess	14 00	@	00 00
Prime	13 00	@	00 00
DRESSED HOGS	5 75	@	6 12
PEAS	0 86	@	0 87
RYE FLOUR	5 90	@	6 00

Flour—moderate receipts; market quiet but prices well sustained; limited sales at quotations. Grain—no transactions; rates unchanged. Provisions: Pork quiet and steady. Hogs—limited demand; holders firm at slight advance. Butter nominal. Ashes dull.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, February 5.

Cotton dull at 19c to 19¼c.
Flour dull; receipts 4,700 barrels; sales 5,100 bbls at $8 35 to $9 00 for superior state and western; $9 50 to $10 75 for common to choice extra State; $9 55 to $12 for common to choice extra western.
Rye flour quiet and steady at $7 50 to $9 25.
Wheat dull; receipts 34,400 bushels.
Rye quiet; receipts 50 bushels.
Corn dull; receipts 60,000 bushels; sales 23,000 bushels at $1 24 to $1 26 for new mixed western afloat.
Barley scarce and firm.
Oats dull and heavy; receipts 42,000 bush; sales 29,000 bushels at 83½c to 84c for Western in store.
Pork dull and heavy at $21 50 to $21 62 for old mess; $22 50 to $23 05 for new do.
Lard firmer at 13¾c to 14¾c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.

Stocks active and heavy.
Sterling Exchange, 60 days, 109¾.
Gold 141¾.
Gold closed 141¾.

Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
February 5, 1868.

IMPORTS.—5 cars merchandise.
EXPORTS.—2 cars merchandise.

☞ Ticket Office for Great Western Railway, opposite the Market, Front-St. Tickets issued to Milwaukee, Chicago, New Orleans, Omaha City, Nebraska Territory, Fort Riley, Kansas, Cheyenne, Dacotah, Denvis Colorado, and all points West. Fare received either in Greenbacks or current funds.
217-1y R. P. DAVY, AGENT.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE COUGH AND LUNG REMEDY for every family to keep at hand.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM.

It sells everywhere, and gives satisfaction. Read the following extracts from letters:

L. P. BOWIE, Druggist, Uniontown, Penn., writes, April 4, 1865: "Allen's Lung Balsam has performed some remarkable cures about here. I recommend it with confidence in all diseases of the throat and Lungs."

STERLING BROS., Druggists, write from Carrollton, January 27, 1866: "Send us six dozen Allen's Lung Balsam. We are entirely out of it. It gives more general satisfaction than any other medicine we sell."

Sold by all Family Medicine dealers.

☞ Perry Davis & Son, Agents for the Dominion of Canada. 47-4w 2-3-4w

R. R. R. RADWAY'S PILLS.

Are the only Purgative, Alterative, and Cathartic Medicine that secures a vegetable substitute for mercury or calomel. They cure with astonishing rapidity Liver Complaints, Kidney Diseases, Irritation of the Bladder, Piles, Biliousness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Ladies' Complaints, and all diseases indicating the necessity of a purgative medicine.

AGED PEOPLE,

Subject to Costiveness, or paralysis of the bowels, are quickly cured by these Pills.

A gentleman, aged 80 years, who had not enjoyed a natural discharge from the bowels for nearly 40 years, and was always compelled to resort to injections, was relieved by one dose; and by taking 4 pills each night, or one month, was restored to sound health and regularity.

These Pills purify the blood, remove all obstructions from the bowels, liver, skin, spleen, bladder, &c., and purge out all corrupt and acrimonious humors. A few days' use of these pills will make the skin smooth, clear, pure and healthy. They increase the appetite and heal.

DOSE.—For Regulating the Liver, Stomach, Bowels, and promoting Digestion, One Pill at Night. For Obstinate Diseases and Chronic Complaints, 4 to 6 every 24 hours.

Price, 25 cents per box. Sold by Druggists. Always ask for Dr. Radway's Pills.

See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1868.—R. R. R. sold by Druggists. 49-2w.

WANTED,

BED ROOM AND SITTING ROOM, plainly furnished.
Apply at this office
Belleville, Feb. 4, 1868. D235-3t

STOLEN,

FROM a Cutter standing at the door of the Stirling House, Stirling, on Saturday, the 18th January, 1868, a BUFFALO ROBE. Any person giving information that will lead to the conviction of the thief, will receive $15 reward on application to W. R. Parker, Stirling House.
Stirling, Feb. 3d, 1868. 234-3t

NOW READY,

THE

Queen's New Book,

Journal in the Highlands.

PRICE, $1.25.

E. HARRISON.

Belleville, Feb. 1, 1868. 233-tf

Notice of Partnership.

WE HAVE this day admitted William Jones, of Belleville, as partner into our firm.
A. S. PAGE & CO.
Belleville, Jan. 15, 1868. 218-1m

ARE YOU INSURED?

THE WESTERN, of Toronto, Fire and Marine Assurance Company, are prepared to effect risks in both branches, through their Agent, A. WEBSTER, on the most easonable terms.

☞ All claims promptly settled.
OFFICE—In Charters & Webster's Drug Store.
Belleville, June 21, 1867. 43D-19w1

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Messrs. WALLACE & FORDYCE as Photographers, in the Town of Belleville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
(Signed.) D. J. WALLACE.
ED. FORDYCE.
Belleville, December 4th, 1867.

THE undersigned having purchased Mr. Fordyce's interest in the Gallery, will hereafter conduct the business on his own account. His long experience and thorough knowledge of the business will enable him to satisfy all who give him a call.
ROOMS:—Over Graham and Grainger's Store.
ENTRANCE:—Two doors South of Holden's Drug Store.
D. J. WALLACE.
Belleville, Dec. 4th, 1867. 185-TbST

Partner Wanted.

WANTED, as equal partner in a light and profitable manufacturing business, a good responsible man, with some capital to invest.
For particulars enquire at 224, or at the office of S. B. Burdett, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Front St., Belleville.
Belleville, Jan. 27, 1868. 228-tf

HUFFMAN HOUSE.

MADOC, ONTARIO.

HUFFMAN & SON, Proprietors,
(LATE OF PETERBOROUGH.)

☞ Every attention paid to travellers. House and furniture entirely new. 145-tf 36ff

DIARIES, DIARIES,

FOR 1868,

AT

J. C. OVERELL'S,

TURNBULL'S BLOCK,
180 FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

The X-Mas No. of the

ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS,

IS NOW READY.

ALSO,
BOUND NUMBERS OF
British Workman,
Band of Hope Review,
Children's Friend,
Infant's Magazine,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
LEISURE HOUR, SUNDAY AT HOME, &c., &c.,
AT
J. C. OVERELL'S,
OPPOSITE THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
FRONT STREET,
BELLEVILLE.
January 4, 1868. 209

Horses, Carriages, &c., FOR SALE.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS
TAKEN AT PAR.
Apply to
H. PRETTY,
Opposite the Market.
Belleville, Oct. 22, 1867. 147-tf

A SPLENDID

ASSORTMENT OF

FLANNELS,

GENT'S

FURNISHING GOODS,

&c., &c.,

JUST RECEIVED,

AT

J. MUIR & CO.'S.

REMOVAL.

N. MANN begs to notify the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to the Dafoe House Building, where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many more, who will favor him with their patronage.
Belleville, Dec. 27, 1867.

BOARDING.

MRS. McKENZIE can accommodate a few permanent boarders; also, some daily boarders.
RESIDENCE—Pinnacle Street, opposite the market.
Belleville, Nov. 18, 1867 170-tf

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THIS BANK is prepared to issue drafts, receive deposits, and grant interest receipts at the office of the Commercial Bank in Belleville.
Mr. THOMSON will be happy to see his old friends.
Belleville, Jany. 28, 1868. 225-tf

THE CHURCH UNION

IS THE

Largest Religious Paper in the World.

IT advocates the Unity of the Church of Christ, opposes Ritualism, close communion, apostolic succession, church caste, exclusiveness, and sectarian bigotory. It will sustain equal rights and suffrage for every man and woman of whatsoever nationality, all ideas of progress and social advancement. It will have a Department for Home and Family Reading, for general intelligence from every portion of the Church and world, a department of religious tales, and for culturing the imagination, another for the young, a review of the pulpit, the press, of passing events, of books, music and literature, a department for the farmer and for science.

It is the organ of no sect, but will aim to represent every branch of the Church of Christ, as well as every society organized for the purpose of evangelizing the world.

It is Trinitarian in creed, but favors free discussion of all subjects not already settled by the universal consent of the Church of all ages. It will oppose Ritualism and Infidelity, and advocate a free pulpit for Christ's Ministers and a free communion table for all the Lord's people.

It will favor universal suffrage and equal rights to every man and woman of whatsoever nationality, and will oppose all human interests contrived by men for the enslavement of the consciences of men.

It will publish a sermon by Rev. Henry Ward Beecher every Monday at 12 o'clock. The CHURCH UNION is the only paper now that publishes Mr. Beecher's sermons every week. This sermon is not copyrighted, nor does it come under the eye of Mr. Beecher before publication, and will be a faithful report of the sayings of the Great Preacher of Freedom. Writers and Editors of every branch of the Church are engaged on this paper.

TERMS.—$2 50; $1 00 to agents for every subscriber. The usual premiums of sewing machines, etc., will be offered. For sale by the American News Company.
Address, C. ALBERTSON, Supt.,
9 Beekman Street, N. Y.

Limes and Glycerine,

The best Hair Dresser before the public.

Limes and Glycerine,
The best preparation known for Dandruff.

Limes and Glycerine,
Allays all irritation of the Scalp.

Limes and Glycerine,
All who have used it pronounce it superior to any preparation for the Hair.

Limes and Glycerine,
Is to be found on almost every toilet table.

Limes and Glycerine,
Far superior to pure Glycerine for chapped hands, &c.

Prepared only at
APOTHECARIES HALL,
1d1y Front St., Belleville.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

Ladies Work Boxes.
" Writing Desks.
" Dressing Cases.
Photograph Albums.
Fancy Wool Goods.
Ladies Bonnets.

A fine assortment of

Dress Goods!

and the

Latest Styles in Cloth

FOR LADIES JACKETS.

Geo. Bitchie & Co.
Dec. 19, 1867. 1D-1y

GRAHAM FLOUR,

OATMEAL, SPLIT PEAS, BEANS, &c.

—ALSO,—

WHITEFISH AND HERRINGS

IN BARRELS & HALF BARRELS,

At the "Corner Store,"
Front and Bridge Streets.

A. FLETCHER & Co.
January 15, 1868. 7-1y,w48-2t

HOOP SKIRTS,

LATEST STYLES.

G. C. Holton & Co.

J. & W. Sutherland

WOULD respectfully solicit an inspection of their new stock of

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS,

Which will be found complete in the following specialities:

FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FRENCH MERINOS—2s. 6d. and upwards
FRENCH LAMAS & THIBETS.
FRENCH DELAINES.
SCOTCH TWEEDS.
" ALL WOOL HOSIERY.
CANADIAN " "
" FLANNELS.
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.
DUNDAS COTTONS AND BAGS.
AMERICAN YARN.

J. & W. SUTHERLAND.
Belleville, October, 1867. 1D6m

NEW MUSIC

AT

F. VANNORMAN'S.

La Crosse Galop and Quadrille!

and a lot of

CHOICE NEW PIECES.

Belleville, Jan. 15, 1867.

GEORGE ROCHE,

HATTER & FURRIER,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now prepared to take orders for

ALL KINDS of FURS.

Having procured the services of a first-class Cutter from Paris, particular attention paid to repairing.

☞ All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.

Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs.
October 14. 1D-6m

F. HACKETT

HAS RECEIVED A

CHOICE ASSORTMENT

OF

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS

Belleville, Oct. 1, 1867. 1D-6m

COSGRAVE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

East India Pale Ale.

JUST RECEIVED,

50 Hhds,

150 Barrels and half Barrels.

FOR SALE ONLY BY
WESLEY BULLEN.
Belleville, Nov. 26, 1867. 177-tf

GRAND DISCOUNT SALES

OF

DRY GOODS,

AT

P. D. CONGER'S.



HURRAH FOR

THE DOMINION.

R. H. JONES

BEGS leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened a new WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Grocery and Liquor Store,

in the premises lately occupied by Messrs. O'Brien & Henchy, where he will keep on hand a select and varied assortment of

General Groceries,

AND LIQUORS,

For family use and medicinal purposes.

TEAS.

YOUNG AND OLD HYSONS,
GUNPOWDER, TWANKAY,
IMPERIAL, JAPAN,
SOUCHONG,
CONGOU, &c., &c.

COFFEES.

THE BEST IN TOWN, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.

He would especially call the attention of families to his stock of

WINES, SPIRITS & LIQUORS.

Brandies, Ports, Sherries.

Irish, Scotch & Morton's Whiskeys.

Old Tom & Holland Gins,
IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.

Together with a large assortment of

CHAMPAGNE,

of the most popular brands

LIQUEURS & CORDIALS, &C.

In addition to these there will be found a splendid stock of

LAMP GOODS & TRIMMINGS.

☞ Goods sent promptly to customers in any part of the town.
Belleville, Dec. 9, 1867. 188 48-tf

What was She?

Here is the way they do in France: A Mlle de A. became indisposed, so her family called in the family doctor and left them together. The doctor was curious and suspicious as to the cause of the young lady's sickness. He drew a lancet from his pocket to bleed her, but at the moment he pressed the vein, he exclaimed:

"Ah, mon Dieu!" "What is the matter, Monsieur?"

"Mademoiselle, I had nearly killed you."

"Killed me!"

"Listen!" (Here he drew a lancet from his pocket.) "Here are two lancets; the first is for wives the second for maids. You see how necessary it is to be careful in the use of surgical instruments. You are a maiden, of course?"

"Certainly, Monsieur."

"Well, if I bled you with a wife's lancet I should kill you, and vice versa. Now, Mademoiselle, hold out your arm; this is the right lancet!"

"Doctor!"

"Mademoiselle?"

"Take the other one!"

A Paris authority has just published portraits of several of the official ladies of Paris. That or the Princess de Metternich is worth quoting:—Listen to the enumeration of her beauties. Eyes which have the sweetness of a German reverie; teeth of brightest enamel; a forehead smooth and clear as an infant's, high and wide as that of a thinker; and abundant silky brown hair. People seem not to notice two particular beauties of her Austrian Highness—the form of her head, as Greek as that of the Venus of Milo; her ear like a pink shell—whereas, every one does justice to the beautiful fall of her shoulders, the exquisite form of her arm, the long aristocratic hands, and the narrow dainty foot.—He she dressed in red, blue, or yellow; he she coiffed with her toque over her eyes, or with a sergent-de-ville's cap, as she appeared one day at the Tuileries—she is and remains a Princess; and there are not many now. Witty, with a heart of gold, and extremely charitable, she is the adoration of the workmen's families she visits in the faubourg St. Antoine; jumping the children on her knees, washing them, kissing them, sitting on a stool if there are not chairs enough—such is the woman.—Devotedly and fondly attached to a good man—Prince de Metternich—such is the wife.

The tavern-keepers of Amherst, Nova Scotia, have been compelled to close their houses, the grand jury of Cumberland County having refusing to grant them licences. The jury recommend that the license-law be so amended that, in future, all revenue derived therefrom, shall form a fund for the erection of a Provincial asylum for inebriates.

American Watches.

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its use Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is, indeed, little else than a machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course, there must be no defect in the principle of plan or the movement, no mistake in the sizes or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the reduplication of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough subdivision.

By means of multiplying guages and microscopes, tests and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools, and for faults and flaws in steel or stone are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a finished machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home,—instead of sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the lightest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear ringing sound always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a time keeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The Company claim that by it they produce Watches that cannot be equalled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan, and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of Watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes to suit all tastes and means; but every Watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM" is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

☞ EVERY WATCH FULLY WARRANTED.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
No 182, Broadway, N.Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
TORONTO and MONTREAL,
General Agents.

Toronto, Nov. 2, 1867 168-3m 40-3m

Business Cards,

AND all other kinds of Job Printing, executed with despatch, at the *Intelligencer* Office, Intelligencer Building, Front Street.

Great Bargains at

Wilson & Robertson's

THE following lines are now offered to the public:—

30 ps. all Wool Tweeds, 5s. for 3s 9d per yd.
25 " " " 5s 6d for 4s 6d "
40 " " " 5s 9d for 5s "

A large Assortment of Wool Shawls

A few ps. ALL WOOL Carpets,
AND A VARIETY OF OTHER GOODS.

In order to reduce our Stock, we offer these goods very much cheaper than they will be found elsewhere.

WILSON & ROBERTSON

HURRAH FOR

BARNUM'S

LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half-past 8 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12, noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 2 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

S. BARNUM,
Proprietor.

C. HORTON, Agent, Belleville.
S. GUSTIN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1867. 968

CANADA WEST

FARMERS' MUTUAL

AND

Stock Insurance Company.

THE Annual general meeting of the Members of "The Canada West Farmers' Mutual and Stock Insurance Company," will be held (pursuant to resolution adopted at the last annual meeting,) on Thursday, the 6th of February next, for the purpose of receiving the Annual Report, and of electing four Directors to serve in place of the late Jacob Binkley, deceased, H. J. Lawry, who retires, and William Burrell and Thomas Stock, whose term of office expires, but who are eligible for re-election.

RICHARD P. STREET,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Hamilton, January 2d, 1868. 210-5w

Store-keepers! Farmers! And Others!

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM THE IMPORTERS DIRECT.

The Montreal Tea Company,

6 Hospital Street, Montreal,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to different parts of the country—and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

REVERE HOUSE, QUEBEC, January 7, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant.

WILLIS RUSSELL.

HOUSE OF SENATE, OTTAWA, Dec. 14, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours &c.,

S. SKINNER.

QUEBEC, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of 30 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 65 cents was of excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for.

Yours respectfully,
D. ANDERSON.

TORONTO, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The two chests of Tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton, one chest Fine Flavoured New Season Congou, at same price, viz.: at 55 cents per lb. Yours &c.,

JAMES EDGAR.

PETCOMS, December 23, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box of 50 lbs. at same price, and oblige yours &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the "Medical Journal" have frequently declared that one half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15, and 12 lbs. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do, 55c., 60c., and 65c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 70c.; Beautiful Round Oolong, Rich Flavor do., 60c.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan, Good, 50c., 55c.; Very Fine, 60c.; Finest, 65c., 75c.; Scented Orange Pekoe, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankey Common, 38c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c., 60c., 65c., and 70c.; Fine do., 75c.; Very Fine, 85c.; Superfine and very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c.; Extra Superfine do., $1.

All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality, and price will not be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c. to 70c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by expressman, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.
6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of five chests and upwards.

All Boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

MOIRA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Capital Stock, $100,000. Divided into 10,000 Shares.

WORKING CAPITAL, $15,000.

HORACE YEOMANS, Esq., PRESIDENT. ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., TREASURER.
B. S. GILBERT, Esq., SECRETARY. J. G. SHURTZ, Esq., SUPERINTENDENT.

MERCHANTS' BANK, BANKERS. DEAN & GILBERT, SOLICITORS.

DIRECTORS:

HORACE YEOMANS, of Flint & Yeomans, Belleville.
ANDREW THOMSON, Banker, Belleville.
W. W. DEAN, Master in Chancery, Belleville.
JOHN G. SHURTZ, Superintendent.
JAMES LISTER, M.D., Belleville.
JAMES W. CARMAN, American, Consul, Belleville.
BARTON S. GILBERT, of Dean & Gilbert, Barristers, Belleville.

THIS COMPANY is duly Incorporated under Cap. 23, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the purpose of working the mineral veins upon *sixteen* acres of Lot No. 19, in the fifth concession of Madoc, (the Richardson Mine being No. 18 in the same concession.)

A shaft has been sunk to the depth of nine feet in the rock. At six feet a gold-bearing lode was struck, of 18 inches in width, which at nine feet has increased to 2½ feet, and a crushing at Gilbert & Turley's mill of four and one-half tons of the rock, gave a yield of over fifty-six dollars in gold: the lode is clearly defined, and evidently extends the whole length of the property—52 rods.

The territory is admirably situated for mining purposes, being a high ridge covered with indications of mineral veins. There are numerous places on the land fully as promising as the one on which the shaft has been sunk, and which would unquestionably yield as well. The large quantity of land, and the prospects of other gold-bearing veins, make it certain that the Company will be able to subdivide the property as soon as a little further development has been made, and form other Companies at great advantage.

Work is being vigorously prosecuted in the shaft, under the superintendence of JOHN G. SHURTZ, Esq., one of the Directors, who is largely interested in the proprietary of the mine, and who has had thirteen years' practical experience in the gold mines of California and Nevada, and is unquestionably the most accomplished quartz miner now in this country.

It is intended to have a further crushing in a few days, and negotiations are in progress which, if carried out, will secure a mill to the Company at once, so that regular work will be gone on with without delay, and dividends may, in that case, be expected in a short time.

Belleville, Jan. 27th, 1868. 228d-tf



India and China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or $1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb. Finest procurable, $1.00.
Protected by Trade Mark.

☞ Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.
August 16th, 1867. D90-1y w27-1y

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO. OF CANADA.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
INCORPORATED 1849.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., President, LEWIS MOFFATT, Esq., Vice-President.

HON. MALCOLM CAMERON,	A. T. FULTON, Esq.,	W. J. McDONELL, Esq.
C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq.,	H. S. HOWLAND, Esq.	J. McGILLES, Esq.,
GEORGE CHAFFEY, Esq.,	A. R. McMASTER, Esq.	A. M. SMITH, Esq.

SOLICITORS:—MESSRS. DUGGAN & BURNS.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on every description of property.

MARINE INSURANCES—Inland and to the Lower Ports, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the West Indies, and by steam vessels to Europe.

Rates as moderate as any other respectable Insurance Company.

F. McANNANY, Esq., Agent, Belleville. JAS. SIDNEY CROCKER, Manager.
November 12, 1867. 39w6m-165d6m

BELLEVILLE

AGRICULTURAL WORKS

AND

IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Threshing Machines,
STRAW CUTTERS,
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,
Iron and Steel Ploughs,
Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-tf

American Invoices--Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
QUEBEC, 6th March, 1863.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the *Canada Gazette*.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, June 8, 1867.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 28 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
3Dlt-tf Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL!

THE "DAILY NEWS,"

$5 00 per Annum, in advance.

JOHN LOVELL,
638 Printer and Publisher.

BLANKS of every description for sale at *The Intelligencer* office.

BRITISH PERIODICALS,

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review (Whig).
The Westminster Review (Liberal).
The North British Review (Free Church.)
AND
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory.)

THESE periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stands unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews, - -	$4.00 per annum.
For any two of the Reviews, - -	7.00 "
For any three of the Reviews, - -	10.00 "
For all four of the Reviews, - -	12.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine, - -	4.00 "
For Blackwood and one Review, - -	7.00 "
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews, - - -	10.00 "
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews, - - -	12.00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	15.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of *twenty per cent*, will be allowed to Clubs of four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood, and of one Review, will be sent to *one address* for $12.80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $48.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is *Two Cents* a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums for New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, gratis, any *one* of the *Four Reviews* for 1867. New Subscribers to all five of the periodicals for 1868 may receive, gratis, Blackwood or any two of the "*Four Reviews*" for 1867.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1.50 a year for each or any Review; also, Blackwood for 1866 and 1867, for $2.50 a year, or the two years together for $4.00.

☞ Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to Clubs, nor reduced prices for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted *direct to the Publishers.*

No premiums can be given to Clubs.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING Co.,
140 Fulton St., N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE,

by HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1400 pages, and numerous Engravings.

Price $7 (for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid, $8.

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the *AMERICAN* L. (WALTHAM) *WATCH* have given it such a wide world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and printed its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found, who fortively trade upon the popularity of the American Watch, by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article. It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American Watches—except the lowest grade, marked Home Watch Co.—*are guaranteed by special certificate*, bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. ROBBINS.

The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine Watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH Co.

APPLETON, TRACY & Co.

WALTHAM WATCH Co.

P. S. BARTLETT.

WM. ELLERY.

HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the General Superintendent,
Altoona Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

GENTLEMEN—The watches manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years, by our engineers, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying your watches give us less trouble and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they equal as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS.
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that Waltham watches are the most satisfactory of any for their uses. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have never known one to wear out, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Engineer.
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto & Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS
Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-3m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every afternoon (Sundays excepted) and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of $5 a year if paid in advance, $6 if not paid; small subscribers $5 a year. $2 50 for 6 months; $1 50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgewater, Marmora and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the **Gold Regions,** and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., &c., and in short, neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months	$ 5 00
Half Square, 6 months,	$10 00
One Square, 6 months,	$20 00
Two Squares, 6 months,	$30 00
Four Squares, 6 months,	$50 00
Notices of Births,	50
Do of Marriages,	50
Do of Deaths,	50

"BUSINESS NOTICES"—All matter under this heading, leaded or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of solid minion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements every two weeks.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion, and 2 cents for each additional insertion.

The Weekly Intelligencer

Is published every Friday Morning at $2 per annum if called for at the office, or sent by mail; and $2½ if delivered by the Carrier, payable in all cases in advance. When not paid until the close of the year, 50 cents will be added to each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, and the number now on our Subscription Books is over 1,400. With such a large and increasing circulation throughout this and adjoining Counties, the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed advantages to advertisers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Six lines and under, first insertion,	0 50
Each subsequent insertion,	0 12½
Above six lines (per line) first insertion	0 07
Each subsequent insertion per line,	0 02

☞ "BUSINESS NOTICES"—10 cents per line each insertion, measured as a solid minion.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to insure their appearance.

All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

The Intelligencer Job Office

Is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the country.

The DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER can be had at the Book Stores in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at El Dorado.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

M. BOWELL,
INTELLIGENCER BUILDING, } *Publisher*
Front treet, Belleville.

Daily Intelligencer.

Let there be Harmony in things Essential—Liberality in things not Essential—Charity in all.

Vol. 1. BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, THURSDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 6, 1868. No. 237.

Montreal Business Directory.

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal.

DEPARTMENTS.

Braces,	Knitted Woolens,
Braids,	Laces,
Brushes and Combs,	Ladies Collars and Sets,
Buttons,	Straw Goods,
Corsets,	Small Wares in great
Elastics,	variety,
Felt Hats,	Threads,
Gent's Collars and Ties,	Trimmings & Ornaments
Hosiery and Gloves,	Umbrellas.

VELVET RIBBONS, &c.

HOOP SKIRTS,—our own Manufacture. 156-6m

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware Manufacturers,
MONTREAL
KILN PLATES
AND
CASTINGS for BREWERIES.
Any parties about putting up new kilns for
MALT OR OATMEAL
will do well to correspond with the above.
156-6m.

BURROWS & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobaccos, &c., &c.
416 St. Paul St., Montreal.

☞Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 156-6m

PEAVEY & MARCH,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions,
And everything usually sold in a first class Grocery.
No. 344 Notre Dame Street, a few doors West St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

☞Every article warranted to be as represented or may be returned. Goods sent to any part of the City Free of Charge. 156-6m

HUNTER, DUFFY & JOHNSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
29 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 156-6m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, PROPRIETOR,
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-6m

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, Collins Wharf, Halifax.

PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 38d-6m-W6m

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
278 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.
MAPS, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, Bills of Lading, Blank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards, in any number of colors, Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 27D6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS,
&c., &c., &c.,
25 Hospital St., - - - MONTREAL,
OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and
ON AS GOOD TERMS
as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.
J. C. FRANCK & Co.
July 27, 1867. 74d.

QUEEN
INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL, - - - - $10,000,000.
FIRE and LIFE.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers.—One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to **Ten per Cent.** of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management **Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.**

The next division of profits takes place in 1869, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.

DR. CANNIFF, *Medical Referee* — M. BOWELL, *Intelligencer Office, Agent.*
May, 1867. 4D-6mo.

Montreal Business Directory.

Frothingham & Workman,
MONTREAL,
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.

Warehouse and Offices 395 to 399, St. Paul St.

Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c.
May 1st. 1d-6m

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M. D.,
Consulting and Analytical Chemist,
630 Lagauchetiere Street, Montreal.

☞At home for consultation before 10 A. M., between 2 and 3, and after 6 P. M.

FEES FOR ANALYSIS,—$5 a metal, payable in advance. 156-6m

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
303 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL.

☞Every description of Jewelry manufactured from Gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 28d6m

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant,
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

Agent for Walter Evans & Co. Sewing and Knitting Cottons, Derby; and J. M. Perry & Co.'s Gray's Patent Linen Fibre Collars, Nottingham, England. 1D-6m

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER.
OFFICE: Corner of St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.

REFERENCES—Robertson & Heathe, Robert Esdaile, Esq., Jas Torrance, Esq. 31D3m

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT
And Commission Merchants,
49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street,
MONTREAL. 1D-6m

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant.
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods, 1D-6m

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 329 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 28d6m

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.
THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.
E. MUIR,
Chemist and Druggist,
28d6m Place D'Armes, Montreal.

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McCUAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
OFFICE—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and St Clemmon Street, Canal Wharf,
MONTREAL.

☞Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and oil of Produce, and purchase of Merchandise. 28d6m

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
100 GREY NUNS STREET, MONTREAL,
HAVE FOR SALE—

BOILER TUBES,	DRAIN PIPES,
Gas Tubes,	Roman Cement,
Horse Nails,	Water Lime,
Paints and Putty,	Portland Cement,
Fire Bricks,	Paving Tiles,
Fire Clay,	Garden Vases,
Flue Covers.	Chimney Tops, &c.

☞Manufacturers o AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR, and BED SPRINGS. 24D6m

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.
LIBERAL advances made on consignments to ourselves, or for shipment to our friends in Great Britain and the Lower Port
May 31st, 1867. 27D6m

A. ROBERTSON & Co,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Mantles, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosier, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Clothes, Canadian Woollens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons, Prints, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Muslins.
478 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St.,
MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro'. C. W. 1D-6m

Important to Miners and MINING MEN.
JOHNS' Patent Water-Proof Safety Fuse for WET GROUND and SUBMARINE BLASTING, is much cheaper than any other, and pronounced by Mining men much better than any imported.

Testimonials received from men well known in the mining and quarrying business of Canada and the United States; from Messrs. Mosdell & Colby, Bennets, Wiswell Macfarland, Adams, Watson, Griffith, Wearn, and others.

☞All orders promptly attended to.
Address JOHNS & Co.,
150 3m Sherbrooke, Q.

TERRAPIN RESTAURANT
CHARLES PAPINEAU,
BEGS to inform the public that he has opened the TERRAPIN RESTAURANT, in Coleman's Building, next door to Dr. Coleman's Drug Store, and he has fitted it up in first class style, with every convenience. He will keep constantly on hand the best Ale and Porter, and the purest brands of Liquors.

☞Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c., always on hand.
Belleville, Oct. 16, 1867. 142-tf

CONGER BROS.
FEELING thankful for the very liberal patronage given them for the past year, beg to remind their customers and the public that having thoroughly
REFITTED THEIR STORE!
are now opening a well assorted stock of FRESH TEAS, SUGARS, SPICES, CURRANTS, RAISINS, FIGS, &c.
Special attention is called to their fine assortment of
Jams, Jellies, Canned and Bottled FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.
R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER
Nov. 13th, 1867. 1dly

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the
Canadian & United States Mails.
1867—SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.—1867.
Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.
Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.

This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undernoted First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double-Engine Iron Steamships:—

AUSTRIAN,	2700 Tons.	Capt. AITON.
NESTORIAN,	2700 "	Lt. DUTTON, R.N.R.
MORAVIAN,	2650 "	Capt. WYLIE.
PERUVIAN,	2600 "	Capt. BALLANTINE.
HIBERNIAN,	2434 "	Capt. BROWN.
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	2300 "	Capt. ALLAN.
NORTH-AMERICAN,	1734 "	Capt. KERR.
BELGIAN,	2434 "	Capt. GRANGE.
DAMASCUS,	1600 "	Capt. WAITE.

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL EVERY THURSDAY, and from PORTLAND every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)

The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from PORTDAND as undernoted, viz:—

NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 25th Jan.
PERUVIAN,	Saturday, 1st Feb.
AUSTRIAN,	Saturday, 8th "
HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 15th "
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Saturday, 22nd "
MORAVIAN,	Saturday, 29th "
NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 7th March

St. GEORGE from Portland, 21st February.
St. ANDREW from Portland, 11th March.

☞Fares per "Nova Scotian," 11th January, from Scotland to St. Johns, N.F., are—Cabin, $80; Steerage, $15.

Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway:—

CABIN, - -	$80 20 to $90 20
(according to accommodation.)	
STEERAGE, - - - -	$32 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.
Berths not secured until paid for.
For particulars, apply to
J. W THOMPSON, Agent,
Canadian Express Office,
27D5m-16W1y BELLEVILLE.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
For 1868.
THE CHEAPEST OF LADIES' MAGAZINES,
BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST.

THE friend of woman, the arbiter of fashion, the encourager and publisher of the best literature of the day, the pattern from which all others copy.

READING MATTER.

In this there will be an improvement. The volume for 1868 will be set up with new-faced type, and of a size that will enable us to give an additional quantity of reading matter amounting to about twelve pages in each number.

BEAUTIFUL STEEL PLATES.

Of these the LADY'S BOOKS contain *fourteen* each year, superior (we challenge comparison) to any published in this country, either in book or periodical.

THE LITERATURE OF THE LADY'S BOOK.

MARION HARLAND,
Authoress of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Moss Side," "Nemesis," and "Mariam,"
who contributes to no other monthly publication, will furnish a new novel for 1868, called "PHEMIE ROWLAND," that will run through the year. Her stories are anxiously sought after, and as they are copyrighted, can be found nowhere but in GODEY. Our former efficient corps of writers has also been retained.

OUR FASHION PLATES.

The original double fashion-plates will be continued MODEL COTTAGES.—The only magazine in this country that gives these designs is the LADY'S BOOK.

DRAWING LESSONS.—In this we are also alone.

ORIGINAL MUSIC.—GODEY'S is the only magazine in which music prepared expressly for it appears.

We have also a CHILDREN'S, a HORTICULTURAL, and a WEALTH department.

GODEY'S INVALUABLE RECEIPTS

upon every subject, for the Boudoir, Nursery, Kitchen, House, and Laundry.

TINTED ENGRAVINGS.—This is a series of engravings that no one has attempted but ourselves.

LADIES' FANCY WORK DEPARTMENT.—Some of the designs in this department are printed in colors in a style unequalled.

Terms for 1868.

One copy, one year, - - - - - -	$3 00
Two copies, one year, - - - - - -	5 50
Three copies, one year, - - - - - -	7 50
Four copies, one year, - - - - - -	10 00
Five copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making six copies, - - - - - -	14 00
Eight copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making nine copies, - - - - - -	21 00
Eleven copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making twelve copies, - - - - - -	27 50

Godey's Lady's Book and Arthur's Home Magazine will be sent one year on receipt of $4 50.

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Godey's Lady's Book, Arthur's Home Magazine and Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $5 00.

Canada subscribers must send 24 cents additional for every subscription to the Lady's Book, and 12 cents for either of the other magazines, to pay the American postage.

HOW TO REMIT.—In remitting by mail, a Post Office Order or a Draft, *payable to the Order of L. A. Godey*, is preferable to bank notes, as, should the Order or Draft be lost or stolen, it can be renewed without loss to the seiner. If a Draft or a Post Office Order cannot be procured, send United States or National Bank notes.

Address L. A. GODEY,
N. E. Corner Sixth and Chestnut Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

Belleville Business Directory.

Maclellan & Maclellan,
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency Attornies-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c., &c Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Ross, Bell & Holden,
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville.
HON. JNO. ROSS. JOHN BELL. THOS. HOLDEN
1D6m Wtf

Diamond & Dickson,
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c.
OFFICE:—Neilson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
A. DIAMOND. GEO. D. DICKSON.
1D-Wtf

A. R. Dougall,
BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.
Office over Overell's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.

Robertson & Stewart,
BARRISTERS and Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office,—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street,
ALEX. ROBERTSON. D. E. K. STEWART.
1D6m-Wtf

Legate & Price,
BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1D6m-Wtf

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HATTER and Furrier, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs. 1D6m-Wtf

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MACLEOD, GAVILLER, KENNEDY & Co., Madoc. 1D6m-Wtf

Pitcathly & Kelso,
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Law Partnership.
THE undersigned have this day entered into co-partnership under the name of Jellett & Bleasdell. Office—Corner of Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville.
R. P. JELLETT.
8th October, 1867. J. H. T. BLEASDELL.

Forrest & Lozo's
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Lazier's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 25D-tf

T. Lockerty,
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Segars, and Piped and Tobacco. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 22D5m

Ponton, Falkiner & Denmark
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

Angus McFee,
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewelry and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1D6m

John Wilson,
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street, Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 1D6m

J. W. Brown,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, oppoaite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

Geo. Gibson,
MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortmeht of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1D6m

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MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

To Gold Miners.
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Swedes Iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. WM. POWELL. 1D6m

McKeown & Robertson,
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

ALLSOP'S ALE,
Guiness' Stout,
Blood's Porter!!
IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT
1D6m **HAMBLY'S.**

BILL HEADS,
AND all other kinds of JOB PRINTING, executed with neatness and despatch at the INTELLIGENCER Office, Front Street, Belleville.

Ebb and Flow of Canadian Population.

The Quebec Legislature is asked to inquire into the causes of "the lamentable emigration" thence to the United States, "and to devise means for the arrest of the same." The subject undoubtedly requires attention. Year after year the exodus from the Province continues unabated. Thousands of its people cross the border, season after season, in search of the employment they fail to receive at home, or in quest of new homes in localities more favorable to the prosecution of agriculture.

A smaller but not less steady stream flows in the same direction from Ontario. Go where you will in the Western States, you meet settlers from Western Canada, Illinois, Wisconsin, Missouri, Iowa and Minnesota boast of them in large numbers. The Ontario Legislature may, then, with some propriety, be invited to consider a question identical with that which demands consideration in Quebec.

Nothing is more certain than that it will be idle for Canada to hope for a large emigration until it puts an end to the immigration which it continually suffers. Its population increases, we admit. Its progress in improvement, in enterprise and wealth goes on at a rate which few outside its boundaries are aware. Its settlements are spreading, and its people, especially in Ontario, have a full average of comfort. Still, the growth is not what it should be, nor what it would be if the flow to the United States ceased. The tidal wave sweeps back a large percentage of the elements which constitute advancement.

But what remedies are available? What can be done by the Quebec Legislature to keep French Canadians at home!—or by the Ontario Legislature to arrest a loss which it can ill afford? The promoter of the investigation in the former instance points to diversity of employment by the introduction of manufactures, for which no country in the world is better adapted. But how can legislation develop the enterprise which is now so sadly deficient. What can acts of Parliament do toward turning to account the magnificent water power which now remains neglected? The queries are more easily put than answered.

The Ontario problem is not so difficult of solution. There, legislation may do much to remove hindrances, and to promote contentment. The land system needs reform. And a homestead law worthy of the name is wanted to assure the toil-worn settler the profits of his labor. Both were promised at the opening of the session, but so far we have looked in vain for evidence of their realization. What purports to be a homestead bill has indeed been introduced by the Government, but it is so ridiculously below the homestead laws of the Western States, that its enactment will amount to nothing. Its proposed operation is limited to a very small class, and its duration is also circumscribed. In its scope and in its details, it is the work of a hard, dry, mechanical lawyer, having no sympathy with the wants of the people, and no appreciation of what has been elsewhere accomplished.

One drawback there is which only the Government of the Dominion can hope to overcome. The temptation from which Ontario and Quebec both suffer is furnished by the prairies of the Western States. The forest, with its prolonged toil, is prejudiced by the rich gardens which await the coming of the settler in Iowa or Minnesota. To counteract the effect of the contrast, and to retain within the Dominion the population it has or may derive from immigration, the opening and organization of its North West territories must be hastened with a degree of liberality and wisdom which shall secure their settlement. The Dominion has resources enough to enrich and satisfy all its people, if its lawmakers prove equal to their opportunities.

A Woman Turns into a Man.

The La Crosse Wisconsin *Democrat* relates the following:—

"A correspondent writes us from Waterloo, Iowa, asking if we knew of one Edgar Burnham, and of his history.

"We do; and as it is a strange, true one, known to hundreds, we give it in the *Democrat*, as it is, that we may correct some errors those who speak of him have fallen into. Eight years ago, when we were engaged as city editor of a Milwaukee paper, there lived in this State an editor named Powell, now connected with a Chicago paper, we think. He is yet, unless he has lately quit.

"In 1862, Powell was married to Miss Ellen Burnham, of Broadhead, Wis., after a courtship of some months. Miss Burnham's parents were old residents of Broadhead, and of high respectability, the daughter taught music, had a large number of pupils, and was very attractive. Powell lived with her as husband two years, she being all that time a good wife in all respects, presenting him with one child. At the expiration of two years, when about twenty-one years of age, Mrs. Powell's voice changed, she grew light whiskers, and gradually changed her sex, developing into a man in every respect, as, if nature, anxious for a freak, had turned a portion of herself inside out.

"The husband and wife separated when

the wife became a man, and Mrs. Ellen Powell took the name of Edgar Burnham, donned male attire, sought and obtained employment as a clerk in Chicago, and lived a single man for one year.

"During this time he fell in love with a niece of Senator Morgan, of New York, but did not marry her, for reasons not pertinent to this article. But about the end of the year he did marry a young lady of Broadhead, Wis., a Miss Gerto Everett, who was a music pupil of his when he was Miss Ellen Burnham, over three years previous to the marriage. The second marriage was about two years ago. Soon after the marriage Edgar Burnham and wife removed to Waterloo, Iowa, where they now reside, or did, not long since.

"The former girl is now man; the former wife is now husband; the former young lady, teacher of a young lady, is now that young lady's husband. Truth is indeed, stranger than fiction, and the above simple statement of facts borders so upon the marvellous, we could not believe it did we not personally know nearly all the parties.

"Any one can ascertain the facts by writing to parties named in either place we have mentioned, of the particulars and entire truth of this."

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West,	7.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West,	8.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going West,	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train,	6.30 P. M.
Noon Express going East,	12.08 P. M.
Night Express going East,	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East,	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train,	9.30 P. M.

Montreal Time.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, THURSDAY, FEB. 6.

THE FENIANS.—The American Fenians are displaying unusual signs of activity. At Buffalo and Cleveland large meetings have been held and military parades are the order of the day. The leaders are just now trying to heal the breach between the two sections, and when that is accomplished they promise wonderful achievements.

FIRE IN KINGSTON.—About half-past twelve o'clock on Tuesday night a fire occurred in Mrs. Hutchinson's clothing store, Brock Street, which, together with the hoop skirt manufactory of Mr. Boyce and T. Row's boot and shoe store, were destroyed. Mr. Boyce was not insured, but the other parties were. The cause of the fire is unknown.

A CHANCE FOR SPECULATION.—The egotism and self-conceit of George Francis Train, as marked in his account of his reception in the Emerald Isle, reminds one of Moore's "Speculation," which is very *apropos* to Train, and reads thus:

"Of all speculations the market holds forth
The best that I know of for a lover of pelf
Is to buy Francis up at the price he is worth,
And sell him at that which he sets on himself."

SHIPPING OF QUEBEC.—A statement is published showing the number of vessels which arrived at and left the port of Quebec in 1866 and 1867. 1,300 vessels arrived in 1866 and 1,211 in 1867, which shows a decrease of 89 last year. The number of vessels cleared in 1866 was 1,410 and 1,252 in 1867. In 1866, however, only 767 brought out cargoes, while last year 829 brought cargoes.

FIRE.—We regret to learn that the house of James Cooke, Esq., of Rawdon, was totally consumed by fire on Monday night last. He lost everything, save some of the bed clothes, which were carried out when the family made their escape from the burning building. So sudden was the alarm that some of them had to leave without their shoes. In addition to the loss of furniture, the years provisions were also consumed. No insurance. Mr. Cooke was not at home at the time.

COMMERCIAL CONVENTION.—A great commercial convention met in Boston yesterday. Delegates were present from all the principal Boards of Trade in the States. The topics to be discussed are: The improvement of inland and interior means of transportation; the adoption of an uniform system for the measurement of grain; the adjustment of the currency question in a manner which will reconcile conflicting sectional views, while at the same time promoting the welfare of the whole country; the restoration of the foreign commerce of the country from its present greatly depressed condition; the organization of a National Board of Trade, or Chamber of Commerce; and such other subjects, not of a local or political character, as may properly come before the convention.

LECTURE.—Dr. Otway gave another of his interesting lectures on Tuesday evening to an appreciative audience in the Marble Hall. The subject was, "The treatment of Gold and Silver Ores." The interest was well sustained throughout, but perhaps the most interesting part consisted of the experiments at the conclusion, in which the Dr. showed the mode of separating the precious metals from the rocks with which they are associated. His skill in manipulation was very striking, and the ease and speed with which the ore was compelled to give up its precious accompaniment was interesting to the audience. We understand that an interval of two weeks is likely to intervene before the Dr.'s next lecture.

The Nova Scotia Fishermen.

Mr. Howe's organ, the Halifax *Chronicle*, is not half satisfied with the warm-hearted sympathy and material aid which the inhabitants of Ontario and Quebec are manifesting towards their suffering fellow countrymen in Nova Scotia. He is afraid that the active measures which are being taken in these Provinces for the relief of the starving fishermen will cause them to think more kindly of their countrymen in the western part of the Dominion, and will tend to do away with the prejudice and ill feeling in that Province against us. He fears that it will destroy his nice little game of disunion and annexation, and he is therefore doing what he can to prevent that sympathy and aid from taking practical effect. One can scarcely conceive of a more degradingly selfish disposition than that exhibited by Mr. Howe, and although he has again and again done sufficient to make him the by-word and laughing-stock of his countrymen, we fancy that this last act will cause his name to be execrated throughout the civilized world.

The Halifax *Express* speaking with respect to the generous and spontaneous manner in which the Legislature and people of Ontario have come to the aid of Nova Scotia says: "But what is to be said or thought of those who meet this offering with brutal insult, who would seek to dry up a fountain of relief from a suffering people, by means and in language which we believe is without precedent in this or any other country. The article that appeared in the *Chronicle* of Wednesday is an affront to civilization and to our common manhood, and will, if we are not much mistaken, go far to open people's eyes, as to the true aim and character of the party who sustain that organ. Far be it from us, to suppose that such feelings animate the whole or even a large portion of the Anti-Union party. Many of them have been most generous in their succor.—*It is those who have given nothing themselves*, but rhetorical balderdash who would now seek to deter others from giving, on the ground that it is given from selfish motives, and that the distress is not so great after all. These parties have not taken the trouble to inform themselves of either the extent or the degree of suffering; the only coin current with them is abuse of their neighbors, which, however, is not exactly the sort of food that will fill the hungry."

That there is need of our assistance is clearly evident from the reports that come from that Province. It is confirmed that a young man had died of starvation in West Dover, and that this distressing case had happened in consequence of the unwillingness to make their destitution known. The paper above quoted says:

"We have faint, but no adequate conception of the real suffering of that poor family, from this melancholy fact. Who can say, who will dare to say, that this is an isolated case? The suffering is great and it is general. From Chedabucto Bay we have heard that some 200 families there are in actual destitution, and with no visible means of support during the winter. The same reports have come in from other localities. Let it be remembered that this is something altogether new with the fishermen of Nova Scotia. In former years they have experienced hard times from a partial failure of the fisheries, but by assisting each other they have always managed hitherto to battle through, without making their wants known, or requiring aid outside their own class. This year it is different altogether. They have literally nothing to fall back upon. They are willing, anxious to work for *anything*. They are, and always have been, a proud, sturdy, self-reliant race, and for many of them to eat the bread of charity is little better than death itself. The amount and intensity of the destitution is far greater than they are willing to confess. These men, or the most of them, are ashamed to make known that they have not a bite of bread to eat or to give their families. The knowledge of their condition has come from others rather than themselves. Is there any heart but one of iron, that cannot feel at once, sympathy and admiration for these poor people. A good deal has been done to help them, by private benevolence in the city of Halifax, but there can be little question, that all that has been done is entirely unequal to the need."

Ontario Legislature.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 5.

Mr. Cameron presented the return to an address to His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, dated January 20th, praying for a return, showing the amount granted for the purpose of improving the Colonization Roads in the Counties of Addington and Frontenac, in the years 1860 and 1867; such returns to show how much of said grants has been expended, and under whose supervision the same was laid out.

Mr. Beatty resumed the debate upon the motion of Sir Henry Smith, for the second reading of the Bill on the Law of Evidence, and of the amendments thereto, to give it the six months' hoist. The six months' hoist was carried. Yeas 45, Nays 31.

Sir Henry Smith moved the second reading of his bill entitled a Homestead Exemption Act. The debate was continued till six o'clock, when the Speaker left the chair and the matter dropped.

Sir Henry Smith said since the last discussion upon the Ontario College Bill he had communicated with the Attorney-General, and the measure, as amended, he hoped would now be passed unanimously by the members of the House. The amendments were that substantially asked for members—that any property or estate must be willed to the college at least six months before the death of the devisor; and that the property to the amount of $8,000 should only be held for the use and occupation of the college, its Principal, Professors and Students, and for the grounds and other adjuncts connected with the education of the latter.

The Committee rose, reported progress, and the bill as amended was ordered for a third reading to-morrow.

Mr. Clements moved the second reading of the Gore District Insurance Company Bill, which was carried and referred to committee of the whole to-morrow.

Mr. Coyne moved the second reading of the Bill respecting Sheriffs' Poundage, explaining succinctly its objects, to relieve Sheriffs from responsibility in case of goods seized being burned, and to allow him certain fees or commission on goods remaining in his hands under seizure.

A long and uninteresting discussion ensued, chiefly participated in by members of the legal profession on both sides of the House. Some of them accused the sheriffs of being extortioners and declared that the fees they were now entitled to were far more than adequate; others asserted they were the kindest, most humane and long suffering of men, who often injured themselves through mistaken leniency to those whom the law has placed in their power. The Premier stated distinctly that any sheriff this government found tripping would not escape; and he half intimated that these myrmidons of the law could not have amassed the money some of them had done, after paying their bailiffs, office expenses, &c., without getting it in some way not exactly an honest or a right one. He was in favor, however, of the bill going to committee, so that the whole matter might be thoroughly investigated and justice done.

The second reading was carried, and the bill referred to the committee on amendments to the Common Law Procedure.

Mr. McKellar moved the second reading of the Road Companies Bill, which was carried without discussion and referred to a special committee consisting of Messrs. Richards, Currie, Shaw, Pardee, Finlayson, Galbraith, and the mover.

Mr. Rykert moved the second reading of the Assessment Act Bill, which was carried, and ordered to be referred to committee of the whole to-morrow.

The debate on the Homestead Exemption Bill was then resumed, and after a somewhat lengthy debate, Sir Henry Smith was compelled to withdraw his motion for the second reading of the Bill.

Mr. Cumberland moved the second reading of the bill on Traction Engines, which was carried, as was its reference to a special committee consisting of Messrs. Cameron, Cockburn, Pardee, Fraser, and the mover.

The House adjourned at 11:45 p.m.

Annual Meeting of the Trustees of the Belleville County Grammar School.

PRESENT.—The Revs. J. Grier, John Brennan, and Messrs. M. Bowell and T. Wills.

It was moved by Mr. Wills and seconded by the Rev. J. Brennan, that the Rev. John Grier be Chairman for the ensuing year.—Carried.

Moved by Rev. Mr. Brennan, seconded by Mr. Bowell, that Mr. Wills be appointed Secretary and Treasurer for the ensuing year.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Bowell, and seconded by Mr. Wills, that the Secretary-Treasurer be authorized to procure for the use of the Board, six copies of the Grammar School Manual.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Bowell, seconded by the Rev. Mr. Brennan, that a memorial be presented to the County Council, asking them to appropriate the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars per annum, for the meeting of the ordinary expenses of the Belleville County Grammar School, and that in lieu thereof, all children residing in the County of Hastings, and attending said school, shall be entitled to tuition free.—Carried.

Mr. Burdon handed in a communication, asking for the Grammar School Funds in excess of the salaries of Teachers for the past year, to be divided between said Teachers.

Moved by Mr. Bowell, seconded by the Rev. Mr. Brennan, that the Secretary-Treasurer be authorized to pay Mr. Burdon all moneys that he may have advanced for the purpose of carrying on the Grammar School, and that Mr. Burdon be requested to furnish a statement of such outlay to the Secretary-Treasurer.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Bowell, seconded by Mr. Wills, that the following shall be the salaries for the ensuing year: The Head Master, the sum of nine hundred dollars per annum, together with such sum as he may receive for making meteorological observations; and the Masters five hundred dollars each, payable half-yearly; and any balance on hand from the Government and Municipal appropriations be carried forward for the purpose of paying teaching salaries.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Wills, and seconded by Mr. Bowell, that the Chairman be authorized to draw on the County Treasurer for the balance of the Grammar School money in his hands.—Carried.

The propriety of employing another Teacher in the Grammar School, or not allowing any further addition to the girl's department, was discussed for some time, when the further consideration of these points was postponed until the next meeting of the Board.

Moved by Mr. Bowell, seconded by Rev. Mr. Brennan, that this Board do adjourn until the first Tuesday in March, and then to meet at 7:30 o'clock p.m., at the Shire Hall.

—The deaths in London for the week ending January 11th, were 1,574.

Meteorological Statement.

BY MR. BURDON.

Days on which the temperature fell below zero in

DECEMBER, 1866.

20th	—11·7 21st —16·9

DECEMBER, 1867.

9th	—9·1 16th —1·8
11th	—3·8 18th —0·2
12th	—14·4 19th —10·6
13th	—14·5 20th —3·2
14th	—10·2 31st —0·2

JANUARY, 1867.

14th	—2·3 19th —9·1
15th	—8·7 21st —6·5
16th	—14·3 30th —10·9
18th	—4·4 31st —1·3

JANUARY, 1868.

6th	—7·6 20th —7·0
7th	—4·9 27th —10·9
10th	—1·3 28th —19·2
13th	—10·8 29th —2·3
14th	—1·3

The daily average minimum temperature for December 1866 was 14·30 above zero.
December 1867 6·47 do
January 1867 5·18 do
January 1868 5·07 do

The minimum thermometer is examined at 9 o'clock p. m., and shows then the lowest temperature that has occurred during the preceding 24 hours, except on Mondays, when it indicates the lowest temperature during the preceding 48 hours.

The lowest temperature during Sunday night, 2nd February, 1868, was —16·4, below zero.

The temperature on Monday, 3d Feby. 1868, at 7 a. m. was —15·6, that is, below zero; at 1 p. m., —6·3 below zero; at 9 p. m., 7·2 above zero.

Belleville, 4th February, 1868.

TEA MEETING IN THURLOW.—A Tea meeting was held in St. Andrew's church, Thurlow, on Tuesday evening, the 4th inst., in aid of the fund for building a parsonage. The church was crowded and everything provided that could be desired. Most excellent music was given by the Choir of St. Andrew's church, Belleville. The chair was occupied by the Hon. Robert Read, M. P. who addressed the meeting in a short and appreciative speech, and was followed by the Rev. Mr. Courtice, Alex. Robertson, Esq., Samuel Lazier, Esq., Rev. Mr. Campbell, and M. Bowell, Esq., M. P. The best evidence of the success of the meeting, was the realization of $110.

Editorial Summary.

—There is danger just now of the leaning tower at Pisa falling to pieces.

—The paper having the largest circulation—the paper of tobacco.

—It is hard to live without a wife—no gentle heart to get up mornings to build the fire.

—The Old and New School Presbyterians of the United States are agitating for re-union.

—About 6,000 barrels of Irish moss were collected and cured last year in Scituate, Mass.

—The Speaker of the Ontario Assembly intends to entertain the members at a ball or a dinner at an early day.

—Grouse are so plentiful and tame in Iowa this season, that they can be knocked down with a stick and bagged by the hundred.

—For a small parlor and bed-room the Albany hotels charge the members of the Legislature from $76 to $160 per week.

—Hon. Mr. Howland, C. B., is so far convalescent that he expects to return to the seat of government in a fortnight, or perhaps sooner.

—A Chicago merchant recently paid $200 for the use of diamonds worn by his wife at a charity ball in that city. She is a *dear* wife to him.

—A woman in Milwaukee gave birth last week to an infant without a head. The child's mouth was in its breast and its eyes in its back. Fortunately it lived but a short time.

—A Cheyenne Vigilance Committee recently tied together three men guilty of theft, and affixed to them a placard with these words:—"Next case goes up a tree."

—Mr. James P. Bucke has been appointed county crown attorney for the county of Lambton, rendered vacant by the election of Mr. T. P. Pardee to the Legislature of Ontario.

—A steam-engine for common roads has been built in Edinburgh, Scotland, the peculiarity of which consists in having the tires for the wheels made of India rubber, each being five inches thick and two feet broad. These tires spread over the ground "like an elephant's foot," stones and other obstructions sinking into them.

—A great scandal has been caused in one of the communes in the neighbourhood of Paris by two fellows, one of whom entered the box of the confessing priest, while the other went through the farce of confession. Soon a veiled lady approached, and the young man who was on his knees hurried away. She innocently took his place and made her confession to the supposed priest, who proved to be the man to whom she was engaged to be married, and who, hearing some disagreeable disclosures, rushed out of the box in a rage and repudiated her.—There was, of course, a scene, and a *procès verbal* was drawn up against the sham confessor for causing scandal in a church and outraging the practice of religion.

OLD AGE WITHOUT RELIGION.—Alas! for him who grows old without growing wise, and to whom the future world does not set open her gates, when he is excluded by the present. The Lord deals so graciously with us in the decline of life, that it is a shame to turn a deaf ear to the lessons which he gives. The eye becomes dim, the tongue falters, the feet totter, all the sense refuse to do their office, and from every side resounds the call. "Set thine house in order, for the term of thy pilgrimage is at hand." The playmates of youth, the fellow-laborers of manhood, die away and take the road before us. Old age is like some quiet chamber, in which, disconnected from the visible world, we can prepare in silence for the world that is unseen.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, February, 5.—At a great meeting at Birmingham yesterday, John Bright made a speech. He pleaded the wrongs of Ireland in part extenuation of the late Fenian outrages, and begged for church legislative reform. He said that there was nothing that the United States government could do if Ireland were part and parcel of the United States that England might not do also if she would.

LONDON, February 5.—The *Times* admits that the imprisonment of Mr. Train at Cork was a mistake, but it should be distinguished from the arrest of Irishmen who came over here from the United States with the secret intention of creating a revolt against the Government.

LIVERPOOL, February 5.—The strike of cabmen in this city continues. No prospect of a compromise.

CORK, February 5.—Early this morning a considerable body of men, supposed to be Fenians, were discovered in the vicinity of Macroone Castle, about five miles from this city. They appeared to be waiting to make an attack upon the castle, and the authorities of the town of Macroone were notified of the danger. A strong body of police was forthwith ordered to the ground, and as soon as they appeared the Fenians dispersed in all directions.

FLORENCE, February 5.—The Pope recently ordered the Catholic clergy to have *Te Deum* sung in all the churches of Italy for the victory of the Papal arms at Mentana. King Victor Emmanuel has issued a proclamation prohibiting the holding of religious ceremonies for such purpose within the kingdom.

PARIS, February 5.—The *Moniteur* gives an account of the reception of Signor Bercluttu, the new Italian Minister to Berlin, by the King of Prussia. The King warmly welcomed him as the first Ambassador from Italy accredited to the North German Confederation, and congratulated him upon his appointment, declaring that it was a new pledge of peace.

LONDON, February 5, eve.—A man named Chatterton was shot in the street to-day, and badly, if not fatally, wounded. The assassin was instantly arrested, and gave his name as Jim Meddies. From his declaration it seems that he mistook Chatterton for James Bird, who is an important witness for the Government in the affair of the Clerkenwell explosion, and who, at the examination of the prisoners before the Police Court, identified one of them as the man who fired the powder. It is said that Meddles is a half-witted fellow, and the belief is general that he is a tool of other parties.

FLORENCE, February 5.—Popular tumults are reported to have broken out in Padera yesterday. The Government is using every means to restore order.

LONDON, February 6, 11:15 a.m.—Consols 93⅝ to 93⅞; Bonds 71¾; I C 87¾; Erie 47¼.

LIVERPOOL, February 6, 11:15 a. m.—Cotton more active and advancing; Uplands 7⅝d to 7¾d. Corn advanced to 43s. Lard quiet; Pork dull and declined to 73s.

American Despatches.

HARBOR GRACE, N. F., February 5.—The worst storm for years, prevailed here for the last few days. It is reported that thirty persons have perished. Mr. MacKay, telegraph superintendent, nearly perished.

SCRANTON, Pa., February 5.—By a fire to-night property to the amount of over $100,000 was destroyed.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—The *Times'* Washington special despatch says:

"It is said the reason of the delay in presenting the new British minister is, that he is awaiting further instructions concerning the Alabama claims matters.

"Secretary Seward officially announces that the act to suspend the further reduction of the currency has become a law."

—Two hundred and nine divorces were granted in Chicago last year.

—A boy of fifteen and girl of fourteen have been married in Cincinnati.

—A large black fox, whose skin is valued at $100, was recently shot near Fredericton.

—Mr. Thornton, the new Ambassador to the States, has a wife and three children with him.

—The name of the Waterloo Post Office, near Kingston, has been changed to Catarraqui.

—The company of Royal Engineers presently stationed at Halifax is under orders for London, Ont., in the spring, and will then be occupied in the erection of a stone barracks.

The well-known Col. Gugy is coming out with a phamplet, detailing his personal grievences and the persecutions he has lived through.

—The Halifax *Morning Gazette* gives the names of Messrs. Reekie, Dow and Clark, of Canada, as the company who lately purchased a coal claim in Pictou County, N. S., for $75,000.

—The Quebec *Chronicle* learns "on most reliable authority" that there is at present a person in that city calling himself a Catholic Priest, and who has been for the last few days collecting money on false pretences.

—Telegrams from Washington again state that Mr. Johnson contemplates a remodelling of his Cabinet, and the rumour that General Banks will be Secretary for War is reported.

—The Stanstead *Journal*, in speaking of the success of the cheese factory established there, advises farmers to engage more extensively in that branch of business. The Stanstead factory, though laboring under great disadvantages last year, paid a profit of 3½ per cent. on the money invested.

—The Ottawa *Volunteer Review* has been sold by Mr. George Moss to Mr. Dawson Kerr, who will henceforth conduct the paper on the same principles as have been observed by its late proprietor.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM.—The remedy is a most valuable preparation for the cure of Consumption. Men who prepare it are reliable. The afflicted can use it with entire confidence.

They are already beginning to make preparations in Hamilton for the Provincial Show to be held there next fall. Steps are being taken for the accommodation of the troops, in order to leave the Crystal Palace clear.

A scamp who operates on a new principle is now making a tour of the towns of this Province. He collects all the razors, knives and scissors he can to grind, and disposes of them in a lot at a "clearing sale," when he starts for another locality.

The Halifax *Citizen* says:—"The eighty cents subsidy paid by the Dominion to the Province of Ontario, forms a sum so much larger than that Province ever had before for local purposes, that the local Government does not know what to do with it, and the legislature has resolved to invest half a million dollars of this year's revenue in the New Dominion Stock, at six per cent interest."

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, Feb 6.

Commercial Bills	98 to 99
Greenbacks, buying at	69½ "70
" selling at	71
Bank of Upper Canada Bills	62
Silver, buying at	4½
" selling at	4

Gold opened at 141½; closed at 142.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, Feb. 6, 1868.

FALL WHEAT—$1 80 to $1 85.
SPRING WHEAT—$1 80 to $1 82.
BARLEY—$90 to $95.
RYE—Firm at $1 00 to $1 06.
OATS—60c.
PEAS—demand only for local use at 90c to 95c.
BUCKWHEAT—60c to 75c.
BEEF—Dull at $5 50 $6.
PORK—$5 50 to $6 00. Heavy Pork $6 to.
MUTTON—8c to 6c per pound.
BUTTER—18c to 22c.
EGGS—18c to 20c.
HIDES—$6.50 to $7.00.
SHEEPSKINS—40c to 65c.
CALFSKINS—8c ₱ lb.
TALLOW—Rough, 5c; rendered, 8c.
WOOL—25c.
POTATOES—60 to 65c.
APPLES—@ 80c to $1 00.
HAY—$10 to $14.
CHEESE—10c.
CORN—70c to 80c.
FLOUR—No 1, $7 50 ₱ bbl.
POTASH—$4 50 to $4 75.

MONTREAL MARKETS

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.

MONTREAL, Feb. 6, 1867.
1 P. M.

FLOUR.—Superior Extra	$8 00	@	8 25
Extra	7 90	@	8 00
Fancy	7 60	@	7 75
Welland Canal Superfine	7 50	@	7 55
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat,	7 40	@	7 50
" " 1 Western Wheat,	7 45	@	7 50
" " 2 " "	7 00	@	7 20
Bag Flour	3 60	@	3 70
WHEAT.—Canada Fall	0 00	@	0 00
Spring	1 70	@	0 00
Western	0 00	@	0 00
OATS.—Per 32 lbs	0 46	@	0 47
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	0 90	@	1 00
BUTTER—Dairy	0 14	@	0 18
" Store Packed	0 14	@	0 18
ASHES—Pots	5 22½	@	5 27
Pearls	5 80	@	5 85
PORK—Mess	19 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess	14 00	@	00 00
Prime	13 00	@	00 00
DRESSED Hogs	5 75	@	6 12
PEAS	0 86	@	0 87
RYE FLOUR	5 90	@	6 00

Flour—Prices unchanged, but demand less active; very little business done. Grain—no sales; former rates still unchanged. Provisions pork unchanged. Hogs steady with limited demand. Butter—demand confined to choice. Ashes neglected.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, February 6.

Cotton dull at 19½c.
Flour dull; receipts 3,190 barrels; sales 4,000 bbls at $8 20 to $9 00 for superior state and western; $9 75 to $10 75 for common to choice extra State; $9 50 to $11 80 for common to choice extra western; $9 75 to $13 75 for common to choice round hoops Ohio.
Rye flour quiet and steady at $7 25 to $9 25.
Wheat dull and drooping; sales 7,600 bushels extra choice white Michigan at $1 35 to go to Albany on opening of river.
Rye quiet; receipts 250 bushels.
Corn about 1c better; receipts 82,800 bushels; sales 42,000 bushels at $1 26 to $1 28 for new mixed western afloat.
Barley quiet; receipts 5,000 bushels.
Oats dull and nominal; receipts 1,400 bush; sales at 83½c to 84c for Western in store.
Pork quiet and irregular at $21 12 to $21 31 for old mess; $22 25 to $22 45 for new do.
Lard firm at 12½c to 14½c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.

Stocks dull.
Sterling Exchange, 60 days, 109¾.
Gold 141½.
Gold closed 141¾.

ARE YOU INSURED?

THE WESTERN, of Toronto, Fire and Marine Assurance Company, are prepared to effect risks in both branches, through their Agent, A. WEBSTER, on the most reasonable terms.

☞ All claims promptly settled.

OFFICE—In Charters & Webster's Drug Store.
Belleville, June 21, 1867. 43b-19w1

HUFFMAN HOUSE,

MADOC, ONTARIO.

HUFFMAN & SON, Proprietors,
(LATE OF PETERBOROUGH.)

☞ Every attention paid to travellers. House and furniture entirely new. 149-tf 90tf

Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
February 5, 1868.

IMPORTS.—5 cars merchandise.
EXPORTS.—2 cars merchandise.

☞ Ticket Office for Great Western Railway, opposite the Market, Front-St. Tickets issued to Milwaukee, Chicago, New Orleans, Omaha City, Nebraska Territory, Fort Riley, Kansas, Cheyenne, Dacotah, Denvis Colorado, and all points West. Fare received either in Greenbacks or current funds.
217-1y R. P. DAVY, AGENT.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LEXINGTON, Missouri, May 23, 1868.
MESSES. J. N. HARRIS & CO.:
DEAR SIRS—I have made Allen's Lung Balsam pretty well known in our city and country, and have sold about all the four dozen bottles sent me in March last; and I find that persons who try the Balsam once, come back again for more, as it gives them satisfaction; and I recommend it in preference to any other medicine for Coughs and Colds. Please send me six dozen bottles as soon as possible. I am, yours, &c.,
THOMAS J. FLETCHER, Druggist.
P. S.—I sell more Allen's Lung Balsam, than all other cough remedies together, and it gives general satisfaction.
Sold by all Family Medicine dealers.
☞ Perry Davis & Son, Agents for the Dominion of Canada. 51-4w 237-4w

R. R. R. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Is the only vegetable Remedy, in liquid form, that will cure at once all Billous Attacks, Fevers, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Headache, Spasms, Dipiheria, Influenza, Kidney and Bladder Diseases. One application will in a few minutes afford immediate comfort.

Sisters of Mercy, Dorchester St., Montreal, C.E., }
Hospital of the Sisters of Mercy. }

DR. RADWAY: I certify that your Ready Relief has cured over one hundred of our sick from Chills, Vomiting, Headaches, Internal Pains, &c., &c.
One of our Sisters had the Rheumatism in her head for a great many years. Having taken a few spoonsful of Relief in water, and rubbing her head twice with the same medicine, she was perfectly cured, and never felt it since. I always use it for Dyspepsia and for Colds, and always with success. It is very useful for Sore Throat, Coughs Influenza, Diptheria, &c. It has a good effect in Flatulence or Wind Chobe. I use it for foul breath, and it produces a marvellous effect. In short, it procures relief altogether remarkable to our invalids.
SISTER MARY DE BONAVENTURE.

Sudden Colds, Coughs, Influenza, Diptheria, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Chills, Fever and Ague, Mercurial Pains, Scarlet Fever, &c., &c. Take from four to six of Radway's Pills and also take a teaspoonful of the Ready Relief in a glass of water, sweetened with sugar or honey; bathe throat, head and chest with Ready Relief if Ague or, Intermittent Fever, bathe the spine also; in the morning you will be cured.
See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1868.—R. R. R. sold by all druggists. 51-2t 237-2w

MORTGAGE SALE.

UNDER power of sale contained in a mortgage made the 28th day of October, 1863, between William Donovan, of Belleville, Grocer, and the Hon. John Ross, there will be sold for default of payment of mortgage money, on

Thursday, the 5th day of March,

1868, at TWELVE o'clock, NOON, by M. NULTY, at his auction rooms in the Town of Belleville, the following valuable property, viz.: Lot number eighteen, on the East side of Sidney Street, as laid down on a plan of survey of Lots numbers one and two, in the second Concession of the Township of Thurlow, in the County of Hastings, made by Henry A. F. McLeod, Esq., P. L. S., and registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings, on the 28th day of October, A. D. 1863.

The said lot number eighteen, contains ten acres of land more or less. It is fenced and otherwise improved.

For terms of sale and other particulars, enquire of JAMES ROSS, Esq., or of the undersigned.

ROSS, BELL & HOLDEN,
Attorneys for Hon. John Ross.
Belleville, 5th Feb., 1868. 237-4tTh

WANTED,

BED ROOM AND SITTING ROOM, plainly furnished.
Apply at this office
Belleville, Feb. 4, 1868. D235-3t

NOW READY,

THE

Queen's New Book,

Journal in the Highlands.

PRICE, $1.25.

E. HARRISON.

Belleville, Feb. 1, 1868. 233-tf

Notice of Partnership.

WE HAVE this day admitted William Jones, of Belleville, as partner into our firm.

A. S. PAGE & CO.
Belleville, Jan. 15, 1868. 218-1m

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Messrs. WALLACE & FORDYCE as Photographers, in the Town of Belleville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

(Signed.) D. J. WALLACE.
ED. FORDYCE.
Belleville, December 4th, 1867.

THE undersigned having purchased Mr. Fordyce's interest in the Gallery, will hereafter conduct the business on his own account. His long experience and thorough knowledge of the business will enable him to satisfy all who give him a call.

ROOMS:—Over Graham and Grainger's Store.

ENTRANCE:—Two doors South of Holden's Drug Store.

D. J. WALLACE.
Belleville, Dec. 4th, 1867. 185-ThST

Partner Wanted.

WANTED, as equal partner in a light and profitable manufacturing business, a good responsible man, with some capital to invest.

For particulars enquire at 224, or at the office of S. B. Burdett, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Front St., Belleville.
Belleville, Jan. 27, 1868. 226-tf

DIARIES, DIARIES,

FOR 1868,

AT

J. C. OVERELL'S,

TURNBULL'S BLOCK,
180 FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

The X-Mas No. of the

ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS,

IS NOW READY.

ALSO,

BOUND NUMBERS OF

British Workman,
Band of Hope Review,
Children's Friend,
Infant's Magazine,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
LEISURE HOUR, SUNDAY AT HOME, &c., &c.,

AT

J. C. OVERELL'S,

OPPOSITE THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
FRONT STREET,
BELLEVILLE.
January 4, 1868. 209

Horses, Carriages, &c.,

FOR SALE.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS TAKEN AT PAR.

Apply to
H. PRETTY,
Opposite the Market.
Belleville, Oct. 22, 1867. 147-tf

A SPLENDID

ASSORTMENT OF

FLANNELS,

GENT'S

FURNISHING GOODS,

&c., &c.,

JUST RECEIVED,

AT

J. MUIR & CO.'S.

REMOVAL.

N. MANN begs to notify the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to the Dafoe House Building, where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many more, who will favor him with their patronage.

Belleville, Dec. 27, 1867.

BOARDING.

MRS. McKENZIE can accommodate a few permanent boarders; also, some daily boarders.

RESIDENCE—Pinnacle Street, opposite the market.
Belleville, Nov. 18, 1867 170-tf

6m
ds,
sier, ains,
tions,

furnish a new novel for 1868, called "PREMIX LANE." that will run through the year. Her stories anxiously sought after, and as they are copyrighted be found nowhere but in GODEY. Our former edi corps of writers has also been retained.

OUR FASHION PLATES.

The original double fashion-plates will be contin MODEL COTTAGES.—The only magazine in this c try that gives these designs is the LADY'S BOOK.

DRAWING LESSONS.—In this we are also alone.

ORIGINAL MUSIC.—GODEY'S is the only magazin which music prepared expressly for it appears.

We have also a CHILDREN'S A MONTH ULTRA, a

THE CHURCH UNION

IS THE

Largest Religious Paper in the World.

IT advocates the Unity of the Church of Christ, opposes Ritualism, close communion, apostolic succession, church caste, exclusiveness, and sectarian bigotry. It will sustain equal rights and suffrage for every man and woman of whatsoever nationality, all ideas of progress and social advancement. It will have a Department for Home and Family Reading, for general intelligence from every portion of the Church and world, a department of religious tales, and for culturing the imagination, another for the young, a review of the pulpit, the press, of passing events, of books, music and literature, a department for the farmer and for science.

It is the organ of no sect, but will aim to represent every branch of the Church of Christ, as well as every society organized for the purpose of evangelizing the world.

It is Trinitarian in creed, but favors free discussion of all subjects not already settled by the universal consent of the Church of all ages. It will oppose Ritualism and Infidelity, and advocate a free pulpit for Christ's Ministers and a free communion table for all the Lord's people.

It will favor universal suffrage and equal rights to every man and woman of whatsoever nationality, and will oppose all human interests contrived by man for the enslavement of the consciences of men.

It will publish a sermon by Rev. Henry Ward Beecher every Monday at 12 o'clock. The CHURCH UNION is the only paper now that publishes Mr. Beecher's sermons every week. This sermon is not copyrighted, nor does it come under the eye of Mr. Beecher before publication, and will be a faithful report of the sayings of the Great Preacher of Freedom. Writers and Editors of every branch of the Church are engaged on this paper.

TERMS.—$2 50; $1 00 to agents for every subscriber. The usual premiums of sewing machines, etc., will be offered. For sale by the American News Company.

Address, C. ALBERTSON, Supt.
5 Beekman Street, N. Y.

Limes and Glycerine,

The best Hair Dresser before the public.

Limes and Glycerine,
The best preparation known for Dandruff.

Limes and Glycerine,
Allays all irritation of the Scalp.

Limes and Glycerine,
All who have used it pronounce it superior to any preparation for the Hair.

Limes and Glycerine,
Is to be found on almost every toilet table.

Limes and Glycerine,
Far superior to pure Glycerine for chapped hands, &c.

Prepared only at
APOTHECARIES HALL,
1d1y Front St., Belleville.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

Ladies Work Boxes,
" Writing Desks.
" Dressing Cases.
Photograph Albums.
Fancy Wool Goods.
Ladies Bonnets.

A fine assortment of

Dress Goods!

and the

Latest Styles in Cloth

FOR LADIES JACKETS.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.
Dec. 19, 1867. 1D-1y

GRAHAM FLOUR,

OATMEAL, SPLIT PEAS, BEANS, &c.

—ALSO.—

WHITEFISH AND HERRINGS

IN BARRELS & HALF BARRELS.

At the "Corner Store,"
Front and Bridge Streets.

A. FLETCHER & Co.
January 15, 1868. 7-1y, w48-2t

HOOP SKIRTS,

LATEST STYLES.

G. C. Holton & Co.

J. & W. Sutherland

WOULD respectfully solicit an inspection of their new stock of

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS,

Which will be found complete in the following specialities:

FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FRENCH MERINOS—2s. 6d. and upwards
FRENCH LAMAS & THIBETS.
FRENCH DELAINES.
SCOTCH TWEEDS.
" ALL WOOL HOSIERY.
CANADIAN " "
" FLANNELS.
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.
DUNDAS COTTONS AND BAGS.
AMERICAN YARN.

J. & W. SUTHERLAND.
Belleville, October, 1867. 1D6m

NEW MUSIC

AT

F. VANNORMAN'S.

La Crosse Galop and Quadrille!

and a lot of

CHOICE NEW PIECES.
Belleville, Jan. 15, 1867.

GEORGE ROCHE,

HATTER & FURRIER,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now prepared to take orders for

ALL KINDS of FURS.

Having procured the services of a first-class Cutter from Paris, particular attention paid to repairing.

☞ All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.

Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs.
October 14. 1D-6m

F. HACKETT

HAS RECEIVED A

CHOICE ASSORTMENT

OF

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS

Belleville, Oct. 1, 1867. 1D-6m

COSGRAVE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

East India Pale Ale.

JUST RECEIVED,

50 Hhds,

150 Barrels and half Barrels.

FOR SALE ONLY BY
WESLEY BULLEN.
Belleville, Nov. 26, 1867. 177-tf

GRAND DISCOUNT SALES

OF

DRY GOODS,

AT

P. D. GONGER'S.



HURRAH FOR

THE DOMINION.

R. H. JONES

BEGS leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened a new WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Grocery and Liquor Store,

in the premises lately occupied by Messrs. O'Brien & Henchy, where he will keep on hand a select and varied assortment of

General Groceries,

AND LIQUORS,

For family use and medicinal purposes.

TEAS.

YOUNG AND OLD HYSONS,
GUNPOWDER, TWANKAY,
IMPERIAL, JAPAN,
SOUCHONG,
CONGOU, &c., &c.

COFFEES.

THE BEST IN TOWN, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.

He would especially call the attention of families to his stock of

WINES, SPIRITS & LIQUORS.

Brandies, Ports, Sherries.

Irish, Scotch & Morton's Whiskeys.

Old Tom & Holland Gins,

IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.

Together with a large assortment of

CHAMPAGNE,

of the most popular brands

LIQUEURS & CORDIALS, &C.

In addition to these there will be found a splendid stock of

LAMP GOODS & TRIMMINGS.

☞ Goods sent promptly to customers in any part of the town.
Belleville, Dec. 9, 1867. 188 48-tf

Marriages Extraordinary.

BOTTS—BISHOP.—On Tuesday, by the Rev. Thomas S. Hastings, Mr. Julian Botts to Miss Harriet Bishop.

We thought the horses' ailments
Fell not to human lots;
The Church is not exempt, it seems—
A Bishop's got the botts.

BELL—BARE.—On the 1st instant, the Rev. Thos. D. Bell to Miss Harriet Bare.

He once was deemed a bold man that
In Scotland dared to "bell the cat,"
But now-a-days e'en Churchmen dare
Far greater feats, and bell the bear!
Which merits most renown? pray tell;
He bells the bare—she bears the bell.

WRIGHT—BUCK.—On Monday, by the Rev. Mr. Seals, Mr. H. W. Wright to Miss Orilla Buck.

The parson seals their fate; 'tis very clear,
She's right for once—the buck has got its dear.

COMB—WEBB.—Last week, Mr. John Cobb to Miss Kate Webb.

A grauf old fool, who sits now just besides us,
Says in our ear, "Look out for little spiders."

LAMB—LYON.—On the 4th ult., Dr. Thomas Lamb to Miss Matilda Lyon.

Millenial advocates may sound
Their Gabrielle horns;
The end of time, the reign of peace,
This simple notice warns.

For lo! the lion lieth down
Together with the lamb;
And soon, perhaps, a little child
Will lead them by the hand.

STEED—CURRY.—On the 9th instant, Thos. Steed, Esq., to Miss Sarah E. Curry.

Said Brown, "Tom Steed's so very small,
I fear he will be flurried."
"Oh, no," said Jones, "A steed's a horse,
And a short one is soon curried."

TURN—TURN.—On the 14th, Mr. Joseph Turn to Miss Mary Turn.

Let us hope they were good children both,
And honored well their loving mother.
We can't complain in such event,
For "one good turn deserves another."

MOORE—MOORE.—On the 1st, Mr. William Moore to Miss Maria Moore.

The happiness they will enjoy
Is great beyond degree;
But when they have a little "Moore,"
O, won't it greater be?

WILLIAMS—WILLIAMS.—On the 29th ult. Mr. William Williams to Miss Lizzie Williams, both of Williamstown.

"For further particulars see small bills."

Keep doing, always doing. Wishing, dreaming, intending, murmuring, talking; sighing and repining, are idle and profitless employments.

A SEVERE ANSWER.—A dandy strutting about a tavern took up a pair of green spectacles which lay on the table, put them on his nose, and turning to the looking glass, said, Landlord, how do those become me? Don't you think they improve my looks?' 'I think they do,' replied the landlord, 'they hide part of your face.'

American Watches.

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its use Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is, indeed, little else than a machine shop, the principal work in which is not more nor less than that upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course, there must be no defect in the principle of plan or the movement, no mistake in the sizes or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the reduplication of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough subdivision.

By means of multiplying guages and microscopes, tests and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools, and for faults and flaws in steel or stone, are made to accompany the work in every stage, from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a finished machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home.—Instead of sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the lightest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear ringing sound always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a time keeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The Company claim that by it they produce Watches that cannot be equalled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan, and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of Watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes to suit all tastes and means; but every Watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM" is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

☞ EVERY WATCH FULLY WARRANTED.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
No 182, Broadway, N.Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto and Montreal,
General Agents.

Toronto, Nov. 2, 1867 168-3m 40-3m

Business Cards,

AND all other kinds of Job Printing, executed with despatch, at the *Intelligencer* Office, Intelligencer Building, Front Street.

Great Bargains at

Wilson & Robertson's

THE following lines are now offered to the public:—

30 ps. all Wool Tweeds, 5s. for 3s 9d per yd.
25 " " " 5s 6d for 4s 6d "
40 " " " 5s 9d for 5s "

A large Assortment of Wool Shawls

A few ps. ALL WOOL Carpets,

AND A VARIETY OF OTHER GOODS.

In order to reduce our Stock, we offer these goods very much cheaper than they will be found elsewhere.

WILSON & ROBERTSON

HURRAH FOR

BARNUM'S

LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half-past 8 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12 noon.

RETURNING.—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 2 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

S. BARNUM,
Proprietor.

C. HORTON, Agent, Belleville.
S. GUSTIN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 29, 1867. p68

CANADA WEST

FARMERS' MUTUAL

AND

Stock Insurance Company.

THE Annual general meeting of the Members of "The Canada West Farmers' Mutual and Stock Insurance Company," will be held (pursuant to resolution adopted at the last annual meeting,) on Thursday, the 6th of February next, for the purpose of receiving the Annual Report, and of electing four Directors to serve in place of the late Jacob Binkley, deceased, H. J. Lawry, who retires, and William Burrell and Thomas Stock, whose term of office expires, but who are eligible for re-election.

RICHARD P. STREET,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Hamilton, January 24, 1868. 210 5w

Store-keepers; Farmers! And Others!

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM THE IMPORTERS DIRECT.

The Montreal Tea Company,

6 Hospital Street, Montreal,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to different parts of the country—and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOTEL, QUEBEC, January 7, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company;

GENTLEMEN.—The tea chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant.

WILLIS RUSSELL.

HOUSE OF SENATE, OTTAWA, Dec. 16, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company;

GENTLEMEN.—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

S. SKINNER.

QUEBEC, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company;

GENTLEMEN.—The box of 30 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 55 cents was of excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for.

Yours respectfully, D. ANDERSON.

TORONTO, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company;

GENTLEMEN.—The two chests of Tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton, one chest Fine Flavoured New Seasons Congou, at same price, viz.: at 55 cents per lb. Yours, &c.,

JAMES EDGAR.

FELCOME, December 23, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company;

GENTLEMEN.—The Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto; who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid 75 cents per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz.: at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant, JOHN T. DAY.

CORNWALL, January 8, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company;

GENTLEMEN.—I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, and suited the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another to 20 lbs. at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

The contributors to the "Medical Journ
have frequently declared that one half the
sons diseases are caused by drinking impu
Tea. The Company have carefully selec
and imported a supply of Teas that can be w
ranted pure and free from poisonous substa
in 50, 25, 20, 15, and 13 lbs. boxes.

BLACK TEA

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do. 55c., 60c., and 65c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c.; Sound Oolong, 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60c.; Very Fine do., 65c.; Finest Scented, 50c., 55c.; Very Fine, 60c.; Finest, 65c., 75c.; Scented Orange Pekoe, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankey Common, 38c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c.; 60c., 65c., and 70c.; Fine do., 75c.; Very Fine, 85c.; Superfine and very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c.; Extra Superfine do., $1.

All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., and marriage free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality, and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c. to 90c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by expressman, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of five chests and upwards.

All Boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

MOIRA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Capital Stock, $100,000. Divided into 10,000 Shares.

WORKING CAPITAL, $15,000.

HORACE YEOMANS, Esq., PRESIDENT. ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., TREASURER.
B. S. GILBERT, Esq., SECRETARY. J. G. SHURTZ, Esq., SUPERINTENDENT.

MERCHANTS' BANK, BANKERS. DEAN & GILBERT, SOLICITORS.

DIRECTORS:

HORACE YEOMANS, of Flint & Yeomans, Belleville.
ANDREW THOMSON, Banker, Belleville.
W. W. DEAN, Master in Chancery, Belleville.
JOHN G. SHURTZ, Superintendent.
JAMES LISTER, M.D., Belleville.
JAMES W. CARMAN, American Consul, Belleville.
BARTON S. GILBERT, of Dean & Gilbert, Barristers, Belleville.

THIS COMPANY is duly Incorporated under Cap. 28, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the purpose of working the mineral veins upon *sixteen* acres of Lot No. 19, in the fifth concession of Madoc, (the Richardson Mine being No. 18 in the same concession.)

A shaft has been sunk to the depth of nine feet in the rock. At six feet a gold-bearing lode was struck, of 18 inches in width, which at the bottom has increased to 2½ feet, and a crushing at Gilbert & Turley's mill of four and one-half tons of the rock, gave a yield of over fifty-six dollars in gold; the lode is clearly defined, and evidently extends the whole length of the property—52 rods.

The territory is admirably situated for mining purposes, being a high ridge covered with indications of mineral veins. There are numerous places on the land fully as promising as the one on which the shaft has been sunk, and which would unquestionably yield as well. The large quantity of land, and the prospects of other gold-bearing veins make it certain that the Company will be able to subdivide the property as soon as a little further development has been made, and form other Companies at great advantage.

Work is being vigorously prosecuted in the shaft, under the superintendence of JOHN G. SHURTZ, Esq., one of the Directors, who is largely interested in the proprietary of the mine, and who has had thirteen years' practical experience in the gold mines of California and Nevada, and is unquestionably the most accomplished quartz miner now in this country.

It is intended to have a further crushing in a few days, and negotiations are in progress which, if carried out, will secure a mill to the Company at once, so that regular work will be gone on with without delay, and dividends may, in that case, be expected in a short time.

Belleville, Jan. 27th, 1868. 228d-tf

India and China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or $1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb. Finest procurable, $1.00.
Protected by Trade Mark.

☞ Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.

August 16th, 1867. D90-1y W27-1y

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO. OF CANADA.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
INCORPORATED 1849.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - - - TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., President, LEWIS MOFFATT, Esq., Vice-President.
HON. MALCOLM CAMERON, A. T. FULTON, Esq., W. J. McDONELL, Esq.
C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq., H. S. HOWLAND, Esq. J. McGILLES, Esq.,
GEORGE CHAFFEY, Esq., A. R. McMASTER, Esq. A. M. SMITH, Esq.

SOLICITORS:—MESSRS. DUGGAN & BURNS.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on every description of property.

MARINE INSURANCES—Inland and to the Lower Ports, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the West Indies, and by steam vessels to Europe.

Rates as moderate as any other respectable Insurance Company.

F. McCANNANY, Esq., Agent, Belleville.
JAS. SIDNEY CROCKER, Manager.

November 12, 1867. 39w6m-165d6m

BELLEVILLE

AGRICULTURAL WORKS

AND

IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Threshing Machines,
STRAW CUTTERS,
WOOD SAWS, and
MILL GEARING.

Warranted Second to None in the Market.

Mar. 1, 1867. 1y

BRITISH PERIODICALS,

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review (Whig).
The Westminster Review (Liberal).
The North British Review (Free Church).
AND
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory.)

THESE periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stands unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews, - - - $4.00 per annum.
For any two of the Reviews, - - - 7.00 "
For any three of the Reviews, - - 10.00 "
For all four of the Reviews, - - - 12.00 "
For Blackwoods Magazine, - - - 4.00 "
For Blackwood and one Review, - - 7.00 "
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews, - - - 10.00 "
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews, - - - 13.00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews, 15.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of *twenty per cent.* will be allowed to Clubs of four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to *one address* for $12.80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $48.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is Twenty Cents a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums for New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868, will be entitled to receive, gratis, any one of the *Four Reviews* for 1867. New Subscribers to all five of the periodicals for 1868 may receive, gratis, Blackwood for any one of the *Four Reviews* for 1867.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1.50 a year for each or any Review; also, Blackwood for 1866 and 1867, for $2.50 a year, or the two years together for $4.00.

☞ Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to clubs, nor reduced prices for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted *direct to the Publishers.*

No premiums can be given to Clubs.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING Co.
140 Fulton St., N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the
FARMER'S GUIDE,
by HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1400 pages, and numerous Engravings.
Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid, $8.

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the *AMERICAN (WALTHAM) WATCH* have given it such a wide world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and printed its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found, who furtively trade upon the popularity of the American Watch, by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article. It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers and when bought for genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American Watches—except the lowest grade, marked Home Watch Co.—*are guaranteed by special certificate*, bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, E. E. ROBBINS.

The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine Watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH Co.

APPLETON, TRACY & Co.

WALTHAM WATCH Co.

P. S. BARTLETT.

WM. ELLERY.

HOME WATCH Co.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the General Superintendent,
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

GENTLEMEN.—The watches manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years by our engineers, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying your watches give us less trouble and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN.—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that Waltham watches are the most satisfactory of any for their uses. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have never known one to wear out, they must be long. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors, in my opinion it would greatly add to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto & Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS.

Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-3m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every afternoon (Sundays excepted) and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of $5 a year if paid in advance, or $6 otherwise. Mail subscribers $5 a year. $2 50 for 6 months; $1 50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgewater, Marmora and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the **Gold Regions,** and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., &c., and in short, neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months	$5 00
Half Square, 6 months	$10 00
One Square, 6 months	$20 00
Two Squares, 6 months	$30 00
Four Squares, 6 months	$50 00
Notices of Births	50
Do of Marriages	50
Do of Deaths	50

"BUSINESS NOTICES"—All matter under this heading, leaded or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of solid minion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can, by giving the privilege of changing their advertisements every two weeks.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion, and 2 cents for each additional insertion.

The Weekly Intelligencer

is published every Friday Morning at $2 per annum if called for at the Office, or sent by mail; and $2½ if delivered by the Carrier, payable in all cases in advance. When not paid until the close of the year, 50 cents will be added to each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, and the number now on our Subscription Books is over 1,400. With such a large and general circulation throughout this and adjoining Counties, the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed advantages to advertisers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Six lines and under, first insertion	0 50
Each subsequent insertion	0 12½
Above six lines (per line) first insertion	0 07
Each subsequent insertion per line	0 02

☞ "BUSINESS NOTICES" 20 cents per line each insertion, measured as solid minion.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to insure their appearance.

All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

The Intelligencer Job Office

Is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the country.

The DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER can be had at the Book Stores in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at Eldorado.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

M. BOWELL,
INTELLIGENCER BUILDING, } *Publisher*
Front street, Belleville.

Daily Intelligencer.

Let there be Harmony in things Essential—Liberality in things not Essential—Charity in all.

Vol. 1. BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, FRIDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 7, 1868. No. 238.

Montreal Business Directory.

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal.

DEPARTMENTS.

Braces.	Knitted Woolens.
Braids.	Laces.
Brushes and Combs.	Ladies Collars and Sets.
Buttons.	Straw Goods.
Corsets.	Small Wares in great
Elastics.	variety.
Felt Hats.	Threads.
Gent's Collars and Ties.	Trimmings & Ornaments
Hosiery and Gloves.	Umbrellas.
Velvet Ribbons, &c.	

HOOP SKIRTS.—our own Manufacture. 156-6m

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware Manufacturers,
MONTREAL.

KILN PLATES
AND
CASTINGS for BREWERIES.

Any parties about putting up new kilns for

MALT OR OATMEAL
will do well to correspond with the above.
156-6m.

BURROWS & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobaccos, &c., &c.
416 St. Paul St., Montreal.

☞Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 156-6m

PEAVEY & MARCH,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions,
And everything usually sold in a first class Grocery.
No. 244 Notre Dame Street, a few doors West St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

☞Every article warranted to be as represented or may be returned. Goods sent to any part of the City Free of Charge. 156-6m

HUNTER, DUFFY & JOHNSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
20 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 156-6m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, Proprietor,
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-6m

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
—St. Paul Street, Montreal.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, Collins Wharf, Halifax.

PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 289-6m-Wtm

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
278 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.
MAPS, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, Bills of Lading, Blank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards, in any number of colors, Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 27D6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c., &c., &c.,
26 Hospital St., - - - MONTREAL,
OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and
ON AS GOOD TERMS
as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.
J. C. FRANCK & Co.
July 27, 1867. 74d.

QUEEN
INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL, - - - - $10,000,000.
FIRE and LIFE.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers.—One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to **Ten per Cent** of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management **Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.**

The next division of profits takes place in 1868, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.

M. BOWELL,
Dr. CANNIFF, *Intelligencer Office.*
Medical Referee *Agent.*
May, 1867. 2D-6m.o.

Montreal Business Directory.

Frothingham & Workman,
MONTREAL,
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.

Warehouse and Offices 395 to 399, St. Paul St. Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c. May 1st. 1d-6m

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M. D.,
Consulting and Analytical Chemist,
630 Lagauchetiere Street, Montreal.

☞At home for consultation before 10 A. M., between 2 and 3, and after 6 P. M.

FEES FOR ANALYSES.—$5 a metal, payable in advance. 156-6m

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
203 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

☞Every description of Jewelry manufactured from Gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 2956m

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant.
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Agent for Walter Evans & Co. Sewing and Knitting Cottons, Derby, and J. M. Perry & Co.'s Gray's Patent Linen Fibre Collarss, Nottingham, England. 1D-6m

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER.
OFFICE: Corner of St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.
REFERENCE—Robertson & Beattie, Robert Esdaile, Esq., Jas Torrance, Esq. 31D3m

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT
And Commission Merchants,
49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street,
MONTREAL. 1D-6m

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant.
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods. 1D-6m

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 329 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 2956m

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.
THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is respectfully called to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.
E. MUIR,
Chemist and Druggist,
2956m Place D'Armes, Montreal.

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McCUAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
OFFICE.—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and 81 Common Street, Canal Wharf,
MONTREAL.

☞Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and all er Produce, and purchase of Merchandise. 2956m

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
100 Grey Nuns Street, Montreal,
HAVE FOR SALE—

Boiler Tubes,	Drain Pipes,
Gas Tubes,	Roman Cement,
Horse Nails,	Water Lime,
Paints and Putty,	Portland Cement,
Fire Bricks,	Paving Tiles,
Fire Clay,	Garden Vases,
Flue Covers.	Chimney Tops, &c.

☞Manufacturers of AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR, and BED SPRINGS. 24D6m

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.
LIBERAL advances made on consignments to ourselves, or for shipment to our friends in Great Britain and the Lower Port.
May 31st, 1867. 27D6m

A. ROBERTSON & Co.,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Manles, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosiery, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Cloaks, Canadian Woollens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons, Prints, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Muslins.
478 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St.,
MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro', C. W. 1D-6m

Important to Miners and
MINING MEN.
JOHNS' Patent Water-Proof Safety Fuse for WET GROUND and SUBMARINE BLASTING, is much cheaper than any other, and pronounced by Mining men much better than any imported.

Testimonials received from men well known in the mining and quarrying business of Canada and the United States; from Messrs. Morrill & Colby, Bennets, Whitwell Macfarland, Adams, Watson, Griffith, Wearn, and others.

☞All orders promptly attended to.
Address JOHNS & Co.,
150-3m Sherbrooke, Q.

TERRAPIN RESTAURANT
CHARLES PAPINEAU,
BEGS to inform the public that he has opened the TERRAPIN RESTAURANT, in Coleman's Building, next door to Dr. Coleman's Drug Store, and he has fitted it up in first class style, with every convenience. He will keep constantly on hand the best Ale and Porter, and the purest brands of Liquors.

☞Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c., always on hand.
Belleville, Oct. 16, 1867. 142-tf

CONCER BROS.
FEELING thankful for the very liberal patronage given them for the past year, beg to remind their customers and the public that having thoroughly
REFITTED THEIR STORE!
are now opening a well assorted stock of FRESH TEAS, SUGARS, SPICES, CURRANTS, RAISINS, FIGS, &c.
Special attention is called to their fine assortment of
Jams, Jellies, Canned and Bottled FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.
R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER.
Nov. 13th, 1867. 1dly



MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the
Canadian & United States Mails.
1867—Summer Arrangements.—1867.
Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.
Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.

This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undernoted First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double-Engine Iron Steamships:—

AUSTRIAN	2700 Tons,	Capt. Aitok.
NESTORIAN,	2700 "	Lt. Dutton, RNR.
MORAVIAN,	2650 "	Capt. Wylie.
PERUVIAN	2600 "	Capt. Ballantine.
HIBERNIAN,	2434 "	Capt. Brown.
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	2300 "	Capt. Allan.
NORTH-AMERICAN,	1734 "	Capt. Kerr.
BELGIAN,	2434 "	Capt. Orange.
DAMASCUS,	1600 "	Capt. Watts.

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL every THURSDAY, and from PORTLAND every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)

The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from PORTDAND as under:—

NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 25th Jan.
PERUVIAN,	Saturday, 1st Feb.
AUSTRIAN,	Saturday, 8th "
HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 15th "
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Saturday, 22nd "
MORAVIAN,	Saturday, 29th "
NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 7th March

ST. GEORGE from Portland, 21st February.
ST. ANDREW from Portland, 14th March.

☞Fares per "Nova Scotian," 11th January, from Scotland to St. Johns, N. F., $40. Steerage, $30; Steerage, $15.

Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway:—

CABIN, - - $60 20 to $90 20
(according to accommodation.)
STEERAGE, - - $32 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.
Berths not secured until paid for.
For particulars, apply to
J. W THOMPSON, Agent,
Canadian Express Office,
27D6m-16Wtv BELLEVILLE.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
For 1868.
THE CHEAPEST OF LADIES' MAGAZINES,
BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST.

THE friend of woman, the arbiter of fashion, the encourager and publisher of the best literature of the day, the pattern from which all others copy.

READING MATTER.

In this there will be an improvement. The volume for 1868 will be set up with new-faced type, and of a size that will enable us to give an additional quantity of reading matter amounting to about twelve pages in each number.

BEAUTIFUL STEEL PLATES.

Of these the Lady's Books contain *fourteen* each year, superior (we challenge comparison) to any published in this country, either in book or periodical.

THE LITERATURE OF THE LADY'S BOOK.
MARION HARLAND,
Authoress of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Moss Side," "Nemesis," and "Miriam,"
who contributes to no other monthly publication, will furnish a new novel for 1868, called "Phemie Rowland," which will run through the year. Her stories are anxiously sought after, and as they are copyrighted can be found nowhere but in Godey's. Our former efficient corps of writers has also been retained.

OUR FASHION PLATES.

The original double fashion-plates will be continued. Model Cottages.—The only magazine in this country that ever publishes designs of the Lady's Book. Drawing Lessons.—In this we are also alone.

Original Music.—Godey's is the only magazine in which music prepared expressly for it appears.

We have also a Children's, a Horticultural, and a Health department.

GODEY'S INVALUABLE RECEIPTS

upon every subject, for the Boudoir, Nursery, Kitchen, House, and Laundry.

Tinted Engravings.—This is a series of engravings that no one has attempted but ourselves.

Ladies' Fancy Work Department.—Some of the designs in this department are printed in colors in a style unequalled.

Terms for 1868.

One copy, one year, - - - - - -	$3 00
Two copies, one year, - - - - - -	5 00
Three copies, one year, - - - - - -	7 00
Four copies, one year, - - - - - -	10 00
Five copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making six copies - - - - - -	14 00
Eight copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making nine copies, - - - - - -	21 00
Eleven copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making twelve copies - - - - - -	27 00

Godey's Lady's Book and Arthur's Home Magazine will be sent one year on receipt of $4 00.

Godey's Lady's and The Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $3 50.

Godey's Lady's Book, Arthur's Home Magazine, and Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $5 00.

☞Canada subscribers must send 24 cents additional for every subscription to the Lady's Book, and 12 cents for either of the other magazines, to pay the American postage.

How to Remit.—In remitting by mail, a Post Office Order or a Draft, *payable to the Order of L. A. Godey*, is preferable to bank notes, as, should the Order or Draft be lost or stolen, it can be renewed without loss to the owner. If a Draft or a Post Office Order cannot be procured, send United States or National Bank notes.

Address L. A. GODEY,
N. E. Corner Sixth and Chestnut Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

Belleville Business Directory.

Maclellan & Maclellan,
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency Attorneys-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c, &c. Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Ross, Bell & Holden,
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville.
Hon. Jno. Ross. John Bell. Thos. Holden
1D6m. Wtf

Diamond & Dickson,
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c.
Office:—Neilson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
A. Diamond. Geo. D. Dickson.
1D-Wtf

A. R. Dougall,
BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.
Office over Overell's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.

Robertson & Stewart,
BARRISTERS and Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office,—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street,
Alex. Robertson. D. E. K. Stewart.
1D6m-Wtf

Legate & Price,
BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1D6m-Wtf

Geo. H. Raymes,
HATTER and Furrier, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs.
1D6m-Wtf

McLeod & Carre,
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURveyors, Architects, Draughtsmen and Patent Solicitors, 153½ Front Street, Belleville.
MACLEOD, GAVILLER, KENNEDY & Co.,
Madoc. 1D6m-Wtf

Pitcathly & Kelso,
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Law Partnership.
THE undersigned have this day entered into co-partnership under the name of Jellett & Bleasdell. Office—Corner of Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville.
R. P. JELLETT.
5th October, 1867. J. H. T. BLEASDELL.

Forrest & Lozo's
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Lazier's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 25D-tf

T. Lockerty,
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 29D5m

Ponton, Falkiner & Denmark
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

Angus McFee,
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellry and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1D6m

John Wilson,
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street, Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 1D6m

J. W. Brown,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

Geo. Gibson,
MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1D6m

J. C. Vapor,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

To Gold Miners.
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Swedes Iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. Wm. POWELL.
1D6m

McKeown & Robertson,
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

ALLSOP'S ALE,
Guinness' Stout,
Blood's Porter!!
IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT
1D6m **HAMBLY'S.**

BILL HEADS.
AND all other kinds of Job Printing, executed with neatness and despatch at the Intelligencer Office, Front Street, Belleville.

Rights of "American Citizens."

INTERESTING DEBATE IN THE UNITED STATES HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The question of affording protection to American citizens in foreign countries occupied the attention of the lower branch of Congress a portion of the time on Tuesday. Mr. Jencks, of Rhode Island, presented a bill, of which we have the following abstract:

It declares the rights or expatriation and naturalization as part of the public law of the United States, and requires the Executive Department to afford such protection as may be within its power to all American citizens transacting lawful business in all parts of the world, and to report at once to Congress any case where such right may be interfered with or denied in any foreign country, in order that the Government may intervene with effect. It also provides that American citizenship may be lost by naturalization in any foreign country, taking service under foreign Governments, or leaving the country without the intent to return. It excepts from the protection of the Government persons who expatriate themselves, who commit crimes in foreign countries, who have been abroad five years without paying taxes annually in the United States, who enter into the service of any belligerent contrary to the neutrality laws, who return to their native countries with the intent to resume domicile there, who shall have deserted from actual service in the army or navy in foreign states, or who have emigrated to avoid a conscription actually ordered.

Mr. Robinson, of New York, offered a resolution in reference to certain Fenians now under arrest in Ireland, as follows:

The resolution cited at considerable length facts and allegations in the case of Stephen J. Meany, John Warren, W. J. Nagle and other American citizens, arrested and imprisoned in Ireland, and requesting the President of the United States to institute immediate examination into the facts recited in the preamble, and if found true, to demand the immediate release of such American citizens as have been convicted for words or deeds spoken or done in the United States; to demand the immediate new trial or liberty for any American citizen denied his challenge to the array of the jury on the ground of perpetual allegiance; to demand the immediate release of W. J. Nagle, and if the demands are not complied with, to order the arrest and detention in custody of any subjects of Great Britain who may be found within the jurisdiction of the United States, and to withdraw all intercourse of the United States with Great Britain.

The Speaker asked whether there was any objection to the resolution being offered.

Mr. Bingham said he should object, unless the gentleman from New York changed the language of the resolution in some places. In the first place the resolution authorized the detention of any British subject—a direct violation of the law of nations. The gentleman should know that the persons of Ambassadors were, by the universal judgment of mankind, under the protection of law, and that no national exigency would justify the violation of the protection of their persons.

Mr. Robinson professed himself to be ready to modify, in any way to suit the sentiment of the House, which he knew to be sound. He was not particular about the language. He was willing to exclude Ministers, Consuls, Ambassadors, &c.

He subsequently permitted Mr. Pruyn to modify it by striking out the clause authorizing reprisals and substituting for it a direction to the President to report the facts to Congress without delay.

Mr. Banks remarked that there was no official information on which the resolution could be predicted or justified. He was informed by the State Department that the papers in these cases were voluminous, and that they would be prepared for the use of the House with the utmost expedition. He thought it best for all interested that no action should be taken till the papers were received.

Mr. Robinson said that the reason he asked for this action was that something should be done for those who without any crime, were lingering and rotting in British dungeons. He wanted to have the British lion taught that the time was past when it could trample upon American citizens. He wanted to have the President, Secretary of State and the American people roused from their lethargy on that subject. Members of the House would be unworthy of being American citizens if they slept one night while their flag was being lowered, and while the bird which should soar was in the gutter beneath the ignoble foot that trampled on it.

After some further discussion, objection being made to offering the resolution, Mr. Robinson moved to suspend the rules to allow him to offer. The rules were suspended—yeas 96, nays 39. The resolution was introduced.

Mr. Bingham said that this was a question which touched the peace of nations, and that it should be referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, with leave to report at any time. It struck him

that the resolution on its face put the issues of peace and war in the hands of the President. The House of Representatives could not transfer that power to any one. It was written in the resolution that the President should demand, unconditionally, the immediate release of certain persons. Now every one knows it was the right of every sovereignty to hold every man, of whatever nation or allegiance, to answer before its tribunal of justice for violation of its own laws within its own jurisdiction. He was willing to vindicate the sovereignty of the American people, but he was not willing that the President should be invested of that general power of demanding the immediate and unconditional release of an American citizen charged with crimes. There is no member—not even the member who introduced the resolution—who could say, on his oath as a representative of the people, that the persons named in the resolution was not held to answer for crimes committed within the jurisdiction of England. If they were so held, they must continue to be so held. He trusted the gentleman (Robinson) would see the importance of referring the question to the Committee on Foreign Affairs. It was a matter which touched the peace of the republic. Were they going to set up a miserable precedent that a subject of England, or of France, or of any other power, could commit crime with impunity within the jurisdiction of the United States? For himself, he claimed that whoever, from any quarter of the world, evaded an American law within its jurisdiction should be held to answer for it before American tribunals of justice; and what he claimed for the United States he conceded to all other nations.

Mr. Robinson said, in reply to one of Mr. Bingham's remarks, that some of the persons referred to in his resolution were held for words spoken and acts done in the United States, and referred to the statement by Baron Fitzgerald on the trial of Stephen J. Meany that that was so, and that there were enough men there (meaning Ireland) to delay until eternity's bell rung the vindication of the rights of American citizens.

Mr. Bingham reminded Mr. Robinson that without an authenticated copy of the record the House could not know what the Judge said on that trial.

Mr. Robinson held that the statement having appeared in the Dublin *Irishman*, and never having been contradicted, was to be taken as true, and he asked how long were American citizens—over a hundred in number, and equal in intelligence to men surrounding him—to be kept within the grasp of the British lion?

Mr. Robinson moved the previous question.

The House refused to second the previous question, and, on motion of Mr. Banks, the resolution was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs by a vote of 80 to 37.

Miscellaneous Items.

Joseph Smith's widow has received by a revelation from the soul of her departed husband a revised edition of the Mormon bible, and it has just been published at Plano, Illinois.

A woman in Monouk, Illinois, caught her husband trying to commit suicide by hanging, and after cutting him down and resuscitating him she gave him a good thrashing, which he richly deserved.

During the year 1867, 15 passengers and 41 employees were killed on the railroads of Massachusetts, and 41 persons killed while walking or riding upon the track.—The number of passengers killed the previous year was 15; employees 35.

We find a fish story in a western paper. Beaver Lake, Wisconsin, froze over wholly this year with only one small air hole, to which the fish crowded in such numbers that they were pushed out upon the ice, so that the farmers carried them off by the sled loads to feed to their hogs.

Thirty years ago there was but one Homœopathic physician in New England. In 1857 there were one hundred and twenty in Massachusetts alone, while at the present time there are two hundred and fifty-one, showing an increase of over one hundred and ten per cent in ten years.

Private letters received from Chicago state that Mrs. Lincoln is insane beyond all doubt. She recently sold all the furniture in her house, and has two old men as a body-guard, believing she will be robbed and murdered. Her mania is for selling, and a dread lest she should come to want.

The New York *Express* contains the following bit at one of the negro conventions: "The attempts to knock each other down with chairs, recently made by the members of the Virginia Destructive Convention, show conclusively that every delegate wants to be Chairman of that body."

Hint for the Water Department: The Newcastle, N. B. *Union Advocate* says: It has been the practice heretofore of cutting holes in the ice, covered by puncheons, in three or four places in front of that town, and employing a man to keep the same clear, so that a supply of water in case of fire might easily be obtained.

A benevolent lady went to visit a family who were said to be almost starving. She found them half clad, cold, and not a morsel of food in the house. "What do you most need? What would you like to have?" she asked the mother of the family. "Why, I did a'most want a head dress, they're so becoming!"

"Will you have a 'Daily Sun'?" said a newsboy to Mrs. Partington. "Will I have a daily son? Why, you scapegrace, how dare you insinuate against a lone woman from home? No, indeed, I guess I won't have a daily son! My poor dead man used to complain awfully when I presented him with a yearly son. A daily son, indeed! Begone, you little upstart imp!"

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West,	7.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West,	8.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going West,	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train,	6.30 P. M.
Noon Express going East,	12.08 P. M.
Night Express going East,	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East,	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train,	9.30 P. M.

Montreal Time.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, FRIDAY, FEB. 7.

NOVA SCOTIA.—In the Nova Scotia Lower House, yesterday, notice was given of a resolution, favoring the withdrawal of Nova Scotia from the Canadian confederation.

CANADIAN DAIRYMAN'S ASSOCIATION.—The first annual meeting of the Canadian Dairyman's Association took place in the Town Hall, Ingersoll, on Wednesday last. About two hundred dairymen were present from various parts of Ontario. An animated discussion occurred on various practical questions connected with cheese, eliciting free comparison of opinions and experience. Mr. X. A. Willard, of the Utica *Herald*, delivered an able and interesting address.

THE SILVER MOVEMENT.—We, the Montreal *News*, understand that the movement for the exportation of Silver has now assumed a definite shape, and that the shipments will commence immediately. The discount on silver has already fallen to four per cent., or nearly one per cent, since the movement commenced. In Kingston on Saturday last, the *News* says, the discount on silver was five per cent. On Monday our merchants were awaiting the effect of the shipments at Montreal and would not pay this heavy per centage. The discount has since fallen to 4½ and 4 per cent., the same as in Montreal. The decline is altogether to be attributed to the movement in Montreal, and forms a strong reason for merchants in other cities aiding the movement going on in the commercial capital.

ONTARIO.—An exchange speaking of the prosperity of this part of the Dominion, says: In very many respects Upper Canada is highly favored. Among other reasons for thankfulness, we have plenty of wholesome food, and there are not many in this Province who have to go hungry to sleep. But this is far from being the case throughout the world. We hear of terrible destitution in the Southern States; from India the cry of distress reaches us, owing to the failure of the rice crops; in Old London, while we write, nearly a million souls are living solely upon public and private charity. People are dying by thousands for want of bread in Tunis. Of Nova Scotia our readers are already informed. And the British Consul in Finland appeals for aid for the people of that country. Moss, the bark of trees, and pea straw, are being eagerly devoured; the long and dreary Finnish winter has set in, and the cries of starving women and children are described as truly heartrending. Let Canadians tempted to repine at their lot be rather thankful that they are, comparatively speaking, so happily circumstanced.

Ontario Legislature.

THURSDAY, FEB. 6TH.

A number of Petitions and Bills were introduced.

A long debate took place upon a question of privilege, the members generally complaining of the manner in which their speeches had been reported by some of the city dailies.

Dr. Boulter enquired of ministers at what time it was the intention of the government to open the mineral and other Crown lands for sale. The question was laid over till Monday.

Dr. Boulter enquired of ministers whether it was the intention of the government to include in this years estimates the college and other educational grants heretofore granted to such institutions in Upper Canada. Mr. Macdonald said the matter was under consideration.

Mr. McLeod moved for an address to His Excellency for a return showing the indebtedness of Counties, &c. Mr. Cameron said it might be some time before the return could be procured, as there was a conflict of opinion as to whether the returns should be made to this House or to the Government at Ottawa.

The House went into committee of the whole on the bill introduced by Mr. Mitchell relating to commissioners of affidavits. The bill was considered in committee and passed.

Mr. Rykert moved the House into Committee of the Whole on certain amendments to the Municipal Assessment Act. After a few amendments having been made by different members, the Committee rose and obtained leave to sit again on Wednesday next.

The second reading of the Atty. Gen.'s Bill relating to Registrars, &c., was carried.

The Ontario College Bill was read a third time and passed.

Mr. Cameron presented, by command of His Excellency, returns of all papers and documents relating to the dismissal of Mr. Hammond, the Registrar for Bruce; also a return of all fees paid by the Registrars of Counties in Ontario, and the names and residences of such Registrars.

The House adjourned at six o'clock till to-morrow.

Gold News.

James Maitland, Esq., of Tudor, has shown us the following certificate of an assay made from quartz obtained from lots 96–97, free grants. The rock was taken from a mine which Mr. Maitland has been working for a short time back, at a depth of six feet, and in which gold was not visible. The yield is large, and we congratulate Mr. Maitland on his prospective good fortune:

TORONTO, Feb. 5th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I have this day made an assay for Mr. Maitland, and from two ounces of quartz I obtained 2 grains of silver, which is equal to 12 oz. 16 dwts. 16 grs. to the ton, value $17 20; also from the same, one-fifth of a grain of gold, which is equal to 6 oz. 1 dwt. to the ton—value $121.

E. MORRISON.

History of the Settlement of the Bay of Quinte.

We are glad to understand that this work, which our fellow townsman Dr. Canniff has been engaged in preparing for a few years past, as he could find spare time, is almost ready for the press. As it will embrace an account of the causes which led to the settlement of Upper Canada, as well as the events connected with the early years of the Province, besides a more particular notice of the Bay region, every family should be possessed of a copy, so that each youth may learn the story of his country's birth, how the pioneers—the noble U. E. Loyalists—struggled, suffered and finally succeeded.

To the Editor of The Intelligencer.

SIR.—I beg to call attention to a Bill before the Ontario Legislature, to amend the Common Law Procedure Act in regard to Sheriffs poundage on executions, and in order to do so will give a copy of the clause in the Act showing the law as it is, and also the proposed clause to be substituted.

1st. The present clause.

"In case a part only be levied on any execution against goods and chattels the Sheriff "shall be entitled to poundage, only on the "amount so levied, whatever be the sum endorsed on the writ; and in case the *real* or "personal estate of the defendant be seized "or advertised on an execution, but not sold "by reason of satisfaction having been otherwise obtained, or from some other cause, "and no money be actually levied on such "execution, the Sheriff shall not receive "poundage, but fees only for the services *actually rendered*, and the Court out of "which the Writ issued, or any Judge there- "of in vacation may *allow him a reasonable "charge for any service rendered in respect "thereof in case no special fee be assigned in "any table of costs.*"

2nd. The proposed substituted clause.

"In case a part only be levied or made on, "or by force of any execution against goods "and chattles, the Sheriff shall be entitled "to poundage only upon the amount so levied "or made whatever, be the sum endorsed "upon the Writ, and in case the personal "estate of the defendant or defendants, is "seized or advertised on, or under an execu- "tion, but not sold by reason of satisfaction "having been otherwise obtained, or from "some other cause, and no money be actually "levied *or made on, or by force of such execution*, the Sheriff shall be entitled to the "expenses of execution and poundage only "*on the value of the property seized*:—Provided, also, in cases of Writs of execution upon "the same judgment to several Counties "wherein the personal estate of the judg- "ment, debtor or debtors, has been seized or "advertised, but not sold by reason of satis- "faction having been obtained under or by "virtue of a Writ in some other County, and "no money has been actually levied or made "on such execution, the Sheriff shall not be "entitled to poundage, but to mileage and "fees only for the services actually rendered "and performed by him, and the Court out of "which the Writ issued or any Judge thereof, "may allow him a reasonable charge for such "services, in case no special fee therefor be "assigned on any table of costs."

Suppose, on an execution for $500, a store of goods of the value of $10,000 were seized, and the parties settle, or defendant gives security and the Sheriff withdraws without further trouble, as the law now stands, he is allowed "*a reasonable charge for any service rendered in respect thereof*." That seems fair and just to all parties. But under the new clause in the case put, "the sheriff is entitled to demand poundage" on the value of the property seized viz. $10,000. That is a monstrous proposition, which, it is to be hoped, no body of men will entertain for a moment.

That part of the new clause as to the Sheriff's fees in one county, where the money has been made in another, is quite right, but the amendment was unnecessary, as the Courts, on application, allow what is reasonable.

It is not necessary for Mr. Coyne to come to the rescue of the Sheriffs. If they are not satisfied with the fees they receive, let them resign, and give place to men quite competent and more willing to do Sheriffs' duties for the fees as the law now stands.

The Chief Justice of Upper Canada intimated in a late case against a Registrar who exacted too much fees, "If Registrars are "not satisfied with what the law allows, let "them resign to more honest men, worthy "and competent to perform the duties for "the legal fees." JUSTICE.

Belleville, 7th Feb., 1868.

—Newfoundland dogs are trained in New York to deposit infants on the door-steps of respectable citizens.

—The breaking of a coal oil lamp in Ottumwa, Iowa, on the 21st of January, caused the loss of property worth $300,000.

—Eleven steamers left New York on Saturday, carrying 1101 passengers. One of the most remarkable coincidences connected with the fact is that none of the steamers carried any specie.

FROM MADOC.

From our own Correspondent.

MADOC, Feb. 5th, 1868.

Considerable excitement prevails throughout this region just now with reference to gold and gold prospects, and a general impression seems to prevail at last that this is a gold country. Looking back over the past, one cannot help thinking that injustice may have been done to some parties who, after all, have really done much to develope this country. I allude particularly to Mr. Geo. D. Wyckoff and Dr. Otway. They came here at a time when there was a general depression, and the result of their efforts was to stimulate the community into increased activity. Of course —making, as I do, no pretensions to either practical or scientific knowledge in connection with the finding of gold in quartz or rock of any kind—it is impossible for me to decide as to the correctness of those assays that have come under my notice, and must only judge by the results of the crushing mills. Assays of rock purporting to give a yield of from $80 to $500 to the ton have not been unfrequent from the above named gentlemen, and from that fact have been unceremoniously condemned by practical miners from other gold fields, who were satisfied to hear of $8, $10, $15 and $20 to the ton. The mills have given no such results, and, to a certain extent, confirm a disbelief in such large assays. But when you take the wide extent of country from which the various samples of rock have been taken, and find that the mills do prove the existence of gold throughout as large a territory as the assays indicate, you feel inclined to look for a reasonable explanation of the difference, and place some weight on the reasons given by the parties themselves. They say that the best piece of rock which can be selected is, as a rule, brought to be tested, and that it often happens that a small piece of rock may be exceedingly rich, while a ton would be comparatively poor. I think we are bound to give them the benefit of the doubt, and to do as they ask us—await the practical development.

A great deal of confidence is felt just now in the assays of Mr. W. C. Sinnett, mining engineer, of the village of Madoc, and one thing is certain, that out of the large number of tests made by him, I have heard of nothing that would seem to be in the extravagant line, though that may arise from caution in securing a more general sample of the rock required to be assayed. Mr. Smith's assays average, in tells me, from two to five per day, and so far in most instances when it has been tried, the crushers have confirmed them. Mr. Scott, of the firm of Daniels, Scott & Taylor, has also given very satisfactory results in his tests, and he gets credit for an amount of scientific knowledge that gives great weight to his certificates. Any way you may take it or look at the results of the large number of assays made by the different gentlemen who have given certificates, one thing is certain—they have had very much to do in inducing increased efforts in searching after precious metals, and in bringing about the present satisfactory state in connection therewith.

To the Gold Inspector, too, I think the people of this region are very much indebted. The considerate manner in which he has used the power placed in his hands, and the kindness and urbanity shown to all parties with whom he comes in contact, and the discretion in not forcing upon the people the provisions of the present obnoxious mining law, entitles him to the thanks of the community. To have contended to press the collection of the miners license fee, or to insist on the payment of license from the crushing mills, would have been simply to have put back this mining district six months.

The crushing mills are telling first-rate results. Messrs. Scott & Taylor have lately crushed some rock from back of Kingston, which yielded $12 to the ton; and Messrs. Gilbert & Turley state that out of the last fortnight's work they have not crushed a single ton that did not yield gold, the returns running from $2 to $40.

As a result, an increased number of parties are exhibiting nuggets of gold. Among the rest, a Mr. Thompson, from Lot 27, in the 8th con. Madoc, had a yield of $17 to the ton; A. B. Ross & Bro., from Lot No. 11, 1st con. Elzevir, $11; the Caledonian Company, from the east half Lot No. 1, 6th con. Madoc, $10.

The hotels all appear to be doing a good business. The North American and Hastings House, though having a powerful rival in the Huffman House, continue to keep a fair share of the business. The fact is the landlords of our village have been noted, and justly so, for their attention to their guests, and anyone having shared their hospitality are not likely soon to forget it.

A very handsome sword, belt, and sword hilt, was presented to Captain Rawe, of the Madoc Volunteers, by the officers and men of his company, on Monday evening. There was an oyster supper the same evening at the Hastings House, where the presentation was made. Mr. Moon done himself justice in the manner in which the supper was got up. It is never a fault of Mr. Moon's, that anything of this kind, that he has anything to do with, is underdone—his fault is generally in the opposite direction.

While watching the developments of the gold district, we are very likely to overlook other matters quite as important, and which a short time ago would have excited considerable interest. For instance, Mr. John White, of this village, has erected an extensive foundry and machine shop, and is in a fair way of being in a position to compete with your Belleville foundries, not only in the manufacture of ploughs, reapers, &c., but also in getting up machinery for crushing mills. The building is made of stone, the main part being 54 feet by 30 feet, two stories high, with a wing 67 feet by 30 feet. The main building is used for a finishing and carpenter's shop, and the wing for a moulding and blacksmith's shop. In this he has an engine of very superior make, of 15 horse power, to which is attached shafting 35 feet in length. He has also a planing mill in the same building.—The foundry will make its first melt on Monday next, and Mr. White expects also to have the whole establishment in full blast by next spring. More power to his elbow is the wish of every one who desires to see the village prosper.

GRANITE.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

VIENNA, Feb. 6.—The Vienna *Dabatte*, a semi-official journal, asserted that the Czar Alexander, acting upon the suggestion of Prussia, has protested with the other European powers against the extensive armament going on in the principality of Servia. The same paper says the recent appearance of a number of armed bands in the province of Bulgaria is calling attention to affairs on the Danube, and adds that Prince Metternich, the Austrian ambassador at Paris, has been instructed by his government to press upon the Marquis de Moustier, the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, the immediate consideration of the subject.

LISBON, Feb. 6.—The King and Queen of Portugal and their suite, while returning from a hunting party near Braza, were fired upon from the road side. The guards returned the fire, killing some of the assailants and wounding others; the royal party then rode rapidly into town. The King and Queen were unhurt.

LONDON, Feb. 7, 11:15 a. m.—Bonds quiet at 71⅞ to 71¾; Erie 47¾; I C 87¾; Consols 91¾ to 91¾.

LONDON, February 7, 1:20 p. m.—Bonds 71¾; I C 87¾; A & G W 25.

LIVERPOOL, February 7, 11:15 a. m.—Cotton active and firmer; prices unchanged; stock in port 340,000 bales, whereof 184,000 are American. Other articles unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, February 7, 1:20 p. m.—Cotton active and higher; sales at 8d for Uplands and 8¼d for Orleans; Peas 45s; Lard 54s.

PARIS, February 7.—The bullion in the Bank of France for the week is 21,000,000 francs; Bourse firmer; Rentes higher.

American Despatches.

NEW YORK, February 7.—The *Herald's* Havana special has advices from the city of Mexico to the 29th ult. Forced loans had been made in the city of Guadalajara, and had driven the merchants to desparation. Many kidnappers had been captured and shot. Increasing complaints were still made of the insecurity of the roads. Gen. Noriega had gathered over 100 adherents, but was unsuccessful in skirmishes with the government troops. Three hundred dollars each was offered to the American legation, in cash, in lieu of a thousand dollars worth of land for their services during the war.

The *Herald's* special from Hayti says, the French clergy have ex-communicated Salnave on the ground that he had established a sort of Fetish religion. The British Government refused to recall the British legation at the demand of President Salnave. There was a general dissatisfaction and even consternation at the rumors of Senor Pujol's mission to the United States, for the sale of Samana.

The *Herald's* St. Domingo special says: The people and public officials were protesting against the negotiations for the alienation of Samana. All decrees since June last had been pronounced null. A provisional triumvirate had been proclaimed, its powers were to last until the return of Baez.

The *Herald's* Kingston, Jamaica special says, the assent which the Presbyterians manifested towards ex-governor Eyre's policy is represented as having prevented a meeting among the blacks, threatened at Christmas.

MEMPHIS, February 6.—Considerable excitement prevails over the failure of the Gayoso Bank among the working classes. Six depositors attempted to hang the cashier.

NASHVILLE, February 6.—An accident occurred on the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad yesterday, by which a portion of a freight train was destroyed and 200 feet of the road torn up. Several employees were severely injured, but no lives lost.

NEW YORK, February 7.—The *Times'* Washington special says: The reported intention of the Reconstruction Committee to pursue the charges against the President in the Grant correspondence to the extent of presenting articles of impeachment, are greatly exaggerated. It is said that the President's reply to Grant's last letter will contain a statement, over the signatures of the members of the Cabinet, of what Grant said at the Cabinet meeting on the 14th January, and the President will also remind General Grant that his language smacks strongly of insubordination and is disrespectful in character, tending to demoralize the service of which he is the distinguished head. At a caucus of Republicans this morning it was decided to push forward the Edmunds Bill on impeachment.

—Twelve million bushels of oysters were dug last year from the oyster beds of Maryland.

—Reed & Wright is the name of a Wisconsin newspaper firm.

—Cactuses have been found in Arizona forty and even fifty feet in height, and resembling a cigar.

—Three newsmen were arrested in Philadelphia, on Friday, for selling the *Last Sensation*. They were bound over for trial.

—The Singer sewing machine manufactory in New York city, turns out 1200 machines a week, and employs 1000 workmen.

—A bashful couple were married at a hotel in Sigourney, Iowa, Friday, and at night, with the strictest regard to propriety, occupied separate rooms.

—Charleston, S. C., now has a population of only fifteen thousand. Before the war it contained sixty thousand.

—The Chicago *Evening Post* says that the reason why the late great fire in that city spread so rapidly was the fact that the burned buildings had heavy wooden cornices.

—A court in England has given a decision against the legality of locking railway passengers into the cars, a custom which universally prevails in that country, although it has been the occasion of many accidents.

—On Friday night last Mr. John Dubois and family, a wife and three children, of Newburg, New York, were precipated through a bridge, which gave way beneath the sleigh in which they were riding, and one child was drowned. Parties coming to the rescue found Mrs. Dubois standing in water up to her waist, with her infant raised aloft in her arms.

—Destitute people are coming from the United States in search of employment in Canada. Six arrived in Hamilton on Sunday night, having come on foot from Suspension Bridge, and after being accommodated with lodgings at the police station, a portion continued the route for Chatham, where they were in hopes of securing employment at cutting cord-wood.

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, Feb 7.

Commercial Bills..... 98 to 99
Greenbacks, buying at..... 69½ " 70
" selling at..... 71
Bank of Upper Canada Bills..... 63
Silver, buying at..... 44
" selling at..... 4
Gold opened at 141½; closed at 142¾.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, Belleville, Feb. 7, 1868.

FALL WHEAT—$1 60 to $1 65.
SPRING WHEAT—$1 50 to $1 60.
BARLEY—$90 to $95.
RYE—firm at $1 00 to $1 05.
OATS—60c.
PEAS—demand only for local use at 90c to 95c.
BUCKWHEAT—60c to 75c.
BEEF—Dull at $5 50 $6
PORK—$5 50 to $6 00. Heavy Pork $6 3o.
MUTTON—3c to 5c per pound.
BUTTER—18c to 22c.
EGGS—18c to 20c.
HIDES—$6.50 to $7.00.
SHEEPSKINS—dull at 50c to 65c.
CALFSKINS—8c ₱ lb.
TALLOW—Rough, 5c; rendered, 8c.
WOOL—25c.
POTATOES—60 to 65c.
APPLES—$3 30c to $4 00
HAY—$10 to $16.
CHEESE—10c.
CORN—70c to 80c.
FLOUR—No 1, $7 50 ₱ bbl.
PEARLS—$4 50 to $4 75.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.

MONTREAL, Feb. 7, 1867.
1 P. M.

FLOUR.—Superior Extra.....	$8 00	@	8 25
Extra.....	7 90	@	8 00
Fancy.....	7 60	@	7 75
Welland Canal Superfine ...	7 50	@	7 65
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat,	7 50	@	7 65
" " 1 Western Wheat,	7 50	@	7 65
" " 2 " "	7 10	@	7 25
Bag Flour.....	3 60	@	3 85
WHEAT.—Canada Fall.....	0 00	@	0 00
Spring.....	1 70	@	0 00
Western.....	0 00	@	0 00
OATS.—Per 32 lbs.....	0 46	@	0 47
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs.....	0 90	@	1 00
BUTTER—Dairy.....	0 14	@	0 18
" Store Packed.....	0 14	@	0 18
ASHES—Pots.....	5 20	@	5 22½
Pearls.....	5 75	@	5 80
PORK—Mess.....	19 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess.....	14 00	@	00 00
Prime.....	13 00	@	00 00
DRESSED HOGS.....	5 75	@	6 12½
PEAS.....	0 87	@	0 88
RYE FLOUR.....	5 95	@	6 00

Flour market very quiet, but rates firm with small business done. Grain nominally unchanged; no sales. Provisions: Pork steady. Hogs—for consumptive demand. Butter—enquiry choice; good demand. Ashes neglected and nominal.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, February 7.

Cotton firmer at 19¾c to 19¾c.
Flour dull; receipts 3,200 barrels; sales 4,300 bbls at $8 25 to $9 00 for superior state and western; $9 70 to $10 75 for common to choice extra State; $9 40 to $11 75 for common to choice extra western; $9 70 to $13 75 for common to choice round hooped Ohio.
Rye flour steady at $7 25 to $9 25.
Wheat 1c to 2c lower; sales 16,000 bushels at $2 43 for No 2 Chicago spring delivered; $2 81 for wintered Canada; $2 82 for amber state.
Rye quiet; receipts 400 bushels.
Corn dull; receipts 37,510 bushels; sales 38,000 bushels at $1 25 to $1 27 for new mixed western afloat.
Barley scarce and firm.
Oats dull and heavy; receipts 6,200 bush; sales 13,000 bushels at 85¾c for Western in store.
Pork dull at $21 31 to $21 37 for old mess; $20 50 to $22 56 for new do.
Lard firm at 13c to 14¾c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.

Stocks very active.
Sterling Exchange, 60 days, 109¾.
Gold 142¾.
The *Post* says that loans are unchanged. Stocks dull. Governments well sustained. R R's better.
Gold closed 142¾.

Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
February 7, 1868.

IMPORTS.—3 cars merchandise.
EXPORTS.—3 cars merchandise.

☞ Ticket Office for Great Western Railway, opposite the Market, Front-St. Tickets issued to Milwaukee, Chicago, New Orleans, Omaha City, Nebraska Territory, Fort Riley, Kansas, Cheyenne, Dacotah, Denvis Colorado, and all points West. Fare received either in Greenbacks or current funds.
R. P. DAVY, AGENT.
217-1y

ARE YOU INSURED?

THE WESTERN, of Toronto, Fire and Marine Assurance Company, are prepared to effect risks in both branches, through their Agent, A. WEBSTER, on the most reasonable terms.
☞ All claims promptly settled.
OFFICE—In Charters & Webster's Drug Store.
Belleville, June 21, 1867. 43D 19w1

HUFFMAN HOUSE,

MADOC, ONTARIO.

HUFFMAN & SON, Proprietors,
(LATE OF PETERBOROUGH.)

☞ Every attention paid to travellers. House and furniture entirely new. 125-tf 99y

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LEXINGTON, Missouri, May 28, 1868.
MESSRS. J. N. HARRIS & CO.:
DEAR SIRS—I have made Allen's Lung Balsam pretty well known in our city and country, and have sold about all the four dozen bottles sent me in March last; and I find that persons who try the Balsam once, come back again for more, as it gives them satisfaction; and I recommend it in preference to any other medicine for Coughs and Colds. Please send me six dozen bottles as soon as possible.
I am, yours, &c.,
THOMAS J. FLETCHER, Druggist.

P. S.—I sell more Allen's Lung Balsam, than all other cough remedies together, and it gives general satisfaction.
Sold by all Family Medicine dealers.
☞ Perry Davis & Son, Agents for the Dominion of Canada. 51-4w 237-4w

R. R. R. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Is the only vegetable Remedy, in liquid form, that will cure at once all Bilious Attacks, Fevers, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Headache, Spasms, Diptheria, Influenza, Kidney and Bladder Diseases. One application will in a few minutes afford immediate comfort.

Sisters of Mercy, Dorchester St., Montreal, C.E., Hospital of the Sisters of Mercy.
DR. RADWAY: I certify that your Ready Relief has cured over one hundred of our sick from Chills, Vomiting, Headaches, Internal Pains, &c., &c.
One of our Sisters had the Rheumatism in her head for a great many years. Having taken a few spoonsful of Relief in water, and rubbing her head twice with the same medicine, she was perfectly cured, and never felt it since. I always use it for Dyspepsia and for Colds, and always with success. It is very useful for Sore Throat, Coughs Influenza, Dipheria, &c. It has a good effect in Flatulence or Wind Cholic. I use it for foul breath, and it produces a marvellous effect. In short, it procures relief altogether remarkable to our invalids.
SISTER MARY DE BONSECOURS.

Sudden Colds, Coughs, Influenza, Dipheria, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Chills, Fever and Ague, Mercurial Pains, Scarlet Fever, &c., &c. Take from four to six of Radway's Pills, and also take a teaspoonful of the Ready Relief in a glass of water, sweetened with sugar or honey; bathe throat, head and chest with Ready Relief (if Ague or Intermittent Fever, bathe the spine also); in the morning you will be cured.
See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1868.—R. R. R. sold by all druggists. 51-2t 237-2w

BAY STATE MINING CO'Y.

STOCK-HOLDERS in the above Company can now exchange their old scrip for new, on application to
F. H. ROUS,
Secretary.
Belleville, Feb. 7th, 1868. 238-6t

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO, } In the County Court
County of Hastings. } of the County of Hastings.
In the matter of ALBERT MORTON, An Insolvent.

ON the Nineteenth day of February next, the undersigned will apply to the Judge of the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.
ALBERT MORTON,
By DEAN & GILBERT,
His Attornies, *ad litem.*
Dated at Belleville, in the County of Hastings, this 7th day of December, A D, 1867.

THE undersigned Assignee will, at the same time, apply for his discharge from the office of assignee in this matter. The final account is open for inspection at his office, Front street, Belleville.
GEO. D. DICKSON,
Assignee.
Belleville, Feb. 7, 1868.

PRIVATE BILLS.

ON the re-assembling of the Parliament of Canada, in March, Petitions for Private Bills will be received, in the House of Commons, until Thursday, the 2nd of April following.
W. B. LINDSAY,
Clerk, House of Commons.
February 4, 1868. 238

NOW READY,

THE

Queen's New Book,

Journal in the Highlands.

PRICE, $1.25.

E. HARRISON.

Belleville, Feb. 1, 1868. 233-tf

Notice of Partnership.

WE HAVE this day admitted William Jones, of Belleville, as partner into our firm.
A. S. PAGE & CO.
Belleville, Jan. 15, 1868. 218-1m

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Messrs. WALLACE & FORDYCE as Photographers, in the Town of Belleville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
(Signed.) D. J. WALLACE.
ED. FORDYCE.
Belleville, December 4th, 1867.

THE undersigned having purchased Mr. Fordyce's interest in the Gallery, will hereafter conduct the business on his own account. His long experience and thorough knowledge of the business will enable him to satisfy all who give him a call.
ROOMS:—Over Graham and Grainger's Store.
ENTRANCE:—Two doors South of Holden's Drug Store.
D. J. WALLACE.
Belleville, Dec. 4th, 1867. 185-ThST

Partner Wanted.

WANTED, as equal partner in a light and profitable manufacturing business, a good responsible man, with some capital to invest.
For particulars enquire at 224, or at the office of S. B. Burdett, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Front St., Belleville.
Belleville, Jan. 27, 1868. 226-tf

DIARIES, DIARIES, FOR 1868,

AT

J. C. OVERELL'S,

TURNBULL'S BLOCK,
180 FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

The X-Mas No. of the ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS,

IS NOW READY.

ALSO,
BOUND NUMBERS OF
British Workman,
Band of Hope Review,
Children's Friend,
Infant's Magazine,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
LEISURE HOUR, SUNDAY AT HOME, &c., &c.,
AT
J. C. OVERELL'S,
OPPOSITE THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE.
FRONT STREET,
BELLEVILLE.
January 4, 1868. 209

Horses, Carriages, &c., FOR SALE.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS
TAKEN AT PAR.
Apply to
H. PRETTY,
Opposite the Market.
Belleville, Oct. 22, 1867. 147-tf

A SPLENDID

ASSORTMENT OF

FLANNELS,

GENT'S

FURNISHING GOODS,

&c., &c.,

JUST RECEIVED,

AT

J. MUIR & CO.'S.

REMOVAL.

N. MANN begs to notify the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to the Dafoe House Building, where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many more, who will favor him with their patronage.
Belleville, Dec. 27, 1867.

BOARDING.

MRS. McKENZIE can accommodate a few permanent boarders; also, some daily boarders.
RESIDENCE—Pinnacle Street, opposite the market.
Belleville, Nov. 18, 1867. 170-tf

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THIS BANK is prepared to issue drafts, receive deposits, and grant interest receipts at the office of the Commercial Bank in Belleville.
Mr. THOMSON will be happy to see his old friends.
Belleville, Jany. 23, 1868. 225-tf

THE CHURCH UNION

IS THE

Largest Religious Paper in the World.

IT advocates the Unity of the Church of Christ, opposes Ritualism, close communion, apostolic succession, church caste, exclusiveness, and sectarian bigotry. It will sustain equal rights and suffrage for every man and woman of whatsoever nationality, all ideas of progress and social advancement. It will have a Department for Home and Family Reading, for general intelligence from every portion of the Church and world, a department of religious tales, and for culturing the imagination, another for the young, a review of the pulpit, the press, of passing events, of books, music and literature, a department for the farmer and for science.
It is the organ of no sect, but will aim to represent every branch of the Church of Christ, as well as every society organized for the purpose of evangelizing the world.
It is Trinitarian in creed, but favors free discussion of all subjects not already settled by the universal consent of the Church of all ages. It will oppose Ritualism and Infidelity, and advocate a free pulpit for Christ's Ministers and a free communion table for all the Lord's people.
It will favor universal suffrage and equal rights to every man and woman of whatsoever nationality, and will oppose all human interests contrived by men for the enslavement of the consciences of men.
It will publish a sermon by Rev. Henry Ward Beecher every Monday at 12 o'clock. The CHURCH UNION is the only paper now that publishes Mr. Beecher's sermons every week. This sermon is not copyrighted, nor does it come under the eye of Mr. Beecher before publication, and will be a faithful report of the sayings of the Great Preacher of Freedom. Writers and Editors of every branch of the Church are engaged on this paper.
TERMS.—$2 50; $1 00 to agents for every subscriber.
The usual premiums of sewing machines, etc., will be offered. For sale by the American News Company.
Address, C. ALBERTSON, Supt.
9 Bernard Street, N. Y.

Limes and Glycerine,

The best Hair Dresser before the public.
Limes and Glycerine.
The best preparation known for Dandruff.
Limes and Glycerine,
Allays all irritation of the Scalp.
Limes and Glycerine,
All who have used it pronounce it superior to any preparation for the Hair.
Limes and Glycerine,
Is to be found on almost every toilet table.
Limes and Glycerine,
Far superior to pure Glycerine for chapped hands, &c.
Prepared only at
APOTHECARIES HALL,
1dly Front St., Belleville.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

Ladies Work Boxes,
" **Writing Desks,**
" **Dressing Cases,**
Photograph Albums.
Fancy Wool Goods.
Ladies Bonnets,

A fine assortment of

Dress Goods!

and the

Latest Styles in Cloth

FOR LADIES JACKETS.
Geo. Ritchie & Co.
Dec. 19, 1867. 1D-1y

GRAHAM FLOUR,

OATMEAL, SPLIT PEAS, BEANS, &c.

—ALSO,—

WHITEFISH AND HERRINGS

IN BARRELS & HALF BARRELS,

At the "Corner Store," Front and Bridge Streets.
A. FLETCHER & Co.
January 15, 1868. 7-1y, w48-3t

HOOP SKIRTS,

LATEST STYLES.

G. C. Holton & Co.

J. & W. Sutherland

WOULD respectfully solicit an inspection of their new stock of

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS,

Which will be found complete in the following specialities:
FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FRENCH MERINOS—2s. 6d. and upwards
FRENCH LAMAS & THIBETS.
FRENCH DELAINES.
SCOTCH TWEEDS.
" ALL WOOL HOSIERY.
CANADIAN " "
" FLANNELS.
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.
DUNDAS COTTONS AND BAGS.
AMERICAN YARN.
J. & W. SUTHERLAND.
Belleville, October, 1867. 1p6m

NEW MUSIC

AT

F. VANNORMAN'S.

La Crosse Galop and Quadrille!

and a lot of

CHOICE NEW PIECES.
Belleville, Jan. 15, 1867.

GEORGE ROCHE,

HATTER & FURRIER,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now prepared to take orders for

ALL KINDS of FURS.

Having procured the services of a first-class Cutter from Paris, particular attention paid to repairing,
☞ All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.
Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs,
October 14. 1D-6m

F. HACKETT

HAS RECEIVED A

CHOICE ASSORTMENT

OF

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS

Belleville, Oct. 1, 1867. 1D-6m

COSGRAVE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

East India Pale Ale.

JUST RECEIVED,
50 Hhds,
150 Barrels and half Barrels.
FOR SALE ONLY BY
WESLEY BULLEN.
Belleville, Nov. 26, 1867. 177-tf

GRAND DISCOUNT SALES

OF

DRY GOODS,

AT

P. D. CONGER'S.



HURRAH FOR

THE DOMINION.

R. H. JONES

BEGS leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened a new WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Grocery and Liquor Store,

in the premises lately occupied by Messrs. O'Brien & Henchy, where he will keep on hand a select and varied assortment of

General Groceries,

AND LIQUORS,

For family use and medicinal purposes.

TEAS.

YOUNG AND OLD HYSONS,
GUNPOWDER, TWANKAY,
IMPERIAL, JAPAN,
SOUCHONG,
CONGOU, &c., &c.

COFFEES.

THE BEST IN TOWN, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.

He would especially call the attention of families to his stock of

WINES, SPIRITS & LIQUORS.

Brandies, Ports, Sherries.
Irish, Scotch & Morton's Whiskeys.
Old Tom & Holland Gins,
IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.
Together with a large assortment of

CHAMPAGNE,

of the most popular brands.

LIQUEURS & CORDIALS, &c.

In addition to these there will be found a splendid stock of

LAMP GOODS & TRIMMINGS.

☞ Goods sent promptly to customers in any part of the town.
Belleville, Dec. 9, 1867. 186 49-tf

Modern Definitions.

HOUSEWIFERY—An ancient art, said to have been fashionable among girls and wives; now out of use, or practised only by the lower orders.

WEALTH—The most respectable quality of man.

FRIEND—A person who will not assist you because he knows your love will excuse him.

WEDDED BLISS—A term used by Milton.

BARGAIN—A ludicrous transaction, in which each party thinks he has cheated the other.

DOCTOR—A man who kills you to-day, to save you from dying to-morrow.

TRAGEDIAN—A fellow with a tin pot on his head, who stalks about the stage, and gets into a violent passion for so much a night.

CRITIC—A large dog that gets unchained, and barks at everything he does not comprehend.

JURY—Twelve prisoners in a box, to try one or more at the bar.

LAWYER—A learned gentleman, who rescues your estate from your enemies, and keeps it himself.

MY DEAR—An expression used by man and wife at the commencement of a quarrel.

DENTIST—A person who finds work for his own teeth by extracting those of other people.

Trousseau for a Bridgroom.

Some of the papers having recently published an estimate for a bride's trousseau, somebody, mindful that there are two parties to a marriage, and that the less conspicuous than necessary one may need looking after a little, has made out the following estimate for what he calls a 'hundred dollar trousseau for a bridegroom.' We do not know how correct it may be as to either articles or figures:

1 black cloth suit	$80 00
1 pocket handkerchief	30
2 shirts—plain bosoms	5 00
1 night shirt, embroidered	4 00
2 paper collars	05
1 pair night drawers, plain	1 75
1 pair night drawers, ruffled	2 50
1 bottle whiskey	5 00
1 paper cloves	15
1 cake honey soap	25
1 cork-screw	20
1 bottle cock-tail bitters	1·50
1 ivory tooth-pick	20
1 Baxter's Saint Rest	2 00
Total	$100 00

Miss Buchanan, once rallying her cousin, an officer, on his courage, said: "Now, Mr. Harris, do you really mean to tell me you can walk up to a cannon's mouth without fear?" "Yes," was the prompt reply, "or a Buchanan's either." And he did.

American Watches.

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its use Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is, indeed, little else than a machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course, there must be no defect in the principle of plan or the movement, no mistake in the sizes or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the reduplication of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough subdivision.

By means of multiplying guages and microscopes, tests and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools, and for faults and flaws in steel or stone, are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a finished machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home.—Instead of sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the lightest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear ringing sound always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a time keeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The Company claim that by it they produce Watches that cannot be equalled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan, and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of Watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes to suit all tastes and means; but every Watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM" is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

☞ EVERY WATCH FULLY WARRANTED.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON
No. 182, Broadway, N.Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
TORONTO and MONTREAL,
General Agents.

Toronto, Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-3m

Business Cards,

AND all other kinds of Job Printing, executed with despatch, at the *Intelligencer* Office, Intelligencer Building, Front Street.

Great Bargains at Wilson & Robertson's

THE following lines are now offered to the public:—

30 ps. all Wool Tweeds, 5s. for 3s 9d per yd.
25 " " " 5s 6d for 4s 6d "
40 " " " 5s 9d for 5s "

A large Assortment of Wool Shawls

A few ps. ALL WOOL Carpets,
AND A VARIETY OF OTHER GOODS.

In order to reduce our Stock, we offer these goods very much cheaper than they will be found elsewhere.

WILSON & ROBERTSON

HURRAH FOR BARNUM'S

LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half-past 8 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12, noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 2 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

S. BARNUM,
Proprietor.

C. HORTON, Agent, Belleville.
S. GUSTIN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1867. b68

CANADA WEST FARMERS' MUTUAL AND Stock Insurance Company.

THE Annual general meeting of the Members of "The Canada West Farmers' Mutual and Stock Insurance Company," will be held (pursuant to resolution adopted at the last annual meeting,) on Thursday, the 6th of February next, for the purpose of receiving the Annual Report, and of electing four Directors to serve in place of the late Jacob Binkley, deceased, H. J. Lawry, who retires, and William Burrell and Thomas Stock, whose term of office expires, but who are eligible for re-election.

RICHARD P. STREET,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Hamilton, January 2d, 1868. 210 5w

Store-keepers! Farmers! And Others!

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM THE IMPORTERS DIRECT.

The Montreal Tea Company,

6 Hospital Street, Montreal,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to different parts of the country—and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOTEL, QUEBEC, January 7, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

HOUSE OF SENATE, Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours &c.,

S. SKINNER.

QUEBEC, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of 30 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 55 cents was of excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for.

Yours respectfully, D. ANDERSON.

TORONTO, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The two chests of Tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton, one chest Fine Flavoured New Seasons Congou, at same price, viz.: at 55 cents per lb. Yours, &c.,

JAMES EDGAR.

FELCOMB, December 22, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Kingston, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz.: at 75 cents per lb. Address as before.

Your obedient servant, JOHN T. DAY.

COBOURG, January 8, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box of 20 lbs. at same price, and oblige, &c.

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the "Medical Journal" have frequently declared that one half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substance, in 50, 25, 20, 15, and 12 lbs. boxes, &c.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do. 55c., 60c., and 65c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c.; Sound Oolong, 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 50c.; Very Fine do. do., 75c., Japan, Good, 50c., 55c.; Very Fine, 60c.; Finest, 65c., 75c.; Scented Orange Pekoe, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankey Common, 38c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c., 60c., 65c., and 70c.; Fine do., 75c.; Very Fine, 85c.; Superfine and very choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c.; Extra Superfine do., $1.

All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality, and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c. to 70c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by expressman, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of five chests and upwards.

All Boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

PROSPECTUS OF THE MOIRA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Capital Stock, $100,000. Divided into 10,000 Shares.

WORKING CAPITAL, $15,000.

HORACE YEOMANS, Esq., PRESIDENT. ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., TREASURER.
B. S. GILBERT, Esq., SECRETARY. J. G. SHURTZ, Esq., SUPERINTENDENT.

MERCHANTS' BANK, BANKERS. DEAN & GILBERT, SOLICITORS.

DIRECTORS:

HORACE YEOMANS, of Flint & Yeomans, Belleville.
ANDREW THOMSON, Banker, Belleville.
W. W. DEAN, Master in Chancery, Belleville.
JOHN G. SHURTZ, Superintendent.
JAMES LISTER, M.D., Belleville.
JAMES W. CARMAN, American, Consul, Belleville.
BARTON S. GILBERT, of Dean & Gilbert, Barristers, Belleville.

THIS COMPANY is duly Incorporated under Cap. 23, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the purpose of working the mineral veins upon *sixteen* acres of Lot No. 19, in the fifth concession of Madoc, (the Richardson Mine being No. 18 in the same concession.)

A shaft has been sunk to the depth of nine feet in the rock. At six feet a gold-bearing lode was struck, of 18 inches in width, which at nine feet has increased to 2½ feet, and a crushing at Gilbert & Turley's mill of four and one-half tons of the rock, gave a yield of over fifty-six dollars in gold; the lode is clearly defined, and evidently extends the whole length of the property—52 rods.

The territory is admirably situated for mining purposes, being a high ridge covered with indications of mineral veins. There are numerous places on the land fully as promising as the one on which the shaft has been sunk, and which would unquestionably yield as well. The large quantity of land, and the prospects of other gold-bearing veins, make it certain that the Company will be able to subdivide the property as soon as a little further development has been made, and form other Companies at great advantage.

Work is being vigorously prosecuted in the shaft, under the superintendence of JOHN G. SHURTZ, Esq., one of the Directors, who is largely interested in the proprietary of the mine, and who has had thirteen years' practical experience in the gold mines of California and Nevada, and is unquestionably the most accomplished quartz miner now in this country.

It is intended to have a further crushing in a few days, and negotiations are in progress which, if carried out, will secure a mill to the Company at once, so that regular work will be gone on with without delay, and dividends may, in that case, be expected in a short time.

Belleville, Jan. 27th, 1868. 228d-tf

India and China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or $1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb. Finest procurable, $1.00.
Protected by Trade Mark.

☞ Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.

August 16th, 1867. D90-1y w27-1y

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO. OF CANADA.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
INCORPORATED 1849.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., President, LEWIS MOFFATT, Esq., Vice-President.

HON. MALCOLM CAMERON,	A. T. FULTON, Esq.,	W. J. McDONELL, Esq.
C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq.,	H. S. HOWLAND, Esq.	J. McGILLES, Esq.,
GEORGE CHAFFEY, Esq.,	A. R. McMASTER, Esq.	A. M. SMITH, Esq.

SOLICITORS:—MESSRS. DUGGAN & BURNS.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on every description of property.

MARINE INSURANCES—Inland and to the Lower Ports, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the West Indies, and by steam vessels to Europe.

Rates as moderate as any other respectable Insurance Company.

F. McANNANY, Esq., Agent, Belleville.
JAS. SIDNEY CROCKER, Manager.
November 12, 1867. 39w0m—165d6m

BELLEVILLE

AGRICULTURAL WORKS AND IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Threshing Machines,
STRAW CUTTERS,
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,
Iron and Steel Ploughs,
Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-tf

American Invoices--Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
QUEBEC, 6th March, 1863.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the *Canada Gazette*.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, June 8, 1867.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 28 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
3D1t-tf Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL!

THE "DAILY NEWS,"

$6 00 per Annum, in advance.

JOHN LOVELL,
68 Printer and Publisher.

BLANKS of every description for sale at *The Intelligencer* office.

BRITISH PERIODICALS,

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review (Whig),
The Westminster Review (Liberal).
The North British Review (Free Church.)
AND
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory.)

THESE periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stands unrivalled in the world as periodicals. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews, - - -	$4.00 per annum.
For any two of the Reviews, - - -	7.00 "
For any three of the Reviews, - - -	10.00 "
For all four of the Reviews, - - -	12.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine, - - -	4.00 "
For Blackwood and one Review, - - -	7.00 "
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews, - - -	10.00 "
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews, - - -	13.00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	15.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of *twenty per cent*, will be allowed to Clubs remitting the subscriptions. Four subscribers to Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to *one address* for $12.80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $48.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is *Two Cents* a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums for New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, gratis, any one of the *Four Reviews* for 1867. New Subscribers to any two of the periodicals for 1868 may receive, gratis, Blackwood or *any two of the "Four Reviews"* for 1867.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive; and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1863, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1.50 a year for each or any Review; also Blackwood for 1866 and 1867, for $2.50 a year, or the two years together for $4.00.

☞ Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to Clubs, nor reduced prices for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted *direct to the Publishers.*

No premiums can be given to Clubs.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING CO.,
140 Fulton St., N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE,

by HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1000 pages, and numerous Engravings. Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid, $8.

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the *AMERICAN (WALTHAM) WATCH* have given it such a wide world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and primed its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found, who furtively trade upon the popularity of the American Watch, by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article. It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American Watches—except the lowest grade, marked Home Watch Co.—are *guaranteed by special certificate*, bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. ROBBINS.

The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine Watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH Co.

APPLETON, TRACY & Co.

WALTHAM WATCH Co.

P. S. BARTLETT.

WM. ELLERY.

HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the General Superintendent,
Altona Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

GENTLEMEN.—The watches manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years by our engineers, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying your watches give us less trouble as they wear and do wear much longer without repair than any watches we have ever had in use on the road. As you are aware we trusted to them on English principles, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN.—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that Waltham watches are the most satisfactory of any for their uses. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have never known one to wear out, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer,
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto & Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS.

Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-3m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every afternoon (Sundays excepted) and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of $5 a year if paid in advance, $6 otherwise. Mail subscribers $5 a year, $2 50 for 6 months, $1 50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgewater, Marmora and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the **Gold Regions**, and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., &c., and in short neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months	$ 5 00
Half Square, 6 months	$10 00
One Square, 6 months	$20 00
Two Squares, 6 months,	$30 00
Four Squares, 6 months,	$50 00
Notices of Births,	50
Do of Marriages,	50
Do of Deaths,	50

"BUSINESS NOTICES"—All matter under this heading, leaded or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of solid minion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements every two weeks.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion, and 3 cents for each additional insertion.

The Weekly Intelligencer

Is published every Friday Morning at $2 per annum if called for at the Office, or sent by mail; and $2 50 if delivered by the Carrier, payable in all cases in advance. When not paid until the close of the year, 50 cents will be added to each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, and the number now on our Subscription Books is over 1,400. With such a large and general circulation throughout this and adjoining Counties, the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed advantages to advertisers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Six lines and under, first insertion	0 50
Each subsequent insertion	0 12½
Above six lines (per line) first insertion	0 07
Each subsequent insertion per line	0 02

☞ "BUSINESS NOTICES" 10 cents per line each insertion, measured as solid minion.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to ensure their appearance.

All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

The Intelligencer Job Office

Is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the country.

THE DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER can be had at the Book Stores in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at El Dorado.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

INTELLIGENCER Building, Front treet, Belleville.

Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 1. BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, SATURDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 8, 1868. No. 239.

Montreal Business Directory.

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal.

DEPARTMENTS.

Braces,	Knitted Woolens,
Braids,	Laces,
Brushes and Combs,	Ladies Collars and Sets,
Buttons,	Straw Goods,
Corsets,	Small Wares in great
Elastics,	variety,
Felt Hats,	Threads,
Gent's Collars and Ties,	Trimmings & Ornaments
Hosiery and Gloves,	Umbrellas,
Velvet Ribbons, &c.	

HOOP SKIRTS,—our own Manufacture. 156-6m

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware Manufacturers,
MONTREAL.
KILN PLATES
AND
CASTINGS for BREWERIES.
Any parties about putting up new kilns for
MALT OR OATMEAL
will do well to correspond with the above.
156-6m.

BURROWS & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobaccos, &c., &c.
416 St. Paul St., Montreal.
☞ Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 156-6m

PEAVEY & MARCH,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries,
Provisions,
And everything usually sold in a first class Grocery.
No. 244 Notre Dame Street, a few doors West St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.
☞ Every article warranted to be as represented or may be returned. Goods sent to any part of the City Free of Charge. 156-6m

HUNTER, DUFFY & JOHNSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
20 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 156-6m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, PROPRIETOR.
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-6m

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, Collins Wharf, Halifax.
PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.
ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned in our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 38d-6m-W6m

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
278 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.
MAPS, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, Bills of Lading, Blank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards, in any number of colors, Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 27D6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES,
WINES,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS,
&c., &c., &c.,
25 Hospital St., - - - MONTREAL,
OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and
ON AS GOOD TERMS
as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.
J. C. FRANCK & Co.
July 27, 1867. 74d.

QUEEN
INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL, - - - - $10,000,000.
FIRE and LIFE.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.
THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers. One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to **Ten per Cent.** of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management **Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.**
The next division of profits takes place in 1868, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.
M. BOWELL,
DR. CANNIFF, *Intelligencer Office,* *Agent.*
Medical Referee.
May, 1867. 1D-6mo.

Montreal Business Directory.

Frothingham & Workman,
MONTREAL.
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.
Warehouse and Offices 395 to 399, St. Paul St.
Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c.
May 1st. 1d-6m

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M. D.,
Consulting and Analytical Chemist,
630 Lagauchetiere Street, Montreal.
☞ At home for consultation before 10 A. M., between 2 and 3, and after 8 P. M.
FEES FOR ANALYSIS,—$5 a metal, payable in advance.
156-6m

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
303 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL.
☞ Every description of Jewelry manufactured from Gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 25b6m

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant.
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Agent for Walter Evans & Co. Sewing and Knitting Cottons, Derby; and J. H. Perry & Co.'s Gray's Patent Indeia Fibre Collars, Nottingham, England. 1D-6m

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER,
OFFICE: Corner of St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.
REFERENCES—Robertson & Beattie, Robert Esdaile, Esq., Jas Terrance, Esq. 31D3m

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT
And Commission Merchants,
49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street,
MONTREAL. 1D-6m

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant.
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods, 1D-6m

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 329 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 28b6m

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.
THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.
E. MUIR,
28b5m Chemist and Druggist, Place D'Armes, Montreal.

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McCUAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
OFFICE.—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and 91 Common Street, Canal Wharf,
MONTREAL.
☞ Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and all er Produce, and purchase of Merchandise. 28b6m

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
100 GREY NUNN STREET, MONTREAL,
HAVE FOR SALE—

BOILER TUBES,	DRAIN PIPES,
Gun Tubes,	Roman Cement,
Horse Nails,	Water Lime,
Paints and Putty,	Portland Cement,
Fire Bricks,	Paving Tiles,
Fire Clay,	Garden Vases,
Flue Covers.	Chimney Tops, &c.

☞ Manufacturers of AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR, and BED SPRINGS. 24D6m

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.
LIBERAL advances made on consignments to ourselves, or for shipment to our friends in Great Britain and the Lower Port.
May 31st, 1867. 27D6m

A. ROBERTSON & Co,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Manties, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosier, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Clothes, Canadian Woollens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons, Prints, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Muslins.
478 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St.,
MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro' C. W. 1D-6m

Important to Miners and
MINING MEN.
JOHNS' Patent Water-Proof Safety Fuse for WET GROUND and SUBMARINE BLASTING, is much cheaper than any other, and pronounced by Mining men much better than any imported.
Testimonials received from men well known in the mining and quarrying business of Canada and the United States; from Messrs. Morrill & Colby, Bennets, Wiswell Macfarland, Adams, Watson, Griffith, Wears, and others.
☞ All orders promptly attended to.
Address JOHNS & Co.,
150-3m Sherbrooke, Q.

TERRAPIN RESTAURANT
CHARLES PAPINEAU,
BEGS to inform the public that he has opened the TERRAPIN RESTAURANT, in Coleman's Building, next door to Dr. Coleman's Drug Store, and he has fitted it up in first class style, with every convenience. He will keep constantly on hand the best Ale and Porter, and the purest brands of Liquors.
☞ Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c., always on hand.
Belleville, Oct. 16, 1867. 148-tf

CONGER BROS.
FEELING thankful for the very liberal patronage given them for the past year, beg to remind their customers and the public that having thoroughly
REFITTED THEIR STORE!
are now opening a well assorted stock of
FRESH TEAS, SUGARS, SPICES,
CURRANTS, RAISINS, FIGS, &c.
Special attention is called to their fine assortment of
Jams, Jellies, Canned and Bottled FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.
R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER
Nov. 13th, 1867. 1Dly

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the
Canadian & United States Mails.
1867—SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS—1867.
Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.
Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.
This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undernoted First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double-Engine Iron Steamships:—

AUSTRIAN,	2700 Tons.	Capt. AITON.
NESTORIAN,	2700 "	Lt. DUTTON, R.N.R.
MORAVIAN,	2650 "	Capt. WYLIE.
PERUVIAN,	3000 "	Capt. HALLANTINE.
HIBERNIAN,	2434 "	Capt. BROWN.
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	2300 "	Capt. ALLAN.
NORTH-AMERICAN,	1754 "	Capt. L. REID.
BELGIAN,	2434 "	Capt. GRANGE.
DAMASCUS,	1600 "	Capt. WATTS.

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL every THURSDAY, and from PORTLAND every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)
The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from PORTDAND as undernoted, viz:—

NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 26th Jan.
PERUVIAN,	Saturday, 1st Feb.
AUSTRIAN,	Saturday, 8th "
HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 15th "
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Saturday, 22nd "
MORAVIAN,	Saturday, 29th "
NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 7th March

St. GEORGE from Portland, 21st February.
St. ANDREW from Portland, 11th March.
☞ Fares per "Nova Scotian," 11th January, from Scotland to St. Johns, N.F., are—Cabin, $30; Steerage, $15.
Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway:—
CABIN, - - - $89 20 to $90 20
STEERAGE, - - - $32 00
(according to accommodation.)
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.
Berths not secured until paid for.
For particulars, apply to
J. W THOMPSON, Agent,
27D6m-16W1y Canadian Express Office, BELLEVILLE.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
For 1868.
THE CHEAPEST OF LADIES' MAGAZINES,
BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST.
THE friend of woman, the arbiter of fashion, the encourager and publisher of the best literature of the day, the pattern from which all others copy.
READING MATTER.
In this there will be an improvement. The volume for 1868 will be set up with newfaced type, and of a size that will enable us to give an additional quantity of reading matter amounting to about twelve pages in each number.
BEAUTIFUL STEEL PLATES.
Of these the LADY'S BOOK contains *fourteen* each year, superior (we challenge comparison) to any published in this country, either in book or periodical.
THE LITERATURE OF THE LADY'S BOOK.
MARION HARLAND,
Authoress of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Moss Side," "Nemesis," and "Miriam,"
who contributes to no other monthly publication, will furnish a new novel for 1868, called "PEARL ROVELAND," that will run through the year. Her stories are anxiously sought after, and as they are copyrighted, can be found nowhere but in GODEY. Our former efficient corps of writers has also been retained.
OUR FASHION PLATES.
The original double fashion-plates will be continued in Godey. Coraline.—The only magazine in this country that gives these designs is the LADY'S BOOK.
DRAWING LESSONS.—In this we are also alone.
ORIGINAL MUSIC.—GODEY'S is the only magazine in which music prepared expressly for it appears.
We have also a CHILDREN'S, a HORTICULTURAL, and a HEALTH department.
GODEY'S INVALUABLE RECEIPTS
upon every subject, for the Boudoir, Nursery, Kitchen, House, and Laundry.
TINTED ENGRAVINGS.—This is a series of engravings that no one has attempted but ourselves.
LADIES' FANCY WORK DEPARTMENT.—Some of the designs in this department are printed in colors in a style unequalled.

Terms for 1868.

One copy, one year, - - - - -	$3 00
Two copies, one year, - - - - -	5 00
Three copies, one year, - - - - -	7 50
Four copies, one year, - - - - -	10 00
Four copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making six copies - - - - -	14 00
Eight copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making nine copies, - - - - -	21 00
Eleven copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making twelve copies - - - - -	27 60

Godey's Lady's Book and Arthur's Home Magazine will be sent one year on receipt of $4 00.
Godey's Lady's and The Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $3 50.
Godey's Lady's Book, Arthur's Home Magazine, and Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $5 00.
☞ Canada subscribers must send 24 cents additional for every subscription to the Lady's Book, and 12 cents for either of the other magazines, to pay the American postage.
HOW TO REMIT.—In remitting by mail, a Post Office Order or A Draft, *payable to the Order of L. A. Godey*, is preferable to bank notes, as should the Order or Draft be lost or stolen, it can be restored without loss to the owner. If a Draft or a Post Office Order cannot be procured, send United States or National Bank notes.
Address L. A. GODEY,
N. E. Corner Ninth and Chestnut Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

Belleville Business Directory.

Maclellan & Maclellan,
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency Attornies-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c, &c Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Ross, Bell & Holden,
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville.
HON. JNO. ROSS. JOHN BELL. THOS. HOLDEN
1D6m Wtf

Diamond & Dickson,
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c.
OFFICE:—Neilson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
A. DIAMOND. GEO. D. DICKSON.
1D-Wtf

A. R. Dougall,
BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.
Office over Overell's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.

Robertson & Stewart,
BARRISTERS and Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office,—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street,
ALEX. ROBERTSON. D. E. K. STEWART.
1D6m-Wtf

Legate & Price,
BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1D6m-Wtf

Geo. H. Haynes,
HATTER and Furrier, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw fure.
1D6m-Wtf

McLeod & Carre,
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURveyors, Architects, Draughtsmen and Patent Solicitors, 153½ Front Street, Belleville.
MACLEOD, GAVILLER, KENNEDY & Co.,
Madoc. 1D6m-Wtf

Pitcathly & Kelso,
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Law Partnership.
THE undersigned have this day entered into co-partnership under the name of Jellett & Bleasdell. Office—Corner of Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville.
R. P. JELLETT.
8th October, 1867. J. H. T. BLEASDELL.

Forrest & Lozo's
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Lazier's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 25D-tf

T. Lockerty,
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 22D5m

Ponton, Falkiner & Denmark
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

Angus McFee,
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellry and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1D6m

John Wilson,
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street, Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 1D6m

J. W. Brown,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, oppoaite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

Geo. Gibson,
MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1D6m

J. C. Vapor,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

To Gold Miners
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Swedes iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. WM. POWELL.
1D6m

McKeown & Robertson,
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

ALLSOP'S ALE,
Guiness' Stout,
Blood's Porter!!
IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT
1D6m HAMBLY'S.

BILL HEADS.
AND all other kinds of JOB PRINTING, executed with neatness and despatch at the INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, Front Street, Belleville.

Little Rose.

She comes with fairy footsteps—
Softly their echoes fall—
And her shadow plays like summer shade
Across the garden wall.
The golden light is dancing bright
Mid the mazes of her hair,
And her fair young locks are waving free
To the wooing of her hair.

Like a sportful fawn she bounds th
So gleefully along;
As a wild young bird she caroleth
The burden of a song.
The summer flowers are clustering thick
Around her dancing feet,
And on her cheek the summer breeze
Is breathing soft and sweet.

The very sunbeams seem to linger
Above the holy head,
And the wild flowers at her coming
Their richest fragrance shed.
And oh! how lovely light and fragrance
Mingle in the life within!
Oh! how fondly do they nestle
Round the soul that knows no sin.

She comes—the spirit of our childhood—
A thing of mortal birth,
Yet bearing still the breath of Heaven
To redeem her from the earth.
She comes in bright-robed innocence,
Unsoiled by blot or blight,
And passeth by our wayward path,
A gleam of angel light.

Oh! blessed things are children—
The gifts of heavenly love;
They stand betwixt our world-hearts
And better things above;
They link us with the spirit world
Of purity and truth,
And keep our hearts still fresh and young
With the presence of their youth.

Blackwood's Magazine.

Dr. Livingstone.

RETURN OF THE SEARCH EXPEDITION.

The Livingstone search expedition returned to Plymouth, England, on the 19th of January. The members of the expedition are satisfied that Dr. Livingstone was not murdered. He did not take the route expected from the Ruvuma river, at about 11 degrees south along the north coast of Lake Nyassa, in from 36 degrees to 34 degrees east, but from the Ruvuma went south round the south end of Lake Nyassa, going as far as 14 degrees 28 south. Thence he proceeded to the northwest, and was left pursuing that route, either with the view of exploring the west coast of Lake Nyassa, and thus ascertaining how far it extends north, and then proceed on to Lake Tanganyika, or he had gone direct to Tanganyika and thence down the Nile home.

Mataka, Makata, Marenga, and Makseura, mentioned by the Johanna men, were found on the southern route instead of the northern. The expedition followed Dr. Livingstone up to within a few miles to where it was reported he was murdered, and there they found that the doctor and his "boys" were ferried over a marshy lake by Marenga, but the Johanna men under Moosa, made a detour round the lake and returned next day to Marenga, saying they had deserted Livingstone, and should return to the coast, because he was leading them into a country where they would be murdered by the Mavite. The expedition also had interviews with the native porters who had carried Livingstone's luggage five days' journey further to Pascombe.

Dry Goods Merchant Absconds.

FAILURE OF S. GRAHAM—SOMETHING LIKE SHARP PRACTICE—THE SHERIFF IN POSSESSION.

(From the Toronto Telegraph.)

Considerable excitement has been created in business circles by the disappearance of Mr. Samuel Graham, dry goods merchant, of this city, who recently left town, and is supposed to have absconded to avoid the payment of his liabilities. He arrived in this city some two years ago, and was at that time reputed to be of considerable property. He opened a store in Young street under the name of the Whitehall Clothing House, and afterwards moved to King street, into the store formerly occupied by Mr. J. A. Dobbie, opposite the *Globe* office. In addition to this business he was lately also proprietor of the Waterloo House Young street, another store near the Terrapin, and one in St. Catharines. A short time since, however, he disposed of the Waterloo House to another party, and received a large cash payment. Graham was a heavy speculator in gold, and was said to be interested to some extent in the oil operations. Latterly his affairs had become considerably involved, and he was largely indebted to a wholesale house in this city, and another in Montreal. Four days since he left ostensibly for St. Catharines, but in reality for the other side of the Suspension Bridge, taking with him cash to the amount of $20,000, supposed to be the proceeds of the sale of his Young street business. Proceedings were taken by his creditors as soon as it was ascertained that he had absconded, and the sheriff is now in possession of his property.

—In dull times a shrewd business man advertises to get rid of his stock; in good times he advertises to notify the public where to find the best assortment; consequently he advertises at all times, and finds that it pays, if he is sure to pay the printer.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West,	7.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West,	8.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going West,	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train,	6.30 P. M.
Noon Express going East,	12.05 P. M.
Night Express going East,	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East,	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train,	9.30 P. M.

Montreal Time.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, FEB. 8.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, February 7.—The London *Standard* has an editorial highly complimentary to Mr. Adams, expressing regret at his approaching retirement from the position he has so ably filled.

Later advices have been received here from the British army now operating in Abyssinia for the purpose of releasing the English captives. The news is very discouraging, and forbids the hope of a successful or safe move this season.

FLORENCE, February 7, eve.—Admiral Farragut arrived here to-day, and was received with especial honors by the Minister of Marine.

BERLIN, February 7.—It has been officially given out by Count von Bismarck that negotiations for a commercial treaty between the United States and the North German Confederation have commenced and are progressing with the prospect of a speedy and satisfactory conclusion.

LONDON, Feb. 8, 11:15 a. m.—Bonds quiet at 71¾; Erie 47¼; I C 85; Canada 93¾ to 93¾ for money and account.

LIVERPOOL, February 8, 11:15 a. m.—Cotton firm and unchanged. Breadstuffs quiet.

American Despatches.

FORTRESS MONROE, Feb. 7.—A fire at Norfolk this afternoon, destroyed eight brick buildings, besides several others. Loss, $100,000.

NASHVILLE, Feb. 7.—A riot occurred at Fayetteville last Monday, causing great excitement. One man was killed, and a number wounded.

HAVANA, Feb. 7.—The Spanish steamer "Mozella" arrived to-day from Vera Cruz. The revolution in Yucatan, against the Mexican Government, has been suppressed. General Alatorre, the commander of the Mexican expedition, was in possession of Sisol and Merido. A battle was fought on the 2d inst., at Merido, between the government troops and the revolutionists, in which the latter were utterly defeated. Villa Fane, the revolutionary leader, was killed, and at the end of the engagement most of his adherents surrendered, though small parties succeeded in making their escape to the mountains. Some of the rebel officers also escaped during the night, and left the country on the schooner "Oriental," which was lying off the shore. An insurrection has broken out in Tampico; at last accounts the rebels held possession of the city, and some Mexican gunboats were blockading the port.

The latest despatches from the City of Mexico announce that Generals Escobedo, Diaz and other Generals in the Mexican service have tendered their resignations to President Juarez. The announcement of the victory over the revolutionists in Yucatan was read in the Capital with great rejoicing. It is reported that the prisoners in the hands of Gen. Alatorre will be shot.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—The *Herald's* Havana special says, the action between Gen. Alatorre's forces and the Yucatan rebels, under Col. Villa Fana, took place at Maxcaine, a town of about 5,000 inhabitants, in the district of Merida.—The battle was fought on Saturday, February 1st. The rebel Colonel Villa Fana was killed, as also Generals Para and Cupedo, of the national forces, the latter was brother to the Governor of Yucatan. The rebel Governor Canton abandoned the Capital, Merida, on Sunday, 2d inst, and fell back with his remaining adherents and their ammunition to Peto, a town in the interior, in the district of Tecax, containing about 5,000 inhabitants, it is a good strategical point. Before the rebels left Merida they enforced heavy loans in Sisol and seized the Mexican brig "Oriental," on board of which some of the leaders are supposed to have sailed for Cuba, or some point along the coast, to unite with the fugitives who fled to the interior on Monday, 2d inst. Gen. Alatorre was to enter the Capital of Yucatan with his forces and replace Manuel Cepedo Peraza in the gubernatorial chair.

The Mexican Government had been forewarned of an intended pronunciamento in favor of Santa Anna by the garrison of Vera Cruz.—Troops were sent down from Tehuacan, Gen. Porfirio Diaz's head-quarters, who arrested some non-commissioned officers of the ringleaders of the movement. The affair had been hushed up, and the journals of Vera Cruz remained silent about the matter; the excitement was all over when the steamer left.

There are further details of the news from Yucatan. The rebels were disposed to submit to Gen. Diaz. Colonel Villa Fana's aid, named Mendez, another officer named Calderon, and fifteen rebel prisoners were ordered to be shot.

The English steam sloop-of-war "Cordelia" had arrived at Sacrificios Island, off Vera Cruz, and reported that a lot of pirates, under one Hernondez, had surprised Carmen Island, and had taken away all the military and government stores. He intended to sail for Tobasco to depose the Governor.

There were counterfeit Maximilian dollars in circulation throughout Mexico.

Dinner to the Hon. Billa Flint.

A public dinner was given to the Hon. BILLA FLINT, at Bridgewater, on Thursday evening, the 6th inst., by the inhabitants of North Hastings, to express their appreciation of his worth as a man and a citizen. The day was exceedingly stormy, the wind blowing at a furious rate, and the snow, which came down in real old-fashioned style, drifting and making the roads very heavy. It was such a day that, unless urgent business pressed, few would venture beyond their own doors. Notwithstanding the storm, there was a large and influential attendance from all parts of the County, and the dinner may be put down as one of the most important and successful demonstrations ever held in the North Riding. It was a just and fitting tribute to the public spirit and enterprise of a gentleman who has done so much to develop the resources of our country. The dinner was held at the Bridgewater House, the dimensions and appointments of which excited no little surprise in the minds of those who had never previously visited the "city of the woods," and as some expressed, if they had not known the exact locality in which they were placed, from the comfort and elegance which surrounded them, they would have imagined they were in some of the first-class houses of the largest cities in the Dominion. The dining hall, which is 34 by 50 feet, with 18 feet ceiling, had three tables, and seats were placed for 120 persons; this being found insufficient, tables were laid in another room, which accommodated some twenty or thirty more. At the south end of the hall is a balcony, where the Belleville Fireman's Band discovered sweet music, and from which fair eyes looked down upon the party, lending enchantment to the scene, inspiring the speakers with "burning thoughts and glowing words." The hall was tastefully decorated with evergreens and mottoes, and at the head of the table a beautiful arch was erected surmounted with flags, and having a motto "Our God, our Country, and our Queen." At the head of the vice chairs there were smaller arches, with appropriate mottoes. It may be stated here that in front of the door leading into the house a large porch and arch of evergreens had been constructed, and high up from a lofty flag-pole floated the red cross banner of England. Amongst the mottoes which aided to decorate the hall were "The new Dominion," "God guide our Rulers," "Success to Hastings," "Sucess to the Press," "Union is Strength," "British Connection," "Honor to whom honor is due," "Agriculture, Arts and Manufactures," "Ships, Colonies and Commerce."

The Chair was occupied by A. F. WOOD, Esq., Warden of the County, who had on his right the guest of the evening, Hon. BILLA FLINT, and on either side Hon. R. Read, M.P. East Hastings, and M. Bowell, Esq., M.P. North Hastings, and several others. The first Vice-Chair was filled by ROBERT BARRY, Esq., who had on his right and left James Lapum, Esq., M. P. for Addington, James Brown, Esq., M. P. West Hastings, Thomas Kelso, Esq., W. Sutherland, Esq., Lieut. Col. Campbell, C. Holden, Esq., and others. Rev. Mr. CULLEN occupied the second Vice-Chair, and immediately surrounding him were Rev. Mr. Howell, D. Thompson, Esq., and others. Grace having been sung by the band, assisted by some ladies, the dinner was discussed, and to which ample justice was done. It was well said by one of the speakers, and we endorse the sentiment, that the bill of fare was one of the best ever presented at a public dinner, and did the host and hostess of the house the utmost credit. After the dishes were removed, the Chairman, with suitable prefatory remarks, gave the following toasts:

The Queen.—Lt. Col. Campbell sang "God Save the Queen," and the band played the National Anthem."

Prince of Wales and Royal Family.—Music by the Band.

Army and Navy, in connection with the Volunteers of Canada.

Lt. Col. CAMPBELL briefly responded, and, as senior officer, exercised his right by calling upon Lt. Col. Brown, who, in fitting terms, referred to the glorious achievements of the Army and Navy of England, and to the bravery of the Canadian Volunteers, who at Queenston Heights, at Cryaler's Farm, and on many other well-fought fields attested their attachment to the red-cross flag of England. He referred to the alacrity with which 23,000 men sprang to arms in June 1866, and the response which 100,000 more made to the call of the Government. If needed, the Volunteers would be as ready now as then to do their duty.

The Governor General.—Music by the band.

The Lieutenant Governors.—Music by the band.

The CHAIRMAN said they were now ready to give the toast of the evening, and it was certainly with heartfelt gratification that he, as Warden of the County of Hastings, had the privilege of doing honor to a gentleman so eminently worthy of their respect and esteem. When they reviewed the past life of the Hon. Billa Flint, as a merchant in the town of Belleville, as a member of the Legislature, and as a business man, and follow him up to the present time, every one must be struck with the remarkable energy, enterprise and perseverance which had distinguished his career. Most men, after a lifetime of activity, retire to private life, and are unable to display the same business tact and exercise the power which characterized their younger days, but in the case of Mr. Flint, his mind and his hands are as busy to-day as they were 30 years ago, and unlike most other men, he moves on with the times, ever ready to take an advance step, where such step leads to improvement and progress. And when he looked around him through the County, in nearly every School Section, and in a great many Churches, and in many religious and charitable enterprises, he beheld the hand of the Hon. Billa Flint. And need they go further than the village in which they now were and the magnificent building in which they were now dining, to find evidence of his enterprise? It was asked by one traveller of another, as they were viewing the splendors of St. Paul's Cathedral, who was Sir Christopher Wren, and what did he do? The answer was, "If you would see Sir Christopher Wren and his works, look around you." So he would say, if you would see the work of the Hon. Billa Flint, look around you. Look at the evidences of his enterprise throughout the County. Look at the mills, the factories, the churches and school houses; look at this pleasant, quiet, and he might say magnificent village and you will see the monument of the Hon. Billa Flint. There might be angularities in his character, but where is the man in this county who has not erected such a monument as the Hon. Billa Flint? He would read a few statistics of the village of Bridgewater, which had been placed in his hands by a member of the Committee: The first building was erected in Bridgewater in the year 1854. It now contains 460 inhabitants, is composed of 54 dwelling houses, three public buildings, the Church, Town Hall, and School House, 19 stores and workshops, including grist mill, saw mill, gold crushing machine, foundry, cooperage, tannery, stores, wagon shop, cabinet shop, tin, copper and sheet iron shops, 2 blacksmith shops, boot and shoe shop, harness shop, carding mill, scythe manufactory, hammer manufactory, potash works and hotel, giving employment to 109 hands, and to put this up on, took at this hotel. When he got into it he found himself in a labyrinth of halls, and although he had been shown a room, it was a question whether he could now find it. He felt himself inadequate to the task of enumerating the virtues and good qualities of their guest, and without further remarks he would give them the health of the Hon. BILLA FLINT, and would add the sentiment: As his sun has passed its meridian and is in its decline, may it linger long in the evening sky, before it finally sinks below the horizon.

The toast was drank with the utmost enthusiasm, the band playing an appropriate air.

Hon. BILLA FLINT said he rose to respond to this toast with a great deal of diffidence. He did not feel worthy of the high encomiums passed upon him by the chairman, and the magnificent banquet given in his honor. He returned his warmest thanks for the hearty manner in which the toast had been drank, and more particularly as it had been drunk in Nature's best beverage, pure cold water, and by men with clear brains and honest hearts. The present assembly was he thought a sufficient refutation of the idea that a public dinner could not be made enjoyable without the aid of alcoholic inebriates. He had been a temperance man for forty years, and he always felt it his duty as well as a pleasure to say a word on behalf of the cause in season as well out of season. He had been told by parties that he must not cram his opinions down their throats, and he had no wish to do so, but he could say to them, neither must you cram your opinions down my throat. He made these remarks with the most kindly feelings towards all who came from all parts of the country to do him honor. He did not interfere with the man who took a social glass, but he would try and show him by precept and example that to abstain altogether was the better plan, and if he could win them over to his way of thinking, he would feel that he had accomplished some good. He felt thankful to the friends who had come through the storm from all parts of the country to do him honor, and this mark of their friendship would ever be a source of pride to him. It had been remarked by a speaker that he wished they had a dozen Billa Flints. He was afraid that if they had a dozen men like himself in one place, it would be as dangerous as a powder magazine. (Laughter.) Man is a queer piece of mechanism, and, without taking the credit to himself, which had been accorded him, he could only say that he owed his success help doing what he had to do a fish could to swim. Take him out of an active busy life and he would die. The fact was, his early training had been such as to fit him for the life he now led. There were no drones about his father's establishment, and a man after all was very much like a piece of machinery; set it going and if all the pieces are right it will go. So with a boy, train him right when you can bend him, and he will never forget it. So far as he was concerned he had an impelling power to urge him to activity, and so long as he lived he must lead an active life. He had been called a fool and a madman, and had been told now that he was old enough to take his ease. Those who took their ease contributed but little towards the prosperity of the country. We have a great country to develop and our object should be to put forth our most earnest efforts to develop it. If you should want to go to Kingston how long would you be in getting there if you remained in your seat? We will not use the propelling power within us, we never can succeed. He seldom found any difficulty in carrying out his plans, and in managing his extensive business. In the first place he always endeavored to find men who were willing to carry out his views, and having such men there was no trouble in carrying on a business, no matter how extensive. He had generally found men in whom he could place the most unlimited confidence, and when he got good men he paid them good salaries, and everything went on smoothly. He had been told in regard to his enterprises that the Flint) was throwing his money away in those rocks. He paid very little for such remarks, for he generally knew what he was about. And when he told them that last year not less than $25,000 worth of manufactured articles have gone from this village, and that the present year that sum would be twice or $30,000, was it not saying something for the rocks and rills, these knolls and hills? But he believed they had got something besides hammers and scythes and iron. They had the stuff which buys all these articles, and in quantities, too, as rich as in Madoc. He knew there were some in Madoc jealous of their prosperity and prospect, but he could say he was not jealous of Madoc. If they could beat us, well and good, but they could rely upon it that we would give them a fair trial. In the Township of Elzevir, before two years passes by, he believed they would find as good a development of mineral wealth as in any other part of Canada. He could tell them that they had dug in the alluvial in more than twenty places, and found good shows of flour gold in each place as well as in the rock. It will take capital to develop this wealth, and he was prepared to expend what he could. Posterity would enjoy the fruits of his labors—he could not say his posterity, because, unfortunately, he had none, but the posterity of those sitting around him will benefit by the expenditure of labor and capital, and he was quite content and willing they should. He then referred to the question of politics and said we had no question of politics except the prosperity of the County. They were all working for the general good and they were doing the best service to their country who opposed sowing afresh the seeds of party strife, but were working together for the general good. With regard to the Fenian scares with which this country has been treated for some time back, he had no doubt it was a part of the policy of some Americans to frighten us into joining our fortunes with the American Republic. If this was the case it was a mistaken policy, and the effect would be similar to the withdrawal of Reciprocity. They cannot force us into it. Canadians would not be driven, and the only way in which they could possess our soil would be to march over our dead bodies. (Cheers.) Already the Americans were beginning to sue for a renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty. If they should be willing to come back in this matter, he was prepared to receive them as the father did his prodigal son, a sovereign, a mother, a woman, and a wife. He could never consent that our allegiance to her should ever sever, and his prayer was that she might long live to reign over a contented and happy people. And the country. What is our country? Not merely the soil upon which we live and cultivate, but its material part of the country, the soul of the country—man himself. It is no harm to wish the boy to be better than his father, and it was his wish that the succeeding generation might be a thousand per cent. better, and more prosperous than the present. The first part of the motto was "Our God." He had for long years endeavored to serve his God, and he trusted all those whom he was addressing, after loving and respecting their Queen, and doing all they could to promote their country's welfare, they might all so love and serve their God, that they and him might eventually be brought home to dwell with God forever. Again thanking them for the honor they had done him, the hon. gentleman resumed his seat, amidst loud and continued applause.

At this stage of the proceedings, letters of apology for absence were read from Judge Sherwood, John Stevenson, Speaker of the Ontario Assembly, A. Diamond, Esq., and E. Miles, Esq.

The CHAIRMAN next gave *The House of Commons of the Dominion.*

JAS. LAPUM, Esq., M. P. for Addington, briefly acknowledged the toast. He had often heard of the Hon. Billa Flint, and of what he had done for the country, but until to-day he had never had an opportunity of seeing for himself, what that gentleman's enterprise had accomplished. With regard to the Legislature, of which he had the honor to be a member, he believed they were all actuated by a desire to work for the general good of the country. The only drawback was the position assumed by Nova Scotia, and after they had made their electioneering speeches, and looked the matter squarely in the face, he believed they would be willing to come in with the other Provinces and work for the interests of the country.

Hon. R. READ, M. P., for East Hastings, said he was glad to be present at this banquet to do honor to a gentleman, however, much he might be opposed to politically, was a man of sterling worth, and a great blessing to the country. He was gratified to find all shades of politics and all classes from all parts of the county, participating in this demonstration of respect to his honorable friend Mr. Flint, a gentleman who had not only received the highest honors from the people, but had been selected by the Crown to occupy the high and dignified office of Senator, and he would here say he had expressed himself elsewhere say that the Government made a wise choice in selecting Mr. Flint instead of himself (Mr. Read.) He had, however, managed to get into the House of Commons, and he could assure them that he would put forth his best efforts to promote by wise legislation the material prosperity of the country. They had had a sitting of Parliament, and although it was a short session, and the first of the new Dominion, several good measures were adopted. The Intercolonial Railway was one of those measures, and although it will be expensive, we will say that it is not essential to the establishment and perpetuation of the Dominion? In the winter months if we want to get to the ocean, we are at the mercy of our neighbor. We were obliged to go across his farm, and though he was kind enough at present, the time might come when he would tell us, "You shan't cross my farm." It was just as well that we were able, to be independent. England had guaranteed the principal at a low rate of interest, and as money was plenty interest was low. Without this road the Dominion would be shorn of its strength. And then there was the great North West with its fertile soil, its mineral riches, and its immense mineral wealth, preliminary steps for the opening of which were taken at the late session. While our neighbors are pursuing an aggressive policy, buying up one day a road to the north pole, and the next a volcano in the West Indies, it is time we set to work to acquire such a valuable country as the North West Territory, and the new Dominion had done. ment to the thousands of emigrants who make Canada a highway to the far West.—There are homes and farms for millions in that Territory and at the next session he hoped the bargain for its acquisition by the Dominion would be closed. The hon. gentleman then briefly referred to Mr. Flint sounding the alarm respecting the Fenians, when we all thought he was half crazy, but we had reason since to know that he was more than half right. Reference was made to the various enterprises in which Mr. Flint was engaged, and he closed with saying that no other man in the county had done and played such an enterprising spirit, and the best of all is that he generally succeeds in whatever he undertakes.

JAS. BROWN, Esq., M. P. for West Hastings, in a few words acknowledged the sentiment. He was in the highest respect gratified at the sumptuous entertainment spread out before them, and he concurred with the Chairman and other speakers that no man of his acquaintance was more worthy of such an ovation than the Hon. Billa Flint. The County, and he might say the whole country, was greatly indebted to try of their hon. guest, and he hoped he would be long spared to assist in developing the mineral and other resources of this County.

M. BOWELL, Esq., M. P. for North Hastings, concurred in all that had been said regarding the guest of the evening. It had been his fate, as a journalist and a politician, to come in contact with his hon. friend, but he believed Mr. Flint would give him the credit of fighting fair and square and hitting full in the face on those questions upon which they differed, and he as fair and just as hard as he got. But they had learned to forget those little differences, they had buried party strife, they no longer indulged in the bitterness which characterised the contests of the olden time, and had united their efforts, and with one common aim labored to develop the resources of this Dominion of ours. This happy state of things has been the result of the coalition, and if it had accomplished no other, it would deserve credit for this. When he was a younger man he believed politicians were all honest, but he confessed that that idea had gradually dissipated, though he by no means wished to convey the idea that to be a politician a man must be dishonest. He referred to the occasion which called them together, and congratulated the hon. gentleman upon the magnificent ovation of which he was the recipient—an ovation which he richly deserved. For men in the country had displayed such an amount of energy and enterprise. Our own town gave evidence of it, and they could only regret that there were not more Billa Flints among us. Had our principal property holders manifested a similar disposition, we might today have been a city, and one of the most prosperous and wealthy in the Dominion. But unfortunately those men preferred to loan their money at usurious rates, to the sorrow of some who were present. But Mr. Flint was not only an enterprising man, but his strong moral and religious character had endeared him more closely and firmly to the hearts of the people. He remembered thirty years ago being in the Sunday School of which the hon. gentleman was Superintendent, a position which he now holds, with honor to himself and benefit to the rising generation. It must be a source of great satisfaction to the hon. gentleman to find young men to whom he had been instrumental in doing good, rising up all over the country to do him honor. Coming back to the House of Commons, when one person or two finds amongst the 180 members of which it is composed the cleverest debaters, the most talented, and best educated men in the country, it is then he feels his smallness. But because the cleverest men of the country were there, he did not intend to be an idler. He would use what abilities he had, faithfully and honestly to promote the interests of his constituency and the general good of the Dominion. He felt proud of this Dominion, though there were men among us who attempt to belittle our condition and depreciate the talent and patriotism of her sons. But he felt that Canada was as patriotic to-day as she was in 1812, and was as well prepared to defend herself as at that time. He had no sympathy with that man who was endeavoring to belittle his country and lessen its importance in the eyes of the world. He remembered in the Commons a certain gentleman from New Brunswick, a Mr. Anglin, getting a deserved rebuke from Mr. McKenzie for depreciating the greatness of this Dominion. It was when the question of the North-west Territory was under consideration. Mr. Anglin, who is an Irishman, said, speaking of his countrymen: "Suppose 10,000 of my misguided countrymen were to go into the Saskatchewan and plant the American flag there, what would you do?" "Why," said Mr. McKenzie, "we would let the Indians loose upon them and scalp them as we used to do." Mr. Howe's position, he said the horizon looked dark at present. The Fenian movement was spreading, but their tactics had somewhat changed. Their leaders knew that they could cope with the British army in the field, but advise to pursue the same policy the Fenians are taking in England, and, by keeping us in constant suspense, imagine that they will wear us out, and then we will fall a ready prey to the American Eagle.

Hon. B. FLINT—We will never be worn out.

Mr. BOWELL—England was now beginning to experience at her own doors something of Canada's experience a year or two ago. Then they sneered at us. When the warm, young blood of our country, from the Universities, the Seminaries, the office, and work bench, went out full of promise and laid down their lives as a sacrifice on the altar of their country, the Colonial Secretary sat down in his office and coolly writes a despatch to us asking us to forgive them. But just so soon as a policeman is shot in England, the London *Times* cries out for vengeance, and demands that the whole power of the Government must be used to crush out the Fenians. They are in our position now, and if they had to do it over again he did not fancy that the despatch would be couched in the same terms.

The first vice-Chairman next gave the toast of *Agriculture.*—Music by the band.

WM. TUMELTY, Esq., briefly acknowledged the sentiment. He was proud of the occupation of a farmer. They might boast of their gold and silver mines, but without the soil was filled, the miners could not accomplish much.

JOHN R. KETCHESON, Esq., was also called upon, and after referring to the noble occupation of tilling the soil, spoke in high terms of Bridgewater, as the place where they got cash for their grain, and where they got a good return for the wheat they brought, and eulogized Mr. Flint for his liberality and enterprise.

The next toast was *Commerce and Mercantile interests.*

THOS. KELSO, Esq., in acknowledging this toast regretted that he not some statistical information to lay before them, but it was a gratification to know that in 1867 the exports were more than the imports, and a balance was in our favor. One evidence of the stability and healthy condition of the commerce of this County was seen in the fact that though the Commercial Bank went down, and did an important season of the year for commercial men, and though the chief business of the county was done at that Bank, no failures and comparatively little inconvenience had been felt by them. It was a gratification to know that the Bank would shortly resume operations under another name. The speaker referred to the fact that we were the third maritime port in the Lakes, and of the shipping on the Lakes, Canada owned two-thirds, and paid a high tribute to the worth of Mr. Flint in his private and public capacity.

C. HOLDEN and WM. SUTHERLAND, Esqs., also briefly responded to this toast.

The next toast was *Manufactures*, which, after having happily responded to music by the band, was happily responded to by James Brown, Esq., M. P. He felt proud in representing the interests of the manufacturers. They had heard of the farmer with his sickle, the miner with his pick, of commerce with her ships, but what would become of all these interests without manufactures, without the skilled mechanics? Referring to the guest of the evening he might say of him, he never had his talents under a bushel or a cap bucket but his talents always shone like a home. needed for his mills and works made at home. The crushing mill erected by the hon. gentleman was made by Mr. Martin, and it is work as well was made by Mr. Martin, and it is work as well as done as could be furnished at any establishment done as could be furnished at any establishment in Canada. Such encouragement of home manufactures deserves every credit.

The Mining Interests of Canada, was acknowledged by Mr. Williams.

[We find that to extend our notes of the remaining speeches, would occupy more space than is at our disposal, so we must be content with a brief reference to what further took place.]

The Press was next given by the second vice-Chairman, with some appropriate observations, and responded to by M. Bowell, Esq., M.P.

Our Invited Guests was briefly acknowledged by A. F. Wood, Esq., and James Lapum, Esq., M. P.

The Ladies, was introduced by some excellent observations from the second vice-Chairman, and an appropriate response from the Rev. Mr. Howell, and a really eloquent speech from J. J. B. Flint, Esq.

The Learned Professions was acknowledged by Dr. B. S. Wilson in a happy manner, and also by J. J. B. Flint, Esq.

Some volunteer toasts were given and responded to, and the company separated about 12 o'clock. Lt.-Col. Campbell, and some other gentlemen, varied the entertainment with songs; and the band, after each toast, played appropriate airs, their performance of which was highly creditable. To the Committee who had charge of the banquet, special credit is due, for certainly everything was done that could be done to render every one satisfied, and to make them perfectly at home, and all expressed themselves in the highest respect satisfied with the evening's entertainment.

VOLUNTEER INSPECTION.—Brigade Major Shaw will inspect the 15th Battalion, on Friday evening next, in the Armory, Belleville. We hope to see a large turn out.

NEW BOOKS.—It will be seen by advertisement that Mr. Van Norman has received a large supply of New Books, Periodicals, Stationery, &c., which he offers cheap for cash.

THE UNION CHIMES.—This is the title of a new collection of hymns and tunes for Sabbath schools, prayer meetings, and the social circle, by G. W. Linton, accompanied by the music. It contains nearly 200 hymns, carefully selected from the choicest authors, and will be found an excellent book for the purpose for which it is published. Nordheimer, of Toronto, is the publisher, and Mr. Van Norman, Bookseller, Bridge street, has it for sale.

Ontario Legislature.

FRIDAY, FEB. 7TH.

The House sat only for a short time yesterday. In Committee several clauses of the Bill for Interpretation of the Statutes were passed, and the Committee reported progress. A resolution appropriating $2,000 to pay an Inspector of public asylums, reformatories, &c., such sum to include travelling expenses, was granted.

During the discussion Mr. Macdonald said that the inspection of prisons heretofore had been very unsatisfactory, at least as regarded Ontario. Indeed, he understood that they came up on the train in the morning, step into a jail for ten or fifteen minutes, see the jailor, take it for granted that what he said was all right, and then leave and write lengthly reports upon the state of the prisons.

The House went into Committee on the Act for the encouragement of Agriculture, Horticulture, Art and Manufactures. Having got as far as the 36th clause the House adjourned to Monday at three o'clock.

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, Feb 8.

Commercial Bills	98 to 99
Greenbacks, buying at	69 "70
" selling at	71
Bank of Upper Canada Bills	62
Silver, buying at	4¼
" selling at	3½ to 4

Gold opened at 142½; closed at 142½.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.

MONTREAL, Feb. 8, 1867. 1 P. M.		
FLOUR.—Superior Extra	$8 00	@ 8 25
Extra	7 90	@ 8 00
Fancy	7 60	@ 7 75
Welland Canal Superfine	7 50	@ 7 65
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat,	7 50	@ 7 65
" " 1 Western Wheat,	7 50	@ 7 65
" " 2 " "	7 10	@ 7 25
Bag Flour	3 60	@ 3 85
WHEAT.—Canada Fall	0 00	@ 0 00
Spring	1 70	@ 0 00
Western	0 00	@ 0 00
OATS.—Per 32 lbs	0 48	@ 0 47
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	0 90	@ 0 95
BUTTER—Dairy	0 14	@ 0 18
" Store Packed	0 14	@ 0 18
ASHES—Pots	5 20	@ 5 25
Pearls	5 75	@ 5 80
PORK—Mess	19 00	@ 00 00
Prime Mess	14 00	@ 00 00
Prime	13 00	@ 00 00
DRESSED Hogs	5 75	@ 6 12
PEAS	0 87	@ 0 88
RYE FLOUR	5 90	@ 6 00

Flour—Receipts liberal; market quiet but firm, only trifling sales noted. Grain—no transactions, rates unchanged. Pork unchanged. Hogs—sales of light to medium at $5 75 to $6 00; heavy and choice range up to $6 25. Butter—choice in demand. Ashes neglected and nominal.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, February 8.

Cotton firmer at 19¾c to 20c.

Flour moderately active; receipts 5,400 barrels; sales 6,700 bbls at $8 25 to $9 00 for superior state and western; $9 70 to $10 75 for common to choice extra State; $9 40 to $11 75 for common to choice extra western; $9 70 to $13 75 for common to choice round hooped Ohio.

Rye flour steady at $7 25 to $9 25.

Wheat dull and drooping; receipts 3,700 bushels; sales 7,000 bushels mixed spring at $2 33.

Rye quiet.

Corn better; receipts 40,011 bushels; sales 40,000 bushels at $1 27 to $1 29 for new mixed western afloat; $1 30 for small lots do.

Barley scarce and firm.

Oats more active and firm; receipts 60,000 bush; sales 80,000 bushels at 83¾c to 84c for Western in store, buyers option for 60 days at 86c, and buyer next week at 84c.

Pork firm at $21 50 to $21 62 for old mess; $22 70 to $22 85 for new do.

Lard firm at 13¾c to 14¼c; small lots at 14¾c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.

Stocks very strong.
Gold closed 143¾.
Sterling Exchange, 60 days, 109¾.
Gold 144¾.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS.

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, Feb. 8, 1868.

FALL WHEAT—$1 60 to $1 65.
SPRING WHEAT—$1 50 to $1 60.
BARLEY—$90 to $95.
RYE—firm at $1 00 to $1 05.
OATS—60c.
PEAS—demand only for local use at 90c to 95c.
BUCKWHEAT—60c to 75c.
HAY—Dull at $5 50 @6.
PORK—$5 50 to $6 00. Heavy Pork $6 25.
MUTTON—8c to 8c per pound.
BUTTER—18c to 22c.
EGGS—18c to 20c.
HIDES—$5.50 to $7.00.
SHEEPSKINS—Still at 50c to 65c.
CALFSKINS—8c ⅌ lb.
TALLOW—Rough, 8c; rendered, 9c.
WOOL—25c.
POTATOES—60 to 65c.
APPLES—$0.50 to $1 00.
HAY—$10 to $15.
CHEESE—10c.
CORN—70c to 80c.
FLOUR—No 1, $7 50 ⅌ bbl.
POTASH—$4 50 to $4 75.

☞ Ticket Office for Great Western Railway, opposite the Market, Front-St. Tickets issued to Milwaukee, Chicago, New Orleans, Omaha City, Nebraska Territory, Fort Riley, Kansas, Cheyenne, Decatah, Denvils Colorado, and all points West. Fare received either in Greenbacks or current funds.
217-1y R. P. DAVY, AGENT.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LEXINGTON, Missouri, May 23, 1868.

MESSRS. J. N. HARRIS & CO.:

DEAR SIRS—I have made Allen's Lung Balsam pretty well known in our city and country, and have sold about all the four dozen bottles sent me in March last; and I find that persons who try the Balsam once, come back again for more, as it gives them satisfaction; and I recommend it in preference to any other medicine for Coughs and Colds. Please send me six dozen bottles as soon as possible. Yours, &c.,
THOMAS J. FLETCHER, Druggist.

P. S.—I sell more Allen's Lung Balsam, than all other cough remedies together, and it gives general satisfaction.

Sold by all Family Medicine dealers.

☞ Perry Davis & Son, Agents for the Dominion of Canada. 51-4w 237-4w

R. R. R. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Is the only vegetable Remedy, in liquid form, that will cure at once all Bilious Attacks, Fevers, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Headache, Spasms, Diptheria, Influenza, Kidney and Bladder Diseases. One application to a few minutes afford immediate comfort.

Sisters of Mercy, Dorchester St., Montreal, C.E., Hospital of the Sisters of Mercy.

DR. RADWAY: I certify that your Ready Relief has cured over one hundred of our sick from Chills, Vomiting, Headaches, Internal Pains, &c., &c.

One of our Sisters had the Rheumatism in her head for a great many years. Having taken a few spoonsful of Relief in water, and rubbing her head twice with the same medicine, she was perfectly cured, and never felt it since. I always use it for Dyspepsia and for Colds, and always with success. It is very useful for Sore Throat, Coughs Influenza, Diptheria, &c. It has a good effect in Flatulence or Wind Cholic. I use it for foul breath, and it produces a marvellous effect. In short, it procures relief altogether remarkable to our invalids.
SISTER MARY DE BONSECOURS.

Sudden Colds, Coughs, Influenza, Diptheria, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Chills, Fever and Ague, Mercurial Pains, Scarlet Fever, &c., &c. Take from four to six of Radway's Pills, and also take a teaspoonful of the Ready Relief in a glass of water, sweetened with sugar or honey; bathe throat, head and chest with Ready Relief (if Ague or Intermittent Fever, bathe the spine also); in the morning you will be cured.

See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1868.—R. R. R. sold by all druggists. 51-2t 237-2w

NEW BOOKS
AT
F. VAN NORMAN'S.

Queen Victoria's Journal, "Our Life in the Highlands."
Wood's Natural History—2,500 Illustrations, 3 vols., Royal 8vo. $14 00
Chambers' Cyclopedia, now complete, 10 vols. 2 50
Chambers' Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols. 2 50
Family Cyclopedia. 75
Our Constitution. 1 00
Romance of Charity. 1 00
The Land and the Book. 3 00
Pre-historic Scotland. 6 00
Knight's Half-hours with best Authors, 2 vols. 2 50
Knight's Half-hours with English History. 1 25
North-west Passage by Land, by Vicount Milton and Cheadle.
Barnes' Notes, complete.
D'Israeli's Curiosities of Literature, cloth and morocco.
Kitto's Bible History of the Holy Land.
Weoles' Scientific Works.

ALL THE POETS, &c., &c.,
NEW SCHOOL BOOKS.
The CHEAPEST STATIONERY
In Belleville.

WALL PAPERS

From 5 cts. to $1 20 per Roll.

BIBLES,
HYMN BOOKS,
PRAYER BOOKS,
PSALM BOOKS,
CATECHISMS, &c. &c.

Sunday School Libraries

In great variety, and very low prices.

A GOOD STOCK OF
Sheet Music, Music Books, Violins,

&c., &c., constantly on hand.

☞ Orders by mail promptly executed.

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,
BELLEVILLE.
Belleville, Feb. 8, 1868. 239-tf

BAY STATE MINING CO'Y.

STOCK-HOLDERS in the above Company can now exchange their old scrip for new, on application to
F. H. ROUS,
Secretary.
Belleville, Feb. 7th, 1868. 238-6t

Partner Wanted,

WANTED, as equal partner in a light and profitable manufacturing business, a good responsible man, with some capital to invest.

For particulars enquire at 224, or at the office of S. B. Burdett, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Front St., Belleville.
Belleville, Jan. 27, 1868. 228-tf

DIARIES, DIARIES,
FOR 1868,
AT
J. C. OVERELL'S.

TURNBULL'S BLOCK,
180 FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

The X-Mas No. of the
ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS,
IS NOW READY.
ALSO,
BOUND NUMBERS OF
British Workman,
Band of Hope Review,
Children's Friend,
Infant's Magazine,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
LEISURE HOUR, SUNDAY AT HOME, &c., &c.,
AT
J. C. OVERELL'S,

OPPOSITE THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
FRONT STREET,
BELLEVILLE.
January 4, 1868. 209

Horses, Carriages, &c.,
FOR SALE.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS
TAKEN AT PAR.

Apply to
H. PRETTY,
Opposite the Market.
Belleville, Oct. 22, 1867. 147-tf

A SPLENDID
ASSORTMENT OF
FLANNELS,
GENT'S
FURNISHING GOODS,
&c., &c.,
JUST RECEIVED,
AT
J. MUIR & CO.'S.

REMOVAL.

N. MANN begs to notify the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to the Dafoe House Building, where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many more, who will favor him with their patronage.
Belleville, Dec. 27, 1867.

BOARDING.

MRS. McKENZIE can accommodate a few permanent boarders; also, some daily boarders.
RESIDENCE—Pinnacle Street, opposite the market.
Belleville, Nov. 18, 1867. 170-tf

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THIS BANK is prepared to issue drafts, receive deposits, and grant interest receipts at the office of the Commercial Bank in Belleville.

Mr. THOMSON will be happy to see his old friends.
Belleville, Jany. 23, 1868. 235-tf

NOW READY,
THE
Queen's New Book,
Journal in the Highlands.
PRICE, $1.25.
E. HARRISON.
Belleville, Feb. 1, 1868. 233-tf

Notice of Partnership.

WE HAVE this day admitted William Jones, of Belleville, as partner into our firm.
A. S. PAGE & CO.
Belleville, Jan. 15, 1868. 218-1m

HUFFMAN HOUSE,

MADOC, ONTARIO.
HUFFMAN & SON, Proprietors,
(LATE OF PETERBOROUGH.)

☞ Every attention paid to travellers. House and furniture entirely new. 195-tf 26tf

Limes and Glycerine,

The best Hair Dresser before the public.
Limes and Glycerine,
The best preparation known for Dandruff.
Limes and Glycerine,
Allays all irritation of the Scalp.
Limes and Glycerine,
All who have used it pronounce it superior to any preparation for the Hair.
Limes and Glycerine,
Is to be found on almost every toilet table.
Limes and Glycerine,
Far superior to pure Glycerine for chapped hands, &c.
Prepared only at
APOTHECARIES HALL,
1d1y Front St., Belleville.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

Ladies Work Boxes,
" **Writing Desks,**
" **Dressing Cases,**
Photograph Albums.
Fancy Wool Goods.
Ladies Bonnets.

A fine assortment of
Dress Goods!
and the
Latest Styles in Cloth
FOR LADIES JACKETS.
Geo. Ritchie & Co.
Dec. 19, 1867. 1D-1y

GRAHAM FLOUR,
OATMEAL, SPLIT PEAS,
BEANS, &c.
—ALSO,—
WHITEFISH AND HERRINGS
IN BARRELS & HALF BARRELS,
At the "Corner Store,"
Front and Bridge Streets.
A. FLETCHER & Co.
January 15, 1868. 7-1y,w48-2t

HOOP SKIRTS,
LATEST STYLES.
G. C. Holton & Co.

J. & W. Sutherland

WOULD respectfully solicit an inspection of their new stock of
FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS,
Which will be found complete in the following specialities:
FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FRENCH MERINOS—2s. 6d. and upwards
FRENCH LAMAS & THIBETS.
FRENCH DELAINES.
SCOTCH TWEEDS,
" ALL WOOL HOSIERY.
CANADIAN " "
" FLANNELS.
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.
DUNDAS COTTONS AND BAGS.
AMERICAN YARN.
J. & W. SUTHERLAND.
Belleville, October, 1867. 1n6m

NEW MUSIC
AT
F. VANNORMAN'S.
La Crosse Galop and Quadrille!
and a lot of
CHOICE NEW PIECES.
Belleville, Jan. 16, 1867.

GEORGE ROCHE,
HATTER & FURRIER,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now prepared to take orders for
ALL KINDS of FURS.

Having procured the services of a first-class Cutter from Paris, particular attention paid to repairing.

☞ All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.

Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs.
October 14. 1D-6m

F. HACKETT

HAS RECEIVED A
CHOICE ASSORTMENT
OF
FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS
Belleville, Oct. 1, 1867. 1D-6m

COSGRAVE & CO.'S
CELEBRATED
East India Pale Ale.
JUST RECEIVED,
50 Hhds,
150 Barrels and half Barrels.
FOR SALE ONLY BY
WESLEY BULLEN.
Belleville, Nov. 26, 1867. 177-tf

GRAND
DISCOUNT SALES
OF
DRY GOODS,
AT
P. D. CONGER'S.



HURRAH FOR
THE DOMINION.

R. H. JONES

BEGS leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened a new WHOLESALE and RETAIL
Grocery and Liquor Store,
in the premises lately occupied by Messrs. O'Brien & Hencky, where he will keep on hand a select and varied assortment of
General Groceries,
AND LIQUORS,
For family use and medicinal purposes.

TEAS.
YOUNG AND OLD HYSONS,
GUNPOWDER, TWANKAY,
IMPERIAL, JAPAN,
SOUCHONG,
CONGOU, &c., &c.

COFFEES.
THE BEST IN TOWN, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.

He would especially call the attention of families to his stock of
WINES, SPIRITS & LIQUORS.
Brandies, Ports, Sherries.
Irish, Scotch & Morton's Whiskeys.
Old Tom & Holland Gins,
IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.
Together with a large assortment of
CHAMPAGNE,
of the most popular brands.
LIQUEURS & CORDIALS, &c.

In addition to these there will be found a splendid stock of
LAMP GOODS & TRIMMINGS.

☞ Goods sent promptly to customers in any part of the town.
Belleville, Dec. 9, 1867. 193 46-tf

Stock Market.

The Montreal *Gazette's* commercial article of yesterday quotes stocks as follows:

The business of the past week has been larger than for some time previous. A further decline in Bank Shares has taken place, but the market closes firm, and with more demand.

Bank of Montreal—Sales at 125 and 125½, closing rather firm with buyers at 125½ and sellers at 126.

Bank of British North America—Continues to be asked for at 102½ to 104.

City Bank—A considerable amount has been placed at 99, 99½; no sellers to-day under 100.

Molsons Bank—Is offered at 111½, with buyers at 110½.

Merchants' Bank—Large sales have been made at 103, 108½ and 108, closing with buyers at 107½ and sellers at 108½.

Mechanics' Bank—In demand at 97; no stock offering.

La Banque du Peuple—Firm in demand at 108½.

La Bank Jacques Cartier—Quotations nominal; no sales reported; 106 to 107½.

Quebec Bank—Heavy, with sellers at 99, and no buyers.

La Banque Nationale—Quotations nominal; no stock offering in this market; 106½ to 107½.

Union Bank of Lower Canada—Is offered at 101; buyers only offer 100.

Eastern Township's Bank—There has been a good demand for this stock at 97½ to 98.

Commercial Bank of Canada—Sales during the week at 36 to 36½, closing rather weaker with buyers at 35½ and sellers at 36½.

Ontario Bank—Considerable sales during the week at 97 to 98; it is still offered at 98

Bank of Toronto—Is rather heavier, there being no buyers to-day over 101½, sellers asking 111½.

Gore Bank—Is freely offered, without finding buyers, at 79 to 81.

Royal Canadian Bank—Has been dealt in at 91 to 91½, which prices would still be paid.

Canadian Bank of Commerce.—Sellers, but no buyers, at 99½ to 100½.

Montreal Telegraph Company—Is offered at 131½, with buyers at 130½.

Canadian Inland Steam Navigation Co.—There are buyers ex dividend at 105, with sellers at 107½.

Richelieu Navigation Co.—Books closed till after the annual meeting on the 13th. The stock is still offered at 105.

Canada Debentures—Have been largely dealt in. Sixes currency at 98½, and Fives currency at 88½ and 86½.

Mr. McCall, M. P. P. for West Elgin, appears to be an unsophisticated child of nature. In the debate on the Game Bill in the Ontario Legislature, he made the House roar at his "quaint language and energetic eloquence," and finally brought it down with the following illusion to a petition;—"As to traps or snares, they ought to be *not* after wherever they could be found in season." (Laughter.)

American Watches.

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its use Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is, indeed, little else than a machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course, there must be no defect in the principle of plan or the movement, no mistake in the sizes or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the reduplication of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough subdivision.

By means of multiplying guages and microscopes, tests and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools, and for faults and flaws in steel or stone, are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a finished machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home—instead of slugging and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the lightest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear ringing sound always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a time keeper from first start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The Company claim that by it they produce Watches that cannot be equalled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan, and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of Watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes to suit all tastes and means; but every Watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM" is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

☞ EVERY WATCH FULLY WARRANTED.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
No 182, Broadway, N.Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
TORONTO and MONTREAL,
General Agents.
Toronto, Nov. 2, 1867. 168-8m 40-3m

Business Cards,

AND all other kinds of Job Printing, executed with despatch, at the *Intelligencer* Office, Intelligencer Building, Front Street.

Great Bargains at

Wilson & Robertson's

THE following lines are now offered to the public:—

30 ps. all Wool Tweeds, 5s. for 3s 9d per yd.
25 " " 5s 6d for 4s 6d "
40 " " 5s 9d for 5s. "

A large Assortment of Wool Shawls

A few ps. ALL WOOL Carpets,
AND A VARIETY OF OTHER GOODS.

In order to reduce our Stock, we offer these goods very much cheaper than they will be found elsewhere.

WILSON & ROBERTSON

HURRAH FOR

BARNUM'S

LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half-past 8 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12, noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 2 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

S. BARNUM,
Proprietor.

C. HORTON, Agent, Belleville.
S. GUSTIN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1867. D08

CANADA WEST

FARMERS' MUTUAL

AND

Stock Insurance Company.

THE Annual general meeting of the Members of "The Canada West Farmers' Mutual and Stock Insurance Company," will be held (pursuant to resolution adopted at the last annual meeting,) on Thursday, the 6th of February next, for the purpose of receiving the Annual Report, and of electing four Directors to serve in place of the late Jacob Binkley, deceased, H. J. Lawry, who retires, and William Burrell and Thomas Stock, whose term of office expires, but who are eligible for re-election.

RICHARD P. STREET,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Hamilton, January 2d, 1868. 210-5w

Store-keepers!
Farmers!
And Others!

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM THE IMPORTERS DIRECT.

The Montreal Tea Company,

6 Hospital Street, Montreal,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to different parts of the country—and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received.

RUSSELL HOTEL, QUEBEC, January 7, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in having the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

HOUSE OF SENATE, OTTAWA, Dec. 16, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

S. SKINNER.

QUEBEC, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of 30 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 55 cents was of excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for.

Yours respectfully,
D. ANDERSON.

TORONTO, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The two chests of Tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward ten a friend of mine at Brampton, one chest Fine Flavored New Seasons Congou, at same price, viz.: at 55 cents per lb. Yours, &c.,

JAMES EDGAR.

ELCOMB, December 23, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box of 20 lbs. at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

P. OLIVER.

The contributors to the "Medical Journal" have frequently declared that one half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substance, in 50, 25, 20, 15, and 12 lbs. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do. 55c., 60c., and 65c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 70c., and Good Souchong, Rich Flavored do., 60c.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Superfine do., 50c., 55c.; Very Fine, 60c.; Finest, 65c., 75c.; Scented Orange Pekoe, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankey Common, 38c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c., 60c., 65c., and 70c.; Fine Flavored New Season do. 75c., 80c., and 85c.; Very Fine, 85c.; Superfine and very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 55c.; Extra Superfine do., $1.

All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lb. boxes sent carriage free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality, and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 30 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c. to 70c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of this order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by expressman, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.
6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of five cheats and upwards.

All Boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

MOIRA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Capital Stock, $100,000. Divided into 10,000 Shares.

WORKING CAPITAL, $15,000.

HORACE YEOMANS, Esq., PRESIDENT. ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., TREASURER.
B. S. GILBERT, Esq., SECRETARY. J. G. SHURTZ, Esq., SUPERINTENDENT.

MERCHANTS' BANK, BANKERS. DEAN & GILBERT, SOLICITORS.

DIRECTORS:

HORACE YEOMANS, of Flint & Yeomans, Belleville.
ANDREW THOMSON, Banker, Belleville.
W. W. DEAN, Master in Chancery, Belleville.
JOHN G. SHURTZ, Superintendent.
JAMES LISTER, M.D., Belleville.
JAMES W. CARMAN, American Consul, Belleville.
BARTON S. GILBERT, of Dean & Gilbert, Barristers, Belleville.

THIS COMPANY is duly Incorporated under Cap. 23, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the purpose of working the mineral veins upon *sixteen* acres of Lot No. 19, in the fifth concession of Madoc, (the Richardson Mine being No. 18 in the same concession.)

A shaft has been sunk to the depth of nine feet in the rock. At six feet a gold-bearing lode was struck, of 18 inches in width, which at nine feet has increased to 2½ feet, and a crushing at Gilbert & Turley's mill of four and one-half tons of the rock, gave a yield of over fifty-six dollars in gold; the lode is clearly defined, and evidently extends the whole length of the property—52 rods.

The territory is admirably situated for mining purposes, being a high ridge covered with indications of mineral veins. There are numerous places on the land fully as promising as the one on which the shaft has been sunk, and which would unquestionably yield as well. The large quantity of land, and the prospects of other gold-bearing veins, make it certain that the Company will be able to subdivide the property as soon as a little further development has been made, and form other Companies at great advantage.

Work is being vigorously prosecuted in the shaft, under the superintendence of JOHN G. SHURTZ, Esq., one of the Directors, who is largely interested in the proprietary of the mine, and who has had thirteen years' practical experience in the gold mines of California and Nevada, and is unquestionably the most accomplished quartz miner now in this country.

It is intended to have a further crushing in a few days, and negotiations are in progress which, if carried out, will secure a mill to the Company at once, so that regular work will be gone on with without delay, and dividends may, in that case, be expected in a short time.

Belleville, Jan. 27th, 1868. 228d-tf

India and China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or $1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb. Finest procurable, $1.00.

Protected by Trade Mark.

☞ Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.
August 16th, 1867. D90-1y w27-1y

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO. OF CANADA.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
INCORPORATED 1849.

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., President, LEWIS MOFFATT, Esq., Vice-President.

HON. MALCOLM CAMERON,	A. T. FULTON, Esq.,	W. J. McDONELL, Esq.
C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq.,	H. S. HOWLAND, Esq.	J. McGILLES, Esq.,
GEORGE CHAFFEY, Esq.,	A. R. McMASTER, Esq.	A. M. SMITH, Esq.

SOLICITORS:—MESSRS. DUGGAN & BURNS.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on every description of property.

MARINE INSURANCES—Inland and to the Lower Ports, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the West Indies, and by steam vessels to Europe.

Rates as moderate as any other respectable Insurance Company.

F. McANNANY, Esq., Agent, Belleville.
JAS. SIDNEY CROCKER, Manager.
November 12, 1867. 39w6m-165d6m

BELLEVILLE

AGRICULTURAL WORKS

AND

IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Threshing Machines,
STRAW CUTTERS,
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,
Iron and Steel Ploughs, Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-tf

American Invoices--Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
QUEBEC, 6th March, 1863.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the *Canada Gazette*.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
OTTAWA, June 8, 1867.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 28 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
3D1t-tf Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL!

THE "DAILY NEWS,"

$6 00 per Annum, in advance.

JOHN LOVELL,
65 Printer and Publisher.

BLANKS of every description for sale at *The Intelligencer* office.

BRITISH PERIODICALS,

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review (Whig).
The Westminster Review (Liberal).
The North British Review (Free Church.)
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory.)

THESE periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stand unrivalled in the world of Periodicals. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews, - - -	$4.00 per annum.
For any two of the Reviews, - -	7.00 "
For any three of the Reviews, - -	10.00 "
For all four of the Reviews, - - -	12.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine, - - -	4.00 "
For Blackwood and one Review, - -	7.00 "
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews, - - -	10.00 "
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews, - - -	13.00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	15.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of twenty per cent. will be allowed to Clubs of four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood or of one Review, will be sent to *one address* for $12.80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $48.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is Two Cents a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums for New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, gratis, any one of the *Four Reviews* for 1867. New Subscribers to five of the periodicals for 1868 may receive, gratis, Blackwood or any two of the *Four Reviews* for 1867.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1.50 a year for each or any Review; also, Blackwood for 1866 and 1867, for $2.50 a year, or the two years together for $4.00.

☞ Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to Clubs, nor reduced prices for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted *direct to the Publishers.*

No premiums can be given to Clubs.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING Co.,
140 Fulton St., N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE,

by HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1600 pages, and numerous Engravings.

Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid. 98

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the *AMERICAN (WALTHAM) WATCH* have given it such a wide world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and printed its trade marks. Irregularities are occasionally found, who furtively trade upon the popularity of the American Watch, by selling a counterfeit imitation under the name of the genuine article. It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for genuine watches have attained. The several grades of the American Watches—except the lowest grade, marked bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. ROBBINS.

The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine Watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH Co.

APPLETON, TRACY & Co.

WALTHAM WATCH Co.

P. S. BARTLETT,

WM. ELLERY.

HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the General Superintendent,
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

GENTLEMEN:—The watches manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years by our enginemen, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them a good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying your watches give as less trouble and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we trusted to those of Swiss and English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they come as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.
American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that Waltham watches are the most satisfactory of any for their uses. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have never known one to wear out, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly add to punctuality and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer.
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.
American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto & Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS.
Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-3m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every afternoon (Sundays excepted) and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of $5 a year if paid in advance, $6 otherwise. Mail subscribers $5 a year. $2 50 for 6 months; $1 50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgewater, Marmora and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the **Gold Regions,** and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., &c., and in short, neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months,	$ 5 00
Half Square, 6 months,	$10 00
One Square, 6 months,	$20 00
Two Squares, 6 months,	$30 00
Four Squares, 6 months,	$50 00
Notices of Births,	50
Do of Marriages,	50
Do of Deaths,	50

"BUSINESS NOTICES"—All matter under this heading, leaded or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of solid minion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements every two weeks.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion, and 2 cents for each additional insertion.

The Weekly Intelligencer

Is published every Friday Morning at $2 per annum if called for at the office, or sent by mail; and $2½ if delivered by the Carrier, payable in all cases in advance. When not paid until the close of the year, 50 cents will be added to each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, and the number now on its Subscription Books is over 1,400. With such a large and general circulation throughout this and adjoining Counties, the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed advantages to advertisers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Six lines and under, first insertion,	0 50
Each subsequent insertion,	0 12½
Above six lines (per line) first insertion	0 07
Each subsequent insertion per line,	0 02

☞ "BUSINESS NOTICES" 10 cents per line each insertion, measured as solid minion.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to ensure their appearance.

All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

The Intelligencer Job Office

Is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the country.

The DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER can be had at the Book Stores in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at Eli Dorado.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

M. HOWELL,
Publisher.

INTELLIGENCER BUILDING,
Front street, Belleville.

Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 1. BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, MONDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 10, 1868. No. 240.

Montreal Business Directory.

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal.

DEPARTMENTS.

Braces.	Knitted Woolens.
Braids,	Laces,
Brushes and Combs,	Ladies Collars and Sets.
Buttons,	Sinew Goods,
Corsets,	Small Wares in great
Elastics,	variety.
Felt Hats,	Threads,
Gent's Collars and Ties.	Trimmings & Ornaments
Hosiery and Gloves.	Umbrellas.
Velvet Ribbons, &c.	

HOOP SKIRTS,—our own Manufacture. 156-6m

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware Manufacturers,
MONTREAL.
KILN PLATES
AND
CASTINGS for BREWERIES.
Any parties about putting up new kilns for
MALT OR OATMEAL
will do well to correspond with the above.
156-6m.

BURROWS & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobaccos, &c., &c.
418 St. Paul St., Montreal.
☞Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 156-6m

PEAVEY & MARCH,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions,
And everything usually sold in a first class Grocery.
No. 344 Notre Dame Street, a few doors West St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.
☞Every article warranted to be as represented or may be returned. Goods sent to any part of the City Free of Charge. 156-6m

HUNTER, DUFFY & JOHNSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
29 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 156-6m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, PROPRIETOR.
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-6m

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, Collins Wharf, Halifax.
PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.
ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 38D-6m-W6m

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
378 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.
MAPS, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, Bill Bills of Lading, Blank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards, in any number of colors, Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 27D6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS,
&c., &c., &c.,
25 Hospital St., - - - MONTREAL.
OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and
ON AS GOOD TERMS
as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.
J. C. FRANCK & Co.
July 27, 1867. 74d.

QUEEN
INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL, - - - - $10,000,000.
FIRE and LIFE.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.
THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers.—One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to **Ten per Cent.** of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management
Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.
The next division of profits takes place in 1868, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.
M. BOWELL,
DR. CANNIFF, *Intelligencer Office.*
Medical Referee *Agent.*
May, 1867. 4D-6mo.

Montreal Business Directory.

Frothingham & Workman,
MONTREAL,
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.
Warehouse and Offices 395 to 399, St. Paul St.
Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c.
May 1st. 1d-6m

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M. D.,
Consulting and Analytical Chemist,
630 Lagauchetiere Street, Montreal.
☞At home for consultation before 10 A. M., between 2 and 3, and after 6 P. M.
FEES FOR ANALYSIS,—$6 a metal, payable in advance. 156-6m

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
303 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL.
☞Every description of Jewelry manufactured from gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 28d6m

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant.
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Agent for Walter Evans & Co. Sewing and Knitting Cottons, Derby; and J. M. Perry & Co.'s Gray's Patent Linen Fibre Collarss, Nottingham, England. 1D-6m

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER.
OFFICE: Corner of St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.
REFERENCES—Robertson & Beattie, Robert Esdaile, Esq., Jas Turrance, Esq. 31D3m

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT
And Commission Merchants,
49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street,
MONTREAL. 1D-6m

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant.
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods, 1D-6m

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 329 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 28d6m

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.
THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.
E. MUIR,
Chemist and Druggist,
28d6m Place D'Armes, Montreal.

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McCUAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
OFFICE—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and St Common Street, Canal Wharf.
MONTREAL.
☞Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and oil or Produce, and purchase of Merchandise. 28d6m

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
100 GREY NUNS STREET, MONTREAL,
HAVE FOR SALE—

Boiler Tubes,	Drain Pipes,
Gas Tubes,	Roman Cement,
Horse Nails,	Water Lime,
Paints and Putty,	Portland Cement,
Fire Bricks,	Paving Tiles,
Fire Clay,	Garden Vases,
Pine Covers.	Chimney Tops, &c.

☞Manufacturers o AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR, and BED SPRINGS. 24D6m

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.
LIBERAL advances made on consignments to ourselves, or for shipment to our friends in Great Britain and the Lower Port
May 31st, 1867. 27D6m

A. ROBERTSON & Co.,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Manties, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosier, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Clothes, Canadian Woollens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons, Prints, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Muslins.
478 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St.,
MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro', C. W. 1D-6m

Important to Miners and MINING MEN.
JOHNS' Patent Water-Proof Safety Fuse for WET GROUND and SUBMARINE BLASTING, is much cheaper than any other, and pronounced by Mining men much better than any imported.
Testimonials received from men well known in the mining and quarrying business of Canada and the United States; from Messrs. Morrill & Colby, Bennets, Wiswell Macfarland, Adams, Watson, Griffith, Wearn, and others.
☞All orders promptly attended to.
Address JOHNS & Co.,
150-3m Sherbrooke, Q.

TERRAPIN RESTAURANT
CHARLES PAPINEAU,
BEGS to inform the public that he has opened the TERRAPIN RESTAURANT, in Coleman's Building, next door to Dr. Coleman's Drug Store, and he has fitted it up in first class style, with every convenience. He will keep constantly on hand the best Ale and Porter, and the purest brands of Liquors.
☞Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c., always on hand.
Belleville, Oct. 16, 1867. 142-tf

CONGER BROS.
FEELING thankful for the very liberal patronage given them for the past year, beg to remind their customers and the public that having thoroughly
REFITTED THEIR STORE!
are now opening a well assorted stock of FRESH TEAS, SUGARS, SPICES, CURRANTS, RAISINS, FIGS, &c. Special attention is called to their fine assortment of
Jams, Jellies, Canned and Bottled FRUITS. VEGETABLES, &c.
R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER.
Nov. 13th, 1867. 1D1y

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the
Canadian & United States Mails.
1867—SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.—1867.
Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.
Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.
This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undernoted First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double-Engine Iron Steamships:

AUSTRIAN,	2700 Tons.	Capt. AITON.
NESTORIAN,	2700 "	Lt. DUTTON, R.N.R.
MORAVIAN,	2650 "	Capt. WYLIE.
PERUVIAN,	2600 "	Capt. BALLANTINE.
HIBERNIAN,	2434 "	Capt. BROWN.
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	2300 "	Capt. ALLAN.
NORTH-AMERICAN,	1734 "	Capt. KERR.
BELGIAN,	2434 "	Capt. GRANGE.
DAMASCUS,	1600 "	Capt. WATTS.

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL EVERY THURSDAY, and from PORTLAND every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)

The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from PORTDAND as undernoted, viz:—

NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 25th Jan.
PERUVIAN,	Saturday, 1st Feb.
AUSTRIAN,	Saturday, 8th "
HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 15th "
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Saturday, 22nd "
MORAVIAN,	Saturday, 29th "
NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 7th March

ST. GEORGE from Portland, 21st February.
St. ANDREW from Portland, 11th March.
☞Fares per "Nova Scotian," 11th January, from Scotland to St. Johns, N. F., are:—Cabin, $80; Steerage, $15.

Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway:—
CABIN, - - - $80 20 to $90 20
(according to accommodation.)
STEERAGE, - - - $32 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.
Berths not secured until paid for.
For particulars, apply to
J. W. THOMPSON, Agent,
Canadian Express Office,
27D6m-16W1y BELLEVILLE.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
For 1868.
THE CHEAPEST OF LADIES' MAGAZINES,
BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST.
THE friend of woman, the arbiter of fashion, the encourager and publisher of the best literature of the day, the pattern from which all others copy.
READING MATTER.
In this there will be an improvement. The volume for 1868 will be set up with new-faced type, and of a size that will enable us to give an additional quantity of reading matter amounting to about twelve pages in each number.
BEAUTIFUL STEEL PLATES.
Of these the LADY'S BOOKS contain *fourteen* each year, superior (we challenge comparison) to any published in this country, either in book or periodical.
THE LITERATURE OF THE LADY'S BOOK,
MARION HARLAND,
Authoress of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Moss Side," "Nemesis," and "Marian,"
who contributes to no other monthly publication, will furnish a new novel for 1868, called "PERRIE ROWLAND," that will run through the year. Her stories are anxiously sought after, and as they are copyrighted, can be found nowhere but in GODEY. Our former efficient corps of writers has also been retained.
OUR FASHION PLATES.
The original double fashion-plates will be continued MODEL COTTAGES.—The only magazine in this country that gives these designs in the LADY'S BOOK.
DRAWING LESSONS.—In this we are also alone.
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Belleville Business Directory.

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SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency Attornies-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c., &c. Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Ross, Bell & Holden,
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HON. JNO. ROSS. JOHN BELL. THOS. HOLDEN
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Diamond & Dickson,
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c.
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1D6m-Wtf

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BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1D6m-Wtf

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IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Law Partnership.
THE undersigned have this day entered into co-partnership under the name of Jellett & Bleasdell. Office—Corner of Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville.
R. P. JELLETT.
8th October, 1867. J. H. T. BLEASDELL.

Forrest & Lozo's
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Lazier's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 25D-tf

T. Lockerty,
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 22D5m

Ponton, Falkiner & Denmark
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

Angus McFee,
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellry and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1D6m

John Wilson,
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street, Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 1D6m

J. W. Brown,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

Geo. Gibson,
MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1D6m

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MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

To Gold Miners.
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Swedes iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. WM. POWELL.
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MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well selected and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

ALLSOP'S ALE,
Guinness' Stout,
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IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT
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AND all other kinds of JOB PRINTING, executed with neatness and despatch at the INTELLIGENCER Office, Front Street, Belleville.

Murder of a Young Canadian in Chicago.
(From the Toronto Telegraph.)
The Chicago *Post* gives the following particulars of the mysterious murder of a lad named Charles Gordon, a native of Toron- :—At about ten minutes past one o'clock yesterday afternoon, a young lady bookkeeper, employed by the firm of Adams, Blackman & Lyon, book-binders, on the corner of Randolph and La Salle streets, having occasion to step into the packing room, discovered a lad in the employ of the firm, named Charles Gordon, aged about 15 years lying upon the floor on his face in a dying condition. She immediately called upon some of the other employees, and a physician was sent for. Dr. Blane, upon examining the boy, discovered a hole in his left breast, in the region of the heart, which looked as if made by a pistol ball. The vest he wore was burned where the ball passed through. The boy expired soon after the doctor's arrival without being able to speak a word. A thorough search of the room was instituted to find the weapon with which the deed was done, if he shot himself; but none could be found in the room or the alley underneath the window; and the surmise is that he was shot by some person unknown, who made his escape. "The parents of the unfortunate lad reside in this city. The boy was brought home yesterday in charge of a brother of the deceased. The Chicago *Journal*, in speaking of young Gordon says: "He is spoken of by his employers as a youth of much industry, good manners, quiet disposition, and as one who was respected by all who came in contact with him." His brother, Mr. Samuel Gordon, has resided in Chicago for the last two or three years. He was one of the company of Canadians who returned home from that city at the time of the Fenian raid in 1866.

Reciprocity.
The *Canadian*, published in Boston, utters the following remarks on our existing trade policy and relations with the United States, and the ground which, under our altered circumstances, we ought to take in our commercial dealing with the Republic:—
"Now, however, all this is changed. British America is, to all intents and purposes, one of 'the powers,' and the conduct of the British Government for some time past has clearly demonstrated that, apart from certain necessary diplomatic formalities, we are to be the arbiters of our own destiny; and that whatever we deem necessary for the development of our resources, the building up of our varied interests, or the consolidation of our strength will receive the hearty endorsement of the imperial authorities.
"Considering, then, that the repeal of the treaty has, upon the whole, been a benefit to us, inasmuch as it has largely contributed to the opening up of intercolonial trade and intercourse, and that the altered circumstances in which we are placed practically constitute us one of the 'high contracting parties,' we unhesitatingly express the opinion that the former treaty will never be renewed; that proposals for a new one must come from Washington, and that vastly better terms must be offered to us than heretofore to ensure acceptance. But let us not be misunderstood. We are not opposed to reciprocity; on the contrary we have always been in favor of it; and any arrangement that can be entered into that will be just to all concerned will secure our hearty and unwavering advocacy. Into any such arrangement the question of the fisheries must largely enter. Our people are just beginning to realize the importance of this branch of industry. We are amazed that we have been so long so indifferent to them, while, as stated in a previous article, strangers have estimated them so highly. We must pay increasing attention to them, and continue to agitate the question until every man in the Dominion will feel personally interested therein. For the privilege of fishing in our waters, a proper equivalent must be paid, for strangers must not be permitted to eat the children's bread. We must take high, strong, and independent ground, and inaugurate a national policy, at once conservative and progressive.
"Without assuming a dictatorial style, we would venture to suggest that ere United States citizens are admitted to our fishing-grounds the coasting trade of the republic must be thrown open to us. To our minds it is folly to talk of reciprocity, or participation in our fisheries, so long as that state of things continues. Consider for a moment what it means—look at its one—sidedness. A United States vessel takes in a cargo for Halifax or St. John, from thence she sales to the West Indies, and continues to go from one British port to another as long as her trips prove remunerative. On the other hand, a British vessel arrives at Boston and discharges her load, and whatever may be the demand for carrying, or the freightage offered, to any American port, she is rigorously excluded from the competition, and perhaps compelled to return home in ballast. The merest novice must perceive that the American enjoys immense advantages over a British or colonial trader. Against such a monopoly we

strongly protest, and earnestly hope that in any new negotiation, no milk-and-water, no paltry tax, no undignified and unstatesmanlike legislation, will permit any foreigner to come within the "three miles from land" limit until this obnoxious enactment is removed from the United States statute-book. What we want is fair play; more than this we do not ask, with less we will not be satisfied.

"Again, ships built in the United States can obtain British registers and enjoy all the advantages of British-built vessels, while ships built in the provinces are denied any such privileges in the United States. Against this also we protest, and contend that the ships of both countries ought to be placed upon an equal footing."

Abyssinia.

KING THEODORE'S POSITION AND POWERFER AMONG THE NATIVES.

(Senafe Correspondent of the London Post.)

Two days ago I was talking to an Abyssinian chief who had been educated at Bombay, and speaks English well, and he had been very intimate with King Theodore. He represented him as very passionate and vindictive, with an enormous influence over the minds, not only of his own subjects, but of all whom he came in contact; 'in fact,' said he, 'were Theodore to lay himself on the ground and say, 'No one can pass over my body,' all his people would implicitly believe it as a fact." This almost beats Canute and the waves. 'You will never catch him,' continued the chief, 'he *may* fight— it is not probable; but he will be sure to escape, even if he has to sacrifice the prisoners and his whole army; he never sleeps for more than half an hour without rising from his couch and personally inspecting his guards, and he always carries two pistols, one for his enemy, and the other for himself.' No doubt my friend was a little infected with the prevailing dread of the fierce Theodore, although so far out of his reach; but I fear he is right in saying that searching for the king in his native fastnesses will be like looking for a black cat in a coal-cellar. I inquired what were the probabilities of conspiracy against him, or assassination, and was told *nil*. He is too superstitiously looked up to. It is, of course, impossible at the present moment to assume what the actual plan of the campaign will be, but, in the event of our having to penetrate all the way to Magdala and Debra Tabor, I believe the advance will be conducted with unparallelled care and caution. The two principal posts on the line of march are Antale and Sokota, and at each of these places as at Senafe ample provisions and supplies of all kinds will be laid in before we proceed one step in advance from each depot in succession. In this case it must prove a lengthy business, and as the heavy rains set in about May, it will probably be September next before we reach King Theodore's capital.

The Abyssinian Captives.

A letter from Mr. Stern to a clergyman in England has been published, Magdala, Nov. 9. Mr. Stern complains of "galling fetters which encircle his limbs," and of a "daily wasting of his strength," also of "mental anxiety and dreadful monotony." Mr. Stern continues; "I contemplate, however, my Saviour and His cross, and my trials pale before His sorrow and agonies. Thank God, there is a home where the exile will meet with a blessed reception. I feel persuaded that the events in which I and my fellow-captives are involved did not occur without a gracious design. Abyssinia wants the Gospel, and I believe it is prepared to receive it; but it needed a terrible revolution to effect the change, and it is evident that a momentous change is impending. If the Church of England extends to the Church of Abyssinia the hand of reconciliation, and takes her affectionately to her compassionate heart, the pure and evangelical truth of the Gospel, planted in these Alpine heights, may easily extend a saving influence over the valleys and mountains now plunged in debasing superstition and gross idolatry."

No Danger of War.

The New York *Times* remarks *apropos* of reports which have recently been circulated, "Very positive announcements are made that the President intends to demand of England immediate payment of the Alabama claims, and if this is not conceded, to make reprisals or declare war. This is sheer nonsense—one of the party tricks resorted to by way of preparation for the Presidential campaign. It may be very well for the Democrats to goad the Republicans into taking extreme ground on this question, as they have already done on so many others; but they will be very careful not to commit themselves to any such issue. War with England is a very good thing to talk about, so long as nothing else is done about it—though even this, pushed too far, will make itself felt in still further depressing business and postponing the recovery of the country from the effects of our recent war. But if anybody or any party thinks that our people want a war with England now, let them lose nothing in taking the responsibility of urging it. The sooner they do this, the sooner they will discover their mistake. Why will not the Hon. Mr. Robinson propose an immediate declaration of war in Congress—just to "test the *sense*" of the House and *his own* at the same time?"

The Ottawa papers publish a comparative statement showing the amount of duty chargeable on the imports of Nova Scotia under the tariff of 1866, and the amount which would be collected on the same imports under the Dominion tariff, with increase and decrease, compiled by Mr. Johnson the Assistant Commissioner of Customs, the conclusion come to being that the net increase under the Dominion tariff only amounts to $59,899.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West,	7.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West,	8.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going West,	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train,	6.30 P. M.
Noon Express going East,	12.08 P. M.
Night Express going East,	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East,	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train,	9.30 P. M.

Montreal Time.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, MONDAY, FEB. 10.

Gold Crushing.

The following is a return of the quartz crushed by the mills of Messrs. Turley & Gilbert, and Messrs. Scott & Taylor, for the month ending January 31st, 1868:

FROM TURLEY & GILBERT'S CRUSHER.

Confederate Company, Madoc, 1 ton	$13 00
Bay State Co., con. 5, lot 17, Madoc, 1 ton	19 50
John Tassie, Madoc, 1 ton	8 00
David Barker, Madoc, 1 ton	27 50
Ham & Horton, Madoc, 1 ton	20 00
Excelsior Co., con. 6, lot 17, Madoc, 2 ton	40 00
G. Gumim, con. 6, lot 23, Madoc, 1 ton	19 00
Toledo Co., con. 6 Madoc, ¾ ton	50 00
Dean & Gilbert, con. 3, lot 18, Lake, ¾ ton	15 00
James Jackson, Madoc, 3 tons	65 00
Toronto & Whitby Co., con. 4, lot 28, Madoc, 1½ tons	30 00
Confederate Co., Madoc, 1 ton	20 00
A. F. Wood, Village of Madoc, 1,800 lbs.	6 90
D. Allan, Belmont, 1 ton,	8 00
Anson Ross, Madoc, 1 ton	5 00
Royal Canadian Co., con. 5, lt 17, Madoc, 1 ton	40 00
Seven lots blank; nine lots under five dollars.	

DANIELS, SCOTT & TAYLOR'S CRUSHER.

1 ton from Tudor	$14 50
1 ton from Rawdon	6 50
1 ton from Hononuk Mine, Madoc	12 53
1 ton from back of Kingston	12 75
Five lots blank; five lots under five dollars.	

TEA MEETING.—A Tea Meeting was held at Bradshaw's School House, Madoc, on Friday evening, the 7th inst. The object was to realize funds for the purpose of painting the new school house, buying maps, books, &c. The result must have been most satisfactory, as the school house was crowded to its utmost limit. After a very substantial tea had been despatched, A. F. Wood, Esq., Warden of the County, was called to the chair, and interesting addresses were delivered by the Rev. Mr. Adams, E. D. O'Flynn, Esq., and Thomas S. Agar, Esq., Superintendent of schools for North Hastings. The Rev. Mr. Adams endeavored to impress on the minds of those present, the importance of aiming high, of taking a wide view of the result of an education, and to train up the youth of the locality with a determination to fit them for any position they may hereafter be called upon to fill. Mr. O'Flynn took for his text the power of habit, and made some well-timed remarks in an address of some length. Thomas Agar, Esq., Superintendent, followed, in a short address, in which he prominently brought out the idea that, in order to advance the children in their studies, parents must take an interest in the details of studies pursued in the school room; and concluded an eloquent address by an urgent appeal for increased interest in the education of the young. A vote of thanks was then given to the Chairman; benediction pronounced by Rev. Mr. Adams; and the meeting dispersed. Proceeds $45.—*Com.*

PRESENTATION.—An oyster supper was given to Capt. RAWE, 49th Batt., by the officers and men of the Madoc Volunteers at Moon's hotel, Madoc, on Monday evening, Feb. 3. About 50 persons sat down to supper, which was got up in Mr. Moon's usual good style. Donald McKay, Esq., occupied the chair. After some of the usual standard toasts had been drunk, Mr. G. P. Frise advanced to the head of the room, and in some well-chosen remarks presented Capt. Rawe with an Infantry sword, belt, and sword-knot, on behalf of the Company, as an expression of their appreciation of his services in raising the Company and for his kindness and attention to the men. Capt. Rawe replied in suitable terms. Other toasts followed in quick succession, Mr. Harper (an old soldier) and Mr. Secord responding to the "Army and Navy;" Messrs. A. F. Wood, John Dale, Chas. Kirk and John White to "Our Guests;" A. Smallfield to "The Press;" Messrs. Armstrong, Barclay and Hungerford to "The Ladies;" Ensign Robertson to "The Officers of the Company." The evening passed off very pleasantly, and Capt. Rawe has every reason to feel proud of the complimentary supper and presentation. Letters of apology were received and read from Lt.-Col. Brown, Major Boswell, Major Wallace, Adjt. Hulme, Adjt. Fidlar and Ensign Hawley. Madoc has reason to be proud of her Volunteers. A finer body of men is not to be found in the County of Hastings, and much credit is due to Capt. Rawe for his energy and perseverance in raising and keeping together the company and bringing it to its present efficiency. His men have expressed their feelings towards him in a substantial manner, and a dinner should be given to the Company on the first fitting opportunity.

—The fashion of administering oaths in the United States has greatly increased since the reconstruction movement has been in process. In Cincinnati every poor person who applies to the charity department for coal is obliged to take an oath that he won't give any of it to anybody else.

—It was announced in the American Senate on Thursday night that a citizen of Chicago had been blackmailed by a United States Revenue officer to the amount of $100,000, and the same official had made between $35,000 and $50,000 within twenty days, from bribes received and black mail levied.

Prince Edward Island.

The following statement of the exports of Prince Edward Island, will give a good idea of the agricultural progress of that island:—

Years.	Oats.	Potatoes.	Barley.	Turnips.
1836	124,164	70,880	16,051	1,258
1846	300,526	70,324	16,579	8,967
1856	640,833	172,511	42,075	34,612
1866	1,440,332	434,059	46,231	37,090
1867	1,553,255	450,783	52,488	65,674

The imports of flour in 1866 were 43,540 barrels; in 1867, 26,730 barrels, making a difference in favor of the Colony of 15,810 barrels. Estimating the flour at the moderate price of $6.40 per barrel, the decrease in the importation of flour in 1867 is equivalent to $100,984.

The total value of the exports in 1866 was £574,512 currency. Of that sum new vessels represented £204,439, and produce, &c., £370,254. In 1867 new vessels represented £114,600, and produce alone over £240,000. It is probable that the shipment of other articles will make the total exports of the Island in 1867 much larger than in any former year.

To the Editor of the Daily Intelligencer.

The Treasurer of the Relief Committee begs to acknowledge the receipt of $3.26 in aid of the funds of that Society, the proceeds of a lecture by Dr. Otway.

Belleville, Feb. 5th, 1868.

To the Editor of the Daily Intelligencer.

SIR,—I would beg to ask you, through the columns of your paper, how and for what reason the accounts of coroners, gaoler, constables, &c., are not paid? The writer of this placed accounts in the hands of the Clerk of the Peace on the 1st July last. The same were duly audited at the different Quarter Sessions since that period, but no payment as yet.

By reference to the Con. Statutes, 22 Vic., Cap. 121, the Treasurer of each County is ordered to pay all accounts audited, immediately after a list is made out to him by the Clerk of the Peace. The non-payment of such accounts since the 1st July last is a great hardship, and the irregularity should be remedied. It is hinted that the Clerk of the Peace is in a measure the cause; how truly I know not.

Yours truly,
PEACE OFFICER.

Belleville, Feby. 10, 1868.

For The Intelligencer.

One hundred and five dollars was the proceeds of a Tea Meeting held in the village of Tweed on Wednesday, 30th January, in connection with the Wesleyan Methodist Church. After ample justice had been done to the choice eatables, and the cloth being removed, the meeting was organized by calling G. W. Howell, M. D., to the chair, and the audience was further entertained by interesting speeches from the Rev. Messrs. Howell, Cullin, Robinson, English and Ward. The choir of Tweed discoursed some of its choice pieces prepared for the occasion. Altogether it was one of the most interesting meetings of the kind we ever attended. The increased membership here during the past year has made it necessary to enlarge the Church, and the funds were intended for this purpose; but the people responded so nobly that it is the intention of the Trustees to undertake the erection of a new Church, and from the very liberal spirit manifested by the people of the village and surrounding country, we believe it will be but a few months before a Church will be erected that will give ample accommopation and be an ornament to the village. TWEED.

Tweed, Feby. 3, 1868.

The Alabama Question.

A flood of letters are inundating the columns of the London *Times*, *Daily News*, and *Pall Mall Gazette*, on the Alabama claims. "Historicus," again replies to Lord Hobart, and this time rather sharply. Summing up the inquiry on which his fundamental proposition rests, the writer asks: "Is the question whether a state of civil war did exist in the United States before the issue of the Queen's proclamation of May 13, 1861, a matter upon which any one, either in England or America, is entitled to entertain a reasonable doubt? I have shown what was the conduct of the American government at the time. I have shown that Mr. Seward, the recognized organ of that government, said at the time when the events were in progress. I have shown what was the considered judgment, after the event, and in their own favor, of a Court which is not only the supreme judicature of America, but the judge of the Constitution. If, in the teeth of such admissions, a government is entitled to rescuscitate a stale claim, where is to be the end of litigation? If, when you have not only got in writing the confession of your adversery, that he has no claim against you, but have, further, a judicial decision in his own country recorded at his instance, which authoritatively disproves his pretension, you are again to submit the same question to arbitration, which subject is left on which you are safe from persecution? I can only say that a nation which, under such circumstances, should voluntarily submit itself to unreasonable vexation, would amply deserve the unjust and perpetual oppression which it would infallibly invite."

—On Saturday last, a commercial traveller of Moss & Bro., of this city, mistook the door opening to the billiard room of the Lockhart House, Oshawa, for the door of the sitting room, which he wished to enter, and fell the whole length of the stairs. He broke both wrists.

—A worthy superintendent of common schools in Ontario, on visiting the girl's department of the schools under his charge, took upwards of thirty copies of the *Police Gazette* and similar publications from the more advanced pupils—publications that could not be read or seen without pollution. These nuisances should be put down, as the Customs laws can prevent their importation.

Editorial Summary.

—The real estate of Jefferson Davis in the South is reported to be worth about $60,000.

—An Episcopal church is about to be erected in Stratford at a cost of $10,000.

—A new steamer to run from Cobourg to Rochester will be ready on the 1st May.

—Mr. Wigle, of Marrta, has sold 80,000 lbs of pig this winter.

—William Ellis, of Napanee, was killed last week by a falling tree. Seventy-third case this winter.

—The small-pox is prevalent to some extent at Toronto, three deaths having lately occurred in one family from the disease.

—George Furness has spent, during the past year, upward of $200,000 in the county of Oxford for cheese.

—The finances of New Brunswick are in a very prosperous condition. The government have a surplus of $300,000 in the treasury.

—At a recent concert in Ottawa a gentleman recited an original poem amid torrents of applause. That must be a damping reception.

—The shoemakers and tallors of Galt devote their time to curling for oyster suppers. In the last match the shoemakers "waxed" their opponents handsomely.

—Sir John Burgoyne and Sir Hugh Ross are the first officers of the Royal engineers and Royal Artillery who have ever obtained the rank of Field Marshals.

—On Thursday, the lunatic asylum attached to the alms house of Livingston County, near Rochester, was destroyed by fire. Four insane women were burned to death.

—About $3,000 has been contributed by the parishes of Quebec towards the Canadian Papal Zouaves. Much better have given it to relieve the starving poor of Quebec.

—It is thought in New Brunswick that the Hon. Judge Wilmot will be the new Lieut.-Governor under Confederation. The announcement of the appointment is expected shortly.

—Yesterday a boy aged nine years, a little cripple, was sent to jail for two months to save him from dying in the streets. No institution would take him in. This is a blot on the Christianity of Montreal.

—Upwards of 21,000 registered letters were received and entered at the Toronto Post Office during the month of January last. This is the largest number per month received at any Post Office in the Dominion.

—At a regular meeting of the Brockville Presbytery, at Prescott on the 4th inst., a motion in favor or introducing instrumental music into the Canada Presbyterian Church was carried, only one retired minister voting against the motion.

—The neatest bit of pleasantry which the quarrel in England between the Evangelical churchmen and the ritualists has given rise to is in the assertion made by the former party that "Eve before the fall was Eve-angelical, but afterwards took to vestments."

—A correspondent of the Waterford *Citizen* says that some of the 45th Regiment, in garrison at Lismore Castle, got into the Duke of Devonshire's cellars a few days ago and carried off one hundred and fifty or two hundred bottles of prime brandy and fine old whiskey.

—The Fenians have issued a terrible proclamation, which they, no doubt, imagine is well calculated to frighten every "Britisher almost to death." In it they express their determination "to strangle the British lion, the bugbear of savage potentates, in his own gory ensign."

—Peter McIntyre, a farmer near Brantford, has been missing since New Years eve; he was last seen in Brantford on that evening with $100 on his person; His friends suppose that he has been robbed and murdered, and his body thrown into the canal.

—The St. Petersburg Journals energetically deny that the policy of Russia, with regard to the Eastern question, is of the nature usually imputed to the Czar. The London *Times* says: "We have received the following important telegram from Vienna: 'The report which has often appeared lately in Vienna and other Journals, that Russia was arming on the Pruth, is entirely unfounded. Russia was never less in a position to go to war than at the present moment. She has neither men, horses, breech loaders, nor money.'"

An amusing incident recently occurred in the Virginia Convention. Two artists were taking sketches of the Assembly while one of the white delegates was speaking. A colored member having discovered the artists, suddenly interrupted the speaker by saying, he "rose to a point of order." The Chairman asked him to state his point of order, when he said: "Am dis a convention, or am it a photograph gallery?" He was informed it was a convention. The speaker proceeded.

"WANTED, a Male Teacher holding a first-class certificate. Salary—two hundred and fifty dollars per annum."

The above announcement "caught our eye" yesterday morning, and our first feeling was one of astonishment that any man should be found in the whole Province of Ontario, who could put his name to it without blushing. Two hundred and fifty dollars per annum—eighty cents per day, when common laborers readily command a dollar! Our next feeling of astonishment ought to be that any man not physically disqualified for manual labor would accept a situation as *first-class* teacher for such a paltry sum. But unfortunately in these days of fashion and refinement, ambitious young men are dreadfully afraid of spoiling their hands by what is called "hard work," and are fain to accept the position of "Dominie" at starvation wages, rather than qualify themselves for the battle of life by the acquisition of some useful mechanical occupation, or the no less useful cultivation of the soil.—*Ottawa Times.*

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

BERLIN, February 8.—Count Bismarck has obtained leave of absence for several months, and will devote the time to travelling for the benefit of his health. The Minister of Finance will take his place.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—Despatches from Athens state that a new Cabinet, with Bulgaris as President and Minister of the Interior, has been formed.

The notorious Fenian, Captain Mackay, was captured in Cork last evening. While being taken to gaol his friends rallied in great force and for a time a desperate fight prevailed. The mob was finally beaten down and the prisoner lodged in gaol. The guards around the gaol were doubled during the night to prevent a rescue.

PARIS, Feb. 8.—Young Iturbide, who was to succeed Maximilian in Mexico, has joined the Papal Zouaves at Rome.

Second Despatch.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—Special telegrams dated Paris and Madrid, yesterday, state that Emperor Napoleon had altered his policy toward the Pope and Italy in a sudden and remarkable manner. His Majesty evinces a disposition to abandon his position as champion of the Holy See, as it is said of the existence of Bombay intrigues radiating from Rome. The imperial diplomacy with Rome has become colder, while the friendly relations hitherto existing with Victor Emmanuel are to be renewed. Queen Isabella, of Spain, is forced to dissolve the Papal legion which was being reconnoitred under her warrant in Madrid, as Napoleon flatly objected to its service in the cause of the Holy See.

Special cable telegrams from Florence, yesterday, states that Admiral Farragut remained in the italian capital a much honored visitor. The United States fleet was at Spezzia.

A special telegram from Abyssinia, forwarded by way of Alexandria and Malta, and from London through the Atlantic cable, says that a strong force of British troops advanced from the camp at Senate towards the interior, on the 26th of January. Water had been bored for according to an American plan, and was found in abundance near the English line of march. The coast shore had been lighted up by the English for naval purposes. The camp followers from India were being returned home. The Egyptian Governor of Guassowah was recalled, with the approval of the British authorities.

LONDON, February 9.—Sir C. Selwyn is sure to succeed Sir Wm. Erle as Lord Chief Justice of the Court of Common Pleas.

It is understood that the American Minister Adams will leave England next April.

The Fenian Captain McKay, who was arrested on Friday last at Cork, is charged with leading the attack on the Martello Tower at Dungannon.

The feeling of uneasiness created by the threatening appearance of affairs in Northern Turkey has somewhat subsided. The reports of the troubles on the Danube prove to be greatly exaggerated.

PARIS, February 9.—The bill for the regulation of the press is still under discussion in the Corps Legislatif. Last week the Liberals proposed as an amendment to the Bill to insert a clause specially providing for the trial by jury of all offences of the press. After a heated dispute the vote was taken yesterday on the amendment, and it was defeated by 200 nays to 35 yeas.

The French Government has consented to expel the Hanoverian refugees from France.

FLORENCE, February 9.—During the stay of Admiral Farragut in Italy the fleet under his command will be stationed on the coast between Genoa and Civita Vecchia.

BERLIN, February 9.—At an interview last week, Count von Bismarck told General Carl Schurz that it was the most earnest desire of the King of Prussia to cultivate the good-will of the people of the United States. This favorable disposition of the King of Prussia is regarded by the Americans here as most important, in view of the necessity which may arise for the selection of some European power as umpire in the pending difference between the United States and Great Britain.

LONDON, Feb. 10, 11:15 a. m.—Bonds 71¾; Erie 47½; I C 88; Consols 93½ to 93¾.

LONDON, February 10, 1:30 p. m.—Bonds 71¾ to 71⅝; A & G W 24; I C 88.

LIVERPOOL, February 10, 11:15 a.m.—Cotton firm.

LIVERPOOL, February 10, 1:20 p. m.—Cotton buoyant; sales at 8¼d for Uplands to arrive; Lard firmer at 54s 6d; Pork dull; Turpentine firmer.

During the year 1867 there was shipped from St. Albans 2,720,284 pounds of butter and 925,357 pounds of cheese. July was the month in which the largest amount of butter was shipped, 360,200 pounds, and October the heaviest month for cheese, 410,500 pounds. A comparison of these figures with those for previous years shows that the gross production is larger by 130,000 pounds than any year except 1865, when the reciprocity treaty was in force.

General Rousseau, of the United States army, recently passed through Vancouver on his way to Sitka, and thereupon says in a letter to Senator Sumner: I have been pretty much in every latitude of the United States and Mexico, and yet I believe I have never seen a climate equal to that of Vancouver's Island. The temperature is the most agreeable and most delightful I have ever known. It is cold enough to brace the system and give strength to the body, without being too cold at any time for comfort, and it is never hot.

APPEARANCES OF THE PLANETS, 1868.—Venus will be the Evening Star, until July 16th; after that day a Morning Star. Until March 10th, Jupiter will be an Evening Star; from that date to the 4th of July, it will be a Morning Star. Until Feburary 24th, Saturn will be a Morning Star, and from that date to the 29th November, it will be an Evening Star. Mars will come to the Meridian during the daylight for the first nine months of the year, but will become an object of interest toward the end of the year. On the 8th of April, Jupiter will be close to Mars.

The St. John, N. B., *Telegraph* says the County Court of St. John opened yesterday morning—His Honour Judge Watters on the Bench, and Messrs. Wedderburn and McMonagle on one side and Messrs Weldon and Doherty on the other, in full "canonicals" ready to try the last case on the Docket, which from appearances seemed likely to occupy several days; but when the papers of the Court were called for, the acting Clerk found that "some person or persons unknown, not having the fear of the County Court before their eyes," had "viciously, feloniously, &c., taken, stolen and carried away" the Records of the Cause, together with the records of all the Causes tried. After a little natural excitement, pervaded by a high sense of the ludicrous, the Court was compelled to adjourn *sine die!* In the language of Mr. Joseph Howe "what then?" Why, after the Court had adjourned the papers were found in the safe of a law firm, where they had been officially placed for "safe" keeping. The Court, however, could not be again opened.

COMMERCIAL.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, Feb. 10, 1868.

FALL WHEAT—$1 50 to $1 65.
SPRING WHEAT—$1 30 to $1 40.
BARLEY—$90 to $95.
RYE—firm at $1 00 to $1 05.
OATS—60c.
PEAS—demand only for local use at 90c to 95c.
BUCKWHEAT—60c to 75c.
HAY—Dull at $5 50 $6.
PORK—$5 50 to $6 00. Heavy Pork $5 50.
MUTTON—3c to 5c per pound.
BUTTER—18c to 20c.
EGGS—18c to 20c.
HIDES—$5.50 to $7.00.
SHEEPSKINS—dull at 50c to 60c.
CALFSKINS—3c ₱ lb.
TALLOW—Rough, 6c; rendered, 8c.
WOOL—25c.
POTATOES—60 to 65c.
APPLES—$2 50c to $1 00.
HAY—$10 to $15.
CHEESE—10c.
CORN—70c to 80c.
FLOUR—No 1, $7 50 ₱ bbl.
PEARS—$4 50 to $4 75.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.

MONTREAL, Feb. 10, 1867.
1 P. M.

FLOUR.—Superior Extra.....$8 00 @ 8 25
Extra.....7 90 @ 8 00
Fancy.....7 60 @ 7 75
Welland Canal Superfine...7 50 @ 7 65
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat, 7 50 @ 7 65
" " 1 Western Wheat, 7 50 @ 7 65
" " 2 " " 7 10 @ 7 25
Bag Flour.....3 60 @ 3 85
WHEAT.—Canada Fall.....0 00 @ 0 00
Spring.....1 70 @ 0 00
Western.....0 00 @ 0 00
OATS.—Per 32 lbs.....0 46 @ 0 47
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs.....0 90 @ 0 95
BUTTER—Dairy.....0 14 @ 0 18
" Store Packed.....0 14 @ 0 18
ASHES—Pots.....5 20 @ 5 25
Pearls.....5 75 @ 5 80
PORK—Mess.....19 00 @ 00 00
Prime Mess.....14 00 @ 00 00
Prime.....13 00 @ 00 00
DRESSED HOGS.....5 75 @ 6 12
PEAS.....0 87 @ 0 88
RYE FLOUR.....5 90 @ 6 00

Flour—receipts 2,400 barrels; market firm but very quiet; rates unchanged. Grain—no arrivals nor sales; rates nominally unchanged. Provisions—Pork quiet but steady. Hogs firm but demand restricted; rates unchanged. Butter—good demand for choice; poor neglected. Ashes neglected and rates unchanged.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, February 10.

Cotton firm at 20c.
Flour quiet and steady; receipts 6,600 barrels; sales 6,000 bbls at $8 25 to $9 00 for superior state and western; $9 70 to $9 75 for common to choice extra State; $9 40 to $11 75 for common to choice extra western.
Rye flour steady at $7 25 to $9 25.
Wheat dull and drooping; receipts 1,080 bushels: sales 1,500 bushels of white Canada at $3 07½.
Rye steady; receipts 300 bushels.
Corn dull and drooping; receipts 37,000 bushels; sales at $1 27 to $1 30 for new mixed western afloat.
Barley scarce and firmer; receipts 33 bushels; sales 9,000 bushels of western at $2 15.
Oats more active and firm; receipts 2,000 bush; sales 24,000 bushels at 84c to 84½c for Western in store.
Pork firm at $21 00 to $22 25 for old mess; $23 00 to $23 25 for new do.
Lard firm at 13¼c to 13¾c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.

Stocks active and lower after call.
Sterling Exchange, 60 days, 109¾.
Gold 143.
Gold closed 142¾.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LEXINGTON, Missouri, May 28, 1864.

MESSRS. J. N. HARRIS & CO.:
DEAR SIRS—I have made Allen's Lung Balsam pretty well known in our city and country, and have sold about all the four dozen bottles sent me in March last; and I find that persons who try the Balsam once, come back again for more, as it gives them satisfaction; and I recommend it in preference to any other medicine for Coughs and Colds. Please send me six dozen bottles as soon as possible. I am, yours, &c.,
THOMAS J. FLETCHER, Druggist.

P. S.—I sell more Allen's Lung Balsam, than all other cough remedies together, and it gives general satisfaction.

Sold by all Family Medicine dealers.
☞ Perry Davis & Son, Agents for the Dominion of Canada. $1-4w 237-4w

☞ Ticket Office for Great Western Railway, opposite the Market, Front St. Tickets issued to Milwaukee, Chicago, New Orleans, Omaha City, Nebraska Territory, Fort Riley, Kansas, Cheyenne, Dacotah, Denvis Colorado, and all points West. Fare received either in Greenbacks or current funds.
R. F. DAVY, AGENT.
917-1y

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, Feb 10

Commercial Bills.....68 to 99
Greenbacks, buying at.....69
" selling at.....70 to 71
Bank of Upper Canada Bills.....62
Silver, buying at.....4 to 4½
" selling at.....4½
Gold opened at 142½; closed at 143½.

R. R. R. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Is the only vegetable Remedy, in liquid form, that will cure at once all Bilious Attacks, Fevers, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Headache, Sprains, Dipheria, Influenza, Kidney and Bladder Diseases. One application will in a few minutes afford immediate comfort.

Sisters of Mercy, Dorchester St., Montreal, C. E., Hospital of the Sisters of Mercy.

DR. RADWAY: I certify that your Ready Relief has cured over one hundred of our sick (our Chills, Vomiting, Headaches, Internal Pains, &c., &c.

One of our Sisters had the Rheumatism in her head for a great many years. Having taken a few spoonsful of Relief in water, and rubbing her head twice with the same medicine, she was perfectly cured, and never felt it since. I always use it for Dyspepsia and for Colds, and always with success. It is very useful for Sore Throat, Coogis Influenza, Diptheria, &c. It has a good effect in Flatulence or Wind Cholic. I use it for foul breath, and it produces a marvellous effect. In short, it procures relief altogether remarkable to our invalids.

SISTER MARY DE BONSECOURS.

Sudden Colds, Coughs, Influenza, Diptheria, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Chills, Fever and Ague, Mercurial Pains, Scarlet Fever, &c., &c. Take from four to six of Radway's Pills, and also take a teaspoonful of the Ready Relief in a glass of water, sweetened with sugar or honey; bathe throat, head and chest with Ready Relief (if Ague or Intermittent Fever, bathe the spine also); in the morning you will be cured.

See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1868.—R. R. R. sold by all druggists. 51-2t 287-2w

NEW BOOKS
AT
F. VAN NORMAN'S.

Queen Victoria's Journal, "Our Life in the Highlands."
Wood's Natural History—2,500 illustrations, 3 vols., Royal 8vo.....$14 00
Chambers' Cyclopedia; now complete, 10 vols.....per vol. 2 50
Chambers' Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols.....2 50
Family Cyclopedia.....75
Our Constitution.....1 00
Romance of Charity.....1 00
The Land and the Book.....3 00
Pre-historic Scotland.....5 00
Knight's Half-hours with best Authors, 2 vols.....2 50
Knight's Half-hours with English History.....1 25
North-west Passage by Land, by Vicount Milton and Cheadle.
Barnes' Notes, complete.
D'Israeli's Curiosities of Literature, cloth and morocco.
Kitto's Bible History of the Holy Land, Weoles' Scientific Works.

ALL THE POETS, &c., &c.,

NEW SCHOOL BOOKS.

The CHEAPEST STATIONERY

In Belleville.

WALL PAPERS

From 5 cts. to $1 20 per Roll.

BIBLES,
HYMN BOOKS,
PRAYER BOOKS,
PSALM BOOKS,
CATECHISMS, &c. &c.

Sunday School Libraries

In great variety, and very low prices.

A GOOD STOCK OF

Sheet Music, Music Books, Violins,

&c., &c., constantly on hand.
☞ Orders by mail promptly executed.
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,
BELLEVILLE.
Belleville, Feb. 8, 1868. 239-tf

Horses, Carriages, &c., FOR SALE.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS
TAKEN AT PAR.

Apply to
H. PRETTY,
Opposite the Market.
Belleville, Oct. 22, 1867. 147-tf

NOW READY,

THE
Queen's New Book,
Journal in the Highlands.
PRICE, $1.25.
E. HARRISON.
Belleville, Feb 1, 1868. 233-tf

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Messrs. WALLACE & FORDYCE as Photographers, in the Town of Belleville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

(Signed.) D. J. WALLACE.
ED. FORDYCE.

Belleville, December 4th, 1867.

THE undersigned having purchased Mr. Fordyce's interest in the Gallery, will hereafter conduct the business on his own account. His long experience and thorough knowledge of the business will enable him to satisfy all who give him a call.

ROOMS:—Over Graham and Grainger's Store.

ENTRANCE:—Two doors South of Holden's Drug Store.

D. J. WALLACE.
Belleville, Dec. 4th, 1867. 185-TftST

BAY STATE MINING CO'Y.

STOCK-HOLDERS in the above Company can now exchange their old scrip for new, on application to

F. H. ROUS,
Secretary.
Belleville, Feb. 7th, 1868. 238-6t

Notice of Partnership.

WE HAVE this day admitted William Jones, of Belleville, as partner into our firm.

A. S. PAGE & CO.
Belleville, Jan. 15, 1868. 218-1m

REMOVAL.

N. MANN begs to notify the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to the Dafoe House Building, where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many more, who will favor him with their patronage.

Belleville, Dec. 27, 1867.

BOARDING.

MRS. McKENZIE can accommodate a few permanent boarders; also, some daily boarders.

RESIDENCE—Pinnacle Street, opposite the market.
Belleville, Nov. 18, 1867. 170-tf

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THIS BANK is prepared to issue drafts, receive deposits, and grant interest receipts at the office of the Commercial Bank in Belleville.

Mr. THOMSON will be happy to see his old friends.
Belleville, Jany. 23, 1868. 225-tf

DIARIES, DIARIES, FOR 1868,

AT
J. C. OVERELL'S,
TURNBULL'S BLOCK,
180 FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

The X-Mas No. of the ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS,

IS NOW READY.
ALSO,
BOUND NUMBERS OF
British Workman,
Band of Hope Review,
Children's Friend,
Infant's Magazine,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
LEISURE HOUR, SUNDAY AT HOME, &c., &c.,
AT
J. C. OVERELL'S,
OPPOSITE THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
FRONT STREET,
BELLEVILLE.
January 4, 1868. 209

A SPLENDID
ASSORTMENT OF
FLANNELS,
GENT'S
FURNISHING GOODS,
&c., &c.,
JUST RECEIVED,
AT
J. MUIR & CO.'S.

MORTGAGE SALE.

UNDER power of sale contained in a mortgage made the 28th day of October, 1863, between William Donovan, of Belleville, Grocer, and the Hon. John Ross, there will be sold for default of payment of mortgage money, on

Thursday, the 5th day of March,

1868, at TWELVE o'clock, NOON, by M. NULTY, at his auction rooms in the Town of Belleville, the following valuable property, viz.: Lot number eighteen, on the East side of Sidney Street, as laid down on a plan of survey of Lots numbers one and two, in the second Concession of the Township of Thurlow, in the County of Hastings, made by Henry A. F. McLeod, Esq., P. L. S., and registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings, on the 28th day of October, A. D. 1863.

The said lot number eighteen, contains ten acres of land more or less. It is fenced and otherwise improved.

For terms of sale and other particulars, enquire of JAMES ROSS, Esq., or of the undersigned.

ROSS, BELL & HOLDEN,
Attorneys for Hon. John Ross,
Belleville, 5th Feb., 1868. 237-4tTh

Limes and Glycerine,

The best Hair Dresser before the public.
Limes and Glycerine,
The best preparation known for Dandruff.
Limes and Glycerine,
Allays all irritation of the Scalp.
Limes and Glycerine,
All who have used it pronounce it superior to any preparation for the Hair.
Limes and Glycerine,
Is to be found on almost every toilet table.
Limes and Glycerine,
Far superior to pure Glycerine for chapped hands, &c.
Prepared only at
APOTHECARIES HALL,
1d1y Front St., Belleville.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

Ladies Work Boxes,
" Writing Desks,
" Dressing Cases,
Photograph Albums,
Fancy Wool Goods,
Ladies Bonnets,

A fine assortment of
Dress Goods!
and the
Latest Styles in Cloth
FOR LADIES JACKETS.
Geo. Ritchie & Co.
Dec. 19, 1867. 1D-1y

GRAHAM FLOUR,

OATMEAL, SPLIT PEAS, BEANS, &c.

—ALSO,—
WHITEFISH AND HERRINGS
IN BARRELS & HALF BARRELS,
At the "Corner Store,"
Front and Bridge Streets.
A. FLETCHER & Co.
January 15, 1868. 7-1y,w48-2t

HOOP SKIRTS,
LATEST STYLES.
G. C. Holton & Co.

J. & W. Sutherland

WOULD respectfully solicit an inspection of their new stock of
FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS,
Which will be found complete in the following specialities:
FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FRENCH MERINOS—2s. 6d. and upwards
FRENCH LAMAS & THIBETS.
FRENCH DELAINES,
SCOTCH TWEEDS.
" ALL WOOL HOSIERY.
CANADIAN " "
" FLANNELS.
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.
DUNDAS COTTONS AND BAGS.
AMERICAN YARN.
J. & W. SUTHERLAND.
Belleville, October, 1867. 1D6m

HUFFMAN HOUSE.

MADOC, ONTARIO.
HUFFMAN & SON, Proprietors,
(LATE OF PETERBOROUGH.)
☞ Every attention paid to travellers. House and furniture entirely new. 145-tf 36tf

Partner Wanted.

WANTED, as equal partner in a light and profitable manufacturing business, a good responsible man, with some capital to invest.

For particulars enquire at 224, or at the office of S. B. Burdett, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Front St., Belleville.
Belleville, Jan. 27, 1868. 238-tf

GEORGE ROCHE,

HATTER & FURRIER,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now prepared to take orders for

ALL KINDS of FURS.

Having procured the services of a first-class Cutter from Paris, particular attention paid to repairing.
☞ All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.
Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs,
October 14. 1D-6m

F. HACKETT

HAS RECEIVED A
CHOICE ASSORTMENT
OF
FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS
Belleville, Oct. 1, 1867. 1D-6m

COSGRAVE & CO.'S
CELEBRATED
East India Pale Ale.

JUST RECEIVED,
50 Hhds,
150 Barrels and half Barrels.
FOR SALE ONLY BY
WESLEY BULLEN.
Belleville, Nov. 26, 1867. 177-tf

GRAND DISCOUNT SALES
OF
DRY GOODS,
AT
P. D. CONGER'S.



HURRAH FOR
THE DOMINION.

R. H. JONES

BEGS leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened a new WHOLESALE and RETAIL
Grocery and Liquor Store,
in the premises lately occupied by Messrs. O'Brien & Henchy, where he will keep on hand a select and varied assortment of
General Groceries,
AND LIQUORS,
For family use and medicinal purposes.

TEAS.

YOUNG AND OLD HYSONS,
GUNPOWDER, TWANKAY,
IMPERIAL, JAPAN,
SOUCHONG,
CONGOU, &c., &c.

COFFEES.

THE BEST IN TOWN, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.

He would especially call the attention of families to his stock of
WINES, SPIRITS & LIQUORS.
Brandies, Ports, Sherries.
Irish, Scotch & Morton's Whiskeys.
Old Tom & Holland Gins,
IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.
Together with a large assortment of
CHAMPAGNE,
of the most popular brands,
LIQUEURS & CORDIALS, &c.

In addition to these there will be found a splendid stock of
LAMP GOODS & TRIMMINGS.
☞ Goods sent promptly to customers in any part of the town.
Belleville, Dec. 9, 1867. 126 43-tf

Statistics.

We find the following clever hits in the Mobile *Nationalist*:—

Statistics are all the fashion and the following, furnished by a figurist, are very much so. They may be commended "to keep in the cool:"

Out of five hundred persons only five survive long enough to mind their own business.

Out of every ten men in the street not more than one has brains enough to keep from standing gossiping directly in the middle of the sidewalk crossing.

Out of every twelve women one dozen make themselves up to attract so much attention as possible, and then pretend to be angry if they get it.

Out of one hundred persons about five score don't behave as well as they require other people to do.

Out of the fifteen in a street passenger railway car about one will in riding a mile conduct himself all the way just as he ought to.

Out of a large amount of young people who have never seen anything of life or the world an equal number constantly refer to their experience.

Out of eight young women whose experience of life is confined to gossiping and flirting with simpletons like themselves at parties, all except one are generally of the opinion that they have seen an immense amount of humanity.

Out of several dozens of people only a limited number will talk gossip of their friends and then kindle up if they hear it has been talked of themselves.

There is only one drunkard to every seventy-four persons, but the liquor which the other seventy-three "chew up" daily would keep a half a dozen of them as drunk as peeps until the next morning.

Out of one hundred persons six reach the age of sixty years, and of these five generally behave so as to make their friends wish they hadn't.

A recent issue of the St. Joseph (Missouri) *Vindicator* contains the following choice extract:—"As a receptacle for raving, hopeless, shrieking madmen, our lawgrinding museum at Jefferson City is second only to Bedlam. Every blatant, blathering, one-idea-ed, crack-brain in the State, meets his brother there. Every yelping, whining, fanatical, hypocratical cur in the State meets a houndish *confrere* there. Every unconvicted scoundral, every unhung felon, every murderous, frothing maniac, and drivelling, gibbering idiot in the State, who is not in the insane asylum or penitentiary, gathers with his fellow-riffraffs in that grand caravansary of political scape-gallowses, known in the 'State Assembly of Missouri.'"

American Watches.

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its use Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is, indeed, little else than a machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course, there must be no defect in the principle of plan or the movement, no mistake in the sizes or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the reduplication of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough subdivision.

By means of multiplying guages and microscopes, tests and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools, and for faults and flaws in steel or stone, are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a finished machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home.—Instead of sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the lightest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear ringing sound always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a time keeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The Company claim that by it they produce Watches that cannot be equalled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan, and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of Watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes to suit all tastes and means; but every Watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM" is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

☞ EVERY WATCH FULLY WARRANTED.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
No. 182, Broadway, N.Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
TORONTO and MONTREAL,
General Agents.

Toronto, Nov. 2, 1867 168-3m 40-3m

Business Cards,

AND all other kinds of Job Printing, executed with despatch, at the *Intelligencer* Office, Intelligencer Building, Front Street.

Great Bargains at Wilson & Robertson's

THE following lines are now offered to the public:—

30 ps. all Wool Tweeds, 5s. for 3s 9d per yd.
25 " " " 5s 6d for 4s 6d "
40 " " " 5s 9d for 5s "

A large Assortment of Wool Shawls

A few ps. ALL WOOL Carpets,
AND A VARIETY OF OTHER GOODS.

In order to reduce our Stock, we offer these goods very much cheaper than they will be found elsewhere.

WILSON & ROBERTSON

HURRAH FOR BARNUM'S

LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half-past 8 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12, noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 2 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

S. BARNUM,
Proprietor.

C. HORTON, Agent, Belleville.
S. GUSTIN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1867. D68

CANADA WEST FARMERS' MUTUAL AND Stock Insurance Company.

THE Annual general meeting of the Members of "The Canada West Farmers' Mutual and Stock Insurance Company," will be held (pursuant to resolution adopted at the last annual meeting,) on Thursday, the 6th of February next, for the purpose of receiving the Annual Report, and of electing four Directors to serve in place of the late Jacob Binkley, deceased, H. J. Lawry, who retires, and William Burrell and Thomas Stock, whose term of office expires, but who are eligible for re-election.

RICHARD P. STREET,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Hamilton, January 24, 1868. 210-5w

Store-keepers! Farmers! And Others!

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM THE IMPORTERS DIRECT.

The Montreal Tea Company,

6 Hospital Street, Montreal,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to different parts of the country—and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOUSE, QUEBEC, January 7, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—The six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

HOUSE OF SENATE, Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours &c.,

S. SKINNER.

QUEBEC, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company.

GENTLEMEN,—The box of 30 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 55 cents was of excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for.

Yours respectfully,

D. ANDERSON.

TORONTO, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—The two chests of Tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton, one chest. Has favoured New Seasons Congou, at same price, viz.: at 55 cents per lb. Yours, &c.,

JAMES EDGAR.

FELCOME, December 23, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—The Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz.: at 75 cents per lb. Address as before.

Your obedient servant, JOHN T. DAY.

COBOURG, January 8, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box of 20 lbs. at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the "Medical Journal" have frequently declared that one half our nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15, and 12 lbs. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do. 55c., 60c., and 65c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 70c.; Sound Oolong, 55c.; Rich Flavored do., 60c.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan, 50c., 55c.; Very Fine, 60c.; Finest, 65c., 75c.; Scented Orange Pekoe, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankey Common, 38c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c., 60c., 65c., and 70c.; Fine do., 70c. Very Fine, 75c.; Superfine and very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 55c.; Extra Superfine do., $1.

All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality, and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c. to 70c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Teas will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by expressman, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.
6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of five chests and upwards.

All Boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

PROSPECTUS OF THE MOIRA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Capital Stock, $100,000. Divided into 10,000 Shares.

WORKING CAPITAL, $15,000.

HORACE YEOMANS, Esq., PRESIDENT. ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., TREASURER.
B. S. GILBERT, Esq., SECRETARY. J. G. SHURTZ, Esq., SUPERINTENDENT.

MERCHANTS' BANK, BANKERS. DEAN & GILBERT, SOLICITORS.

DIRECTORS:

HORACE YEOMANS, of Flint & Yeomans, Belleville.
ANDREW THOMSON, Banker, Belleville.
W. W. DEAN, Master in Chancery, Belleville.
JOHN G. SHURTZ, Superintendent.
JAMES LISTER, M.D., Belleville.
JAMES W. CARMAN, American, Consul, Belleville.
BARTON S. GILBERT, of Dean & Gilbert, Barristers, Belleville.

THIS COMPANY is duly Incorporated under Cap. 23, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the purpose of working the mineral veins upon *nineteen* acres of Lot No. 19, in the fifth concession of Madoc, (the Richardson Mine being No. 18 in the same concession.)

A shaft has been sunk to the depth of nine feet in the rock. At six feet a gold-bearing lode was struck, of 18 inches in width, which at nine feet has increased to 2½ feet, and a crushing at Gilbert & Turley's mill of four and one-half tons of the rock, gave a yield of over fifty-six dollars in gold: the lode is clearly defined, and evidently extends the whole length of the property—52 rods.

The territory is admirably situated for mining purposes, being a high ridge covered with indications of mineral veins. There are numerous places on the land fully as promising as the one on which the shaft has been sunk, and which would unquestionably yield as well. The large quantity of land, and the prospects of other gold-bearing veins make it certain that the Company will be able to subdivide the property as soon as a little further development has been made, and form other Companies at great advantage.

Work is being vigorously prosecuted in the shaft, under the superintendence of JOHN G. SHURTZ, Esq., one of the Directors, who is largely interested in the proprietary of the mine, and who has had thirteen years' practical experience in the gold mines of California and Nevada, and is unquestionably the most accomplished quartz miner now in this country.

It is intended to have a further crushing in a few days, and negotiations are in progress which, if carried out, will secure a mill to the Company at once, so that regular work will be gone on with without delay, and dividends may, in that case, be expected in a short time.

Belleville, Jan. 27th, 1868. 228d-tf

India and China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or $1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb. Finest procurable, $1.00.
Protected by Trade Mark.

☞ Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.
August 16th, 1867. b90-1y w27-1y

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO. OF CANADA.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
INCORPORATED 1849.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - - TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., President, LEWIS MOFFATT, Esq., Vice-President.

HON. MALCOLM CAMERON,	A. T. FULTON, Esq.,	W. J. McDONELL, Esq.
C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq.,	H. S. HOWLAND, Esq.	J. McGILLES, Esq.,
GEORGE CHAFFEY, Esq.,	A. R. McMASTER, Esq.	A. M. SMITH, Esq.

SOLICITORS:—MESSRS. DUGGAN & BURNS.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on every description of property.

MARINE INSURANCES—Inland and to the Lower Ports, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the West Indies, and by steam vessels to Europe.

Rates as moderate as any other respectable Insurance Company.

F. McANNANY, Esq., Agent, Belleville. JAS. SIDNEY CROCKER, Manager.
November 12, 1867. 39w6m-165d6m

BELLEVILLE

AGRICULTURAL WORKS AND IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Threshing Machines,
STRAW CUTTERS,
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS.
Iron and Steel Ploughs,
Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-tf

American Invoices--Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
QUEBEC, 6th March, 1863.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the *Canada Gazette*.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, June 8, 1867.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 28 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
3D1t-tf Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL!

THE "DAILY NEWS,"

$6 00 per Annum, in advance.

JOHN LOVELL,
65 Printer and Publisher.

BLANKS of every description for sale at *The Intelligencer* office.

BRITISH PERIODICALS,

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review (Whig).
The Westminster Review (Liberal).
The North British Review (Free Church.)
AND
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory.)

THESE periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stands unrivalled in the world as a source of reliable information for the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews, - - -	$4.00 per annum.
For any two of the Reviews, - -	7.00 "
For any three of the Reviews, - -	10.00 "
For all four of the Reviews, - - -	12.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine, - - -	4.00 "
For Blackwood and one Review, - -	7.00 "
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews, - - -	10.00 "
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews, - - -	12.00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	15.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of *twenty per cent.* will be allowed to Clubs of four persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent *to one address* for $12.80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $48.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is *Two Cents* a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums for New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, gratis, any *one* of the *Four Reviews* for 1867. New Subscribers to all five of the periodicals for 1868 may receive, *gratis*, Blackwood or any two of the "*Four Reviews*" for 1867.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1.50 a year for each or any Review; also, Blackwood for 1866 and 1867, for $2.50 a year, or the two years together for $4.00.

☞ Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to Clubs, nor reduced prices for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted *direct to the Publishers.*

No premiums can be given to Clubs.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING Co.,
140 Fulton St., N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the
FARMER'S GUIDE,
by HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1600 pages, and numerous Engravings.
Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid, $8.

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the *AMERICAN (WALTHAM) WATCH* have given such a wide world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers' years ago imitated its style and printed its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found, who fortify their trade upon the popularity of the American Watch: by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article. It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American Watches—except the lowest grade, marked Home Watch Co.—*are guaranteed by special certificate*, bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. ROBBINS.

The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine Watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH Co.

APPLETON, TRACY & Co.

WALTHAM WATCH Co.

P. S. BARTLETT.

WM. ELLERY.

HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the General Superintendent:
Altoona Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

GENTLEMEN:—The watches manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years by our engineers, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying your watches give us less trouble and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep.'t Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN:—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that Waltham watches are the most satisfactory of any for their uses. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have never known one to wear out, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer.
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto & Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS.
Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-3m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every afternoon (Sundays excepted) and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of $5 a year if paid in advance, $6 otherwise. Mail subscribers $5 a year. $2 50 for 6 months; $1 50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgewater, Marmora and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the **Gold Regions,** and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., &c., and no effort, neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months....	$ 5 00
Half Square, 6 months,	$10 00
One Square, 6 months,	$20 00
Two Squares, 6 months,	$30 00
Four Squares, 6 months,	$50 00
Notices of Births,	50
Do of Marriages,	50
Do of Deaths,	50

"BUSINESS NOTICES"—All matter under this heading, leaded or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of solid minion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements twice a week.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion, and 3 cents for each additional insertion.

The Weekly Intelligencer

Is published every Friday Morning at $2 per annum if called for at the Office, or sent by mail; and $2½ if delivered by Carrier, payable in all cases in advance. When not paid until the close of the year, 50 cents will be added to each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, and the number now on our Subscription Books is **over 1,400.** With such a large circulation throughout this and adjoining Counties, the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed advantages to advertisers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Six lines and under, first insertion,.... 0 50
Each subsequent insertion,.... 0 12½
Above six lines (per line) first insertion 0 07
Each subsequent insertion per line,.... 0 02

☞ "BUSINESS NOTICES"—10 cents per line each insertion, measured as solid minion.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to insure their appearance.

All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

The Intelligencer Job Office

Is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the country.

The DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER can be had at the Book Stores in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at El Dorado.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

M. BOWELL,
INTELLIGENCER BUILDING, Front treet, Belleville. *Publisher*

Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 1. BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 11, 1868. No. 241.

Montreal Business Directory.

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal.

DEPARTMENTS.

Braces,	Knitted Woolens,
Braids,	Laces,
Brushes and Combs,	Ladies Collars and Sets,
Buttons,	Straw Goods,
Corsets,	Small Wares in great
Elastics,	variety,
Felt Hats,	Threads,
Gents Collars and Ties,	Trimmings & Ornaments
Hosiery and Gloves,	Umbrellas.
VELVET RIBBONS, &c.	

HOOP SKIRTS.—our own Manufacture. 156-6m

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware Manufacturers,
MONTREAL.
KILN PLATES
AND
CASTINGS for BREWERIES.
Any parties about putting up new kilns for
MALT OR OATMEAL
will do well to correspond with the above.
156-6m.

BURROWS & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobaccos, &c., &c.
416 St. Paul St., Montreal.

☞Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 156-6m

PEAVEY & MARCH,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions,
And everything usually sold in a first class Grocery.
No. 344 Notre Dame Street, a few doors West St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

☞Every article warranted to be as represented or may be returned. Goods sent to any part of the City Free of Charge. 156-6m

HUNTER, DUFFY & JOHNSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
29 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 156-6m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, PROPRIETOR,
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-6m

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, Collins Wharf, Halifax.

PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 38d-6m-W6m

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
278 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.

MAPS, PLANS, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, Bills of Lading, Blank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards, in any number of colors, Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 27D6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c., &c., &c.,
25 Hospital St., - - - MONTREAL,

OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and
ON AS GOOD TERMS
as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.
July 27, 1867. 74d.

QUEEN
INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL, - - - - $10,000,000
FIRE and LIFE.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers.—One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to **Ten per Cent.** of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management
Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in 1869, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.

M. BOWELL,
DR. CANNIFF, *Agent.*
Medical Referee *Intelligencer Office.*
May, 1867. 4D-6mo.

Montreal Business Directory.

Frothingham & Workman,
MONTREAL.
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware,
Warehouse and Offices 395 to 399, St. Paul St.
Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c.
May 1st. 1d-6m

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M. D.,
Consulting and Analytical Chemist,
630 Lagauchetiere Street, Montreal.

☞At home for consultation before 10 A. M., between 2 and 3, and after 6 P. M.

FEES FOR ANALYSIS,—$5 a metal, payable in advance. 156-6m

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
353 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL.

☞Every description of Jewelry manufactured from Gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 25d6m

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant.
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Agent for Walter Evans & Co. Sewing and Knitting Cottons, Derby; and J. M. Perry & Co.'s Gray's Patent Linen Fibre Collars, Nottingham, England. 1D-6m

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER.
OFFICE: Corner of St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.
REFERENCES—Robertson & Beattie, Robert Esdaile, Esq., Jas Turnance, Esq. 31D3m

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT
And Commission Merchants,
49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street, MONTREAL. 1D-6m

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant.
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods. 1D-6m

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 329 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 23d6m

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.
THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.
E. MUIR,
Chemist and Druggist,
29d6m Place D'Armes, Montreal.

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McCUAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
OFFICE—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and St Common Street, Canal Wharf,
MONTREAL.

☞Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and all er Produce, and purchase of Merchandise. 28d6m

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
100 GREY NUNS STREET, MONTREAL,
HAVE FOR SALE—

BOILER TUBES,	DRAIN PIPES,
Fire Tiles,	Roman Cement,
Horse Nails,	Water Lime,
Paints and Putty,	Portland Cement,
Fire Bricks,	Paving Tiles,
Fire Clay,	Garden Vases,
Flue Covers.	Chimney Tops, &c.

☞Manufacturers o AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR, and BED SPRINGS. 24D6m

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.
LIBERAL advances made on consignments to our-selves for shipment to our friends in Great Britain and the Lower Port
May 31st, 1867. 27D6m

A. ROBERTSON & Co.,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Mantles, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosier, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Clothes, Canadian Woollens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons, Prints, Suits, Dress Goods, Muslins,
478 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St., MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro', C. W. 1'0-6m

Important to Miners and MINING MEN.
JOHNS' Patent Water-Proof Safety Fuse for WET GROUND and SUBMARINE BLASTING, is much cheaper than any other, and pronounced by Mining men much better than any imported.
Testimonials received from men well known in the mining and quarrying business of Canada and the United States; from Messrs. Morrill & Colby, Bennets, Wiswell Macfarland, Adams, Watson, Griffith, Wearn, and others.
☞All orders promptly attended to.
Address JOHNS & Co.,
150-3m Sherbrooke, Q.

TERRAPIN RESTAURANT
CHARLES PAPINEAU,
BEGS to inform the public that he has opened the TERRAPIN RESTAURANT, in Coleman's Building, next door to Dr. Coleman's Drug Store, and he has fitted it up in first class style, with every convenience. He will keep constantly on hand the best Ale and Porter, and the purest brands of Liquors.
☞Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c., always on hand.
Belleville, Oct. 16, 1867. 142-tf

CONGER BROS.
FEELING thankful for the very liberal patronage given them for the past year, beg to remind their customers and the public that having thoroughly
REFITTED THEIR STORE!
are now opening a well assorted stock of FRESH TEAS, SUGARS, SPICES, CURRANTS, RAISINS, FIGS, &c.
Special attention is called to their fine assortment of
Jams, Jellies, Canned and Bottled FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.
R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER
Nov. 13th, 1867. 1Dly

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the
Canadian & United States Mails.
1867—SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.—1867.
Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool,
Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.

This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undernoted First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double-Engine Iron Steamships:—

AUSTRIAN,	2700 Tons.	Capt. AITON.
NESTORIAN,	2700 "	Lt. DUTTON, RNR.
MORAVIAN,	2650 "	Capt. WYLIE.
PERUVIAN,	2600 "	Capt. BALLANTINE.
HIBERNIAN,	2434 "	Capt. BROWN.
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	2300 "	Capt. ALLAN.
NORTH-AMERICAN,	1734 "	Capt. REES.
BELGIAN,	2434 "	Capt. GRANGE.
DAMASCUS,	1600 "	Capt. WATTS.

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL EVERY THURSDAY, and from PORTLAND every SATURDAY, calling at Lough Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)

The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from PORTDAND as undernoted, viz:—

NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 25th Jan.
PERUVIAN,	Saturday, 1st Feb.
AUSTRIAN,	Saturday, 8th "
HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 15th "
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Saturday, 22nd "
MORAVIAN,	Saturday, 29th "
NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 7th March

ST. GEORGE from Portland, 21st February.
ST. ANDREW from Portland, 11th March.

☞Fares per "Nova Scotian," 11th January, from Scotland to St. Johns, N. F., are:—Cabin, $30; Steerage, $15.

Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway:—
CABIN, - - - $69 20 to $99 20
(according to accommodation.)
STEERAGE, - - - $32 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.
Berths not secured until paid for.
For particulars, apply to
J. W THOMPSON, Agent,
Canadian Express Office,
27D5m-16W1v BELLEVILLE.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
For 1868.

THE CHEAPEST OF LADIES' MAGAZINES,
BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST.

THE friend of woman, the arbiter of fashion, the encourager and publisher of the best literature of the day, the pattern from which all others copy.

READING MATTER.

In this there will be an improvement. The volume for 1868 will be set up with new-faced type, and of a size that will enable us to give an additional quantity of reading matter amounting to about twelve pages in each number.

BEAUTIFUL STEEL PLATES.

Of these the LADY'S BOOK contains fourteen each year, superior (we challenge comparison) to any published in this country, either in book or periodical.

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MARION HARLAND,
Authoress of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Mate Side," "Nemera," and "Harriet."
who contributes to no other monthly publication, will furnish a new novel for 1868, called "PREMIE ROWLAND," that will run through the year. Her stories are anxiously sought after, and as they are copyrighted, can be found nowhere but in GODEY. Our former efficient corps of writers has also been retained.

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The original double fashion-plates will be continued MODEL COTTAGES.—The only magazine in this country that gives these designs is the LADY'S BOOK.

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We have also a CHILDREN'S, a HORTICULTURAL, and a HEALTH department.

GODEY'S INVALUABLE RECEIPTS
upon every subject, for the Boudoir, Nursery, Kitchen, House, and Laundry.

COLORED ENGRAVINGS.—This is a series of engravings that no one has attempted but ourselves.

LADIES' FANCY WORK DEPARTMENT.—Some of the designs in this department are printed in colors in a style unequaled.

Terms for 1868.

One copy, one year, - - - - - -	$3 00
Two copies, one year, - - - - - -	5 00
Three copies, one year, - - - - - -	7 50
Four copies, one year, - - - - - -	10 00
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Eight copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making nine copies, - - - - - -	21 00
Eleven copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making twelve copies - - - - - -	27 00

Godey's Lady's Book and Arthur's Home Magazine will be sent one year on receipt of $4 00.
Godey's Lady's and The Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $3 50.
Godey's Lady's Book, Arthur's Home Magazine, and Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $5 00.

☞Canada subscribers must send 24 cents additional for every subscription to the Lady's Book, and 12 cents for either of the other magazines, to pay the American postage.

HOW TO REMIT.—In remitting by mail, a Post Office Order or a Draft, *payable to the Order of L. A. Godey,* is preferable to bank notes, as, should the Order or Draft be lost or stolen, it can be renewed without loss to the sender. If a Draft or a Post Office Order cannot be procured, send United States or National Bank notes.
Address L. A. GODEY,
N. E. Corner Sixth and Chestnut Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

Belleville Business Directory.

Macleilan & Macleilan,
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency Attornies-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c, &c. Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Ross, Bell & Holden,
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville.
HON. JNO. ROSS. JOHN BELL. THOS. HOLDEN
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Diamond & Dickson,
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c.
OFFICE:—Neilson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
A. DIAMOND. GEO. D. DICKSON.
1D-Wtf

A. R. Dougall,
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Office over Orrell's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.

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BARRISTERS and Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office,—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street,
ALEX. ROBERTSON. D. E. K. STEWART.
1D6m-Wtf

Legate & Price,
BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1D6m-Wtf.

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HATTER and Furrier, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs. 1D6m-Wtf

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Law Partnership.
THE undersigned have this day entered into co-partnership under the name of Jellett & Bleasdell. Office—Corner of Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville.
R. P. JELLETT.
8th October, 1867. J. H. T. BLEASDELL.

Forrest & Lozo's
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Lazier's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 25D-tf

T. Lockerty,
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 22D5m

Ponton, Falkiner & Denmark
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

Angus McFee,
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellry and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1D6m

John Wilson,
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the Old stand, Front Street. Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 1D6m

J. W. Brown,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

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MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1D6m

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To Gold Miners
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Swedes Iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. WM. POWELL.
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McKeown & Robertson,
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

ALLSOP'S ALE,
Guiness' Stout,
Blood's Porter!!
IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT
1p6m **HAMBLY'S.**

BILL HEADS.
AND all other kinds of JOB PRINTING, executed with neatness and despatch at the INTELLIGENCER Office, Front Street, Belleville.

Declaration of Roman Catholic Priests.

A remarkable declaration of Roman Catholic clergymen has been published.—With the conquest of Ireland came they say, the reign of wrong, which has been maintained to the present hour. There was political oppression before the Reformation; there have been both political and religious oppression since. But the difficulty of the priests is that bad laws have been long repealed. The Irish Catholic is on a perfect legal equality with English Protestant, religion is free, trade is free, offices and honours are impartially bestowed, but yet it is alleged this cannot give the Irishman real equality, because during the reign of English monopoly and Protestant ascendancy the people of the dominant race and creed gained a start in practical intelligence which makes it difficult for the Irishman to overtake them.—Such a line of argument would lead to the conclusion that England which had artificially depressed the Irish should be something exceptional to raise them either by attending particularly to their education or fostering their religion, or assisting their enterprise at the national expense. But the Declaration ends by solemnly protesting against the notion that England can remedy the evils she has caused. The "English Parliament," as the parliament of the United Kingdom is called, has enough to occupy it, and, moreover, "cannot understand the necessity of entirely exceptional legislation." A land Tenure Act might be something, the abolition of the Protestant Church might do much; but, when all is done, the heart of Ireland would require "nationality." Nationality, is then, the remedy for Irish ills, and it is necessary to inquire what the priests mean by 'nationality.' We find that with them it signifies simply the Repeal of the Union. Re-establish Ireland, with her own Queen, Lords, and Commons, and "the federal amity would be a tower of strength to the Empire." It is something to know the tendency of so powerful an Order, and how far they may be expected to seek the popular voice. But we must deny both the propositions of the priests—first, that the Irishman, who in the nineteenth century is well taught and live under equal laws, does in any way suffer from the grievances of his ancestors; and, second, that the improvement of his condition is to be sought in the action of a native Parliament in which the two opposing races and religions would meet in inevitable and uncontrolled conflict.—*Times.*

The Public Debt of the United States.

The immense debt of the United States instead of diminishing, has during the last few weeks been considerably increased.—Last month it was augmented to the extent of fifteen millions of dollars, Secretary McCulloch issuing 1040 bonds to that amount. This was the result principally of the demand made by the War Department consequent upon the Indian war and the military government of the conquered South. The decrease in revenue receipts during the last two months has also been very marked, and as there appears every probability that this diminution will continue for some time to come, it is likely that a further issue of bonds will be rendered necessary in order to meet the current expenditure. The N. Y. *Express* says that from every portion of the United States, from North, South, East and West, come the self same cry of want and poverty.

The Plethora of Money.

Does anybody want money? It is getting as cheap as dirt. Six and five per cent. to the brokers, four per cent. to the large dealers in public funds; this is a different tune from the dismal song sung a little while ago. And yet, unfortunately, even plentitude of money does not necessarily mean prosperity; indeed, it indicates rather a luxury of commercial enterprise. Look at the Bank of England; crammed with bullion and notes, it cannot loan its surplus even at 2 per cent. The banks thrive at the lowest possible figures; for the London and Westminister Bank, the strongest rival of the Bank, has been doing business for six months at half a crown per cent. below the Bank's absurdly small figure, and yet has declared a half-yearly dividend of 16 per cent! But nothing is doing in England. They got well frightened at all stock companies but railways two years ago, and since then the railways have proved more dangerous than anything else. Money is plenty because London is sick at heart. So have we been. When will Congress give us *terra firma* to stand on.—*New York Times.*

CASTELS IN THE AIR.—Dr. John Wilkins wrote a book in the time of Charles II, to show the possibility of making a voyage to the moon. The Duchess of Newcastle, who was likewise notorious for her vagrant speculations, said to him. "Doctor, where am I to halt at in the upward journey?" "My lady," replied the doctor, "of all the people in the world, I never expected the question from you, who have built so many castles in the air that you might lie every night at one of your own."

Awful Tragedy.

A WOMAN KILLS HER FIVE CHILDREN WITH AN AXE.

[From the Pembroke Observer.]

In the Township of Alice, near the town of Pembroke, live, or rather lived, a German family by the name of Webber. The family consisted of a father—a tailor, who earned his living by working round among his neighbors—his wife and six children. The father is said to be a peaceable and industrious man, and his wife had the reputation of being a kind and affectionate mother, though some years before she had exhibited symptoms of insanity; two daughters, the oldest about fifteen or sixteen years of age, and four sons, made up their family. On Friday last, 31st January, the father being out at work, the eldest daughter went out to milk the cows, but before she got through was called into the house by her mother. On reaching there she was startled to find her mother standing in the entrance with an axe, and remarking to her, "They are all dead," or words to that effect, but on looking into the house, the horrible sight of her younger sister and brothers lying around the room, gashed and bleeding, met her eyes, and she fled in wild terror to one of the neighbors. It is said that the mother was making demonstrations to make her a victim also, but she got out of her way in time to prevent it. Word of the horrible affair soon afterwards reached Pembroke, when Dr. McKenzie, coroner, repaired to the place, and held an inquest at once, after which the woman was conveyed to the jail in Pembroke, to await further proceedings on the part of the authorities. Three of the children were dead when the coroner arrived at the scene of the tragedy, another died while the inquest was being held. Four of them were buried on Sunday last.

Insanity, as will at once be inferred, was the cause of this awful and unnatural act. About ten years ago, while yet in Germany, her husband tells of her killing a cow with an axe, while in a similar frenzy. Up to Friday last, the derangement in her mind seems to have slept, as there appears to have been no danger apprehended by her friends, of violence on her part; on the contrary, those who knew her speak of the great amount of affection she always manifested for her children. On the morning in question, the children, it is believed, from the circumstances gathered, had just got up out of bed, and were standing round the stove when the old demon of insanity returned with redoubled power, and urged the wretched woman to the committal of the most unnatural act the mind can conceive. The axe was seized, and rapidly the deadly blows descended on the heads of the poor children, cleaving their skulls and scattering their brains in a horrible manner. Awful, indeed, must be the power of this unknown agency, which thus drove a mother, naturally tender, to the destruction of her nearest and dearest! It is strange that no screams or other noises were heard by the daughter outside, who was only a short distance from the house. The horrid work must have been accomplished almost in a moment, with all the vehemence and cunning that insanity engenders, preventing alike any unusual noise and escape on the part of the bewildered children.

The spectacle on entering the scene of the butchery, when the inquest commenced, is described as sickening and pitiable in the extreme. Three of the children were already cold in death, and the other two barely alive, were lying were they had fallen, with the ghastly wounds in their heads, precluding the possibility of recovery. One of those yet alive, had, in addition, part of one hand cut off, the little thing having, probably, on the same principle that 'drowning men catch at straws,' mechanically clasped his hand over its head to ward off the descending blow. Altogether, it was a shocking sight, and taken in connection with the cause of the circumstances, it was no wonder that the strongest nerves were unstrung, and those accustomed to view death and suffering in every shape turned from the sight with shuddering.—We will spare our readers from further details. After the inquest, the coroner, Dr. McKenzie, committed the woman to the county goal in Pembroke, where she now is waiting the further action of the legal authorities. Since her commitment the wretched being has come to her usual senses, but save a few half meaningless expressions, has said very little in connection with the affair, and is not apparently disposed to speak at all on the subject. Her mental agony appears to be excessive, as evinced by constant moaning and rocking to and fro, while the tearless eyes seem to denote an extremity of inward suffering too great to be relieved by tears.

Since writing the above we learn that one of the children is still living—the one with the mutilated hand—though it cannot recover, so dreadful is the wound inflicted.

What breaks down Young Men.

It is a commonly received notion that hard study is the unhealthy element of college life. But from tables of the mortality of Harvard University, collected by Professor Pierce from the last triennial catalogue, it is clearly demonstrated that the excess of deaths for the first ten years after graduation is found in that portion of each class inferior in scholarship. Every one who has been the curriculum knows that where Æschylus and political economy injures one, late hours and rum-punches use up a dozen; and that the two little fingers of Morpheus are heavier than the lions of Euclid. Dissipation is a swift and sure destroyer, and every young man who follows it is as the early flower exposed to untimely frost. Those who have been inveigled in the path of vice are named "Legion," for they are many—enough to convince every novitiate that he has no security that he shall escape a similar fate. A few hours of sleep each night, high living, and plenty of "smashers," make war upon every function of the human body. The brains, the heart, the lungs, the liver, the spine, the limbs, the bones, the flesh, —every part and faculty—are overtasked, worn and weakened by the terrific energy and passion loosed from restraint, until, like a dilapidated mansion, the "earthly house of this tabernacle" falls into ruinous decay. Fast young man, right about!

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West,	7.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West,	8.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going West,	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train,	6.30 P. M.
Noon Express going East,	12.08 P. M.
Night Express going East,	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East,	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train,	9.30 P. M.

Montreal Time.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, TUESDAY, FEB. 11.

THE STATUTES.—We have to thank the Queen's Printers for a copy of the Statutes, of the first part of the Dominion Parliament held in 1867.

OTHELLO.—We remind our readers of the theatre to-night at Ontario Hall, in aid of the distressed fishermen in Nova Scotia. The lover of the drama will be well paid if he attends. The amateurs are better players than many of the stock companies which visit our town.

IMMIGRATION IN 1867.—The returns of immigration into the district of Toronto, have just been published and are as follows:—English, 1,937; Irish, 1,078; Scotch, 884; German, 4,333; Norwegian, 7,624; American citizens, 250; other countries, 1,227. Total, 17,463. In 1866 the number was 16,287.

A BANK FOR AGRICULTURISTS.—A movement is on foot in Hamilton for the establishment of a Bank for Agriculturists. We see no reason why a Bank of this kind should not pay. The mode of doing business in our Banks is not such as to be of any service to the farmers of this country, the term for which they loan money being altogether too short.

NEW DOMINION MONTHLY.—The February number of this monthly has been received, and it contains a number of highly interesting and instructive articles; it also contains three pieces of music. This monthly being a Canadian production deserves encouragement.—John Dougall & Son, Publishers, Montreal; $1 00 per annum.

REPORTING DEBATES.—The Halifax *Express* says: "The Government say they have a depleted Treasury, and at the same time they can spend *sixteen hundred dollars* for reporting the debates of the House. A depleted Treasury indeed! Why cannot members do like the member from Kings, write their own speeches and economise the people's money." Sensible advice.

EMIGRATION AGENT.—The death of Mr. A. C. Buchanan has caused a vacancy in the office of Emigration Agent, and the Hamilton *Spectator* says:—"It is rumored that Mr. Rea, the Emigration Agent of this city, will probably be appointed to the position rendered vacant by the death of Mr. A. C. Buchanan, and that Mr. William Gillespy will succeed Mr. Rea here. We sincerely trust that this report may prove to be correct; both appointments would be exceedingly popular, and we believe that both Mr. Rea and Mr. Gillespy would prove to be the 'right men in the right place.'" We cordially join in the opinion that Mr. Gillespy would prove an invaluable officer, and hope that his claims may not be overlooked.

HON. DARCY McGEE.—This gentleman, who was expelled from the St. Patrick's Society, of Montreal, some short time since, for writing against Fenianism, has, upon hearing that a meeting was to be called of the same society to reconsider the resolution expelling him, written a letter to the Montreal papers in which he says: "Will you allow me space to say that this second meeting, in relation to myself, was as wholly unknown to me as the first; that the gentlemen mentioned are personally unknown to me, and their movement equally so; and that, *under no circumstances, short of a thorough reformation of the Society*, as recently conducted, could I consent to my name being inserted on the new books. To be creditable to any one, a National Society ought to be above suspicion."

Curling Match.

CANADIANS *vs.* OLD COUNTRYMEN.

A match was played yesterday on the Belleville Rink, between twelve Canadians and twelve Old Countrymen. The following is the result:

FIRST RINK.

Old Country.	*Canadians.*
—Nantes.	J. W. Thompson.
Dr. Lister.	E. Benjamin.
D. Pitcathly.	S. Stephens.
G. Neilson, Skip—20.	F. Ridley, Skip —5.

SECOND RINK.

James Gordon.	A. Robertson.
F. Fox.	J. Lister, Jr.
Thomas Kelso.	C. Henry.
J. Blacklock, Skip—8	G. Dickson, Skip—13.

THIRD RINK.

W. Hayward.	G. Stewart.
D. B. Robertson.	M. Bowell.
—Kershaw.	W. Shepard.
T. McNider, Skip—19.	Jas. Corby, Skip—16.
40	34

Old County winning by six points.

Stamp Duties.

As some misunderstanding exists as to the change made in the law relative to the imposition of duties on Promissory Notes and Bills of Exchange, we give the clauses as follows:—

1. Upon and in respect of every Promissory Note, Draft or Bill of Exchange, for an amount not less than twenty-five dollars, made, drawn, or accepted in Canada, upon or after the first day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, there shall be levied, collected and paid to Her Majesty, for the public uses of the Dominion, and duties hereinafter mentioned, that is to say:—

On each such Promissory Note, and on each such Draft or Bill of Exchange, a duty of one cent, if such Note, Bill or Draft, amounts to but does not exceed twenty-five dollars;—a duty of two cents if the amount thereof exceeds twenty-five dollars but does not exceed fifty dollars, —and a duty of three cents if the amount thereof exceeds fifty dollars but is less than one hundred dollars.

On each such Promissory Note, and on each such Draft or Bill of Exchange, for one hundred dollars or more, executed singly, a duty of three cents, for the first hundred dollars of the amount thereof, and a further duty of three cents for each additional hundred dollars or fraction of a hundred dollars of the amount thereof;

On each such Draft or Bill of Exchange in duplicate, a duty of two cents on each such part for the first hundred dollars of the amount thereof, and a further duty of two cents for each additional hundred dollars or fraction of a hundred dollars of the amount thereof;

On each such Draft or Bill of Exchange executed in more than two parts, a duty of one cent on each part for the first hundred dollars of the amount thereof, and a further duty of one cent for each additional hundred dollars or fraction of a hundred dollars of the amount thereof;

And any interest made payable at the maturity of any Bill, Draft or Note, with the principal sum, shall be counted as part of the amount thereof.

2. Every bill, draft, order or instrument,—

For the payment of any sum of money by a bill or promissory note, whether such payment be required to be made to the bearer or to order,—

Every document usually termed a letter of credit, or whereby any person is entitled to have credit with, or to receive from or draw upon any person for any sum of money,—

And every receipt for money, given by any bank or person, and entitling the person paying such money, or the bearer of such receipt, to receive the like sum from any third person,—

Shall be deemed a bill of exchange or draft chargeable with duty under this Act.

Nova Scotia.

We are indebted to the Halifax *Express* for the following items of news:

There was a great repeal meeting at New Glasgow on Tuesday evening last, when the usual amount of gas was let off. We notice that among the speakers was E. M. McDonald, Esq., M. P. for Lunenburg, and we shall see in a few weeks whether he will abide by the following resolution, which it is said passed unanimously at the meeting: "That pending the question of repeal, this meeting disapprove of any further attendance of our Ottawa Representatives in the Dominion Parliament." It is a grave question whether Mr. E. M. McDonald can legally hold his seat in the Commons, having accepted the office of Queen's Printer for Nova Scotia. The question was brought up during the last session, and it is the opinion of many eminent lawyers that every day this Mr. E. M. McDonald sits in Parliament, he is liable to a fine of $2,000. How disinterested then, in him, to urge the others to remain at home.

The Anti-organs declared in the most emphatic tones that the new Legislative Councillors would never be sworn in. The *Chronicle* of this morning says:—In the Legislative Council several new members were sworn in, viz: the Honorables Wm. Annand, Wm. J. Stairs, John McKinnon, Samuel Creelman, W. O. Heffernan, Peter Smyth, Dr. Parker, and James Fraser. Who will heed its blatant nonsense after this?

The Governor in his Speech yesterday said: "I regret that an almost total failure in the Fishery has produced much and general distress among those engaged in this branch of industry, and I have found it necessary to make considerable advances from the Public Treasury for their relief." Yet the *Chronicle* recently declared that such was not the case and that to deprive the hardy fishermen from receiving timely relief from their brethren in Quebec and Ontario. Who is to be believed?

One of the junior clerks in the St. John Post Office, named McLeod, has left for parts unknown, leaving behind him a confession that he had tampered with a money letter in Sept. last, the contents of which the clerks in the office had to make good.

A very interesting case was tried before Mr. Justice Shiels, in Dartmouth, on Wednesday last. It was a prosecution against one of the female teachers of the Dartmouth Free School, for inflicting corporal punishment on one of the pupils. The case having been investigated and proven against the Teacher, she was fined five dollars and costs, in consequence of the law not allowing corporal punishment in the public Schools.

It is said that the Local Government will at once appoint delegates, who will proceed to London to demand a repeal of the Union Act. The House will likely remain in Session for about a fortnight, and adjourn, it is said, for three months, which will allow the delegates time to transact their business, and receive their final answer from the Home Government.

The *Chronicle* this morning in an article lecturing the people of Newfoundland against entering the Confederacy, says: "We intend to leave it, and, though it may seem boastful to say so, *we will leave*. How can you do it? may be asked us. We care not, "time and the hour" will furnish with the means. Then almost immediately afterwards our consistent contemporary says:—"Undeniably, it would be well for us in *the event of our being kept within the Union*, that both the Islands should enter it." The fellows are evidently floundering.

Yesterday afternoon, Jan. 30, the "gods in the gallery" commenced their expressions of their applause by stamping. The remarks of Mr. Blanchard elicited such an outburst of approbation, the Speaker was compelled to rise in his majesty, and declare that he would maintain the rules and dignity of the House. This is right, but at the same time the Antis had no right to set the example, bnt they soon found themselves overwhelmed by numbers. We would advise the friends of Union to maintain a calm and dignified attitude. We can assure them all will be well. We highly commend the action of the Speaker in rebuking those members who pounded the floor with their sticks to elicit the faint Anti applause from the b'hoys "up aloft," as friend Morrison would term them.

Editorial Summary.

—The letters patent of Fox's iron-clad pianos, were purchased at Sheriff's sale in Kingston, on Friday, for $360.

—The Great Western Railway Company have placed portable platforms between their passenger cars in order to obviate accidents.

—A Savings Bank department has been opened in connection with the London branch of the Merchants' Bank.

—During the recent cold spell the mercury fell to 25° below zero in Brockville—the lowest point reached in Canada this winter.

—*Le Canadien* learns that the Privy Council has selected the Robinson line for the Intercolonial and forwarded a recommendation to that effect by last steamer.

—Commend us to the Halifax Anti-Confederate press for a good, straightforward lie. The *Citizen* says "deaths from starvation have already occurred at Quebec."

—Mr. Hamel, of Quebec, recently gave a public skating exhibition in Antwerp for the benefit of the poor of that town, and seems to have astonished the skate-loving Dutchmen by his grace and agility.

—The Guelph Town Council has decided to purchase a Silsby steam fire engine, and will request the local agencies of the Insurance Companies to defray a portion of its cost.

—It appears that there is no truth in the rumour that Mr. Vanderbilt and the directors of the New York Central Railway were about to negotiate for the lease or purchase of the Great Western Railway.

—Rev. Henry Ward Beecher has in his church a new and elegant pulpit, made from the wood of an olive tree, cut from the Garden of Gethsemane, and brought home by Mr. Moses S. Beach.

—A soldier who deserted from H. M. 25th Regiment in Chatham, England, last March, and subsequently enlisted in the U. S. army, gave himself up to a party of the 29th at Hamilton.

—At the recent monthly cattle fair in Guelph, there were upwards of 300 head on the ground, and about 200 changed hands at $3.75 to $4.50 for average to good on the hoof. Fat cattle were heavy of sale, owing to the fitness of the Montreal market.

— The profit made by the French Government out of the Paris Exposition was two millions of francs, besides all that the railroads, hotels, merchants, and cab-drivers, &c., &c., made out of the visitors.

—The inhabitants of Carlton County must be a happy set of people. The County has $36,000 in the bank drawing 4 per ct., and the County Council has resolved to withdraw it and invest it in Dominion Debentures, at six per cent.

—It is said the agency of the Bank of Montreal in Perth is to be closed. The *Courier* says such a step will give great satisfaction to the community. The Merchants' Bank have opened an agency in Perth, Mr. F. A. W. Lester acting temporarily as agent.

—Two brothers who had been wood-cutting in Newfoundland, set sail last week, but their boat was frozen in the loose ice, and they perished from cold and hunger. The boat with its ghastly crew were picked up by a passing vessel.

—A letter received at New York by the *Eagle*, from Havana, gives a fearful account of the ravages of the cholera at that place. There had been as many as three hundred deaths a day, nearly half of which proved fatal. On the 10th instant there were fifty-two cases and twenty-one deaths.

—At a recent meeting of the Quebec Board of Trade a resolution was carried requesting the Council to communicate with the various Boards of Trade of Ontario and Quebec, urging them to petition the Government for further legislation to relieve the country of the existing silver nuisance.

—Margaret Butler, a middle aged woman of dissipated character, is under examination in Montreal on a charge of arson, murder, and robbery. She has admitted having set fire to a house on Colbourne avenue, in which a man was burned to death some time ago.

—As an example of the dangerous manner in which some parties conduct business, it appeared at a meeting of the creditors of a merchant in Berthier that he had incurred liabilities direct to the extent of $594,167, with available assets to be realized in twelve and thirteen years of only $40,000.

—The Cornwall *Freeholder* learns from the Morrisburg *Courier* that Mr. John Doran, the unsuccessful candidate for the representation of Dundas in the Legislature of Ontario, has repudiated the payment of his printing account, due at the office of that paper, on the ground that it was for electioneering purposes. The *Freeholder* thereupon says Mr. Kennedy, of the *Courier*, sued Mr. Doran and was non-suited on the ground, taken advantage of by the ex-candidate, that the account was not valid in law. This we believe to be the second example this country has furnished since the law in question has been enacted, of a Parliamentary candidate mean enough to seek shelter in law from a just debt contracted by himself in the course of his canvass.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—The evidence against Mackey the Fenian, in the examination on Saturday, appeared conclusive and he was fully committed, several of these attempting his rescue were also fully committed. Two policemen were dangerously wounded in the attempted rescue.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—The guards of constables and soldiers in and around Warwick jail, where Fenian Burke is still confined, have been doubled and many additional precautions have been taken in consequence of reports that the Fenians threaten to rescue their leaders by force. Much excitement exist in Warwick.—The citizens volunteer in large numbers to serve as special constables.

CORK, Feb. 10.—Last night a squad of policemen who were patrolling the city were confronted by a crowd of men in the street, who commenced an attack upon them with clubs and stones. The policemen being greatly outnumbered, fell back to the nearest station. They were chased some distance by the mob, several of whom, during the flight of the police, fired upon them with pistols and other fire-arms. None of the latter, however, were hurt. As soon as they reached the neighborhood of the station the pursuit ceased, and when the police reinforced, again sallied out, the crowd had dispersed. As the night was dark and thick, none of the attacking party could be distinctly recognized, although the officers are actively searching for the suspected ring-leaders. They have not yet been able to effect any arrests.

CORK, February 10, evening.—The police have succeeded in arresting many persons who are suspected to having taken part in the riotous attempt to rescue Capt Mackay. It is reported that among those arrested two have been identified as the men who shot the two policemen on that occasion, but as no examinations have yet taken place nothing definite is known as to the charges or evidence against them. Some persons have also been arrested on suspicion of having been concerned in the assault on the policemen last night. The recent bold disturbances of the peace have caused the government officials here to redouble their vigilance.

DUBLIN, Feb. 10, evening.—The Grand Jury to whom the cases of the accused Fenians, now in the prisons of this city, are to be presented to-day, assembled at the court house.

Lord Fitzgerald, Chief Justice of the Court of Appeal, delivered the charge to the jury, in which he deplored in strong language the outrages which had been perpetrated and the useless agitation and lawless spirit now prevailing in Ireland. The grand jury then withdrew to their chamber and commenced their labors.

Two indictments have been found against the prisoner Lennon, one is for treason and the other for murder, he being charged with shooting the policeman at Stepaside.

The prisoner Pigot has been indicted on the charge of sedition.

LONDON, February 11, 11:15 a.m.—Bonds quiet at 71¾; I C 88; Erie 47¾.

LONDON, February 11, 1:20 p. m.—Bonds firmer at 71⅝ to 71¾; Erie 47¾.

LIVERPOOL, February 11, 11:15 a. m.—Cotton opens firmer; advanced one-sixteenth; Uplands 8¼; Orleans 8¼.

LIVERPOOL, February 11, 1:20 p. m.—Cotton buoyant; Uplands 8¾d on spot, 8¾ to arrive. Manchester advices favorable; goods and yarns firmer and higher; Breadstuffs generally firm; California wheat 15s 10d; Oats 3s 10d; Pork 72s 6d; Bacon 38s 9d; Tallow 42s 6d.

PARIS, February 11.—Bourse strong; Rentes advancing.

From Halifax.

HALIFAX, Feb. 10.—In the House to-day the Attorney-General opened the debate on the repeal resolutions. He was followed by Mr. Troop, on the same side. Repeal meetings continue to be held in different parts of the country.

American Despatches.

HAVANA, Feb. 10.—The Captain of the American brig "Mountain Eagle" has filed a protest with the United States Consul against the new Custom House regulations, compelling payment to be made in advance as security for duty on goods in the manifest, and for other expenses of the trip. Capt.-General Lecsundi has returned from his tour through the island.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—A fire broke out this evening on Front-St., causing a loss of property to the amount of $40,000. The fire spread rapidly to the adjoining buildings, and at 12.30 a.m., 11th inst., it was still burning. The extent of damage cannot yet be estimated.—Another fire occurred on Fulton-St., in the building occupied by Weldon & Co., wholesale liquor dealers, and others. Loss about $80,000.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Feb. 10.—At Salem, Ind., on Saturday last, Walter B. Rodman, jr., killed Absolom Wright, 65 years old, by fracturing his skull with the butt of a gun.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 10.—The steamer "Montana" sailed to-day for Panama with $109,000 treasure.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—The American Exchange National Bank was discovered to have lost about $60,000 yesterday by the speculating of its assistant cashier.

There were 137 deaths in Brooklyn during the past week.

THREATENING.—The Buffalo *Courier*, of Jan. 30th, says, Mr. Hemans, the British Consul, of Buffalo, has just received the following letter:

"Mr. Hemans,—If your government does not immediately release the Irish American citizens now unlawfully held in her prisons, we will take your life within a week. We mean what we say. One who has been oppressed and beggared by your infernal government." We have not heard that the threat has been carried out.

STRANGE HORSE DISEASE.—We learn from the Dundas *True Banner* that during the past week a new and fatal disorder has appeared in East Flamboro' amongst horses, which entirely baffles the skill of the most expert 'vets.' After being attacked by the disease the tongue becomes swollen and apparently paralized, and death follows in a very few hours from suffocation. Mr. Ruben Sparks, who resides on the 7th concession, has lost four valuable animals during the past week, and as the disease appears to be contagious, too much care cannot be taken to prevent the spreading thereof.

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, Feb 11.

Commercial Bills..... 98 to 99
Greenbacks, buying at..... 69 to 70
" selling at..... 71
Bank of Upper Canada Bills..... 62
Silver, buying at..... 4 to 4½
" selling at..... 5
Gold opened at 142½; closed at 142.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, Feb. 11, 1868.

FALL WHEAT—$1 60 to $1 65.
SPRING WHEAT—$1 50 to $1 60.
BARLEY—$80 to $95.
RYE—firm at $1 00 to $1 06.
OATS—60c.
PEAS—demand only for local use at 90c to 95c.
BUCKWHEAT—60c to 75c.
HAY—Dull at $5 50 $6.
PORK—$6 50 to $6 00. Heavy Pork $6 2s.
MUTTON—8c to 8c per pound.
BUTTER—18c to 22c.
EGGS—18c to 20c.
HIDES—$6.50 to $7.00.
SHEEPSKINS—dull at 50c to 65c.
CALFSKINS—8c @ lb.
TALLOW—Rough, 5c; rendered, 8c.
WOOL—28c.
POTATOES—60 to 65c.
APPLES—$0 80c to $1 00.
HAY—$10 to $15.
CHEESE—10c.
CORN—70c to 80c.
FLOUR—No 1, $7 50 @ bbl.
FUTARS—$4 50 to $4 75.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.

MONTREAL, Feb. 11, 1867.
1 P. M.

FLOUR.—Superior Extra	$8 00	@	8 25
Extra	7 90	@	8 00
FANCY	7 60	@	7 75
Welland Canal Superfine	7 00	@	7 65
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat,	7 00	@	7 65
" " 1 Western Wheat,	7 00	@	7 65
" " 2 " "	7 10	@	7 25
Bag Flour	3 60	@	3 75
WHEAT.—Canada Fall	0 00	@	0 00
Spring	1 70	@	0 00
Western	0 00	@	0 00
OATS.—Per 32 lbs	0 46	@	0 47
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	0 90	@	1 00
BUTTER—Dairy	0 14	@	0 18
" Store Packed	0 14	@	0 18
ASHES—Pots	5 20	@	5 25
Pearls	5 75	@	5 80
PORK—Mess	19 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess	14 00	@	00 00
Prime	13 00	@	00 00
DRESSED HOGS	5 75	@	6 25
PEAS	0 86	@	0 87
RYE FLOUR	5 95	@	6 00

Flour—receipts moderate demand and prices unchanged. Grain—no sales; rates unchanged. Provisions: Pork quiet at unchanged rates. Hogs—demand languid; prices moderately steady. Butter—good in demand; poor neglected. Ashes neglected.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, February 11.

Cotton firmer at 20¾c to 20¾c.
Flour more doing and priced unchanged; receipts 2,600 barrels; sales 7,800 bbls at $8 25 to $9 00 for superior state and western; $8 70 to $9 75 for common to choice extra State; $9 40 to $11 75 for common to choice extra western.
Rye flour more active at $7 25 to $9 25.
Wheat firm and more active; receipts 480 bushels; sales 30,000 bushels at $3 50 for white California; sales of white Canada on private terms.
Rye quiet and firm.
Corn opened firmer and closed quiet; receipts 4,675 bushels; sales 51,000 bushels at $1 27 to $1 29 for new mixed western; $1 32 for old do.
Barley scarce and firmer; sales 9,000 bushels of western at $2 15.
Oats firmer; receipts 4,600 bushels; sales 52,000 bushels at 84½c for Western in store.
Pork firmer and quiet at $23 50 to $23 62 for old mess; $23 50 to $23 75 for new do.
Lard firmer at 14¼c to 15½c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.

Stocks active and better after call.
Sterling Exchange, 60 days, 109¾.
Gold 142¾.
Gold closed 142.

Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
February 11, 1868.

IMPORTS.—2 cars merchandize.
EXPORTS.—2 car merchandize.

BIRTH.

At Point St. Clair, on Sunday, the 9th instant, the wife of Mr. Charles Chrysler, of a son.

DIED.

In Belleville, on Monday morning, 10th inst., Laura Maria, youngest daughter of Mr. J. H. Mills, aged 9 months.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LEXINGTON, Missouri, May 23, 1868.
MESSRS. J. N. HARRIS & CO.:
DEAR SIRS—I have made Allen's Lung Balsam pretty well known in our city and country, and have sold about all the four dozen bottles sent me in March last; and I find that persons who try the Balsam once, come back again for more, as it gives them satisfaction; and I recommend it in preference to any other medicine for Coughs and Colds. Please send me six dozen bottles as soon as possible. I am, yours, &c.,
THOMAS J. FLETCHER, Druggist.

P. S.—I sell more Allen's Lung Balsam, than all other cough remedies together, and it gives general satisfaction.

Sold by all Family Medicine dealers.
☞ Perry Davis & Son, Agents for the Dominion of Canada. 51-4w 337-4w

☞ Ticket Office for Great Western Railway, opposite the Market, Front-St. Tickets issued to Milwaukee, Chicago, New Orleans, Omaha City, Nebraska Territory, Fort Kiley, Kansas, Cheyenne, Dacotah, Denvis Colorado, and all points West. Fare received either in Greenbacks or current funds.
217-1y. R. F. DAVY, AGENT.

R. R. R. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Is the only vegetable Remedy, in liquid form, that will cure at once all Bilious Attacks, Fevers, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Headache, Sprains, Dysentery, Influenza, Kidney and Bladder Diseases. One application will in a few minutes afford immediate comfort.

Sisters of Mercy, Dorchester St., Montreal, C.E.,
Hospital of the Sisters of Mercy.

DR. RADWAY: I certify that your Ready Relief has cured over one hundred of our sick from Chills, Vomiting, Headaches, Internal Pains, &c., &c.

One of our Sisters had the Rheumatism in her head for a great many years. Having taken a few spoonfuls of Relief in water, and rubbing her head twice with the same medicine, she was perfectly cured, and never felt it since. I always use it for Dyspepsia and for Colds, and always with success. It is very useful for Sore Throat, Coughs, Influenza, Dipthería, &c. It has a good effect in Flushings or Wind Chills. I use it for foul breath, and it produces a marvellous effect. In short, it procures relief altogether remarkable to our invalids.

SISTER MARY DE ROSARCCOSA.

Sudden Colds, Coughs, Influenza, Dipthería, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Chills, Fever and Ague, Mercurial Pains, Scarlet Fever, &c., &c. Take from four to six of Radway's Pills, and also take a teaspoonful of the Ready Relief in a glass of water, sweetened with sugar or honey; bathe throat, head and chest with Ready Relief (if Ague or Intermittent Fever, bathe the spine also); in the morning you will be cured.

See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1868.—R. R. R. sold by all druggists. 51-2t 237-2w

Steam Engines for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale a DOUBLE ENGINE AND BOILERS, all in good order. They have been used for a Flouring Mill of two runs of stone, and just the thing for a Crushing Mill.
For particulars apply to
OWEN ROBLIN,
February 11, 1868. Ameliasburgh.

NEW BOOKS
AT
F. VAN NORMAN'S.

Queen Victoria's Journal, "Our Life in the Highlands."
Wood's Natural History—2,500 illustrations, 3 vols., Royal 8vo..... $14 00
Chambers' Cyclopedia, now complete, 10 vols.,..... per vol, 2 50
Chambers' Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols,..... 2 00
Family Cyclopedia,..... 75
Our Constitution,..... 1 00
Romance of Charity,..... 1 00
The Land and the Book,..... 2 00
Pre-historic Scotland,..... 5 00
Knight's Half-hours with best Authors, 2 vols,..... 2 50
Knight's Half-hours with English History,..... 1 25
North-west Passage by Land, by Vicount Milton and Cheadle.
Barnes' Notes, complete.
D'Israeli's Curiosities of Literature, cloth and morocco.
Kitto's Bible History of the Holy Land,
Weales' Scientific Works.

ALL THE POETS, &c., &c.,

NEW SCHOOL BOOKS.

The CHEAPEST STATIONERY
In Belleville.

WALL PAPERS
From 5 cts. to $1 20 per Roll.

BIBLES,
HYMN BOOKS,
PRAYER BOOKS,
PSALM BOOKS,
CATECHISMS, &c. &c.

Sunday School Libraries
In great variety, and very low prices.

A GOOD STOCK OF
Sheet Music, Music Books, Violins,
&c., &c., constantly on hand.
☞ Orders by mail promptly executed.
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,
BELLEVILLE.
Belleville, Feb. 8, 1868. 239-tf

Horses, Carriages, &c.,
FOR SALE.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS
TAKEN AT PAR,
Apply to
H. PRETTY,
Opposite the Market.
Belleville, Oct. 22, 1867. 147-tf

NOW READY,
THE
Queen's New Book,
Journal in the Highlands.
PRICE, $1.25.
E. HARRISON.
Belleville, Feb. 1, 1868. 233-tf

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Messrs. WALLACE & FORDYCE as Photographers, in the Town of Belleville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
(Signed.) D. J. WALLACE.
ED. FORDYCE.
Belleville, December 4th, 1867.

THE undersigned having purchased Mr. Fordyce's interest in the Gallery, will hereafter conduct the business on his own account. His long experience and thorough knowledge of the business will enable him to satisfy all who give him a call.
ROOMS:—Over Graham and Grainger's Store.
ENTRANCE:—Two doors South of Holden's Drug Store.
D. J. WALLACE.
Belleville, Dec. 4th, 1867. 185-ThST

BAY STATE MINING CO'Y.

STOCK-HOLDERS in the above Company can now exchange their old scrip for new, on application to
F. H. ROUS,
Secretary.
Belleville, Feb. 7th, 1868. 238-6t

Notice of Partnership.

WE HAVE this day admitted William Jones, of Belleville, as partner into our firm.
A. S. PAGE & CO.
Belleville, Jan. 15, 1868. 218-1m

REMOVAL.

N. MANN begs to notify the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to the Dafoe House Building, where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many more, who will favor him with their patronage.
Belleville, Dec. 27, 1867.

BOARDING.

MRS. McKENZIE can accommodate a few permanent boarders; also, some daily boarders.
RESIDENCE—Pinnacle Street, opposite the market.
Belleville, Nov. 18, 1867. 170-tf

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THIS BANK is prepared to issue drafts, receive deposits, and grant interest receipts at the office of the Commercial Bank in Belleville.
Mr. THOMSON will be happy to see his old friends.
Belleville, Jany. 23, 1868. 225-tf

DIARIES, DIARIES,
FOR 1868,
AT
J. C. OVERELL'S,
TURNBULL'S BLOCK,
180 FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

The X-Mas No. of the ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS,
IS NOW READY.
ALSO,
BOUND NUMBERS OF
British Workman,
Band of Hope Review,
Children's Friend,
Infant's Magazine,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
LEISURE HOUR, SUNDAY AT HOME, &c., &c.,
AT
J. C. OVERELL'S,
OPPOSITE THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
FRONT STREET,
BELLEVILLE.
January 4, 1868. 209

A SPLENDID
ASSORTMENT OF
FLANNELS,
GENT'S
FURNISHING GOODS
&c., &c.,
JUST RECEIVED,
AT
J. MUIR & CO.'S.

MORTGAGE SALE.

UNDER power of sale contained in a mortgage made the 28th day of October, 1863, between William Donovan, of Belleville, Grocer, and the Hon. John Ross, there will be sold for default of payment of mortgage money, on
Thursday, the 5th day of March,
1868, at TWELVE o'clock, NOON, by M. NULTY, at his auction rooms in the Town of Belleville, the following valuable property, viz.: Lot number eighteen, on the East side of Sidney Street, as laid down on a plan of survey of Lots numbers one and two, in the second Concession of the Township of Thurlow, in the County of Hastings, made by Henry A. F. McLeod, Esq., P. L. S., and registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings, on the 29th day of October, A. D. 1863.
The said lot number eighteen, contains ten acres of land more or less. It is fenced and otherwise improved.
For terms of sale and other particulars, enquire of JAMES ROSS, Esq., or of the undersigned.
ROSS, BELL & HOLDEN,
Attorneys for Hon. John Ross.
Belleville, 5th Feb., 1868. 237-4tTh

Limes and Glycerine,
The best Hair Dresser before the public.
Limes and Glycerine,
The best preparation known for Dandruff.
Limes and Glycerine,
Allays all irritation of the Scalp.
Limes and Glycerine,
All who have used it pronounce it superior to any preparation for the Hair.
Limes and Glycerine,
Is to be found on almost every toilet table.
Limes and Glycerine,
Far superior to pure Glycerine for chapped hands, &c.
Prepared only at
APOTHECARIES HALL,
1d1y Front St., Belleville.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

Ladies Work Boxes,
" Writing Desks,
" Dressing Cases,
Photograph Albums.
Fancy Wool Goods.
Ladies Bonnets,

A fine assortment of
Dress Goods!
and the
Latest Styles in Cloth
FOR LADIES JACKETS.
Geo. Ritchie & Co.
Dec. 19, 1867. 1D-1y

GRAHAM FLOUR,
OATMEAL, SPLIT PEAS,
BEANS, &c.
—ALSO,—
WHITEFISH AND HERRINGS
IN BARRELS & HALF BARRELS,
At the "Corner Store,"
Front and Bridge Streets.
A. FLETCHER & Co.
January 15, 1868. 7-1y,w48-2t

HOOP SKIRTS,
LATEST STYLES.
G. C. Holton & Co.

J. & W. Sutherland
WOULD respectfully solicit an inspection of their new stock of
FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS,
Which will be found complete in the following specialities:
FANCY DRESS GOODS.
FRENCH MERINOS—2s. 6d. and upwards
FRENCH LAMAS & THIBETS.
FRENCH DELAINES.
SCOTCH TWEEDS.
" ALL WOOL HOSIERY.
CANADIAN " "
" FLANNELS.
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.
DUNDAS COTTONS AND BAGS.
AMERICAN YARN.
J. & W. SUTHERLAND.
Belleville, October, 1867. 1D6m

HUFFMAN HOUSE,
MADOC, ONTARIO.
HUFFMAN & SON, Proprietors,
(LATE OF PETERBOROUGH.)
☞ Every attention paid to travellers. House and furniture entirely new. 145-tf 361f

Partner Wanted.

WANTED, as equal partner in a light and profitable manufacturing business, a good responsible man, with some capital to invest.
For particulars enquire at 224, or at the office of S. B. Burdett, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Front St., Belleville.
Belleville, Jan. 27, 1868. 238-tf

GEORGE ROCHE,
HATTER & FURRIER,
RESPECTFULLY announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now prepared to take orders for
ALL KINDS of FURS.
Having procured the services of a first-class Cutter from Paris, particular attention paid to repairing.
☞ All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.
Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs.
October 14. 1D-6m

F. HACKETT
HAS RECEIVED A
CHOICE ASSORTMENT
OF
FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS
Belleville, Oct. 1, 1867. 1D-6m

COSGRAVE & CO.'S
CELEBRATED
East India Pale Ale.
JUST RECEIVED,
50 Hhds,
150 Barrels and half Barrels.
FOR SALE ONLY BY
WESLEY BULLEN.
Belleville, Nov. 26, 1867. 177-tf

GRAND
DISCOUNT SALES
OF
DRY GOODS,
AT
P. D. CONGER'S.



HURRAH FOR
THE DOMINION.
R. H. JONES
BEGS leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened a new WHOLESALE and RETAIL
Grocery and Liquor Store,
in the premises lately occupied by Messrs. O'Brien & Hendry, where he will keep on hand a select and varied assortment of
General Groceries,
AND LIQUORS,
For family use and medicinal purposes.
TEAS.
YOUNG AND OLD HYSONS,
GUNPOWDER, TWANKAY,
IMPERIAL, JAPAN,
SOUCHONG,
CONGOU, &c., &c.
COFFEES.
THE BEST IN TOWN, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.
He would especially call the attention of families to his stock of
WINES, SPIRITS & LIQUORS.
Brandies, Ports, Sherries.
Irish, Scotch & Morton's Whiskeys.
Old Tom & Holland Gins,
IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.
Together with a large assortment of
CHAMPAGNE,
of the most popular brands.
LIQUEURS & CORDIALS, &c.
In addition to these there will be found a splendid stock of
LAMP GOODS & TRIMMINGS.
☞ Goods sent promptly to customers in any part of the town.
Belleville, Dec 9, 1867. 188 43-tf

About the Door.

A bit of shrubbery in the yard, a vine climbing by the trellis, a strip of refreshing green spread from the door are sure to make a place of greater marketable value, which, with many, is a consideration to be thought of before any other. Such need no further appeal to their sense of neatness, then, but those who really love the suggestions of beauty for their own sake, will not omit the turf patch, the shrubbery, and the hedge and vine, because they make almost any home more attractive and lovely, and cause the sentiments to sprout like the very leaves and buds themselves. How few stop to consider what a powerful association lies lurking in every simple but familiar object, like a bush, a tree, a bit of grass, or a border of flowers! They are objects that hold us almost as steadily and strongly to home as wife and children; they are closely associated with these, in fact, and cannot be easily separated, therefore we say "brush up about the door," and plant near by an object of simple beauty; it will bear fruit in the heart a hundred fold.

A Boston paper thinks that the reason why Goliah was astonished when David hit him with a stone was that such a thing never entered his head before. The teetotal reader will at once wonder if such a remark could have been made regarding the sling as well as the stone. The same paper tells the story of a Sunday School pupil, who, in the course of examination on the Psalms, was asked: "What is the pestilence that walketh in darkness!" The reply was, "Please sir, bed bugs!"

There is food for thought in the following extract from a recent number of the New York *Tribune*. The advance in gold predicted has already taken place, gold closing on Saturday at 142¾, an advance of 2 per cent since last Thursday: "The announcement that the Treasury was obliged in January to sell 10-40 bonds to meet current demands, had less effect upon the price of government stocks than would have been shown if the feeling were not deep-rooted in the public mind that at an early day more legal tender notes will be issued under some pretext. This being accomplished, further advance in gold and gold bearing stocks is predicted by speculators, attended by an advance in all local securities and commodities. It is evident to all ordinary observers that the drain upon the Treasury is large enough to exhaust all its income, and make it impossible to reduce the aggregate of the debt in 1868. As there is a large class of persons in Congress laboring under the delusion that more paper money will cure the evils of the present glut of irredeemable paper, that delusion will probably be availed of to secure the re-issue of greenbacks to take the place of the plain legal tenders and compounds which have been withdrawn, regardless of the injury it is sure to inflict upon the community."

American Watches.

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its use Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is, indeed, little else than a machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course, there must be no defect in the principle of plan or the movement, no mistake in the sizes or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the reduplication of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough subdivision.

By means of multiplying guages and microscopes, tests and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools, and for faults and flaws in steel or stone, are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a finished machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home.—Instead of sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the lightest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear ringing sound always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a time keeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The Company claim that by it they produce Watches that cannot be equalled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan, and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of Watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes to suit all tastes and means; but every Watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM" is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

☞ EVERY WATCH FULLY WARRANTED.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
No. 182, Broadway, N.Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
TORONTO and MONTREAL,
General Agents.

Toronto, Nov. 2, 1867 168-3m 40-3m

Business Cards,

AND all other kinds of Job Printing, executed with despatch, at the *Intelligencer* Office, Intelligencer Building, Front Street

Great Bargains at Wilson & Robertson's

THE following lines are now offered to the public:—

30 ps. all Wool Tweeds, 5s. for 3s 9d per yd.
25 " " " 5s 6d for 4s 6d "
40 " " " 5s 9d for 5s "

A large Assortment of Wool Shawls

A few pa. ALL WOOL Carpets,
AND A VARIETY OF OTHER GOODS.

In order to reduce our Stock, we offer these goods very much cheaper than they will be found elsewhere.

WILSON & ROBERTSON

HURRAH FOR BARNUM'S

LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half-past 8 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12, noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 3 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

S. BARNUM,
Proprietor.

C. HORTON, Agent, Belleville.
S. GUSTIN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1867. D68

CANADA WEST FARMERS' MUTUAL AND Stock Insurance Company.

THE Annual general meeting of the Members of "The Canada West Farmers' Mutual and Stock Insurance Company," will be held (pursuant to resolution adopted at the last annual meeting,) on Thursday, the 6th of February next, for the purpose of receiving the Annual Report, and of electing four Directors to serve in place of the late Jacob Binkley, deceased, H. J. Lawry, who retires, and William Burrell and Thomas Stock, whose term of office expires, but who are eligible for re-election.

RICHARD P. STREET,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Hamilton, January 2d, 1868. 210 5w

Store-keepers!
Farmers!
And Others!

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM THE IMPORTERS DIRECT.

The Montreal Tea Company,

6 Hospital Street, Montreal,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to different parts of the country—and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

REVERE HOTEL, QUEBEC, January 7, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

HOUSE OF SENATE, OTTAWA, Dec. 16, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

H. SKINNER.

QUEBEC, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of 30 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 55 cents was of excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for.

Yours respectfully,

D. ANDERSON.

TORONTO, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The two chests of Tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. Please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton, one chest Fine Flavored New Season Congou, at same price, viz.: at 55 cents per lb. Address as before.

Your obedient servant, JOHN T. DAY.

COBOURG, January 3, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box of 20 lbs. at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the "Medical Journal" have frequently declared that one half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Tea that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15, and 12 lbs. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do. 55c., 60c., and 65c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c.; Sound Oolong, Fine Flavored do., 60c.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan, Good, 50c., 55c.; Very Fine, 60c.; Finest, 65c., 75c. Scented Orange Pekoe, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankey Common, 38c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c., 60c., 65c., and 70c.; Fine do., 75c.; Very Fine, 85c.; Superfine and very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c.; Extra Superfine do., $1.

All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality, and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c. to 70c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by expressman, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.
6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of five chests and upwards.

All Boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

PROSPECTUS OF THE MOIRA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Capital Stock, $100,000. Divided into 10,000 Shares.

WORKING CAPITAL, $15,000.

HORACE YEOMANS, Esq., PRESIDENT. ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., TREASURER.
B. S. GILBERT, Esq., SECRETARY. J. G. SHURTZ, Esq., SUPERINTENDENT.

MERCHANTS' BANK, BANKERS. DEAN & GILBERT, SOLICITORS.

DIRECTORS:

HORACE YEOMANS, of Flint & Yeomans, Belleville.
ANDREW THOMSON, Banker, Belleville.
W. W. DEAN, Master in Chancery, Belleville.
JOHN G. SHURTZ, Superintendent.
JAMES LISTER, M.D., Belleville.
JAMES W. CARMAN, American, Consul, Belleville.
BARTON S. GILBERT, of Dean & Gilbert, Barristers, Belleville.

THIS COMPANY is duly Incorporated under Cap. 23, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the purpose of working the mineral veins upon *sixteen* acres of Lot No. 19, in the fifth concession of Madoc, (the Richardson Mine being No. 18 in the same concession.)

A shaft has been sunk to the depth of nine feet in the rock. At six feet a gold-bearing lode was struck, of 18 inches in width, which at nine feet has increased to 2½ feet, and a crushing at Gilbert & Turley's mill of four and one-half tons of the rock, gave a yield of over fifty-six dollars in gold; the lode is clearly defined, and evidently extends the whole length of the property—52 rods.

The territory is admirably situated for mining purposes, being a high ridge covered with indications of mineral veins. There are numerous places on the land fully as promising as the one on which the shaft has been sunk, and which would unquestionably yield as well. The large quantity of land, and the prospects of other gold-bearing veins, make it certain that the Company will be able to subdivide the property as soon as a little further development has been made, and form other Companies at great advantage.

Work is being vigorously prosecuted in the shaft, under the superintendence of JOHN G. SHURTZ, Esq., one of the Directors, who is largely interested in the proprietary of the mine, and who has had thirteen years' practical experience in the gold mines of California and Nevada, and is unquestionably the most accomplished quartz miner now in this country.

It is intended to have a further crushing in a few days, and negotiations are in progress which, if carried out, will secure a mill to the Company at once, so that regular work will be gone on with without delay, and dividends may, in that case, be expected in a short time.

Belleville, Jan. 27th, 1868. 228d-tf

India and China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or $1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb, Finest procurable, $1.00.
Protected by Trade Mark.

☞ Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.
August 16th, 1867. b90-1y w27-1y

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO. OF CANADA.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
INCORPORATED 1849.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - - TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., President, LEWIS MOFFATT, Esq., Vice-President.

HON. MALCOLM CAMERON,	A. T. FULTON, Esq.,	W. J. McDONELL, Esq.
C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq.,	H. S. HOWLAND, Esq.	J. McGILLES, Esq.,
GEORGE CHAFFEY, Esq.,	A. R. McMASTER, Esq.	A. M. SMITH, Esq.

SOLICITORS:—MESSRS. DUGGAN & BURNS.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on every description of property.

MARINE INSURANCES—Inland and to the Lower Ports, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the West Indies, and by steam vessels to Europe.

Rates as moderate as any other respectable Insurance Company.

F. McANNANY, Esq., Agent, Belleville. JAS. SIDNEY CROCKER, Manager.
November 12, 1867. 39w6m—165d6m

BELLEVILLE AGRICULTURAL WORKS AND IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Threshing Machines,
STRAW CUTTERS,
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS.
Iron and Steel Ploughs,
Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-tf

American Invoices--Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
QUEBEC, 6th March, 1863.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto.

This rate will be published in the *Canada Gazette*.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, June 8, 1867.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 28 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
3D1t-tf Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL!

THE "DAILY NEWS,"

$6 00 per Annum, in advance.

JOHN LOVELL,
Printer and Publisher.

BLANKS of every description for sale at *The Intelligencer* office.

BRITISH PERIODIALS,

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review (Whig).
The Westminster Review (Liberal).
The North British Review (Free Church.)
AND
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory.)

THESE periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stands unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews,	$4.00 per annum.
For any three of the Reviews,	7.00 "
For all four of the Reviews,	10.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	4.00 "
For Blackwood and one Review,	7.00 "
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews,	10.00 "
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews,	13.00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	15.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of *twenty per cent.* will be allowed to Clubs of four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to *one address* for $12.80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $48.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is *Three Cents* a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums for New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, *gratis*, any one of the *Four Reviews* for 1867. New Subscribers to all four of the periodicals for 1868 may receive, *gratis*, Blackwood or any two of the "*Four Reviews*" for 1867.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1.50 a year for each or any Review; also, Blackwood for 1866 and 1867, for $2.50 a year, or the two years together for $4.00.

☞ Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to Clubs, nor reduced prices for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted *direct to the Publishers.*

No premiums can be given to Clubs.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING Co.,
140 Fulton St., N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE,

by HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1600 pages, and numerous Engravings.

Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid, $8.

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the *AMERICAN (WALTHAM) WATCH* have given it such a wide world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and printed its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found, who furtively trade upon the popularity of the American Watch, by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article. It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American Watches—except the lowest grade, marked Home Watch Co.—*are guaranteed by special certificate*, bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. ROBBINS.

The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine Watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH Co.

APPLETON, TRACY & Co.

WALTHAM WATCH Co.

P. S. BARTLETT.

WM. ELLERY.

HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the General Superintendent,
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

GENTLEMEN.—The watches manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years by our engineers, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying your watches give as less trouble and have worn and do wear much longer without repair than any watches we have ever had in use on the road. As you are aware we trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Depot, Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that Waltham watches are the most satisfactory of any for their use. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have never known one to wear out they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer.
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto & Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS
Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-3m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every afternoon (Sundays excepted) and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of $5 a year if paid in advance, $6 otherwise. Mail subscribers $5 a year. $2 50 for 6 months; $1 50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgewater, Marmora and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the **Gold Regions**, and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., &c., and in short, neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months	$ 5 00
Half Square, 6 months,	$10 00
One Square, 6 months,	$20 00
Two Squares, 6 months,	$30 00
Four Squares, 6 months,	$50 00
Notices of Births,	50
Do of Marriages,	50
Do of Deaths,	50

"BUSINESS NOTICES"—All matter under this heading, leaded or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of solid minion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements every two weeks.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion, and 3 cents for each additional insertion.

The Weekly Intelligencer

Is published every Friday Morning at $2 per annum if called for at the Office, or sent by mail; and $2 50 if delivered by the Carrier, payable in all cases in advance. When not paid until the close of the year, 50 cents will be added to each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, and it now numbers on our Subscription Books **over 1,400.** With such a large and general circulation throughout this and adjoining Counties, the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed advantages to advertisers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Six lines and under, first insertion, . . 0 50
Each subsequent insertion, ... 0 12½
Above six, lines (per line) first insertion 07
Each subsequent insertion per line, . . 0 02

☞ "BUSINESS NOTICES"—10 cents per line each insertion, measured as solid minion.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to insure their appearance.

All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

The Intelligencer Job Office

Is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the country.

The DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER can be had at the Book Stores in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at El Dorado.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

M. BOWELL,
INTELLIGENCER BUILDING, } *Publisher*
Front treet, Belleville. }

Daily Intelligencer.

Let there be Harmony in things Essential—Liberality in things not Essential—Charity in all.

Vol. 1. BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, WEDNESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 12, 1868. No. 242.

Montreal Business Directory.

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal.

DEPARTMENTS.

Brucs.	Knitted Woollens.
Braids,	Laces,
Brushes and Combs,	Ladies Collars and Sets,
Buttons,	Straw Goods,
Corsets,	Small Wares in great
Elastics,	variety,
Felt Hats,	Threads,
Gent's Collars and Ties,	Trimmings & Ornaments
Hosiery and Gloves.	Umbrellas.
Velvet Ribbons, &c.	

HOOP SKIRTS,—our own Manufacture. 156-6m

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware Manufacturers,
MONTREAL.

KILN PLATES
AND
CASTINGS for BREWERIES.

Any parties about putting up new kilns for
MALT OR OATMEAL
will do well to correspond with the above.
156-6m.

BURROWS & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobaccos, &c., &c.
416 St. Paul St., Montreal.

☞Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 156-6m

PEAVEY & MARCH,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions,
And everything usually sold in a first class Grocery.
No. 344 Notre Dame Street, a few doors West St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

☞Every article warranted to be as represented or may be returned. Goods sent to any part of the City Free of Charge. 156-6m

HUNTER, DUFFY & JOHNSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
20 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 156-6m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, PROPRIETOR,
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-6m

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
St. Paul Street, Montreal.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, Collins Wharf, Halifax.

Premises—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.

Advances—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 38d-6m-W6m

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
478 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.

MAPS, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, Bills of Lading, Blank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards, in any number of colors, Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 27D6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS,
&c., &c., &c.,
25 Hospital St., - - - MONTREAL,
OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and
ON AS GOOD TERMS
as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.
J. C. FRANCK & Co.
July 27, 1867. 74d.

QUEEN
INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL, - - - - $10,000,000
FIRE and LIFE.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers.—One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to **Ten per Cent.** of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management
Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in 1868, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.

M. BOWELL,
Dr. CANNIFF, *Intelligencer Office,*
Medical Referee *Agent.*
May, 1867. 4D-6m10.

Montreal Business Directory.

Frothingham & Workman,
MONTREAL.

IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.

Warehouse and Offices 395 to 399, St. Paul St.

Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c. May 1st. 1d-6m

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M. D.,
Consulting and Analytical Chemist,
630 Lagauchetiere Street, Montreal.

☞At home for consultation before 10 A. M., between 2 and 3, and after 6 P. M.

Fees for Analysis,—$5 a metal, payable in advance. 156-6m

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
303 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

☞Every description of Jewelry manufactured from Gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 38d6m

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant.
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

Agent for Walter Evans & Co. Sewing and Knitting Cottons, Derby; and J. M. Perry & Co.'s Grayle Patent Linen Fibre Collarss, Nottingham, England. 1D-6m

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER.
OFFICE: Corner of St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.
References—Robertson & Beattie, Robert Esdaile, Esq., Jas Turnance, Esq. 31 D8m

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT
And Commission Merchants,
49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street,
MONTREAL. 1D-6m

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Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods. 1D-6m

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 429 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 38d6m

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.
THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.
E. MUIR,
Chemist and Druggist,
29d6m Place D'Armes, Montreal.

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McCUAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
Office—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and St Common Street, Canal Wharf,
MONTREAL.

☞Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and oil or Produce, and purchase of Merchandise. 28d6m

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
102 Grey Nuns Street, Montreal,
HAVE FOR SALE—

Boiler Tubes,	Drain Pipes,
Gas Tubes,	Roman Cement,
Horse Nails,	Water Lime,
Paints and Putty,	Portland Cement,
Fire Bricks,	Paving Tiles,
Fire Clay,	Garden Vases,
Flue Covers.	Chimney Tops, &c.

☞Manufacturers of AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR, and BED SPRINGS. 24D6m

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.

LIBERAL advances made on consignments to ourselves, or for shipment to our friends in Great Britain and the Lower Port
May 31st, 1867. 27D6m

A. ROBERTSON & Co,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Mantles, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosier, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Clothes, Canadian Woollens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons, Prints, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Muslins.
478 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St.,
MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro'. C. W. 1 7-6m

Important to Miners and MINING MEN.

JOHNS' Patent Water-Proof Safety Fuse for Wet Ground and Submarine Blasting, is much cheaper than any other, and pronounced by Mining men much better than any imported.

Testimonials received from men well known in the mining and quarrying business of Canada and the United States; from Messrs. Morrill & Colby, Bennete, Wiswell Macfarland, Adams, Watson, Griffith, Wearn, and others.

☞All orders promptly attended to.
Address JOHNS & Co.,
150-3m Sherbrooke, Q.

TERRAPIN RESTAURANT
CHARLES PAPINEAU,

BEGS to inform the public that he has opened the Terrapin Restaurant, in Coleman's Building, next door to Dr. Coleman's Drug Store, and he has fitted it up in first class style, with every convenience. He will keep constantly on hand the best Ale and Porter, and the purest brands of Liquors.

☞Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c., always on hand.
Belleville, Oct. 16, 1867. 142-tf

CONGER BROS.

FEELING thankful for the very liberal patronage given them for the past year, beg to remind their customers and the public that having thoroughly
REFITTED THEIR STORE!
are now opening a well assorted stock of FRESH TEAS, SUGARS, SPICES, CURRANTS, RAISINS, FIGS, &c.
Special attention is called to their fine assortment of
Jams, Jellies, Canned and Bottled FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.
R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER.
Nov. 13th, 1867. 1dly

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the
Canadian & United States Mails.

1867—Summer Arrangements.—1867.

Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.

Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.

This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undernoted First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double-Engine Iron Steamships:—

AUSTRIAN,	2700 Tons.	Capt. Aiton.
NESTORIAN,	2700 "	Lt. Dutton, R.N.R.
MORAVIAN,	2650 "	Capt. Wylie.
PERUVIAN,	2600 "	Capt. Ballantine.
HIBERNIAN,	2434 "	Capt. Brown.
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	2300 "	Capt. Allan.
NORTH-AMERICAN,	1734 "	Capt. Kerr.
BELGIAN,	2434 "	Capt. Graner.
DAMASCUS,	1600 "	Capt. Watts.

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL EVERY THURSDAY, and from PORTLAND every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)

The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from PORTLAND as undernoted, viz:—

NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 25th Jan.
PERUVIAN,	Saturday, 1st Feb.
AUSTRIAN,	Saturday, 8th "
HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 15th "
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Saturday, 22nd "
MORAVIAN,	Saturday, 29th "
NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 7th March

St. George from Portland, 21st February.
St. Andrew from Portland, 14th March.

☞Fares per "Nova Scotian," 14th January, from Scotland to St. Johns, N. F., are:—Cabin, $30, Steerage, $15.

Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway:—
CABIN, - - - $80 20 to $90 20
(according to accommodation.)
STEERAGE, - - - $32 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
For particulars, apply to
J. W THOMPSON, Agent,
Canadian Express Office,
27D5m-16W1v Belleville.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
For 1868.

THE CHEAPEST OF LADIES' MAGAZINES,
BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST.

THE friend of woman, the arbiter of fashion, the enterprising and successful publisher of the best literature of the day, the pattern from which all others copy,

READING MATTER.

In this there will be an improvement. The volume for 1868 will be set up with new-faced type, and of a size that will enable us to give an additional quantity of reading matter amounting to about twelve pages in each number.

BEAUTIFUL STEEL PLATES.

Of these the Lady's Books contain *fourteen* each year, superior (we challenge comparison) to any published in this country, either in book or periodical.

THE LITERATURE OF THE LADY'S BOOK.

MARION HARLAND,
Authoress of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Moss Side," "Nemesis," and "Marian,"

who contributes to no other monthly publication, will furnish a new novel for 1868, called "Pemrin Rowland," that will run through the year. Her stories are anxiously sought after, and as they are copyrighted, can be found nowhere but in Godey. Our former efficient corps of writers has also been retained.

OUR FASHION PLATES.

The original double fashion-plates will be continued Model Cottages.—The only magazine in this country that gives these designs in the Lady's Book.

Drawing Lessons.—In this we are also alone.

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We have also a Children's, a Horticultural, and a Health department.

GODEY'S INVALUABLE RECEIPTS

upon every subject, for the Boudior, Nursery, Kitchen, House, and Laundry.

Tinted Engravings.—This is a series of engravings that no one has attempted but ourselves.

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Terms for 1868.

One copy, one year, - - - - -	$3 00
Two copies, one year, - - - - -	5 00
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Four copies, one year, - - - - -	10 00
Five copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making six copies - - - - -	14 00
Eight copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making nine copies, - - - - -	21 00
Eleven copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making twelve copies - - - - -	27 00

Godey's Lady's Book and Arthur's Home Magazine will be sent one year on receipt of $4 00.

Godey's Lady's and The Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $3 50.

Godey's Lady's Book, Arthur's Home Magazine, and Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $6 00.

☞Canada subscribers must send 24 cents additional for every subscription to the Lady's Book, and 12 cents for either of the other magazines, to pay the American postage.

How to Remit.—In remitting by mail, a Post Office Order or a Draft, payable to the *Order of L. A. Godey*, is preferable to bank notes, as, should the Order or Draft be lost or stolen, it can be renewed without loss to the sender. If a Draft or a Post Office Order cannot be procured, send United States or National Bank notes.

Address L. A. GODEY,
N. E. Corner Ninth and Chesnut Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

Belleville Business Directory.

Macleilan & Macleilan,
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency Attornies-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c, &c. Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Ross, Bell & Holden,
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville.
Hon. Jno. Ross. John Bell. Thos. Holden
1D6m Wtf

Diamond & Dickson,
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c.
Office:—Neilson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
A. Diamond. Geo. D. Dickson.
1D-Wtf

A. R. Dougall,
BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.
Office over Overell's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.

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BARRISTERS and Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office,—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street,
Alex. Robertson. D. E. K. Stewart.
1D6m-Wt

Legate & Price,
BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1D6m-Wtf

Geo. H. Haymes,
HATTER and Furrier, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs.
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McLeod & Carre,
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURveyors, Architects, Draughtsmen and Patent Solicitors, 153½ Front Street, Belleville. 1D

Pitceathly & Kelso,
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Law Partnership.
THE undersigned have this day entered into co-partnership under the name of Jellett & Bleasdell. Office—Corner of Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville.
R. P. JELLETT.
8th October, 1867. J. H. T. BLEASDELL.

Forrest & Lozo's
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Lazier's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 25D-tf

T. Lockerty,
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 22D5m

Ponton, Falkiner & Denmark
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

Angus McFee,
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellry and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1D6m

John Wilson,
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street. Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 1D6m

J. W. Brown,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

Geo. Gibson,
MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1D6m

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MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

To Gold Miners
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Swedes iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. WM. POWELL.
1D6m

McKeown & Robertson,
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

ALLSOP'S ALE,
Guinness' Stout,
Blood's Porter!!
IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT
1D6m **HAMBLY'S.**

BILL HEADS.
AND all other kinds of Job Printing, executed with neatness and despatch at the Intelligencer Office, Front Street, Belleville.

Strange and Hellish Deed by Young Women.

THEY STRIP A MAN NAKED AND BURN HIM WITH RED HOT IRONS—HE EXPIRES IN AGONY.

(From the Guelph Advertiser).

We have received accounts from the neighboring Township of Caledon, which purport to be the particulars of a deed that surpasses in cold-blooded atrocity and fiendish malignity everything we remember in the annals of Canada. A short time ago, a middle-aged man named William Wright, shoemaker, was in a tavern at the Village of Alton, along with six women (including a mother and her daughter, and other Misses) and four young men. The names of all these persons are known to us. A kind of party had been got up, and they arrived at the inn in a body. The unfortunate Wright had been about the place two or three days, under the influence of liquor. It does not appear whether any previous enmity existed between them, or that it was a mere tipsy frolic: but soon after their finding him, the *ladies* took hold, and deliberately proceeded to undress him. He was naturally a strong man, but whiskey had such a power over him, that they accomplished their purpose with tolerable ease. They stripped him start naked, and then amused themselves by tickling, pinching, scratching, and otherwise ill, treating him. We have not heard what part the four men took in the affair, or who first proposed the use of fire. The girls, however, soon armed themselves with hot irons, burning sticks, coals, etc., and began to scar and roast him in the most frightful and diabolical manner. The poor wretch struggled hard and groaned piteously for his release, but they would not desist until they had tortured him to the utmost, and literally covered his body with wounds.—He lingered for several days in unutterable agony, till Death stepped in to his relief. Deceased was unmarried. We have not yet heard the result of the coroner's inquest, but surely the jury can find nothing in the case to excuse such ruthless barbarity.

Selecting Cows.

"A Vermonter" gives the following as his rules for selecting a cow:—

"First I get a broadside view of the animal, at a distance of about two rods, as I have noticed for years that there was a great similarity in the proportions of all first class milkers, being very small in girth just back of their forward legs, as compared with the girth just forward of their hips. I have never known a first-rate milker, of any breed, not thus proportioned; so that if this form is wanting in an animal I have recomended to me, I do not care to look at her more, unless I want a breeder for some other purpose than the dairy. For breeding oxen I should want a cow of reverse proportions, *i. e.*, larger girth forward.

"I next feel the size of the 'milk veins,' and trace them to their entrance into the chest, which, in superior cows, are large, admitting the ball of the large finger; if divided, or subdivided, as is sometimes the case, I judge the size of the orifice, as I care less of the size of the vein than the orifice. Next, I examine, by sight and touch, the udder or bag, which must be capacious in order to hold milk, with teats wide apart and free from large seed, warts or sores of any kind; I then inquire how long she goes dry before calving, as I don't want a family cow to give milk less than forty-six weeks out of every fifty-two; also as to the quality of the milk and, to close, I milk her with my own hands."

Atlantic Telegraph Company.—This company have issued proposals for the creation of £1,300,000 10 per cent. preferential capital to rank next to the existing £641,845 eight per cent. preference stock. The object of raising this new capital is to pay off the shareholders of Anglo-American Company at a premium of 100 per cent. according to an existing agreement. Under this arrangement the capital will consist of £641,845, eight per cent preference, £1,300,000, ten per cent preference, and £617,750 old stock, making a total of £2,559,595.

The *Reformed Presbyterian Advocate* for December, a magazine published in Philadelphia and representing the views of a portion of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, in an article on the late Presbyterian Convention in that city says:—"The Reformed Presbyterian Church sings the songs of the Bible by divine appointment. Whatever legislation may be required to give her a faithful version of these songs from the original, she regards it as no concession to be allowed to use them. It would be a concession, however, which she has not yet prepared to make, to admit that these Bible songs are to be regarded as of no greater value or authority than the uninspired songs of Moore and Martineau and others, whatever may be their excellencies. We sing these inspired odes, not from prejudice or prepossession, but on the ground of principle, because they bear the stamp of divinity; because Christ and His apostles used them; because the most enlightened and holy men since the days of the apostles have used them; because they are adapted to all ages, circumstances, climes, kindred and people."

Ontario Legislature.

MONDAY, Feb. 28, 1868.

W. L. MACKENZIE.

Among the petitions presented was one from the widow of the late William Lyon Mackenzie, asking to be paid £500 for services rendered by her late husband, in going to England with a petition from a number of persons in 1833.

JAMES BREAKENRIDGE, ESQ., OF RAWDON.

Sir Henry Smith presented a petition from James Breakenridge, Esq., of Rawdon, complaining that for the last 50 years he has sent petitions to antecedent Parliaments for free grants of land to *bona fide*, good sound loyal men of our own country and all others, without effect, and for £150 exemption law as an antidote to the Division Court, which is an engine of hardship and bankruptcy—a law which has driven thousands to Yankeedom, and is now driving away good, loyal men by hundreds. Wanting 50,000 well drilled men for the Province and requiring 50,000 more as an army of observation, the whole of which are to be entrusted with arms and ammunition and to be ready in any emergency. Also that £300 qualification of magistrates be altered so as to let in retired councillors and Balaklava, Inkerman and Sebastopol officers as Justices of the Peace, and that all professions from the old country be admitted here free of duty. That married women's rights be guaranteed without payment of any fee; that the men-of-war be placed on the lakes and dotted with gunboats; complaining that Mr. Beatty ought to have published all these things in the *Leader*; and that if Congressional sympathies are extended to the unhanged Fenians the same may be extended to our brave wounded Volunteers at Ridgeway, and many other suggestions too numerous to mention.

ONTARIO COLLEGE.

The Bill incorporating the Ontario College was read a third time on a division.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

A Bill incorporating the Young Men's Christian Association was advanced a step.

ERIE AND NIAGARA RAILWAY.

A long discussion arose upon the second reading of this Bill, upon a point raised by Mr. Coyne, as to whether it was Parliamentary practice to so change a Bill in Committee as to give power to a Company to do what another Company had asked to be permitted to do. The Speaker being asked to rule, said that, as regarded the Bill before the House, a slight variation in the preamble (as compared with the petition) would not be sufficient to destroy the Bill, and that therefore its reference to the Standing Orders Committee would be unnecessary, and the Bill was read a second time.

ASYLUM FOR INEBRIATES.

Mr. Boyd moved that the petition of the Congregational Union of Canada, praying the establishment of an asylum for inebriates, be read and referred to a special committee, consisting of Messrs. Beatty, McKellar, Lauder and the mover, with power to send for persons, papers and records, and to report thereon at the next session of the Legislature. After some remarks by the Hon. J. S. Macdonald, in which he said that if a plan was proposed at all feasible he would not be found averse to proposing a liberal grant to aid such a movement.

DEFECTIVE LAND TITLES.

Mr. Lauder moved that the petition of Hon. Billa Flint and others respecting defective land titles be read and referred to a select committee consisting of Messrs. McKellar, Scott (Ottawa), Pardee, Trow, Craig (Glengarry), Lyon, and the mover, with power to send for persons, papers, &c. The mover explained that throughout the Province it had for years been the practice of a lot of sharks to go about speculating in defective land titles. In some counties parties purchasing land in good faith, and paying a fair value for them—hold them for many years, when a rise having taken place in the value of property, some of these sharks come along and set to work to find out defects, and so discover some in the sheriff's office, the registry office or elsewhere, and work a great deal of hardship to innocent holders. Men were in the habit of going to registry offices and by picking out the name of the party owning the land prior to the sheriff's sale for taxes, and buying out this first party's interest, and then by going to the sheriff's office, inspecting the Canada *Gazette*, or in some other way, at length detect some flaw in the title—perhaps a mere want of proper description of the land sold, or some other technical flaw—and by taking advantage of that defect have put the innocent occupant to the expense of $400 or $500—and even to a chancery suit—in order to make good his title. It was not, that he (Mr. Lauder) could see, right or equitable that a mere man of straw, as was generally the case, should be able to put the real owner to all this expense and annoyance. In the county of Hastings where land was now becoming suddenly valuable by the discovery of rich minerals, these sharks were prowling around in the hope of being able to do in this way as they did in Lambton years ago.

Hon. J. S. McDonald thought some remedy was required for the present state of things. Unless those sales were in some way made valid, what security was there for settlers. By the negligence or misfortune of some official 15 or 20 years ago, a *bona fide* purchaser,—who had paid for his land and improved it, might, just as that land increased in value, find himself turned out of house and home by some men who were a disgrace to the profession to which he (the Attorney-General) belonged. In his own section of the country, he was ashamed to say, this practice had been extensively indulged in. He had heard of one instance, which occurred some 10 or 15 years ago, where in consequence of the Treasurer's warrant not having a seal, the sale of thousands of acres of land had been invalidated. The law states that the Treasurer is required to issue his warrant under seal, and in consequence of his having failed to do so all the sales covered by it were set aside. Thousands of similar cases of hardship had occurred throughout the country. Under the circumstances he (the Attorney-General) thought the motion a timely one and was glad it had been moved.

ARREARS ON PUBLIC LANDS.

Mr. Hooper inquired if it is the intention of the Government to continue to collect from the settlers in the new Townships in this Province the interest due to the Government on the purchase money of their lands, and also if they will continue to collect from the person in possession the back rent, when he wished to purchase.

Hon. J. S. McDonald said the arrears due on the school lands were part of the assets, to which Lower Canada might have some claim; and no decision could become to with regard to them, before the arbitration. As regarded the interest due by settlers, in the Townships adjoining the free grants, the Government were not prepared to give an answer just now. The question would stand over for consideration.

THE AGRICULTURAL BILL.

The House again went into Committee on the Agricultural bill, and amended it, by making it lawful for the representative of any electoral division to call a meeting to organize an Electoral Division Society at any time prior to the 1st May, 1868.

It was also amended by substituting "may" for "shall" in the 45th clause, having reference to the subject of merging of county and township fairs; and by making provisions for preventing the sale of intoxicating liquors within 300 yards of any show grounds.

After making these amendments the House adjourned.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West,	7.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West,	8.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going West,	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train,	6.30 P. M.
Noon Express going East,	12.08 P. M.
Night Express going East,	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East,	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train,	9.30 P. M.
Montreal Time.	

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 12.

A MODEL LAW.—According to a recent decision of the Supreme Court of New York, drafts drawn in Canada, and gold paid for them, may be redeemed on the other side with the face amount *in greenbacks*. Banks and brokers in Ontario will deal with their sharp cousins in a way to meet this new phase of roguery.

THEATRICAL.—The performance of the Belleville Dramatic Association, last night, for the benefit of the Nova Scotia fishermen, was well attended. The members of the club deserve great credit for the manner in which they have, for the second time, placed "Othello" on the "boards." The different characters in the play were well sustained throughout, more particularly that of "Othello" and "Iago." Some of the defects which we noticed at the former production of "Othello," we were pleased to observe, were remedied. The entertainment was concluded with the farce of the "Irish Tutor."

The Legislature Yesterday.

The Legislature had a short session yesterday, only lasting about two hours. Several petitions were presented. Among them were the following: Mr. Cameron presented a petition from Chief Justice Draper and others, praying that an enquiry be made into the present school system, with a view of reaching children who do not attend school at present. The Butter and Cheese Manufacturers' Bill was reported with amendments. The Crescent Petroleum Company's Bill and the Gore District Insurance Company Bill were read a third time and passed. The Interpetation of the Statutes Bill was passed in Committee and reported for third reading to-day. The resolutions respecting the inspection of Prisons and Asylums, reported from the Committee of the Whole, were passed. A Bill of Mr. Sexton's, respecting Registrars, was read a second time. On motion of Dr. Boulter, the Bill relating to Dentistry was read a second time and referred to a Committee consisting of Dr. McGill, Dr. Baxter, Sir Henry Smith, Messrs. Blake, McCall, Eyre and the mover.

Mr. Eyre moved the second reading of the Bill to amend the Act respecting the office of Sheriff. He explained that the object of the Bill was to provide that, in case of the death, removal, or resignation of a Sheriff, the books, papers, moneys, &c., which had been under his control as Sheriff, should be handed over to the County Attorney. In the county where he resided (Northumberland), ex-Sheriff Ruttan still retained the books which were in his possession when he was in office, and it was reported that those in the possession of Sheriff Fortune at his death, were sold by his widow for £100. The object of his bill was to remedy the defect in the present law, which admitted of this. The Bill was read a second time and referred to a Select Committee.

The Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway Bill was passed in Committee, as was also the Bill incorporating the Young Men's Christian Association. The Hon. John S. McDonald said the Estimates would be laid on the table to-morrow, and the House adjourned.

"The Political Position."

The Picton *Times* has an article under the above heading, which bears evident marks of the member for Prince Edward, who occupies a seat in the Ontario Legislature. He says, the Hon. Mr. McDougall has been trying to induce the Hon. John S. Macdonald to enter the Privy Council, in whose place the world is not informed. Whether it is intended to insinuate that the Minister of Public Works is intriguing against John A., or whether the latter had sent his colleague to solicit John S.'s acceptance of the position vacant by the death of the Hon. Mr. Blair, we are not directly informed. It is also said that John S. has the refusal of the Lieut.-Governorship of Ontario. The *Times* favors this promotion, but is opposed to the Premier of Ontario joining the Privy Council. Did he do so, he would be "entirely lost to the liberal party;" but should he hold on for a time he will be able to assume the Premiership of the Dominon and molify all the discordant elements in the now dissatisfied Dominion. So says the *Times*. If all those who profess to compose the Reform party at the present time were like John S. Macdonald, there would be little cause of complaint. He treats the brawlers with utter contempt, and snaps his fingers at their ravings. Let him continue and he will gain the respect of all well wishers of his country.

Nova Scotia.

The *Telegraph* informs us that on the 11th inst., in the House of Assembly after the Attorney General and Mr. Troop had spoken, Mr. Pinco, in the absence of Mr. Blanchard from illness, gave notice of his intention to move a series of amendments to the repeal resolutions. The debate on the latter was resumed to-day. Mr. Blanchard is now speaking on the constitutionality of the measure. It is generally asserted that the delegation to Britain on the subject of repeal will proceed by the next Inman steamer leaving here on Friday, the 14th. A number of the names of the delegates are not publicly known. It is reported Mr. Howe will be one. It is understood the House will adjourn for several weeks, very shortly after their departure.

There is no truth in the report that two frigates were ordered, by cable telegram, to proceed hence to England. The Admiral was visiting various parts of his West Indian command.

Orange County Lodge, North Hastings.

The following are the officers elected at the annual meeting, held at Luke's, Huntingdon, on Tuesday last, 4th inst:—

JOHN S. HAGERMAN, C. M.
JOHN N. MOORE, D. C. M.
THOMAS EMO, C. S.
WILLIAM WARD, C. T.
REV. E. WARD, Sidney, C. C.
JOHN WIER, C. P.
GEO. WIGGINS, C. D. C.

Spring Circuits, 1868.

EASTERN CIRCUIT.
(The Hon. Mr. Justice J. Wilson.)

Pembroke	Wednesday	March 11th.
Perth	Monday	" 16th.
Brockville	Thursday	" 19th.
Ottawa	Tuesday	" 24th.
Kingston	Thursday	" 26th.
Cornwall	Tuesday	April 14th.
L'Orignal	Tuesday	" 21st.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.
(The Hon. Mr. Justice A. Wilson.)

Napanee	Tuesday	March 17th.
Belleville	Monday	" 23rd.
Cobourg	Tuesday	" 31st.
Whitby	Thursday	April 9th.
Peterborough	Thursday	" 16th.
Lindsay	Tuesday	" 21st.
Picton	Wednesday	" 29th.

NIAGARA CIRCUIT.
(The Hon. Mr. Justice Morrison.)

Milton	Monday	March 16th.
Barrie	Tuesday	April 7th.
Hamilton	Tuesday	" 14th.
Welland	Tuesday	" 28th.
St. Catharines	Monday	May 4th.
Owen Sound	Thursday	" 7th.

OXFORD CIRCUIT.
(The Hon. Mr. Justice Hagarty.)

Guelph	Monday	March 16th.
Woodstock	Monday	" 23rd.
Berlin	Monday	" 30th.
Stratford	Monday	April 6th.
Brantford	Monday	" 20th.
Cayuga	Tuesday	" 28th.
Simcoe	Tuesday	May 5th.

WESTERN CIRCUIT.
(The Hon. Chief Justice of the Common Pleas.)

Walkerton	Wednesday	March 18th.
Goderich	Tuesday	" 24th.
Sarnia	Tuesday	" 31st.
London	Monday	April 6th.
St. Thomas	Wednesday	" 15th.
Chatham	Tuesday	" 21st.
Sandwich	Tuesday	" 28th.

HOME CIRCUIT.
(The Hon. the Chief Justice of Ontario.)

County of York	Monday	March 16th.
County of Peel	Monday	" 30th.
City of Toronto	Monday	April 6th.

To the Editor of the Daily Intelligencer.

My First Attendance.

At Church, were you going to say? No, Sir; not at a theatre, either; not quite so ungodly on the one hand, nor a would-be angel on the other. No, Mr. Editor, my first attendance at a meeting of our Town Fathers —and such a meeting! Goodness gracious! "such fun" never before fell to my lot to witness. On entering the spacious apartment nobly designed (?) for the calm, quiet and gentlemanly considerations of the aforesaid gentlemen, I was as much struck with the solemn appearance of the doors (kivered with green baize) as I was with the more than solemn appearance of members within the bars. I soon, however, recovered my usual equanimity, and proceeded to seat myself near that costly and elaborate railing, which proved to be just the topic which engaged the mighty deliberations of the Fathers, and which proved a regular *casus belli* for the members on the left of the House.

The honest Robert rose to his feet, and evidently trembling with excitement least-wise he should fall to do justice to his constituents in then and there denouncing the "Brownites" on this, the most momentous question of the evening. He contended that his position had been usurped, that he had been treated as a know-nothing in this matter (what a shame!) and that the haughty Jim had—unconstitutionally as he thought—taken the matter in his own hand, and had, without the slightest regard to economy, ordered this most costly piece of furniture. He wished it to be thoroughly understood, in the words of Lord Bacon, that he washed his hands of it. The worthy gentleman was followed by no less a personage than the inevitable George, the Good Templar, who, laying his hand on the supposed region of his heart and casting his eyes towards the ceiling, called upon the huge spider dangling 'neath the gas jets to witness the truth of what he was going to say. He began by remarking that, that he entirely agreed with his learned friend from Samson Ward, whom he remarked, was not only a *rara avis*, but a deep thinker. (Ho! ho! from the other side.) Yes, gentlemen, you might affect surprise, but if you believe not, I can only refer you to the worthy gentleman himself. In speaking, Mr. Chairman, of the extravagance of the members occupying the soft-cushioned benches, he would further illustrate the same by informing the worthy Chairman that the very raised platform on which he sat, was made in such a manner that the length being twice the breadth, it took a great many more nails than it would, had it been made otherwise. He resumed his seat amidst great dust and smiling countenances of approval on his side. This clever freak of nature was followed by political sober Tom, who commenced by stating that he claimed the attention of the House, not that he expected they would pay any attention or derive any benefit from his remarks, but being a free man, he begged to intimate to those who could find so much to giggle at that a cat might look at a King, and that it took a wise man to make a phool, that he was there to-night to show his opponents that he intended carrying out the first, and was able to prove, in *personni*, the truth of the latter. It was not necessary, he said, to tell them that his last election was gained on the ground of his having most votes; no sirs, it was because his opponent had so few. The people, sirs, are excited about the unexplainable fact, that there was more nails used one year than another. They want Grant put out, and on that ticket they elected me. My enemies have said that I was elected because I was a most popular and efficient man. Enough, sirs! I forgive them! In moving to have Mr. Grant removed, he did so, thinking him to be a very improper person to occupy the situation. He bore no ill-feelings towards the Street Surveyor. Oh, no! But we must turn him out. Every well-wisher of the country must see that he did not do his duty. Trusting that the gentlemen opposite would believe he entertained hard feelings against Mr. Grant, and that in asking for his instant dismissal, he did but carry out the wishes of his heart and fulfil the behests of the fervent dreams he had experienced during many sleepless nights. He resumed his seat amidst tears and congratulations from both sides of the House.

I cannot close without saying that I am of opinion that the soft-cushioned members would accomplish the wishes of the people more, if they would only think less of their own individual cleverness, and each submitted his opinions to one common reservoir, which being subjected to heat or otherwise, and the scum removed, might make their motions, &c., in a more presentable appearance in combining strength, because it was right, eloquence being strained, and firmness having one common exponent.

I am, dear Mr. Editor,
With due respect,
Very respectfully,
RALPH.

Belleville, Feb. 11, 1868.

—A new and fatal horse disease has appeared in East Flamboro. The tongue swells and becomes paralyzed and the horse dies immediately of suffocation.

—The Dominion is in danger. One hundred and thirty hogs have been sent to St. John, N. B., by mercenary Canadians to compete with the productions of New Brunswick farmers. The *Freeman* is agitated sympathetically.

—The Buffalo *Express* commends the moderation of the telegraph operator in that city, who despatched through the country that O'Neill's Fenian meeting at St. James' Hall on Saturday last, only numbered six thousand. The capacity of the hall is eight hundred.

Detroit now boasts of a "Canadian Society." Article I. says, "The arms of the Society shall consist of the beaver and maple leaf of Canada," while article II. says that "Native Canadians and former residents of Canada, being loyal British subjects, shall alone be eligible as members."

THE REASON WHY.

A lady once, whose love was sold,
Asked if a reason could be told
Why wedding rings were made of gold.
I venture to instruct her:
Love and lightning are the same—
On earth they glance from heaven they came,
Love is the soul's electric flame
And gold its best conductor.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, February 11.—Sir David Brewster died last evening, aged 87.

The British iron-clad 'Hercules,' said to be the largest afloat, was successfully launched yesterday.

FLORENCE, February 11.—A grand banquet is to be given here to Admiral Farragut by the members of the Italian Parliament and the officers of the Italian army and navy.

VIENNA, February 11.—The Reichsrath has re-assembled.

BERLIN, February 11.—Count Von Bismarck is sick and unable to leave Berlin. No change in the Prussian cabinet is proposed.

LONDON, February 11.—A deputation from the loyal Irishmen of London, yesterday waited upon the Right Hon. Gathrone Hardy and presented him an address, expressing their devotion to the British Crown. The Home Secretary replied to their address in an appropriate speech thanking them for their manifestation of loyalty.

CORK, February 11.—Another attack was made upon the police in the streets, yesterday, by the mob, who pelted them with stones and brickbats. The police who were armed with muskets, fixed bayonets and charged upon the crowd. Several of the rioters were bayoneted. The assailants then fled, leaving the wounded. During the day an attempt was made to seize a well-known informer and lynch him, but the appearance of a police patrol prevented the outrage from being carried out.

DUBLIN, Feb. 11, evening.—The trial of Lennon, which commenced yesterday, has ended with a verdict of Guilty of murder and felony and treason.

Mr. Sullivan, of the *Dublin Irishman*, has been indicted by the grand jury for publishing seditious libels. His trial will commence to-morrow.

Mr. Martin and other gentlemen, who were arrested some time ago for taking a prominent part in the funeral ceremonies for the Fenians executed at Manchester, have been indicted by the Grand Jury.

LONDON, eve. Feb. 11.—It is reported that the Pope has declined to enter into negotiations lead for a revision of the Austrian Concordat, and that Prussia has made advances for closer diplomatic relations with Rome.

COPENHAGEN, eve. Feb. 11.—It is said that negotiations for a treaty between Denmark and Prussia for the settlement of the questions in dispute between them, have failed.

CORK, Feb. 11, evening.—One man is known to have been killed by the police yesterday when they charged upon the crowd with bayonets. The number of wounded cannot be ascertained.

Second Despatch.

NEW YORK, February 12.—The *Herald's* Constantinople telegram says: Official advices from the seat of war in Candia, dated Jan. 26, have been received by the Cabinet of the Porte. The despatches detail the movements of the imperial troops and call attention to the fact that the United States war steamer 'Ticonderaga,' mounting nine guns, had arrived at the coast of Crete under special orders from Admiral Farragut in command of the American fleet in European waters. It is also announced and believed in the political circles of Turkey that the remainder of the vessels of the United States fleet under Admiral Farragut will leave their present stations at an early day and sail for the Grecian archipelago, where they will muster in force.

LONDON, February 12, 11:15 a.m.—Bonds 71¾; Erie 48¾; I C 88½; Consols 93½ to 93¾.

LONDON, February 12, 1:30 p. m.—Bonds 71¾ to 71⅝; A & G W 24; I C 88¾.

LIVERPOOL, February 12, 11:15 a. m.—Cotton firmer; Uplands 8¼d to 8⅝d; Orleans 8⅝d to 8¾d. Wheat firmer.

LIVERPOOL, February 12, 1:30 p. m.—Cotton a shade easier; quotations unchanged. Lard 54s 9d; Tallow 42s 9d; Pork dull; naval stores firmer; Common Rosin 6s 3d; Spirits Turpentine 31s.

PARIS, February 12.—Bourse heavy; Rentes lower.

American Despatches.

BOSTON, Feb. 12.—The mansion of Mr. E. N. Perkins was destroyed by fire on Monday night. Loss $70,000.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 12.—The Cleveland Paper Company's mill was damaged by fire, yesterday, to the extent of $20,000.

HALIFAX, Feb. 11.—It is asserted that the delegation to England, on the subject of repeal, will proceed by the next Inman steamer, leaving here on the 14th inst. The House will probably adjourn for several weeks shortly after their departure. The report that the two frigates were ordered, by cable telegram, to proceed to England, is without foundation.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 11.—The Americans in Sonora and Lower California, complain of the insupportable annoyances from Mexican Customs authorities, the effect of which will destroy trade, and nullify the spirit of the treaties. They call on us to interfere and compel the Mexican government to place Americans on the same footing with Europeans, or annex Sonora and Lower California.

CINCINNATTI, Feb. 12.—The woollen factory in Peru, Ind., was destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss $50,000.

FORTRESS MONROE, Feb. 11.—The revenue cutter "Nemaha," was destroyed by fire on Friday morning, and two of the crew drowned.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—The *Herald's* Havana special says a grand ball was given on Saturday evening, at the Casino. The ball was well

attended by the *elite* of the American society here. A very large number of American ladies and officers of the United States gunboat "Shawmut" were present. Yesterday a drill and champagne breakfast took place on board the "Shawmut," at which many ladies were present.

The *Herald's* St. Domingo special says President Cabral has fallen. He escaped, however, from the capital of St. Domingo. Gen. Hungria has assumed the reins of the government until Baez arrives.

—It costs more to send a barrel of flour from Sacramento to Cisco, the present terminus of the Central Pacific road, than from the same city to Liverpool.

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, Feb. 13.

Commercial Bills..... 98 to 99
Greenbacks, buying at..... 70
" selling at..... 71
Bank of Upper Canada Bills..... 62
Silver, buying at..... 4 to 4¼
" selling at..... 8½
Gold opened at 141½; closed at 141¾.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, Feb. 13, 1868.

FALL WHEAT—$1 60 to $1 65.
SPRING WHEAT—$1 50 to $1 60.
BARLEY—$90 to $95.
RYE—firm at $1 00 to $1 08.
OATS—60c.
PEAS—demand only for local use at 90c to 95c.
BUCKWHEAT—60c to 75c.
BEEF—Dull at $5 50 @6
PORK—$5 50 to $6 00. Heavy Pork $4 50.
MUTTON—8c to 9c per pound.
BUTTER—15c to 22c.
EGGS—18c to 20c.
HIDES—$6.50 to $7.00.
SHEEPSKINS—dull at 75c.
CALFSKINS—8c ℔ lb.
TALLOW—Rough, 5c; rendered, 8c.
WOOL—25c.
POTATOES—50 to 65c.
APPLES—$2 50c to $1 00.
HAY—$10 to $15.
CHEESE—10c.
CORN—90c to $1.
FLOUR—No 1, $7 50 ℔ bbl.
POTASH—$4 50 to $4 75.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.

MONTREAL, Feb. 12, 1867.
1 P. M.

FLOUR.—Superior Extra..... $8 00 @ 8 25
Extra..... 7 90 @ 8 00
Fancy..... 7 60 @ 7 75
Welland Canal Superfine ... 7 00 @ 7 65
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat, 7 00 @ 7 65
" " 1 Western Wheat, 7 00 @ 7 65
" " 2 " " 7 10 @ 7 25
Bag Flour..... 3 60 @ 3 75
WHEAT.—Canada Fall..... 0 00 @ 0 00
Spring..... 1 70 @ 0 00
Western..... 0 00 @ 0 00
OATS.—Per 32 lbs..... 0 46 @ 0 47
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs..... 0 75 @ 1 00
BUTTER—Dairy..... 0 15 @ 0 19
" Store Packed..... 0 14 @ 0 18
ASHES—Pots..... 5 25 @ 5 30
Pearls..... 5 75 @ 5 80
PORK—Mess..... 19 00 @ 00 00
Prime Mess..... 14 00 @ 00 00
Prime..... 13 00 @ 00 00
DRESSED HOGS..... 5 75 @ 6 25
PEAS..... 0 87 @ 0 88
RYE FLOUR..... 5 95 @ 6 00

Flour—no receipts; market very dull and slightly easier; small sales of superfine at quotations. Grain—no arrivals nor sales; rates nominally unchanged. Provisions—Pork steady; Hogs dull and rates barely maintained; Butter—sales of ordinary to good at 16c to 18c. Ashes—Pots slightly improved; Pearls neglected.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, February 12.

Cotton firm at 21c.
Flour firmer with a fair demand; receipts 8,600 barrels; sales 9,800 bbls at $8 30 to $9 25 for superior state and western; $9 75 to $10 75 for common to choice extra State; $9 50 to $11 75 for common to choice extra western.
Rye flour firmer at $7 30 to $9 25.
Wheat very firm; sales 14,000 bushels at $2 40 for No. 2 Chicago in store; $2 44 for small lots No. 2 Milwaukee; $2 58 for white Canada.
Rye quiet.
Corn unchanged; receipts 17,000 bushels; sales 35,000 bushels at $1 27 to 1 29 for new mixed western afloat.
Barley scarce and firmer; sales 18,000 bushels of western at $2 20 on spot and to arrive.
Oats firmer; receipts 1,700 bushels; sales 25,000 bushels at 85c for Western in store.
Pork quiet and irregular at $22 37 to $22 50 for old mess; $23 37 to $23 70 for new do.
Lard quiet and steady at 14c to 15c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.

Stocks active and better after call.
Sterling Exchange, 60 days, 109¾.
Gold 141¾.

Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
February 12, 1868.

IMPORTS.—3 cars merchandise.
EXPORTS.—2 car merchandise.

BIRTH.

On Tuesday, the 11th inst., the wife of A. G. Northrup, Esq., of a daughter.

DIED.

At Quebec, on February 4th, Mary, wife of the Rev. H. D. Powis, aged 50 years.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LEXINGTON, Missouri, May 28, 1868.
MESSRS. J. N. HARRIS & CO.:
DEAR SIRS—I have made Allen's Lung Balsam pretty well known in our city and country, and have sold about all the four dozen bottles sent me in March last; and I find that persons who try the Balsam once, come back again for more, as it gives them satisfaction; and I recommend it in preference to any other medicine for Coughs and Colds. Please send me six dozen bottles as soon as possible. I am, yours, &c.,
THOMAS J. FLETCHER, Druggist.

P. S.—I sell more Allen's Lung Balsam, than all other cough remedies together, and it gives general satisfaction.
Sold by all Family Medicine dealers.
☞ Perry Davis & Son, Agents for the Dominion of Canada. $1-4w 237-4w

☞ Ticket Office for Great Western Railway, opposite the Market, Front-St. Tickets issued to Milwaukee, Chicago, New Orleans, Omaha City, Nebraska Territory, Fort Riley, Kansas, Cheyenne, Dacotah, Denvir Colorado, and all points West. Fare received either in Greenbacks or current funds.
217-1y R. F. DAVY, AGENT.

R. R. R. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF is the only vegetable Remedy, in liquid form, that will cure at once all Bilious Attacks, Fevers, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Headache, Spasms, Dysentery, Influenza, Kidney and Bladder Diseases. One application will in a few minutes afford immediate comfort.

Sisters of Mercy, Dorchester St., Montreal, C. E.,
Hospital of the Sisters of Mercy.
DR. RADWAY: I certify that your Ready Relief has cured over one hundred of our sick from Chills, Vomiting, Headaches, Internal Pains, &c., &c.
One of our Sisters had the Rheumatism in her head for a great many years. Having taken a few spoonsful of Relief in water, and rubbing her head twice with the same medicine, she was perfectly cured, and never felt it since. I always use it for Dyspepsia and for Colds, and always with success. It is very useful for Sore Throat, Coughs Influenza, Dipheria, &c. It has a good effect in Flatulence or Wind Cholic. I use it for foul breath, and it produces a marvellous effect. In short, it procures relief altogether remarkable to our invalids.
SISTER MARY DE BONSECOURS.

Sudden Colds, Coughs, Influenza, Dipheria, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Chills, Fever and Ague, Mercurial Pains, Scarlet Fever, &c., &c. Take from four to six of Radway's Pills, and also take a teaspoonful of the Ready Relief in a glass of water, sweetened with sugar or honey; bathe throat, head and chest with Ready Relief (if Ague or Intermittent Fever, bathe the spine also); in the morning you will be cured.
See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1868.—R. R. R. sold by all druggists. 51-2t 237-2w

Steam Engines for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale a DOUBLE ENGINE AND BOILERS, all in good order. They have been used for a Flouring Mill of two runs of stone, and just the thing for a Crushing Mill.
For particulars apply to
OWEN ROBLIN,
February 11, 1868. Ameliasburgh.

NEW BOOKS
AT
F. VAN NORMAN'S.

Queen Victoria's Journal, "Our Life in the Highlands."
Wood's Natural History—2,500 illustrations, 3 vols, Royal 8vo..... $14 00
Chambers' Cyclopedia, now complete, 10 vols..... per vol., 2 50
Chambers' Cyclopedia of English Literature, 3 vols,..... 2 00
Family Cyclopedia,..... 75
Our Constitution,..... 1 00
Romance of Charity,..... 1 00
The Land and the Book,..... 2 00
Pre-historic Scotland,..... 5 00
Knight's Half-hours with best Authors, 3 vols,..... 2 50
Knight's Half-hours with English History,..... 1 25
North-west Passage by Land, by Viscount Milton and Cheadle.
Barnes' Notes, complete.
D'Israeli's Curiosities of Literature, cloth and morocco.
Kitto's Bible History of the Holy Land.
Weeles' Scientific Works.

ALL THE POETS, &c., &c.,
NEW SCHOOL BOOKS.
The CHEAPEST STATIONERY
In Belleville.

WALL PAPERS
From 5 cts. to $1 20 per Roll.

BIBLES,
HYMN BOOKS,
PRAYER BOOKS,
PSALM BOOKS,
CATECHISMS, &c. &c.

Sunday School Libraries
In great variety, and very low prices.

A GOOD STOCK OF
Sheet Music, Music Books, Violins,
&c., &c., constantly on hand.
☞ Orders by mail promptly executed.
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,
BELLEVILLE.
Belleville, Feb. 8, 1868. 239-tf

Horses, Carriages, &c.,
FOR SALE.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS
TAKEN AT PAR.
Apply to
H. PRETTY,
Opposite the Market.
Belleville, Oct. 22, 1867. 147-tf

NOW READY,
THE
Queen's New Book,
Journal in the Highlands.
PRICE, $1.25.
E. HARRISON.
Belleville, Feb. 1, 1868. 233-tf

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Messrs. WALLACE & FORDYCE as Photographers, in the Town of Belleville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
(Signed.) D. J. WALLACE.
ED. FORDYCE.
Belleville, December 4th, 1867.

THE undersigned having purchased Mr. Fordyce's interest in the Gallery, will hereafter conduct the business on his own account. His long experience and thorough knowledge of the business will enable him to satisfy all who give him a call.
ROOMS:—Over Graham and Grainger's Store.
ENTRANCE:—Two doors South of Holden's Drug Store.
D. J. WALLACE.
Belleville, Dec. 4th, 1867. 195-ThST

BAY STATE MINING CO'Y.

STOCK-HOLDERS in the above Company can now exchange their old scrip for new, on application to
F. H. ROUS,
Secretary.
Belleville, Feb. 7th, 1868. 288-6t

Notice of Partnership.

WE HAVE this day admitted William Jones, of Belleville, as partner into our firm.
A. S. PAGE & CO.
Belleville, Jan. 15, 1868. 218-1m

REMOVAL.

N. MANN begs to notify the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to the Dafoe House Building, where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many more, who will favor him with their patronage.
Belleville, Dec. 27, 1867.

BOARDING.

MRS. McKENZIE can accommodate a few permanent boarders; also, some daily boarders.
RESIDENCE—Pinnacle Street, opposite the market.
Belleville, Nov. 18, 1867. 170-tf

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THIS BANK is prepared to issue drafts, receive deposits, and grant interest receipts at the office of the Commercial Bank in Belleville.
Mr. THOMSON will be happy to see his old friends.
Belleville, Jany. 23, 1868. 225 tf

DIARIES, DIARIES,
FOR 1868,
AT
J. C. OVERELL'S,
TURNBULL'S BLOCK,
180 FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

The X-Mas No. of the ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS,
IS NOW READY.
ALSO,
BOUND NUMBERS OF
British Workman,
Band of Hope Review,
Children's Friend,
Infant's Magazine,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
LEISURE HOUR, SUNDAY AT HOME, &c., &c.,
AT
J. C. OVERELL'S,
OPPOSITE THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
FRONT STREET,
BELLEVILLE.
January 4, 1868. 209

A SPLENDID
ASSORTMENT OF
FLANNELS,
GENT'S
FURNISHING GOODS,
&c., &c.,
JUST RECEIVED,
AT
J. MUIR & CO.'S.

MORTGAGE SALE.

UNDER power of sale contained in a mortgage made the 28th day of October, 1863, between William Donovan, of Belleville, Grocer, and the Hon. John Ross, there will be sold for default of payment of mortgage money, on
Thursday, the 5th day of March,
1868, at TWELVE o'clock, NOON, by M. NULTY, at his auction rooms in the Town of Belleville, the following valuable property, viz: Lot number eighteen, on the East side of Sidney Street, as laid down on a plan of survey of Lots numbers one and two, in the second Concession of the Township of Thurlow, in the County of Hastings, made by Henry A. F. McLeod, Esq., P. L. S., and registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings, on the 28th day of October, A. D. 1863.
The said lot number eighteen, contains ten acres of land more or less. It is fenced and otherwise improved.
For terms of sale and other particulars, enquire of JAMES ROSS, Esq., or of the undersigned.
ROSS, BELL & HOLDEN,
Attorneys for Hon. John Ross.
Belleville, 6th Feb., 1868. 237-4TTh

Limes and Glycerine,
The best Hair Dresser before the public.
Limes and Glycerine,
The best preparation known for Dandruff.
Limes and Glycerine,
Allays all irritation of the Scalp.
Limes and Glycerine,
All who have used it pronounce it superior to any preparation for the Hair.
Limes and Glycerine,
Is to be found on almost every toilet table.
Limes and Glycerine,
Far superior to pure Glycerine for chapped hands, &c.
Prepared only at
APOTHECARIES HALL,
1d1y Front St., Belleville.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!
Ladies Work Boxes.
" Writing Desks.
" Dressing Cases.
Photograph Albums.
Fancy Wool Goods.
Ladies Bonnets.

A fine assortment of
Dress Goods!
and the
Latest Styles in Cloth
FOR LADIES JACKETS.
Geo. Ritchie & Co.
Dec. 19, 1867. 1D-1y

GRAHAM FLOUR,
OATMEAL, SPLIT PEAS,
BEANS, &c.
—ALSO,—
WHITEFISH AND HERRINGS
IN BARRELS & HALF BARRELS,
At the "Corner Store,"
Front and Bridge Streets.
A. FLETCHER & Co.
January 15, 1868. 7-1y,w48-2t

HOOP SKIRTS,
LATEST STYLES.
G. C. Holton & Co.

J. & W. Sutherland
WOULD respectfully solicit an inspection of their new stock of
FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS,
Which will be found complete in the following specialities:
FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FRENCH MERINOS—2s. 6d. and upwards
FRENCH LAMAS & THIBETS.
FRENCH DELAINES.
SCOTCH TWEEDS.
" ALL WOOL HOSIERY.
CANADIAN " "
" FLANNELS.
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.
DUNDAS COTTONS AND BAGS.
AMERICAN YARN.
J. & W. SUTHERLAND.
Belleville, October, 1867. 1n6m

HUFFMAN HOUSE,
MADOC, ONTARIO.
HUFFMAN & SON, Proprietors,
(LATE OF PETERBOROUGH.)
☞ Every attention paid to travellers. House and furniture entirely new. 143-tf 36tf

Partner Wanted,
WANTED, as equal partner in a light and profitable manufacturing business, a good responsible man, with some capital to invest.
For particulars enquire at 224, or at the office of S. B. Burdett, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Front St., Belleville.
Belleville, Jan. 27, 1868. 228-tf

GEORGE ROCHE,
HATTER & FURRIER,
RESPECTFULLY announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now prepared to take orders for
ALL KINDS of FURS.
Having procured the services of a first-class Cutter from Paris, particular attention paid to repairing.
☞ All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.
Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs.
October 14. 1D-6m

F. HACKETT
HAS RECEIVED A
CHOICE ASSORTMENT
OF
FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS
Belleville, Oct. 1, 1867. 1D-6m

COSGRAVE & CO.'S
CELEBRATED
East India Pale Ale.
JUST RECEIVED,
50 Hhds,
150 Barrels and half Barrels.
FOR SALE ONLY BY
WESLEY BULLEN.
Belleville, Nov. 26, 1867. 177-tf

GRAND DISCOUNT SALES
OF
DRY GOODS,
AT
P. D. CONGER'S.



HURRAH FOR
THE DOMINION.

R. H. JONES
BEGS leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened a new WHOLESALE and RETAIL
Grocery and Liquor Store,
in the premises lately occupied by Messrs. O'Brien & Henchy, where he will keep on hand a select and varied assortment of
General Groceries,
AND LIQUORS,
For family use and medicinal purposes.
TEAS.
YOUNG AND OLD HYSONS,
GUNPOWDER, TWANKAY,
IMPERIAL, JAPAN,
SOUCHONG,
CONGOU, &c., &c.
COFFEES.
THE BEST IN TOWN, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.
He would especially call the attention of families to his stock of
WINES, SPIRITS & LIQUORS.
Brandies, Ports, Sherries.
Irish, Scotch & Morton's Whiskeys.
Old Tom & Holland Gins,
IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.
Together with a large assortment of
CHAMPAGNE,
of the most popular brands.
LIQUEURS & CORDIALS, &C.
In addition to these there will be found a splendid stock of
LAMP GOODS & TRIMMINGS.
☞ Goods sent promptly to customers in any part of the town.
Belleville, Dec. 9, 1867. 193 48-w

HOW A DIAMOND BRACELET WAS LOST AND FOUND.—A lady in Paris, recently found in her muff a bracelet of great value, worth thirty thousand francs. How it got there, she could not imagine. Some evenings after, at a select party, she heard the Countess B—— grieving over a lost bracelet, the description corresponding to that which had been so mysteriously found. The lady produced it, and the Countess was enraptured. At last she said: "I have no idea how I lost it. I had been to the milliner's, the glove store, the fur store—" "The fur dealer's!" That suggested something. "Did you try on a muff while you were there?" "Yes, several." "Was this one of them?" and the lady exhibited her own. "Yes, and I remember the man told me it had only been sent for repairs and was not for sale." The mystery was explained.

DEFALCATION AND SUICIDE.—The New York *Evening Telegraph* has the following: "A few days ago a gentleman who had been for a long time connected with one of our city Insurance Companies in the capacity of cashier, took it into his head to take his own life, and so successful was the attempt that one of our leading physicians, who called in to attend to him, found it of no avail. The cause that impelled the unfortunate gentleman to the act was, it is alleged, that he had for some time kept two separate accounts of the affairs of the institution by which he was employed, and that an examination of one of the sets of books by the directors of the company revealed the fact that he had made away with some $800,000 of the funds, which were not accounted for on the books, that were always at the command of the directors, and that the fact of being detected so worked upon his mind that he committed suicide before mentioned."

FEBRUARY.—Feburary is the name of the second month in the year, introduced into the Roman calendar by Numa. In common years this month contains twenty-eight days; this year, being the bissextile or leap year, it contains twenty-nine days. Februarius is the Latin word for the month which is said to be named from Febrio, to purify by sacrifice, and thus to signify the month of purification, as the people were, in this month, purified by sacrifices and oblations. This practice bears resemblance to that of making atonement among the Jews; but the connection between fervee and Feburary is doubtful. The following verse, commited to memory, will aid a person in distinguishing the months of the year having thirty and thirty-one days; also the leap year that occurs every four years:—

Thirty days hath September,
April, June and November;
All the rest have thirty-one
Except the second month alone,
Which has just eight besides a score,
And every four years one day more.

American Watches.

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its use Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is, indeed, little else than a machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course, there must be no defect in the principle of plan or the movement, no mistake in the sizes or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the reduplication of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough subdivision.

By means of multiplying guages and microscopes, tests and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools, and for faults and flaws in steel or stone, are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a finished machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home.—Instead of sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the lightest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear ringing sound always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a time keeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The Company claim that by it they produce Watches that cannot be equalled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan, and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of Watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes to suit all tastes and means; but every Watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM" is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

☞ EVERY WATCH FULLY WARRANTED.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
No. 182, Broadway, N.Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
TORONTO and MONTREAL,
General Agents.

Toronto, Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-3m

Business Cards,

AND all other kinds of Job Printing, executed with despatch, at the *Intelligencer* Office, Intelligencer Building, Front Street

Great Bargains at Wilson & Robertson's

THE following lines are now offered to the public:—

30 ps. all Wool Tweeds, 5s. for 3s 9d per yd.
25 " " " 5s 6d for 4s 6d "
40 " " " 5s 9d for 5s "

A large Assortment of Wool Shawls

A few ps. ALL WOOL Carpets,
AND A VARIETY OF OTHER GOODS.

In order to reduce our Stock, we offer these goods very much cheaper than they will be found elsewhere.

WILSON & ROBERTSON

HURRAH FOR BARNUM'S

LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half-past 8 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12, noon.

RETURNING.—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 2 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

S. BARNUM,
Proprietor.

C. HORTON, Agent, Belleville.
S. GUSTIN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1867. D68

CANADA WEST FARMERS' MUTUAL AND Stock Insurance Company.

THE Annual general meeting of the Members of "The Canada West Farmers' Mutual and Stock Insurance Company," will be held (pursuant to resolution adopted at the last annual meeting,) on Thursday, the 6th of February next, for the purpose of receiving the Annual Report, and of electing four Directors to serve in place of the late Jacob Binkley, deceased, H. J. Lawry, who retires, and William Bissell and Thomas Stock, whose term of office expires, but who are eligible for re-election.

RICHARD P. STREET,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Hamilton, January 2d, 1868. 210-5w

Store-keepers! Farmers! And Others!

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM THE IMPORTERS DIRECT.

The Montreal Tea Company,

6 Hospital Street, Montreal,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to different parts of the country—and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOTEL, QUEBEC, January 7, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality a pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant.

WILLIS RUSSELL.

HOUSE OF SENATE, Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

S. SKINNER.

QUEBEC, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of 30 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 55 cents was of excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for.

Yours respectfully,
D. ANDERSON.

TORONTO, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company,

GENTLEMEN.—The two chests of Tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton, one chest Fine Flavoured New Season Congou, at same price, viz.: at 55 cents per lb. Yours, &c.,

JAMES EDGAR.

FELCOME, December 23, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using, for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz.: at 75 cents per lb. Address as before.

Your obedient servant. JOHN T. DAY.

COBOURG, January 8, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box of 20 lbs. at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

The contributors to the "Medical Journal" have frequently declared that one half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15, and 12 lbs. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c.; 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do. 55c., 60c., and 65c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c.; Sound Oolong, 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60c.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan, Good, 55c.; Very Fine, 60c.; Finest, 65c., 75c.; Scented Orange Pekoe, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankey Common, 38c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c., 60c., 65c., and 70c.; Fine do., 75c.; Very Fine, 85c.; Superfine and very Superfine do., $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c.; Extra Superfine do., $1.

All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality, and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c. to 70c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by expressman, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of five chests and upwards.

All Boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

PROSPECTUS OF THE MOIRA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Capital Stock, $100,000. Divided into 10,000 Shares.

WORKING CAPITAL, $15,000.

HORACE YEOMANS, Esq., PRESIDENT. ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., TREASURER.
B. S. GILBERT, Esq., SECRETARY. J. G. SHURTZ, Esq., SUPERINTENDENT.

MERCHANTS' BANK, BANKERS. DEAN & GILBERT, SOLICITORS.

DIRECTORS:

HORACE YEOMANS, of Flint & Yeomans, Belleville.
ANDREW THOMSON, Banker, Belleville.
W. W. DEAN, Master in Chancery, Belleville.
JOHN G. SHURTZ, Superintendent.
JAMES LISTER, M.D., Belleville.
JAMES W. CARMAN, American Consul, Belleville.
BARTON S. GILBERT, of Dean & Gilbert, Barristers, Belleville.

THIS COMPANY is duly Incorporated under Cap. 23, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the purpose of working the mineral veins upon *sixteen* acres of Lot No. 19, in the fifth concession of Madoc, (the Richardson Mine being No. 18 in the same concession.)

A shaft has been sunk to the depth of nine feet in the rock. At six feet a gold-bearing lode was struck, of 18 inches in width, which at nine feet has increased to 2½ feet, and a crushing at Gilbert & Turley's mill of four and one-half tons of the rock, gave a yield of over fifty-six dollars in gold; the lode is clearly defined, and evidently extends the whole length of the property—52 rods.

The territory is admirably situated for mining purposes, being a high ridge covered with indications of mineral veins. There are numerous places on the land fully as promising as the one on which the shaft has been sunk, and which would unquestionably yield as well. The large quantity of land, and the prospects of other gold-bearing veins, make it certain that the Company will be able to subdivide the property as soon as a little further development has been made, and form other Companies at great advantage.

Work is being vigorously prosecuted in the shaft, under the superintendence of JOHN G. SHURTZ, Esq., one of the Directors, who is largely interested in the proprietary of the mine, and who has had thirteen years' practical experience in the gold mines of California and Nevada, and is unquestionably the most accomplished quartz miner now in this country.

It is intended to have a further crushing in a few days, and negotiations are in progress which, if carried out, will secure a mill to the Company at once, so that regular work will be gone on with without delay, and dividends may, in that case, be expected in a short time.

Belleville, Jan. 27th, 1868. 228d-tf

India and China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

"PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or $1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb. Finest procurable, $1.00.
Protected by Trade Mark.

☞ Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.
August 16th, 1867. D90-1y w27-1y

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO. OF CANADA.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
INCORPORATED 1849.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - - - TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., President, LEWIS MOFFATT, Esq., Vice-President.

HON. MALCOLM CAMERON,	A. T. FULTON, Esq.,	W. J. McDONELL, Esq.
C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq.,	H. S. HOWLAND, Esq.,	J. McGILLES, Esq.,
GEORGE CHAFFEY, Esq.,	A. R. McMASTER, Esq.	A. M. SMITH, Esq.

SOLICITORS:—MESSRS. DUGGAN & BURNS.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on every description of property.

MARINE INSURANCES—Inland and to the Lower Ports, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the West Indies, and by steam vessels to Europe.

Rates as moderate as any other respectable Insurance Company.

F. McANNANY, Esq., Agent, Belleville. JAS. SIDNEY CROCKER, Manager.

November 12, 1867. 39w6m-165d6m

BELLEVILLE

AGRICULTURAL WORKS AND IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Threshing Machines,
STRAW CUTTERS,
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,
Iron and Steel Ploughs,
Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-tf

American Invoices--Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
QUEBEC, 6th March, 1863.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the *Canada Gazette*.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, June 8, 1867.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 28 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
3D1t-tf Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL!

THE "DAILY NEWS,"

$5 00 per Annum, in advance,

JOHN LOVELL,
68 Printer and Publisher.

BLANKS of every description for sale at *The Intelligencer* office.

BRITISH PERIODICALS,

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review (Whig).
The Westminster Review (Liberal).
The North British Review (Free Church.)
AND
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory.)

THESE periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stands unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day that can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews, - - -	$4.00 per annum.
For any two of the Reviews, - -	7.00 "
For any three of the Reviews, - -	10.00 "
For all four of the Reviews, - - -	12.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine, - - -	4.00 "
For Blackwood and one Review, - -	7.00 "
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews, - - -	10.00 "
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews, - - - -	13.00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	15.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of *twenty per cent.* will be allowed to Clubs of four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to *one address* for $12.80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $48.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is *Two Cents* a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums for New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, gratis, any one of the *Four Reviews* for 1867. New Subscribers to all five of the periodicals for 1868 may receive, gratis, Blackwood or any two of the "*Four Reviews*" for 1867.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1.50 a year for each or any Review; also, Blackwood for 1866 and 1867, for $2.50 a year, or the two years together for $4.00.

☞ Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to Clubs, nor reduced prices for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted *direct to the Publishers.*

No premiums can be given to Clubs.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING Co.,
140 Fulton St., N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE,

by HORACE STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1400 pages, and numerous Engravings.

Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid, $8.

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the *AMERICAN (WALTHAM) WATCH* have given it such a wide world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and printed its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found, who furtively trade upon the popularity of the American Watch, by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article. It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American Watches—except the lowest grade, marked Home Watch Co.—*are guaranteed by special certificate*, bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. ROBBINS.

The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine Watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH Co.

APPLETON, TRACY & Co.

WALTHAM WATCH Co.

P. S. BARTLETT.

WM. ELLERY.

HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the General Superintendent,
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

GENTLEMEN:—The watches manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years by our engineers, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying your watches give us less trouble and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD,
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN:—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that Waltham watches are the most satisfactory of any for their uses. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have never known one to wear out, they must be durable.—I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer.
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.
American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto & Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS.
Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-3m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every afternoon (Sundays excepted) and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of $5 a year if paid in advance, $6 otherwise. Mail subscribers $5 a year. $2 50 for 6 months; $1 50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgewater, Marmora and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information from the **Gold Regions**, and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., &c., and in short, neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months,	$ 5 00
Half Square, 6 months,	$10 00
One Square, 6 months,	$20 00
Two Squares, 6 months,	$30 00
Four Squares, 6 months,	$50 00
Notices of Births,	50
Do of Marriages,	50
Do of Deaths,	50

"BUSINESS NOTICES"—All matter under this heading, leaded or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of solid minion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements once a week.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion, and 2 cents for each additional insertion.

The Weekly Intelligencer

Is published every Friday Morning at $3 per annum if called for at the Office, or sent by mail; and $3 50 if delivered by Carrier, payable in all cases in advance. When not paid until the close of the year, 50 cents will be added to each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, and the number now on our Subscription Books is **over 1,400.** With such a large and rapidly increasing circulation throughout this and adjoining Counties, the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed advantages to advertisers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Six lines and under, first insertion,	0 50
Each subsequent insertion,	0 12½
Above six lines (per line) first insertion	0 07
Each subsequent insertion per line,	0 02

☞ "BUSINESS NOTICES"—10 cents per line each insertion, measured as solid minion.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to insure their appearance.

All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

The Intelligencer Job Office

Is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the country.

The DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER can be had at the Book Stores in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at El Dorado.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

M. BOWELL,
INTELLIGENCER BUILDING, Publisher
Front treet, Belleville.

Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 1. BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, THURSDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 13, 1868. No. 243.

Montreal Business Directory.

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal,

DEPARTMENTS.

Braces,	Knitted Woolens,
Braids,	Laces,
Brushes and Combs,	Ladies Collars and Sets,
Buttons,	Straw Goods,
Corsets,	Small Wares in great
Elastics,	variety,
Felt Hats,	Threads,
Gent's Collars and Ties,	Trimmings & Ornaments
Hosiery and Gloves,	Umbrellas.

VELVET RIBBONS, &c.

HOOP SKIRTS,—our own Manufacture. 156-6m

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware Manufacturers,
MONTREAL.

KILN PLATES
AND
CASTINGS for BREWERIES.

Any parties about putting up new kilns for

MALT OR OATMEAL
will do well to correspond with the above.
156-6m.

BURROWS & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobaccos, &c., &c.
416 St. Paul St., Montreal.

☞Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 156-6m

PEAVEY & MARCH,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions,
And everything usually sold in a first class Grocery.
No. 344 Notre Dame Street, a few doors West St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

☞Every article warranted to be as represented or may be returned. Goods sent to any part of the City Free of Charge. 156-6m

HUNTER, DUFFY & JOHNSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
20 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 156-6m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, PROPRIETOR,
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-6m

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, Collins Wharf, Halifax.

PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 38d-6m-W6m

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
378 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.

MAPS, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, Bills of Lading, Blank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards, in any number of colors, Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 27D6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c., &c., &c.,
25 Hospital St., - - - MONTREAL,
OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and
ON AS GOOD TERMS
as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.
J. C. FRANCK & Co.
July 27, 1867. 74d.

QUEEN
INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL, - - - - $10,000,000.
FIRE and LIFE.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers.—One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to **Ten per Cent.** of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management

Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in 1869, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.

M. BOWELL,
DR. CANNIFF, *Intelligencer Office.*
Medical Referee *Agent.*
May, 1867. 4D-6m6.

Montreal Business Directory.

Frothingham & Workman,
MONTREAL,

IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.

Warehouse and Offices 395 to 399, St. Paul St.

Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on nand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c.
May 1st. 1d-6m

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M. D.,
Consulting and Analytical Chemist,
630 Lagauchetiere Street, Montreal.

☞At home for consultation before 10 A. M., between 2 and 3, and after 6 P. M.

FEES FOR ANALYSIS,—$5 a metal, payable in advance.
156-6m

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
303 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL.

☞Every description of Jewelry manufactured from Gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 25b6m

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant.
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

Agent for Walter Evans' & Co.. Sewing and Knitting Cottons, Derby; and J. M. Perry & Co.'s Gray's Patent Linen Fibre Collarss, Nottingham, England. 1D-6m

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER.
OFFICE: Corner of St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.
REFERENCES—Robertson & Beattie, Robert Esdaile, Esq., Jas Torrance, Esq. 31D6m

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT
And Commission Merchants,
49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street,
MONTREAL. 1D-6m

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant,
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods. 1D-6m

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 329 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 28d6m

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.
THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.
E. MUIR,
Chemist and Druggist,
28d6m Place D'Armes, Montreal.

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McCUAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
OFFICE.—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and 81 Common Street, Canal Wharf,
MONTREAL.

☞Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and other Produce, and purchase of Merchandise. 28d6m

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
100 GREY NUNS STREET, MONTREAL,
HAVE FOR SALE:—

BOILER TUBES,	DRAIN PIPES,
Gas Tubes,	Roman Cement,
Horse Nails,	Water Lime,
Paints and Putty,	Portland Cement,
Fire Bricks,	Paving Tiles,
Fire Clay,	Garden Vases,
Flue Covers,	Chimney Tops, &c.

☞Manufacturers o AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR, and BED SPRINGS. 24D6m

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.

LIBERAL advances made on consignments to ourselves, or for shipment to our friends in Great Britain and the Lower Port
May 21st, 1867. 27D6m

A. ROBERTSON & Co,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Manties, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosier, Glover, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Clothes, Canadian Woollens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons, Prints, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Muslins.
478 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St.,
MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro'. C. W. 1D-6m

Important to Miners and
MINING MEN.

JOHNS' Patent Water-Proof Safety Fuse for WET GROUND and SUBMARINE BLASTING, is much cheaper than any other, and pronounced by Mining men much better than any imported.

Testimonials received from men well known in the mining and quarrying business of Canada and the United States; from Messrs. Morrill & Colby, Bennets, Wiswell Macfarland, Adams, Watson, Griffith, Wearn, and others.

☞All orders promptly attended to.
Address JOHNS & Co.,
150-3m Sherbrooke, Q.

TERRAPIN RESTAURANT
CHARLES PAPINEAU,

BEGS to inform the public that he has opened the TERRAPIN RESTAURANT, in Coleman's Building, next door to Dr. Coleman's Drug Store, and he has fitted it up in first class style, with every convenience. He will keep constantly on hand the best Ale and Porter, and the purest brands of Liquors.

☞Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c., always on hand.
Belleville, Oct. 16, 1867. 142-tf

CONGER BROS.

FEELING thankful for the very liberal patronage given them for the past year, beg to remind their customers and the public that having thoroughly
REFITTED THEIR STORE!
are now opening a well assorted stock of FRESH TEAS, SUGARS, SPICES, CURRANTS, RAISINS, FIGS, &c.
Special attention is called to their fine assortment of
Jams, Jellies, Canned and Bottled FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.
R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER
Nov. 13th, 1867. 1D1y

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the
Canadian & United States Mails.
1867—SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.—1867.
Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.
Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.

This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undernoted First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double-Engine Iron Steamships:—

AUSTRIAN,	2700 Tons.	Capt. AITON.
NESTORIAN,	2700 "	Lt. DUTTON, RNR.
MORAVIAN,	2650 "	Capt. WYLIE.
PERUVIAN	2600 "	Capt. BALLANTINE.
HIBERNIAN,	2434 "	Capt. BROWN.
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	2300 "	Capt. ALLAN.
NORTH-AMERICAN,	1734 "	Capt. KERR.
BELGIAN,	2434 "	Capt. GRANGE.
DAMASCUS,	1600 "	Capt. WATTS.

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL every THURSDAY, and from PORTLAND every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)

The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from PORTLAND as undernoted, viz:—

NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 25th Jan.
PERUVIAN,	Saturday, 1st Feb.
AUSTRIAN,	Saturday, 8th "
HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 15th "
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Saturday, 22nd "
MORAVIAN,	Saturday, 29th "
NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 7th March

ST. GEORGE from Portland, 21st February.
ST. ANDREW from Portland, 14th March.

☞Fares per "Nova Scotian," 11th January, from Scotland to St. Johns, N. F., are:—Cabin, $30; Steerage, $15.

Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway:—

CABIN, - - - $80 20 to $90 20
(according to accommodation.)
STEERAGE, - - - - $32 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.
Berths not secured until paid for.
For particulars, apply to
J. W THOMPSON, Agent,
Canadian Express Office,
21D6m-16W1v BELLEVILLE.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
For 1868.

THE CHEAPEST OF LADIES' MAGAZINES,
BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST.

THE friend of woman, the arbiter of fashion, the encourager and publisher of the best literature of the day, the pattern from which all others copy.

READING MATTER.

In this there will be an improvement. The volume for 1868 will be set up with new-faced type, and of a size that will enable us to give an additional quantity of reading matter amounting to about twelve pages in each number.

BEAUTIFUL STEEL PLATES.

Of these the LADY'S BOOKS contain *fourteen* each year, superior (we challenge comparison) to any published in this country, either in book or periodical.

THE LITERATURE OF THE LADY'S BOOK.
MARION HARLAND,
Authoress of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Moss Side," "Nemesis," and "Marian,"
who contributes to no other monthly publication, will furnish a new novel for 1868, called "PRIMIE ROWLAND," that will run through the year. Her stories are anxiously sought after, and as they are copyrighted, can be found nowhere but in GODEY. Our former efficient corps of writers has also been retained.

OUR FASHION PLATES.

The original double fashion-plates will be continued.
MODEL COTTAGES.—The only magazine in this country that gives these designs is the LADY'S BOOK.
DRAWING LESSONS.—In this we are also alone.
ORIGINAL MUSIC.—GODEY'S is the only magazine in which music prepared expressly for it appears.
We have also a CHILDREN'S, a HORTICULTURAL, and a HEALTH department.

GODEY'S INVALUABLE RECEIPTS

upon every subject, for the Boudoir, Nursery, Kitchen, House, and Laundry.

TINTED ENGRAVINGS.—This is a series of engravings that no one has attempted but ourselves.

LADIES' FANCY WORK DEPARTMENT.—Some of the designs in this department are printed in colors in a style unequalled.

Terms for 1868.

One copy, one year, - - - - -	$3 00
Two copies, one year, - - - - -	5 00
Three copies, one year, - - - - -	7 50
Four copies, one year, - - - - -	10 00
Five copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making six copies - - - - -	14 00
Eight copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making nine copies, - - - - -	21 00
Eleven copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making twelve copies - - - - -	27 00

Godey's Lady's Book and Arthur's Home Magazine will be sent one year on receipt of $4 00.
Godey's Lady's and The Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $3 50.
Godey's Lady's Book, Arthur's Home Magazine, and Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $6 00.
☞Canada subscribers must send 24 cents additional for every subscription to the Lady's Book, and 12 cents for either of the other magazines, to pay the American postage.

HOW TO REMIT.—In remitting by mail, a Post Office Order or a Draft, *payable to the Order of L. A. Godey*, is preferable to bank notes, as, should the Order or Draft be lost or stolen, it can be renewed without loss to the sender. If a Draft or a Post Office Order cannot be procured, send United States or National Bank notes.

Address L. A. GODEY,
N. E. Corner Sixth and Chestnut Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

Belleville Business Directory.

Maclellan & Maclellan,
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency Attornies-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c, &c Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Ross, Bell & Holden,
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville.
HON. JNO. ROSS. JOHN BELL. THOS. HOLDEN
1D6m Wtf

Diamond & Dickson,
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c.
OFFICE:—Neilson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
A. DIAMOND. GEO. D. DICKSON.
1D-Wtf

A. R. Dougall,
BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.
Office over Overell's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.

Robertson & Stewart,
BARRISTERS and Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office,—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street,
ALEX. ROBERTSON. D. E. K. STEWART.
1D6m-Wtf

Legate & Price,
BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1D6m-Wtf

Geo. H. Haymes,
HATTER and Furrier, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs.
1D6m-Wtf

McLeod & Carre,
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURveyors, Architects, Draughtsmen and Patent Solicitors, 153½ Front Street, Belleville. 1D

Pitcathly & Kelso,
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Law Partnership.
THE undersigned have this day entered into co-partnership under the name of Jellett & Bleasdell. Office—Corner of Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville.
R. P. JELLETT.
8th October, 1867. J. H. T. BLEASDELL.

Forrest & Lozo's
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Lazier's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 25D-tf

T. Lockerty,
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 22D5m

Ponton, Falkiner & Denmark
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

Angus McFee,
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellry and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1D6m

John Wilson,
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street, Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled.
1D6m

J. W. Brown,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

Geo. Gibson,
MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1D6m

J. C. Vapor,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

To Gold Miners
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Swedes iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. WM. POWELL.
1D6m

McKeown & Robertson,
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

ALLSOP'S ALE,
Guiness' Stout,
Blood's Porter!!
IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT
1D6m HAMBLY'S.

BILL HEADS.
AND all other kinds of JOB PRINTING, executed with neatness and despatch at the INTELLIGENCER Office, Front Street, Belleville.

An Improved Ship of War—the King William.

(From the London Times, January 21.)

Of all the vessels ever built here, the grandest and most formidable is the King William, now just upon completion at the Thames Ironworks for the Prussian Government. The history of this magnificent frigate is rather peculiar. About three years ago the Turkish Government wished for an Iron-clad that should eclipse all other iron-clads afloat, and be of herself a match in fair fight for almost a squadron of them. She was to be larger, stronger, faster, and above all, to carry heavier armour than anything yet attempted. These difficult conditions Mr. Reed, with the consent of the Admiralty, succeeded in combining, and the vessel was begun at the Thames Ironworks and rapidly pushed forward. Unfortunately, however, for the Turkish Government, its promises of payment kept no sort of pace with the work done, and payment at last altogether failing, the frigate was left on the hands of the Thames Company to despose of it as they could. It was at once offered to our Admiralty at the price the Sultan had agreed to give for it. But the Admiralty, while admitting the surpassing excellence and strength of the vessel, hesitated about the purchase, required time to think about it, would rather wait a little, and so on.—The Thames Company, however, did not like waiting, and offered it to the Prussian Government, which as instantly replied by an offer to buy it at a sum considerably higher than that at which it had been offered to the Admiralty. This tender, if we may so call it, was taken, but hardly had the contract been signed when the Admiralty appeared on the scene and wished to purchase the frigate without further delay. But it was then too late. The agreement with the Prussian Government had been made, and there was no retracting. Thus the strongest armor plated ship yet built passes into the hands of a foreign power, and we may possibly some day see her arrayed against our own frigates. Woe betide any of our vessels of the Warrior or Minotaur class which shall meet her! The Warrior carries 4½ inch armor over half her length, and is meant to bear 26 guns —some only 68 pounders, some 100 pounders, and 4 150 pounders. The King William, which is as large as the Warrior, and is designed to have her speed, carries 8 inch armor, with a battery of 26 300 pounders, all of Krupp's steel, all breech loaders, and capable, it is said, of being fired with 75 lb charges as often as twice a minute. The length of this formidable craft is 365 feet, 15 feet shorter than the Warrior; but her breadth is 2 feet greater, being 60 feet against the Warrior's 58. This gives her a greater midship section, and therefore enables her to bear her ponderous armor more easily by giving her a greater displacement; but, on the other hand, this same displacement makes it more difficult to move her through the water at a high speed, especially since the King William is 6,000 tons burden, and draws at her mean draught load no less than 26 feet of water. The engines, however, will be fully equal to their work. They are being made by Messrs. Maudslay, and are to be of 1,150 horse power nominal, and capable of worked up to a power of 7000 horses. With this power, and guided by the ordinary calculations, it is believed she will realize from 13 to 14 knots an hour. There will be no less than 40 furnaces required to keep her going at full speed, and these will use rather more than 80 tons of coal a day, and her coal bunkers only hold 700 tons. Her construction is on what is called the longitudinal system—that is, a series of most powerful wrought iron girders, or frames, laid at intervals of 7 feet apart, and passing along her completely from stem to stern. Between these frames the wrought iron ribs are bolted, below the water line, at intervals of four feet apart; but above it, and behind the armour, they are bolted as close as to be within 2 it. of each other. Within both frames and ribs comes another iron skin an inch thick, so as to literally make a double ship, the inner one being 4½ feet apart from the outer. Side passages, or wings, as they are called, running the whole length of the structure, continue this double form up to the main deck. The inner side of these wings forms the walls of the coal bunkers, so that even were it possible for a shot to pass through the armoured sides of the King William, it would still have to penetrate the iron coal bunkers and pass through 8 feet of coal before it could do any hurt to the fighting crew of the ship. The armour is 8 inches thick amidships, tapering gradually downwards to a thickness of 7 inches, at 7 feet below the water-line. It also tapers off in the same manner towards the bow and stern, diminishing from 8 inches to 6 inches, and then to 4 inches. The latter thickness, however, is only used in places where it is almost impossible a shot could strike, such as under the counter or under the bows. Wherever it is probable a shot could strike there is never less than 6 inches of armour and nearly always 8 inches, with a powerful 10 inch teak backing and double iron skin. Just aft of the bowsprit and just forward of the stern, two immence bulkheads, each of 6 inch armour, and 18 inches of teak, are continued from the lower deck up through the main deck, and

rise to the height of 7 feet above the spar deck. On this spar deck these ponderous protections are curved into the form of slightly semi-circular shields, each pierced with four port-holes for cannon and loop-hooled for musketry. Within these shields are to be carried four 300 pounders which can be used to fire straight fore and aft or as broadside guns. Except the men protected by these shields, the ship, on going into action, would not have a man upon her spar deck. When we say that the main deck is of iron half an inch thick, and the spar deck of the toughest steel half an inch thick, that she is to be fitted with cupola furnaces for heating red hot shot and filling shells with molten iron, and that though only ship-rigged she will carry a crew of 700 men, we have said quite enough to indicate the tremendous powers of this great ship. The King William could be launched to-morrow, if necessary; but it is much more convenient as well as less expensive, to complete her fittings while she is on the stocks, that it has been decided to defer her launch till after the spring tides of March next. Then she will be removed to the Victoria Docks, and by autumn be ready to make her first cruise to sea, armed and equipped from stem to stern. From first to last she will cost about £400,000, but in strength and armament she is a fleet of herself.

Old Time Winters.

In 1664 the cold was so intense that the Thames was covered with ice sixty-one inches thick. Almost all the birds perished.

In 1691 the cold was so excessive that the famished wolves entered Vienna and attacked beasts and even men. Many people in Germany were frozen to death in 1695, and the winters of 1697 and 1699 were nearly as bad.

In 1709 occurred that famous winter, called by distinction, the cold winter. All the rivers and lakes were frozen, and even the sea for several miles from shore. The ground was frozen nine feet deep. Birds and beasts were struck dead in the fields, and men perished in their houses. In the south of France, the wine plantations were almost destroyed; nor have they yet recovered from that fatal disaster. The Adriatic sea was frozen, and even the Mediterranean about Genoa, and the citron and orange groves suffered extremely in the finest parts of Italy.

In 1716 the winter was so intense that people travelled across the Strait from Copenhagen to the province of Semis, in Sweden.

In 1729, in Scotland, multitudes of cattle and sheep were burried in the snow.

In 1740 the winter was scarcely inferior to that of 1709. The snow fell ten feet deep in Spain and Portugal. The Zuyder Zee was frozen over, and thousands of people went over it. And the lakes of England froze.

In 1744 the winter was very cold. Snow fell in Portugal to the depth of 25 feet on a level.

In 1764 and 1766, the winters were very severe and cold. In England the strongest ale, exposed to the air in a glass was covered in 15 minutes with ice one-eighth of an inch thick.

In 1771 the Elbe was frozen to the bottom. In 1775 the Danube bore ice five feet, below Vienna. Vast numbers of the feathered and finny tribes perished.

The winters of 1784 and 1785 were uncommonly severe. The Little Belt was frozen over.

From 1800 to 1812 also, the winters were remarkably cold, particularly the latter, in Russia, which proved so disastrous to the French army.

China.

REPORTED DEFEAT OF THE REBELS WITH A LOSS OF 80,000 MEN—FIRE IN HONG KONG.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 8.—The bark "Zephyr," from Hong Kong, with advices to December 10, has arrived. The war in the north between the Imperial and rebel forces is being vigorously waged. Full particulars have been received of a great battle at Shangtung Promontory, in which the Imperialists defeated the rebel army with an estimated loss of 80,000 men. The Imperialists subsequently were defeated in several severe engagements, with heavy loss.

A fire occurred at Hong Kong on Nov. 27, which destroyed all of Jerves Street and part of Bonham Street. Numerous buildings were blown up to prevent the spreading of the conflagration. By the united efforts of the police, soldiers and sailors, the flames were extinguished before they extended further than 200 or 300 yards from Queen's Road. Several soldiers were injured and a number of the Chinese killed. The district embraced between Queen's Road and the Praga from the Cross Roads to the Harbor Master's office was wholly destroyed. The fire originated on Praga, in an establishment adjoining Schelposa & Co.'s.

The British Consulate was attacked by a party of armed Chinese on the night of December 1. Two of the assailants were shot and are supposed to have been killed. It is thought that the object of the Chinese was murder, as no attempt to plunder was made.

The subject of the approaching revision of the treaties between China and the great powers is actively discussed in commercial circles.

—Judge Connoly on Wednesday decided that cats are not property under the laws of New York, and so the stealing of one valued at $30 was not larceny.

Bismarck met his barber at Baden-Baden. Barber complained of the mixed society at Baden-Baden. The Count replied, "Well, we cannot all be barbers, you know."

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West,	7.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West,	8.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going West,	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train,	6.30 P. M.
Noon Express going East,	12.08 P. M.
Night Express going East,	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East,	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train,	9.30 P. M.
Montreal Time.	

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, THURSDAY, FEB. 13.

TRADE SALE.—The attention of the trade is called to the sale at the store of Messrs. Piteathly & Kelso. Shop-keepers and others would do well to attend.

SILVER.—Steps are being taken in London and Toronto to second the movement of the Montreal merchants in exporting silver. $60,000 have already been raised in London. If this is continued in cities and large towns, it must sensibly effect the surplus now in the country.

AGRICULTURAL SHOWS.—Steps are being taken to erect a Crystal Palace in Napanee for agricultural purposes. The ground is a beautiful site, the gift of R. J. Cartwright, Esq., M.P. When will the people of this County take a similar step.

VOLUNTEER REVIEW.—This paper has changed hands, and will in future be conducted by Mr. Dawson Kerr, who was formerly connected with the Ottawa *Citizen*. We welcome our old friend back to the fold, and trust that he may be successful.

QUEBEC LEGISLATURE.—This Legislature does not intend to be niggardly in the management of its affairs. On Saturday, the Contingencies Committee submitted their report. They estimated the expenditure of the Assembly for the current year, including the indemnity of members, at $88,950.

SECRET SOCIETIES.—Mr. John Coyne's bill to amend section 397, of the municipal act, by striking out the words, "and that I will not connect myself with or attend the meetings of any secret societies while I am a member of the police force," has passed a second reading, and will likely be passed.

LIBEL.—Mr. A. M. Delisle and Mr. Workman of Montreal are about to sue Mr. Beaudry for libel, he having refused to make a retraction of the charges which they deemed slanderous in regard to the pocketing of bonds of Municipalities in connection with the Bytown-Railway. Mr. Beaudry in his reply to a demand for retraction, said he was not responsible for exaggerated newspaper reports, but did not deny having used the language.

FAREWELL SUPPER.—Mr. W. VERNER, the gentleman who has succeeded Mr. Van Allen in the Customs at this port, was, says the St. Catherines *Constitutional*, entertained by a number of gentlemen at a social spread at Houghton's saloon, as a mark of the high esteem in which he is held by many friends in this community. The chair was occupied by Jas. Douglas, Esq., Deputy Reeve, and the vice-chair by John Junkin, Esq. The occasion was thus rendered very agreeable, and it will doubtless prove a souvenir of friendship and good will in Mr. Verner's memory for many a day, associating pleasant recollections of his sojourn among the Saints, who rarely fail to appreciate a "jolly good fellow." He left for Belleville on Saturday, where we wish him a long lease of health and prosperity.

Quebec Legislature.

The question of teaching Agricultural Chemistry in the schools of Quebec was brought before the Legislature, a few days since, by Mr. Robertson, who moved "that it be an instruction to the Standing Committee on Immigration, Colonization, and Agriculture, to take into consideration the propriety of requiring that certain educational institutions introduce in their course of studies a course of Agricultural Chemistry, under competent masters." In support the hon. mover said he trusted this important matter would commend itself to the consideration of the House. He was aware of the difficulty of obtaining such books; but he had no doubt much of the difficulty might be obviated. It was very necessary to endeavor to cultivate, if possible, in our youth, a taste for such studies so requisite to the prosperity of the country; and he thought this desirable object might be attained without any expense to the Province. He was sure the Hon. Premier, with his known ability in educational matters, could hit upon a way of so doing, if he gave his attention to the point. He believed if agricultural chemistry were properly understood and applied, the most important results would be obtained, and the interests of the country materially advanced.

Hon. Mr. Chauveau said there could be no doubt of the importance of the study. He might inform the hon. gentleman, however, that considerable progress had already been made in that direction. For example, teachers coming up for diplomas, were required to have a certain knowledge of agriculture. Agricultural chemistry was also taught in the Normal Schools, but it was the only branch of agriculture there taught. As to the introduction of the study into collegiate and other scholastic institutions throughout the Province, he might say that the Government had power in the way of requiring the fulfilment of certain conditions in return for the grants accorded those institutions. It should be remembered, however, that the superior education fund had been long on a rather unsatisfactory basis; and the grants had been from time to time reduced; but after the arbitration with Ontario, when the financial position of the Province would be established, the Government would endeavor to place it, if possible, on a satisfactory basis, and then, with greater grace, require the fulfilment of the conditions they might desire to impose in return for the grants. The motion was then carried.

Export Duty on Logs.

We are glad to see that the people of this country are beginning to move in the matter of an export duty upon logs and shingle bolts. The present system is completely denuding our forests for the benefit of our American neighbors. The duty now imposed upon manufactured shingles, and the admitting of shingle bolts free by the United States, are actually an inducement to Canadian Manufacturers to remove their establishments into American territory, import the unmanufactured article, and make his shingles at a profit there, which, if made in Canada, could not be expoted at a profit, thereby robbing this country not only of the lumber, but of that labor which we should by all legitimate means endeavor to retain and foster. Upon this subject we copy the following from the London *Free Press* of the 11th instant:

"At an interesting meeting of the lumbermen of Lincoln and Welland, held last week, a memorial to the Dominion Parliament was adopted, praying that an export duty of $3 per 1,000 feet, board measure, may be put upon all saw-logs and round timber of all kinds leaving Canadian ports for other countries, and an export duty of $2 per cord upon all shingle bolts. It appears that by the present arrangements the sawn lumber is subject to an export duty, while the "raw material," the saw-logs, go out free. The effect is to induce many Canadians to go to the States to saw, importing their logs free, and thus injuring this country. It is estimated that from the Canadian ports on Lake Erie alone, fifty millions of feet in logs are exported annually, which, at the duty asked to be imposed, would realize $150,000 to the revenue. If the facts are as stated, it seems only proper that, in the absence of "reciprocity," such as that sought should be imposed. It was so imposed for a time, but quickly withdrawn. To effect what, was never clearly explained."

Ontario Legislature.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 12,

On the opening of the House a number of petitions on private bills were introduced and read.

LIMITS OF THE TOWN OF WHITBY.

On motion of Dr. McGill, the petition of certain inhabitants of Whitby, praying the reduction of the limits of the town, was referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

POOR LAW SYSTEM.

Mr. Ferrier inquired if it was the intention of the Government to take any steps during this session to establish a "Poor Law System" in this Province.

Hon. J. S. McDonald said this was a question of considerable importance, and the Government had not given any attention to it, and could not, he was afraid, this session.

REGISTRARS.

Mr. Sexton's Bill relating to Registrars was read a third time and passed.

INTERPRETATION OF THE STATUTES.

On motion of Hon. John S. McDonald, the Bill for the Interpretation of the Statutes was read a third time and passed.

WELLINGTON, GREY, AND BRUCE RAILWAY.

On motion of Hon. Mr. Wood, the report of the Committee of the Whole on the Wellington, Grey, and Bruce Railway Bill, was received and concurred in, and the Bill read a third time and passed.

THE ASSESSMENT ACT.

On motion of Mr. Rykert, the House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole on the Bill to amend the Assessment Act. After the committee had been in session about two hours, Mr. Rykert moved that the committee rise, report progress, and ask leave to sit again on Monday next, and the Bill stand first on the orders for that day. The motion was carried and the committee obtained leave to sit again on Monday.

The House adjourned at eight o'clock.

THE ORGAN QUESTION.—At a late meeting of the Toronto Presbytery, the following resolution, proposed by the Rev. Mr. Topp, was unanimously adopted:

"The Presbytery, having fully deliberated on the whole matter, whilst not declaring that the liberty which is sought is inconsistent with the standards or constitution of the Presbyterian Church, yet considering the diversity of opinion which exists in the congregations of the church generally on the subject, and desirous of avoiding everything wherein principle is not involved, which might tend to create division or schism in the church, find that it is inexpedient in the meantime and in present circumstances to grant the liberty that is craved. But believing that the anxiety of the members of the church in general is to render the service of praise in public worship more interesting and efficient, the Presbytery recommend to the Synod to adopt such measures as to its wisdom may seem best fitted to awaken a deeper interest in congregational psalmody, and to produce an improvement of the same."

—A button manufactory has been established in Berlin, Ontario.

Town Council.

WEDNESDAY Evn'g, 12th Feb. 1868.

PRESENT—Messrs. Brown, Diamond, Kennedy, Holden, Waters, Foster, Jones, McIntosh, Tannahill, Robertson and Sutherland.

In the absence of the Mayor, Mr. Brown was called to the chair.

Minutes of former meeting were read and approved.

G. W. Meyers applied for the office of License Inspector.

David Service applied for the office of Inspector of Weights and Measures.

Maria Babcock applied for relief.

Geo. Walton sent in an account for balance due him on his contract for building the engine house, part of which had been withheld on the ground that a drain was not sunk deep enough. The account was subsequently passed, less $5.

Jas. Clark applied for the office of Inspector of Weights and Measures.

Timothy Hayes applied for aid.

James Geen applied for the office of License Inspector.

Lewis J. Robins applied for assistance.

Dunham Ockerman sent in his resignation as Assessor, which was accepted.

Robt. Bell applied for a license for keeping a tavern in the Ontario Building, known as the "Queen's Own."

William Reeves proposed to furnish ladders, iron shod and iron bound, for 20 cents per foot.

A number of accounts were presented, read and subsequently passed.

REPORTS.

Mr. Diamond presented a report, stating that the Committee had accepted the proposition made by Mr. Simpson, for the lease of the water lot; and recommended that Mr. Peet only be allowed to occupy the water lot now held by him until next fall without paying any further rent, and that at that time he is to surrender the lot, wharves, and buildings, now upon the property, without any indemnity from the Town. The report was adopted on the following division:

YEAS.—Messrs. Sutherland, Diamond, Robertson, Jones, and Tannahill—5.

NAYS.—Messrs. McIntosh, Holden, and Foster—3.

Mr. Foster presented a report from the Ferry Committee, asking for a sum of money to be placed to their credit for the purpose of building a proper landing place for the Ferry boat. $200 was so appropriated.

ASSESSORS.

Mr. Holden moved that Mr. A. T. Petrie be appointed Assessor in place of D. Ockerman, resigned.—Carried.

LICENSE INSPECTORS.

Mr. Sutherland moved, seconded by Mr. Diamond, that John P. McDonnell, Esq., be appointed one of the License Inspectors.—Carried.

Mr. Watters moved that Mr. Joseph Todd be the other Inspector.—Lost.

Mr. Holden moved Mr. J. C. Phillips be an Inspector.—Lost.

Mr. Sutherland moved that Mr. Francis Clark be the second Inspector.—Carried.

STREET SURVEYOR.

Mr. Holden moved, seconded by Mr. Tannahill, That the Council go into Committee of the Whole on the By-Law to abolish the office of Street Surveyor.—Carried.

Mr. McIntosh in the chair.

Mr. Sutherland said he was opposed to the abolition of the office, until some plan shall have been proposed to take its place.

Mr. Diamond argued from the same standpoint, and said the motion was aimed at the present occupant, and that it would be more honest and manly to make a direct motion. He would therefore move, seconded by Mr. Robertson, That it is not expedient to abolish the office of Street Surveyor until some better system be propounded, whereby the work of the town may be carried on, and that the Committee do now rise.

Mr. Tannahill argued that Mr. Diamond had given the best evidence that the present Surveyor did not do his duty, and that it was with him simply a question of keeping a friend in office.

Mr. Kennedy said that if some of the actions of Mr. Tannahill, in regard to the drag and other things were put upon paper, they would look very nasty. They did not stop at anything, witness the story about the printing, the nails, and the labor, which it was said cost $7,000.

Mr. Holden, in order to meet the objection, would move that the following be added to the By-Law: "That until the Street Committee devise some system of managing the streets and sidewalks, the management of the same be under the control of the Street Committee. He then argued that it was the duty of the Street Committee to devise proper means to carry on the necessary improvement of the town. In reference to the printing, as it had been alluded to, and as he had been attacked through the press for what he had said, he wished to state that he had, when looking over the Auditor's report, found it stated, "Printing, $644," which led him to believe that that was the amount paid for printing that year. If that was not the case, as he had been told, and now believed it was not, the Auditors and Treasurer should be taught to make out their statement in such a way as not to deceive and mislead people.

Mr. Brown argued that until some better scheme was proposed, he would vote against the abolition of the office. He had known the Street Surveyor for a number of years, and always found him a strictly honorable man.

Mr. Diamond replied, when Mr. Holden's motion was put and lost upon the following division:

YEAS.—Messrs. Foster, Holden, Tannahill and Waters—4.

NAYS.—Messrs. Sutherland, Diamond, Robertson, Kennedy, Jones, and Brown—6.

The original proposition having been lost, there was nothing upon which to base an amendment, and the Committee rose without reporting.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Mr. Brown called the attention of the Council to the action of other corporate bodies in voting aid to the distressed fishermen of Nova Scotia, but owing to the telegrams received by the Toronto Committee, stating that further aid was not necessary, no action was taken.

The Council then adjourned.

A new sect, known as Nazarines, has appeared in Hungary. It attracts the entire peasant population, as the Methodists did in Wales. It is only among the lower classes that it spreads with rapidity. The people have no priests, and no religious rites. They refuse to have their children baptized, and will swear no oath. They have closely-connected societies, in which all matters of common interest and the private affairs of individuals are arranged. They are quiet, orderly, sober and industrious above their neighbors. No one seems to know where the religion came from, nor how it was introduced, but it is sweeping over the land like a tornado.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—Wm. B. Brett succeeds Selwyn as Solicitor General.

The press comments favorably upon the proceedings in Congress on allegiance and citizenship. General Banks' speech is especially commended.

Important despatches have just been received from Abyssinia. At last accounts from the interior, General Napier was at the front pushing on the advance, and the hostile forces were drawing nearer to each other. Reports reached Annesley Bay that skirmishes had already taken place between the British advance and the forces of King Theodore, but no particulars of fighting are given. Official despatches from General Napier are anxiously awaited.

PARIS, Feb. 12.—*La France* insists that Count Von Bismarck asked permission to resign his post at the head of the Prussian Cabinet.

BERLIN, Feb. 12.—The North German *Gazette*, a paper which is generally regarded as the private organ of Bismarck, has an editorial to-day in which it finds fault with Baron Von Beust, and declares that he is pursuing a dangerous course in too zealously befriending the exiled Princes of Hanover.

American Despatches.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—The *Herald's* Havana special says: The Dominican capital held out against the besiegers but a few days. General Hungria is President *ad interim*. General Baez is anxiously expected at the capital. He will immediately assume the Presidency on arriving at Manseillo.

The severe drought is retarding the tobacco growth, and the probabilities are that the crop will be half short.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—The steamer "Caledonia," from Glasgow, has arrived.

Last night a still at work in Nelson Street, South Brooklyn, exploded and completely destroyed a portion of the building. Three men were killed.

The *Times'* Washington special says: There is some excitement to-night over the fact that Mr. Stephens, chairman of the Reconstruction Committee, has prepared a strong report, recommending the preferment of articles of impeachment by the House, which he says he is determined to push through the Committee at their meeting to morrow morning. He bases his action on the alleged violation of the Civil Tenure Law by the President and on his alleged incitement to insubordination in ordering Gen. Grant to disregard the direct authority of the Secretary of War. There are other points in the report touching upon the alleged endeavors of the President to defeat the execution of the Reconstruction Law, and the whole is said to be as strong an indictment as Mr. Stephens can frame.

The new trial of Surratt, which was fixed to come off on the 24th instant, will probably be again postponed.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says, the Committee on the reconstruction will hold a meeting to-morrow, when the additional Grant-Johnson correspondence is to be submitted. This will probably be the last of this matter for the present. It will stop in committee until brought out for political effect in the next Presidential campaign. Impeachment on this score is also considered dead. The President's last letter is looked upon as a direct back-down, and has the effect of killing the impeachment.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—The steamship "St. Andrew," from Glasgow, has arrived.

—At a public house in Devonshire the landlord has painted up outside his door: "Good beer sold here, but don't take my word for it."

—A Miss Hall of Artemis, Ontario, was married to Mr. Charles Van Fredson on the 4th inst, and before the clergyman left the house she took a dose of laudanum, and in six hours was a corpse. No cause is assigned for the act.

In Chicago, an iron manufacturer advertised for four workmen. During the next day about 1,000 men applied for the situations. This is an index of the present state of affairs among the workingmen of Chicago, so large a proportion of whom are now out of employment.

VOLTAIRE ON MARRIAGE.—Voltaire says: "The more married men you have, the fewer crimes there will be. Marriage renders a man more virtuous and more wise. An unmarried man is but half of a perfect being, and it requires the other half to make things right; and it cannot be expected that in this imperfect state he can keep the straight path of rectitude any more than a boat with one oar or a bird with one wing can keep in a straight course. In nine cases out of ten where they commit crime against the community, the foundation of these acts is laid while in a single state, or when the wife is, as is sometimes the case, an unsuitable match. Marriage changes the current of a man's feelings and gives him a centre for his thoughts, his affections and his acts. Here is a home for the entire man, and the interest of his better half keeps him from erratic courses, and from falling into a thousand temptations to which he would otherwise be exposed. Therefore the friend to marriage is the friend to society and to his country."

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, Feb 13

Commercial Bills,	99 to
Greenbacks, buying at,	70
" selling at,	71¢
Bank of Upper Canada Bills,	62
Silver, buying at,	4 to 4¢
" selling at,	8¢

Gold opened at 141¢; closed at 140¢.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, Feb. 13, 1868.

FALL WHEAT—$1 60 to $1 65.
SPRING WHEAT—$1 50 to $1 60.
BARLEY—$90 to $95.
RYE—firm at $1 00 to $1 06.
OATS—60c.
PEAS—demand only for local use at 90c to 95c.
BUCKWHEAT—60c to 75c.
SEED—Dull at $5 50 @
PORK—$5 50 to $6 00. Heavy Pork $4 @.
MUTTON—3c to 4c per pound.
BUTTER—15c to 22c.
EGGS—18c to 20c.
HIDES—$6.50 to $7.00.
SHEEPSKINS—dull at 75c.
CALFSKINS—3c @.
TALLOW—Rough, 5c; rendered, 8c.
WOOL—25c.
POTATOES—60 to 65c.
APPLES—$2 30c to $1 00.
HAY—$10 to $15.
CHEESE—10c.
CORN—90c to $1.
FLOUR—No 1, $7 50 @ bbl.
POTASH—$4 50 to $4 75.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.

MONTREAL, Feb. 13, 1867.
1 P. M.

FLOUR.—Superior Extra	$8 00 @	8 25
Extra	7 80 @	8 00
Fancy	7 60 @	7 75
Welland Canal Superfine	7 40 @	7 60
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat,	7 40 @	7 60
" " 1 Western Wheat,	7 40 @	7 60
" " 2 " "	7 10 @	7 20
Bag Flour	3 60 @	3 75
WHEAT.—Canada Fall	0 00 @	0 00
Spring	1 70 @	0 00
Western	0 00 @	0 00
OATS.—Per 32 lbs	0 46 @	0 47
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	0 90 @	1 00
BUTTER—Dairy	0 15 @	0 19
" Store Packed	0 14 @	0 18
ASHES—Pots	5 25 @	5 30
Pearls	5 75 @	5 80
PORK—Mess	19 00 @	00 00
Prime Mess	14 00 @	00 00
Prime	13 00 @	00 00
DRESSED HOGS	5 75 @	6 25
PEAS	0 87 @	0 88
RYE FLOUR	5 95 @	6 00

Flour—arrivals 1,000 barrels; market quiet with small sales at unchanged rates. Grain: Wheat nominal. Peas wanted for spring delivery at $1 for 66 pounds. Oats and Barley—no sales noted; rates firm. Provisions: Pork unchanged. Butter—fair enquiry at former rates. Ashes: Pots active. Pearls neglected.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, February 13.

Cotton quiet at 20½c to 21c.
Flour firmer with a fair demand; receipts 6,000 barrels; sales 8,700 bbls at $8 40 to $9 30 for superior state and western; $9 80 to $10 80 for common to choice extra State; $9 50 to $11 60 for common to choice extra western.
Rye flour firmer at $7.50 to $9 30.
Wheat firm; receipts 7,000 bushels; sales 7,500 bushels No. 2 Chicago at $2 41.
Rye quiet; receipts 1,400 bushels.
Corn unchanged; receipts 76,000 bushels; sales 36,000 bushels at $1 27 to 1 30 for new united western afloat; $1 30 for western yellow afloat.
Barley scarce and firm; sales 400 bushels.
Oats dull; receipts 16,000 bushels; sales at 85c for Western in store.
Pork quiet and steady at $22 37 to $22 50 for old mess; $23 40 to $23 56 for new do.
Lard quiet and heavy at 14c to 15c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.

Stocks active and strong.
Sterling Exchange, 60 days, 109½.
Gold 141¾.

Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
February 13, 1868.

IMPORTS.—5 cars merchandise.
EXPORTS.—2 car merchandise.

—A recently erected tombstone in one of the Parisian cemeteries bears a more truthful than complimentary epitaph. It runs thus:

Here lies A. B. C.,
Who died on October 27th, 1867,
To the great delight of his widow.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

R. R. R. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Is the only vegetable Remedy, in liquid form, that will cure at once all Bilious Attacks, Fevers, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Headache, Spasms, Dipthería, Influenza, Kidney and Bladder Diseases. One application will in a few minutes afford immediate comfort.

Sisters of Mercy, Dorchester St., Montreal, C. E.,
Hospital of the Sisters of Mercy.

DR. RADWAY: I certify that your Ready Relief has cured over one hundred of our sick from Chills, Vomiting, Diarrhœa, Head Pains, &c., &c.

One of our Sisters had the Rheumatism in her head for a great many years. Having taken a few spoonsful of Relief in water, and rubbing her head twice with the same medicine, she was perfectly cured, and never felt it since. I always use it for Dyspepsia and for Colds, and always with success. It is very useful for Sore Throat, Coughs, Influenza, Dipthería, &c. It has a good effect in Flatulence or Wind Cholic. I use it for foul breath, and it produces a marvellous effect. In short, it procures relief altogether remarkable to our invalids.

SISTER MARY DE BONSECOURS.

Sudden Colds, Coughs, Influenza, Dipthería, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Chills, Fever and Ague, Mercurial Pains, Scarlet Fever, &c., &c. Take from four to six of Radway's Pills, and also take a teaspoonful of the Ready Relief in a glass of water, sweetened with sugar or honey; bathe throat, head and chest with Ready Relief (if Ague or Intermittent Fever, bathe the spine also); in the morning you will be cured.

See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1868.—R. R. R. sold by all druggists. 51-2t 237-2w

LEXINGTON, Missouri, May 23, 1865.

MESSRS. J. N. HARRIS & CO.:

DEAR SIRS—I have made Allen's Lung Balsam pretty well known in our city and country, and have sold about all the four dozen bottles sent me in March last; and I find that persons who try the Balsam once, come back again for more, as it gives them satisfaction; and I recommend it in preference to any other medicine for Coughs and Colds. Please send me six dozen bottles as soon as possible.

Yours, &c.,
THOMAS J. FLETCHER, Druggist.

P. S.—I sell more Allen's Lung Balsam, than all other cough remedies together, and it gives general satisfaction.

Sold by all Family Medicine dealers.

☞ Perry Davis & Son, Agents for the Dominion of Canada. 51-4w 237-4w

☞ Ticket Office for Great Western Railway, opposite the Market, Front-St. Tickets issued to Milwaukee, Chicago, New Orleans, Omaha City, Nebraska Territory, Fort Riley, Kansas, Cheyenne, Dacotah, Denvis Colorado, and all points West. Fare received either in Greenbacks or current funds.

R. P. DAVY, AGENT.
217-1y

Steam Engines for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale a DOUBLE ENGINE AND BOILERS, all in good order. They have been used for a Flouring Mill of two runs of stone, and just the thing for a Crushing Mill.

For particulars apply to
OWEN ROBLIN,
February 11, 1868. Ameliasburgh.

AUCTION.

TRADE SALE

OF

SUGARS,
MOLASSES,
SYRUPS,
TEAS,
TOBACCOS,
FRUITS,

WINES AND LIQUORS,

&c., &c., &c.

A large and General Assortment of

FRESH GROCERIES

will be offered to the Trade BY AUCTION, at the Store of

Messrs. Pitceathly & Kelso,

FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

THURSDAY, 20TH INSTANT.

And to close a consignment—
Barrels No. 1 Round Herrings,
" Extra No. 1 Split do.
" Choice Labrador do.
Bundles Dry Codfish.

☞ SALE AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK A. M.

M. NULTY,
Auctioneer.

Belleville, 12th Feb., 1868. 52-1t,243-td



ONTARIO HALL.

ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION OF THE

TOWNSEND FAMILY,

and crowded houses everywhere.

Fashionable Entertainment for Three Nights.

Tuesday, Wednesday & Thursday
February the 18th, 19th, and 20th.

JOHN TOWNSEND,

THE Popular English, American, and Canadian Tragedian, in his great character of

OTHELLO!

Miss Florence Townsend,

In her celebrated character of "DESDEMONA," supported by the whole company.

On TUESDAY Evening, 18th February, will be presented Shakespeare's Great Tragedy of "OTHELLO" or the "MOOR of VENICE," with entirely new and appropriate dresses.

OTHELLO	John Townsend
IAGO	Mr. Burnet Townsend
CASSIO	Mr. Harry Townsend
MONTANO (first appearance)	Mr. W. J. Speck
DESDEMONA	Miss Florence Townsend
EMELIA	Miss Constance Townsend

Supported by the whole company.

To conclude with Charles Mathews' glorious Comedy, entitled

"LITTLE TODDLEKINS;"
OR, "MARRIED DAUGHTER AND ALL,"

BROWNSMITH	Mr. Harry Townsend
AMANTHIS	Mr. A. J. Reil
CAPT. LITTLEFOP	Mr. W. J. Speck
ANNIE BARICOMBE	Miss F. Townsend
SUSAN	Miss Constance Townsend

Supported by the whole company.

☞ Doors open at 7:15. Commence at 8.
Belleville, February 12th. 243-3t

NEW BOOKS

AT

F. VAN NORMAN'S.

Queen Victoria's Journal, "Our Life in the Highlands."
Wood's Natural History—2,500 illustrations, 3 vols., Royal 8vo..... $14 00
Chambers' Cyclopedia, now complete, 10 vols..... per vol., 2 50
Chambers' Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols..... 2 00
Family Cyclopedia..... 75
Our Constitution..... 1 00
Romance of Charity..... 1 00
The Land and the Book..... 2 00
Pre-historic Scotland..... 5 00
Knight's Half-hours with best Authors, 2 vols..... 2 50
Knight's Half-hours with English History..... 1 25
North-west Passage by Land, by Viscount Milton and Cheadle.
Barnes' Notes, complete.
D'Israeli's Curiosities of Literature, cloth and morocco.
Kitto's Bible History of the Holy Land.
Weales' Scientific Works.

ALL THE POETS, &c., &c.,

NEW SCHOOL BOOKS.

The CHEAPEST STATIONERY

In Belleville.

WALL PAPERS

From 5 cts. to $1 20 per Roll.

BIBLES,
HYMN BOOKS,
PRAYER BOOKS,
PSALM BOOKS,
CATECHISMS, &c. &c.

Sunday School Libraries

In great variety, and very low prices.

A GOOD STOCK OF

Sheet Music, Music Books, Violins,

&c., &c., constantly on hand.

☞ Orders by mail promptly executed.

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,
BELLEVILLE.
Belleville, Feb. 8, 1868. 239-tf

BAY STATE MINING CO'Y.

STOCK-HOLDERS in the above Company can now exchange their old scrip for new, on application to

F. H. ROUS,
Secretary.
Belleville, Feb. 7th, 1868. 238-6t

Notice of Partnership.

WE HAVE this day admitted William Jones, of Belleville, as partner into our firm.

A. S. PAGE & CO.
Belleville, Jan. 15, 1868. 218-1m

REMOVAL.

N. MANN begs to notify the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to the Dafoe House Building, where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many more, who will favor him with their patronage.

Belleville, Dec. 27, 1867.

BOARDING.

MRS. McKENZIE can accommodate a few permanent boarders; also, some daily boarders.

RESIDENCE—Pinnacle Street, opposite the market.

Belleville, Nov. 18, 1867. 170-tf

NOW READY,

THE

Queen's New Book,

Journal in the Highlands.

PRICE, $1.25.

E. HARRISON.

Belleville, Feb. 1, 1868. 233-tf

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THIS BANK is prepared to issue drafts, receive deposits, and grant interest receipts at the office of the Commercial Bank in Belleville.

Mr. THOMSON will be happy to see his old friends.

Belleville, Jany. 23, 1868. 225 tf

DIARIES, DIARIES,

FOR 1868,

AT

J. C. OVERELL'S,

TURNBULL'S BLOCK,
180 FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

The X-Mas No. of the

ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS,

IS NOW READY.

ALSO,
BOUND NUMBERS OF
British Workman,
Band of Hope Review,
Children's Friend,
Infant's Magazine,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
LEISURE HOUR, SUNDAY AT HOME, &c., &c.,
AT
J. C. OVERELL'S,
OPPOSITE THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
FRONT STREET,
BELLEVILLE.
January 4, 1868. 209

A SPLENDID

ASSORTMENT OF

FLANNELS,

GENT'S

FURNISHING GOODS,

&c., &c.,

JUST RECEIVED,

AT

J. MUIR & CO.'S.

Horses, Carriages, &c.,

FOR SALE.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS TAKEN AT PAR.

Apply to
H. PRETTY,
Opposite the Market.
Belleville, Oct. 22, 1867. 147-tf

Limes and Glycerine,

The best Hair Dresser before the public.

Limes and Glycerine,
The best preparation known for Dandruff.

Limes and Glycerine,
Allays all irritation of the Scalp.

Limes and Glycerine,
All who have used it pronounce it superior to any preparation for the Hair.

Limes and Glycerine,
Is to be found on almost every toilet table.

Limes and Glycerine,
Far superior to pure Glycerine for chapped hands, &c.

Prepared only at
APOTHECARIES HALL,
1d1y Front St., Belleville.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

Ladies Work Boxes,
" Writing Desks,
" Dressing Cases,
Photograph Albums.
Fancy Wool Goods.
Ladies Bonnets.

A fine assortment of

Dress Goods!

and the

Latest Styles in Cloth

FOR LADIES JACKETS.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.
Dec. 19, 1867. 1D-1y

GRAHAM FLOUR,

OATMEAL, SPLIT PEAS,
BEANS, &c.

—ALSO,—

WHITEFISH AND HERRINGS

IN BARRELS & HALF BARRELS,

At the "Corner Store,"
Front and Bridge Streets.

A. FLETCHER & Co.
January 15, 1868. 7-1y,w43-2t

HOOP SKIRTS,

LATEST STYLES.

G. C. Holton & Co.

J. & W. Sutherland

WOULD respectfully solicit an inspection of their new stock of

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS,

Which will be found complete in the following specialities:
FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FRENCH MERINOS—2s. 6d. and upwards
FRENCH LAMAS & THIBETS.
FRENCH DELAINES.
SCOTCH TWEEDS.
" ALL WOOL HOSIERY.
CANADIAN " "
" FLANNELS.
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.
DUNDAS COTTONS AND BAGS.
AMERICAN YARN.

J. & W. SUTHERLAND.
Belleville, October, 1867. 196m

HUFFMAN HOUSE,

MADOC, ONTARIO.

HUFFMAN & SON, Proprietors,
(LATE OF PETERBOROUGH.)

☞ Every attention paid to travellers. House and furniture entirely new. 145-tf 36tf

Partner Wanted.

WANTED, as equal partner in a light and profitable manufacturing business, a good responsible man, with some capital to invest.

For particulars enquire at 224, or at the office of S. B. Burdett, Attorney at-Law, &c., Front St., Belleville.
Belleville, Jan. 27, 1868. 228-tf

GEORGE ROCHE,

HATTER & FURRIER,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now prepared to take orders for

ALL KINDS of FURS.

Having procured the services of a first-class Cutter from Paris, particular attention paid to repairing.

☞ All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.

Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs.
October 14. 1D-6m

F. HACKETT

HAS RECEIVED A

CHOICE ASSORTMENT

OF

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS

Belleville, Oct. 1, 1867. 1D-6m

COSGRAVE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

East India Pale Ale.

JUST RECEIVED,
50 Hhds,
150 Barrels and half Barrels.
FOR SALE ONLY BY
WESLEY BULLEN.
Belleville, Nov. 26, 1867. 177-tf

GRAND DISCOUNT SALES

OF

DRY GOODS,

AT

P. D. CONGER'S.



HURRAH FOR

THE DOMINION.

R. H. JONES

BEGS leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened a new WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Grocery and Liquor Store,

in the premises lately occupied by Messrs. O'Brien & Henchy, where he will keep on hand a select and varied assortment of

General Groceries,
AND LIQUORS,
For family use and medicinal purposes.

TEAS.

YOUNG AND OLD HYSONS,
GUNPOWDER, TWANKAY,
IMPERIAL, JAPAN,
SOUCHONG,
CONGOU, &c., &c.

COFFEES.

THE BEST IN TOWN, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.

He would especially call the attention of families to his stock of

WINES, SPIRITS & LIQUORS.

Brandies, Ports, Sherries.
Irish, Scotch & Morton's Whiskeys.
Old Tom & Holland Gins,
IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.
Together with a large assortment of
CHAMPAGNE,
of the most popular brands.
LIQUEURS & CORDIALS, &C.

In addition to these there will be found a splendid stock of

LAMP GOODS & TRIMMINGS.

☞ Goods sent promptly to customers in any part of the town.
Belleville, Dec. 9, 1867. 188 43-tf

Greek Fire in Cork.

The Cork *Constitution* gives the following account of an outrage: At about half past nine o'clock on Wednesday night, Mr. Jones, who is foreman of Mr. Kington's leather cutting establishment, South Main Street, was going home, and as he passed by St. Peter's Church, he got a blow on the head which would be sufficient to stun an ordinary man, but being powerfully built, he withstood it; the stroke was very severe. Immediately he saw bounding off his head a bottle which broke in the doorway, and instantly the whole place was lit up with flame. They exactly resembled that which issued from the bottle of Greek fire broken a few nights ago in Patrick's Street, and were so bright that objects at a distance were rendered as visible as they would be at daylight. Mr. Jones was cosiderably alarmed at the occurrence, and ran into a neighboring house, where he found that his hat had been cut through by the force of the blow exactly over the roof of his head, and the scalp itself injured.

THE DAY OF REST.—I have been in the habit, during a great many years, of considering the uses of the Sabbath, and observing its abuses. The abuses are chiefly manifested in labor and dissipation. The use, medically speaking, is that of a day of rest. In a theological sense it is a holy rest, providing for the introduction of newer and sublimer ideas into the mind of man, preparing him for his future state. As a day of rest, I view it as a day of compensation for the inadequate restorative power of the body under continual labor and excitement.—*Dr. Farr's evidence before a Parliamentary Committee.*

The London *Times* gives the following particulars as to telegraph lines throughout the world: The total length of telegraph lines in the world is 178,086. In 1866 there were in Germany 28,347 miles of telegraph; in Russia, 22,892; in France, 18,694; in Great Britain and Ireland, 16,297; in Turkey, 8,665; in Italy, 8,216; in Sweden, 3,507; in Belgium, 1,089; in Switzerland, 2,160; in Canada, 5,050; and in the United States, 52,957. Besides these, there are the two Atlantic cables, which measure 4,369 English, or 3,755 nautical miles. The total length of the other submarine cables is nearly 6,500 miles. One of the most marvellous examples of the value of telegraphic communication was afforded on the recent occasion of Mr. Gladstone's tour. The addresses delivered at Southport and Ormskirk contained 16,882 words. The report of the speeches reached Liverpool by train at 11:25 p. m. The transmission to London by telegraph began at 11:30 p. m., and was completed at 1:40—that is to say, in little more than two hours. The last slips were delivered at the offices of the daily papers before 2:30. Mr. Gladstone's speech on the following day at Oldham contained 30,745 words, and was transmitted with corresponding rapidity.

American Watches.

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its use Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is, indeed, little else than a machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course, there must be no defect in the principle of plan or the movement, no mistake in the sizes or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with unfailing diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the reduplication of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough subdivision.

By means of multiplying guages and microscopes, tests and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools, and for faults and flaws in steel or stone, are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a finished machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home.—Instead of sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the lightest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear ringing sound always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a time keeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The Company claim that by it they produce Watches that cannot be equalled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan, and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of Watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes to suit all tastes and means; but every Watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM" is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

☞ EVERY WATCH FULLY WARRANTED.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
No. 182, Broadway, N.Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
TORONTO and MONTREAL,
General Agents.

Toronto, Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-3m

Great Bargains at
Wilson & Robertson's

THE following lines are now offered to the public:—

30 ps. all Wool Tweeds, 5s. for 3s 9d per yd.
25 " " " 5s 6d for 4s 6d " "
40 " " " 5s 9d for 5s "

A large Assortment of Wool Shawls

A few ps. ALL WOOL Carpets,
AND A VARIETY OF OTHER GOODS.

In order to reduce our Stock, we offer these goods very much cheaper than they will be found elsewhere.

WILSON & ROBERTSON

HURRAH FOR
BARNUM'S
LINE OF STAGES
For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half-past 8 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12, noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 2 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

S. BARNUM,
Proprietor.

C. HORTON, Agent, Belleville.
S. GUSTIN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1867. 968

CANADA WEST
FARMERS' MUTUAL
AND
Stock Insurance Company.

THE Annual general meeting of the Members of "The Canada West Farmers' Mutual and Stock Insurance Company," will be held (pursuant to resolution adopted at the last annual meeting,) on Thursday, the 6th of February next, for the purpose of receiving the Annual Report, and of electing four Directors to serve in place of the late Jacob Binkley, deceased, H. J. Lawry, who retires, and William Burrell and Thomas Stock, whose term of office expires, but who are eligible for re-election.

RICHARD P. STREET,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Hamilton, January 2d, 1868. 210 5w

Store-keepers!
Farmers!
And Others!

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM THE IMPORTERS DIRECT.

The Montreal Tea Company,
6 Hospital Street, Montreal,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to different parts of the country—and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOTEL, QUEBEC, January 7, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—The six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

HOUSE OF SENATE, OTTAWA, Dec. 16, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours &c.,

S. SKINNER.

QUEBEC, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—The box of 30 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 55 cents was of excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 for.

Yours respectfully, D. ANDERSON.

TORONTO, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—The two chests of Tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton, one chest Fine Flavored New Season Congou, at same price, viz.: at 55 cents per lb. Yours, &c.,

JAMES EDGAR.

FELCOME, December 23, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—The Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz.: at 75 cents per lb. Address as before.

Your obedient servant, F. OLIVER.

JOHN T. DAY.

COBOURG, January 8, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box of 30 lbs. at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the "Medical Journal" have frequently declared that one half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be guaranteed pure and free from poisonous substance, in 50, 25, 20, 15, and 12 lbs. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c.; 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do. 55c., 60c., and 65c.; Superfine and Fine Flavored do., 75c.; Sound Oolong, 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60c.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan, Good, 50c., 55c.; Very Fine, 60c.; Finest, 65c., 75c.; Scented Orange Pekoe, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankey Common, 38c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c., 60c., 65c., and 70c.; Fine do., 75c.; Very Fine, 85c.; Superfine and very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c.; Extra Superfine do., $1.

All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality, and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c. to 70c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by expressman, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of five chests and upwards.

All Boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
MOIRA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Capital Stock, $100,000. **Divided into 10,000 Shares.**

WORKING CAPITAL, $15,000.

HORACE YEOMANS, Esq., PRESIDENT. ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., TREASURER.
B. S. GILBERT, Esq., SECRETARY. J. G. SHURTZ, Esq., SUPERINTENDENT.

MERCHANTS' BANK, BANKERS. DEAN & GILBERT, SOLICITORS.

DIRECTORS:

HORACE YEOMANS, of Flint & Yeomans, Belleville.
ANDREW THOMSON, Banker, Belleville.
W. W. DEAN, Master in Chancery, Belleville.
JOHN G. SHURTZ, Superintendent.
JAMES LISTER, M.D., Belleville.
JAMES W. CARMAN, American, Consul, Belleville.
BARTON S. GILBERT, of Dean & Gilbert, Barristers, Belleville.

THIS COMPANY is duly Incorporated under Cap. 23, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the purpose of working the mineral veins upon *sixteen* acres of Lot No. 19, in the fifth concession of Madoc, (the Richardson Mine being No. 18 in the same concession.)

A shaft has been sunk to the depth of nine feet in the rock. At six feet a gold-bearing lode was struck, of 18 inches in width, which at nine feet has increased to 2½ feet, and a crushing at Gilbert & Turley's mill of four and one-half tons of the rock, gave a yield of over fifty-six dollars in gold; the lode is clearly defined, and evidently extends the whole length of the property—52 rods.

The territory is admirably situated for mining purposes, being a high ridge covered with indications of mineral veins. There are numerous places on the land fully as promising as the one on which the shaft has been sunk, and which would unquestionably yield as well. The large quantity of land, and the prospects of other gold-bearing veins, make it certain that the Company will be able to subdivide the property as soon as a little further development has been made, and form other Companies at great advantage.

Work is being vigorously prosecuted in the shaft, under the superintendence of JOHN G. SHURTZ, Esq., one of the Directors, who is largely interested in the proprietary of the mine, and who has had thirteen years' practical experience in the gold mines of California and Nevada, and is unquestionably the most accomplished quartz miner now in this country.

It is intended to have a further crushing in a few days, and negotiations are in progress which, if carried out, will secure a mill to the Company at once, so that regular work will be gone on with without delay, and dividends may, in that case, be expected in a short time.

Belleville, Jan. 27th, 1868. 228d-tf

India and China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or $1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb. Finest procurable, $1.00.

Protected by Trade Mark.

☞ Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.
August 16th, 1867. D90-1y w27-1y

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO.
OF CANADA.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
INCORPORATED 1849.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - - TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., President, LEWIS MOFFATT, Esq., Vice-President.

HON. MALCOLM CAMERON,	A. T. FULTON, Esq.,	W. J. McDONELL, Esq.
C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq.,	H. S. HOWLAND, Esq.	J. McMULLEN, Esq.,
GEORGE CHAFFEY, Esq.,	A. R. McMASTER, Esq.	A. M. SMITH, Esq.

SOLICITORS:—MESSRS. DUGGAN & BURNS.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on every description of property.

MARINE INSURANCES—Inland and to the Lower Ports, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the West Indies, and by steam vessels to Europe.

Rates as moderate as any other respectable Insurance Company.

F. McANNANY, Esq., Agent, Belleville. JAS. SIDNEY CROCKER, Manager.

November 12, 1867. 39w6m–165d6m

BELLEVILLE
AGRICULTURAL WORKS
AND
IRON FOUNDRY
WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Threshing Machines,
STRAW CUTTERS,
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,
Iron and Steel Ploughs,
Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-tf

American Invoices--Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
QUEBEC, 6th March, 1863.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the *Canada Gazette*.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, June 8, 1867.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 28 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
3D1t-tf Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL!

THE "DAILY NEWS,"
$6 00 per Annum, in advance.
JOHN LOVELL,
63 Printer and Publisher.

BLANKS of every description for sale at *The Intelligencer* office.

BRITISH PERIODICALS,

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative).
The Edinburgh Review (Whig).
The Westminster Review (Liberal).
The North British Review (Free Church.)
AND
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory.)

THESE periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stands unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews, - -	$4.00 per annum.
For any two of the Reviews, - -	7.00 "
For any three of the Reviews, - -	10.00 "
For all four of the Reviews, - -	12.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine, - -	4.00 "
For Blackwood and one Review, -	7.00 "
For Blackwood and any of the Reviews, - -	10.00 "
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews, - -	12.00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	15.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of *twenty per cent*, will be allowed to Clubs of four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood, or of the Review, will be sent to *one address* for $12.80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $48.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The postage in any part of the United States is *Two Cents* a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums for New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, gratis, any one of the *Four Reviews* for 1867. New Subscribers to all five of the periodicals for 1868 may receive, gratis, Blackwood or any one of the "*Four Reviews*" for 1867.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1.50 a year for each or any Review; also, Blackwood for 1866 and 1867, for $2.50 a year, or the two years together for $4.00.

☞ Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to Clubs, nor reduced prices for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted *direct to the Publishers*.

No premiums can be given to Clubs.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING Co.,
140 Fulton St., N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the
FARMER'S GUIDE,
by HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1600 pages, and numerous Engravings.
Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid, $8.

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the *AMERICAN (WALTHAM) WATCH* have given it such a wide world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and pirated its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found, who fortively trade upon the popularity of the American Watch, by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article. It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for genuine watches have attained. The several grades of the American Watches—except the lowest grade, marked Home Watch Co.—*are guaranteed by special certificate*, bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. ROBBINS.

The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine Watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH Co.
APPLETON, TRACY & Co.
WALTHAM WATCH Co.
P. S. BARTLETT.
WM. ELLERY.
HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the General Superintendent,
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

GENTLEMEN—The watches manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years by our engineemen, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying your watches give us less trouble and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but we think they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that Waltham watches are the most satisfactory of any for their uses. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I am told, are known one to wear out, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON.
G. Chief Engineer.
* Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto & Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS.

Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-3m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every afternoon (sundays excepted) and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of $5 a year if paid in advance, $6 otherwise. Mail subscribers $5 a year. $2 50 for 6 months; $1 50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgewater, Marmora and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the **Gold Regions**, and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., &c., and in short, neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months,	$ 5 00
Half Square, 6 months,	$10 00
One Square, 6 months,	$20 00
Two Squares, 6 months,	$30 00
Four Squares, 6 months,	$50 00
Notices of Births,	50
Do of Marriages,	50
Do of Deaths,	50

"BUSINESS NOTICES"—All matter under this heading, leaded or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of Nonpareil Solidion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements every two weeks.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion, and 2 cents for each additional insertion.

The Weekly Intelligencer

Is published every Friday Morning at $2 per annum if called for at the Office, or sent by mail; and $2½ if delivered by the Carrier, payable in all cases in advance. When not paid until the close of the year, 50 cents will be added to each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, and the number now on our subscription list is **over 1,400.** With such a large and general circulation throughout this and adjoining Counties, the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed advantages to advertisers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Six lines and under, first insertion, . . . 0 50
Each subsequent insertion, . . . 0 12½
Above six lines (per line) first insertion 0 07
Each subsequent insertion per line, . . . 0 02

☞ "BUSINESS NOTICES"—10 cents per line each insertion, measured as solid minion.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to insure their appearance.

All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

The Intelligencer Job Office

Is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the country.

The DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER can be had at the Book Stores in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at El Dorado.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

M. BOWELL,
INTELLIGENCER BUILDING, *Publisher*
Front treet, Belleville.

Daily Intelligencer.

Let there be Harmony in things Essential—Liberality in things not Essential—Charity in all.

Vol. 1. BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, FRIDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 14, 1868. No. 244.

Montreal Business Directory.

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal,

DEPARTMENTS.

Braces,	Knitted Woolens,
Braids,	Laces,
Brushes and Combs,	Ladies Collars and Sets,
Buttons,	Straw Goods,
Corsets,	Small Wares in great
Elastics,	variety.
Felt Hats,	Threads,
Gents Collars and Ties.	Trimmings & Ornaments
Hosiery and Gloves,	Umbrellas.

VELVET RIBBONS, &c.
HOOP SKIRTS,—our own Manufacture. 156-6m

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware Manufacturers,
MONTREAL.

KILN PLATES
AND
CASTINGS for BREWERIES.

Any parties about putting up new kilns for
MALT OR OATMEAL
will do well to correspond with the above.
156-6m.

BURROWS & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobaccos, &c., &c.
414 St. Paul St., Montreal.

☞Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 156-6m

PEAVEY & MARCH,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions,
And everything usually sold in a first class Grocery.
No. 344 Notre Dame Street, a few doors West St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

☞Every article warranted to be as represented or may be returned. Goods sent to any part of the City Free of Charge. 156-6m

HUNTER, DUFFY & JOHNSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
20 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 156-6m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, PROPRIETOR,
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-6m

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, Collins Wharf, Halifax.

PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 38d-6m-W6m

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
278 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.

MAPS, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, Bills of Lading, Blank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards, in any number of colors, Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 27D6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c., &c., &c.,
25 Hospital St., - - - MONTREAL,

OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and
ON AS GOOD TERMS
as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.
J. C. FRANCK & Co.
July 27, 1867. 74d.

QUEEN
INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL, - - - - $10,000,000.
FIRE and LIFE.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers.—One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to **Ten per Cent** of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management
Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in 1868, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.
M. BOWELL,
Intelligencer Office.
DR. CANNIFF, *Agent.*
National Buildings
May, 1866. 4D-6m

Montreal Business Directory.

Frothingham & Workman,
MONTREAL,
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.

Warehouse and Offices 395 to 399, St. Paul St.

Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on nand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c.
May 1st. 1d-6m

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M. D.,
Consulting and Analytical Chemist,
630 Lagauchetiere Street, Montreal.

☞At home for consultation before 10 A. M., between 2 and 3, and after 6 P. M.

FEES FOR ANALYSIS,—$5 a metal, payable in advance.
156-6m

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
203 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL.

☞Every description of Jewelry manufactured from Gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 28d6m

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant.
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

Agent for Walter Evans & Co. Sewing and Knitting Cottons, Derby, and J. M. Perry & Co.'s Gray's Patent Linen Fibre Collars, Nottingham, England.
1D-6m

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER.
OFFICE: Corner of St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.
REFERENCES—Robertson & Beattie, Robert Esdaile, Esq., Jas Turrance, Esq. 31 D3m

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT
And Commission Merchants,
49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street,
MONTREAL. 1D-6m

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant.
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods, 1D-6m

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 229 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 28d6m

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.
THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.
E. MUIR,
Chemist and Druggist,
28d6m Place D'Armes, Montreal.

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McCUAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
OFFICE.—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and 81 Common Street, Canal Wharf,
MONTREAL.

☞Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and oil or Produce, and purchase of Merchandise. 28d6m

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
100 GREY NUNS STREET, MONTREAL,
HAVE FOR SALE—

Boiler Tubes,	Drain Pipes,
Gas Tubes,	Roman Cement,
Horse Nails,	Water Lime,
Paints and Putty,	Portland Cement,
Fire Bricks,	Paving Tiles,
Fire Clay,	Garden Vases,
Flue Covers.	Chimney Tops, &c.

☞Manufacturers of AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR, and BED SPRINGS. 24D6m

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.
LIBERAL advances made on consignments to ourselves, or for shipment to our friends in Great Britain
May 31st, 1867. 27D6m

A. ROBERTSON & Co,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Manties, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosier, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Clothes, Canadian Woollens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons, Prints, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Muslins.
478 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St.,
MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro', C. W. 1D-6m

Important to Miners and
MINING MEN.
JOHNS' Patent Water-Proof Safety Fuse for WET GROUND and SUBMARINE BLASTING, is much cheaper than any other, and pronounced by Mining men much better than any imported.

Testimonials received from men well known in the mining and quarrying business of Canada and the United States; from Messrs. Morrill & Colby, Beaneta, Wiswell Macfarland, Adams, Watson, Griffith, Wearn, and others.

☞All orders promptly attended to.
Address JOHNS & Co.,
150 3m Sherbrooke, Q.

TERRAPIN RESTAURANT
CHARLES PAPINEAU,
BEGS to inform the public that he has opened the TERRAPIN RESTAURANT, in Coleman's Building, next door to Dr. Coleman's Drug Store, and he has fitted it up in first-class style, with every convenience. He will keep constantly on hand the best Ale and Porter, and the purest brands of Liquors.

☞Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c., always on hand.
Belleville, Oct. 16, 1867. 142-tf

CONGER BROS.
FEELING thankful for the very liberal patronage given them for the past year, beg to remind their customers and the public that having thoroughly
REFITTED THEIR STORE!
are now opening a well assorted stock of FRESH TEAS, SUGARS, SPICES, CURRANTS, RAISINS, FIGS, &c.
Special attention is called to their fine assortment of
Jams, Jellies, Canned and Bottled FRUITS. VEGETABLES, &c.
R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER.
Nov. 13th, 1867. 1b1y



MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the
Canadian & United States Mails.
1867—SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.—1867.
Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.

Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.

This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undernoted First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double-Engine Iron Steamships:—

AUSTRIAN,	2700 Tons.	Capt. AITON.
NESTORIAN,	2700 "	Lt. DUTTON, R.N.R.
MORAVIAN,	2650 "	Capt. WYLIE.
PERUVIAN,	2600 "	Capt. BALLANTINE.
HIBERNIAN,	2434 "	Capt. BROWN.
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	2300 "	Capt. ALLAN.
NORTH-AMERICAN,	1734 "	Capt. KERR.
BELGIAN,	2434 "	Capt. GRANGE.
DAMASCUS,	1600 "	Capt. WATTS.

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL every THURSDAY, and from PORTLAND every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)

The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from PORTLAND as undernoted, viz:—

NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 25th Jan.
PERUVIAN,	Saturday, 1st Feb.
AUSTRIAN,	Saturday, 8th "
HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 15th "
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Saturday, 22nd "
MORAVIAN,	Saturday, 29th "
NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 7th March

ST. GEORGE from Portland, 21st February.
ST. ANDREW from Portland, 11th March.

☞Fares per "Nova Scotian," 11th January, from Scotland to St. Johns, N. F., are—Cabin, $30; Steerage, $15.

Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway:—

CABIN,	$89 20 to $99 20
(according to accommodation.)	
STEERAGE,	$32 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
For particulars, apply to
J. W. THOMPSON, Agent,
27D6m-16W1y Canadian Express Office, BELLEVILLE.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
For 1868.
THE CHEAPEST OF LADIES' MAGAZINES,
BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST.

THE friend of woman, the arbiter of fashion, the encourager and publisher of the best literature of the day, the pattern from which all others copy.

READING MATTER.

In this there will be an improvement. The volume for 1868 will be set up with new-faced type, and of a size that will enable us to give an additional quantity of reading matter amounting to about twelve pages in each number.

BEAUTIFUL STEEL PLATES.

Of these the LADY'S BOOK contain *fourteen* each year, superior (we challenge comparison) to any published in this country, either in book or periodical.

THE LITERATURE OF THE LADY'S BOOK.

MARION HARLAND,
Authoress of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Moss Side," "Nemesis," and "Marian,"

who contributes to no other monthly publication, will furnish a new novel for 1868, called "PREMIE ROWLAND," that will run through the year. Her stories are anxiously sought after, and as they are copyrighted, can be found nowhere but in GODEY. Our former efficient corps of writers has also been retained.

OUR FASHION PLATES.

The original double fashion-plates will be continued MODEL COTTAGE.—The only magazine in this country that gives these designs is the LADY'S BOOK.
DRAWING LESSONS.—In this we are also alone.
ORIGINAL MUSIC.—GODEY'S is the only magazine in which music prepared expressly for it appears.
We have also a CHILDREN'S, a HORTICULTURAL, and a HEALTH department.

GODEY'S INVALUABLE RECEIPTS

upon every subject, for the Boudoir, Nursery, Kitchen, House, and Laundry.

TINTED ENGRAVINGS.—This is a series of engravings that no one has attempted but ourselves.

THE LADY'S FANCY WORK DEPARTMENT.—Some of the designs in this department are printed in colors in a style unequalled.

Terms for 1868.

One copy, one year,	$3 00
Two copies, one year,	5 00
Three copies, one year,	7 00
Four copies, one year,	10 00
Five copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making six copies	14 00
Eight copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making nine copies,	21 00
Eleven copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making twelve copies	27 00

Godey's Lady's Book and Arthur's Home Magazine will be sent one year on receipt of $4 00.
Godey's Lady's and The Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $3 50.
Godey's Lady's Book, Arthur's Home Magazine, and Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $5 00.
☞Canada subscribers must send 24 cents additional for every subscription to the Lady's Book, and 12 cents for either of the other magazines, to pay the American postage.

HOW TO REMIT.—In remitting by mail, a Post Office Order or a Draft, payable to the *Order of L. A. Godey*, is preferable to bank notes, as, should the Order or Draft be lost or stolen, it can be renewed without loss to the sender. If a Draft or a Post Office Order cannot be procured, send United States or National Bank notes.

Address L. A. GODEY,
N. E. Corner Sixth and Chestnut Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

Belleville Business Directory.

Macclellan & Macclellan,
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency Attornies-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c, &c Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Ross, Bell & Holden,
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville.
HON. JNO. ROSS. JOHN BELL. THOS. HOLDEN
1D6m Wtf

Diamond & Dickson,
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c.
OFFICE:—Neilson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
A. DIAMOND. GEO. D. DICKSON.
1D-Wtf

A. R. Dougall,
BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.
Office over Overell's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.

Robertson & Stewart,
BARRISTERS and Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office,—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street,
ALEX. ROBERTSON. D. E. K. STEWART.
1D6m-Wtf

Legate & Price,
BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1D6m-Wtf

Geo. H. Haymes,
HATTER and Furrier, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs.
1D6m-Wtf

McLeod & Carre,
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURveyors, Architects, Draughtsmen and Patent Solicitors, 153½ Front Street, Belleville. 1D

Pitcathly & Kelso,
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants' Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Law Partnership.
THE undersigned have this day entered into co-partnership under the name of Jellett & Bleasdell. Office—Corner of Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville.
R. P. JELLETT.
8th October, 1867. J. H. T. BLEASDELL.

Forrest & Lozo's
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Lazier's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 25D-tf

T. Lockerty,
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 22D5m

Ponton, Falkiner & Denmark
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

Angus McFee,
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewelry and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1D6m

John Wilson,
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street, Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled.
1D6m

J. W. Brown,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, oppoite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

Geo. Gibson,
MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and Shocs, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1D6m

J. C. Vapor,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

To Gold Miners
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Swedes Iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks, cast steel polished. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. WM. POWELL.
1D6m

McKeown & Robertson,
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

ALLSOP'S ALE,
Guiness' Stout,
Blood's Porter!!
IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT
1D6m **HAMBLY'S.**

BILL HEADS.
AND all other kinds of JOB PRINTING, executed with neatness and despatch at the INTELLIGENCER Office, Front Street, Belleville.

The Hudson Bay Company.

From the British Columbian, New Westminster.

In a former article we said that monopolies based upon an entire disregard of what is due to others besides their own members, and conducted in a spirit of grinding tyranny, will make Broadheads wherever the right sort of material comes under their influence. Let us see whether "The last Great Monopoly" forms an exception. Sir George Simpson was for forty years Governor of the immense so-called Hudson Bay Company's territories. He was a man of immense activity and energy, and considerable knowledge and attainments.—Residing at Lachine, fifteen miles above Montreal, Sir George passed into the Red River settlement forty times, crossed the continent thrice, and travelled around the world "overland." He was the most important witness examined before the Select Committee of the House of Commons in the beginning of the year 1857. After twenty-seven years' experience as Governor, and during which period he himself states he enjoyed the most ample opportunities of forming a correct opinion of the country, he wrote a book entitled "Overland Journey Round the World." From long association with the Company, and having devoted his life to the advancement of its interests, his soul appears to have been bound up in the Corporation, and any infringement of its supposed privileges, or any attempt to interfere with the established condition of things in Rupert's Land, such as the increase of settlement there, to the detriment of the fur monopoly, was viewed by him with unqualified aversion and instinctive opposition. Yet it is difficult to understand how, even with this antecedent prejudice, with his inability to see anything except with the fur trader's eye, he could be led to make statements so contradictory to each other as those contained in his book, and those given in evidence before the Select Committee. In his most interesting work, the result of twenty-seven years intimate acquaintance with the country, he speaks thus of the valley of the Kaministaquoi—a river which falls into Lake Superior at the eastern extremity of the Fertile Belt: "The river, during the day's march, passed through forests of elm, oak, fir, birch, &c., being studded with hills not less fertile and lovely than its banks, and many a spot reminded us of the rich and quiet scenery of England. The paths of the different portages were spangled with violets, roses and many other wild flowers, while the currant, the gooseberry, the raspberry, the plum, the cherry and the vine were abundant. All this bounty of nature was inspired as it were with life by the cheerful notes of a variety of birds, and by the restless flutter of butterflies of the brightest hues. Compared with the adamantine deserts of Lake Superior, the Kaministaquoi presented a perfect paradise. One cannot pass through this fair valley without feeling that it is destined sooner or later to become the happy home of civilized men, with their bleating flocks and their lowing herds and their full granaries. The mines of Lake Superior, besides establishing a continuity of route between the east and west, will find their nearest and cheapest supply of agricultural produce in the valley of the Kaministaquoi." As he proceeded westward he found the country equally promising. He says of the river which empties Rainy Lake (*Lac la Pluie*) into the Lake of the Woods, that it is decidedly the finest stream in the whole route from Lake Superior to Red River settlement, "for it is not interrupted by a single impediment for nearly one hundred miles, while yet the current is not strong enough materially to retard an ascending traveller," he continues thus: "Nor are the banks less favorable to agriculture than the waters themselves to navigation, resembling in some measure those of the Thames near Richmond. From the very brink of the river there rises a gentle slope of green sward, crowned in many places with a plentiful growth of birch, poplar, beech, elm and oak. Is it too much for the eye of philanthropy to discern, through the vista of futurity, this noble stream, connecting as it does the fertile shores of the two spacious lakes, with crowded steamboats on its, bosom, and populous towns on its borders?" The soil of Red River he describes generally as—"A black mould of considerable depth, which, when first tilled, produces extraordinary crops, as much on some occasions forty returns of wheat, and even after twenty successive years of cultivation, without the relief of manure or of fallow or of green crop it still yields from fifteen to twenty bushels to the acre. The wheat produced is plump and heavy; there are also large quantities of grain of all kinds, besides, beef, mutton, pork, cheese and wool in abundance." On his way along the zone of "mixed country" from the Red River settlement to the Rocky Mountains he describes how in the country along the Assiniboine river they brushed the luxuriant grass with their very knees, and found the surface of the ground beautifully diversified with a variety of flowers such as roses, hyacinths and tiger lillies, the vegetation being so rank that it savoured rather of the torrid zone, with its perenial spring, than of the northern wilds. He traversed well wooded districts and boundless

prairies—one vast plain, which had evidently once been the bed of the lake, covered with alluvial soil of great fertility. He continually praises the beauty and richness of the country along the banks of the Saskatchewan, where were—"Lofty hills and long valleys full of sylvan lakes, while the bright green of the surface, as far as the eye could reach assumed a foreign tinge under an uninterrupted profusion of roses and blue bells. On the summit of one of these hills we commanded one of the few extensive prospects we had of late enjoyed. One range of heights rose beyond another, each becoming fainter as it receded from the eye, till the furthest was blended in almost undistinguishable confusion with the clouds, while the softest vales spread a panorama of hanging copses and glittering lakes at our feet."

Such is the description given by Sir George Simpson of that most interesting and important territory which is to form the connecting link between British Columbia and Canada. Nor would the picture appear to have been overdrawn. Contemporary, as well as subsequent writers and travellers have, although perhaps with less poetry, quite corroborated Sir George's description. Perhaps the gravest charge that could possibly be brought against "The last great monopoly" is found in the fact that this Paradiscal country has for more than a century been bolted and barred against civilized humanity through the immediate agency of that monopoly. Had its portals been thrown open even from the time that Sir George was captivated by the irresistible charms of its beauty, who will say that instead of emigration flowing, as it has, into the Western States, it would not have rolled like a mighty wave along the charming valleys of the Kaministaquoi and the Saskatchewan, and, dashing through the magnificent gates opened in the Rocky Mountains, spread itself over the scarcely less inviting valleys and prairies of the western slope. To have hindered so glorious a result, and all for the miserable traffic in glass beads, is surely crime enough. But, turn with us for a moment from Sir Geo. Simpson's beautiful description in his interesting book to his verbal description given ten years later before the Select Committee. Appearing now in his official capacity and studying the peculiar interests of his employers, how changed is the scene. Sir George stretches his official wand over it, and the change is scarcely less palpable than that wrought by Sin upon the Eden of the Bible.—Suddenly the blooming paradise of the "little book" is transformed into a howling wilderness—an inhospitable and uninhabitable Sibera! Perpetual fogs take the place of ambient sunshine. Fertile valleys, once blooming with violets, roses, tiger-lilies, hyacinths, and blue-bells, are clothed with thistles, and impenetrable jungle. A country rejoicing in perennial spring is metamorphosed into a hopeless morass, bound by eternal frost! The prophetic vision of Sir George suddenly becomes dim and his ear dull. Instead of discovering "through the vista of futurity" crowded steamboats borne upon the ample bosom of the "noble stream," its navigation all at once becomes so difficult, so impeded by rapids and rocks, as to make it the work of the greatest difficulty to "paddle his own canoe." Instead of the "bleating of flocks and lowing of herds," he can only now hear the unfriendly growl of Brum, or the shrill, discordant scream of the beaver or racoon. A territory of extraordinary fertility, and from whose overflowing granaries the miners of Lake Superior were to find their nearest and cheapest supply, in ten years becomes so barren that it can scarcely feed its own handful of straggling settlers! "I do not think," says Sir George, "that any part of the Hudson Bay territories is fit for settlement; the crops are very uncertain. Immediately behind the right bank of Rainy Lake River are deep morasses *which never thaw!*" This, mark you, about the very region so glowingly described in the "little book." The whole country about Red River he describes as subject to frequent floods, making it "a continued sea for hundreds and hundreds of square miles," and adds, "I have paddled over the roofs of houses in my canoe!" The valley of the Saskatchewan is scarcely less changed. It has become a sterile waste, an unfruitful desert, affording neither fuel nor food. Crossing the Rocky Mountains, he finds the forty ninth parallel of latitude dividing a fertile and salubrious territory from one cold, barren and uninviting.—Right up to the boundary, on the South, the country is well adapted for settlement; but, upon crossing that line to the North, not a foot of land can be found fit for human habitation! Mr. Roebuck drafting the "little book" from his pocket, addresses this conjurer as follows: "I have a book in my hand published by you I think in 1847!" "Very possibly," laconically replies Sir George. "How long have you been Governor of that country!" "Twenty-seven years." "And I suppose that in those twenty-seven years you had acquired a good deal of experience!" "Yes." "Are we to take this book as the result of your experience of twenty-seven years?" "I think you may." "And all that you stated then was your view after twenty-seven years experience of that country?" "I think so." "So that if you had died at that moment, which I am very happy to see that you did not, we might have taken this book as your view of that country?" "Yes." "Has anything happened since that time to alter your views of that country?" "No; I do not know that I have materially altered my views in regard to it." Then Mr. Roebuck reads to him several pages from the gorgeous description given in the "little book." Sir George quibbles in a way peculiar rather than creditable. Under a searching and severe cross-examination, this great man, who for a period of forty years governed a country as large as all Europe, who crossed the continent thrice, and travelled round the world "overland," quibbled and prevaricated in a manner which it must have been most painful to witness. But, bad as all this may be, great as has been the injury inflicted upon British interests in America, by the policy and pretentions of "The last great monopoly," yet the Broadheadism of these fur traders was by no means confined to public and chicanery. It is abundantly evident, both from the evidence taken before the Select Committee and that adduced before the Oregon Commissioners that a species of "Rattening," so to speak, was commonly practised by the officers and employees of the monopoly; and there is too much reason to believe that life itself was not held to be too great a sacrifice "in the interest of the trade," as the "Sawgrinders" would express it. Now that the foundation of the Dominion of British America has been successfully laid on the shores of the Atlantic, and Westward the course of empire takes its way, it is surely not too much to expect that the insuperable obstacle presented to its progress by this monstrous monopoly will be at once removed, and that the wave of immigration and civilization will be allowed to roll over that magnificent country till it breaks on the shores of the Pacific.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West,	7.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West,	8.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going West,	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train,	6.30 P. M.
Noon Express going East,	12.08 P. M.
Night Express going East,	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East,	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train,	9.30 P. M.
Montreal Time	

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, FRIDAY, FEB. 14.

The Estimates.

On Thursday evening, February the 13th, the Hon. E. B. Wood, Treasurer of Ontario, laid before the House, the estimates for the present year. Our space will not admit of reproducing the whole of the statement, we therefore give the estimated income and expenditure, and such other portions as are of direct interest to our readers, by which it will be seen that we are to be in the happy position of having a surplus over the estimated expenditure, of $550;801.49. The income of the Province, without resorting to any new scheme of taxation, is as follows:

Balance in the Treasury		$ 126,229 66
" of Dominion account		188,878 19
		315,107 85
Of which are receipt on Special Funds—		
In Treasurers account—		
Clergy Lands	$34,877 23	
Common School Lands	18,934 70	
Grammar School "	599 34	
In Dominion account—		
U. C. Building Fund	11,235 00	
Law Society of U. C.	7,358 19	
U. C. Municipal Loan Fund	38,534 59	
Clergy Land sales	11,792 71	
Common School Land sales	8,378 00	
Grammar School sales	604 55	
Suspense	3,128 62	
		126,948 74
Leaving available revenue		188,189 11
One year's subsidy, half payable 1st Jan., the other half 1st July		1,196,872 80
Estimated Territorial revenue	$745,064 00	
Of which are Special Funds	280,938 00	
Suspense accounts	50,679 00	
		413,447 00
Probable receipts from Education Department		26,010 00
Provincial Lunatic Asylum		4,500 00
Malden Asylum		600 00
Orillia Asylum		200 00
Reformatory Penetanguishene		800 00
Law Stamps and Special Funds	$15,000 00	
Fines and forfeitures		2,770 00
Tavern and other licenses	22,500 00	
Less cost of collection	2,260 00	
		20,250 00
		$1,853,638 91

The estimated expenditure, as shown under the different heads, is for

Civil Government	$ 174,683 29
Legislation	91,550 00
Administration of Justice	206,680 26
Public Works and Buildings	224,972 00
Agriculture	66,450 00
Miscellaneous	12,000 00
Hospitals and Charities	166,488 50
Reformatory, Penetanguishene	23,013 39
Literary and Scientific Institutions	3,600 00
Education	301,500 00
For unforeseen and unprovided expenses	20,000 00
Total	$1,293,837 42

Under the head of Civil Government we find that the salaries of the heads of the Departments are set down at: Attorney General, as Premier's salary $4,000 a year; and the Treasurer, Secretary, Crown Lands Commissioner and Commissioner of Public Works and Agriculture, $3,200 each, a year. The Speaker's salary is $1,000 a year, and the members are to receive $5 a day and mileage. $50,000 is appropriated for Colonization Roads; $75,000 for continuing the erection of buildings in Toronto for lunatic asylum; and the balance of the $224,972 is for repairing, building, etc., in Toronto.

The appropriations for agricultural purposes are: For 73 Electoral Division Societies at $700, $51,100; for 1 Electoral Division Society, $550; for 7 Electoral Division Societies at $350, $2,450; for 1 Fruit Growers' Association, $350; for Mechanics' Institutes, $2,000; for Agricultural Association, in lieu of the grant of $4,000 and of the 12½ per cent deducted from the Electoral Division Societies' grants, $10,000.

In the distribution of charities Toronto gets the lionsshare. The Hospital for city patients is to receive $6,400; that for county patients, $4,800; House of Industry $2,400; Protestants Orphan's Home $640; Roman Catholic Orphan's Asylum; $640; Lying in Hospital $480; Magdaline Asylum $480; House of Providence $320; Girls Home and Public Nursery $320; making a total of $16,480; not a small item for one city. Kingston receives $4,800 for the general Hospital; $2,400 for the House of Industry and Refuge for Indigent Sick; $640 for Orphan's Home; and $800 for Hotel Dieu; making $8,640. London gets but $2,400 for the general Hospital.—Hamilton $4,800 for the City Hospital; $640 for the Roman Catholic Orphan's Asylum; and $640 for the Orphan's Asylum and Ladies Benevolent Society. Total $6,080. Ottawa Protestant Hospital $1,200; Roman Catholic Hospital $1,200. Total $2,400.

The appropriation for educational purposes are: Common and Separate schools, $170,000; Poor Schools, $3,000; Normal and Model Schools, $17,000; Libraries, Apparatus, and Prizes, $32,000; Superannated Teachers, $4,200; Museum and Library, $2,800; Journal of Education, $1,800; Grammar School Inspection, $2,000; Grammar Schools, $55,000; Salaries and Contingencies of the Department, $14,700. Next follows appropriations for what are termed "Literary and Scientific Institutions," amounting to $3,600, which is distributed as follows: Aid to Medical Faculty, Victoria College, Cobourg, $750; aid to School of Medicine, Kingston, $750; aid to School of Medicine, Toronto, $750; aid to Canadian Institute, Toronto, $750; aid to Canadian Institute, Ottawa, $300; aid to Athenæum, Ottawa, $300. Why these medical schools are selected from other scientific institutions, we know not, more particularly, as some of them are under the management of denominational colleges, of which the Government seem to have such a horror. Probably the Premier will be able to explain.

There are no appropriations made for colleges, shewing that the Government is determined to maintain the position taken in reference to denominational colleges, which, we have no doubt, will give rise to a spirited discussion.

A GOOD ORDER.—An order says our exchange has finally been issued from the Customs Department, prohibiting the importation into the Dominion of the vile publications known as the "Police Gazette," "Police News," "Last Sensation," and "Dime Illustrated." It is well that this demoralizing kind of literature is to be kept out of the country.

—The Cincinnati Commercial says that New York is bankrupt, and, at this moment is the heaviest taxed city in the world.

—The London *Times* has a subscriber 100 years old, who has read that paper since it was first started.

—One of the brothers Harper has not been up stairs in the immense publishing house for twenty-five years.

—Fifteen hundred freedmen in Lowndes County, Mississippi, have signed their names to an agreement to emigrate to Liberia.

—A steam road waggon, with the new rubber tires, is to be shipped from England to the Island of Java, where it will be used to draw a passenger omnibus.

—There have been two thousand murders in Texas, since the end of the rebellion, and very few of the perpetrators have been punished.

—The N. Y. *Herald* strongly approves the course of the Nova Scotia malcontents, which "points the true policy," viz: Annexation! This is hard on the *Anti's*.

There is said to be a man in New York who has expended $50,000 on tickets of Havana lotteries without ever receiving a cent in return.

A new town on the Pacific Railway is named Hoop-pole and another Dog's Foot.—We in the Dominion see them, and go one better on "Toby Guzzle."

—About one hundred and forty "star" actors and actresses died during the past year. No such mortality in the profession has been known for twenty years.

—A lady on board of the *Henry Dean* at the time of the recent explosion had the hair on the side of her head whitened by fright. She was only half scared.

—The correspondent of a Western paper says Dickens on his return to England will be married to a woman much younger than himself, to whom he has been engaged for three years.

A father challenged his two pretty daughters to shovel snow from the sidewalk in Boston recently, and they did it, much to the surprise of papa, and to the admiration of passing spectators.

They are playing the "Lady of Lyons" at Shreveport, La., where Pauline appears in cowhide boots and chews tobacco, while Claude tells her of his palace by the Lake of Como, in a rebel colonel's uniform, with a pipe in his mouth.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LISBON, Feb. 13.—The Portuguese Government has authorized Edward Medlicott, banker of Lisbon, and Thomas Rumball, engineer of London, to lay a new telegraphic cable across the Atlantic. The line is to run from Falmouth, England, to Oporte, thence to the Azores, and from thence inlands to some point on the coast of the United States.

The new cable is to be submerged on the Allen principle. The estimated total expense of the enterprise will not exceed £600,000 stg.

CORK, Feb. 13.—Several assaults were made upon the police yesterday in different parts of the city. The authorities are taking effective measures to put a stop to these disorders.

Second Despatch.

DUBLIN, Feb. 13.—The prisoner Lennon has been acquitted of murdering policeman Kelly.

BERLIN, Feb. 13, eve.—Prime Minister Bismarck promises that steps shall be taken by the Prussian Government to prevent a repetition of such cases as that of the emigrant ship "Leibnitze," and that negotiations for that end shall be commenced.

FLORENCE, Feb. 13, eve.—The Italian papers insist that Admiral Farragut is charged by his Government with an important mission in regard to Italy, and also in connection with the affairs of Candia.

LONDON, Feb. 13, midnight.—Parliament reassembled at 4 o'clock this afternoon. In the House of Lords there was a full attendance, but Lord Derby was not present, being ill with gout. After the preliminaries incident to the re-opening of the session, the House adjourned without transacting any business. In the House of Commons Mr. Lafleur gave notice of his intention of calling up the question of the Alabama claims on the 4th of March. Lord Stanley said no despatch had been received from Washington later than the last published. Mr. Disraeli brought in a Bill to prevent bribery and corruption at elections. It provides for a committee of enquiry consisting of eminent lawyers to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Commons, which is to visit the place of election and investigate the charges of bribery. After considerable debate the Bill was read for the first time. The House then adjourned.

It is reported that a great pan-Sclavic confederacy against the Austrian Empire has been discovered in Hungary.

LONDON, February 14, 11:15 a.m.—Consols 93¾; Bonds 72¾; I C 89¾; Erie 49¾.

LONDON, February 14, 1:20 p. m.—Consols 83¾ to 93¼; Bonds 72¾ to 72¼.

LIVERPOOL, February 14, 11:15 a. m.—Cotton quiet; stock 388,000 bales, whereof 122,000 is American. Breadstuffs and Provisions quiet.

LIVERPOOL, February 19, 1:20 p. m.—Cotton easier. California Wheat 15s 11d; Red No. 2 firm; Peas 45s 6d; Lard 55s; others unchanged.

PARIS, Feb. 14, 11:15 a. m.—The increase of bullion in the Bank of France this week is 22,000,000 francs. Bourse higher; Rentes strong.

SOUTHAMPLON, February 14.—The steamship "Prussia" has arrived from New York.

American Despatches.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.—The *Herald's* Cape Haytien special says: The Haytiens were moving onward with great success. In a recent engagement they had captured 300 of President Salnave's troops, and had established their headquarters within 20 miles of Cape Haytien. They had shot several of their opponents, including a General. This despatch does not specify whether they were shot in battle or after capture. The general opinion at the Cape was that Salnave would soon fall from power. A British man-of-war had gone to Samana to watch the doings of the United States representatives in that quarter of the island.

—Sunday skating, with music, is the last phase of rinkomania in Quebec.

—Kennedy sang at Windsor last week, and was warmly received.

—It is said a dozen people a week are freezing to death in Wisconsin.

—Queen Victoria's jewels are estimated to be worth about $5,000,000.

—The color now fashionable in Paris is "Montana red," a brilliant shade, like a ruby.

—Charleston, S. C., now has a population of only fifteen thousand. Before the war it contained sixty thousand.

—Horse thieves frequent the vicinity of Windsor, "and ply their nefarious trade." We consequently presume that they are stealing horses.

—During the recent visit of the Duke of Edinburgh to Australia a woman crushed her child to death in her arms in her excitement to see his Royal Highness.

—During the recent visit of the Duke of Edinburgh to Austria a woman crushed her child to death in her arms in her excitement to see his Royal Highness.

—A Frenchman, gasconading over the inventive genius of his countrymen, said: 'We invented lace ruffles!' 'Aye,' said John Bull, 'and we added shirts to them!'

—On examining the papers of a deceased Spaniard in New Orleans, it was found that he had expended in the course of his life $100,000 in lottery tickets, and never drew.

—The *Cincinnati Gazette* says business in that city is prostrated, and hundreds and thousands of persons, representing nearly every branch of business and labour, are out of employment.

—A Russian captain recently fell in love with an actress who did not reciprobate his affection, took a loaded pistol and shot the actress through the arm and himself through the head.

St. Valentine.

To-day is "St. Valentine's" on which the feathered tribe are supposed to "pair off," and youths whose hearts have been fired by the arrows of Cupid, take the preliminary step for doing so. The custom of sending Valentines is an ancient one, and unlike many other ancient customs, interest in its observance does not seem to decline to any great extent as years roll by. This may be easily accounted for seeing that matters matrimonial are always on the tapis, that while there are those who have ceased to flirt and court, who have "sowed their wild oats" and settled down in life, there are others who have not yet declared their "intentions," or rather their willingness to provide some young lady in silke, crinoline, etc., until some indefinite period, and who performs that duty with the aid of St. Valentine. These missives, however, do not all breathe sentiments of love, but many are intended to annoy those to whom they are sent, instead of bringing forth blissful emotions. In connection with the general subject of Valentines it is surprising what a sameness exists in the production of these missives. The same old caricatures and the same stereotyped verses beneath them, can be seen to-day hanging in the shop windows, as were in use in our grandfather's and great-grandfather's time. For instance, there is the confirmed batchelor, with a brown coat and blue pants, sitting in front of a fire, and nose in close proximity, toasting a herring. At his back is a rickety-looking old table, on which is a camel-backed cat, with tail erect—a phenomenon probably supposed to be produced by the fumes from the herring acting upon an empty stomach. Then there is the husband and wife, in a state of semi-nudity, fighting for the possession of a pair of pants; or the lovely young "widdy," in tears over the loss of her poor dear husband, and at the same time casting a sly glance from beneath her pocket-handkerchief at some young fellow in the foreground. To leave the comic kind, and take a peep at the maudlin, sentimental class, we find represented generally, a maiden sitting beneath an arbor, probably near the lake Como; her head is drooping, while at her feet kneels a youth with hand clasped, who is supposed to be uttering protestations of love. In the background is a church, the whole surmounted by a heart pierced with arrows. Those of a chaste and expensive character present a greater variety in design. Many of them are imported, and are valued at from $1 to $500, and even more, but even among these there are very few new designs to be found. The trade is one of considerable importance and affords employment for many hundreds of women and children on both sides of the Atlantic. No doubt there will be many anxious watchers for to-day, who will be either delighted or disgusted with what he brings them, in the shape of valentines.

Arrest for a Murder Committed a Year ago.

Mrs. Sarah M. Victor of Cleveland has been arrested for the murder of her brother, Parquet. He was killed by arsenic. Suspicion at first fastened upon Mrs. Victor, when her sister called upon Judge Tilden of the Provost Court in Cleveland, for advice as to how she should proceed in the disposition of her brother's property. Mrs. Victor had taken possession of the latter by virtue of a real or pretended will signed by Parquet, which he had promised to share with the other. An investigation was then set on foot by the sheriff, which elicited the fact that Mr. Parquet died very suddenly after eating a pie in his sister's house.—In view of this and other damaging disclosures, one of which was that the brother insured his life for the benefit of Mrs. Victor just before his death, the body was exhumed on Wednesday, and examined by the Coroner and a jury and two eminent medical gentlemen. The corpse was found strongly impregnated with white arsenic, which had preserved it almost entire a whole year. Mrs. Victor was at once committed to jail. Her examination is progressing before the Coroner.

BAD BOYS.—Many years ago in a country town in Massachusetts a teacher saw a boy come into his school, whom he knew to be one of the worst boys in town. He determined, if he could, to make a good boy of him. So he spoke kindly to him, and he behaved well that day. The next morning the Prudential Committee (as it was called) came in and said: "Mr. Towne, I hear that bad fellow, Bill Marcy, has come to your school. Turn him out at once. He will spoil the rest of the boys." "No, sir," replied the teacher, "I will leave the school if you say so, but I cannot expel a boy so long as he behaves well." So he kept him and encouraged him, and confided in him, till Bill Marcy became one of the best boys in school. And afterwards, whenever William L. Marcy came from Washington, he took pains to go and see his old teacher, Salem Towne, and thank him for having been the means of saving him and making him the man he was.

The majesty of justice was fearfully sustained by Lord Eskgrave, who, it is related, once sentenced a tailor for murdering a soldier, in these words: "And not only did you murder him, whereby he was bereaved of his life, but you did thrust, push or pierce, or propel the lethereal weapon through the belly-band of his regimental breeches, which were the property of his Majesty."

—Sometimes people have entertained angels unawares, but a green Mountain boy who has been peddling maps lately in Westfield, and neighbouring towns, in Vermont, does not answer to that description. His plan is to go to a farm-house and ask for a night's lodging and food for himself and horse. When his bill is presented in the morning, he astonishes the farmer by asking to "see his license to keep a tavern!" Of course the license is not produced, and the bill is not paid.

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, Feb 14.

Commercial Bills..... 99
Greenbacks, buying at..... 70 to 70½
" selling at..... 71½
Bank of Upper Canada Bills..... 62
Silver, buying at..... 4 to 4¼
" selling at..... 3½
Gold opened at 140; closed at 140½.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, Feb. 13, 1868.

FALL WHEAT—$1 60 to $1 65.
SPRING WHEAT—$1 50 to $1 60.
BARLEY—$90 to $95.
RYE—firm at $1 00 to $1 05.
OATS—60c.
PEAS—demand only for local use at 90c to 95c.
BUCKWHEAT—60c to 75c.
SEED—Dull at $5 50 $6.
PORK—$5 50 to $6 00. Heavy Pork $6 25.
MUTTON—3c to 5c per pound.
BUTTER—15c to 22c.
EGGS—18c to 20c.
HIDES—$6.50 to $7.00.
SHEEPSKINS—dull at 75c.
CALFSKINS—8c ₱ lb.
TALLOW—Rough, 5c; rendered, 8c.
WOOL—35c.
POTATOES—60 to 65c.
APPLES—$2 50c to $1 00.
HAY—$10 to $15.
CHEESE—10c.
CORN—90c to $1.
FLOUR—No 1, $7 50 ₱ bbl.
POTASH—$4 50 to $4 75.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.

MONTREAL, Feb. 13, 1867.
1 P. M.

FLOUR.—Superior Extra	$8 00	@	8 25
Extra	7 90	@	8 00
Fancy	7 60	@	7 75
Welland Canal Superfine	7 45	@	7 60
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat,	7 45	@	7 60
" 1 Western Wheat,	7 45	@	7 60
" " 2 "	7 10	@	7 25
Bag Flour	3 65	@	3 75
WHEAT.—Canada Fall	0 00	@	0 00
Spring	1 70	@	0 00
Western	0 00	@	0 00
OATS.—Per 32 lbs	0 46	@	0 47
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	0 95	@	1 00
BUTTER—Dairy	0 15	@	0 19
" Store Packed	0 14	@	0 18
ASHES—Pots	5 30	@	5 35
Pearls	5 75	@	5 80
PORK—Mess	19 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess	14 00	@	00 00
Prime	13 00	@	00 00
DRESSED HOGS	5 75	@	6 25
PEAS	0 87	@	0 88
RYE FLOUR	5 95	@	6 00

Flour—receipts small; market unchanged; no sales of grain. Pork steady; Hogs—choice still wanted; light hard to sell; Butter in fair demand at 15c to 19c. Ashes—fair demand; Pearls neglected.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, February 14.

Cotton quiet at 20½c.
Flour inactive and unchanged; receipts 3,700 barrels; sales 7,500 bbls at $8 40 to $9 25 for superior state and western; $9 50 to $10 20 for common to choice extra State; $9 60 to $11 80 for common to choice extra western.
Rye flour active and firmer at $7 to $9.
Wheat firmer; receipts 28,500 bushels; sales 12,500 bushels No. 2 Milwaukee in store at $2 40.
Rye firm; receipts 3,400 bushels.
Corn—receipts 70,000 bushels; sales 49,000 bushels.
Barley scarce and firm; receipts 3,200 bush.
Oats dull; receipts 9,500 bushels; sales at 84½c for western in store.
Pork dull and heavy at $23 50 to $23 75 for old mess; $23 25 to $23 37 for new do.
Lard dull at 14c to 15c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.

Stocks active but better after call.
Sterling Exchange 109¾.
Gold 140¾.
Gold closed 139¾.

Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
February 14, 1868.

IMPORTS.—2 cars merchandise.
EXPORTS.—2 car merchandise.

BIRTH.

At Belleville, on Friday, the 14th inst., the wife of Thomas Holden, Esq., of a daughter.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

R. R. R. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Is the only vegetable Remedy, in liquid form, that will cure at once all Bilious Attacks, Fevers, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Headache, Spasms, Dipheria, Influenza, Kidney and Bladder Diseases. One application will in a few minutes afford immediate comfort.

Sisters of Mercy, Dorchester St., Montreal, C.E., Hospital of the Sisters of Mercy.

DR. RADWAY: I certify that your Ready Relief has cured over one hundred of our sick from Chills, Vomiting, Headaches, Internal Pains, &c., &c.
One of our Sisters had the Rheumatism in her hand for a great many years. Having taken a few spoonsful of Relief in water, and rubbing her head twice with the same medicine, she was perfectly cured, and never felt it since. I always use it for Dyspepsia and for Colds, and always with success. It is very useful for Sore Throat, Coughs, Influenza, Dipheria, &c. It has a good effect in Flatulence or Wind Choic. I use it for foul breath, and it produces a marvellous effect. In short, it procures relief altogether remarkable to our invalids.
SISTER MARY DE BONSECOURS.

Sudden Colds, Coughs, Influenza, Dipheria, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Chills, Fever and Ague, Mercurial Pains, Scarlet Fever, &c., &c. Take from four to six of Radway's Pills, and also take a teaspoonful of the Ready Relief in a glass of water, sweetened with sugar or honey; bathe throat, head and chest with Ready Relief if Ague or Intermittent Fever, bathe the spine also; in the morning you will be cured.
See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1868.—R. R. R. sold by all druggists. 51-2t 237-3w

LEXINGTON, Missouri, May 23, 1868.

MESSRS. J. N. HARRIS & CO.:
DEAR SIRS—I have made Allen's Lung Balsam pretty well known in our city and country, and have sold about all the four dozen bottles sent me in March last; and I find that persons who try the Balsam once, come back again for more, as it gives them satisfaction; and I recommend it in preference to any other medicine for Coughs and Colds. Please send me six dozen bottles as soon as possible. I am, yours, &c.,
THOMAS J. FLETCHER, Druggist.

P. S.—I sell more Allen's Lung Balsam, than all other cough remedies together, and it gives general satisfaction.
Sold by all Family Medicine dealers.
☞ Perry Davis & Son, Agents for the Dominion of Canada. 51-4w 237-4w

☞ Ticket Office for Great Western Railway, opposite the Market, Front-St. Tickets issued to Milwaukee, Chicago, New Orleans, Omaha City, Nebraska Territory, Fort Riley, Kansas, Cheyenne, Dacotah, Denvis Colorado, and all points West. Fare received either in Greenbacks or current funds.
217-1y E. F. DAVY, AGENT.

LECTURE

BY THE

REV. JOSEPH WILD, M.A.,

IN NEILSON'S HALL,

FRIDAY Evening, Feb. 21st.

SUBJECT:

"THE VOICE."

Chair taken by JAMES BROWN, Esq., M. P., at half-past seven.
Admission 12½ cents.
Proceeds given to the M. E. ORGAN FUND. The public are cordially invited.
P. S.—This Lecture will show how to come in possession of, and keep a good voice. With hints how to speak in public, and how to sing, and other interesting points.

PER ORDER OF COM.

Belleville, Feb. 14th, 1868. 244-6t

ONTARIO HALL.

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

Monday Evening, Feb. 17th.

THE CELEBRATED AND ORIGINAL

SKIFF & GAYLORD'S MINSTRELS,

THE MOST SUCCESSFUL TRAVELLING COMPANY IN THE WORLD.

THE OLD FAVORITES,
Tom Gaylord,
and Johny Howard.

Engagement extraordinary of the renowned Gymnast, Contortionist and Pantomimist.

MR. FRANK DONALDSON.

Tickets, 25 cents. Reserved seats 50 cts.
Doors open 7½; Performance to commence at 8 o'clock.

TOM GAYLORD, Manager. JOE GAYLORD, Agent.

ONTARIO HALL.

ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION OF THE

TOWNSEND FAMILY,

and crowded houses everywhere.

Fashionable Entertainment for Three Nights.

Tuesday, Wednesday & Thursday
February the 18th, 19th, and 20th.

JOHN TOWNSEND,

THE Popular English, American, and Canadian Tragedian, in his great character of

OTHELLO!

Miss Florence Townsend,

In her celebrated character of "DESDEMONA," supported by the whole company.

On TUESDAY Evening, 18th February, will be presented Shakespeare's Great Tragedy of "OTHELLO" or the "MOOR of VENICE," with entirely new and appropriate dresses.

OTHELLO.....John Townsend
IAGO.....Mr. Burnet Townsend
CASSIO.....Mr. Harry Townsend
MONTANO (first appearance)..Mr. W. J. Speck
DESDEMONA.....Miss Florence Townsend
EMELIA.....Miss Constance Townsend
Supported by the whole company.

To conclude with Charles Mathews' glorious Comedy, entitled

"LITTLE TODDLEKINS;"

OR, "MARRIED DAUGHTER AND ALL."

BROWNSMITH.....Mr. Harry Townsend
AMANTHIS.....Mr. A. J. Reil
CAPT. LITTLEPOP.....Mr. W. J. Speck
ANNIE BARICOMBE.....Miss F. Townsend
SUSAN.....Miss Constance Townsend
Supported by the whole company.

☞ Doors open at 7:15. Commence at 8.
Belleville, February 12th. 243-3t

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THIS BANK is prepared to issue drafts, receive deposits, and grant interest receipts at the office of the Commercial Bank in Belleville.
Mr. THOMSON will be happy to see his old friends.
Belleville, Jany. 23, 1868. 225-tf

DIARIES, DIARIES, FOR 1868,

AT

J. C. OVERELL'S,

TURNBULL'S BLOCK,
180 FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Messrs. WALLACE & FORDYCE as Photographers, in the Town of Belleville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

(Signed.) D. J. WALLACE.
ED. FORDYCE.

Belleville, December 4th, 1867.

THE undersigned having purchased Mr. Fordyce's interest in the Gallery, will hereafter conduct the business on his own account. His long experience and thorough knowledge of the business will enable him to satisfy all who give him a call.
ROOMS:—Over Graham and Grainger's Store.
ENTRANCE:—Two doors South of Holden's Drug Store.

D. J. WALLACE.

Belleville, Dec. 4th, 1867. 195-TftST

AUCTION.

TRADE SALE

OF

SUGARS, MOLASSES, SYRUPS, TEAS, TOBACCOS, FRUITS,

WINES AND LIQUORS,

&c., &c., &c.

A large and General Assortment of

FRESH GROCERIES

will be offered to the Trade BY AUCTION, at the Store of

Messrs. Pitceathly & Kelso,

FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

THURSDAY, 20TH INSTANT.

And to close a consignment—
Barrels No. 1 Round Herrings,
" Extra No. 1 Split do.
" Choice Labrador do.
Bundles Dry Codfish.

☞ SALE AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK A. M.

M. NULTY,
Auctioneer.

Belleville, 12th Feb., 1868. 52-1t,243-td

NOW READY,

THE

Queen's New Book,

Journal in the Highlands.

PRICE, $1.25.

E. HARRISON.

Belleville, Feb. 1, 1868. 233-tf

Great Bargains at

Wilson & Robertson's

THE following lines are now offered to the public:—

30 ps. all Wool Tweeds, 5s. for 3s 9d per yd.
25 " " 5s 6d for 4s 6d "
40 " " 5s 9d for 5s "

A large Assortment of Wool Shawls

A few ps. ALL WOOL Carpets,

AND A VARIETY OF OTHER GOODS.

In order to reduce our Stock, we offer these goods very much cheaper than they will be found elsewhere.

WILSON & ROBERTSON

The X-Mas No. of the

ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS,

IS NOW READY.

ALSO,

BOUND NUMBERS OF

British Workman,
Band of Hope Review,
Children's Friend,
Infant's Magazine,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
LEISURE HOUR, SUNDAY AT HOME, &c., &c.,

AT

J. C. OVERELL'S,

OPPOSITE THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
FRONT STREET,
BELLEVILLE.

January 4, 1868. 209

A SPLENDID

ASSORTMENT OF

FLANNELS,

GENT'S

FURNISHING GOODS,

&c., &c.,

JUST RECEIVED,

AT

J. MUIR & CO.'S.

Horses, Carriages, &c.,

FOR SALE.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS TAKEN AT PAR.

Apply to
H. PRETTY,
Opposite the Market.

Belleville, Oct. 29, 1867. 147-tf

Limes and Glycerine,
The best Hair Dresser before the public.
Limes and Glycerine,
The best preparation known for Dandruff.
Limes and Glycerine,
Allays all irritation of the Scalp.
Limes and Glycerine,
All who have used it pronounce it superior to any preparation for the Hair.
Limes and Glycerine,
Is to be found on almost every toilet table.
Limes and Glycerine,
Far superior to pure Glycerine for chapped hands, &c.
Prepared only at
APOTHECARIES HALL,
1d1y Front St., Belleville.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

Ladies Work Boxes,
" **Writing Desks,**
" **Dressing Cases,**
Photograph Albums.
Fancy Wool Goods.
Ladies Bonnets.

A fine assortment of

Dress Goods!

and the

Latest Styles in Cloth

FOR LADIES JACKETS.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

Dec. 19, 1867. 1D-1y

GRAHAM FLOUR,

OATMEAL, SPLIT PEAS,
BEANS, &c.

—ALSO,—

WHITEFISH AND HERRINGS

IN BARRELS & HALF BARRELS,

At the "Corner Store,"
Front and Bridge Streets,

A. FLETCHER & Co.

January 15, 1868. 7-1y,w43-2t

HOOP SKIRTS,

LATEST STYLES.

G. C. Holton & Co.

J. & W. Sutherland

WOULD respectfully solicit an inspection of their new stock of

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS,

Which will be found complete in the following specialities:

FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FRENCH MERINOS—2s. 6d. and upwards
FRENCH LAMAS & THIBETS.
FRENCH DELAINES.
SCOTCH TWEEDS.
" ALL WOOL HOSIERY.
CANADIAN " "
" FLANNELS.
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.
DUNDAS COTTONS AND BAGS.
AMERICAN YARN.

J. & W. SUTHERLAND.

Belleville, October, 1867. 1n6m

HUFFMAN HOUSE,

MADOC, ONTARIO.

HUFFMAN & SON, Proprietors,

(LATE OF PETERBOROUGH.)

☞ Every attention paid to travellers. House and furniture entirely new. 145-tf 201f

Partner Wanted,

WANTED, as equal partner in a light and profitable manufacturing business, a good responsible man, with some capital to invest.
For particulars enquire at 224, or at the office of S. B. Burdett, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Front St., Belleville.

Belleville, Jan. 27, 1868. 226-tf

NEW BOOKS

AT

F. VAN NORMAN'S.

Queen Victoria's Journal, "Our Life in the Highlands."
Wood's Natural History—2,500 illustrations, 3 vols, Royal 8vo..... $14 00
Chambers' Cyclopedia, now complete, 10 vols..... per vol, 2 50
Chambers' Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols..... 2 00
Family Cyclopedia..... 75
Our Constition..... 1 00
Romance of Charity..... 1 00
The Land and the Book..... 2 00
Pre-historic Scotland..... 5 00
Knight's Half-hours with best Authors, 3 vols..... 3 50
Knight's Half-hours with English History..... 1 25
North-west Passage by Land, by Viscount Milton and Cheadle.
Barnes' Notes, complete.
D'Israeli's Curiosities of Literature, cloth and morocco.
Kitto's Bible History of the Holy Land, Weoles' Scientific Works.

ALL THE POETS, &c., &c.,

NEW SCHOOL BOOKS.

The CHEAPEST STATIONERY In Belleville.

WALL PAPERS

From 5 cts. to $1 20 per Roll.

BIBLES,
HYMN BOOKS,
PRAYER BOOKS,
PSALM BOOKS,
CATECHISMS, &c. &c.

Sunday School Libraries

In great variety, and very low prices.

A GOOD STOCK OF

Sheet Music, Music Books, Violins,

&c., &c., constantly on hand.

☞ Orders by mail promptly executed.

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,
BELLEVILLE.

Belleville, Feb. 8, 1868. 233-tf

Notice of Partnership.

WE HAVE this day admitted William Jones, of Belleville, as partner into our firm.

A. S. PAGE & CO.

Belleville, Jan. 15, 1868. 218-1m

BOARDING.

MRS. McKENZIE can accommodate a few permanent boarders; also, some daily boarders.
RESIDENCE—Pinnacle Street, opposite the market.
Belleville, Nov. 18, 1867. 170-tf

F. HACKETT

HAS RECEIVED A

CHOICE ASSORTMENT

OF

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS

Belleville, Oct. 1, 1867. 1D-6m

COSGRAVE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

East India Pale Ale.

JUST RECEIVED,

50 Hhds,

150 Barrels and half Barrels.

FOR SALE ONLY BY

WESLEY BULLEN.

Belleville, Nov. 26, 1867. 177-tf

GRAND DISCOUNT SALES

OF

DRY GOODS,

AT

P. D. CONGER'S.

GEORGE ROCHE,

HATTER & FURRIER,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now prepared to take orders for

ALL KINDS of FURS.

Having procured the services of a first-class Cutter from Paris, particular attention paid to repairing.

☞ All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.

Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs.

October 14. 1D-6m

Mr. Thornton and Mr. Seward.

STRANGE—IF TRUE—A SPARRING MATCH BETWEEN THE SECRETARY AND THE MINISTER.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—The *World* has the following:—Mr. Thornton, the New British Minister, met Mr. Seward at a private reception last evening. It is reported that either one or the other of these diplomatists of a third party standing by made some casual allusion to the critical relations between the British Government and the United States, whereupon Mr. Thornton, stroking his whiskers, after the true British style, said to Mr. Seward, words to this effect.

"I do not desire, sir, to have any trivial conversation with the Secretary of State in regard to the so-called Alabama claims or any kindred subject. Whatever remarks I might make upon such matters I prefer to reduce to writing, and submit at the proper time."

Mr. Thornton's manner while saying this is understood to have been so irritating as to induce Mr. Seward to respond if not directly to Mr. Thornton, at least aside, substantially as follows:—

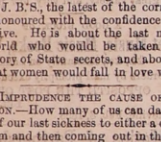
"It would not be amiss for the Minister from Great Britain to return and obtain from Her Majesty's government at home such definite ideas upon the matters now pending between the United States and Great Britain as would render him less ostentatiously discreet."

THE AUTHOR OF THE ABOVE AND SEVERAL OTHER SENSATIONAL DESPATCHES TO THE "WORLD"—A MODEL JENKINS.

The New York *Tribune* says:—Those who have attended the receptions at the White House within the past two weeks have noticed a tall, handsome young man, with an eye as black as a coal, heavy black eyebrows, and a luxuriance of curling black hair, who dresses in perfect taste, and is followed by the admiring glances of women as he moves through the throng.—This is J. B'S., the latest of the correspondents honoured with the confidence of the Executive. He is about the last man in the world who would be taken as the depository of State secrets, and about the first that women would fall in love with.

OUR IMPRUDENCE THE CAUSE OF CONSUMPTION.—How many of us can date the cause of our last sickness to either a crowded room and then coming out in the cold air, or wearing damp clothes, causing a cough which settles upon the Lungs, producing seated pains in the chest. Allen's Lung Balsam will check the disease, and restore health to the system, if only used in time.

A gentleman was chiding his son for staying out late of nights—or, rather, early of next morning—and said: "Why, when I was your age, my father would not allow me to go out of the house after dark!" "Then you had a deuce of a father—you had!" sneered the young profligate:—Whereupon the father very rashly vociferated: "I had a confounded sight better'n than you, you young rascal!"



HURRAH FOR
THE DOMINION.

R. H. JONES

BEGS leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened a new WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Grocery and Liquor Store,

in the premises lately occupied by Messrs. O'Brien & Henchy, where he will keep on hand a select and varied assortment of

General Groceries,

AND LIQUORS,

For family use and medicinal purposes.

TEAS.

YOUNG AND OLD HYSONS,
GUNPOWDER, TWANKAY,
IMPERIAL, JAPAN,
SOUCHONG,
CONGOU, &c., &c.

COFFEES.

THE BEST IN TOWN, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.

He would especially call the attention of families to his stock of

WINES, SPIRITS & LIQUORS.

Brandies, Ports, Sherries.
Irish, Scotch & Morton's Whiskeys,

Old Tom & Holland Gins,

IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.

Together with a large assortment of

CHAMPAGNE,

of the most popular brands,

LIQUEURS & CORDIALS, &C.

In addition to these there will be found a splendid stock of

LAMP GOODS & TRIMMINGS.

☞ Goods sent promptly to customers in any part of the town.

Belleville, Dec. 9, 1867. 188 48-tf

HURRAH FOR
BARNUM'S
LINE OF STAGES
For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half-past 8 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12, noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 2 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

S. BARNUM,
Proprietor.

C. HORTON, Agent, Belleville.
S. GUSTIN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 23, 1867. b68

REMOVAL.

N. MANN begs to notify the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to the Dafoe House Building, where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many more, who will favor him with their patronage.

Belleville, Dec. 27, 1867.

MORTGAGE SALE.

UNDER power of sale contained in a mortgage made the 28th day of October, 1863, between William Donovan, of Belleville, Grocer, and the Hon. John Ross, there will be sold for default of payment of mortgage money, on

Thursday, the 5th day of March,

1868, at TWELVE o'clock, NOON, by M. NULTY, at his auction rooms in the Town of Belleville, the following valuable property, viz.: Lot number eighteen, on the East side of Sidney Street, as laid down on a plan of survey of Lots numbers one and two, in the second Concession of the Township of Thurlow, in the County of Hastings, made by Henry A. F. McLeod, Esq., P. L. S., and registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings, on the 28th day of October, A. D. 1863.

The said lot number eighteen, contains ten acres of land more or less. It is fenced and otherwise improved.

For terms of sale and other particulars, enquire of JAMES ROSS, Esq., or of the undersigned.

ROSS, BELL & HOLDEN,
Attorneys for Hon. John Ross.

Belleville, 5th Feb., 1868. 237-4-TTh

Store-keepers!
Farmers!
And Others!

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM THE IMPORTERS DIRECT.

The Montreal Tea Company,
6 Hospital Street, Montreal,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to different parts of the country—and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOTEL, QUEBEC, January 7, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality Teas, I am glad to be had for your guests. I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant.

WILLIS RUSSELL.

HOUSE OF SENATE, OTTAWA, Dec. 16, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

S. SKINNER.

QUEBEC, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of 30 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 55 cents was of excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for.

Yours respectfully,
D. ANDERSON.

TORONTO, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The two chests of Tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton, one chest Fine Flavoured New Season Congou, at same price, viz.: at 55 cents per lb. Yours, &c.,

JAMES EDGAR.

BELCOMBE, December 23, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box of 20 lbs. at same price, and oblige yours, &c.

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the "Medical Journal" have frequently declared that one half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substance, in 50, 25, 20, 10 and 5 lbs. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavoured New Season do. 55c., 60c., and 65c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c.; Sound Oolong, 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60c.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan, Good, 50c., 55c.; Very Fine, 60c.; Finest, 65c., 75c.; Scented Orange Pekoe, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankey Common, 38c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c., 60c., 65c., and 70c.; Fine do., 75c.; Very Fine, 85c.; Superfine and very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c.; Extra Superfine do., $1.

All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality, and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c. to 70c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Teas will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by expressman, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of five chests and upwards.

All Boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
MOIRA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Capital Stock, $100,000. Divided into 10,000 Shares.

WORKING CAPITAL, $15,000.

HORACE YEOMANS, Esq., PRESIDENT. ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., TREASURER.
B. S. GILBERT, Esq., SECRETARY. J. G. SHURTZ, Esq., SUPERINTENDENT.

MERCHANTS' BANK, BANKERS. DEAN & GILBERT, SOLICITORS.

DIRECTORS:

HORACE YEOMANS, of Flint & Yeomans, Belleville.
ANDREW THOMSON, Banker, Belleville.
W. W. DEAN, Master in Chancery, Belleville.
JOHN G. SHURTZ, Superintendent.
JAMES LISTER, M.D., Belleville.
JAMES W. CARMAN, American, Consul, Belleville.
BARTON S. GILBERT, of Dean & Gilbert, Barristers, Belleville.

THIS COMPANY is duly Incorporated under Cap. 23, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the purpose of working the mineral veins upon *sixteen* acres of Lot No. 19, in the fifth concession of Madoc, (the Richardson Mine being No. 18 in the same concession.)

A shaft has been sunk to the depth of nine feet in the rock. At six feet a gold-bearing lode was struck, of 18 inches in width, which at nine feet has increased to 2½ feet, and a crushing at Gilbert & Turley's mill of four and one-half tons of the rock, gave a yield of over fifty-six dollars in gold; the lode is clearly defined, and evidently extends the whole length of the property—52 rods.

The territory is admirably situated for mining purposes, being a high ridge covered with indications of mineral veins. There are numerous places on the land fully as promising as the one on which the shaft has been sunk, and which would unquestionably yield as well. The large quantity of land, and the prospects of other gold-bearing veins, make it certain that the Company will be able to subdivide the property as soon as a little further development has been made, and form other Companies at great advantage.

Work is being vigorously prosecuted in the shaft, under the superintendence of JOHN G. SHURTZ, Esq., one of the Directors, who is largely interested in the proprietary of the mine, and who has had thirteen years' practical experience in the gold mines of California and Nevada, and is unquestionably the most accomplished quartz miner now in this country.

It is intended to have a further crushing in a few days, and negotiations are in progress which, if carried out, will secure a mill to the Company at once, so that regular work will be gone on with without delay, and dividends may, in that case, be expected in a short time.

Belleville, Jan. 27th, 1868. 228d-tf

India and China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or $1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb. Finest procurable, $1.00.
Protected by Trade Mark.

☞ Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.

August 16th, 1867. b90-1y w27-1y

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO.
OF CANADA.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
INCORPORATED 1849.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., President, LEWIS MOFFATT, Esq., Vice-President.

HON. MALCOLM CAMERON,	A. T. FULTON, Esq.,	W. J. McDONELL, Esq.
C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq.,	H. S. HOWLAND, Esq.	J. McGILLES, Esq.,
GEORGE CHAFFEY, Esq.,	A. R. McMASTER, Esq.	A. M. SMITH, Esq.

SOLICITORS:—MESSRS. DUGGAN & BURNS.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on every description of property.

MARINE INSURANCES—Inland and to the Lower Ports, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the West Indies, and by steam vessels to Europe.

Rates as moderate as any other respectable Insurance Company.

F. McANNANY, Esq., Agent, Belleville. JAS. SIDNEY CROCKER, Manager.

November 12, 1867. 89w6m—165d6m

BELLEVILLE
AGRICULTURAL WORKS
AND
IRON FOUNDRY
WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Threshing Machines,
STRAW CUTTERS,
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,
Iron and Steel Ploughs,
Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-tf

American Invoices--Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
QUEBEC, 6th March, 1863.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the *Canada Gazette*.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, June 8, 1867.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 25 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
3D1t-tf Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL!

THE "DAILY NEWS,"
$5 00 per Annum, in advance.
63 JOHN LOVELL,
Printer and Publisher.

BLANKS of every description for sale at *The Intelligencer* office.

BRITISH PERIODICALS,

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review (Whig).
The Westminster Review (Liberal).
The North British Review (Free Church.)
AND
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory.)

THESE periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stands unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews, - - $4.00 per annum.
For any two of the Reviews, - - 7.00 "
For any three of the Reviews, - - 10.00 "
For all four of the Reviews, - - 12.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine, - - 4.00 "
For Blackwood and one Review, - 7.00 "
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews, - - 10.00 "
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews, - - 13.00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews, 15.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of *twenty per cent.* will be allowed to Clubs of four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood, or Blackwood and one Review, will be sent to *one address* for $12.80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $48.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is *Two Cents* a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums for New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, gratis, any *one* of the *Four Reviews* for 1867. New Subscribers to all five of the periodicals for 1868 may receive, gratis, Blackwood or any *two* of the "*Four Reviews*" for 1867.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1.50 a year for each or any Review; also, Blackwood for 1866 and 1867, for $2.50 a year, or the two years together for $4.00.

☞ Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to Clubs, nor reduced prices for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted *direct to the Publishers*.

No premiums can be given to Clubs.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING Co.,
140 Fulton St., N.Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE,

by HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1600 pages, and numerous Engravings.

Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid, $9.

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the *AMERICAN (WALTHAM) WATCH* have given it such a wide world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and printed its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found, who furtively trade upon the popularity of the American Watch, by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article. It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American Watches—*except the lowest grade*, marked Home Watch Co.—*are guaranteed by special certificate*, bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. ROBBINS.

The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine Watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH Co.,
APPLETON, TRACY & Co.
WALTHAM WATCH Co.
P. S. BARTLETT.
WM. ELLERY.
HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the General Superintendent
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

GENTLEMEN—The watches manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years by our engineers, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them a good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed, I have great satisfaction in saying your watches give us less trouble and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD,
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that Waltham watches are the most satisfactory of any for their uses. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have never known one to wear out, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON.
G. Chief Engineer.
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto & Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS.

Nov. 2, 1867. 169-3m 49-3m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every afternoon (Sundays excepted) and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of $5 a year if paid in advance, $6 otherwise. Mail subscribers $5 a year. $2 50 for 6 months; $1 50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgewater, Marmora and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the Gold Regions, and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., &c., and in short, neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months	$ 5 00
Half Square, 6 months	$10 00
One Square, 6 months	$20 00
Two Squares, 6 months	$30 00
Four Squares, 6 months	$50 00
Notices of Births	50
Do of Marriages	50
Do of Deaths	50

"BUSINESS NOTICES"—All matter under this heading, leaded or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of solid minion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements every two weeks.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion, and 3 cents for each additional insertion.

The Weekly Intelligencer

Is published every Friday Morning at $2 per annum if called for at the Office, or sent by mail; and $2½ if delivered by the Carrier, payable in all cases in advance. When not paid until the close of the year, 50 cents will be added to each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, and the number now on our Subscription Books is over 1,400. With such a large and general circulation throughout this and adjoining Counties, the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed advantages to advertisers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Six lines and under, first insertion, . . . 0 50
Each subsequent insertion, . . . 0 12½
Above six lines (per line) first insertion 0 07
Each subsequent insertion per line, . . . 0 02

☞ "BUSINESS NOTICES"—10 cents per line each insertion, measured as solid minion.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to ensure their appearance.

All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

The Intelligencer Job Office

Is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the country.

THE DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER can be had at the Book Stores in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at El Dorado.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

M. BOWELL,
INTELLIGENCER BUILDING, Publisher
Front treet, Belleville.

Daily Intelligencer.

Let there be Harmony in things Essential—Liberality in things not Essential—Charity in all.

Vol. 1. BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, SATURDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 15, 1868. No. 245.

Montreal Business Directory.

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal,

DEPARTMENTS.

Braces,	Knitted Woolens.
Braids,	Laces,
Brushes and Combs,	Ladies Collars and Sets,
Buttons,	Straw Goods,
Corsets,	Small Wares in great
Elastics,	variety
Felt Hats,	Threads,
Gent's Collars and Ties,	Trimmings & Ornamenis
Hosiery and Gloves.	Umbrellas.
Velvet Ribbons, &c.	

HOOP SKIRTS,—our own Manufacture. 156-6m

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware Manufacturers,
MONTREAL.

IRON PLATES
AND
CASTINGS for BREWERIES.

Any parties about putting up new kilns for

MALT OR OATMEAL
will do well to correspond with the above.
156-6m.

BURROWS & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobaccos, &c., &c.
416 St. Paul St. Montreal.

☞ Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 156-6m

PEAVEY & MARCH,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions,
And everything usually sold in a first class Grocery.
No. 344 Notre Dame Street, a few doors West St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

☞ Every article warranted to be as represented or may be returned. Goods sent to any part of the City Free of Charge. 156-6m

HUNTER, DUFFY & JOHNSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
20 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 156-6m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, PROPRIETOR,
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-8m

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
St. Paul Street, Montreal.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, Collins Wharf, Halifax.

Premises—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.

Advances—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 93d-6m-Wdn

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
275 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.

Maps, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, Bills of Lading, Black Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards, in any number of colors, Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 27D6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS,
&c., &c., &c.,
25 Hospital St., - - - MONTREAL,

Offer for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and

ON AS GOOD TERMS

as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.
July 27, 1867. 74d.

QUEEN
INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL, - - - - $10,000,000.

FIRE and LIFE.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

The principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers.—One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to **Ten per Cent.** of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management

Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in 1868, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.

M. BOWELL,
Intelligencer Office, Agent.
Dr. CANNIFF,
Medical Referee
May, 1867. 47t-6mo.

Montreal Business Directory.

Frothingham & Workman,
MONTREAL.

Importers, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.

Warehouse and Offices 395 to 399, St. Paul St.

Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c.
May 1st. 1d-6m

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M. D.,
Consulting and Analytical Chemist,
630 Lagauchetiere Street, Montreal.

☞ At home for consultation before 10 A. M., between 2 and 3, and after 6 P. M.

Fees for Analysis,—$5 a metal, payable in advance. 156-6m

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
393 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

☞ Every description of Jewelry manufactured from Gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 2856m

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant,
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

Agent for Walter Evans & Co. Sewing and Knitting Cottons; Derby; and J. M. Perry & Co.'s Gray's Patent Linen Fibre Collars, Nottingham, England. 1D-6m

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER,
OFFICE: Corner of St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.

References—Robertson & Beattie, Robert Esdaile, Esq., Jas Turnance, Esq. 31D3m

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT
And Commission Merchants,
48 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street,
MONTREAL. 1D-6m

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant.
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods, 1D-6m

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 339 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 2856m

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.

The attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.

E. MUIR,
Chemist and Druggist,
2356m Place D'Armes, Montreal.

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McCUAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
Office:—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and St Common Street, Canal Wharf,
MONTREAL.

☞ Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and other Produce, and purchase of Merchandise. 2855m

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
100 Grey Nuns Street, Montreal,
HAVE FOR SALE—

Boiler Tubes,	Drain Pipes,
Gas Tubes,	Roman Cement,
Horse Nails,	Water Lime,
Paints and Putty,	Portland Cement,
Fire Bricks,	Paving Tiles,
Fire Clay,	Garden Vases,
Flue Covers.	Chimney Tops, &c.

☞ Manufacturers of AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR, and BED SPRINGS. 24D6m

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.

Liberal advances made on consignments to ourselves, or for shipment to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Port.
May 31st, 1867. 27D6m

A. ROBERTSON & Co.,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Mantles, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosier, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Clothes, Canadian Woollens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons, Prints, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Muslins.

478 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St.,
MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro', C. W. 1D-6m

Important to Miners and MINING MEN.

JOHNS' Patent Water-Proof Safety Fuse for Wet Ground and Submarine Blasting, is much cheaper than any other, and pronounced by Mining men much better than any imported.

Testimonials received from men well known in the mining and quarrying business of Canada and the United States; from Messrs. Morrill & Colby, Bennets, Wiswell Macfarland, Adams, Watson, Griffith, Wearn, and others.

☞ All orders promptly attended to.

Address JOHNS & Co.,
150-3m Sherbrooke, Q.

TERRAPIN RESTAURANT

CHARLES PAPINEAU,

Begs to inform the public that he has opened the Terrapin Restaurant, in Coleman's Building, next door to Dr. Colemar's Drug Store, and he has fitted it up in first class style, with every convenience. He will keep constantly on hand the best Ale and Porter, and the purest brands of Liquors.

☞ Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c., always on hand.

Belleville, Oct. 16, 1867. 142-tf

CONGER BROS.

Feeling thankful for the very liberal patronage given them for the past year, beg to remind their customers and the public that having thoroughly

REFITTED THEIR STORE!

are now opening a well assorted stock of FRESH TEAS, SUGARS, SPICES, CURRANTS, RAISINS, FIGS, &c.

Special attention is called to their fine assortment of

Jams, Jellies, Canned and Bottled FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.

R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER
Nov. 13th, 1867. 1dly

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,

Under Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the

Canadian & United States Mails.

1867—Summer Arrangements.—1867.

Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.

Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.

This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undernoted First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double Engine Iron Steamships:—

AUSTRIAN,	2700 Tons.	Capt. Aiton.
NESTORIAN,	2700 "	Lt. Dutton, R.N.R.
MORAVIAN,	2650 "	Capt. Wylie.
PERUVIAN,	2600 "	Capt. Ballantine.
HIBERNIAN,	2434 "	Capt. Brown.
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	2300 "	Capt. Allan.
NORTH-AMERICAN,	1754 "	Capt. Kerr.
BELGIAN,	2434 "	Capt. Grange.
DAMASCUS,	1600 "	Capt. Watts.

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL every THURSDAY, and from PORTLAND every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)

The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from PORTLAND as undernoted, viz:—

NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 25th Jan.
PERUVIAN,	Saturday, 1st Feb.
AUSTRIAN,	Saturday, 8th "
HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 15th "
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Saturday, 22nd "
MORAVIAN,	Saturday, 29th "
NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 7th March

St. GEORGE from Portland, 31st February.
St. ANDREW from Portland, 14th March.

☞ Fares per "Nova Scotian" 7th January, from Scotland to St. Johns, N. F., or—Cabin, $80; Steerage, $16.

Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway:—

CABIN, - - - - $60 to $90 20
(according to accommodation.)
STEERAGE, - - - - $32 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
For particulars, apply to

J. W THOMPSON, Agent,
Canadian Express Office,
27D5m-18W1: Belleville.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
For 1868.

THE CHEAPEST OF LADIES' MAGAZINES,
BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST.

The friend of woman, the arbiter of fashion, the encourager and publisher of the best literature of the day, the pattern from which all others copy.

READING MATTER.

In this there will be an improvement. The volume for 1868 will be set up with new-faced type, and of a size that will enable us to give an additional quantity of reading matter amounting to about twelve pages in each number.

BEAUTIFUL STEEL PLATES.

Of these the Lady's Books contain *fourteen* each year, superior (we challenge comparison) to any published in this country, either in book or periodical.

THE LITERATURE OF THE LADY'S BOOK.

MARION HARLAND,
Authoress of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Moss Side," "Nemesis," and "Marian,"

who contributes to no other monthly publication, will furnish a new novel for 1868, called "Pearl's Rosary," that will run through the year. Her stories are anxiously sought after, and as they are copyrighted, can be found everywhere but in Godey's. Our former efficient corps of writers has also been retained.

OUR FASHION PLATES.

The original double fashion-plates will be continued. Model Cottages.—The only magazine in the country that gives these designs is the Lady's Book.

Drawing Lessons.—In this we are also alone.

Original Music.—Godey's is the only magazine in which music is prepared expressly for it to appear.

We have also a Children's, a Horticultural, and a Health department.

GODEY'S INVALUABLE RECEIPTS

upon every subject, for the Boudoir, Nursery, Kitchen, House, and Laundry.

Tinted Engravings.—This is a series of engravings that no one has attempted but ourselves.

Godey's Fancy Work Department.—Some of the designs in this department are printed in colors in a style unequalled.

Terms for 1868.

One copy, one year, - - - - -	$3 00
Two copies, one year, - - - - -	5 00
Three copies, one year, - - - - -	7 00
Four copies, one year, - - - - -	10 00
Five copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making six copies - - - - -	14 00
Eight copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making nine copies, - - - - -	21 00
Eleven copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making twelve copies - - - - -	27 00

Godey's Lady's Book and Arthur's Home Magazine will be sent one year on receipt of $4 00.

Godey's Lady's and The Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $3 50.

Godey's Lady's Book, Arthur's Home Magazine, and Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $5 00.

Canada subscribers must send 24 cents additional for every subscription to the Lady's Book, and 12 cents for either of the other magazines, to pay the American postage.

How to Remit.—In remitting by mail, a Post Office Order or a Draft, *payable to the Order of L. A. Godey*, is preferable to bank notes, as, should the Order or Draft be lost, or stolen, it can be renewed without loss to the sender. If a Draft or a Post Office Order cannot be procured, send United States or National Bank notes.

Address L. A. GODEY,
N. E. Corner Sixth and Chestnut Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

Belleville Business Directory.

Macfarlan & Macfarlan,
Solicitors in Chancery and Insolvency Attornies-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c, &c
Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Ross, Bell & Holden,
Barristers, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville.
Hon. Jno. Ross. John Bell. Thos. Holden
1D6m Wtf

Diamond & Dickson,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c.
Office:—Neilson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
A. Diamond. Geo. D. Dickson.
1D-Wtf

A. R. Dougall,
Barrister, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.
Office over Overell's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.

Robertson & Stewart,
Barristers and Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office,—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street,
Alex. Robertson. D. E. K. Stewart.
1D6m-Wft

Legate & Price,
Bakers, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1D6m-Wtf

Geo. H. Haymes,
Hatter and Furrier, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs.
1D6m-Wtf

McLeod & Carre,
Engineers, Provincial Land Surveyors, Architects, Draughtsmen and Patent Solicitors, 153½ Front Street, Belleville. 1D

Pitcathly & Kelso,
Importers and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Law Partnership.

The undersigned have this day entered into co-partnership under the name of Jellett & Bleasdell. Office—Corner of Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville.

R. P. JELLETT.
8th October, 1867. J. H. T. BLEASDELL.

Forrest & Lozo's
Royal Photograph Gallery, Lazier's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 25D-tf

T. Lockerty,
Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 22D5m

Ponton, Falkiner & Denmark
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

Angus McFee,
Watchmaker and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellry and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1D6m

John Wilson,
Baker and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street, Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 1D6m

J. W. Brown,
Merchant Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

Geo. Gibson,
Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1D6m

J. C. Vapor,
Merchant Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

To Gold Miners

You will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Swedes iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. Wm. POWELL.
1D6m

McKeown & Robertson,
Manufacturers and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

ALLSOP'S ALE,
Guiness' Stout,
Blood's Porter!!
IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT
HAMBLY'S.
1D6m

BILL HEADS,
And all other kinds of Job Printing, executed with neatness and despatch at the Intelligencer Office, Front Street, Belleville.

The Skater.

The skater lightly laughs and glides,
Unknowing that beneath the ice
Whereon he carves his fair devices,
A stiffened corpse in silence slides.

It gleareth upward at his play;
Its cold, blue, rigid fingers steal
Beneath the headings of his heel;
It floats along and floats away.

He has not seen its horror pass;
His heart is blithe; the village hears
His distant laughter; he careers
In festive waltz athwart the glass.

We are the skaters, we who skim,
The surface of Life's solemn flood,
And drive, with gladness in our blood,
A daring dance from brim to brim.

Our feet are swift; our faces burn;
Our hopes aspire like soaring birds;
The world takes courage from our words,
And sees the golden time return.

But ever near us, silent, cold,
Float those who bounded from the bank
With eager hearts, like us, and sank,
Because their feet were overbold.

They sank through breathing holes of vice,
Through treacherous sheens of unbelief;
They know not their despair and grief—
Their hearts and minds are turned to ice.

1868.

MAKE A GOOD START!

[From the Trade Review.]

We are now on the threshold of another year. Eighteen hundred and sixty-seven is gone; eighteen hundred and sixty-eight has begun. The season is one suitable for reflection. The faithful Minister improves the occasion by pointing out past follies, and urging better resolves in future, and what is well timed in morals cannot be much out of place with regard to business. We propose, therefore, to "improve" the occasion from a commercial stand-point, and throw out some hints which, it is to be hoped, may make the "New Year" more successful to many business men than past ones have been.

So far as Canada is concerned, the old year—1867—has been a prosperous year. We have enjoyed some better ones, but many worse ones. To many the mercantile tests with regard to credits, the year has been *fair*—that is, we have had fair crops, fair business and fair prosperity. There have been, however, the usual "ups and downs" in business—particular houses and individuals have failed. In some of these cases, no human foresight would have been sufficient to prevent disaster; but in the majority of cases, failure has been the result of folly or carelessness, or both combined. Such failures afford a warning lesson to all those engaged in commercial pursuits, and induces us to say to any who may have found their liabilities in 1867 rather heavy to be born, "make a good start at the beginning of the New Year." "How shall we do this?" the reader may imagine. The particular circumstances of each business can only be known to the heads thereof, and if they are qualified for their positions they will know better than any others what measures are necessary to place their business in a healthy position. The commercial journal can only throw out some *general* suggestions, but these will apply in the majority of cases where languishing or declining businesses exist.

Well, then, the unsuccessful trader may "make a good start" in 1868 by avoiding past follies and adopting wiser maxims. These follies and maxims may be various, and it would require more space than is at our command to touch upon them all. The principal ones, however, may be summed up in a few heads, and we would cite—

First: Don't live above your income! This is a common, and, generally, a fatal fault. Canada has not suffered so much from this as the United States, but the evil largely exists. The man is not honest, to judge strictly, who spends money he has not earned. No person can justly live above his income. Human happiness has been described by a witty writer somewhat in this fashion: £50 income, £49 19s. 11d. expenditure—result: happiness; £49 19s. 11d. income, £50 expenditure—result: misery. We think this writer somewhat of a philosopher as well as a wit, and heartly commend as true philosophy, that whatever may be a man's income, he should live within it.

Second: Don't purchase more stock than you are able to pay for! In other words—avoid over-speculation. During 1867, not a few Canadian traders came to grief in this way; many more burdened themselves so much with unsaleable stocks that their legitimate profits were eaten up. Larger purchases than the market or business requires, often brings disaster, always reduce profits. Better go slower and surer.

Third: Don't allow your expenses to swallow up your profits! The writer has known instances of large and (what might have been) lucrative business, ruined by lavish and unnecessary expenditures. Fancy shops, unnecessary clerks, book keepers and porters,—these are the rocks against which handsome profits are sometimes dashed, only to land the establishment in bankruptcy. A prudent, careful, manager, would, in such cases, retire with a competency in a few years. Very frequently the heads of

such houses suppose they are rapidly amassing wealth, and only awaken to the real facts of the case when the storm burst upon their heads. Business men cannot begin the New Year with a better maxim than this: cut down expenditure to the lowest point consistent with efficiency.

Fourth: Don't attend to everything else but your business! The poke-your-nose-into-other-people's-business kind of people, are generally abhorred: they seldom succeed in what they undertake. No business can be expected to prosper without strict attention. Carelessness is a fruitful source of commercial trouble. Thousands of business ventures fail, solely because they are not sharply looked after. These are lessons which 1867, like every year, has taught, and those who are wise will profit by them. The old saw "if you don't look after business, business won't look after you," is true as any aphorism can be. There are not a few sinners of this description throughout our Dominion—men, who seldom have time to appear behind their counters, to keep their books in thorough order, or say a kind word to customers; but who have time in abundance and to spare, to spout politics, to manage municipal affairs, and to take part in public amusements. These things may be, and are desirable enough in their way: but if one is relying upon any branch of trade for a livelihood, *that* should receive his first and best consideration, and any who have been doing otherwise during the past year, would "make a good start" in 1868, by putting on the brakes and then reversing their engine.

Fifth: Don't fall behind your neighbors in enterprise! An unenterprising business man don't deserve to succeed. How can any person expect any large share of public support whose stock is never so good, so fresh, or so cheap as his competitor's over the way? If you, reader, have ever allowed your stock to run down, turn over a new leaf on the double quick.

Sixth: Don't give unlimited credit! Break-downs are numerous from this cause, and anything more stupid we know not of. Now-a-days, when wholesale dealers demand, and business is generally conducted on short credits, no person can, with any justice to himself, allow thousands of dollars to remain on his books unpaid from year to year. Thousands in Canada are now "cramped" from this foolish system, and not a few of these, we predict, will yet "fail" from bad debts. Accounts which are not adjusted, at the very least, once in twelve months, had better remain unopened. Customers who want longer credit than that are not profitable ones. Six months' credit should be the maximum; every month shorter than that up to *cash*, so much the better. Considerable improvement has been made in reducing the system of long credits during the past few years, but we suppose common sense views on this point will not universally prevail until many more failures take place from this cause. We have no sympathy with those who are suffering from debts overdue and uncollected. The infatuated creatures who used to perish by throwing themselves beneath the car wheels of Juggernaut, were not more foolish than those who, at this time of day, ruin their business by unlimited credit and bad debts. There is a "folly" which cannot be too speedily relinquished.

Seventh: Don't purchase and pay carelessly! This is an all-important maxim.—Paradoxical as at first sight it may appear, more money is often made in buying goods than in selling them. If possible, traders should endeavour to buy for cash. The ready money is the thing to enable the buyer to make close purchases. But besides buying closely, the quality, style, and seasonable character of goods should be closely examined, for rest assured the public will soon find out where they can procure articles which suit them best. Those who purchase and pay loosely are almost invariably put off with the worst stock at the highest prices, and if the reader is one of the guilty, he will "make a good start" for the New Year by resolving on an immediate change of tactics.

The writer does not claim for the above hints, as their owners do for Brandeth's pills or Holloway's ointment in physical complaints, that they are a certain cure for all commercial ills. There doubtless are cases of want of success in business which none of our suggestions would meet; there certainly are desperate cases which call for more desperate remedies than we have laid down. But we do believe that if the business follies we have pointed out, and the maxims we have advanced, had been strictly avoided on the one hand, and acted upon on the other, many would have been rejoicing over a fortune instead of an unsatisfactory season. The past is, however, irrevocable. It is gone; we cannot recall it. The present is, fortunately, still ours: a new year—another link in the chain of Time—has just begun. Let the commercial community of Canada, particularly the unsuccessful portion of it, learns wisdom from the lessons of the past, and above, all let them resolve to "make a good start" with the present festive season. We don't think they can do this better than by adopting and acting upon the hints contained in this article, and if they faithfully observe them, we feel assured they will not only "make a good start," but a good end.

—A London tailor declines to make trousers for any one of lower rank than a Viscount.

—A Detroit Justice the other day married a couple whose united weight was 550 pounds—the bride scoring 400.

—At a saw-mill in Elma, on the 28th ult., a man named McKay, while gathering saw-dust, had his scull sawed open in several places by a circular saw. It is expected he will recover.

—While Mr. Buck, Deputy Reeve of Asphodel, was absent from home last week, his confidential clerk absconded, carrying with him all the money in the safe, about $300. The thief was a highly respected and popular member of the community of Norwood village.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West,	7.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West,	8.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going West,	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train,	6.30 P. M.
Noon Express going East,	12.08 P. M.
Night Express going East,	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East,	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train,	9.30 P. M.

Montreal Time.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, FEB. 15.

THE TOWNSEND FAMILY.—The lovers of the drama will learn, by reference to our advertising columns, that this family will give three entertainments next week in the Ontario Hall. They are well spoken of by the press of the Dominion.

DENOMINATIONAL GRANTS.—The *Globe* in commenting upon the estimates, says: "The estimates include the usual grant for the Toronto Hospital, and the usual grants for the sectarian charities. The grants to the denominational colleges are omitted, and are, we understand, to be put into the supplementary estimates, with a stringent resolution declaring the present payments to be the last.

GRAND ORANGE LODGE CENTRAL CANADA.—The annual meeting of the Grand Orange Lodge of Central Canada will be held in the Court House, Kingston, on Tuesday next, the 18th instant. On Wednesday, at noon, the corner stone of the new Orange Hall to be built in that city will be laid by the Grand Master, M. Bowell, Esq., M. P., and in the evening a soiree will take place in the City Hall.

Gold News.

The Bay State Mining Company have a contract with Messrs. G. & J. Brown for a Crushing Machine, to be delivered by the 31st of March, under heavy penalties.—During the present week the contract for the building has been given to Messrs. Carpenter & Fox of Bannockburn, to be completed by March 15th. The boiler will be multi-tubular, similar to that at the Richardson mine. The Amalgamators are to combine the latest improvements, that have been fairly tested and approved, in Australia and other gold mining countries. A kiln and reverbatory furnaces are in course of preparation with a view of extracting the sulphur by roasting, before subjecting it to the crusher. The Directors have secured the services of Dr. Otway, and they speak hopefully of securing, through his skill and experience, combined with the energy and enterprise of Messrs. G. & J. Brown, the best crushing machine in the district. In the meantime the work at the shaft is being pushed forward, a depth of forty feet having been reached, the lode at that depth being upwards of five feet in width with a well defined wall; and from 200 to 250 tons of the ore lying ready for the crusher.

The Merchants' Union Mining Company, who have a five-acre lot closely adjoining the Presbyterian church at Madoc, have lately had a ton of their ore crushed by Turley & Gilbert—result, $11 to the ton.—The Directors have also forwarded a lot of forty pounds to Prof. Chapman, of Toronto, for analysis, and the result of his assay is looked for in the course of a few days. This company are thinking of trying the new (or as some say, old) Ryerson process for the treatment of the ore by super-heated steam, with the view of getting rid of the sulphur. Some recent improvements are said to have been introduced in this process at the Gold Belt Mine, near Fredericksburg, in Virginia, where the treatment of the ore by this method is stated to have more than doubled the per centage of gold saved.

The Legislature Yesterday.

The House yesterday went into Committee and passed a motion that a supply be granted to Her Majesty.

The Agricultural Bill was passed.

A debate arose upon the Registry Bill, during which Sir Henry Smith stated that it appeared to have been introduced for the purpose of legalizing the dismissal of the Bruce Registrar by the Hon. J. S. Macdonald some years ago, and which the Queen's Bench had declared illegal. He had no objection that hereafter Registrars should only hold office during pleasure—even County Court Judges he would like to see hold office in the same manner.

Hon. J. S. McDonald repudiated the charge of Sir Henry Smith, and said the Bill had been introduced at the suggestion of the Hon. Sydney Smith, Inspector of Registrars, so as to secure uniformity in all the Registry offices of the country.

Mr. Rykert was opposed to the clause effecting those who held office under patent, and declared that he had "never met a more "contemptible, or more rudely drawn Bill in "his life," and that he "had noted upwards "of fifty mistakes in the Bill."

The House adjourned until Monday.

Volunteer Inspection.

The inspection of the 15th Battalion took place last night in the Armory. Owing to other engagements the Brigade-Major was unable to be present; the inspection was therefore made by Lt.-Col. Campbell, assisted by Lt.-Col. Brown and Major Bowell of the 49th Battalion. The turn out was creditable under the circumstances, the arms clean and in good order. The following is the state:—

Staff Officers—Lieut.-Col. Campbell, Major Sutherland; Surgeon, Dr. Lister; Asst.-Surgeon, Dr. Burdett; Quarter-Master, St. Geo. B. Crozier; Adjutant Hulme, Drill Instructor:

No. 1	Co.	3 officers	3 sgts.	30 men	—total	36
" 2	"	2	"	4	"	28	"	"	34
" 3	"	2	"	5	"	35	"	"	42
" 4	"	2	"	3	"	29	"	"	34
" 5	"	3	"	4	"	19	"	"	26
" 6	"	2	"	3	"	34	"	"	39
Total.....		14 officers	21 sgts.	166 men	—tot.	201

After the inspection, Cols. Campbell and Brown addressed the men, complimenting them on their appearance, and for the turn out they had made.

Ontario Legislature.

THURSDAY, Feb. 13.

The most important business transacted to-day was the introduction by Mr. Rykert of the amendments proposed to be made to the Municipal Law at once, as being those, in the opinion of the committee, most needed. The following is an abstract of amendments:—

Subsection 5 of 26.—To provide for the erection and repair of Registry Office by the County Council when town withdraws from jurisdiction.

29. Amended so as to provide for separation of junior townships.

48. Amended so as to provide for senior county dividing assets after separation.

70. Mayors and Aldermen in cities.—Qualification. Freehold, $3,000. Leasehold, $6,000.

73. Additional disqualifications of candidates.

75. As to non-payment of taxes by the 16th December—repealed. Persons having income or assessed at $600 allowed to vote on payment of taxes.

76. VOTERS' QUALIFICATIONS.—Cities, $500 Towns, $300. Incorporated villages, $200. Townships, $100. Police villages, $100.

80. Persons rated jointly to vote.

Sub-section 3, section 86.—Councillors.—Three in each ward instead of two.

88. Repealed, as it was in opposition to 66.

Sub-section 3, section 10.—No poll to be demanded.

Section 8 of 100.—No declaration of result of election required.

Sub-section 1 of section 101.—As to nomination of candidates where two electoral divisions.

Sub-section 4 of section 101.—Council to pass by-law fixing place for nominations where three electoral districts.

105. Clerk to preside at election of Mayor.

246. Councillors may act as Road Commission Superintendent, &c., and be paid the same as Councillors.

379. Additional powers conferred upon incorporated villages.

282. Proviso made as to clearing streams and creeks running through two or more municipalities.

296. Certain powers given to counties over harbours, &c. Police Commissioners to control licenses of Cabmen, &c., in cities.

397. Part of oath relating to Secret Societies struck out.

345. Counties and townships to have power to sell mineral rights in roads, &c.

413. As to houses of Refuge.—Uniting counties and towns separated from counties.

Mr. Rykert then introduced the said Bill. Second reading on Monday.

SALE OF PUBLIC LANDS.

Dr. Boulter inquired at what time it is the intention of the Government to open the Mineral and Crown Lands for sale.

Hon. J. S. McDonald said the Government could not give a distinct answer to this question until they were in possession of more full information. He would say, however, that with regard to licenses for mineral lands, they intended to legislate by a Bill to be introduced this session.

MINERAL LANDS OF LAKE SUPERIOR.

Mr. Cumberland moved to refer all returns made to this House, of Orders of Council and regulations relating to the sale and management of the mineral lands of Lake Superior, to a special committee, composed of Messrs. Richards, McKellar, Hays, Pardee, Lyon, Scott (Grey), Boulter, Beatty, and the mover, with instructions to consider and report the effect and operation thereof.

A long discussion took place upon this motion, during which the Attorney-General said the government would be untrue to their trust were they to go on blindfold selling large tracts of land. Could they with any show of justice, sell all the wild lands along the coast of Lake Superior without knowing the value of the lands thus sold? Were all these lands—some of which were undoubtedly of great value—to be suddenly thrown into market. Instead of this, the Government proposed to send, at the earliest period possible, a staff of surveyors along the coast to ascertain which were the valuable mineral lands, and define the parts which ought to be sold at once. (Hear.) It was contended, and rightfully, that the Crown Lands had been long mismanaged, but the Government was not prepared to continue that mismanagement by selling lands containing valuable silver mines to speculators, at $1 or $1.10 an acre. If these lands were sold to speculators, what security was there that they would be worked? If large tracts were given, as proposed, to such men, the result would be that they would go to New York, throw these lands into market, and in this way they would continue to be speculated on, unworked, for years to come. He thought it anything but unreasonable that the Government should reserve this land. In Nova Scotia the Government had 2½ per cent. on the gold fields, and in Australia 7 per cent. First of all, the Government desired to have this Lake Superior region surveyed and mapped out, and then these lands might be sold by auction to the highest bidder. The Government would at once bring the lands into market on the completion of the survey, and sell them by auction, if that were thought best, in some districts, and the Government would take what care they could that the purchasers should develop these lands. If the policy of the Government in this respect did not commend itself to the house, hon. gentlemen could reject it.

Dr. BOULTER said that in seconding the motion made by the hon. member for Algoma, he did not do so for the purpose of embarrassing the Ministry. On the contrary, he felt inclined to sustain the Ministry so long as they brought forward measures that were earnestly desired by the country. He thought a committee might do some good in examining the Orders in Council regarding the mineral lands, and if such orders had been injurious to the wants of the country, then the system of Orders in Council should be changed. He saw no good reason why the mineral policy of the Government should not be declared by Act of Parliament. If it was necessary for the Government to put forth a policy respecting agricultural lands by an Act of Parliament, it was just as necessary to pass an Act regarding the mineral lands. He was pleased to hear from the Attorney General that the license system was to be done away with, but he did not state at what time our mineral lands were to be placed in the market. Many were the communications received from his constituents, asking to have the Crown Lands in the mineral regions put into the market. Some had asked to have their names entered for certain lots, stating that the purchase money was ready, and that they were extremely anxious to purchase before commencing to develop the mineral resources, and he felt anxious to see the lands placed in the market. He would not object to the present mode of selling either by auction or at a fixed price. The old Government of the Province had received $90,000 for sales of mineral lands in a few months in the Madoc mineral regions, and there was no good reason assigned by the Government why sales should not be going on now, and a large revenue derived from such sales. The policy of the Government concerning the agricultural lands was one step in the right direction. They should now take another step forward with respect to the mineral lands, and not stop and freeze fast in their tracks before proceeding further. It is true the Attorney General states that he intends to send a staff of Surveyors with the Commissioner of Crown Lands and the Commissioner of Public Works to Algoma in the spring, to explore that region and find out what the Government has to sell before placing those lands in the market. Well, if these gentlemen are to be employed all next summer in the Algoma district, when, he would ask, were they to visit the Madoc mineral region, —(laughter)—and ascertain what the Government has to sell in that section of the country? Are they to wait a whole year in uncertainty? Our Government is moving too slowly. We live in the days of activity. We should think quickly and act quickly, and although the Grand Trunk is moving slowly at present, that is no reason why the Government should be behind time. (Laughter.) Most of the lands in that section of the country had been surveyed and ought to be sold immediately. Rich deposits of gold had lately been discovered in his constituency, and he thought it was the duty of the Government to afford every encouragement to the development of that part of the Province.

Mr. Richards, in order to show that the sale of these lands had been mismanaged, said he would state that one gentleman who had obtained a patent for a block of land at Thunder Bay sold out his interest in half of it for $500,000.

Hon. Mr. Cameron was not aware there was any greater liberality of policy manifested in the United States than Canada had hitherto manifested. On the other side, mineral lands were sold in sections of 640 acres at $1 25 per acre; these might be subdivided into quarter sections of 160 acres, and a small tax was imposed. Any parties might get the lands on these terms. The policy in Canada had varied. Sometimes the lands had been sold at 40 cents an acre, sometimes at 80 cents; sometimes at a dollar an acre. The Government had done everything that had been done on the other side, with the solitary exception that they had not had the land surveyed. This Government were prepared to do what they thought best for the interests of the country, as soon as they had the opportunity. If they were to give away the revenue from the timber and minerals, they would not have means to carry on the Government and execute necessary improvements, without having recourse to direct taxation. They concluded, therefore, that it would not be right to continue the previous policy, especially when they found that, in addition to the inferior metals, there were extensive silver ores. As regarded the charge of breach of faith, the Government were prepared to meet all public obligations, but they would not concede claims until after most careful examination. It was the policy of the Government to do all they possibly could to develop the mineral resources of the country, but they must endeavor at the same time to prevent mineral lands getting into the hands of speculators.

The motion was then withdrawn.

WILD LAND TAX.

Mr. McKellar moved that on Wednesday next the House resolve itself into Committee on the following resolution: "That, in the opinion of this House, the time has arrived when tracts of unsettled wild lands, held for speculative purposes to the retardment of the country and the injury of neighboring settlers, should be charged with a special wild land tax." Mr. McKellar argued that large tracts of land were held by speculators to the detriment of settlement and the general progress of the country, and that such lands should be taxed. No decision was arrived at as the discussion was going on, when the House rose at six o'clock.

BUTTER AND CHEESE.

A long discussion took place upon the penalty to be imposed for sending bad milk to a factory. The Bill proposed a penalty of from $5 to $100, which was subsequently reduced to $50, to be imposed by two magistrates, subject to appeal.

BUFFALO STEAK.—We have to acknowledge through George Boulter, Esq., of this Town, a few pounds of buffalo steak, which was sent from Ellsworth, Kansas, by his son, Mr. Collingwood Boulter. The meat is tender and sweet, and leads one to envy those who are left on the prairies to "starve on buffalo."

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—Lennon, who was convicted of treason and felony, was yesterday brought before the court and sentenced to imprisonment at hard labor for the term of fifteen years.—After receiving his sentence, Lennon made a bitter and defiant speech, in which he predicted that, before he had served out the term of his imprisonment, the British monarchy would be overthrown. He gloried in the act for which he was now condemned, and hoped an opportunity would be given to repeat it.

The auxiliary corps of Egyptians remain in Abyssinia, and are moving forward as the expedition advances, notwithstanding the request made by the English government to the Pasha of Egypt that they be withdrawn. Reports from the interior state that King Theodore and the British captives were at Magdala.

FLORENCE, Feb. 14.—Yesterday evening Admiral Farragut attended a state dinner at the royal palace. The Italian journals contain frequent reports in reference to the visit of Admiral Farragut, and seem to be persuaded that he is here on some mission of importance. The last rumor which has appeared is to the effect that his object is to obtain a naval station in the Mediterranean for the United States, and that he has been instructed to apply to the Italian Government for the use of the port of Spezzia for that purpose.

LONDON, midnight, Feb. 14.—In the House of Lords this evening, Earl Mayo, Chief Secretary for Ireland, asked leave to bring in a bill to suspend the operation of the writ of *habeas corpus* for a short time from the 1st of March. He said the Fenian leaders had shown an utter disregard of their oaths of allegiance to the Crown, and stated that out of two hundred and sixty-five Fenians who had been arrested, ninety-five were Americans. He concluded by saying that although the government had succeeded in repressing the rebels, still an extension of its powers was necessary to enable it to complete the work. Leave to bring in the bill was granted.

In the House of Commons Lord Stanley laid before the House additional papers on the subject of the Alabama claims. These documents have already been published.

It has been decided that the British West India mail steamers shall cease calling at the Island of St. Thomas. Probably Jamaica will be chosen as a mail station for the steamers.

PARIS, Feb. 14, evening.—In the Corps Legislatif to-day an amendment which was proposed by M. Berryer to the bill for the regulation of the press introducing certain reforms in the administration of the Court of Justice, was defeated after a very stormy debate.

The government is rapidly pushing forward the organization of the National Guard in all the departments of France in accordance with the provisions of the army bill recently adopted by the senate and legislative body.

LONDON, February 15, 11:15 a.m.—Consols 93 to 93¼; Bonds quiet at 72; I C 87¾; Erie 48¾.

LONDON, February 15, 3 p. m.—I C 89; Bonds 71¾ to 72.

LIVERPOOL, February 15, 11:15 a. m.—Cotton opens firm; the market for cotton to arrive is buoyant. Breadstuffs generally firmer; California Wheat 15s; No. 2 Red Western 14s 5d; Flour 37s 6d.

LIVERPOOL, February 15, 3 p. m.—Cotton buoyant; Uplands 8¾d to 8¾d; Orleans 8¾d; Uplands to arrive 8¾d. Beef 15s; Pork dull at 71s. Sugar quiet.

American Despatches.

HAVANA, Feb. 14.—Salnave's head-quarters are now at Grandenire. His chief army was defeated by the rebels on the frontier. Gen. Alxis committed suicide, and Gen. Nord has incurred the mistrust of President Salnave, who deprived him of his rank and honors.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—The *Herald's* Havana special says: The Colonial Council at Martinique have voted an appropriation of 80,000 francs to lay a cable connecting the island with Guadalope; they have also increased the duties on imports.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—The *Herald's* Mexico City correspondence, dated January 29th, says: A severe fight occurred in Mexico City between the officers of Juarez's body-guard and the police, and the whole affair had been laid before Congress.

The *Herald's* Havana correspondence of the 8th inst. says: The government has conceded a subsidy of $132,000 to the mail steamers between the Antilles and the Mexican coast, and another to those between Spain and Havana. The stock of sugar in the Havana stores on the 31st ult. was 81,303 boxes and 1,168 hogsheads, against 73,200 boxes and 1,106 hogsheads last year at the same time.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 14.—Acapulco advices up to February 6th have been received. The opposing Governors in the State of Guerrero, Alvarez and Jimenaz were still preparing for battle, but no collision had taken place. Lasedo had sent messengers to the Governors of Chihuahua, Durango, Sonora and Sinaloa, with propositions for the formation of an independent government, to be called the Republic of the Pacific, to include Lower California and a portion of Jalisco.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—The *World's* Washington special says: The friends of the President urge him to remove Stanton, and appoint one of the members of the Cabinet *ad interim*, thus involving a peaceful judicial appeal for decision of the matter. The position in which Gen. Grant has placed himself is also mentioned as a cause for his arrest and trial by court-martial. The chances are in favor of Gen. McClellan being appointed Minister to England. It was agreed informally among Senators to-day to pass a resolution, on Monday, calling on the President for a statement of his purpose in creating the department of the Atlantic. It was further resolved to bring in a bill to redistribute the military departments, so as to virtually abolish the operation of the President's order.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, Feb 15.

Commercial Bills..... 99
Greenbacks, buying at..... 70
" selling at..... 71
Bank of Upper Canada Bills..... 62
Silver, buying at..... 4 to 4¼
" selling at..... 3¾
Gold opened at 140¼; closed at 141¼.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, Feb. 15, 1868.

FALL WHEAT—$1 60 to $1 65.
SPRING WHEAT—$1 50 to $1 60.
BARLEY—$90 to $95.
RYE—Firm at $1 00 to $1 05.
OATS—38c.
PEAS—demand only for local use at 90c to 95c.
BUCKWHEAT—60c to 75c.
BEEF—Dull at $5 50 $6.
PORK—$5 50 to $6 00. Heavy Pork $6 to.
MUTTON—8c to 9c per pound.
BUTTER—15c to 22c.
EGGS—18c to 20c.
HIDES—$4 50 to $7 00.
SHEEPSKINS—dull at 75c.
CALFSKINS—8c ₱ lb.
TALLOW—Rough, 5c; rendered, 8c.
WOOL—25c.
POTATOES—60 to 65c.
APPLES—$2 00c to $1 00.
HAY—$10 to $15.
CHEESE—10c.
CORN—90c to $1.
FLOUR—No 1, $7 50 ₱ bbl.
POTASH—$4 80 to $4 75.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.

MONTREAL, Feb. 15, 1867.
1 P. M.

FLOUR.—Superior Extra	$8 00	@	8 25
Extra	7 90	@	8 00
Fancy	7 60	@	7 75
Welland Canal Superfine	7 45	@	7 60
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat	7 45	@	7 60
" " 1 Western Wheat	7 45	@	7 60
" " 2 " "	7 10	@	7 25
Bag Flour	3 65	@	3 75
WHEAT.—Canada Fall	0 00	@	0 00
Spring	1 70	@	0 00
Western	0 00	@	0 00
OATS.—Per 32 lbs	0 46	@	0 47
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	0 95	@	1 00
BUTTER—Dairy	0 15	@	0 19
" Store Packed	0 14	@	0 18
ASHES—Pots	5 30	@	5 35
Pearls	5 75	@	5 80
PORK—Mess	19 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess	14 00	@	00 00
Prime	13 00	@	00 00
DRESSED HOGS	5 75	@	6 25
PEAS	0 87	@	0 88
RYE FLOUR	5 95	@	6 00

Flour—small arrivals; market generally unchanged. Grain—no arrivals; rates nominally unchanged. Provisions—Pork quiet but steady. Hogs slow sales, rates unchanged. Butter in good demand, rates well sustained. Ashes unchanged.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET

NEW YORK, February 15.

Cotton firmer at 20½c to 20¾.
Flour 5 to 10 cents better; receipts 5,200 barrels; sales 10,500 bbls at $8 60 to $9 35 for superior state and western; $9 90 to $10 90 for common to choice extra State; $9 70 to $11 90 for common to choice extra western.
Rye flour active and firmer at $7 55 to $9 35.
Wheat firmer; receipts 1,500 bushels.
Rye active and firmer; receipts 530 bushels; sales 9,000 bushels.
Corn opened firmer and closed quiet; receipts 79,500 bushels; sales 41,000 bushels at $1 26 to $1 29 new for mixed western afloat.
Barley scarce and firm.
Oats quiet; receipts 11,600 bush; sales 2,600 bushels at 84½c for Western in store; 86½ for do afloat.
Pork firmer and quiet at $22 37 to $22 50 for old mess; $21 50 to $23 62 for new do.
Lard quiet at 14c to 14¾c; small lots at 14¾c to 15c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.

Stocks active but stronger after call.
Sterling Exchange 109¾ to 109¾.
Gold 140¾.
Gold closed 140¾.

Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
February 15, 1868.

IMPORTS.—2 cars merchandise.
EXPORTS.—2 car merchandise.

MARRIED,

By Rev. Jas. Preston, Feb. 4th, at the Wesleyan Parsonage, Belleville, Mr. Spencer Powell to Miss Sarah E. Bryant, both of Northumberland.

By the same, Feb. 18th, at the Wesleyan Parsonage, Mr. Sylvester Garrison to Miss Hannah Mary Cronk, both of Prince Edward.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

R. R. R. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Is the only vegetable Remedy, in liquid form, that will cure at once all Bilious Attacks, Fevers, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Headache, Spasms, Diphteria, Influenza, Kidney and Bladder Diseases. One application will in a few minutes afford immediate comfort.

Sisters of Mercy, Dorchester St., Montreal, C. E.,
Hospital of the Sisters of Mercy.

DR. RADWAY: I certify that your Ready Relief has cured over one hundred of our sick from Chills, Vomiting, Headaches, Internal Pains, &c., &c.

One of our Sisters had the Rheumatism in her hand for a great many years. Having taken a few spoonsful of Relief in water, and rubbing her hand twice with the same medicine, she was perfectly cured, and never felt it since. I always use it for Dyspepsia and for Colds, and always with success. It is very useful for Sore Throat, Coughs, Influenza, Diphteria, &c. It has a good effect in Flatulency or Wind Cholic. I use it for foul breath, and it produces a marvellous effect. In short, it procures relief altogether remarkable to our invalids.

SISTER MARY DE HONSCOURS.

Sudden Colds, Coughs, Influenza, Diptheria, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Chills, Fever and Ague, Mercurial Faint, Scarlet Fever, &c., &c. Take from four to six of Radway's Pills, and also take a teaspoonful of the Ready Relief in a glass of water, sweetened with sugar or honey; bathe the throat, head and chest with Ready Relief (if Ague or Intermittent Fever, bathe the spine also); in the morning you will be cured.

See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1868.—R. R. R. sold by all druggists. 51-2t 237-3w

LEXINGTON, Missouri, May 23, 1868.

MESSRS. J. N. HARRIS & CO.:

DEAR SIRS—I have made Allen's Lung Balsam pretty well known in our city and country, and have sold about all the four dozen bottles sent me in March last; and I find that persons who try the Balsam once, come back again for more, as it gives them satisfaction; and I recommend it in preference to any other medicine for Coughs and Colds. Please send me six dozen bottles as soon as possible. I am, yours, &c.,

THOMAS J. FLETCHER, Druggist.

P. S.—I sell more Allen's Lung Balsam, than all other cough remedies together, and it gives general satisfaction.

Sold by all Family Medicine dealers.
☞ Perry Davis & Son, Agents for the Dominion of Canada. 51-4w 237-4w

☞ Ticket Office for Great Western Railway, opposite the Market, Front-St. Tickets issued to Milwaukee, Chicago, New Orleans, Omaha City, Nebraska Territory, Fort Riley, Kansas, Cheyenne, Dacotah, Denvis Colorado, and all points West. Fare received either in Greenbacks or current funds.
217-1y E. P. DAVY, AGENT.

CHRIST CHURCH

NEAR UPPER BRIDGE.

REV. SEPTIMUS JONES, B.A., INCUMBENT.

SUNDAY SERVICES 11 A.M., and 7 P.M. Holy Communion Third Sunday in every month. This church is wholly supported by the offertory collections. *SEATS FREE.*
November 28th, 1867. 41-1y

PRECEPTORY No. 153, Royal Black Knights of Ireland,



THE regular monthly meeting of Preceptory No. 153, Royal Black Knights of Ireland, for the selection of officers for the current year, will be held in the ORANGE HALL, Belleville, on

Monday Evening, Feb. 17, 1868.

☞ All Knights interested will please take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

W. H. SCHOLES, R.
Belleville, Feb. 12, 1868. 52-1w

LECTURE

BY THE

REV. JOSEPH WILD, M.A.,

IN NEILSON'S HALL,

FRIDAY Evening, Feb. 21st.

SUBJECT:

"THE VOICE."

Chair taken by JAMES BROWN, Esq., M.P., at half-past seven.

Admission 12½ cents.

Proceeds given to the M. E. ORGAN FUND. The public are cordially invited.

P.S.—This Lecture will show how to come in possession of, and keep a good voice. With hints how to speak in public, and how to sing, and other interesting points.

PER ORDER OF COM.
Belleville, Feb. 14th, 1868. 244-6t

ONTARIO HALL.

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

Monday Evening, Feb. 17th.

THE CELEBRATED AND ORIGINAL

SKIFF & GAYLORD'S MINSTRELS,

THE MOST SUCCESSFUL TRAVELLING COMPANY IN THE WORLD.

THE OLD FAVORITES,

Tom Gaylord,
and Johny Howard.

Engagement extraordinary of the renowned Gymnast, Contortionist and Pantomimist,

MR. FRANK DONALDSON.

Tickets, 25 cents. Reserved seats 50 cts.

Doors open 7½; Performance to commence at 8 o'clock.

TOM GAYLORD, Manager. JOE GAYLORD, Agent.

ONTARIO HALL.

ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION OF THE

TOWNSEND FAMILY,

and crowded houses everywhere.

Fashionable Entertainment for Three Nights.

Tuesday, Wednesday & Thursday

February the 18th, 19th, and [illegible]

JOHN TOWNSEND,

THE Popular English, American, and Canadian Tragedian, in his great character of

OTHELLO:

Miss Florence Townsend,

In her celebrated character of "DESDEMONA," supported by the whole company,

On TUESDAY Evening, 18th February, will be presented Shakespeare's Great Tragedy of "OTHELLO" or the "MOOR of VENICE," with entirely new and appropriate dresses.

OTHELLO.....John Townsend
IAGO.....Mr. Burnet Townsend
CASSIO.....Mr. Harry Townsend
MONTANO (first appearance)..Mr. W. J. Speed
DESDEMONA.....Miss Florence Townsend
EMELIA.....Miss Constance Townsend
Supported by the whole company.

To conclude with Charles Mathews' glorious Comedy, entitled

"LITTLE TODDLEKINS;"
OR, "MARRIED DAUGHTER AND ALL."

BROWNSMITH.....Mr. Harry Townsend
AMANTHIS.....Mr. A. J. Reil
CAPT. LITTLEPOP.....Mr. W. J. Speck
ANNIE BARICOMBE.....Miss F. Townsend
SUSAN.....Miss Constance Townsend
Supported by the whole company.

☞ Doors open at 7:15. Commence at 8.
Belleville, February 12th. 243-3t

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THIS BANK is prepared to issue drafts, receive deposits, and grant interest receipts at the office of the Commercial Bank in Belleville.

Mr. THOMSON will be happy to see his old friends.

Belleville, Jany. 23, 1868. 225-tf

AUCTION.

TRADE SALE

OF

SUGARS,
MOLASSES,
SYRUPS,
TEAS,
TOBACCOS,
FRUITS,

WINES AND LIQUORS,

&c., &c., &c.

A large and General Assortment of

FRESH GROCERIES

will be offered to the Trade BY AUCTION, at the Store of

Messrs. Pitceathly & Kelso,

FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

THURSDAY, 20TH INSTANT.

And to close a consignment—

Barrels No. 1 Round Herrings,
" Extra No. 1 Split do.
" Choice Labrador do.
Bundles Dry Codfish.

☞ SALE AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK A. M. ☜

M. NULTY,
Auctioneer.
Belleville, 12th Feb., 1868. 52-1t, 243-td

NOW READY,

THE

Queen's New Book,

Journal in the Highlands.

PRICE, $1.25.

E. HARRISON.

Belleville, Feb. 1, 1868. 233-tf

Great Bargains at

Wilson & Robertson's

THE following lines are now offered to the public:—

30 ps. all Wool Tweeds, 5s. for 3s 9d per yd.
25 " " " 5s 6d for 4s 6d "
40 " " " 5s 9d for 5s "

A large Assortment of Wool Shawls

A few ps. ALL WOOL Carpets,

AND A VARIETY OF OTHER GOODS.

In order to reduce our Stock, we offer these goods very much cheaper than they will be found elsewhere.

WILSON & ROBERTSON

The X-Mas No. of the

ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS,

IS NOW READY.

ALSO,

BOUND NUMBERS OF

British Workman,
Band of Hope Review,
Children's Friend,
Infant's Magazine,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
LEISURE HOUR, SUNDAY AT HOME, &c., &c.,

AT

J. C. OVERELL'S,

OPPOSITE THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
FRONT STREET.
BELLEVILLE.
January 4, 1868. 209

A SPLENDID

ASSORTMENT OF

FLANNELS,

GENT'S

FURNISHING GOODS,

&c., &c.,

JUST RECEIVED,

AT

J. MUIR & CO.'S.

Horses, Carriages, &c.,

FOR SALE.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS

TAKEN AT PAR.

Apply to
H. PRETTY,
Opposite the Market.
Belleville, Oct. 29, 1867. 147-tf

Limes and Glycerine,

The best Hair Dresser before the public.

Limes and Glycerine,

The best preparatiou known for Dandruff.

Limes and Glycerine,

Allays all irritation of the Scalp.

Limes and Glycerine,

All who have used it pronounce it superior to any preparation for the Hair.

Limes and Glycerine,

Is to be found on almost every toilet table.

Limes and Glycerine,

Far superior to pure Glycerine for chapped hands, &c.

Prepared only at
APOTHECARIES HALL,
1dly Front St., Belleville.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

Ladies Work Boxes.
" Writing Desks.
" Dressing Cases.
Photograph Albums.
Fancy Wool Goods.
Ladies Bonnets,

A fine assortment of

Dress Goods!

and the

Latest Styles in Cloth

FOR LADIES JACKETS.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

Dec. 19, 1867. 1D-1y

GRAHAM FLOUR,

OATMEAL, SPLIT PEAS,
BEANS, &c.

—ALSO,—

WHITEFISH AND HERRINGS

IN BARRELS & HALF BARRELS,

At the "Corner Store,"
Front and Bridge Streets.

A. FLETCHER & Co.
January 15, 1868. 7-1y, w48-2t

HOOP SKIRTS,

LATEST STYLES.

G. C. Holton & Co.

J. & W. Sutherland

WOULD respectfully solicit an inspection of their new stock of

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS,

Which will be found complete in the following specialities:

FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FRENCH MERINOS—2s. 6d. and upwards
FRENCH LAMAS & THIBETS.
FRENCH DELAINES.
SCOTCH TWEEDS.
" ALL WOOL HOSIERY.
CANADIAN " "
" FLANNELS
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.
DUNDAS COTTONS AND BAGS.
AMERICAN YARN.

J. & W. SUTHERLAND.
Belleville, October, 1867. 1y8m

HUFFMAN HOUSE.

MADOC, ONTARIO.

HUFFMAN & SON, Proprietors,

(LATE OF PETERBOROUGH.)

☞ Every attention paid to travellers. House and furniture entirely new. 145-tf 30tf

Partner Wanted,

WANTED, as equal partner in a light and profitable manufacturing business, a good responsible man, with some capital to invest.

For particulars enquire at 234, or at the office of S. B. Burdett, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Front St., Belleville.
Belleville, Jan. 27, 1868. 238-tf

NEW BOOKS

AT

F. VAN NORMAN'S.

Queen Victoria's Journal, "Our Life in the Highlands."
Wood's Natural History—2,500 illustrations, 3 vols., Royal 8vo..... $14 00
Chambers' Cyclopedia, now complete, 10 vols..... per vol., 2 50
Chambers' Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols..... 2 00
Family Cyclopedia..... 75
Our Constitution..... 1 00
Romance of Charity..... 1 00
The Land and the Book..... 2 00
Pre-historic Scotland..... 5 00
Knight's Half-hours with best Authors, 2 vols..... 2 50
Knight's Half-hours with English History..... 1 25
North-west Passage by Land, by Viconut Milton and Cheadle.
Barnes' Notes, complete.
D'Israeli's Curiosities of Literature, cloth and morocco.
Kitto's Bible History of the Holy Land,
Weales' Scientific Works.

ALL THE POETS, &c., &c.,

NEW SCHOOL BOOKS.

The CHEAPEST STATIONERY

In Belleville.

WALL PAPERS

From 5 cts. to $1 20 per Roll.

BIBLES,
HYMN BOOKS,
PRAYER BOOKS,
PSALM BOOKS,
CATECHISMS, &c. &c.

Sunday School Libraries

In great variety, and very low prices.

A GOOD STOCK OF

Sheet Music, Music Books, Violins,

&c., &c., constantly on hand.

☞ Orders by mail promptly executed.

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,
BELLEVILLE.
Belleville, Feb. 8, 1868. 239-tf

Notice of Partnership.

WE HAVE this day admitted William Jones, of Belleville, as partner into our firm.

A. S. PAGE & CO.
Belleville, Jan. 15, 1868. 213-1m

BOARDING.

MRS. McKENZIE can accommodate a few permanent boarders; also, some daily boarders.

RESIDENCE—Pinnacle Street, opposite the market.
Belleville, Nov. 18, 1867. 170-tf

F. HACKETT

HAS RECEIVED A

CHOICE ASSORTMENT

OF

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS

Belleville, Oct. 1, 1867. 1D-6m

COSGRAVE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

East India Pale Ale.

JUST RECEIVED,

50 Hhds,

150 Barrels and half Barrels.

FOR SALE ONLY BY
WESLEY BULLEN.
Belleville, Nov. 26, 1867. 177-tf

GRAND DISCOUNT SALES

OF

DRY GOODS,

AT

P. D. CONGER'S.

GEORGE ROCHE,

HATTER & FURRIER,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now prepared to take orders for

ALL KINDS of FURS.

Having procured the services of a first-class Cutter from Paris, particular attention paid to repairing.

☞ All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.

Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs.
October 14. 1D-6m

Miscellaneous Items.

A little four year old child in Portland told his father he was a fool. On being reprimanded by his mother and required to say he was sorry, he toddled up to the insulted parent and exclaimed: "Papa, I'm sorry you's a fool."

A drunken Scotchman returning from a fair, fell asleep by the roadside, when a pig found him and began licking his mouth. Sawney roared out: "Wha's kissing me noo? Ye see what it is to be weel liket amang the lasses!"

"Mother, I shouldn't be surprised if our Susan gets choked some day!" "Why, Mina?" "Because her beau twisted his arms around her neck the other night, and if she had not kissed him to let her go, he would have strangled her."

"Any game hereabouts?" said a newly arrived settler to a citizen of Hays, in western Kansas. "Guess so," said the other, "and plenty of 'em. We have bluff, poker, euchre, all-fours, and monte, and jist as many others as you'll like to play."

Bridget was called in and informed that the census taker wished to see her:—"The sinsus taker is it? Be gora and is it misilf that came a thousand leagues across the wather to Ameriky, to have mi sinses taken from me? Howly Virgin! protect a poor woman who has niver a bit of sinse to spare."

An Irishman entered a barber shop while drinking, ate with a brush a cup of lather, dug out the ball of soap at the bottom of the cup, ate that and set down to warm his feet. "How did you like your lunch?" asked a bystander. Pat said, "The custard was illigant, but by my soul, I b'lave the egg was a little too long in the wather."

Dutchman: Good morsage, Patrick, how you tuz? Irishman: Good morning till ye, Mike, think ye'll get rain the day? Dutchman: I guess not—ye never had much rain in the ferry ty time. Irishman: Faith and ye're right there, Mike; and thin widout-e it gets in the way o' raimin', the divil a drope o' dhry weather will we get as long as the wet spell howlds.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Messrs. WALLACE & FORDYCE as Photographers, in the Town of Belleville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

(Signed) D. J. WALLACE.
ED. FORDYCE.

Belleville, December 4th, 1867.

THE undersigned having purchased Mr. Fordyce's interest in the Gallery, will hereafter conduct the business on his own account. His long experience and thorough knowledge of the business will enable him to satisfy all who give him a call.

ROOMS:—Over Graham and Grainger's Store.

ENTRANCE:—Two doors South of Holden's Drug Store.

D. J. WALLACE.

Belleville, Dec. 4th, 1867. 185-ThST



HURRAH FOR THE DOMINION.

R. H. JONES

BEGS leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened a new WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Grocery and Liquor Store,

in the premises lately occupied by Messrs. O'Brien & Henchy, where he will keep on hand a select and varied assortment of

General Groceries,

AND LIQUORS,

For family use and medicinal purposes.

TEAS.

YOUNG AND OLD HYSONS,
GUNPOWDER, TWANKAY,
IMPERIAL, JAPAN,
SOUCHONG,
CONGOU, &c., &c.

COFFEES.

THE BEST IN TOWN, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.

He would especially call the attention of families to his stock of

WINES, SPIRITS & LIQUORS,

Brandies, Ports, Sherries.

Irish, Scotch & Morton's Whiskeys,

Old Tom & Holland Gins,

IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.

Together with a large assortment of

CHAMPAGNE,

of the most popular brands,

LIQUEURS & CORDIALS, &c.

In addition to these there will be found a splendid stock of

LAMP GOODS & TRIMMINGS,

☞ Goods sent promptly to customers in any part of the town.

Belleville, Dec. 9, 1867. 188 42-tf

HURRAH FOR BARNUM'S

LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half past 8 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12, noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 2 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

S. BARNUM,
Proprietor.

C. HORTON, Agent, Belleville.
S. GUSTIN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1867. b08

REMOVAL.

N. MANN begs to notify the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to the Dafoe House Building, where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many more, who will favor him with their patronage.

Belleville, Dec. 27, 1867.

MORTGAGE SALE.

UNDER power of sale contained in a mortgage made the 28th day of October, 1863, between William Donovan, of Belleville, Grocer, and the Hon. John Ross, there will be sold for default of payment of mortgage money, on

Thursday, the 5th day of March, 1868,

at TWELVE o'clock, NOON, by M. NULTY, at his auction rooms in the Town of Belleville, the following valuable property, viz.: Lot number eighteen, on the East side of Sidney Street, as laid down on a plan of survey of Lots numbers one and two, in the second Concession of the Township of Thurlow, in the County of Hastings, made by Henry A. F. McLeod, Esq., P. L. S., and registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings, on the 28th day of October, A. D. 1863.

The said lot number eighteen, contains ten acres of land more or less. It is fenced and otherwise improved.

For terms of sale and other particulars, enquire of JAMES ROSS, Esq., or of the undersigned.

ROSS, BELL & HOLDEN,
Attorneys for Hon. John Ross.

Belleville, 5th Feb., 1868. 237-4tTh

Store-keepers!
Farmers!
And Others!

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM THE IMPORTERS DIRECT.

The Montreal Tea Company,

6 Hospital Street, Montreal,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to different parts of the country—and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOUSE, QUEBEC, January 7, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

HOUSE OF SENATE, Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect an future order. Yours, &c.,

S. SKINNER.

QUEBEC, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of 30 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 55 cents was of excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for.

Yours respectfully,

D. ANDERSON.

TORONTO, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The two chests of Tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton, one chest Fine Flavored Young Hyson Congou, at same price, viz.: at 55 cents per lb. Yours, &c.,

JAMES EDGAR.

ELCOME, December 23, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he thinks it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz.: at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant,

JOHN T. DAY.

CORNWALL, January 8, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box of 20 lbs. at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the "Medical Journal" have frequently declared that one half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15, and 12 lbs. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do. 55c., 60c., and 65c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c., Sound Oolong, 45c., Rich Flavored do., 60c.; Very Fine do. do. 75c.; Japan, Good, 50c., 55c.; Very Fine, 60c.; Finest, 65c., 75c.; Scented Orange Pekoe, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankey Common, 38c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c., 55c., 60c., and 70c.; Fine do., 75c.; Very Fine, 85c.; Superfine and very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c.; Extra Superfine do., $1.

All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality, and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c. to 70c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, Teas will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by expressman, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.
6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of five chests and upwards.

All Boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

MOIRA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Capital Stock, $100,000. Divided into 10,000 Shares.

WORKING CAPITAL, $15,000.

HORACE YEOMANS, Esq., PRESIDENT. ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., TREASURER.
B. S. GILBERT, Esq., SECRETARY. J. G. SHURTZ, Esq., SUPERINTENDENT.

MERCHANTS' BANK, BANKERS. DEAN & GILBERT, SOLICITORS.

DIRECTORS:

HORACE YEOMANS, of Flint & Yeomans, Belleville.
ANDREW THOMSON, Banker, Belleville.
W. W. DEAN, Master in Chancery, Belleville.
JOHN G. SHURTZ, Superintendent.
JAMES LISTER, M.D., Belleville.
JAMES W. CARMAN, American, Consul, Belleville.
BARTON S. GILBERT, of Dean & Gilbert, Barristers, Belleville.

THIS COMPANY is duly Incorporated under Cap. 23, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the purpose of working the mineral veins upon *sixteen* acres of Lot No. 19, in the fifth concession of Madoc, (the Richardson Mine being No. 18 in the same concession.)

A shaft has been sunk to the depth of nine feet in the rock. At six feet a gold-bearing lode was struck, of 18 inches in width, which at nine feet has increased to 2½ feet, and a crushing at Gilbert & Turley's mill of four and one-half tons of the rock, gave a yield of over fifty-six dollars in gold; the lode is clearly defined, and evidently extends the whole length of the property—52 rods.

The territory is admirably situated for mining purposes, being a high ridge covered with indications of mineral veins. There are numerous places on the land fully as promising as the one on which the shaft has been sunk, and which would unquestionably yield as well. The large quantity of land, and the prospects of other gold-bearing veins, make it certain that the Company will be able to subdivide the property as soon as a little further development has been made, and form other Companies at great advantage.

Work is being vigorously prosecuted in the shaft, under the superintendence of JOHN G. SHURTZ, Esq., one of the Directors, who is largely interested in the proprietary of the mine, and who has had thirteen years' practical experience in the gold mines of California and Nevada, and is unquestionably the most accomplished quartz miner now in this country.

It is intended to have a further crushing in a few days, and negotiations are in progress which, if carried out, will secure a mill to the Company at once, so that regular work will be gone on with without delay, and dividends may, in that case, be expected in a short time.

Belleville, Jan. 27th, 1868. 228d-tf

India and China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or $1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Teas, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb. Finest procurable, $1.00.
Protected by Trade Mark.

☞ Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.

August 16th, 1867. d90-1y w27-1y

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO. OF CANADA.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
INCORPORATED 1849.

HEAD OFFICE, - - TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., President, LEWIS MOFFATT, Esq., Vice-President.
HON. MALCOLM CAMERON, A. T. FULTON, Esq., W. J. McDONELL, Esq.
C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq., H. S. HOWLAND, Esq., J. McGILLES, Esq.,
GEORGE CHAFFEY, Esq., A. R. McMASTER, Esq., A. M. SMITH, Esq.

SOLICITORS:—MESSRS. DUGGAN & BURNS.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on every description of property.

MARINE INSURANCES—Inland and to the Lower Ports, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the West Indies, and by steam vessels to Europe.

Rates as moderate as any other respectable Insurance Company.

F. McANNANY, Esq., Agent, Belleville. JAS. SIDNEY CROCKER, Manager.

November 12, 1867. 89w6m—165d6m

BELLEVILLE

AGRICULTURAL WORKS AND IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF

Threshing Machines,
STRAW CUTTERS,
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,
Iron and Steel Ploughs, Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-tf

American Invoices—Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
QUEBEC, 6th March, 1863.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the *Canada Gazette*.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, June 8, 1867.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 28 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
3Dit-tf Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL!

THE "DAILY NEWS,"

$6 00 per Annum, in advance.

JOHN LOVELL,
Printer and Publisher.

65

BLANKS of every description for sale at *The Intelligencer* office.

BRITISH PERIODICALS,

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review (Whig).
The Westminster Review (Liberal).
The North British Review (Free Church.)
AND
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory.)

THESE periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stands unrivalled in the world as a literature indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews, - -	$4.00 per annum.
For any two of the Reviews, - -	7.00 "
For any three of the Reviews, - -	10.00 "
For all four of the Reviews, - -	12.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine, - -	4.00 "
For Blackwood and one Review, -	7.00 "
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews, - -	10.00 "
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews, - -	13.00 "
For any two of the Reviews,	6.00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	15.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of *twenty per cent.* will be allowed to Clubs of four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent *to one address* for $12.80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $48.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is *Two Cents* a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums for New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, gratis, any one of the *Four Reviews* for 1867. New Subscribers to all five of the periodicals for 1868 may receive, gratis, Blackwood or any *two* of the "*Four Reviews*" for 1867.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1866, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1.00 a year for each or any Review; also, Blackwood for 1866 and 1867, for $2.50 a year, or the two years together for $4.00.

☞ Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to Clubs, nor reduced prices for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted *direct to the Publishers*.

No premiums can be given to Clubs.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING Co.
140 Fulton St., N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE,

by HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1400 pages, and numerous Engravings.

Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid, $9.

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the *AMERICAN WALTHAM WATCH* have given it such a wide world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and primed its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found, who furtively trade upon the popularity of the American Watch, by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article. It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American Watches—except the lowest grade, marked Home Watch Co.—*are guaranteed by special certificate*, bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. ROBBINS.

The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine Watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH Co.

APPLETON, TRACY & Co.

WALTHAM WATCH Co.

P. S. BARTLETT.

WM. ELLERY.

HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the General Superintendent,
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

GENTLEMEN.—The Watches manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years by our enginemen, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying your watches give us less trouble and have worn and do wear much longer without repair than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't, Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN.—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that Waltham watches are the most satisfactory of any for their uses. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have never known one to wear out, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer,
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.

ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto & Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS.

Nov. 2, 1867. 165-3m 40-2m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every afternoon (Sundays excepted) and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of $5 a year if paid in advance, $6 otherwise. Mail subscribers $5 a year. $2 50 for 6 months, $1 50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgewater, Marmora and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the **Gold Regions**, and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., &c., and in short, neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months,	$ 5 00
Half Square, 6 months,	$10 00
One Square, 6 months,	$20 00
Two Squares, 6 months,	$30 00
Four Squares, 6 months,	$50 00
Notices of Births,	50
Do of Marriages,	50
Do of Deaths,	50

"BUSINESS NOTICES"—All matter under this heading, leaded or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of solid minion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements every two weeks.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion, and 2 cents for each additional insertion.

The Weekly Intelligencer

Is published every Friday Morning at $2 per annum if called for at the Office, or sent by mail; and $2½ if delivered by the Carrier, payable in all cases in advance. When not paid until the close of the year, 50 cents will be added to each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, and the number now on our Subscription Books is over 1,400. With such a large and general circulation throughout this and adjoining Counties, the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed advantages to advertisers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Six lines and under, first insertion,	0 50
Each subsequent insertion,	0 12½
Above six lines (per line) first insertion	0 07
Each subsequent insertion per line,	0 03

☞ "BUSINESS NOTICES"—50 cents per line each insertion, measured as solid minion.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to insure their appearance.

All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

The Intelligencer Job Office

Is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the country.

The DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER can be had at the Book Stores in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at El Dorado.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

M. HOWELL,
Publisher

INTELLIGENCER BUILDING, Front Street, Belleville.

Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 1. BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, MONDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 17, 1868. No. 246.

Montreal Business Directory.

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal.

DEPARTMENTS.

Braces, Braids, Brushes and Combs, Buttons, Corsets, Elastics, Felt Hats, Gents Collars and Ties, Hosiery and Gloves, Knitted Woolens, Laces, Ladies Collars and Sets, Straw Goods, Small Wares in great variety, Threads, Trimmings & Ornaments Umbrellas, VELVET RIBBONS, &c.

HOOP SKIRTS,—our own Manufacture. 156-6m

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware Manufacturers,
MONTREAL.

KILN PLATES AND CASTINGS for BREWERIES.

Any parties about putting up new kilns for

MALT OR OATMEAL

will do well to correspond with the above. 156-6m.

BURROWS & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobaccos, &c., &c.
416 St. Paul St., Montreal.

☞Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 156-6m

PEAVEY & MARCH,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions,

And everything usually sold in a first class grocery.
No. 344 Notre Dame Street, a few doors West St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

☞Every article warranted to be as represented or may be returned. Goods sent to any part of the City Free of Charge. 156-6m

HUNTER, DUFFY & JOHNSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
70 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 156-6m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, PROPRIETOR,
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-6m

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, Collins Wharf, Halifax.

PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 38D-6m-W6m

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
378 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.

MAPS, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, Bill of Lading, Blank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards, in any number of colors, Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work on the most reasonable terms, 27D6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS,
&c., &c., &c.,
23 Hospital St., - - - MONTREAL,

OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and

ON AS GOOD TERMS

as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.
July 27, 1867. 74d.

QUEEN
INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL, - - - - $10,000,000
FIRE and LIFE.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers.—One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to Ten per Cent. of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in 1868, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.

M. BOWELL,
DR. CANNIFF, *Intelligencer Office.*
Medical Referee *Agent.*
May, 1867. 4D-6mo.

Montreal Business Directory.

Frothingham & Workman,
MONTREAL,

IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.

Warehouse and Offices 395 to 399, St. Paul St.

Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c.
May 1st. 1D-6m

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M. D.,
Consulting and Analytical Chemist,
630 Lagauchetiere Street, Montreal.

☞At home for consultation before 10 A. M., between 2 and 3, and after 6 P. M.

FEES FOR ANALYSIS,—$5 a metal, payable in advance.
156-6m

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
303 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL.

☞Every description of Jewelry manufactured from Gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 28d6m.

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant.

Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

Agent for Walter Evans & Co. Sewing and Knitting Cottons, Derby; and J. M. Perry & Co.'s Gray's Patent Linen Fibre Collars, Nottingham, England. 1D-6m

MAITLAND .FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER.

OFFICE: Corner of St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.

REFERENCES—Robertson & Beattie, Robert Esdaile, Esq., Jas Turnbull, Esq. 31D3m

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT
And Commission Merchants,
49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street,
MONTREAL. 1D-6m

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant.

Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods, 1D-6m

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 329 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 28d6m

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.

THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.

E. MUIR,
Chemist and Druggist,
28d6m Place D'Armes, Montreal.

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McCUAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
OFFICE—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and St Common Street, Canal Wharf,
MONTREAL.

☞Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and other Produce, and purchase of Merchandise. 28d6m

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
100 GREY NUNS STREET, MONTREAL,
HAVE FOR SALE—

BOILER TUBES, Gas Tubes, Horse Nails, Paints and Putty, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, Flue Covers, DRAIN PIPES, Roman Cement, Water Lime, Portland Cement, Paving Tiles, Garden Vases, Chimney Tops, &c.

☞Manufacturers of AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR, and BED SPRINGS. 24D6m

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.

LIBERAL advances made on consignments to ourselves, or for shipment to our friends in Great Britain and the Lower Port
May 31st, 1867. 27D6m

A. ROBERTSON & Co,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

Mantles, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosiery, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Clothes, Canadian Woollens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons, Prints, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Muslins.

478 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St.,
MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro'. C. W. 1D-6m

Important to Miners and
MINING MEN.

JOHNS' Patent Water-Proof Safety Fuse for WET GROUND and SUBMARINE BLASTING, is much cheaper than any other, and pronounced by Mining men much better than any imported.

Testimonials received from men well known in the mining and quarrying business of Canada and the United States; from Messrs. Morrill & Colby, Bennets, Winwell Macfarland, Adams, Watson, Griffith, Wearu, and others.

☞All orders promptly attended to.

Address JOHNS & Co.,
150-3m Sherbrooke, Q.

TERRAPIN RESTAURANT
CHARLES PAPINEAU,

BEGS to inform the public that he has opened the TERRAPIN RESTAURANT, in Coleman's Building, next door to Dr. Coleman's Drug Store, and he has fitted it up in first class style, with every convenience. He will keep constantly on hand the best Ale and Porter, and the purest brands of Liquors.

☞Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c., always on hand.

Belleville, Oct. 16, 1867. 142-tf

CONGER BROS.

FEELING thankful for the very liberal patronage given them for the past year, beg to remind their customers and the public that having thoroughly

REFITTED THEIR STORE!

are now opening a well assorted stock of FRESH TEAS, SUGARS, SPICES, CURRANTS, RAISINS, FIGS, &c.

Special attention is called to their fine assortment of

Jams, Jellies, Canned and Bottled FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.

R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER.
Nov. 13th, 1867. 1dly

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,

UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the
Canadian & United States Mails.

1867—SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS—1867.

Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.

Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.

This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undernoted First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double-Engine Iron Steamships:—

AUSTRIAN,	2700 Tons.	Capt. AITON.
NESTORIAN,	2700 "	Capt. DUTTON, R.N.R.
MORAVIAN,	2650 "	Capt. WYLIE.
PERUVIAN,	2600 "	Capt. BALLANTINE.
HIBERNIAN,	2434 "	Capt. BROWN.
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	2300 "	Capt. ALLAN.
NORTH-AMERICAN,	1734 "	Capt. KERR.
BELGIAN,	2434 "	Capt. ORANGE.
DAMASCUS,	1690 "	Capt. WATTS.

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL EVERY THURSDAY, and from PORTLAND every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)

The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from PORTDAND as undernoted, viz:—

NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 25th Jan.
PERUVIAN,	Saturday, 1st Feb.
AUSTRIAN,	Saturday, 8th "
HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 15th "
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Saturday, 22nd "
MORAVIAN,	Saturday, 29th "
NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 7th March

St. GEORGE from Portland, 21st February;
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For 1868.

THE CHEAPEST OF LADIES' MAGAZINES,
BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST.

THE friend of woman, the arbiter of fashion, the encourager and publisher of the best literature of the day, the pattern from which all others copy.

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Authoress of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Moss Side," "Nemesis," and "Marians,"

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Maclellan & Maclellan,
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency Attorneys-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c, &c Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

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BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville.
HON. JNO. ROSS. JOHN BELL. THOS. HOLDEN
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BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1D6m-Wtf

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THE undersigned have this day entered into co-partnership under the name of Jellett & Bleasdell. Office—Corner of Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville.
R. P. JELLETT.
8th October, 1867. J. H. T. BLEASDELL.

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ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Lazier's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 25D-tf

T. Lockerty,
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 22D5m

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BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

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WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewelry and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1D6m

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BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street, Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 1D6m

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MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

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MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

To Gold Miners
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Swedes Iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. WM. POWELL. 1D6m

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MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

ALLSOP'S ALE,
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BILL HEADS,
AND all other kinds of JOB PRINTING, executed with neatness and despatch at the INTELLIGENCER Office, Front Street, Belleville.

The Union Jack.

Yonder waves old England's banner,
Still recalling by-gone years,—
As it waved at famous Cressy
And the battle of Poictiers;
Since the days of Royal Alfred
It has humbled haughty foes,—
Faced a thousand threatening dangers,
Dealt a thousand mortal blows;
Still the ship that has it hoisted
Can through any ocean track,
Give a shout for British freedom,
Raise aloft the Union Jack.

Mark its course upon the Ocean;
Trace its path from land to land,
Ever guided in its mission
By a providential hand;
Over stormy oceans wafted,
Where huge icebergs rock and roll,
And the briny waves in fury
Dash around each dreary pole;
And away in tropic climates
See our heroes bivouac,
While above them floats sublimely
England's ancient Union Jack.

Raise aloft the royal standard,
Let it greet the passing breeze;
Still it braves the ocean's billows,
Stands erect on stormy seas,
As it waved above our Nelson,
England's gallant matchless tar,
At the Nile's terrific combat
And immortal Trafalgar,
To the mast he nailed his colors,
Signalled them for close attack,
Midst a peal of British thunder
He displayed the Union Jack.

Wolfe displayed old England's colors
On the Plains of Abraham,
Where in war's impassioned combat
He encountered brave Montcalm.
Ere the din of battle ended
Both the gallant heroes fell;
Loud above the roar of battle
Rose the Highland soldiers' yell;
By a charge of British bayonets
Then the foe was driven back,
And the day was one of glory
To Old England's Union Jack.

Gallant Brock its folds expanded
On the field of Queenston Heights;
Well the hero did his duty,
Putting Britain's foes to flight
Ere they reached the frowning summit
Did the gallant hero fall,
For his bright career was ended
By a marksman's rifle-ball;
But his comrades, roused to vengeance,
Like a tempest swept the track;
And the day was one of glory
To the ancient Union Jack.

Should the war-cry then be sounded
O'er Canadian soil again,
We will guard the hallowed precincts
Where our Wolfe and Brock were slain.
Where the empire's flag insulted,
Or a British hero leads,
There Canadians dare to follow,
And will emulate their deeds.
Dare to fight for British freedom—
We're no coward, craven pack,
To disgrace Old England's standard
Or desert the Union Jack.

And brave Scotia's sons are ready,
For their place is in the van,
To repel the fierce invasion,
As they did at Inkermann;
And the loyal men of Erin,
Round the cross of red and blue,
Round the battle-flag will rally,
As of yore at Waterloo.
England, Scotland and brave Erin
Have in warfare ne'er been slack,
And now Canada is with them,
To defend the Union Jack.

Lives there still one British subject
Who'd refuse his life—his all—
In defence of British freedom?
Who'd rejoice at Britain's fall?
If there is, then curse the traitor!
Pass him by in dark disdain;
Let him bear, while life is left him,
On his brow the mark of Cain!
Let him die a hated coward,
Bury him by midnight black,—
He deserves no home, no country,
Who'd desert the Union Jack!

A Mixed Family.

A gentleman well known to one of our friends relates the following curious family experience:—

I got acquainted with a young widow who lived with her step-daughter in the same house; I married the widow; my father married the step-daughter of my wife; my wife became the mother-in-law and also the daughter-in-law of my own father; my wife's daughter is my step-mother: and I am the step-father of my mother-in-law; my step-mother, who is the step-daughter of my wife, has a boy; he is naturally my step brother; but because he is the son of my wife's step-daughter, so is my wife the grandmother of the little boy, and I am the grandfather of my step-brother; my wife has also a boy; my step-mother is consequently, the step-sister of my boy, and is also his grandmother, because he is the child of her step-son, and my father is the brother-in-law of my son, because he has got his step-sister for a wife; I am the brother of my son, who is the son of my step-mother; I am the brother-in-law of my mother; my wife is the aunt of her own son; my son is the grandson of my father, and I am my own grandfather!

Some of the citizens of Chicago must be very copious or very rapid liquor drinkers. There are two thousand saloons in that city, supplied by forty distilleries, and consuming twenty-five thousand barrels of spirituous liquor in a year. This is one saloon to every sixty adults of the population. Sixty customers must work hard to be able to support a saloon and consume their proportion of the twenty-five thousand barrels yearly.

The Speed of Railroads.

Dr. Lardner adopts some ingenious arguments, or rather illustrations, to render familiar the extraordinary velocity with which express trains move. The Great Western Express to Exeter, travels at the rate of forty-three miles an hour, including stoppages, or fifty-one miles an hour without including stoppages; to attain this rate, a speed of sixty miles an hour is adopted midway between some of the stations; on certain experimental trips seventy miles an hour have been reached. A speed of seventy-five miles an hour is about equivalent to thirty-five yards per second, or thirty-five yards between two beats of a common clock; all objects near the eye of a passenger travelling at this rate will pass by his eye in the thirty-fifth part of a second; and if thirty-five stakes were erected at the side of the road, a yard asunder, they would not be distinguishable one from another; if painted red, they would appear collectively as a continuous flash of red colour. If two trains with this speed pass each other, the velocity would be seventy yards per second; and if one of the trains were seventy yards long it would pass by in a single second. Supposing the locomotive which draws such a train to have driving wheels seven feet in diameter, the wheels will revolve five times in a second; the piston moves along the cylinder ten times in a second; the valve moves and the steam escapes ten times in a second —but as there are two cylinders which work alternately, are really twenty puffs or escapes of steam in a second. The locomotive can be heard to "cough" when moving slowly, the cough being occasioned by the abrupt emission of waste steam up the chimney; but twenty coughs per second cannot be separated by the ear, their individuality becoming lost. Such a locomotive speed is equal to nearly one-fourth that of a cannon ball; and the momentum of the whole train, moving at such a speed, would be nearly equivalent to the aggregate force of a number of cannon balls, equal to one-fourth the weight of the train. That a "smash" should follow a collision, is no subject for marvel, if a train moving at such a speed—or anything like such a speed—should meet with any obstacle in its progress.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West,	7.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West,	8.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going West,	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train,	6.30 P. M.
Noon Express going East,	12.08 P. M.
Night Express going East,	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East,	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train,	9.30 P. M.

Montreal Time.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, MONDAY, FEB. 17.

PROVINCIAL NOTES.—The Provincial Notes in circulation on the 5th of February were.—Payable at Montreal, $3,367,982; payable at Toronto, $879,760. Specie held at Montreal, $450,000; specie held at Toronto, $450,000.—Debentures held by Receiver-General, $3,000,000.

DISTRESS IN NOVA SCOTIA.—A telegram from Halifax, dated Feb. 13th, signed "E. C. Jones," and published in the Toronto *Leader* of the 15th says: "The report that no further relief is wanted arises from a misapprehension, a telegram sent to Toronto having been misconstrued. The distress has by no means been exaggerated."

INQUEST.—On the 12th inst. an inquest was held by Coroner Jonas Cannif, Jr., on the body of a female child, which was found in a privy in Canifton, and found the child was stillborn. Dr. Burdett held a *post mortem* examination. It was not known who the mother was. Verdict: "Found dead."

TRADE SALE.—The attention of the trade is called to the announcement of the annual sale at the stores of Messrs. Pitceathly & Kelso, which takes place on Thursday, the 20th inst. Merchants have found it greatly to their advantage to attend these sales, as they can replenish their stocks, and for that matter, furnish new ones, on as good terms as they could by going to Montreal, without the trouble and expense of a visit to the metropolis. The stock of Messrs. Pitceathly & Kelso embraces all that the trade requires, and those who want to fill up for the spring trade will find it profitable to attend the sale on Thursday.

THE WINTER.—The Indians were not far astray when last fall they promised us a long and severe winter, one of the real old-fashioned kind. We have already had nearly three months of it without even a January thaw, and from present appearances, it is likely to continue fully two months longer. Up to the last few days the roads have been in capital condition, but the recent storms having been accompanied with heavy winds, most of the concession lines are completely blocked up, in some cases rendered altogether impassable, while the main roads are drifted worse than we have known them for several years. Snow is fully three feet deep in the woods.

ORDER OF BRITISH TEMPLARS.—At the County Lodge of the County of Northumberland, held a short time since, the following resolution was passed: "*Resolved*,—That this County Lodge continues to view with undiminished interest the progress of the temperance cause as being most intimately interwoven with the present and future welfare of mankind, and believing our order to be pre-eminently calculated, if spread through the country and properly worked, to assist in drying up the great fountain of intemperance and all its accompanying evils in our beloved land; therefore we hereby commend British Templarism to all Ministers of the Gospel, to those in public official authority over us, and to all our fellow citizens generally, and sincerely trust that they will give it their attention and support; and we would further ask of Ministers that they would, at least once in a year, deliver a temperance sermon; that is, propound from the sacred desk the benefits that flow from total abstinence, and portray to their different congregations the fearful effect of the use of intoxicating drinks; and that the County Secretary be requested to send a copy of this resolution to each of the Ministers in this jurisdiction, and to such others as he may deem advisable."

MINSTRELS.—Messrs. Skiff & Gaylord's Minstrels perform in Ontario Hall to-night, the 17th instant. The Toronto *Daily Telegraph* in speaking of their performances, says: "The performance is a departure from the ordinary, and is in some instances a great improvement. The singing is, on the whole, good, the jokes pretty fair, while the instrumental music is excellent. The comic acts in the second part were most amusing. Kelly and Holly are, without exception, the finest dancers who have ever appeared here. Gaynor's banjo solo was one of the best things of the evening, while the flute solo by Withers was heartily deserving of the *encore* it received. Harry Kelly, in the new song and dance, "Happy as a Sunflower," did excellently. "Jap-on-knees" is something new in minstrelsy. On the conclusion of the entertainment $50 were distributed in prizes. This is a *bona fide* distribution that takes place each evening." See advertisement.

Fenian Rumors.

A report from St. Albans says a large Fenian meeting was held there on Tuesday last, at which addresses were made by the Fenian Secretary of War and other notables. The Secretary announced that they intended to invade Canada again, and that the Brotherhood had now arms to the amount of three hundred thousand dollars deposited along the frontier, from Buffalo to St. Albans. The meeting was presided over by an American, and the movement appeared to have the hearty sympathy of the people of the town and vicinity. At the close, ten or twelve persons joined the circle, and a considerable sum was collected from Yankee ladies present. In connection with this, it is rumored in Montreal that the volunteer corps will be called out as a precautionary measure in the spring.

As another precaution, it is said that a gunboat is to be got ready and stationed at Prescott as soon as the ice breaks.

New Brunswick Legislature.

On the 14th the New Brunswick Legislature met, and appointed Mr. Botsford Speaker. The Contingent Committee has commenced the work of retrenchment by reporting in favor of restricting the franking privilege to the correspondence of members; stationery allowance to be reduced; use of coaches for members to be abolished, and no official reporting of the debates to be authorized, the newspaper reports being deemed sufficient. Our readers may not be aware that in New Brunswick carriages were constantly kept for the use of members during the sessions of Parliament at the expense of the country, and that the reporting of the debates was paid for by the Government. The report of the Committee in these particulars is in the right direction. Mr. Kerr, the member for Northumberland, moved that the members be reduced from 41 to 30, and the executive from 9 to 5. This principle might with propriety be carried to other Legislatures.

The Gold Fields of Nova Scotia.

We have just received, through the kindness of Mr. Michel, a small volume of 170 pages, entitled "A Practical Guide to the Gold Fields of Nova Scotia," by Mr. A. HEATHERINGTON, of Halifax, printed and published by Mr. John Lovell, of Montreal. We have examined its pages with a good deal of interest, and cannot do better than give the following review of the work by the Montreal *News*: Those interested in the gold fields of the Dominion, will find in this book a carefully prepared sketch of the history of gold mining in Nova Scotia, together with practical hints on gold-working in general, and valuable statistical tables, showing the produce of the mines, and their richness as compared with those of California and Australia. Mr. Heatherington, who publishes his book under official patronage, has shown great care and industry in collecting from the records of the Province, and from other sources, the data upon which his tables are based. From these we learn, among other facts, that from the beginning of 1862, to the end of September, 1867, the crown received a royalty on about 10,000 lbs. weight of gold, valued at about $2,400,000. As compared with the quartz mining of other countries, we find that for 1865 the mean return for each miner in the Province of Nova Scotia was $747, against only $567 for Australia. The average yield of gold to the ton of quartz in Australia, is eleven penny-weights; for California, fifteen; and for Nova Scotia, twenty penny-weight, or one ounce; the average of 90,858 tons, giving a little more than this quantity, according to the official returns of Nova Scotia. When it is considered in connection with these figures that the wages of the miner here are considerably less than in Australia or California, the great advantages of the Nova Scotian mines are still more apparent; and it may be said that this little Province, already famous for its rich mines of coal, is henceforth to be classed among the most favored gold-bearing countries of the world.

The author takes no pains to tell us that the regions actually "*proclaimed*" as gold districts constitute but a small portion of the gold-bearing area of the Province, and recommends exploration in various other districts where the precious metal has been found, but which has been neglected for want of capital or of modes of communication. The geological character of the region, and the general arrangement of the deposits already explored, lead us to suppose that the explored regions conceal other deposits which may yet make the fortune of skilled goldseekers. Failures and disappointments are, of course, to be expected, but there is reason to believe that their cause is to be sought for in the preparatory labors which should always precede the working of a mine, the want of experience and of scientific skill in mining, and the too ready discouragement at failures resulting from such errors. Many of the mines which are said to have been abandoned as unprofitable, will one day be resumed with profit. The experience acquired within the last few years in Nova Scotia, shows that the precious metal is irregularly distributed throughout the veins, but proves on the other hand that their richness is not limited in depth, a point of great importance with reference to the future of the region. We have seen portions of quartz, rich in visible gold, taken from depths of 105, 156, and 215 feet, in the districts of Mount Uniacke, Renfrew, and Sherbrooke, and at Waverly it is known that the Tudor vein has yielded from the surface down to a depth of 190 feet, an average of twenty-five penny-weights of gold to the ton of quartz. Nor does there appear any reason for supposing that these veins may not be found productive to the greatest depths. In closing, we can conscientiously recommend the volume of Mr. Heatherington's as containing satisfactory and trustworthy information about the gold region of Nova Scotia, and as being really what it claims to be, *A Practical Guide* to the tourist, the explorer, the proprietor, or to the capitalist whose attention may be directed to that highly auriferous region.

Editorial Summary.

—The Dominion stock is all taken up.

—The discount on United States invoices this week is 28 per cent.

—An excessive mortality prevails among the Indians of Alaska.

—The N. Y. *Herald* calls the Alabama claims a mortgage on the Dominion of Canada.

—A woman named Mary Reardon was found frozen to death in London, O.

—Nova Scotia gold miners averaged $1.669 last year.

—Texas has had two thousand murders since the war.

—Nebraska settlements build their houses in five hours.

—Rumors obtain that small-pox is prevalent near Oshawa.

—A Cincinnati lady has seven husbands living. Her address is the city jail.

—It is proposed to uniform the letter-carriers of New York in dark blue, with cap and red facings.

—The latest abolition doctrine—the abolition of the United States Supreme Court.—*N. Y. Leader.*

—An athlete in Chatanooga has carried two barrels of flour, one under each arm, upwards of 200 feet.

—An immense bazaar is to be held in the royal palace at Berlin to relieve the distressed people of the eastern provinces.

—Mr. Samuel Lover, the Irish song writer, will soon publish a complete edition of his poetical works.

—Col. Edmund Cooper, Acting Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, will resign his position in a few days.

—The silver exportation movement is going on successfully at London, about $60,000 having been secured by the Committee for shipment.

—A scientific writer asserts that champagne is easily made from petroleum. Think of it! drink of it! then, if you can!

—Weston's pedestrian feats are explained by a statement that he was once collector for a newspaper office.

—A farmer named Bell, residing in the township of Glanford, while feeding his sheep on Wednesday afternoon, fell down and expired.

—Within ten years more than fifty lion cubs have been born in the zoological gardens at Dublin. One of the lionesses has just given birth to six.

—The telegraph lines were worked on Saturday morning from San Francisco to Heart's Content, Ireland, and a message was sent from London to California in two minutes.

—French chemists have reported to have discovered a way of increasing the lighting power of gas sixty fold, by putting in the flame a small cylinder of magnesia.

—The ten dollars per dime, proposed as the salary of New York legislators, is called a very modest price for the wear and tear of conscience inseparable from that position.

—Salt is looking up since the dairymen at Ingersoll decided that Goderich salt is as good as Liverpool or any other for using in the making of cheese.

—A Cincinnati paper reports a discovery that dusting a patient frequently with lycopodium will not only allay the irritation in small pox, but will prevent pitting.

—The trustees of the Bank of Upper Canada have struck a balance sheet, from which it appears that since the day of assignment the liabilities of the concern have been reduced $568,000 and the assets $677,000.

—The *Prototype* sensibly argues that not a cent should be expended upon the Intercolonial Railway while Nova Scotia opposes the Union.

—The Ottawa *Times* is now published by the Ottawa *Times* Steam Printing and Publishing Company. James Cotton, Managing Director, and Alexander Robertson, Editor.

—A man named Edey, who resides on the 6th con. London, cut his throat with a razor on Saturday night. He leaves a wife and four children.

—Dickens, it is reported, has sent $1,000 to Mrs. Clemm, mother-in-law of Edgar A. Poe, who is an inmate of a charitable institution in Baltimore, and has been for years in extremely indigent circumstances.

—A Canadian farmer who left Stanfold to amass a fortune a year since, has returned poorer than he left, save in experience. He publishes a letter in the *Journal des Cantons* to dissuade others.

—The *Spirit of the Age*—organ of the Licensed Victuallers—says that three-fourths of the signatures on the petitions against that association are the names of women and children. How does the *Spirit of the Age* know?

—The Chicago *Tribune* thinks the cause of hard times is that two many young men repudiate farming and take to manufacturing and trading, so that we have not enough to eat and have twice as many clothes as we can wear.

—A gentleman who wanted to make a speech to a Sunday school thought he would adopt the colloquial style, and this is what happened: "Now, boys, what does a man want when he goes fishing?" A shrill voice went direct to the point with, "Wants a bite."

—L'Evenement, referring to the taciturnity that characterizes some of the members of the Quebec Legislature, says: "Happily there are some members of wisdom and discretion, who shew a practical appreciation of the Oriental maxim, 'Speech is silver; silence is golden.'"

—A fellow being brought to the bar, some time ago, to answer for a misdemeanor, told the prosecutor that he could convict him of being both a thief and a murderer. Upon being required to prove his assertion, "Why," said he, "You ugly villain, you killed a monkey, and you stole his countenance."

—A general stampede of prisoners confined in the county jail at Chatham, occurred on Sunday night, some of the number having secured the turnkey, and after beating him in a shocking manner and picking his pockets, tied and gagged him. A number of the fugitives were re-captured, but five of the most desperate made good their escape.

—The body of a woman who died from in temperance, was left lying above ground in a cemetery at London for sixteen days, when the fact becoming known to some humane gentlemen, they caused an interment to be made. The relatives of the deceased, residing in the city, had not sufficient respect left to bear the expense of grave digging.

—We learn from the Montreal *Gazette* that application will be made at the next session of Parliament to incorporate a company to be called "The Montreal Rolling Mills Company." The amount of the capital stock of the company is to be $200,000 in 200 shares of $1,000 each. The amount subscribed is $150,000, and $10,000 is to be paid before the charter is granted. The promoters of the undertaking are: Messrs. Hugh Allan, Edwd. M. Hopkins, Chas. John Brydges, George Stephen, Thomas Reynolds, Gordon McKenzie and Thos. Moorland.

—Fifty-two is a very remarkable number. Did the reader ever notice it? The five books of Moses were written fifteen hundred and fifty-two years before the present mode of computing time. The building of Rome was commenced seven hundred and fifty-two years before the same event. Julius Cæsar made his first inroad into Great Britain fifty-two years B. C., and the King of Britain was carried in chains to Rome, A. D. fifty-two. Constantinople was taken by the Turks in fourteen hundred and fifty-two, and the new style was introduced into England in seventeen hundred and fifty-two. The highest Egyptian pyramid is four hundred and fifty-two feet in height.

Forty or fifty ladies of Burrillville, R. I., the other night had a sleigh ride to Woonsocket, dined, wined, and paid their bills, entirely unattended by gentlemen.

Sliding down hill is getting to be very popular in New London, Conn. About twenty men with teams were employed in putting one of the main streets in sliding order last Friday, and on Friday night old and young improved the sliding ground till the moon went down.

The American horse-cars are finding great acceptance in the Old World. But in Paris, the first city that has adopted them extensively, the cars run by a flat wheel, without a flange, upon a flat rail, without a groove; the vehicle being kept in its place by a central fifth wheel, running in a grooved central rail.

The London *Free Press* says:—One Sarah Clements came to her death in London, recently, in consequence of having eaten of goose on Christmas Day. All the persons eating of the same bird were attacked by symptoms of poisoning, and many nearly found that the goose was too much for them. A chemical analysis of the goose did not elicit any vegetable or mineral poison, but it is well known that the fat of geese does contain poison, occasionally, in the shape of an acid peculiar to it, which is irritant in its character. The close packing of geese in carriage, as well as of meat, fish and vegetables, has a great tendency to develop injuriously to the eater. It is a common trick with fishmongers, when they have salmon getting stale in their shops, to dip it in "Condy's fluid," which takes away the bad smell, but leaves the fish dangerous to eat. At the investigation that took place on the death, Dr. Lankster instanced a case that occurred in the family of the late Sir Benjamin Brodie, sickness being caused by the eating of Canada grouse, from a similar cause.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—There is a report that the Earl of Derby, who has been very ill, died last night. S. G. Shee died last night.

FLORENCE, Feb. 15.—Compliments passed at dinner to Admiral Farragut yesterday, show that the Italian Government has the highest esteem for the United States.

LONDON, Feb. 15, evening.—It now appears that the reports which were printed in the morning journals, and which have been in circulation all day, to the effect that the Earl of Derby and Judge Shee were dead, are without any foundation, though both gentlemen have been dangerously ill. It is announced to-night that they are much better, and their speedy recovery is confidently looked for.

Late advices do not confirm the Abyssinian intelligence sent to the United States last evening. Despatches received to-day state that no such movement of the Egyptian auxiliary corps as alleged had occurred.

LISBON, Feb. 15.—The regular mail steamer from Rio Janeiro arrived here to-day. Beyond the usual skirmishing, there had been no fighting between the hostile armies on the Parana. The cholera was still raging with unabated fury in Buenos Ayres. There was also much sickness in the camps of both armies. The revolt which had broken out in Santa Fe, one of the Provinces of the Argentine Republic, had been successful, the ruling Government having been overthrown. The Spanish Government hopes for a general peace from the internal dissensions now prevailing in Peru and Chili.

Second Despatch.

LONDON, February 16.—It is generally believed that Lord Stanley will soon succeed Earl Derby at the head of the Ministry.

PARIS, February 16.—The semi-official journals of this city deny that there will be any immediate change in the Ministry and contradict the reports that the government contemplates important alterations in the constitution of the Empire.

ANTWERP, February 16, eve.—A fire occurred here to-day, which at first threatened to be very destructive. It broke out in a fleet of vessels laden with petroleum, and near some large ware-houses stored with that article. The flames were confined to two or three lighters on board, of which about three hundred barrels of petroleum were destroyed.

LONDON, February 17, 11:15 a.m.—Bonds 71¾ to 71⅝; Consols 92½ to 93; Erie 40¾; I C 88¾; LONDON, February 17, 1:20 p. m.—I C 88¾; Erie 40¾; A & G W 26.

LIVERPOOL, February 17, 11:15 a. m.—Cotton active, excited and higher; Uplands 9d on spot and 8¾d to arrive; Orleans 9¼d. Breadstuffs firm; Corn easier.

LIVERPOOL, February 17, 1:20 p. m.—Cotton firm. Wheat firm.

American Despatches.

WORCESTER, Mass., Feb. 16.—A fire at Natick last evening destroyed property to the amount of $50,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 15.—In consideration of the attempt of the English Government to unite British Columbia with the Dominion of Canada, resolutions were to-day introduced in the Legislature, stating that it is of the utmost importance to the Pacific States and the whole American Union, that British Columbia be annexed to the United States. That our Senators and representatives be requested to urge the Government at Washington to use all honorable means to acquire said territory, and that the Governor be requested to telegraph this resolution to the President of the United States and the members of Congress from the Pacific States.

The steamship "Great Republic," from China and Japan, arrived this morning, bringing advices from Hong Kong to Janudry 7th, Shanghai to the 17th and Yokohama to the 27th. The Hon. Anson Burlingame, the Chinese Ambassador to the treaty powers, leaves China for San Francisco on February 25th. His suite consists of thirty persons. Two Chinese officials of the highest rank will proceed with Mr. Burlingame as noviciates, but by imperial decree Mr. Burlingame has been placed at the head of the mission. He has letters of credentials to all the treaty powers signed for the first time by the Emperor. The mission is to be permanent as soon as the Chinese officials fit themselves for foreign diplomatic duties. This mission is regarded by the residents of China as the greatest step in advance yet taken by the Empire.

Pekin advices say the rebels and mounted robbers have slaughtered great numbers of the people, but there is no danger whatever, of the capture of the capital. In Shantung, twenty thousand rebels have been killed, and the imperial troops are everywhere victorious. Horrible barbarities were committed by the Shantung rebels. Extensive coal beds have been discovered seven miles from Ningpo, and there is a prospect that the coal mines at New Chin Kiang can be worked. The value of exports from Shanghae is greater than from the entire Russian empire. Shanghae is entering upon a career of extraordinary prosperity. The opening of the Yangtse Kiang River is an absolute commercial, as well as a political necessity. The United States is now the nearest neighbors of China. Everything is quiet at the coast ports. There had been a terrible earthquake in the Island of Formosa, by which thirty thousand lives were lost. The town of Hiago, Japan, was burned on Christmas day.

Eleven births and four marriages took place last year among the ruling families of Europe. There are now only thirty-eight sovereigns in Europe, of whom twenty-one are princes, dukes, and grand dukes.

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, Feb 17.

Commercial Bills..... 99
Greenbacks, buying at..... 70
" selling at..... 71
Bank of Upper Canada Bills..... 62
Silver, buying at..... 4
" selling at..... 3½
Gold opened at 140½; closed at 141½.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, Feb. 17, 1868.

FALL WHEAT—$1 80 to $1 85.
SPRING WHEAT—$1 50 to $1 60.
BARLEY—$90 to $95.
RYE—firm at $1 00 to $1 08.
OATS—60c.
PEAS—demand only for local use at 90c to 93c.
BUCKWHEAT—80c to 75c.
BEEF—Dull at $3 50 @$
PORK—$5 50 to $6 00. Heavy Pork $6 25.
MUTTON—8c to 8c per pound.
BUTTER—18c to 22c.
EGGS—18c to 20c.
HIDES—$6.50 to $7.00.
SHEEPSKINS—dull at 75c.
CALFSKINS—8c ⅌ lb.
TALLOW—Rough, 8c; rendered, 9c.
WOOL—28c.
POTATOES—40 to 65c.
APPLES—$3 30c to $4 00.
HAY—$10 to $16.
CHEESE—10c.
CORN—90c to $1.
FLOUR—No 1, $7 50 ⅌ bbl.
PORK—$4 50 to $4 75.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.

MONTREAL, Feb. 17, 1867.
1 P. M.

FLOUR.—Superior Extra.....	$8 00	@	8 25
Extra.....	7 90	@	8 00
Fancy.....	7 60	@	7 75
Welland Canal Superfine ...	7 45	@	7 60
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat,	7 45	@	7 60
" 1 Western Wheat,	7 45	@	7 60
" " 2 " "	7 10	@	7 25
Bag Flour.....	3 65	@	3 75
WHEAT.—Canada Fall.....	0 00	@	0 00
Spring.....	1 70	@	0 00
Western.....	0 00	@	0 00
OATS.—Per 32 lbs.....	0 46	@	0 47
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs.....	0 95	@	1 00
BUTTER—Dairy.....	0 15	@	0 18
" Store Packed.....	0 14	@	0 18
ASHES—Pots.....	5 30	@	5 35
Pearls.....	5 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess.....	19 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess.....	14 00	@	00 00
Prime.....	13 00	@	00 00
DRESSED HOGS.....	5 75	@	6 25
PEAS.....	0 87	@	0 88
RYE FLOUR.....	5 95	@	6 00

Flour—moderate receipts; market very quiet; small sales at unchanged rates. Grain—no sales; rates unchanged. Provisions—Pork steady; Hogs quiet at former rates; Butter in fair demand. Ashes—Pots in good demand; Pearls neglected.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET

NEW YORK, February 17.

Cotton firmer at 22c.
Flour less active and unchanged; receipts 7,900 barrels, and 3,800 bags; sales 6,500 bbls at $8 50 to $9 35 for superior state and western; $9 90 to $10 90 for common to choice extra State; $9 70 to $10 90 for common to choice extra western.
Rye flour firmer at $7 50 to $8 40.
Wheat quiet and drooping; receipts 1,700 bushels; sales 3,800 bushels at $2 45 for No 1 spring, to arrive.
Rye scarce and firm; receipts 500 bushels.
Corn less active and less firm; receipts 80,000 bushels; sales 43,000 bushels at $1 26 to $1 28 for new mixed western afloat; $1 29 choice do; $1 33 to $1 37 for new white southern.
Barley quiet; receipts 1,500 bushels.
Oats lower and dull; receipts 5,600 bushels; sales 5,600 bushels at 83¾c for Western afloat.
Pork firmer and quiet at $22 50 to $23 62 for old mess; $23 62 to $23 75¾ for new do.
Lard quiet at 14c to 14¾c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.

Stocks active and improved after call.
Sterling Exchange 109¾ to 109¾.
Gold 141¼.
Gold closed 141¼.

Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
February 17, 1868.

IMPORTS.—2 cars merchandise.
EXPORTS.—3 car merchandise.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

R. R. R. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Is the only vegetable Remedy, in liquid form, that will cure at once all Bilious Attacks, Fevers, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Headache, Spasms, Diphteria, Influenza, Kidney and Bladder Diseases. One application will in a few minutes afford immediate comfort.

Sisters of Mercy, Dorchester St., Montreal, C.E.,
Hospital of the Sisters of Mercy.

DR. RADWAY: I certify that your Ready Relief has cured over one hundred of our sick from Chills, Vomiting, Headaches, Internal Pains, &c., &c.
One of our Sisters had the Rheumatism in her head for a great many years. Having taken a few spoonsful of Relief in water, and rubbing her head twice with the same medicine, she was perfectly cured, and never felt it since. I always use it for Dyspepsia and for Colds, and always with success. It is very useful for Sore Throat, Coughs Influenza, Diptheria, &c. It has a good effect in Flatulence or Wind Chollic. I use it for foul breath, and it produces a marvelious effect.
In short, it procures relief altogether remarkable to our invalids.
SISTER MARY DE BONSECOURS.

Sudden Colds, Coughs, Influenza, Diptheria, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Chills, Fever and Ague, Mercurial Pains, Scarlet Fever, &c., &c. Take from four to six of Radway's Pills, and also take a teaspoonful of the Ready Relief in a glass of water, sweetened with sugar or honey; bathe throat, head and chest with Ready Relief (if Ague or Intermittent Fever, bathe the spine also; in the morning you will be cured.

See DR. Radway's Almanac for 1868.—R. R. R. sold by all druggists. 51-2t. 297-2w

LEXINGTON, Missouri, May 23, 1868.

MESSRS. J. N. HARRIS & CO.:
DEAR SIRS—I have made Allen's Lung Balsam pretty well known in our city and county, and have sold about all the four dozen bottles sent me in March last; and I find that persons who try the Balsam once, come back again for more, as it gives them satisfaction; and I recommend it in preference to any other medicine for Coughs and Colds. Please send me six dozen bottles as soon as possible. I am, yours, &c.,
THOMAS J. FLETCHER, Druggist.

P. S.—I sell more Allen's Lung Balsam, than all other cough remedies together, and it gives general satisfaction.
Sold by all Family Medicine dealers.
☞ Parry Davis & Son, Agents for the Dominion of Canada. 51-4w 297-4w

☞ Ticket Office for Great Western Railway, opposite the Market, Front-St. Tickets issued to Milwaukee, Chicago, New Orleans, Omaha City, Nebraska Territory, Fort Riley, Kansas, Cheyenne, Dacotah, Denvis Colorado, and all points West. Fare received either in Greenbacks or current funds.
217-1y R. P. DAVY, AGENT.

John D. Evans,

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Civil Engineer and Draughtsman.
OFFICE—Over Overell's Book Store, Belleville. 34w-246d-6m

Fornerl & Kennedy,

CIVIL and MINING ENGINEERS, Provincial Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Madoc. Lands carefully examined and reported on. Money to loan.
☞ All orders by mail will receive immediate attention.
C. C. FORNERI, C.E. & P.L.S.
246d L. KENNEDY, C.E. & P.L.S.

PRECEPTORY No. 153,

Royal Black Knights of Ireland.



THE regular monthly meeting of Preceptory No. 153, Royal Black Knights of Ireland, for the election of officers for the current year, will be held in the ORANGE HALL, Belleville, on

Monday Evening, Feb. 17, 1868.

☞ All Knights interested will please take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

W. H. SCHOLES, R.
Belleville, Feb. 12, 1868. 52-1w

LECTURE

BY THE

REV. JOSEPH WILD, M.A.,

IN NEILSON'S HALL,

FRIDAY Evening, Feb. 21st,

SUBJECT:

"THE VOICE."

Chair taken by JAMES BROWN, Esq., M. P., at half-past seven.
Admission 12½ cents.
Proceeds given to the M. E. ORGAN FUND. The public are cordially invited.
P.S.—This Lecture will show how to come in possession of, and keep a good voice. With hints how to speak in public, and how to sing, and other interesting points.

PER ORDER OF COM.
Belleville, Feb. 14th, 1868. 244-6t

ONTARIO HALL.

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

Monday Evening, Feb. 17th.

THE CELEBRATED AND ORIGINAL

SKIFF & GAYLORD'S

MINSTRELS,

THE MOST SUCCESSFUL TRAVELLING COMPANY IN THE WORLD.

THE OLD FAVORITES,

Tom Gaylord,
and Johny Howard.

Engagement extraordinary of the renowned Gymnast, Contortionist and Pantomimist,

MR. FRANK DONALDSON.

Tickets, 25 cents. Reserved seats 50 cts.
Doors open 7½; Performance to commence at 8 o'clock.
TOM GAYLORD, JOE GAYLORD,
Manager. Agent.

ONTARIO HALL.

ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION OF THE

TOWNSEND FAMILY,

and crowded houses everywhere.

Fashionable Entertainment for Three Nights.

Tuesday, Wednesday & Thursday

February the 18th, 19th, and 20th.

JOHN TOWNSEND,

THE Popular English, American, and Canadian Tragedian, in his great character of

OTHELLO!

Miss Florence Townsend,
In her celebrated character of "DESDEMONA," supported by the whole company.

On TUESDAY Evening, 18th February, will be presented Shakespeare's Great Tragedy of "OTHELLO" or the "MOOR of VENICE," with entirely new and appropriate dresses.

OTHELLO..... John Townsend
IAGO..... Mr. Burnet Townsend
CASSIO..... Mr. Harry Townsend
MONTANO (first appearance)..Mr. W. J. Speck
DESDEMONA..... Miss Florence Townsend
EMELIA..... Miss Constance Townsend
Supported by the whole company.

To conclude with Charles Mathews' glorious Comedy, entitled

"LITTLE TODDLEKINS;"
OR, "MARRIED DAUGHTER AND ALL."

BROWNSMITH..... Mr. Harry Townsend
AMANTHIS..... Mr. A. J. Reil
CAPT. LITTLEPOP..... Mr. W. J. Speck
ANNIE BARICOMBE..... Miss F. Townsend
SUSAN..... Miss Constance Townsend
Supported by the whole company.

☞ Doors open at 7:15. Commence at 8.
Belleville, February 13th. 243-3t

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THIS BANK is prepared to issue drafts, receive deposits, and grant interest receipts at the office of the Commercial Bank in Belleville.
Mr. THOMSON will be happy to see his old friends.
Belleville, Jany. 23, 1868. 225-tf

AUCTION.

TRADE SALE

OF

SUGARS,
MOLASSES,
SYRUPS,
TEAS,
TOBACCOS,
FRUITS,

WINES AND LIQUORS,

&c., &c., &c.

A large and General Assortment of

FRESH GROCERIES

will be offered to the Trade BY AUCTION, at the Store of

Messrs. Pitceathly & Kelso,

FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

THURSDAY, 20TH INSTANT.

And to close a consignment—
Barrels No. 1 Round Herrings,
" Extra No. 1 Split do.
" Choice Labrador do.
Bundles Dry Codfish.

☞ SALE AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK A. M. ☜
M. NULTY,
Auctioneer.
Belleville, 12th Feb., 1868. 52-1t,243-td

NOW READY,

THE

Queen's New Book,

Journal in the Highlands.

PRICE, $1.25.

E. HARRISON.

Belleville, Feb. 1, 1868. 233-tf

Great Bargains at

Wilson & Robertson's

THE following lines are now offered to the public:—
30 ps. all Wool Tweeds, 5s. for 3s 9d per yd.
25 " " " 5s 6d for 4s 6d "
40 " " " 5s 9d for 5s "

A large Assortment of Wool Shawls

A few ps. ALL WOOL Carpets,
AND A VARIETY OF OTHER GOODS.
In order to reduce our Stock, we offer these goods very much cheaper than they will be found elsewhere.

WILSON & ROBERTSON

The X-Mas No. of the

ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS,

IS NOW READY.

ALSO,
BOUND NUMBERS OF
British Workman,
Band of Hope Review,
Children's Friend,
Infant's Magazine,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
LEISURE HOUR, SUNDAY AT HOME, &c., &c.,
AT
J. C. OVERELL'S,
OPPOSITE THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
FRONT STREET,
BELLEVILLE.
January 4, 1868. 209

A SPLENDID

ASSORTMENT OF

FLANNELS,

GENT'S

FURNISHING GOODS,

&c., &c.,

JUST RECEIVED,

AT

J. MUIR & CO.'S.

Horses, Carriages, &c.,
FOR SALE.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS
TAKEN AT PAR.

Apply to
H. PRETTY,
Opposite the Market.
Belleville, Oct. 22, 1867. 147-tf

Limes and Glycerine,

The best Hair Dresser before the public.
Limes and Glycerine,
The best preparation known for Dandruff.
Limes and Glycerine,
Allays all irritation of the Scalp.
Limes and Glycerine,
All who have used it pronounce it superior to any preparation for the Hair.
Limes and Glycerine,
Is to be found on almost every toilet table.
Limes and Glycerine,
Far superior to pure Glycerine for chapped hands, &c.
Prepared only at
APOTHECARIES HALL,
1dly Front St., Belleville.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

Ladies Work Boxes,
" **Writing Desks,**
" **Dressing Cases,**
Photograph Albums.
Fancy Wool Goods.
Ladies Bonnets,

A fine assortment of

Dress Goods!

and the

Latest Styles in Cloth

FOR LADIES JACKETS.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.
Dec. 19, 1867. 1D-1y

GRAHAM FLOUR,

OATMEAL, SPLIT PEAS,
BEANS, &c.

—ALSO—

WHITEFISH AND HERRINGS

IN BARRELS & HALF BARRELS.

At the "Corner Store,"
Front and Bridge Streets.

A. FLETCHER & Co.
January 15, 1868. 7-1y,w48-2t

HOOP SKIRTS,

LATEST STYLES.

G. C. Holton & Co.

J. & W. Sutherland

WOULD respectfully solicit an inspection of their new stock of

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS,

Which will be found complete in the following specialities:
FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FRENCH MERINOS—2s. 6d. and upwards
FRENCH LAMAS & THIBETS.
FRENCH DELAINES.
SCOTCH TWEEDS.
" ALL WOOL HOSIERY.
CANADIAN " "
" FLANNELS.
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.
DUNDAS COTTONS AND BAGS.
AMERICAN YARN.

J. & W. SUTHERLAND.
Belleville, October, 1867. 1D6m

HUFFMAN HOUSE,

MADOC, ONTARIO.

HUFFMAN & SON, Proprietors,
(LATE OF PETERBOROUGH.)

☞ Every attention paid to travellers. House and furniture entirely new. 143-tf 36tf

Partner Wanted.

WANTED, as equal partner in a light and profitable manufacturing business, a good responsible man, with some capital to invest.
For particulars enquire at 224, or at the office of S. B. Burdett, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Front St., Belleville.
Belleville, Jan. 27, 1868. 238-tf

NEW BOOKS

AT

F. VAN NORMAN'S.

Queen Victoria's Journal, "Our Life in the Highlands."
Wood's Natural History—2,500 Illustrations, 3 vols., Royal 8vo..... $14 00
Chambers' Cyclopedia, now complete, 10 vols..... per vol., 2 50
Chambers' Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols,..... 2 50
Family Cyclopedia,..... 75
Our Constitution,..... 1 00
Romance of Charity,..... 1 00
The Land and the Book,..... 2 00
Pre-historic Scotland,..... 5 00
Knight's Half-hours with best Authors, 2 vols,..... 2 50
Knight's Half-hours with English History,..... 1 25
North-west Passage by Land, by Viscount Milton and Cheadle.
Barnes' Notes, complete.
D'Israeli's Curiosities of Literature, cloth and morocco.
Kitto's Bible History of the Holy Land.
Weales' Scientific Works.

ALL THE POETS, &c., &c.,

NEW SCHOOL BOOKS.

The CHEAPEST STATIONERY In Belleville.

WALL PAPERS

From 5 cts. to $1 20 per Roll.

BIBLES,
HYMN BOOKS,
PRAYER BOOKS,
PSALM BOOKS,
CATECHISMS, &c. &c.

Sunday School Libraries

In great variety, and very low prices.

A GOOD STOCK OF

Sheet Music, Music Books, Violins,

&c., &c., constantly on hand.
☞ Orders by mail promptly executed.
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,
BELLEVILLE.
Belleville, Feb. 8, 1868. 239-tf

Notice of Partnership.

WE HAVE this day admitted William Jones, of Belleville, as partner into our firm.
A. S. PAGE & CO.
Belleville, Jan. 15, 1868. 218-1m

BOARDING.

MRS. McKENZIE can accommodate a few permanent boarders; also, some daily boarders.
RESIDENCE—Pinnacle Street, opposite the market.
Belleville, Nov. 18, 1867. 170-tf

F. HACKETT

HAS RECEIVED A

CHOICE ASSORTMENT

OF

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS

Belleville, Oct. 1, 1867. 1D-6m

COSGRAVE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

East India Pale Ale.

JUST RECEIVED,

50 Hhds,

150 Barrels and half Barrels.

FOR SALE ONLY BY
WESLEY BULLEN.
Belleville, Nov. 26, 1867. 177-tf

GRAND

DISCOUNT SALES

OF

DRY GOODS,

AT

P. D. CONGER'S.

GEORGE ROCHE,

HATTER & FURRIER,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now prepared to take orders for

ALL KINDS of FURS.

Having procured the services of a first-class Cutter from Paris, particular attention paid to repairing.
☞ All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.
Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs.
October 14. 1D-6m

Stock Market.

The Montreal *Gazette's* commercial article of yesterday quotes stocks as follows:

The business done during the week has been very limited.

Bank of Montreal—Has advanced, with sales at 126½. Higher prices are asked.

Bank of British North America—Has been sold at 103½; very little offering.

City Bank—Sales at 99½ to 100½.

Molson's Bank—Buyers at 111, and sellers at 112.

Merchants' Bank—Notwithstanding the statement that fabulous amounts of stock have been thrown upon the market, there are no sellers under 108.

Mechanics' Bank—Nothing doing. Demand 97 to 97½.

La Banque du Peuple—There is a good demand at 108½.

La Bank Jacques Cartier—None offering under 107.

Quebec Bank—Buyers at 99.

La Banque Nationale—Nominal at 106½ to 107½.

Union Bank of Lower Canada—No transactions. Quotations at 100 to 101.

Eastern Township's Bank—Sellers at par; buyers at 98.

Commercial Bank of Canada—Offered to some extent at 85½.

Ontario Bank—Heavy at 98.

Bank of Toronto—No buyers at 111 to 111½.

Gore Bank—Offered at 82½.

Royal Canadian Bank—Buyers at 92, at which there have been transactions.

Canadian Bank of Commerce.—Sellers at 101.

Montreal Telegraph Company—Sales at 131½. Buyers offer 130½.

Canadian Inland Steam Navigation Co.—Buyers offer 105.

Richelieu Navigation Co.—A dividend of 70 per cent has this day been declared.

Railway Stocks and Bonds—Small amounts of Grand Trunk stock offered at 14; Champlain "Old" at 11½.

Canada Debentures—Sixes in good demand at 99½ to 100.

A midnight elopement in New York was frustrated by a cat, who frightened the young lady into a fainting fit as she was going down stairs to meet the expected lover at the door.

At the close of 1862, gold stood at 133½; at the close of 1863, it was 151½; at the close of 1864, it was 227½; at the close of 1865, it was 145½; at the close of 1867, it was 133½; at the close of 1867, it was 133½.

Ireland can't beat the following from the Homesville, Ill., *Independent*, which, in noticing the establishment of a steam brewery at Mangolia, says: "We are always glad to see imported articles manufactured at home at greatly reduced prices.

The French Empress skates leaning on two gentlemen, well known as being adepts in the art. Recently a young American, Mr. Riggs, and the youngest of the Erraux family, had the honor of guarding Her Majesty. The Princess Metternich creates a great sensation by her grace and agility. She wears a costume of velvet of the Austrian colors, stripes of yellow and black, a small black hat, and yellow aigrette feather.



HURRAH FOR

THE DOMINION.

R. H. JONES

BEGS leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened a new WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Grocery and Liquor Store,

in the premises lately occupied by Messrs. O'Brien & Henchy, where he will keep on hand a select and varied assortment of

General Groceries,

AND LIQUORS,

For family use and medicinal purposes.

TEAS.

YOUNG AND OLD HYSONS,
GUNPOWDER, TWANKAY,
IMPERIAL, JAPAN,
SOUCHONG,
CONGOU, &c., &c.

COFFEES.

THE BEST IN TOWN, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.

He would especially call the attention of families to his stock of

WINES, SPIRITS & LIQUORS,

Brandies, Ports, Sherries.

Irish, Scotch & Morton's Whiskeys.

Old Tom & Holland Gins,

IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.

Together with a large assortment of

CHAMPAGNE,

of the most popular brands,

LIQUEURS & CORDIALS, &c.

In addition to these there will be found a splendid stock of

LAMP GOODS & TRIMMINGS,

☞ Goods sent promptly to customers in any part of the town.

Belleville, Dec. 9, 1867. 188 43-tf

HURRAH FOR

BARNUM'S

LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half-past 8 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12, noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 2 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

S. BARNUM,
Proprietor.

C. HORTON, Agent, Belleville.
S. GUSTIN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 23, 1867. D68

REMOVAL.

N. MANN begs to notify the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to the Dafoe House Building, where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many more, who will favor him with their patronage.

Belleville, Dec. 27, 1867.

MORTGAGE SALE.

UNDER power of sale contained in a mortgage made the 28th day of October, 1863, between William Donovan, of Belleville, Grocer, and the Hon. John Ross, there will be sold for default of payment of mortgage money, on

Thursday, the 5th day of March,

1868, at TWELVE o'clock, NOON, by M. NULTY, at his auction rooms in the Town of Belleville, the following valuable property, viz.: Lot number eighteen, on the East side of Sidney Street, as laid down on a plan of survey of Lots numbers one and two, in the second Concession of the Township of Thurlow, in the County of Hastings, made by Henry A. F. McLeod, Esq., P. L. S., and registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings, on the 28th day of October, A. D. 1863.

The said lot number eighteen, contains ten acres of land more or less. It is fenced and otherwise improved.

For terms of sale and other particulars, enquire of JAMES ROSS, Esq., or of the undersigned.

ROSS, BELL & HOLDEN,
Attorneys for Hon. John Ross.

Belleville, 5th Feb., 1868. 237-4tTh

Store-keepers!
Farmers!
And Others!

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM THE IMPORTERS DIRECT.

The Montreal Tea Company,

6 Hospital Street, Montreal,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to different parts of the country—and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOUSE, QUEBEC, January 7, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—The six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

HOUSE OF SENATE, Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

S. SKINNER.

QUEBEC, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—The box of 30 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 65 cents was of excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for.

Yours respectfully, D. ANDERSON.

TORONTO, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—The two chests of Tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton, one chest Fine Flavored New Season Congou, at same price, viz.: at 55 cents per lb. Yours, &c.,

JAMES EDGAR.

ELCOMB, December 23, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—The Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz.: at 75 cents per lb. Address as before.

Your obedient servant, JOHN T. DAY.

CONOUR, January 8, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box of 20 lbs. at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the "Medical Journal" have frequently declared that one half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15, and 12 lbs. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c.; 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do. 55c., 60c., and 65c.; Excellent Rich Flavored do., 75c.; Sound Oolong, 45c.; Rich Oolong, 60c.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan, Good, 50c., 55c.; Very Fine, 60c.; Finest, 65c., 75c.; Scented Orange Pekoe, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankey Common, 38c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c., 60c., 65c., and 70c.; Fine do., 75c.; Very Fine, 85c.; Superfine and very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c.; Extra Superfine do., $1.

All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality, and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c. to 70c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or sucked notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by expressman, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of five chests and upwards.

☞ All Boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

MOIRA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Capital Stock, $100,000. Divided into 10,000 Shares.

WORKING CAPITAL, $15,000.

HORACE YEOMANS, Esq., PRESIDENT. ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., TREASURER.
B. S. GILBERT, Esq., SECRETARY. J. G. SHURTZ, Esq., SUPERINTENDENT.

MERCHANTS' BANK, BANKERS. DEAN & GILBERT, SOLICITORS.

DIRECTORS:

HORACE YEOMANS, of Flint & Yeomans, Belleville.
ANDREW THOMSON, Banker, Belleville.
W. W. DEAN, Master in Chancery, Belleville.
JOHN G. SHURTZ, Superintendent.
JAMES LISTER, M.D., Belleville.
JAMES W. CARMAN, American Consul, Belleville.
BARTON S. GILBERT, of Dean & Gilbert, Barristers, Belleville.

THIS COMPANY is duly Incorporated under Cap. 23, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the purpose of working the mineral veins upon *sixteen* acres of Lot No. 19, in the fifth concession of Madoc, (the Richardson Mine being No. 18 in the same concession.)

A shaft has been sunk to the depth of nine feet on the rock. At six feet a gold-bearing lode was struck, of 18 inches in width, which at nine feet has increased to 2½ feet, and a crushing at Gilbert & Turley's mill of four and one-half tons of the rock, gave a yield of over fifty-six dollars in gold; the lode is clearly defined, and evidently extends the whole length of the property—52 rods.

The territory is admirably situated for mining purposes, being a high ridge covered with indications of mineral veins. There are numerous places on the land fully as promising as the one on which the shaft has been sunk, and which would unquestionably yield as well. The large quantity of land, and the prospects of other gold-bearing veins, make it certain that the Company will be able to subdivide the property as soon as a little further development has been made, and form other Companies at great advantage.

Work is being vigorously prosecuted in the shaft, under the superintendence of JOHN G. SHURTZ, Esq., one of the Directors, who is largely interested in the proprietary of the mine, and who has had thirteen years' practical experience in the gold mines of California and Nevada, and is unquestionably the most accomplished quartz miner now in this country.

It is intended to have a further crushing in a few days, and negotiations are in progress which, if carried out, will secure a mill to the Company at once, so that regular work will be gone on with without delay, and dividends may, in that case, be expected in a short time.

Belleville, Jan. 27th, 1868. 228d-tf

India and China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or $1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Teas, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb. Finest procurable, $1.00.
Protected by Trade Mark.

☞ Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.
August 16th, 1867. D90-1y w27-1y

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO.
OF CANADA.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
INCORPORATED 1849.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., President, LEWIS MOFFATT, Esq., Vice-President.

HON. MALCOLM CAMERON,	A. T. FULTON, Esq.,	W. J. McDONELL, Esq.
C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq.,	H. S. HOWLAND, Esq.,	J. McGILLES, Esq.,
GEORGE CHAFFEY, Esq.,	A. R. McMASTER, Esq.	A. M. SMITH, Esq.

SOLICITORS:—MESSRS. DUGGAN & BURNS.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on every description of property.

MARINE INSURANCES—Inland and to the Lower Ports, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the West Indies, and by steam vessels to Europe.

Rates as moderate as any other respectable Insurance Company.

F. McANNANY, Esq., Agent, Belleville. JAS. SIDNEY CROCKER, Manager.
November 13, 1867. 39w6m-165d6m

BELLEVILLE

AGRICULTURAL WORKS

AND

IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Threshing Machines,

STRAW CUTTERS,

MILL WORK & MACHINERY,

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,

Iron and Steel Ploughs,

Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-tf

American Invoices--Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
QUEBEC, 6th March, 1863.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto, Such notices to appear every Saturday in the *Canada Gazette*.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, June 8, 1867.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 28 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
3D1s-tf Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL!

THE "DAILY NEWS,"

$6 00 per Annum, in advance.

JOHN LOVELL,
63 Printer and Publisher.

BLANKS of every description for sale at *The Intelligencer* office.

BRITISH PERIODICALS,

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review (Whig).
The Westminster Review (Liberal).
The North British Review (Free Church.)

AND

Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory.)

THESE periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stands unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews,	$4.00 per annum.
For any two of the Reviews,	7.00 "
For any three of the Reviews,	10.00 "
For all four of the Reviews,	12.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	4.00 "
For Blackwood and one Review,	7.00 "
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews,	10.00 "
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews,	13.00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	15.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of *twenty per cent*, will be allowed to Clubs of four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to *one address* for $12.80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $48.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is *Three Cents* a number. The rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums for New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, gratis, any one of the *Four Reviews* for 1867. New Subscribers to all five of the periodicals for 1868 may receive, gratis, Blackwood or any one of the "*Four Reviews*" for 1867.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1863, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1.50 a year for each or any Review; also, Blackwood for 1866 and 1867, for $2.00 a year, or the two years together for $4.00.

☞ Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to Clubs, nor reduced prices for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted *direct to the Publishers*.

No premiums can be given to Clubs.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING Co.,
140 Fulton St. N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE,

by HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1400 pages, and numerous Engravings.

Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid, $8.

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the *AMERICAN (WALTHAM) WATCH* have given it such a wide world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and printed its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found, who fraudulently trade upon the popularity of the American Watch, by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article. It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American Watches—except the lowest grade, marked Home Watch Co.—*are guaranteed by special certificate*, bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. ROBBINS.

The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine Watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH Co.

APPLETON, TRACY & Co.

WALTHAM WATCH Co.

P. S. BARTLETT.

WM. ELLERY.

HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the General Superintendent,
Altoona Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

GENTLEMEN,—The watches manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years by our engineers, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying your watches give as less trouble and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that Waltham watches are the most satisfactory of any for their uses. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have never known one to wear out, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer.
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.

ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto & Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS.
Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-3m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every afternoon (Sundays excepted) and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of $5 a year if paid in advance, $6 otherwise. Mail subscribers $5 a year. $2 50 for 6 months; $1 50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgewater, Marmora and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the **Gold Regions**, and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., &c., and in short, neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months	$ 5 00
Half Square, 6 months,	$10 00
One Square, 6 months,	$20 00
Two Squares, 6 months,	$30 00
Four Squares, 6 months,	$50 00
Notices of Births,	50
Do of Marriages,	50
Do of Deaths,	50

"BUSINESS NOTICES"—All matter under this heading, leaded or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of solid minion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements every two weeks.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion, and 2 cents for each additional insertion.

The Weekly Intelligencer

is published every Friday Morning at $2 per annum if called for at the Office, or sent by mail; and $2½ if delivered by the Carrier, payable in all cases in advance. When not paid until the close of the year, 50 cents will be added to each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, and the number now on our Subscription Books is **over 1,400.** With such a large and general circulation throughout this and adjoining Counties, the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed advantages to advertisers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Six lines and under, first insertion,.....0 50
Each subsequent insertion,.....0 12½
Above six lines (per line) first insertion 0 07
Each subsequent insertion per line,.....0 02

☞ "BUSINESS NOTICES"—10 cents per line each insertion, measured as solid minion.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to insure their appearance.

All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

The Intelligencer Job Office

Is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the country.

The DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER can be had at the Book Stores in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at El Dorado.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

M. BOWELL,
INTELLIGENCER BUILDING, *Publisher*
Front treet, Belleville.

Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 1. BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 18, 1868. No. 247.

Montreal Business Directory.

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,
18 St. Helen Street, Montreal.

DEPARTMENTS.

Brazes, Braids, Trushes and Combs, Buttons, Corsets, Elastics, Felt Hats, Gent's Collars and Ties, Hosiery and Gloves, Knitted Woolens, Laces, Ladies Collars and Sets, Straw Goods, Small Wares in great variety, Threads, Trimmings & Ornaments Umbrellas, VELVET RIBBONS, &c.

HOOP SKIRTS,—our own Manufacture. 156-6m

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware Manufacturers,
MONTREAL.
KILN PLATES
AND
CASTINGS for BREWERIES.
Any parties about putting up new kilns for
MALT OR OATMEAL
will do well to correspond with the above.
156-6m.

BURROWS & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobaccos, &c., &c.
416 St. Paul St., Montreal.

☞Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 156-6m

PEAVEY & MARCH,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions,
And everything usually sold in a first class Grocery.
No. 344 Notre Dame Street, a few doors West St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.
☞Every article warranted to be as represented or may be returned. Goods sent to any part of the City Free of Charge. 156-6m

HUNTER, DUFFY & JOHNSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
20 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 156-6m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, PROPRIETOR,
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 11D-6m

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, Collins Wharf, Halifax.

PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 38n-6m-W6m

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
378 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.

MAPS, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, Bills of Lading, Blank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards, in any number of colors, Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 27D6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS,
&c., &c., &c.,
25 Hospital St., - - - - MONTREAL,
OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and
ON AS GOOD TERMS
as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.
J. C. FRANCK & Co.
July 27, 1867. 74d.

QUEEN
INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL, - - - - $10,000,000.
FIRE and LIFE.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers.—One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to **Ten per Cent.** of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management **Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.**

The next division of profits takes place in 1869, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.

M. BOWELL,
DR. CANNIFF, *Medical Referee* — *Intelligencer Office,* — *Agent.*
May, 1867. 4D-6mo.

Montreal Business Directory.

Frothingham & Workman,
MONTREAL.

IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.

Warehouse and Offices 395 to 399, St. Paul St.

Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c.
May 1st. 1d-6m

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M. D.,
Consulting and Analytical Chemist,
630 Lagauchetiere Street, Montreal.
☞At home for consultation before 10 A. M., between 2 and 3, and after 6 P. M.
FEES FOR ANALYSIS,—$5 a metal, payable in advance.
156-6m

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
303 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL.
☞Every description of Jewelry manufactured from Gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 28d6m

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant.
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Agent for Walter Evans & Co. Sewing and Knitting Cottons, Derby; and J. M. Perry & Co.'s Gray's Patent Linen Fibre Collars, Nottingham, England. 11D-6m

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER.
OFFICE: Corner of St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.
REFERENCES—Robertson & Beattie, Robert Esdaile, Esq., Jas Tervance, Esq. 31D3m

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT
And Commission Merchants,
49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street,
MONTREAL. 1D-6m

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant.
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods, 1D-6m

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 229 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 28d6m

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.
THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.
E. MUIR,
Chemist and Druggist,
Place D'Armes, Montreal.
28b5m

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McCUAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
OFFICE.—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and 81 Common Street, Canal Wharf,
MONTREAL.
☞Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and oil or Produce, and purchase of Merchandise. 23b5m

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
100 GREY NUNS STREET, MONTREAL,
HAVE FOR SALE—
BOILER TUBES, Gas Tubes, Horse Nails, Paints and Putty, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, Flue Covers, DRAIN PIPES, Roman Cement, Water Lime, Portland Cement, Paving Tiles, Garden Vases, Chimney Tops, &c.
☞Manufacturers o AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR, and BED SPRINGS. 24D6m

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.
LIBERAL advances made on consignments to ourselves, or for shipment to our friends in Great Britain and the Lower Port
May 31st, 1867. 27D6m

A. ROBERTSON & Co,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Mantles, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosier, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Clothes, Canadian Woollens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons, Prints, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Muslins.
478 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St.,
MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro', C. W. 19-6m

Important to Miners and
MINING MEN.
JOHNS' Patent Water-Proof Safety Fuse for WET GROUND and SUBMARINE BLASTING, is much cheaper than any other, and pronounced by Mining men much better than any imported.
Testimonials received from men well known in the mining and quarrying business of Canada and the United States; from Messrs. Morrill & Colby, Bennets, Wiswell Macfarland, Adams, Watson, Griffith, Wearn, and others.
☞All orders promptly attended to.
Address JOHNS & Co.,
150-3m Sherbrooke, Q.

TERRAPIN RESTAURANT
CHARLES PAPINEAU,
BEGS to inform the public that he has opened the TERRAPIN RESTAURANT, in Coleman's Building, next door to Dr. Coleman's Drug Store, and he has fitted it up in first class style, with every convenience. He will keep constantly on hand the best Ale and Porter, and the purest brands of Liquors.
☞Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c., always on hand.
Belleville, Oct. 16, 1867. 142-tf

CONCER BROS.

FEELING thankful for the very liberal patronage given them for the past year, beg to remind their customers and the public that having thoroughly
REFITTED THEIR STORE!
are now opening a well assorted stock of FRESH TEAS, SUGARS, SPICES, CURRANTS, RAISINS, FIGS, &c.
Special attention is called to their fine assortment of
Jams, Jellies, Canned and Bottled FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.
R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER.
Nov. 13th, 1867. 1dly

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the
Canadian & United States Mails.
1867—SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.—1867.
Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.
Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.

This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undernoted First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double-Engine Iron Steamships:—

AUSTRIAN,	2700 Tons.	Capt. AITON.
NESTORIAN,	2700 "	Lt. DUTTON, R.N.R.
MORAVIAN,	2650 "	Capt. WYLIE.
PERUVIAN	2600 "	Capt. BALLANTINE.
HIBERNIAN,	2434 "	Capt. BROWN.
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	2300 "	Capt. ALLAN.
NORTH-AMERICAN,	1734 "	Capt. KERR.
BELGIAN	2434 "	Capt. GRANGE.
DAMASCUS,	1600 "	Capt. WATTS.

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL EVERY THURSDAY, and from PORTLAND every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.

The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from PORTLAND as undernoted, viz:—

NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 25th Jan.
PERUVIAN,	Saturday, 1st Feb.
AUSTRIAN,	Saturday, 8th. "
HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 15th "
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Saturday, 22nd "
MORAVIAN,	Saturday, 29th "
NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 7th March

ST. GEORGE from Portland, 21st February.
ST. ANDREW from Portland, 14th March.
☞Fares per "Nova Scotian," 11th January, from Scotland to St. Johns, N.F., are:—Cabin, $30; Steerage, $15.

Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway:—

CABIN, - - (according to accommodation.)	$60 20 to $90 20
STEERAGE, - -	$32 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
For particulars, apply to
J. W THOMPSON, Agent,
Canadian Express Office,
27D6m-16W1y BELLEVILLE.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
For 1868.

THE CHEAPEST OF LADIES' MAGAZINES,
BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST.

THE friend of woman, the arbiter of fashion, the encouraging publisher of the best literature of the day, the pattern from which all others copy.

READING MATTER.

In this there will be an Improvement. The volume for 1868 will be set up with new-faced type, and of a size that will enable us to give an additional quantity of reading matter amounting to about twelve pages in each number.

BEAUTIFUL STEEL PLATES.

Of these the LADY'S BOOK contains *fourteen* each year, superior (we challenge comparison) to any published in this country, either in book or periodical.

THE LITERATURE OF THE LADY'S BOOK.
MARION HARLAND,
Authoress of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Moss Side," "Nemesis," and "Miriam,"
who contributes to no other monthly publication, will furnish a new novel for 1868, called "PEMBIE ROWLAND," that will run through the year. Her stories are anxiously sought after, and as they are copyrighted, can be found nowhere but in GODEY. Our former efficient corps of writers has also been retained.

OUR FASHION PLATES.

The original double fashion-plates will be continued MODEL COTTAGES.—The only magazine in this country that gives these designs is the LADY'S BOOK.
DRAWING LESSONS.—In this we are also alone.
ORIGINAL MUSIC.—GODEY'S is the only magazine in which music prepared expressly for it appears.
We have also a CHILDREN'S, a HORTICULTURAL, and a HEALTH department.

GODEY'S INVALUABLE RECEIPTS
upon every subject, for the Boudoir, Nursery, Kitchen, House, and Laundry.

TINTED ENGRAVINGS.—This is a series of engravings that no one has attempted but ourselves.

LADIES' FANCY WORK DEPARTMENT.—Some of the designs in this department are printed in colors in a style unequalled.

Terms for 1868.

One copy, one year,	$3 00
Two copies, one year,	5 50
Three copies, one year,	7 50
Four copies, one year,	10 00
Five copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making six copies	14 00
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Godey's Lady's and The Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $3 50.
Godey's Lady's Book, Arthur's Home Magazine, and Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $6 00.
☞Canada subscribers must send 24 cents additional for every subscription to the Lady's Book, and 12 cents for either of the other magazines, to pay the American postage.

HOW TO REMIT.—In remitting by mail, a Post Office Order or a Draft, *payable to the Order of L. A. Godey*, is preferable to bank notes, as, should the Order or Draft be lost or stolen, it can be renewed without loss to the sender. If a Draft or a Post Office Order cannot be procured, send United States or National Bank notes.
Address L. A. GODEY,
N. E. Corner Sixth and Chestnut Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

Belleville Business Directory.

Maclellan & Maclellan,
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency Attornies-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c, &c Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Ross, Bell & Holden,
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville.
HON. JNO. ROSS. JOHN BELL. THOS. HOLDEN
1D6m Wtf

Diamond & Dickson,
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c.
OFFICE:—Neilson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
A. DIAMOND. GEO. D. DICKSON.
1D-Wtf

A. R. Dougall,
BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.
Office over Overell's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.

Robertson & Stewart,
BARRISTERS and Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office,—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street,
ALEX. ROBERTSON. D. E. K. STEWART.
1D6m-Wtf

Legate & Price,
BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1D6m-Wtf

Geo. H. Haymes,
HATTER and Furrier, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs.
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McLeod & Carre,
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURveyors, Architects, Draughtsmen and Patent Solicitors, 153½ Front Street, Belleville. 1D

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IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Law Partnership,
THE undersigned have this day entered into co-partnership under the name of Jellett & Bleasdell. Office—Corner of Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville.
R. P. JELLETT.
8th October, 1867. J. H. T. BLEASDELL.

Forrest & Lozo's
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Lazier's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 32D-tf

T. Lockerty,
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 32D5m

Ponton, Falkiner & Denmark
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

Angus McFee,
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellry and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1D6m

John Wilson,
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street. Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 1D6m

J. W. Brown,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

Geo. Gibson,
MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1D6m

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MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

To Gold Miners
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Swedes Iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. WM. POWELL.
1D6m

McKeown & Robertson,
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m.

ALLSOP'S ALE,
Guiness' Stout,
Blood's Porter!!
IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT
1D6m **HAMBLY'S.**

BILL HEADS.
AND all other kinds of JOB PRINTING, executed with neatness and despatch at the INTELLIGENCER Office, Front Street, Belleville.

Praying for a Husband.

A young lady in Norristown heard that if she would go out and pray three consecutive nights, the Lord would tell her who she would marry. Now it happened that her father had a young man in his employ who had considerable wit and good humor about him. One evening he was out in an apple tree after fruit, when he heard some one praying something like this:

"O, Lord, who may I marry?"

The idea popped in Doyle's head (that being the young man's name) that he would have a little sport at her expense, so he spoke in a changed voice and said, "Doyle."

"No, Lord, not Doyle," cried the astonished young lady.

"Yes, Doyle or no one," again sounded from the tree top, in a sober, hollow voice.

She arose and entered the house, resolved to try again the next evening.

Of course Doyle did not wish to spoil the fun, and so next evening found him seated in the tree top. He did not have to wait long before the young husband-seeker came and commenced praying in the same way that she did on the preceding evening, and received the same answer. The next evening also found her under the tree pleading to know her future husband's name, and again she heard the answer:

"Doyle or no one."

She arose feeling satisfied that she must marry Doyle. The next morning she met him, and asked him why he did not wear better clothes?

He said he was not able.

"Well," said she, "father is rich, and he will let you have the money."

He took that for a pretty good hint, and bought a suit of clothes. In a short time he offered his heart and hand, and was accepted.

After her marriage he told her how her prayers were answered.

If any of the fair readers of this story should think of praying for a husband, do not get under a tree, or, if you do, be sure and examine it closely, and see if there is any one to answer to it.

Mrs. Brown in Canada.

Mr. Arthur Sketchley who recently visited this city gives some of his Canadian impressions "thusly" in the London *Fun*, of course it is Mrs. Brown who speaks:

"I've heard tell of cold, and knowed it myself that time as the Thames was froze over, as burnt down the Royal Exchange, but never see nothink like Canady, as it is froze over altogether, with double winders to the rooms and stoves is enough to bile you, as pretty nigh stifled me, but would 'ave froze to death without it, and shouldn't 'ave 'ad the 'art to go on no further, but that I was all of a fidget about Joe's wife, so I gets to bed in good time to be ready for a start in the mornin'. I've heard tell or frost and snow, but never did see nothink like the next mornin', when it was snowin' with a high wind as was blindin' to the eyes, and froze the ears clean off a party as drove a sledge along without a-coverin' them up, as is like Rooshar, where I've 'eard say your nose 'll be that hard froze as you never knows nothing about it till you goes to blow it, and then 'ave it come off in your 'ankercher, as must be a nice shock, let alone the disfigurement. It's werry singiler to see them parties goin' about in things with no wheels, as they calls slayin', and killin' work too, I should say, both for man and 'horses, and 'owever them ladies can go a slayin' and stand the cold is astonishin', but law bless you, they goes a skatin' about like ducks in a pond, it looks bold, and wouldn't suit me, for I got one fall as brought me down with aflop, and might 'ave been settin' there now if it 'adn't been as parties come along to shovel up the snow, and put me on my legs and managed to get back to the house, tho' obliged to go up the front steps on all fours, as 'ad only stepped out for to buy a extra pair of snow boots, as is a great comfort to the feet, with the soles roughed like a horse's in a 'ard frost, as its as much as any one can do to keep their legs, and so I found out afore I were done, as is a wild country, and only fit for wild Ingins, as in course don't feel cold thro' never bein' used to no clothes, so in course don't feel the difference, but truck like a child to me thro' thick flannels, let alone fleecy oshery as I'd got on.

A Phenomenon.

MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE OF A LAKE IN MICHIGAN.

A correspondent of the Coldwater (Mich.) *Gazette* gives some particulars connected with the disappearance of the water from Ottawa Lake, in Monroe County, Mich.:

"For some days past Ottawa Lake has presented a very exciting scene. The occasion was this: Those living near the lake observed for some days previous that the ice was falling. Soon they discovered that the fish were crowding to the holes in the ice where they watered their cattle. They increased their numbers, large and small, the former having their mouths wide open, and so exhausted that the people caught them with their hands. As many teams daily visited the lake, hauling stones from its shores for building purposes, the news soon spread to a distance all around. The work of quarrying and hauling was

soon abandoned, and in a short time scores of teams and hundreds of men might be seen on and around the lake. The men with handspikes, crowbars and axes, were busily engaged in cutting and raising huge pieces, and then stooping down and lifting up the fish, some of which were dead, some alive, and some frozen fast in the ice, for the water having departed from the lake by some subterranean passage, the vast sheet of ice lay on the bottom. For three days immense quantities of fish were carried away, principally pickerel and bass, while vast quantities of whitefish are left to rot on the ice and mud, for mud and ice are all that are left of Ottawa Lake, numerous pieces of ice being left standing on edge, like so many grave-stones. The lake, or rather its bed or graveyard, presents a novel scene. Some say the water will soon return by the same source by which it departed, bringing a fresh supply of fish with it, for Lake Erie is supposed to be its headquarters. It will be well if it does, otherwise sickness may be feared in the vicinity of the burying ground of Ottawa Lake. In the meantime the farmers in the vicinity will greatly feel the loss of the departed waters.

"About seven years ago, I am told, this lake departed in the same way, and old men say it departs and returns periodically."

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West,	7.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West,	8.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going West,	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train,	6.30 P. M.
Noon Express going East,	12.08 P. M.
Night Express going East,	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East,	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train,	9.30 P. M.

Montreal Time.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, TUESDAY, FEB. 18.

SMITH vs. NORMAN.—We learn that this case to test the legality of the election of Capt. Norman, as Reeve of Tudor, was heard yesterday at Toronto. The point raised was that the defendant had not paid his taxes. The judgment of the court unseated Capt. Norman on that ground, and ordered a new election. McLellan & McLellan for relator. Ponton, Faulkner & Denmark for defendant.

A QUO WARRANTO CASE.—Mr. Justice Wilson, of Toronto, gave judgment in the case of Adamson vs. Boyd, on Saturday. Among the points raised by the relator against Boyd was, "that he had not on the 23d December, the day of nomination, paid all his taxes." Upon this point the Judge "held the nomination day to be part of the election; this and the polling day to which the election is adjourned forming together the election. The taxes on the Boyd & Arthurs' property not being paid before the 4th January—before the polling—but after the nomination, and the disqualification clause distinctly stating that no person not having paid all taxes due by him, these taxes then being due but not paid on the nomination day, he felt quite satisfied was contrary to the object and intention of the statute, which requires that all taxes should be paid. As he felt no doubt on this point, and that the election should be set aside in consequence, this was a virtual decision of the case." He ordered a new election.

THE TOWNSEND FAMILY.—This family, who have been playing in Western Canada to crowded houses, appear at Ontario Hall this evening, and we have no doubt will have a full house. Amongst the many very flattering notices this company have received from the press, we copy the following from the Brantford *Courier*:—"The three performances of the Townsend family were greeted with large and fashionable audiences; the last night of the season was under the patronage of Colonel Mackirdy and officers of H. M. 69th Regiment. Good bills were presented for the course, and every one of the actors sustained their parts with great credit. They seemed to throw their whole soul into the pieces, and their conception of the author's meaning was rendered in such a manner as to merit and win the approbation of the audience. Mr. J. Townsend possesses histrionic powers of no mean order, and is fairly entitled to rank among the first actors of the day. Mr. Harry Townsend promises to be distinguished as a delineator of light comedy. Miss Florence Townsend took all hearts by storm, by her winning and graceful manners, and the correct rendering of her *role*. Miss Constance is hardly a whit behind her charming sister; her parts, as a general thing, were not so heavy, but were, nevertheless, true to life. Of the other members it is unnecessary to speak; all are deserving of praise, and the audience were not slow to accord it where deserved. Mr. Townsend informs us that he will visit Brantford again shortly; if he does, we think he will receive a hearty welcome. We must not omit to mention that the Band of the 69th added to the interest of the course, and on the last evening was under the leadership of Mr. Lamont."

Dominion Stock.

It must be gratifying to every well wisher of the Union to know that the whole of the six per cent Stock issued by the Dominion, amounting to $1,500,000, has been taken up at par. A number of tenders below par were received, but were declined. And to show the confidence the people have in the scheme and in the Union, it may be stated that tenders came from all parts of the Dominion—from New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Quebec and Ontario, and from all classes of society, from the man who had but $1,000 to invest as well as from those who had much larger sums; and it also shows that there is an abundance of money in the country. The success of the scheme will increase public confidence in the Finance Minister, in the stability of the Government, and will materially strengthen the financial position of the Dominion abroad.

Distress in Nova Scotia.

The following report of the Committee of the House of Assembly of Nova Scotia, on the distress among the fishermen of the Province, came over the wires yesterday evening. The report says: "The Committee, after careful examination and inquiry, are satisfied that there exists at the present time amongst the fishing population of 12 counties great and widespread distress and destitution. Your Committee are also satisfied that this distress will rather increase than diminish from the present date till the first of June next, and that unless extensive and permanent arrangements be made, many may perish from starvation. The Committee are, therefore, of opinion that there is an urgent necessity for relief not only from the Provincial authorities, but for a loud call upon the charity and generosity of the citizens of this and the neighbouring Provinces."

Death of Sir Edmund Head.

SIR EDMUND HEAD, the late Govenor General of Canada, died suddenly at his residence, Eaton Square, London, on the morning of Tuesday, the 28th January, in the 65th year of his age. SIR EDWARD was son of the Rev. SIR JOHN HEAD, Bart. He was educated at Winchester and Oriel Colleges, Oxford, graduating at the age of 22 as a first-class in classics, and being subsequently elected a Fellow of Merton College. His experience of public affairs before coming to Canada was chiefly in connection with the Poor-Law Board. Assistant Poor-Law Commissioner in 1838, he was subsequently made Commissioner. He resigned this office in 1847 to take the Lieutenant-Govenorship of New Brunswick, which he held till 1854, when he was elevated to the post of Govenor General of British North America. He remained in this office until 1861, when he returned to England. From that time to his death he was Chairman of the Hudson's Bay Company.

Preceptory 153, R. B. K. of I.

At the annual convocation of this Preceptory, held in the Orange Hall, Belleville, on Monday evening, the 17th instant, the following brethren were elected office-bearers for the current year:—

Bro.	James Macoun, W. M.	
"	John G. Moore, D. M.	
"	A. R. Dougall, C.	
"	W. H. Scholes, R.	
"	John McKeown, T.	
"	J. T. McCreary,	L's.
"	Geo. D. Dickson,	
"	Fred. Post,	C's.
"	J. Geddis,	
"	John White,	S. B's.
"	Wm. White,	
"	Peter Post, P.	
"	W. H. Alley,	Com.
"	Jas. McKeown,	
"	P. O. Crandall,	
"	Matthew Hill,	
"	John Post,	
"	J. Barlow,	
"	R. T. Peters,	

The Legislature Yesterday.

The House yesterday was wholly occupied with the discussion of the Assessment Law. Mr. J. S. Macdonald opened the question by asking Mr. Rykert if he intended going on with the Bill for the amendment of the Assessment act, in the face of the fact that the assessment for the present year had been nearly all completed through the country, as well as on account of the fact that the law could not possibly take effect till the year 1869. He might say at the same time that next session the government would be prepared to assist the honorable member in passing a bill with amendments, which would be found, upon proper enquiry into and consideration of the subject necessary for the good of the country. In the meantime the matter might be discussed during the present session on the understanding that the amendments proposed would not be passed till next session.

Mr. Rykert was opposed to postponing the measure. He would have no objection, so far as personal property was concerned, that the proposed amendment should not take place until next year, but changes were demanded and if the question were laid over until next session the sooner the members of the House left the better.

Mr. Macdonald said he had only to say if the member from Lincoln would not consent to lay this matter over till next session he intended to treat the government in a way that no government had ever been treated before. The hon. member had stolen a march upon the government when he supposed that they were not prepared to discuss the matter. However, if the House said that the matter would have to be gone on with they might do so. The hon. member stated that he was willing to consent to lay some portions of the bill over, but he thought it was for the House to say whether they would proceed with it.

Several of the members were in favor of postponing the bill as the assessments in many cases were completed.

Mr. Rykert was not prepared to take the responsibility of turning out the government, and moved to have the order discharged. After a lengthy discussion the motion was carried.

To the Editor of the Daily Intelligencer.

MR. EDITOR.—Thanks to our representative for a copy of the Bill now before the House to *legalize* the *illegal* Equalization of 1865. Its contents surprise and amuse me. The gravity of the interests affected induce me to ask the favor of a space in your columns. My surprise and merriment have a common origin, viz., the misstatements contained in the preamble. There are six assertions as of fact and one of deduction in the preamble; three out of the six, and these three the most important, are untrue.

1st. It is alleged: "Whereas the County Council of the County of Hastings did, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1865, *examine* the assessment rolls of the different Townships and Villages in the County of Hastings for the purpose of ascertaining whether the valuation made by the assessors in each municipality represented in said County Council for the then current year, bore a just relation to the valuation made in all the said municipal corporations."

The fact being the County Council did not examine the assessment rolls at the time referred to, and their not *examining* the rolls as the statute required, is what we, by our representatives in that Council, complained of.

2d. That the said County Council "did equalize the assessed values in the said several municipalities, as *authorized* by the provisions of the statute in that behalf."

The fact being, as the Court of Chancery has by its decree declared that "the assessment and warrant issued thereon are illegal," and so not *authorized* by the statute.

3d. "That the amount payable to the Corporation of the County of Hastings by the Corporation of the Township of Thurlow, for taxes for the said year 1865, was the sum of $11,925."

The fact being that the Clerk, Thos. Wills, Esq., in pursuance of his duty imposed upon him by the statute, inflicting heavy criminal penalties in case of neglect, notified the Township by letter, under date July 28th, 1865, that the amount required from Thurlow was $18,440.32, from which, if we take seed grain paid by Thurlow, $5,020.55, we have $13,419.77, claimed by Hastings as payable from us. No other notice has been received by Thurlow, for that year, from the County.

The same preamble recites that Thurlow "refuses to pay, and resists" the payment, "because the said equalization was not made by By-Law."

Let Thurlow speak for herself, and see what reason she assigns. Turn to page 35 of the printed reports of her Council for 1865, and find the following resolution:

"P. R. Palmer moved, seconded by Wm. Lingham, that the Reeve and A. Fletcher call upon the solicitors of this corporation, Messrs. Dean & Diamond, and consult them as to the feasibility of quashing the equalization of the Township of Thurlow, as equalized by the corporation of the County of Hastings, and report thereon to-morrow.—*Carried.*"

Then to the next page,

"A. Fletcher moved, seconded by A. Ross, that believing the equalization of the assessment by the County Council for the year 1865, not to have been made in accordance with the law, '*and to be a most unjust and arbitrary proceeding*' on the part of said County Council, that this corporation pledges itself by all legal means to resist the enforcement of the same.—*Carried.*"

These resolutions shew the real ground on which Thurlow based her opposition, not simply because the equalization was an illegal one, but because it was *a most unjust and arbitrary proceeding.*

And when I say that Mr. J. J. Farley on behalf of Thurlow, in open council, when the resolution was being moved, protested against it, not only on account of its illegality, but also of its injustice, I think I can fairly set this down as erroneous statement number four.

Mr. Farley, at that meeting of the Council, on the 14th June, 1865, distinctively told the Council that if they passed any such By-Law, Thurlow would move to quash it. Accordingly, instead of a By-Law, a resolution was moved, which being illegal and void, left nothing to quash.

Another allegation in the preamble, is that all of the other municipalities have acted upon and paid their proportion of the taxes assessed for that year. This is, we believe, true. But how long is it since Sidney paid up? It was late last fall, after the suspension of the Commercial Bank. She too, with Thurlow, protested against the equalization of 1865, and refused to pay. Why she paid, when she did, I know not, but rumor says she paid under protest, with the understanding that if Thurlow succeeded, her money was to be refunded, and some say she paid with depreciated Commercial Bills, taken by the County, who owed the Commercial Bank, at par.

As to the other municipalities acting upon and paying under said equalization, Tyendinaga was the only one whose capital was increased or altered from the two previous years, and she has always been a gainer by the equalizations as shown hereafter, while Sidney and Thurlow, the recusant Townships, were the most unfairly dealt with throughout, and thought it high time to protest against such gross injustice, lest time should sanction the wrong.

But the most glaring part of the whole is this: In the Equalization of 1865 complained of, Thurlow and Sidney were the only municipalities who were equalized higher than their assessment rolls; and no one was more bitter at the time, and more violently denounced the act of the Council as illegal and unjust, than Ketchan Graham, Esq., the then Reeve of Sidney.

I come now to the deduction asserted in the preamble to the said Bill, "That it is but just that the said Corporation of the said "Township of Thurlow should also pay their "said assessment."

As I have shown, the Supreme Court of Equity for this Province has declared the "said assessment" illegal. Thurlow contends it is also unjust, because she has always been equalized too high in proportion to her sister municipalities, and to such an exient that she has more than paid the claim now made upon her by the County. In this I believe she is correct, and submit in proof thereof the following tabular statements—the first showing in three columns the equalization of 1865 complained of; the second of 1866, prepared by the County valuators, Ketchan Graham and Thos. Emo, Esqs., specially nominated by the County Council to assess each parcel of land in the County; and the third of 1867 by the County Council, thus:

Municipalities.	Equalization 1865.	Valuators' report, 1866.	Equalization, 1867.
Thurlow	$1,060,000	1,327,035	1,220,000
Sidney	1,084,000	1,310,410	1,270,000
Tyendinaga	664,000	1,290,500	1,056,000
Rawdon	301,000	704,408	600,000
Hungerford	200,000	602,770	500,000
Huntingdon	243,000	393,220	370,000
Elzevir	68,000	99,025	100,000
Madoc	249,000	553,370	395,000
Marmora & Lake	139,000	123,094	150,000
Tudor, W & L	21,000	17,656	15,000
Trenton	195,000	236,170	200,000
Stirling	80,000	138,315	100,000

The second, in four columns, showing in the first column the taxes to be levied on the equalized value at 1½c in the dollar (the rate for 1865 as claimed in the Bill) on the equalization for 1865; in the second the taxes that would have been levied at a proportionate rate to raise the same amount on the Valuators' report for 1866; and the third and fourth showing the gain or loss to each municipality, thus:

Municipalities.	Equalization for 1865.	Proportioned on Valuators' Report, 1866.	Gain.	Loss.
Thurlow	$16,925 00	$ 9,689 47	$2,235 53	
Sidney	12,195 00	9,565 99	2,629 01	
Tyendinaga	7,470 00	9,417 95		$1,937 95
Rawdon	3,392 25	5,142 12		1,745 87
Hungerford	3,375 00	4,400 22		1,025 22
Huntingdon	2,738 75	2,870 50		136 75
Elzevir	765 00	722 88	42 12	
Madoc	2,801 25	4,089 60		1,288 35
Marmora & L.	1,563 75	893 54	665 11	
Tudor, W & L	236 25	127 89	108 36	
Trenton	2,193 75	1,726 18	467 62	
Stirling	900 00	936 60		36 60
Totals	$49,545 00	$39,547 93	$6,147 81	$6,195 74

Note a discrepancy in the second statement of 2 dollars 93 cents, caused by multiplying by a decimal nearly 001 too much, to save figures.

These statements take the Valuator's Report of 1866 as the standard, and without it I confess that Thurlow would find it difficult to prove her contention that she was equalized too high. But this valuation, made by County nominees, enables her to do so clearly and beyond dispute; and when we find that during the year 1865 alone she was called upon to pay $2,235.53 more than she ought, and that she has been paying in the same ratio for "time immemorial," is it to be wondered at that she should declare that equalization most unjust. When we find that the representatives of Thurlow protested against it in the County Council in 1865, is it to be wondered at that she should pronounce it arbitrary? And when we find that the County Council refused to pass a By-Law that Thurlow could move to quash, is it to be wondered at that she should—as the Court of Chancery has—affirm it illegal?

But it may be asked why do we find all of the other municipalities against her? This is easily answered, out of the remaining eleven, six gain by the equalization—the others have said, "and misery likes company;" and still more to the point the money must be paid, and if it cannot be forced out of Thurlow, the County at large must pay it, and that affects the treasury of every other municipality,

But it must not be supposed that Thurlow refused to pay anything for 1865. I have already said she paid her seed grain debt; in addition she paid the County for that year the sum of $4,300, which she claimed was as much as could be justly asked from her; and when the Treasurer of the County placed his warrant in the hands of the Sheriff to levy and collect from her the sum of $7,878.12, the amount claimed, with interest and costs, she appealed to the Court of Chancery, which pronounced in her favor, and said in its decree "that the said assessment and warrant are illegal," and granted an injunction restraining the County from collecting the money.

The claim made upon Thurlow, as by the said warrant appears, is $7,878.12. We have shown that the demand of 1865 upon her was too great by $2,235.53 and the same injustice having been perpetrated for years, we find that, at the same rate, that in four years alone we should have overpaid the sum of $8,942.12. Carry it back to the beginning and fancy how much we have overpaid.

How then, can the promoters of the bill substantiate before the house, that "it is but just" that Thurlow should pay their said assessment. The County Council sinned not ignorantly when it refused to equalize by By-Law in 1865. Had they then enacted a By-Law, Thurlow would have been put in a position, and would have appealed to the Court of Chancery. But no; her opponents (I might say oppressors,) were all powerful in the Council, and trusted she would quietly or unquietly yield—grumble perhaps—but in the end pay her money and look pleasant; *i. e.*, as pleasant as she could. They were mistaken. Thurlow had more back bone than to get credit for; she appealed from the arbitrary proceedings of the County Council to the Court of Chancery, which has pronounced in her favor, and now before the House of Parliament, maintains the justice of her claims. With what result, I cannot foretell, but I much mistake the justice of the House if it aids such bullying, overrides the decrees of the Court of Chancery, endorses such falsehoods, and establishes the precedent that it is a court of appeal for every disappointed suitor who trusts to his lobbying facilities to perpetrate an injustice.

The equalization of 1867 presents some salient points, but I have already trespassed at length on your space.

THURLOW.

February 15th, 1868.

—Hon. Joseph Howe has gone to England.

—The sum of $252 97 was collected in the churches in Galt on Sabbath last, in aid of the Nova Scotian fishermen.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, Feb. 17, 2 p. m.—In the House of Commons this evening, Earl Mayo (late Lord Naas) the Chief Secretary for Ireland, informed the members that the Government was preparing an Irish Reform Bill, and would be ready to lay it before the House on the 9th of March. Other measures in regard to Ireland, he said, would be brought forward on the 25th.

Sir Charles Bright called attention to the scheme for placing the telegraphic wires under the authority of the Government, and inquired if any action had been taken, or if it was proposed by the Minister to take any action to that end.

Mr. G. W. Hunt, under-Secretary of the Treasury, replied that it was the intention of the government to purchase the lines of telegraph in Great Britain, and he promised that the plan for effecting that change, which was being matured in the Treasury office, would be submitted to the House within a week.

A motion was made for the second reading of the Bill for the suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus*.

Hon. Mr. Fortescue, member for Andover, said he thought the motion proved that the administration of affairs in Ireland was wrong and greatly needed reform.

Sir Henry Winston, member for Waterford City, said the Bill was an outrage upon the Catholics, shut out as they were from their rightful share in the Government.

Earl Mayo made an explanation in regard to the case of George Francis Train. He said the policemen who arrested him had received general instructions to watch persons arriving at Queenstown from the United States, and to stop all suspicious persons. When the trunk of Mr. Train was examined, copies of his own speeches on Ireland were found and led to his arrest on suspicion. He would make no speech and do no act in sympathy with the the Fenian cause.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—Private letters from Paraguay, dated January 18, have been received here, which represent that the prospects of the Paraguayans continued to improve. They state that President Lopez was taking the offensive, and had twice bombarded the Brazilian camp on the Parana with effect. The mail steamer also brings the following news: The internal troubles of the Argentine Confederation were increasing. The powerful State of Entre Rios had joined Rosero in the revolt against the Federal Government. De Marco Paz, Vice President of the Argentine Confederation and President of the Senate, is dead.

The letters from Paris to the English journals reiterate the statement that changes are contemplated in the policy and in the Cabinet of the Emperor.

Despatches from Senafe announce that the British expeditionary corps has occupied Addigraht, and reports had reached Senafe that the advance had reached Daval and Talanta. It was also rumored from the interior that the natives who had revolted against King Theodore were again submitting to his authority.

FLORENCE, Feb. 17.—The public honors to Admiral Farragut closed last week with the dinner given by the United States Minister and American residents and visitors. The Admiral has gone to Venice on a brief visit.

The Council has at length resolved to pay part of the Papal debt.

BERLIN, Feb. 17.—The illness of Count Von Bismarck is serious. He is not able to leave Berlin.

DUBLIN, Feb. 17, evening.—In the case of Mr. Sullivan, editor of the Dublin *Nation*, whose trial for the publication of seditious libels occupied the greater part of last week, the jury brought in a verdict of guilty. The case excites unusual interest.

LONDON, February 17.—It is reported that the bark 'Eureka,' from New York, was one of the vessels destroyed by fire in the petroleum fleet at Antwerp.

NEW YORK, February 18.—The *Herald's* Florence special says: Admiral Farragut, who has received such marked attention for some time past, has left for Venice.

The *Herald's* St. John's, P. R., special of the 16th, states that slight shocks of earthquakes had been felt in the island.

The treasury of the Island has received $70,000 from Havana, to relieve the distress resulting from the late hurricane. There has been a number of land and common evictions owing to the needs of owners who were forced to meet their tax demands.

The *Herald's* Hayti special says, business was recovering and coffee was abundant; the currency was quoted at thirty-one paper dollars for one in specia.

LONDON, February 18, 11:15 a.m.—Bonds quiet at 71¾; Erie 40¾.

PARIS, Feb. 18, 11:15 a. m.—Bourse firm; Rentes strong.

LONDON, February 18, 1:20 p. m.—Consols 92¾; others unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, February 18, 1:20 p. m.—Cotton buoyant; sales 20,000 bales; Uplands 9¾d to 9¾d; Orleans 9¾d to 9¾d. California Wheat 10s 1d; Lard firm; Pork dull; Bacon 39s; Common Rosin 7s 6d; Tallow 42s 6d.

BREST, Feb. 18, 1:20 p. m.—The steamship "Ville de Paris," from New York, has arrived.

QUEENSTOWN, Feb. 18, 1:20 p.m.—The steamship "City of London," from New York on the 4th, has arrived.

American Despatches.

NEW YORK, February 17.—A special to the *Commercial Advertiser* says the Senate Committee of military affairs voted to recommend the return of Sherman's brevet-nomination to the President, with the resolution, stating that it is unadvisable to confer brevet rank on officers of the highest grades. Inquiry is to be made into the charge that the Consul at Rome went with the Papal troops to fight Garibaldi.

HARRISBURG, Pa., February 17.—A fire broke out to-night in the cellar of a store on the corner of Thirty and Market streets. The fire was supposed to have been extinguished, and

the store was full of people, when a terrific explosion took place by which about thirty firemen and citizens were injured. No loss of life reported.

NEW YORK, February 18.—The *Herald's* Washington telegram says that private advices from London state that the receipt of intelligence from Mexico say that the government determined to repudiate all debts of foreign countries, except the United States, has given rise to intense indignation to the English government. The reason assigned by Mexico for the adoption of such a course, is revenge upon the nations of Europe for the recognition of Maximilian. England, however, not having followed the rest of Europe in this hasty proceeding is consequently doubly affected by the new Mexican policy.

The government, it is said, is now seriously contemplating the fitting out of a fleet to take possession of the ports of Mexico and hold them until satisfaction is given. It is thought that this can be done without infringment on the Monroe doctrine, as the expedition will not be permanent in its nature and does not contemplate the acquisition of territory, but will be merely a species of reprisal against the government as an indemnification for debts due to British subjects. It is also understood that France has declined, for the present, to participate.

VICKSBURG, February 17.—Jeff Davis returned here on the 12th inst.

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, Feb 18.

Commercial Bills	99
Greenbacks, buying at	70
" selling at	71
Bank of Upper Canada Bills	62
Silver, buying at	3¾ to 4
" selling at	3 to 3¼

Gold opened at 141½; closed at 140¾.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, Feb. 18, 1868.

FALL WHEAT—$1 60 to $1 65.
SPRING WHEAT—$1 50 to $1 60.
BARLEY—$90 to $95.
RYE—firm at $1 00 to $1 06.
OATS—60c.
PEAS—demand only for local use at 90c to 95c.
BUCKWHEAT—60c to 75c.
BEEF—Dull at $5 50 $6.
PORK—$5 50 to $6 00. Heavy Pork $6 25.
MUTTON—5c to 6c per pound.
BUTTER—15c to 22c.
EGGS—18c to 20c.
HIDES—$5.50 to $7.00.
SHEEPSKINS—dull at 75c.
CALFSKINS—8c ₱ lb.
TALLOW—Rough, 6c; rendered, 8c.
WOOL—25c.
POTATOES—60 to 65c.
APPLES—$0 30c to $1 00.
HAY—$10 to $15.
CHEESE—10c.
CORN—90c to $1.
FLOUR—No 1, $7 50 ₱ bbl.
POTASH—$4 50 to $4 75.

MONTREAL MARKETS

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.

MONTREAL, Feb. 18, 1867.
1 P. M.

FLOUR.—Superior Extra	$8 00	@	8 25
Extra	7 90	@	8 00
Fancy	7 60	@	7 75
Welland Canal Superfine	7 45	@	7 60
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat	7 45	@	7 60
" " 1 Western Wheat	7 45	@	7 60
" " 2 " "	7 10	@	7 25
Bag Flour	3 60	@	3 75
WHEAT.—Canada Fall	0 00	@	0 00
Spring	1 70	@	0 00
Western	0 00	@	0 00
OATS.—Per 32 lbs	0 46	@	0 47
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	0 95	@	1 00
BUTTER—Dairy	0 15	@	0 19
" Store Packed	0 14	@	0 18
ASHES—Pots	5 30	@	5 35
Pearls	5 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess	19 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess	14 00	@	00 00
Prime	13 00	@	00 00
DRESSED HOGS	5 75	@	6 25
PEAS	0 87	@	0 88
RYE FLOUR	5 95	@	6 00

Flour—no arrivals; market steady with limited sales at former rates. Grain—no sales noted; rates generally unchanged. Provisions quiet and steady. Hogs in fair demand. Butter active; choice much wanted. Ashes—pots active; pearls neglected.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, February 18.

Cotton firmer at 22c to 23¼c for middling uplands.

Flour dull; medium good grades in favor of buyers; receipts 5,915 bbls; sales 5,000 bbls at $8 60 to $9 35 for superior state and western; $9 90 to $10 00 for common to choice extra State; $9 70 to $11 90 for common to choice extra western; $9 90 to $11 40 for common to choice extra round hooped Ohio.

Rye flour quiet at $7 50 to $9 40.

Wheat unchanged; receipts 750 bushels; sales 1,600 bushels at $2 46 for mixed spring; $2 80 for fair No 1 spring, delivered; $2 80 for amber state.

Rye scarce and firm; receipts 149 bushels; no sales.

Corn rather in favor of buyers; receipts 38,316 bushels; sales 20,000 bushels at $1 26 to $1 28 for new mixed western afloat; $1 22 to $1 28 for new white southern; $1 32 for handsome southern yellow; $2 25 for yellow Jersey.

Barley scarce and firm; receipts 3,650 bushels. No sales reported.

Oats firmer; receipts 2,650 bushels; sales 62,000 bushels at 83½c to 84c for Western in store.

Pork firmer; sales 1,260 barrels at $22 75 to $23 00 for old mess; $23 81 to $24 00 for new do.

Lard firmer at 14c to 15c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.

Stocks dull and lower after call.
Money 5 per cent.
Sterling Exchange 109¾.
Gold 141.
Stocks at second board steady.
Gold closed 141.

Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
February 18, 1868.

IMPORTS.—5 cars merchandise.
EXPORTS.—1 car merchandise.

LEXINGTON, Missouri, May 28, 1868.

MESSRS. J. N. HARRIS & CO.:

DEAR SIRS—I have made Allen's Lung Balsam pretty well known in our city and country, and have sold about all the four dozen bottles sent me in March last; and I find that persons who try the Balsam once, come back again for more, as it gives them satisfaction; and I recommend it in preference to any other medicine for Coughs and Colds. Please send me six dozen bottles as soon as possible. I am, yours, &c.,

THOMAS J. FLETCHER, Druggist.

P. S.—I sell more Allen's Lung Balsam, than all other cough remedies together, and it gives general satisfaction.

Sold by all Family Medicine dealers.

Perry Davis & Son, Agents for the Dominion of Canada. 41-6w 227-6w

R. R. R. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Is the only vegetable Remedy, in liquid form, that will cure at once all Bilious Attacks, Fevers, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Headache, Sprains, Diptheria, Influenza, Kidney and Bladder Diseases. One application will in a few minutes afford immediate comfort.

Sisters of Mercy, Dorchester St., Montreal, C. E., Hospital of the Sisters of Mercy.

DR. RADWAY: I certify that your Ready Relief has cured over one hundred of our sick from Chills, Vomiting, Headaches, Internal Pains, &c., &c.

One of our Sisters had the Rheumatism in her head for a great many years. Having taken a few spoonsful of Relief in water, and rubbing her head twice with the same medicine, she was perfectly cured, and never felt it since. I always use it for Dyspepsia and for Colds, and always with success. It is very useful for Sore Throat, Coughs Influenza, Diptheria, &c. It has a good effect in Flatulence or Wind Cholic. I use it for foul breath, and it produces a marvellous effect. In short, it procures relief altogether remarkable to our invalids.

SISTER MARY DE HONSECOURS.

Sudden Colds, Coughs, Influenza, Diptheria, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Chills, Fever and Ague, Mercurial Pains, Scarlet Fever, &c., &c. Take from four to six of Radway's Pills, and also take a teaspoonful of the Ready Relief in a glass of water, sweetened with sugar or honey; bathe throat, head and chest with Ready Relief (if Ague or Intermittent Fever, bathe the spine also); in the morning you will be cured.

See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1868.—R. R. R. sold by all druggists. 51-2t 237-2w

☞ Ticket Office for Great Western Railway, opposite the Market, Front-St. Tickets issued to Milwaukee, Chicago, New Orleans, Omaha City, Nebraska Territory, Fort Riley, Kansas, Cheyenne, Dacotah, Denvis City, Colorado, and all points West. Fare received either in Greenbacks or current funds.

217-1y R. P. DAVY, AGENT.

A CARD.

To the Editor of the Daily Intelligencer.

SIR, I beg to acknowledge from E. Perkins, Esq., the receipt of a parcel containing the sum of $43, which was advertised as lost some time ago, and for which $10 reward was offered. Mr. Perkins is entitled to my most sincere thanks for the return of the money, and more particularly as he refused to accept the reward.

J. J. HAINES, JR.

Belleville, Feb. 18th, 1868.

A CARD.

THE BELLEVILLE DRAMATIC ASSOCIATION wish to state that on account of the Nova Scotian Relief Committee having refused to accept of any more pecuniary aid, the proceeds of the last entertainment were devoted to pay off the debt on the association, consequent on their wardrobe, scenery, &c.

Belleville, Feb. 18, 1868. 1t

John D. Evans,

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Civil Engineer and Draughtsman.
OFFICE—Over Overell's Book Store, Belleville. 34w-246d-6m

Forneri & Kennedy,

CIVIL and MINING ENGINEERS, Provincial Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Madoc. Lands carefully examined and reported on. Money to loan.

☞ All orders by mail will receive immediate attention.

C. C. FORNERI, C.E. & P.L.S.
246d L. KENNEDY, C.E. & P.L.S.

ONTARIO HALL.

ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION OF THE

TOWNSEND FAMILY,

and crowded houses everywhere.

Fashionable Entertainment for Three Nights.

Tuesday, Wednesday & Thursday

February the 18th, 19th, and 20th.

JOHN TOWNSEND,

THE Popular English, American, and Canadian Tragedian, in his great character of

OTHELLO!

Miss Florence Townsend,

In her celebrated character of "DESDEMONA," supported by the whole company.

On TUESDAY Evening, 18th February, will be presented Shakespeare's Great Tragedy of "OTHELLO" or the "MOOR of VENICE," with entirely new and appropriate dresses.

OTHELLO.....John Townsend
IAGE.....Mr. Burnet Townsend
CASSIO.....Mr. Harry Townsend
MONTANO (first appearance)..Mr. W. J. Speck
DESDEMONA.....Miss Florence Townsend
EMELIA.....Miss Constance Townsend
Supported by the whole company.

To conclude with Charles Mathews' glorious Comedy, entitled

"LITTLE TODDLEKINS;"

OR, "MARRIED DAUGHTER AND ALL,"

BROWNSMITH.....Mr. Harry Townsend
AMANTHIS.....Mr. A. J. Reil
CAPT. LITTLEPOP.....Mr. W. J. Speck
ANNIE BARICOMBE.....Miss F. Townsend
SUSAN.....Miss Constance Townsend
Supported by the whole company.

☞ Doors open at 7:15. Commence at 8.
Belleville, February 12th. 243-3t

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Messrs. WALLACE & FORDYCE as Photographers, in the Town of Belleville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

(Signed.) D. J. WALLACE.
ED. FORDYCE.

Belleville, December 4th, 1867.

THE undersigned having purchased Mr. Fordyce's interest in the Gallery, will hereafter conduct the business on his own account. His long experience and thorough knowledge of the business will enable him to satisfy all who give him a call.

ROOMS:—Over Graham and Grainger's Store.

ENTRANCE:—Two doors South of Holden's Drug Store.

D. J. WALLACE.
Belleville, Dec. 4th, 1867. 185-ThST

AUCTION.

TRADE SALE

OF

SUGARS,
MOLASSES,
SYRUPS,
TEAS,
TOBACCOS,
FRUITS,

WINES AND LIQUORS,

&c., &c., &c.

A large and General Assortment of

FRESH GROCERIES

will be offered to the Trade BY AUCTION, at the Store of

Messrs. Pitceathly & Kelso,

FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

THURSDAY, 20TH INSTANT.

And to close a consignment—

Barrels No. 1 Round Herrings,
" Extra No. 1 Split do.
" Choice Labrador do.
Bundles Dry Codfish.

☞ SALE AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK A. M.

M. NULTY,
Auctioneer.

Belleville, 12th Feb., 1868. 52-1t,243-td

NOW READY,

THE

Queen's New Book,

Journal in the Highlands.

PRICE, $1.25.

E. HARRISON.

Belleville, Feb. 1, 1868. 233-tf

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THIS BANK is prepared to issue drafts, receive deposits, and grant interest receipts at the office of the Commercial Bank in Belleville.

Mr. THOMSON will be happy to see his old friends.

Belleville, Jany. 23, 1868. 225 tf

DIARIES, DIARIES,

FOR 1868,

AT

J. C. OVERELL'S,

TURNBULL'S BLOCK,
180 FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

The X-Mas No. of the ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS,

IS NOW READY.

ALSO,

BOUND NUMBERS OF

British Workman,
Band of Hope Review,
Children's Friend,
Infant's Magazine,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
LEISURE HOUR, SUNDAY AT HOME, &c., &c.,

AT

J. C. OVERELL'S,

OPPOSITE THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
FRONT STREET.
BELLEVILLE.

January 4, 1868. 209

A SPLENDID

ASSORTMENT OF

FLANNELS,

GENT'S

FURNISHING GOODS,

&c., &c.,

JUST RECEIVED,

AT

J. MUIR & CO.'S.

Horses, Carriages, &c., FOR SALE.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS

TAKEN AT PAR.

Apply to

H. PRETTY,
Opposite the Market.

Belleville, Oct. 23, 1867. 147-tf

Limes and Glycerine,

The best Hair Dresser before the public.

Limes and Glycerine,

The best preparation known for Dandruff.

Limes and Glycerine,

Allays all irritation of the Scalp.

Limes and Glycerine,

All who have used it pronounce it superior to any preparation for the Hair.

Limes and Glycerine,

Is to be found on almost every toilet table.

Limes and Glycerine,

Far superior to pure Glycerine for chapped hands, &c.

Prepared only at

APOTHECARIES HALL,
1d1y Front St., Belleville.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

Ladies Work Boxes.
" Writing Desks.
" Dressing Cases.
Photograph Albums.
Fancy Wool Goods.
Ladies Bonnets.

A fine assortment of

Dress Goods!

and the

Latest Styles in Cloth

FOR LADIES JACKETS.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

Dec. 19, 1867. 1D-1y

GRAHAM FLOUR,

OATMEAL, SPLIT PEAS,
BEANS, &c.

—ALSO,—

WHITEFISH AND HERRINGS

IN BARRELS & HALF BARRELS,

At the "Corner Store,"
Front and Bridge Streets.

A. FLETCHER & Co.
January 15, 1868. 7-1y,w48-3t

HOOP SKIRTS,

LATEST STYLES.

G. C. Holton & Co.

J. & W. Sutherland

WOULD respectfully solicit an inspection of their new stock of

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS,

Which will be found complete in the following specialities:

FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FRENCH MERINOS—2s. 6d. and upwards
FRENCH LAMAS & THIBETS.
FRENCH DELAINES.
SCOTCH TWEEDS.
" ALL WOOL HOSIERY.
CANADIAN " "
" FLANNELS.
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.
DUNDAS COTTONS AND BAGS.
AMERICAN YARN.

J. & W. SUTHERLAND.
Belleville, October, 1867. 1n6m

HUFFMAN HOUSE,

MADOC, ONTARIO.

HUFFMAN & SON, Proprietors,

(LATE OF PETERBOROUGH.)

☞ Every attention paid to travellers. House and furniture entirely new. 145-tf 36tf

Partner Wanted,

WANTED, as equal partner in a light and profitable manufacturing business, a good responsible man, with some capital to invest.

For particulars enquire at 234, or at the office of S. B. Burdett, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Front St., Belleville.

Belleville, Jan. 27, 1866. 228-tf

NEW BOOKS

AT

F. VAN NORMAN'S.

Queen Victoria's Journal, "Our Life in the Highlands."
Wood's Natural History—2,500 Illustrations, 3 vols., Royal 8vo..... $14 00
Chambers' Cyclopedia, now complete, 10 vols..... per vol., 2 50
Chambers' Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols..... 2 50
Family Cyclopedia..... 75
Our Constitution..... 1 00
Romance of Charity..... 1 00
The Land and the Book..... 2 00
Pre-historic Scotland..... 5 00
Knight's Half-hours with best Authors, 2 vols..... 2 50
Knight's Half-hours with English History..... 1 25
Northwest Passage by Land, by Vicount Milton and Cheadle.
Barnes' Notes, complete.
D'Israeli's Curiosities of Literature, cloth and morocco.
Kitto's Bible History of the Holy Land, Wooles' Scientific Works.

ALL THE POETS, &c., &c.,

NEW SCHOOL BOOKS.

The CHEAPEST STATIONERY

In Belleville.

WALL PAPERS

From 5 cts. to $1 20 per Roll.

BIBLES,
HYMN BOOKS,
PRAYER BOOKS,
PSALM BOOKS,
CATECHISMS, &c. &c.

Sunday School Libraries

In great variety, and very low prices.

A GOOD STOCK OF

Sheet Music, Music Books, Violins,

&c., &c., constantly on hand.

☞ Orders by mail promptly executed.

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,
BELLEVILLE.

Belleville, Feb. 8, 1868. 239-tf

Notice of Partnership.

WE HAVE this day admitted William Jones, of Belleville, as partner into our firm.

A. S. PAGE & CO.

Belleville, Jan. 15, 1868. 218-1m

BOARDING.

MRS. McKENZIE can accommodate a few permanent boarders; also, some daily boarders.

RESIDENCE—Pinnacle Street, opposite the market.

Belleville, Nov. 18, 1867. 170-tf

F. HACKETT

HAS RECEIVED A

CHOICE ASSORTMENT

OF

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS

Belleville, Oct. 1, 1867. 1D-6m

COSGRAVE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

East India Pale Ale.

JUST RECEIVED,

50 Hhds,

150 Barrels and half Barrels.

FOR SALE ONLY BY

WESLEY BULLEN.

Belleville, Nov. 26, 1867. 177-tf

GRAND DISCOUNT SALES

OF

DRY GOODS,

AT

P. D. CONGER'S.

GEORGE ROCHE,

HATTER & FURRIER,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now prepared to take orders for

ALL KINDS of FURS.

Having procured the services of a first-class Cutter from Paris, particular attention paid to repairing.

☞ All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.

Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs.

October 14. 1D-6m

Miscellaneous Items.

In Texas, week before last, two families between whom a feud had existed for a long period, met by appointment to settle their grievances by wager of battle. Three men were slain outright, and several other persons severely wounded.

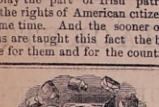
Seventeen hundred and twenty-three infants, who had been thrown away by their parents, were picked up in the streets of New York last year, and seven hundred and forty-nine of them are now cared for in the institution at Randall's Island.

The following, which may prove attractive to some adventurous young American, appears in a Paris daily paper:—"Marriage, a young lady of high rank, possessing a fortune of three million francs, (£120,000,) and as much more to come, desires to unite herself with a French or foreign gentleman, young, and with a fine title and fortune. Address," etc.

There is an amusing feud, just now, between the grocers and the publicans of this vast metropolis. The publicans, indignant with the grocers for selling wine, have in revenge taken to selling tea. Their object, however, according to their own representation, is "not provocation, but defence." The publicans offer their tea at half a crown a pound; and if the publicans undersell the grocers in the matter of tea, and the grocers undersell the publicans in the matter of wine, the general consumer will evidently profit by this remarkable falling out.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

WHERE IS THAT INSURANCE MAN?—A few days ago an agent of an accidental insurance company entered a smoking car on a western railroad train, and approached an exceedingly gruff old man, asked him if he did not want to take out a policy? He was told to get out with his policy, and passed on. After riding about half an hour an accident occurred to the train, and the smoking car ran over the sleepers, causing much consternation among the passengers. The old man jumped up, and seizing a hook at the side of the car to steady himself, called out, "Where is that insurance man?" The question caused a roar of laughter among the passengers, who for the time forgot their danger.

The Portland *Transcript* gives its own, and that a very sensible view, of the outcry just now in the States anent the naturalization question. It says: "It is all very well to talk about defending the rights of naturalized citizens abroad—but when did our government ever neglect to do so? It has always gone too far in that direction rather than the contrary. The truth is there is no end of political clap-trap, and fishing for Irish votes, in all this virtuous indignation against Great Britain. If a British subject who becomes an American citizen gains a right to protection, on the other hand he relinquishes his right, by this very act of expatriation, to meddle in the domestic affairs of Great Britain. He can't play the part of Irish patriot and claim the rights of American citizenship at the same time. And the sooner our Irish citizens are taught this fact the better it will be for them and for the country."



HURRAH FOR

THE DOMINION.

R. H. JONES

BEGS leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened a new WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Grocery and Liquor Store,

in the premises lately occupied by Messrs. O'Brien & Henchy, where he will keep on hand a select and varied assortment of

General Groceries,

AND LIQUORS,

For family use and medicinal purposes.

TEAS.

YOUNG AND OLD HYSONS,
GUNPOWDER, TWANKAY,
IMPERIAL, JAPAN,
SOUCHONG,
CONGOU, &c., &c.

COFFEES.

THE BEST IN TOWN, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.

He would especially call the attention of families to his stock of

WINES, SPIRITS & LIQUORS,

Brandies, Ports, Sherries.

Irish, Scotch & Morton's Whiskeys,

Old Tom & Holland Gins,

IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.

Together with a large assortment of

CHAMPAGNE,

of the most popular brands,

LIQUEURS & CORDIALS, &c.

In addition to these there will be found a splendid stock of

LAMP GOODS & TRIMMINGS,

☞ Goods sent promptly to customers in any part of the town.

Belleville, Dec. 9, 1867. 188 42-tf

HURRAH FOR

BARNUM'S

LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half-past 8 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12, noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 2 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

S. BARNUM,
Proprietor.

C. HORTON, Agent, Belleville.
S. GUSTIN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1867. b68

REMOVAL.

N. MANN begs to notify the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to the Dafoe House Building, where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many more, who will favor him with their patronage.

Belleville, Dec. 27, 1867.

MORTGAGE SALE.

UNDER power of sale contained in a mortgage made the 28th day of October, 1863, between William Donovan, of Belleville, Grocer, and the Hon. John Ross, there will be sold for default of payment of mortgage money, on

Thursday, the 5th day of March,

1868, at TWELVE o'clock, NOON, by M. NULTY, at his auction rooms in the Town of Belleville, the following valuable property, viz.: Lot number eighteen, on the East side of Sidney Street, as laid down on a plan of survey of Lots numbers one and two, in the second Concession of the Township of Thurlow, in the County of Hastings, made by Henry A. F. McLeod, Esq., P. L. S., and registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings, on the 28th day of October, A. D. 1863.

The said lot number eighteen, contains ten acres of land more or less. It is fenced and otherwise improved.

For terms of sale and other particulars, enquire of JAMES ROSS, Esq., or of the undersigned.

ROSS, BELL & HOLDEN,
Attorneys for Hon. John Ross.

Belleville, 5th Feb., 1868. 237-4tTh

Store-keepers!
Farmers!
And Others!

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM THE IMPORTERS DIRECT.

The Montreal Tea Company,

6 Hospital Street, Montreal,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to different parts of the country—and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOTEL, QUEBEC, January 7, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—The six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL,

HOUSE OF SENATE, Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

S. SKINNER.

QUEBEC, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—The box of 30 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 55 cents was of excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for.

Yours respectfully,

D. ANDERSON.

TORONTO, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—The two chests of Tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton, one chest Fine Flavoured New Seasons Congou, at same price, viz.: at 55 cents per lb. Yours, &c.,

JAMES EDGAR.

FELCOME, December 23, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—The Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz.: at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant,

JOHN T. DAY.

COBOURG, January 3, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box of 20 lbs. at same price, and oblige yours &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the "Medical Journal" have frequently declared that one half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substance, in 50, 25, 20, 15, and 12 lbs. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do, 55c., 60c., and 65c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c.; Sound Oolong, 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60c.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan, Good, 50c., 55c.; Very Fine, 60c.; Finest, 65c., 75c.; Scented Orange Pekoe, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankey Common, 38c.; Fine do., 55c., Young Hyson, 50c., 60c., 65c., and 70c.; Fine do., 75c.; Very Fine, 85c.; Superfine and very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c.; Extra Superfine do., $1.

All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality, and circular must be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c. to 70c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by expressman, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of five chests and upwards.

All Boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

MOIRA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Capital Stock, $100,000. Divided into 10,000 Shares.

WORKING CAPITAL, $15,000.

HORACE YEOMANS, Esq., PRESIDENT. ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., TREASURER.
B. S. GILBERT, Esq., SECRETARY. J. G. SHURTZ, Esq., SUPERINTENDENT.

MERCHANTS' BANK, BANKERS. DEAN & GILBERT, SOLICITORS.

DIRECTORS:

HORACE YEOMANS, of Flint & Yeomans, Belleville.
ANDREW THOMSON, Banker, Belleville.
W. W. DEAN, Master in Chancery, Belleville.
JOHN G. SHURTZ, Superintendent.
JAMES LISTER, M.D., Belleville.
JAMES W. CARMAN, American, Consul, Belleville.
BARTON S. GILBERT, of Dean & Gilbert, Barristers, Belleville.

THIS COMPANY is duly Incorporated under Cap. 23, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the purpose of working the mineral veins upon *sixteen* acres of Lot No. 19, in the fifth concession of Madoc, (the Richardson Mine being No. 18 in the same concession.)

A shaft has been sunk to the depth of nine feet in the rock. At six feet a gold-bearing lode was struck, of 18 inches in width, which at nine feet has increased to 2½ feet, and a crushing at Gilbert & Turley's mill of four and one-half tons of the rock, gave a yield of over fifty-six dollars in gold; the lode is clearly defined, and evidently extends the whole length of the property—52 rods.

The territory is admirably situated for mining purposes, being a high ridge covered with indications of mineral veins. There are numerous places on the land fully as promising as the one on which the shaft has been sunk, and which would unquestionably yield as well. The large quantity of land, and the prospects of other gold-bearing veins, make it certain that the Company will be able to subdivide the property as soon as a little further development has been made, and form other Companies at great advantage.

Work is being vigorously prosecuted in the shaft, under the superintendence of JOHN G. SHURTZ, Esq., one of the Directors, who is largely interested in the proprietary of the mine, and who has had thirteen years' practical experience in the gold mines of California and Nevada, and is unquestionably the most accomplished quartz miner now in this country.

It is intended to have a further crushing in a few days, and negotiations are in progress which, if carried out, will secure a mill to the Company at once, so that regular work will be gone on with without delay, and dividends may, in that case, be expected in a short time.

Belleville, Jan. 27th, 1868. 228d-tf

India and China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or $1,00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb. Finest procurable, $1.00.
Protected by Trade Mark.

☞ Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.
August 16th, 1867. b90-1y w27-1y

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO. OF CANADA.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
INCORPORATED 1849.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - - TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., President, LEWIS MOFFATT, Esq., Vice-President.
HON. MALCOLM CAMERON, C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq., GEORGE CHAFFEY, Esq., A. T. FULTON, Esq., H. S. HOWLAND, Esq., A. R. McMASTER, Esq., W. J. McDONELL, Esq., J. McGILLES, Esq., A. M. SMITH, Esq.

SOLICITORS:—MESSRS. DUGGAN & BURNS.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on every description of property.
MARINE INSURANCES—Inland and to the Lower Ports, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the West Indies, and by steam vessels to Europe.
Rates as moderate as any other respectable Insurance Company.

F. McANNANY, Esq., Agent, Belleville. JAS. SIDNEY CROCKER, Manager.
November 12, 1867. 39w0m-163d6m

BELLEVILLE

AGRICULTURAL WORKS

AND

IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Threshing Machines,

STRAW CUTTERS,

MILL WORK & MACHINERY,

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,

Iron and Steel Ploughs, Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-tf

American Invoices--Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
QUEBEC, 6th March, 1863.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the *Canada Gazette.*

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, June 8, 1867.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 28 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
3D1t-tf Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL!

THE "DAILY NEWS,"

$6 00 per Annum, in advance.

JOHN LOVELL,
63 Printer and Publisher.

BLANKS of every description for sale at *The Intelligencer* office.

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the *AMERICAN (WALTHAM) WATCH* have given it such a wide world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years are imitated its style and printed its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found, who furtively trade upon the popularity of the American Watch, by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article. It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American Watches—except the lowest grade, marked Home Watch Co.—*are guaranteed by special certificate,* bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. ROBBINS.

The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine Watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH Co.

APPLETON, TRACY & Co.

WALTHAM WATCH Co.

P. S. BARTLETT.

WM. ELLERY.

HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the General Superintendent,
Altoona Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

GENTLEMEN:—The watches manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years by our engineers, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying your watches give us less trouble and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN:—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that Waltham watches are the most satisfactory of any for their uses. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have never known one to wear out, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer.
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.

ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto & Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS.
Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-4m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every afternoon (Sundays excepted) and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of $5 a year if paid in advance, $6 otherwise. Mail subscribers $5 a year. $2 50 for 6 months; $1 50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgewater, Marmora and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the **Gold Regions,** and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., &c., and in short, neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months	$ 5 00
Half Square, 6 months	$10 00
One Square, 6 months,	$20 00
Two Squares, 6 months,	$30 00
Four Squares, 6 months,	$50 00
Notices of Births,	50
Do of Marriages,	50
Do of Deaths,	50

"BUSINESS NOTICES"—All matter under this heading, leaded or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of solid minion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements every two weeks.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion, and 2 cents for each additional insertion.

The Weekly Intelligencer

Is published every Friday Morning at $2 per annum if called for at the Office, or sent by mail; and $2½ if delivered by the Carrier, payable in all cases in advance. When not paid until the close of the year, 50 cents will be added to each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, and the number now on our Subscription Books is **over 1,400.** With such a large and general circulation throughout this and adjoining Counties, the DAILY INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed advantages to advertisers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Six lines and under, first insertion,	0 50
Each subsequent insertion,	0 12½
Above six lines (per line) first insertion	0 07
Each subsequent insertion per line,	0 03

☞ "BUSINESS NOTICES"—10 cents per line each insertion, measured as solid minion.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to insure their appearance.

All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

The Intelligencer Job Office

Is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the country.

The DAILY AND WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER can be had at the Book Stores in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at R. Dorado.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

M. BOWELL,
INTELLIGENCER BUILDING, Front street, Belleville. *Publisher.*

BRITISH PERIODICALS,

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative.)

The Edinburgh Review (Whig).

The Westminster Review (Liberal).

The North British Review (Free Church.)

Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory.)

THESE periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stands unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews,	$4.00 per annum.
For any two of the Reviews,	7.00 "
For any three of the Reviews,	10.00 "
For all four of the Reviews,	12.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	4.00 "
For Blackwood and one Review,	7.00 "
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews,	10.00 "
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews,	12.00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	15.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of *twenty per cent.* will be allowed to Clubs of four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent *to one address* for $12 80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $48.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is *Two Cents* per number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums for New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, gratis, any *one* of the *Four Reviews for 1867.* New Subscribers to all five of the periodicals for 1868 may receive, gratis, Blackwood or any two of the "*Four Reviews*" for 1867.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

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Vol. 1. BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, WEDNESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 19, 1868. No. 248.

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Ontario Legislature.

Monday, Feb. 17, 1868.

THE ASSESSMENT ACT.

In addition to what was reported yesterday of the debate on the Assessment Act, we give the following synopsis, which we obtain from the Toronto papers:

Mr. Ferguson was in favor of postponing legislation. He objected strongly to subjecting interest on mortgages to taxation. He objected also to the clause relating to the equalization of assessment. The exemption of $600 of income might be all right, but it was only an experiment, and it was a question whether the country would be satisfied with it. Such a proposition should not become law without ever having been submitted to a single County Council. Again, last year it was thought right to reduce the statute labor required of people not otherwise assessed in townships, to one day. Now, without waiting to let the new system work, it was proposed to go back to two days. After pointing out some other features in the Bill which he considered objectionable, Mr. Ferguson said the only part of it which he might be disposed to approve of was that which did away with the sliding scales. He begged to suggest also to the Chairman that the fall would be a better time to make the assessments than the middle of winter, when the ground was covered with snow, and the assessors could tell nothing of the quality of the soil. He hoped the Atty. General and his legal colleagues, while acknowledging the services of the Committee, would sit down during the recess and endeavor to frame a law which would work more satisfactorily than the present one.

Mr. Rykert was sorry that the subject had taken the course it had, but he might say that the committee had acted throughout with the full concurrence of the Government, and there was not a single amendment proposed that had not been asked for by over 200 municipalities of the country. He was acting as the mouth-piece of as large and intelligent a committee as had ever been appointed by any parliament, and he thought that committee was fully equal to the task of making a suitable municipal law for the country. The bill had been printed on the 21st of January, and had been distributed through every municipality in the country, and the committee had not received a single objection to any of the amendments, except the proposition to place a tax upon mortgages, and that objection had come from money shavers. (Hear.) He was not willing to take the responsibility of saying that the ministers should leave their places on the treasury benches, and he did not think the country would be in favor of them doing so. For his own part he thought it would be a great calamity if they should resign their places at the present time. But as the Government had determined that the Bill should not pass this session, he would not consent to go into committee on it, and then lay it for further consideration over till next session. If members wanted to have their speeches reported and sent forth to the country, they might as well go home and make them among their constituents, instead of in the House. He would therefore consent to withdraw the bill, and move that the order be discharged. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Graham (Hastings) said he had come here as an avowed supporter of the present Government; but if anything had occurred to shake his confidence in them, it was the course they had taken with reference to this assessment law. (Hear, hear.) If they had not intended that the Committee should report, and that the amendments which they reported as necessary should be discussed, why did they not say so at the outset? The Government, he thought, had not treated the Committee with that courtesy to which they were entitled. As to assessing lands in block, he would just submit this calculation to the Premier. Assume that the Canada Company owned 50,000 acres in Perth, worth $20 per acre. This would represent 1,000 days of statute labor. But let this land be cut up into 200 acre lots, with a settler on each, and it would be liable for 3,000 days of statute labor. Let it be cut up into 100 acre lots, with a settler resident on each, and it would be liable for 4,000 days of statute labor. Was it right that the poor man living on this lot should be assessed for statute labor at four times the rate imposed on the wealthy Company? He was sorry the Government had taken the course they had seen fit to adopt on this question, but as they had chosen to do so, he thought the chairman of the Committee did right to withdraw the Bill and leave the responsibility with the Government.

Hon. J. S. McDonald did not wish to have it supposed that the Government had assumed an attitude of opposition to the proposed changes. All they said was that it was premature to press them now—that the Government had not as yet fully considered them, and that the country should be advised of what was proposed before legislation took place. He did not wish it to go to the country that the Government were adverse to these changes.

Mr. Wallis and Mr. McKim followed.—The latter was against delay and thought the bill ought to be taken up at once. It would be hard upon the farmers if it was

not, and it would be disgraceful on the part of the government if they did not entertain it. He was heartsick at this constant delay. And to shelve this bill would be injuring the very vitals of the poor. Enough time had been spent, though some might complain they had not enough of pay; and he was in earnest in saying that he hoped the argument against legislation for the poor man would be given up, for it was him who had made Canada what it was. There were changes which ought to be made in this assessment law, the people in his county were waiting for it, and it was high time they should be done justice.

Mr. Rykert—Members of County Councils and Assessors were waiting to see what would be done with this Act. But it was useless to press it now, and it would be put down to hasty legislation, though he thought that objection was removed by his having consulted with members of the ministry as to the Bill, and they were in favor of it. The Government had taken the responsibility of throwing out the bill, and their scribblers of the press had supported them and vilified him. They would find that would not give satisfaction to the country; and it was unfortunate that acting in the interests of the country he had been made a butt and a target of in the House. It would be seen outside whether he was supported or not. He thought the committee was dissatisfied. He feared that no ministry as a whole could take up a measure of this kind with satisfaction to the country. No bill of the kind showed more judgment than that brought forward by the late Mr. Baldwin, and probably they would have to look back to his ideas yet.

Mr. Macdonald reiterated what he had said before recess—that he had never known a government so badgered as this had been by a gentleman hostile to the government and all the while pretending to be a friend. He pretended that he was so, but his views were transparent; he was working as hard as he could against the government; and he did not dare say that the action of himself and his colleagues would tell against them before the country if he was not in opposition against them. The hon. premier, while declining to have any dealings with the promoter of the bill, and refusing to recognise the pressure put upon the government to pass it, said all the amendments and all the changes proposed would be considered by the government and he brought up at the next session of parliament.

Mr. Rykert said if the Attorney-General had not desired this bill to proceed, and had told him so, he would not have pressed it. He consulted with the treasurer and the secretary a few days ago, and if they had expressed an opinion that it should be withdrawn, he would not have pressed it.

Mr. Cameron said it was not as he deemed it the duty of a member of the cabinet to call upon a member of the House and beg and pray of him to forego certain legislation which he desired.

Mr. Rykert—Perhaps not; but I went to you.

Mr. Cameron—Yes, and you wished to read over the amendments with me, but we came to no conclusion, and I expressed no satisfaction or otherwise.

Mr. Corby followed in favor of the administration, and said he would give them an honest and fair support until he found their views were wrong, while he denounced certain pretended supporters who, to carry out their own ends, pretended they could make the ministry do as they pleased.

Several other members took part in the debate, which was finally closed by the order being discharged, and the House adjourned at 12 o'clock.

To the Editor of the Daily Intelligencer.

A Memorial Church.

The Bishop, Archdeacon, and others, in the Diocese of Ontario, propose to erect in the Town of Cornwall a monumental church of stone, to perpetuate the memory of the late Venerable Bishop Strachan.

The Lord Bishop of Ontario, who enters most warmly into the project, has selected Cornwall as the most suitable site for such a memorial, because it was there that the late Bishop commenced his ministerial labors in the year 1803; and it was there that he established his fame as an instructor of youth. Under his head-mastership the Cornwall Grammar School acquired a provincial reputation, and from it went forth those who afterwards became the foremost men of their time in Western Canada.

It is therefore felt that no more fitting place than Cornwall could be selected for the memorial to the late lamented Prelate, and that no more suitable monument than a substantial and enduring church could be erected to the memory of one, who, as Priest and Bishop, for 68 years served God in the ministry of His Holy Church. The friends of the late Bishop throughout the whole Provinces of Ontario and Quebec will therefore shortly be appealed to on behalf of the "Bishop Strachan Memorial Church."

H. AUSTON,
Secretary to the Managing Committee of the Bishop Strachan Memorial Church in Cornwall.
Cornwall, Feb. 18, 1868.

—Chicago has two hundred and fifty policemen at a salary of $1,000 each, per annum; and one hundred and fifty firemen, paid each $9,000 per year.

—A new paper, called the *Church Observer*, has been issued at Montreal. It assumes to be truly evangelical, and will take the place of the *Echo*.

—A new husband in New York presented his bride with a washboard, a mop, a gridiron, and a pair of flat irons as a part of her wedding trousseau. She at once applied for a divorce.

—A restauranter at St. Catherines regales his customers on a species of game known to sportsmen as "hell divers." A happy association of diet with the moral tendencies of guests in that locality.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West,	7.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West,	8.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going West,	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train,	6.30 P. M.
Noon Express going East,	12.08 P. M.
Night Express going East,	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East,	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train,	9.30 P. M.
Montreal Time	

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 19.

FROM WOODSTOCK.

(By Special Telegraph to the Daily Intelligencer.)

WOODSTOCK, Feb. 19.

Jordon L. Charles, acting Collector of Inland Revenue, was discharged from duty and placed under arrest yesterday, but he escaped from Mr. Romain with the amount of $3,290 Government money. No word of his arrest up to 9:45 a. m.

CLUB HOUSE.—Go to Cronn's for your New York Count Oysters and Game of the season.

DRILL SHED.—A Drill Shed is to be built at Trenton forthwith. The contract has been awarded to Mr. H. O'Rourke, and it is to cost $550. When will Belleville have its drill shed?

THE TOWNSEND FAMILY.—This Family were greeted with a very respectable audience last evening, and their performances elicited general approbation. To-night they put no less than four distinct pieces on the board, and in each of which Miss Florence Townsend, the young and accomplished Comedienne, will appear. We trust they will have a good house.

THE FENIANS.—The *Leader* of to-day says: "Yesterday morning a company of the 17th regiment, numbering 94 men, left this city for Kingston, under the command of a captain and two subalterns. The military authorities had information, we understand, that the Penitentiary was to be attacked by the Fenians, and the prisoners now there, condemned for life, to be rescued.

WESTMINSTER REVIEW.—This quarterly, for January, has been received from the Leonard Scott Publishing Company, New York. Its contents are: Dangers of Democracy; Physiological Psychology; Two Temporal Powers; The Church in Scotland; Extradition; the Origin of Electricity; Indian Worthies; the Abyssinian Difficulty; the Land Tenures of British India, &c.

LADIES SPECIAL PRIVILEGES.—The ladies have for the past eighteen centuries enjoyed special privileges leap year. In an ancient Saxon law it is enacted: "Albeit, as often as leape yeare dothe occure, woman holdeth prerogative over the meane in matter of courtshipe, love and matrimonee; so that when the ladie proposet it shall not be awful for menne to say her nae but shall receive her proposall in all good courtisie." Girls, this law is still in force.

A COOL OPERATION.—A produce merchant of Guelph, named O. Pooley, decamped from that town last week, leaving debts to a large extent unpaid. The night previous to embarkation, it is said he visited several of his moneyed friends and modestly requested a loan of $1,000 from each. So high was his reputation for wealth and integrity that it was handed out without a murmur, and in one instance, at least, on a mere verbal acknowledgment of the debt. Thus have his banker and some of the leading merchants sustained a dead loss to that amount. He is believed to have made his way to Chicago.

The Legislature Yesterday.

The report of the Special Committee appointed to enquire into the cause of the closing of the Toronto Hospital, reported that the management of the Hospital had been defective, and recommended that a more efficient Board of Trustees should be appointed. The report was adopted. The House then went into Committee on Supply; the Estimates, as brought down the other day, and which have already been published, was the theme of a lengthy speech from the Finance Minister, and after considerable discussion all the items were passed, except the last, relating to the salaries of the officers of the Educational Department, which was laid over until to-day. The House adjourned at 11:40 p. m.

—A Dominion telegraph company has been organized with head quarters at Toronto. Contracts for poles have been given out. It will have offices at all business points in the Dominion.

—The Halifax *Chronicle* says that the hostile feeling towards Union in Nova Scotia would not possess a tithe of its present acerbity "were it not evident that it has been effected principally by mean fraud, combined with brute force."

—The Buffalo *Courier* says that Secretary Seward has written to Messrs. O'Connor and James T. Brady, two eminent lawyers of New York, asking them to go to England and appear as counsel for the murderers of the women and babies in Clerkenwell.

No Pent-Up Utica.

Brother Jonathan is like a great many women who go out shopping—they don't know when to stop. So long as a fond father or husband supplies the needful they are ready to make way with it, and whether it comes cheerfully or grudgingly, it's all the same to the dear creatures, whose eyes are dazzled and hearts conquered, by the fanciful displays made in shop windows and on the counters and shelves of our merchants. Brother Jonathan has been out shopping lately, and the easy, good-natured way in which his purchases have been received by those who have to pay the piper, has emboldened him to try it on on a more extensive scale. He has always had a longing eye on the British possessions on this side of the big pond, and indeed he has made himself believe, and tried to convince the world, that he was monarch of all he surveyed, that the whole boundless Continent belonged to the Eagle. It matters not to him whether the people immediately interested are favorable or otherwise. It's the manifest destiny of the Great Republic to swallow up all the minor principalities and powers in the Western world, says Brother Jonathan, and sooner or later the process of absorption must commence. The iceberg was purchased for a song, the volcano for a trifle more, and the inhabitants of those highly favored countries transferred their allegiance without a murmur. What objection, then, can the people of British Columbia have to follow suit? The Legislature of California having declared that "it is of "the utmost importance to the Pacific "States and the whole American Union, "that British Columbia be annexed to the "United States, that our Senators and "representatives be requested to urge the "Government at Washington to use all "honorable means to acquire said territory," is in their opinion quite sufficient. It is matter of small moment that British Columbia desires to become part and parcel of the Dominion of Canada. It is not the slightest consequence that the people of that Province and of the Dominion are opposed to the annexation of any part of the British Dominions to the United States. These points are merely of secondary consideration. "British Columbia" is part of this continent; "it is of the utmost importance that we should possess it," says Brother Jonathan, and, in his opinion, nothing more is required but to pay the stipulated price. But he will find that something more is required. The purchase of a Russian Province and a Province of Great Britain are two different things, and while it may be comparatively easy to accomplish the one, the other will be found something more than mere child's play. British subjects don't put on and off their allegiance as they would a garment—they prize too highly the blessings of a free, constitutional government; they have too deep a love for the institutions of Great Britain; they have too much respect for the land of their birth, and reverence for the old flag, to cast them all aside for a mere bagatelle, and it is time our American cousins thoroughly understood this matter. British Columbia, as well as the remaining portions of the British dominions on this side of the continent, are quite capable of working out their own salvation without any assistance from across the lakes, and of demonstrating their capability of being in a few years the first power in the New World.

Fenians on the Frontier.

The following letter we find in the Montreal *Gazette* of yesterday. It is dated St. Albans, Vermont, Feb. 17, 1868.

SIR.—Since my last nothing of importance has transpired in regard to the Fenian movement. The proceedings of the meeting, held on Wednesday night, and the prospects of an invasion of Canada are the topics of general conversation. It is generally believed there will be considerable trouble this coming summer, although some of the better informed and more intelligent Americans believe that it is only an effort on the part of the leaders to fill their pockets which they think are nearly, if not entirely, empty by this time. The Fenians themselves say they intend *war*, and think they will have very little trouble in taking Canada. Upper Canada they say can be taken possession of without much effort. Lower Canada, in their opinion, will be the most difficult to subdue, especially Quebec, but they say it is not of much importance whether Quebec is taken or not as long as they can obtain a sea-port like Montreal, where they can build and send out their ships of war and send supplies to Ireland. They also say that as soon as they have taken a portion of Canada and obtained a foothold there, that the United States Government will acknowledge them as belligerents for the same reason that England acknowledged the Rebel States during the civil war. They estimate that there are at the present time 250,000 men from the shores of the Gulf of Mexico to the most northern part of Maine, who are ready to spring up for the cause of Ireland and drive England's hated power from the shores of America, and that only one flag, and that the "Stars and Stripes," should wave over North American soil; but they are deficient in arms and ammunition is the reason that the great war Secretary and his co-patriots are visiting the various "Circles."

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, Feb. 18.—The examination of the prisoners arrested on suspicion of being connected with the Clerkenwell explosion, has terminated. All the prisoners have been remanded to confinement, except Allen, against whom no evidence has been elicited, and he has been discharged.

Bulletins in regard to the condition of Lord Derby report that he is improving.

BERLIN, Feb. 18.—The Upper House of the Diet passed the convention made with the deposed Princes whose territories have been annexed to Prussia. The King engages to suspend all payments of money to the Princes, and to confiscate their property in case of disloyalty.

PARIS, Feb. 18.—The *Moniteur du Soir* reports that there has been a stop in the advance of the British in Abyssinia, and Gen. Napier is calling for reinforcements.

M. MAXSOUTREY, agent and Consul-General at Cairo, Egypt, has been appointed Minister of France to Japan.

In the Corps Legislatif to-day, an amendment to the bill for the regulation of the press, permitting free admission of foreign papers and unrestricted sale of French journals, was rejected.

BERLIN, Feb. 18.—Count Von Bismarck proposes the establishment at the different ports of Germany of a Board of Federal officers, to examine into the condition of vessels bound to America. An effort to prevent the repitition of the Leibnitz horror is the immediate cause of this salutary step on the part of the Government.

LONDON, February 18.—The Bill for the regulation of the press is still under discussion in the French legislative body. A violent debate sprung up in the yesterday's session, on the question of the distribution of government advertising patronage; the opposition claimed that liberal journals were justly entitled to a share of advertisements published by national and municipal authorities. This was demanded as a matter not of necessity but of principle. The speakers declared that in the laws for the regulation of the press all journals should be treated with the strictest impartiality. The efforts to have the bill modified by the insertion of a provision to this effect was defeated, but the majority against the proposition was small.

Second Despatch.

LONDON, Feb. 18, eve.—In the House of Commons this evening Sir Stafford Northcote, Secretary of State for India, said that at the request of the English Government the Pasha of Egypt had agreed to recall his auxillary force from Abyssinia, and the reports which have since been received that the Egyptians still remain in the country and were advancing with the British have not yet been explained by any official despatches received by the Government. The Secretary also stated that the expedition was no longer suffering from scarcity of water.

The House of Commons to-night, in Committee of the Whole, agreed to renew the suspension of the writ of *Habeas Corpus* in Ireland.

WASHINGTON, February 19.—Dates from Crete to January 29th, represent that the Turks have been defeated in several engagements of late, with severe losses. The Mussulman population are becoming more and more discontented, and the troops have shown such a mutinous disposition that they were obliged on one occasion to be led back to head quarters. The Sultan's grand Vizier mission to Crete is a failure, and the island is in a more successful state of revolution than ever. Arms and provisions continue to be sent into Crete from all quarters, for the relief of the Cretan warriors. The women and children continue to flee from the island to Greece. The total number of Cretan non-combatants in Greece at the present time is estimated at 6,300.

LONDON, February 19, 11:15 a.m.—Bonds 71¾ to 72; Erie 49¾; others unchanged.

PARIS, Feb. 19, 11:15 a.. m,—Rentes strong.

LIVERPOOL, February 19, 11:15 a. m,—Cotton buoyant; sales 20,000 bales; Uplands advanced 9⅝d to 9¾d on spot; 9¾d to arrive; Orleans 9¾d to 10d. Breadstuffs and Provisions steady.

American Despatches.

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—The *Herald's* Kingston, Jamaica, special says the American consul has telegraphed to Washington, demanding the services of a man-of-war to obtain redress for the outrage committed on the American whaler "Hannah Grant."

The *Times'* Washington special says there is as yet no authority direct from Gen. Sherman for any statement regarding the course he intends to pursue, except that he has respectfully declined the brevet tendered to him, and has expressed himself satisfied with his present command.

NEW YORK, February 17.—The *Herald's* Suez (Egypt) special says: "King Theodorus is at his camp near the palace of Magdala, where the English captives are confined. The Abyssinian monarch is said to be in a bad strait in a military point of view. An engagement between the two armies is imminent, and may take place at any moment. Very few of the disaffected native chiefs now acknowledge any fealty to Theodorus. The Chief Kassal, ruler of the Tigre district openly courts the favor of General Napier. General Napier fears that this chief, whose political character is bad, aims at making a secret attack on him and consequently seeks to arrange and perfect a binding treaty of alliance with him so as to hold him answerable for his future acts. Thirty-five thousand British troops have been landed at Zoula and an advance of the Queen's army has reached to within two days' march of Antallo, half way towards Magdala from the shore line, where it is very probable the expected battle will take place. The Egyptians with a contingent embracing many Turks, are very near Magdala; but they use no caution and still march on in a reckless manner without the sanction of the superior officers of the English army. The English in the interior number 20,000. The troops suffered considerably from the heat of the weather.

The steamer 'Cimbria' brings London papers of the 7th. The Athens journals report a serious engagement at Heraclium, in Crete, on Jan. 20th. The insurgents, 1,500 strong, defeated the Turks 5,000 in numbers who withdrew into fortress, where they fell on insurgent prisoners, killing and wounding several. Russian vessels continued to carry Candian families to Greece.

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—The shipment of specie to-day by the "Java" was $102,300.

SANDY HOOK, Feb. 19.—The steamer "Cuba," from Liverpool, is signalled, and will be up about 4 o'clock.

Editorial Summary.

—The inhabitants of Alaska have already begun to quote gold.

—Sheep are sheared by machine in New Hampshire in three minutes.

—The last candidate of the New York *Herald* for President is Sherman.

—It costs five dollars in gold for postage on a letter from Mexico to Havana.

—The rinderpest has cost England over 4,200,000 head of cattle.

—Spain has been several weeks without an insurrection.

—Why do birds in their little nests agree?—Because they fall out if they don't.

—Fifty-seven vessels are among the Bahama Islands collecting sponge for use in upholstery.

—Detroit is claimed to be the largest fur market in the United States.

—A cold March and a very late spring is the prediction of a weather prophet.

—Oranges and strawberries are abundant on the New Orleans market.

—Workmen are engaged this week in putting over cables for the New Suspension Bridge at the Niagara Falls.

—The best double-distilled burning oil, from the Thames oil works, is now retailed at Ingersoll at eight cents a gallon.

—Rev. Dr. Tyng's trial for preaching in a Methodist Church, is the last comic sensation in New York.

—Immense sleigh riding parties are the rage now in the New England towns and interior cities.

—In England and Wales there are 513,000 more women than men, and over 1,500,000 of the former are unmarried.

—The liabilities of the Bank of Montreal for January are published at twelve millions nine hundred thousand dollars; assets twenty-one millions.

—Unlike the Mississippi river, the Amazon has a regular supply from the immense glaciers, which send forth their tributaries to the great river during the whole season.

—"Mister, I say, I suppose you don't know of nobody who don't want to have nobody to do nothing, don't you." The answer was, "Yes, I don't."

—A negress speaking of one of her children who was lighter colored than the rest,—'I nebber could bear dat brat, because he shows dirt so easy.'

—The German woman in Pembroke who murdered her five children the other day, committed suicide on Monday by hanging herself in the gaol.

—Sophia Bolsclair, the accomplice of Provencher in the poisoning of her husband, has arrived from Montreal to undergo inprisonment for lifetime in the Provincial Penitentiary.

—A new Orleans editor has had a present of an armful of snow, which was carried fifty miles by railroad to give him a sight of the article so rare in that latitude.

—The *Rocky Mountain Herald* advertises for single women. A thousand Yankee girls, it says, could get husbands and homes in Colorado before the spring.

—They have a grain elevator in New Orleans, which it is said, is able to discharge from barges and load into a ship 15,000 bushels of grain a day. The elevator is rigged on a barge of 100 tons.

—The traffic receipts of the Port Hope and Lindsay Railway for the year 1867, amounted to $236,000, against $178,000 for 1866, an increase of $58,000.

—Near Sierra, Nevada, last winter, the average level of the snow was fifteen feet tall, and forty-four feet and seven inches fell during the winter. The drifts are often sixty feet high, and in one or two instances were twenty feet higher.

—The Picton *Times* of to-day says the Grist, Carding, and Fulling Mill, belonging to James C Wilson, Esq., at the Lake on the Mountain, were, we regret to say, destroyed by fire on Wednesday last. The loss of this Mill, at the present time, when other Mills are lying idle for want of water, will be seriously felt.

—Preliminary steps have been taken to establish an "Agriculturists Bank" in Hamilton. The stock of the Bank is to be limited in the first instance to $250,000 in 500 shares of $50 each, with power to increase the amount. Stock Books have been opened, and it is supposed there will be no difficulty in getting the amount subscribed.

—The Toronto *Leader* says: An important invention to railway men has just been put into practical operation at St. Mary's and other points on the Grand Trunk Railway. The novelty is in the shape of a self-acting switch, and is designed to act independently of manual aid in adjusting itself to the movement of trains. The invention has fully met the expectations of its promoters, and will shortly be adopted in a section of the Grand Trunk yard in this city. The switch is the invention of Mr. Thomas Fogg, of St. Mary's.

—An Ontario paper says that the winter has been one unexampled to the interests of the wood and lumbermen in these parts; and that the quantity of wood chopped and piled on the banks of the Welland Canal and river exceeds that hauled out for many years.

—The lady proprietors of the Revolution, in New York, have employed Madame Demorest to fit out a squad of little Irish girls in the Fenian colors, and send them into the street selling the 'woman's paper.' They call on the police to protect the little news girls.

They are playing the "Lady of Lyons" at Shreveport, La., where Pauline appears in cowhide boots and chews tobacco, while Claude tells her of his palace by the Lake of Como, in a rebel colonel's uniform, with a pipe in his mouth.

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, Feb 19.

Commercial Bills	99
Greenbacks, buying at	70
" selling at	71
Bank of Upper Canada Bills	62
Silver, buying at	4
" selling at	3 to 3¼

Gold opened at 140½; closed at 140¾.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, Feb. 19, 1868.

FALL WHEAT—$1 63 to $1 65.
SPRING WHEAT—$1 50 to $1 60.
BARLEY—$90 to $93.
RYE—firm at $1 00 to $1 06.
OATS—60c.
PEAS—demand only for local use at 90c to 95c.
BUCKWHEAT—60c to 75c.
BEEF—Dull at $5 50 @6.
PORK—$5 50 to $6 00. Heavy Pork $6 2o.
MUTTON—5c to 6c per pound.
BUTTER—15c to 23c.
EGGS—18c to 20c.
HIDES—$6.50 to $7.00.
SHEEPSKINS—dull at 75c.
CALFSKINS—8c ₱ lb.
TALLOW—Rough, 5c; rendered, 8c.
WOOL—25c.
POTATOES—50 to 65c.
APPLES—$0 80c to $1 00.
HAY—$10 to $15.
CHEESE—19c.
CORN—90c to $1.
FLOUR—No 1, $7 50 ₱ bbl.
MEAL—$4 50 to $4 75.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.

MONTREAL, Feb. 19, 1867.
1 P. M.

FLOUR.—Superior Extra	$8 00	@	8 25
Extra	7 90	@	8 00
Fancy	7 60	@	7 75
Welland Canal Superfine	7 45	@	7 60
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat,	7 45	@	7 60
" " 1 Western Wheat,	7 45	@	7 60
" " 2 " "	7 10	@	7 25
Bag Flour	3 60	@	3 75
WHEAT.—Canada Fall	0 00	@	0 00
Spring	1 70	@	0 00
Western	0 00	@	0 00
OATS.—Per 32 lbs	0 46	@	0 47
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	0 95	@	1 00
BUTTER—Dairy	0 15	@	0 19
" Store Packed	0 14	@	0 18
ASHES—Pots	5 30	@	5 35
Pearls	5 80	@	0 00
PORK—Mess	19 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess	14 00	@	00 00
Prime	13 00	@	00 00
DRESSED HOGS	5 75	@	6 25
PEAS	0 87	@	0 88
RYE FLOUR	5 95	@	6 00

Flour—no arrivals; demand languid; small sales at late rates. Grain—no arrivals nor sales; rates nominally unchanged. Provisions—Pork quiet but steady; Hogs—choice wanted; ordinary and light hard to sell; Butter in fair demand at unchanged rates. Ashes steady and quiet.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, February 19.

Cotton quiet at 23½c to 24c for midling uplands.

Flour 5c to 10c lower; receipts 6,000 bbls, and 3,410 bags; sales 5,900 bbls at $8 50 to $9 30 for superior state and western; $9 35 to $10 75 for common to choice extra State; $9 65 to $11 50 for common to choice extra western; $9 85 to $14 00 for common to choice extra round hooped Ohio.

Rye flour firmer at $7 50 to $9 45.

Wheat dull; receipts 450 bushels; sales 7,500 bushels at $2 46 for No. 2 spring in store.

Rye quiet.

Corn dull and 1 cent lower; receipts 38,100 bushels; sales 32,000 bushels at $1 26 to $1 27 for new mixed western afloat; $1 28 for western yellow; $1 23½ to $1 26 for white southern.

Barley scarce and firm; receipts 6,250 bushels; sales 9,000 bushels Canada West on private terms.

Oats firmer; receipts 2,020 bushels.

Pork firmer at $23 00 to $23 15 for old mess; $24 15 to $24 25 for new do.

Lard firmer; sales 2,100 barrels at 14¼c to 15½c; small lots at 15¾c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.

Stocks active and better call.
Money 5 per cent.
Sterling Exchange 109¾.
Gold 140¾.
Stocks at second board improved.
Gold closed 140¾.
The *Post* says that the loan market shows little change. Stocks unsettled. Governments firm. RR's irregular and lower.

Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
February 19, 1868.

IMPORTS.—4 cars merchandise.
EXPORTS.—1 car live stock and 2 cars merchandise.

MARRIED.

On Wednesday, Feb. 12th, 1868, at the residence of John Spear, Esq., Belleville, by Rev. A. Carman, M. A., Jas. E. Sheffield, of Huntingdon, to Sarah E. Benedict, of Belleville.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LEXINGTON, Missouri, May 28, 1868.

MESSRS. J. N. HARRIS & CO.:

DEAR SIRS—I have made Allen's Lung Balsam pretty well known in our city and country, and have sold about all the four dozen bottles sent me in March last; and I find that persons who try the Balsam once, come back again for more, as it gives them satisfaction; and I recommend it in preference to any other medicine for Coughs and Colds. Please send me six dozen bottles as soon as possible.

I am, yours, &c.,
THOMAS J. FLETCHER, Druggist.

P. S.—I sell more Allen's Lung Balsam, than all other cough remedies together, and it gives general satisfaction.

Sold by all Family Medicine dealers.
☞ Perry Davis & Son, Agents for the Dominion of Canada. 51-4w 287-4w

R. R. R. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Is the only vegetable Remedy, in liquid form, that will cure at once all Bilious Attacks, Fevers, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Headache, Spasms, Dipheria, Influenza, Kidney and Bladder Diseases. One application will in a few minutes afford immediate comfort.

Sisters of Mercy, Dorchester St., Montreal, C.E., Hospital of the Sisters of Mercy.

DR. RADWAY: I certify that your Ready Relief has cured over one hundred of our sick from Chills, Vomiting, Headaches, Internal Pains, &c., &c.

One of our Sisters had the Rheumatism in her head for a great many years. Having taken a few spoonsful of Relief in water, and rubbing her head twice with the same medicine, she was perfectly cured, and never felt it since. I always use it for Dyspepsia and for Colds, and always with success. It is very useful for Sore Throat, Coughs, Influenza, Dipheria, &c. It has a good effect in Flatulence or Wind Choice. I use it for foul breath, and it produces a marvellous effect. In short, it procures relief altogether remarkable to our invalids.

SISTER MARY DE BONAVENTURA.

Sudden Colds, Coughs, Influenza, Dipheria, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Chills, Fever and Ague, Mercurial Pains, Scarlet Fever, &c., &c. Take from four to six of Radway's Pills, and also take a teaspoonful of the Ready Relief in a glass of water, sweetened with sugar or honey; bathe thoroughly head and chest with Ready Relief (if Ague or Intermittent Fever, bathe the spine also); in the morning you will be cured.

See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1868.—R. R. R. sold by all druggists. 51-2t 287-2w

☞ Ticket Office for Great Western Railway, opposite the Market, Front-St. Tickets issued to Milwaukee, Chicago, New Orleans, Omaha City, Nebraska Territory, Fort Riley, Kansas, Cheyenne, Dacotah, Denvis Colorado, and all points West. Fare received either in Greenbacks or current funds.
217-1y R. P. DAVY, AGENT.

LECTURE

BY THE

REV. JOSEPH WILD, M.A.,

IN NEILSON'S HALL,

FRIDAY Evening, Feb. 21st.

SUBJECT:

"THE VOICE."

Chair taken by JAMES BROWN, Esq., M. P., at half-past seven.

Admission 12½ cents.

Proceeds given to the M. E. ORGAN FUND. The public are cordially invited.

P.S.—This Lecture will show how to come in possession of, and keep a good voice. With hints how to speak in public, and how to sing, and other interesting points.

PER ORDER OF COM.
Belleville, Feb. 14th, 1868. 244-6t

ONTARIO HALL.

ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION OF THE

TOWNSEND FAMILY,

and crowded houses everywhere.

The Young and Beautiful Comedienne,

Miss Florence Townsend,

In four of her most popular characters, supported by the whole company.

This Wednesday Ev'ng, Feb. 19th.

THE LOAN OF A LOVER,
OR A HUSBAND FOR AN HOUR.

Miss Florence Townsend and the company.

AFTER WHICH.

DELICATE GROUND,
OR PARIS IN 1793.

Miss Florence Townsend and the company.

TO BE FOLLOWED BY THE

STAGE STRUCK LOVERS.

Miss Florence Townsend and the company.

TO CONCLUDE WITH

THE DAY AFTER THE WEDDING,
OR TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER MARRIAGE.

Miss Florence Townsend and the company.

Doors open at 7:15. To commence at 8. Admission 25 cents; reserved seats, 50 cents. Belleville, Feb. 19, 1868.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 14th Feb'y, 1868.

AUTHORIZED discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice: 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
248 Commissioner of Customs.

John D. Evans,

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Civil Engineer and Draughtsman.
OFFICE—Over Overell's Book Store, Belleville. 34w-246d-6m

Forneri & Kennedy,

CIVIL and MINING ENGINEERS, Provincial Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Madoc. Lands carefully examined and reported on. Money to loan.

☞ All orders by mail will receive immediate attention.

C. C. FORNERI, C.E. & P.L.S.
246d L. KENNEDY, C.E. & P.L.S.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Messrs. WALLACE & FORDYCE as Photographers, in the Town of Belleville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

(Signed.) D. J. WALLACE.
ED. FORDYCE.

Belleville, December 4th, 1867.

THE undersigned having purchased Mr. Fordyce's interest in the Gallery, will hereafter conduct the business on his own account. His long experience and thorough knowledge of the business will enable him to satisfy all who give him a call.

ROOMS:—Over Graham and Grainger's Store.

ENTRANCE:—Two doors South of Holdea's Drug Store.

D. J. WALLACE.
Belleville, Dec. 4th, 1867. 185-TfST

AUCTION.

TRADE SALE

OF

SUGARS, MOLASSES, SYRUPS, TEAS, TOBACCOS, FRUITS,

WINES AND LIQUORS,

&c., &c., &c.

A large and General Assortment of

FRESH GROCERIES

will be offered to the Trade BY AUCTION, at the Store of

Messrs. Pitceathly & Kelso,

FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE, ON

THURSDAY, 20TH INSTANT.

And to close a consignment—

Barrels No. 1 Round Herrings,
" Extra No. 1 Split do.
" Choice Labrador do.
Bundles Dry Codfish.

☞ SALE AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK A. M. ☜

M. NULTY,
Auctioneer.

Belleville, 12th Feb., 1868. 52-1t,243-td

NOW READY,

THE

Queen's New Book,

Journal in the Highlands.

PRICE, $1.25.

E. HARRISON.

Belleville, Feb. 1, 1868. 233-tf

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THIS BANK is prepared to issue drafts, receive deposits, and grant interest receipts at the office of the Commercial Bank in Belleville.

MR. THOMSON will be happy to see his old friends.

Belleville, Jany. 23, 1868. 225 tf

DIARIES, DIARIES,

FOR 1868,

AT

J. C. OVERELL'S,

TURNBULL'S-BLOCK,
180 FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

The X-Mas No. of the

ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS,

IS NOW READY.

ALSO,

BOUND NUMBERS OF

British Workman,
Band of Hope Review,
Children's Friend,
Infant's Magazine,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
LEISURE HOUR, SUNDAY AT HOME, &c., &c.,

AT

J. C. OVERELL'S,

OPPOSITE THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
FRONT STREET.
BELLEVILLE.

January 4, 1868. 209

A SPLENDID

ASSORTMENT OF

FLANNELS,

GENT'S

FURNISHING GOODS,

&c., &c.,

JUST RECEIVED,

AT

J. MUIR & CO.'S.

Horses, Carriages, &c.,

FOR SALE.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS

TAKEN AT PAR.

Apply to
H. PRETTY,
Opposite the Market.

Belleville, Oct. 29, 1867. 147-tf

Limes and Glycerine,

The best Hair Dresser before the public.

Limes and Glycerine,

The best preparation known for Dandruff.

Limes and Glycerine,

Allays all irritation of the Scalp.

Limes and Glycerine,

All who have used it pronounce it superior to any preparation for the Hair.

Limes and Glycerine,

Is to be found on almost every toilet table.

Limes and Glycerine,

Far superior to pure Glycerine for chapped hands, &c.

Prepared only at
APOTHECARIES HALL,
1d1y Front St., Belleville.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

Ladies Work Boxes.
" Writing Desks.
" Dressing Cases.
Photograph Albums.
Fancy Wool Goods.
Ladies Bonnets.

A fine assortment of

Dress Goods!

and the

Latest Styles in Cloth

FOR LADIES JACKETS.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

Dec. 19, 1867. 1D-1y

GRAHAM FLOUR,

OATMEAL, SPLIT PEAS, BEANS, &c.

—ALSO,—

WHITEFISH AND HERRINGS

IN BARRELS & HALF BARRELS,

At the "Corner Store,"
Front and Bridge Streets.

A. FLETCHER & Co.
January 15, 1868. 7-1y,248-2t

HOOP SKIRTS,

LATEST STYLES.

G. C. Holton & Co.

J. & W. Sutherland

WOULD respectfully solicit an inspection of their new stock of

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS,

Which will be found complete in the following specialities:

FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FRENCH MERINOS—2s. 6d. and upwards
FRENCH LAMAS & THIBETS.
FRENCH DELAINES.
SCOTCH TWEEDS.
" ALL WOOL HOSIERY.
CANADIAN " "
" FLANNELS.
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.
DUNDAS COTTONS AND BAGS.
AMERICAN YARN.

J. & W. SUTHERLAND.
Belleville, October, 1867. 1D6m

HUFFMAN HOUSE,

MADOC, ONTARIO.

HUFFMAN & SON, Proprietors,

(LATE OF PETERBOROUGH.)

☞ Every attention paid to travellers. House and furniture entirely new. 145-tf 30tf

Partner Wanted,

WANTED, as equal partner in a light and profitable manufacturing business, a good responsible man, with some capital to invest.

For particulars enquire at 224, or at the office of S. B. Burdett, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Front St., Belleville.

Belleville, Jan. 27, 1868. 228-tf

NEW BOOKS

AT

F. VAN NORMAN'S.

Queen Victoria's Journal, "Our Life in the Highlands."
Wood's Natural History—2,500 illustrations, 3 vols., Royal 8vo. $14 00
Chambers' Cyclopedia, now complete, 10 vols. per vol. 2 50
Chambers' Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols. 5 00
Family Cyclopedia 3 00
Our Constitution 75
Romance of Charity 1 00
The Land and the Book 1 00
Pre-historic Scotland 2 00
Knight's Half-hours with best Authors, 2 vols. 5 00
Knight's Half-hours with English History 3 50
North-west Passage by Land, by Vicount Milton and Cheadle.
Barnes' Notes, complete.
D'Israeli's Curiosities of Literature, cloth and morocco.
Kitto's Bible History of the Holy Land.
Weales' Scientific Works.

ALL THE POETS, &c., &c.,

NEW SCHOOL BOOKS.

The CHEAPEST STATIONERY In Belleville.

WALL PAPERS

From 5 cts. to $1 20 per Roll.

BIBLES,
HYMN BOOKS,
PRAYER BOOKS,
PSALM BOOKS,
CATECHISMS, &c. &c.

Sunday School Libraries

In great variety, and very low prices.

A GOOD STOCK OF

Sheet Music, Music Books, Violins, &c., &c., constantly on hand.

☞ Orders by mail promptly executed.

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,
BELLEVILLE.

Belleville, Feb. 8, 1868. 239-tf

Notice of Partnership.

WE HAVE this day admitted William Jones, of Belleville, as partner into our firm.

A. S. PAGE & CO.
Belleville, Jan. 15, 1868. 213-1m

BOARDING.

MRS. MCKENZIE can accommodate a few permanent boarders; also, some daily boarders.

RESIDENCE—Pinnacle Street, opposite the market.

Belleville, Nov. 18, 1867. 170-tf

F. HACKETT

HAS RECEIVED A

CHOICE ASSORTMENT

OF

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS

Belleville, Oct. 1, 1867. 1D-6m

COSGRAVE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

East India Pale Ale.

JUST RECEIVED,

50 Hhds,

150 Barrels and half Barrels.

FOR SALE ONLY BY
WESLEY BULLEN.

Belleville, Nov. 26, 1867. 177-tf

GRAND

DISCOUNT SALES

OF

DRY GOODS,

AT

P. D. GONGER'S.

GEORGE ROCHE,

HATTER & FURRIER,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now prepared to take orders for

ALL KINDS of FURS.

Having procured the services of a first-class Cutter from Paris, particular attention paid to repairing.

☞ All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.

Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs.

October 14. 1D-6m

Josh Billings on "Burds."

THE REN.

The ren is the smallest thing surrounded with feathers, except the humming-bird.

He is about the size of a horse chestnut.

He is of a dark brown color, and bilds his nest in not holes, out of little bits of stix.

He is as gritty as a mud pie, and will fight a hen turkey.

Rens are little pirates; have seen them drive a blue-bird out of his house, and set up bisness on his stock on traid.

They lay an egg about the size ov a marrow fat p, and hatch out at least half a dozen children at a setting.

A young ren iz the funniest little package I ever see done up; they aint much bigger, and look very much like a small-sized semicolon.

Rens are long-lived, but if they should live tow be as old as Methusaler, they wouldn't be as big as a butternut.

They live on the bug and worm family, and spend their winters South.

They are not profitable to eat—I would as soon dress a bumble bee, and one ren pot-pie would use up the whole breed.

THE BUMBLE BEE

Iz one ov natur's sekrets.

They probably have a destiny to fill, and are probably necessary, if a fellow only knew how.

They liv apart from the rest ov mankind in little circles numbering about 75 or 80 souls.

They are born about haying time, and are different from any bug I know ov; they are the biggest when they are fust born.—They resemble some men in this respekt.

Their principle bizziness iz making poor honey, but they don't make enny to sell.

Boys sumtimes rob them out ov a whole summer's work, but there iz one thing about a bumble bee that the boys alwus watch dredful close and that iz their helm.

I had rather not have all the bumble bee honey there iz between here and the city of Jerusalem, than tew hav a bumble bee hit me with his helm when he cums round sudden.

They are different from other vessels—the helm alwus minds the bumble bee.

The last advertising dodge is that of an umbrella manufacturer on Broadway, New York city, who has ten or twelve men walking, one after the other, on the thoroughfares, each carrying a huge umbrella with the name and place of the manufactory printed in large letters.

ON STRANGE CLIMES.—A mammoth ridged sea-turtle, seven feet seven inches long, nine feet four inches across, and weighing nearly eight hundred pounds, is on exhibition in Hartford. It was captured by a gentleman off Long Island, in September, and is the only one of the kind ever seen in this country. It is a native of the Antarctic Ocean, and it is a matter of wonder how it came to this part of the globe.



HURRAH FOR

THE DOMINION.

R. H. JONES

BEGS leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened a new WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Grocery and Liquor Store,

in the premises lately occupied by Messrs. O'Brien & Henchy, where he will keep on hand a select and varied assortment of

General Groceries,

AND LIQUORS,

For family use and medicinal purposes.

TEAS.

YOUNG AND OLD HYSONS,
GUNPOWDER, TWANKAY,
IMPERIAL, JAPAN,
SOUCHONG,
CONGOU, &c., &c.

COFFEES.

THE BEST IN TOWN, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.

He would especially call the attention of families to his stock of

WINES, SPIRITS & LIQUORS,

Brandies, Ports, Sherries.
Irish, Scotch & Morton's Whiskeys.
Old Tom & Holland Gins,
IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.

Together with a large assortment of

CHAMPAGNE,

of the most popular brands,

LIQUEURS & CORDIALS, &C.

In addition to these there will be found a splendid stock of

LAMP GOODS & TRIMMINGS,

☞ Goods sent promptly to customers in any part of the town.

Belleville, Dec. 9, 1867. 188 48-tf

HURRAH FOR

BARNUM'S

LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half-past 8 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12, noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 2 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

S. BARNUM,
Proprietor.

C. HORTON, Agent, Belleville.
S. GUSTIN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1867. D68

REMOVAL.

N. MANN begs to notify the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to the Dafoe House Building, where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many more, who will favor him with their patronage.

Belleville, Dec. 27, 1867.

MORTGAGE SALE.

UNDER power of sale contained in a mortgage made the 28th day of October, 1863, between William Donovan, of Belleville, Grocer, and the Hon. John Ross, there will be sold for default of payment of mortgage money, on

Thursday, the 5th day of March,

1868, at TWELVE o'clock, NOON, by M. NULTY, at his auction rooms in the Town of Belleville, the following valuable property, viz.: Lot number eighteen, on the East side of Sidney Street, as laid down on a plan of survey of Lots numbers one and two, in the second Concession of the Township of Thurlow, in the County of Hastings, made by Henry A. F. McLeod, Esq., P. L. S., and registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings, on the 28th day of October, A. D. 1863.

The said lot number eighteen, contains ten acres of land more or less. It is fenced and otherwise improved.

For terms of sale and other particulars, enquire of JAMES ROSS, Esq., or of the undersigned.

ROSS, BELL & HOLDEN,
Attorneys for Hon. John Ross.

Belleville, 5th Feb., 1868. 237-4t Th

Store-keepers!
Farmers!
And Others!

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM THE IMPORTERS DIRECT.

The Montreal Tea Company,

6 Hospital Street, Montreal,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to different parts of the country—and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOTEL, QUEBEC, January 7, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in having the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

HOUSE OF SENATE, Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

S. SKINNER.

QUEBEC, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of 30 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 55 cents was of excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for.

Yours respectfully, D. ANDERSON.

TORONTO, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The two chests of Tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton, one chest Fine Flavoured New Seasons Congou, at same price, viz.: at 55 cents per lb. Yours, &c.,

JAMES EDGAR.

BELCOMB, December 23, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the order to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz.: at 55 cents per lb. Address as before.

Your obedient servant, JOHN T. DAY.

COBOURG, January 8, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box of 20 lbs. at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the "Medical Journal" have frequently declared that one half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15, and 12 lbs. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do. 55c., 60c.; and 65c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c.; Sound Oolong, 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60c.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan, Good, 50c., 55c.; Very Fine, 60c.; Finest, 65c., 75c.; Superfine do., $1.

GREEN TEA.

Twankey Common, 38c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c., 60c., 65c., and 70c.; Fine do., 75c.; Very Fine, 85c.; Superfine and very Superfine do., $1.

All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality, and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c. to 70c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Teas will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by expressman, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of five chests and upwards.

All Boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

MOIRA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Capital Stock, $100,000. Divided into 10,000 Shares.

WORKING CAPITAL, $15,000.

HORACE YEOMANS, Esq., PRESIDENT. ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., TREASURER.
B. S. GILBERT, Esq., SECRETARY. J. G. SHURTZ, Esq., SUPERINTENDENT.

MERCHANTS' BANK, BANKERS. DEAN & GILBERT, SOLICITORS.

DIRECTORS:

HORACE YEOMANS, of Flint & Yeomans, Belleville.
ANDREW THOMSON, Banker, Belleville.
W. W. DEAN, Master in Chancery, Belleville.
JOHN G. SHURTZ, Superintendent.
JAMES LISTER, M.D., Belleville.
JAMES W. CARMAN, American, Consul, Belleville.
BARTON S. GILBERT, of Dean & Gilbert, Barristers, Belleville.

THIS COMPANY is duly Incorporated under Cap. 23, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the purpose of working the mineral veins upon *sixteen* acres of Lot No. 19, in the fifth concession of Madoc, (the Richardson Mine being No. 18 in the same concession.)

A shaft has been sunk to the depth of nine feet in the rock. At six feet a gold-bearing lode was struck, of 18 inches in width, which at nine feet has increased to 2½ feet, and a crushing at Gilbert & Turley's mill of four and one-half tons of the rock, gave a yield of over fifty-six dollars in gold: the lode is clearly defined, and evidently extends the whole length of the property—52 rods.

The territory is admirably situated for mining purposes, being a high ridge covered with indications of mineral veins. There are numerous places on the land fully as promising as the one on which the shaft has been sunk, and which would unquestionably yield as well. The large quantity of land, and the prospects of other gold-bearing veins, make it certain that the Company will be able to subdivide the property as soon as a little further development has been made, and form other Companies at great advantage.

Work is being vigorously prosecuted in the shaft, under the superintendence of JOHN G. SHURTZ, Esq., one of the Directors, who is largely interested in the proprietary of the mine, and who has had thirteen years' practical experience in the gold mines of California and Nevada, and is unquestionably the most accomplished quartz miner now in this country.

It is intended to have a further crushing in a few days, and negotiations are in progress which, if carried out, will secure a mill to the Company at once, so that regular work will be gone on with without delay, and dividends may, in that case, be expected in a short time.

Belleville, Jan. 27th, 1868. 228d-tf

India and China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or $1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb. Finest procurable, $1.00.

Protected by Trade Mark.

☞ Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.

August 16th, 1867. D90-1y W27-1y

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO. OF CANADA.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
INCORPORATED 1849.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - - TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., President. LEWIS MOFFATT, Esq., Vice-President.

HON. MALCOLM CAMERON,	A. T. FULTON, Esq.,	W. J. McDONELL, Esq.
C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq.,	H. S. HOWLAND, Esq.	J. McGILLES, Esq.,
GEORGE CHAFFEY, Esq.,	A. R. McMASTER, Esq.	A. M. SMITH, Esq.

SOLICITORS:—MESSRS. DUGGAN & BURNS.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on every description of property.

MARINE INSURANCES—Inland and to the Lower Ports, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the West Indies, and by steam vessels to Europe.

Rates as moderate as any other respectable Insurance Company.

F. McANNANY, Esq., Agent, Belleville. JAS. SIDNEY CROCKER, Manager.

November 12, 1867. 89w6m-165d6m

BELLEVILLE

AGRICULTURAL WORKS

AND

IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Threshing Machines,

STRAW CUTTERS,
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,
Iron and Steel Ploughs,
Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-tf

American Invoices--Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
QUEBEC, 6th March, 1863.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the *Canada Gazette*.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, June 8, 1867.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 28 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
3D1t-tf Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL!

THE "DAILY NEWS,"

$5 00 per Annum, in advance.

JOHN LOVELL,
68 Printer and Publisher.

BLANKS of every description for sale at *The Intelligencer* office.

BRITISH PERIODICALS,

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review (Whig).
The Westminster Review (Liberal).
The North British Review (Free Church.)

AND

Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory.)

THESE periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stand unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews, - -	$4.00 per annum.
For any two of the Reviews, - -	7.00 "
For any three of the Reviews, - -	10.00 "
For all four of the Reviews, - -	12.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine, - -	4.00 "
For Blackwood and one Review, - -	7.00 "
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews, - -	10.00 "
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews, - -	13.00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	15.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of *twenty per cent*, will be allowed to Clubs of four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent *to one address* for $12.80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $48.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is *Twenty Cents* per number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums for New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, gratis, any one of the *Four Reviews* for 1867. New Subscribers to all five of the periodicals for 1868 may receive, gratis, Blackwood or any two of the "*Four Reviews*" for 1867.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1.50 a year for each or any Review; also Blackwood for 1866 and 1867, for $2.50 a year, or the two years together for $4.00.

☞ Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to Clubs, nor reduced prices for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted *direct to the Publishers*.

No premiums can be given to Clubs.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING Co.,
140 Fulton St., N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE,

by HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1,000 pages, and numerous Engravings.

Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid, $8.

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the *AMERICAN (WALTHAM) WATCH* have given it such a wide world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and printed its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found, who furtively trade upon the popularity of the American Watch, by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article. It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American Watches—except the lowest grade, marked Home Watch Co.—*are guaranteed by special certificate*, bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. ROBBINS.

The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine Watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH Co.

APPLETON, TRACY & Co.

WALTHAM WATCH Co.

P. S. BARTLETT.

WM. ELLERY.

HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the General Superintendent,
Altoona Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

GENTLEMEN.—The watches manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years by our engineers, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now in use some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying your watches give us less trouble and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't, Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 14, 1866.

GENTLEMEN.—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that Waltham watches are the most satisfactory of any for their uses. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have never known one to wear out, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer.
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers,
American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.

ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto & Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS.

Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-2m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every afternoon (Sundays excepted) and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of $5 a year if paid in advance, $6 otherwise. Mail subscribers $5 a year. $2 50 for 6 months; $1 50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgewater, Marmora and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the **Gold Regions**, and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., &c., and in short, neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months,	$ 5 00
Half Square, 6 months,	$10 00
One Square, 6 months,	$20 00
Two Squares, 6 months,	$30 00
Four Squares, 6 months,	$50 00
Notices of Births,	50
Do of Marriages,	50
Do of Deaths,	50

"BUSINESS NOTICES"—All matter under this heading, leaded or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of solid minion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements every two weeks.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion, and 2 cents for each additional insertion.

The Weekly Intelligencer

Is published every Friday Morning at $2 per annum if called for at the Office, or sent by mail; and $2½ if delivered by the Carrier, payable in all cases in advance. When not paid until the close of the year, 50 cents will be added to each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, and the number now on our Subscription Books is over 1,400. With such a large and general circulation throughout this and adjoining Counties, the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed advantages to advertisers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Six lines and under, first insertion,	0 50
Each subsequent insertion,	0 12½
Above six lines (per line) first insertion	0 07
Each subsequent insertion per line,	0 05

☞ "BUSINESS NOTICES"—10 cents per line each insertion, measured as solid minion.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to insure their appearance.

All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

The Intelligencer Job Office

Is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the country.

The DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER can be had at the Book Stores in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at El Dorado.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

M. BOWELL,
INTELLIGENCER BUILDING, Front street, Belleville. *Publisher*

Daily Intelligencer.

Let there be Harmony in things Essential.—Liberality in things not Essential.—Charity in all.

Vol. 1. BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, THURSDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 20, 1868. No. 249.

Montreal Business Directory.

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal.

DEPARTMENTS.

Braces,	Knitted Woolens,
Braids,	Laces,
Brushes and Combs,	Ladies Collars and Sets,
Buttons,	Straw Goods,
Corsets,	Small Wares in great
Elastics,	variety,
Felt Hats,	Threads,
Gent's Collars and Ties,	Trimmings & Ornaments
Hosiery and Gloves,	Umbrellas.
Velvet Ribbons, &c.	

HOOP SKIRTS,—our own Manufacture. 186-6m

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware Manufacturers,
MONTREAL.

KILN PLATES
AND
CASTINGS for BREWERIES.

Any parties about putting up new kilns for

MALT OR OATMEAL
will do well to correspond with the above.
186-6m.

BURROWS & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobaccos, &c., &c.
416 St. Paul St., Montreal.

☞Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 186-6m

PEAVEY & MARCH,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions,
And everything usually sold in a first class Grocery.
No. 344 Notre Dame Street, a few doors West St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal. 186-6m

☞Every article warranted to be as represented or may be returned. Goods sent to any part of the City Free of Charge. 186-6m

HUNTER, DUFFY & JOHNSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
29 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 186-6m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, Proprietor,
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-6m

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
St. Paul Street, Montreal.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, Collins Wharf, Halifax.

Premises—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.

Advances—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 38D-6m-W6m

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
276 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.

Maps, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, Bills of Lading, Bank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards, in any number of colors, Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 27D6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c., &c., &c.,
25 Hospital St., - - - MONTREAL,

Offer for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, **at as LOW figures and ON AS GOOD TERMS** as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.
July 27, 1867. 74d.

QUEEN
INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL, - - - - $10,000,000.
FIRE and LIFE.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.

The principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers.—One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to **Ten per Cent.** of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management **Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.**

The next division of profits takes place in 1868, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.

M. BOWELL,
Intelligencer Office.
Agent.
Dr. CANNIFF,
Medical Referee
May, 1867. 4D-6mo.

Montreal Business Directory.

Frothingham & Workman,
MONTREAL,
Importers, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.

Warehouse and Offices 395 to 399, St. Paul St.

Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c.
May 1st. 1d-6m

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M. D.,
Consulting and Analytical Chemist,
630 Lagauchetiere Street, Montreal.

☞At home for consultation before 10 A. M., between 2 and 3, and after 6 P. M.

Fees for Analysis,—$5 a metal, payable in advance.
156-6m

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
303 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

☞Every description of Jewelry manufactured from gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 258-6m

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant.
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

Agent for Walter Evans & Co. Sewing and Knitting Cottons, Derby; and J. M. Perry & Co.'s Gray's Patent Linen Fibre Collars, Nottingham, England.
1D-6m

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER.
OFFICE: Corner of St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.
References—Robertson & Benttie, Robert Esdaile, Esq., Jas Terrance, Esq. 31D3m

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT
And Commission Merchants,
49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street,
MONTREAL. 1D-6m

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant.
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods, 1D-6m

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 329 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 280-6m

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.

The attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.
E. MUIR,
Chemist and Druggist,
23d6m Place D'Armes, Montreal.

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McCUAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
Office.—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and 91 Common Street, Canal Wharf,
MONTREAL.

☞Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and other Produce, and purchase of Merchandise. 28d6m

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
100 Grey Nunn Street, Montreal,
HAVE FOR SALE—

Boiler Tubes,	Drain Pipes,
Gas Tubes,	Roman Cement,
Horse Nails,	Water Lime,
Paints and Putty,	Portland Cement,
Fire Bricks,	Paving Tiles,
Fire Clay,	Garden Vases,
Flue Covers.	Chimney Tops, &c.

☞Manufacturers of AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR, and BED SPRINGS. 24D6m

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.

Liberal advances made on consignments to ourselves, or for shipment to our friends in Great Britain and the Lower Port. 27D6m
May 31st, 1867.

A. ROBERTSON & Co.,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Manties, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosier, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Clothes, Canadian Woollens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons, Prints, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Muslins.
478 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St.,
MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro', C. W. 1D-6m

Important to Miners and
MINING MEN.

JOHNS' Patent Water-Proof Safety Fuse for Wet Ground and Submarine Blasting, is much cheaper than any other, and pronounced by Mining men much better than any imported.

Testimonials received from men well known in the mining and quarrying business of Canada and the United States; from Messrs. Morrill & Colby, Bennets, Wiswell Macfarland, Adams, Watson, Griffith, Wearn, and others.

☞All orders promptly attended to.
Address JOHNS & Co.,
150-3m Sherbrooke, Q.

TERRAPIN RESTAURANT
CHARLES PAPINEAU,

Begs to inform the public that he has opened the Terrapin Restaurant, in Coleman's Building, next door to Dr. Coleman's Drug Store, and he has fitted it up in first class style, with every convenience. He will keep constantly on hand the best Ale and Porter, and the purest brands of Liquors.

☞Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c., always on hand.
Belleville, Oct. 16, 1867. 142-tf

CONGER BROS.

Feeling thankful for the very liberal patronage given them for the past year, beg to remind their customers and the public that having thoroughly

REFITTED THEIR STORE!

are now opening a well assorted stock of FRESH TEAS, SUGARS, SPICES, CURRANTS, RAISINS, FIGS, &c.

Special attention is called to their fine assortment of
Jams, Jellies, Canned and Bottled FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.

R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER
Nov. 13th, 1867. 1D1y

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
Under Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the
Canadian & United States Mails.

1867—Summer Arrangements.—1867.

Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.

Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.

This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undernoted First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double-Engine front Steamships:—

AUSTRIAN	2700	Tons.	Capt. Aiton.
NESTORIAN,	2700	"	Lt. Dutton, R.N.R.
MORAVIAN,	2650	"	Capt. Wylie.
PERUVIAN,	2600	"	Capt. Ballantine.
HIBERNIAN,	2434	"	Capt. Brown.
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	2300	"	Capt. Allan.
NORTH-AMERICAN,	1734	"	Capt. Kerr.
BELGIAN,	2434	"	Capt. Grange.
DAMASCUS,	1600	"	Capt. Watts.

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL EVERY THURSDAY, and from PORTLAND every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)

The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from PORTLAND as undernoted, viz:—

NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 25th Jan.
PERUVIAN,	Saturday, 1st Feb.
AUSTRIAN	Saturday, 8th "
HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 15th "
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Saturday, 22nd "
MORAVIAN,	Saturday, 29th "
NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 7th March

St. George from Portland, 21st February.
St. Andrew from Portland, 11th March.

☞Fares per "Nova Scotian," 11th January, from Scotland to St. John's, N.F., are:—Cabin, $30; Steerage, $16.

Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway:—

CABIN, - -	$80 20 to $90 20
(according to accommodation.)	
STEERAGE, - - - -	$32 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
For particulars, apply to
J. W. THOMPSON, Agent,
Canadian Express Office,
27D5m-16W1y Belleville.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
For 1868.

THE CHEAPEST OF LADIES' MAGAZINES,
BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST.

THE friend of woman, the arbiter of fashion, the encourager and publisher of the best literature of the day, the pattern from which all others copy.

READING MATTER.

In this there will be an improvement. The volume for 1868 will be set up with new-faced type, and of a size that will enable us to give an additional quantity of reading matter amounting to about twelve pages in each number.

BEAUTIFUL STEEL PLATES.

Of these the Lady's Books contain *fourteen* each year, superior (we challenge comparison) to any published in this country, either in book or periodical.

THE LITERATURE OF THE LADY'S BOOK.

MARION HARLAND,
Authoress of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Mass Side," "Nemesis," and "Marian,"

who contributes to no other monthly publication, will furnish a new novel for 1868, called "Fremie Rowland," that will run through the year. Her stories are anxiously sought after, and as they are copyrighted, can be found nowhere but in Godey. Our former efficient corps of writers has also been retained.

OUR FASHION PLATES.

The original double fashion-plates will be continued Monthly, as heretofore.—The only magazine in this country that gives these designs is the Lady's Book.

Drawing Lessons.—In this we are also alone.

Original Music.—Godey's is the only magazine in which music prepared expressly for it appears.

We have also a children's, a horticultural, and a health department.

GODEY'S INVALUABLE RECEIPTS

upon every subject, for the Boudoir, Nursery, Kitchen, House, and Laundry.

Tinted Engravings.—This is a series of engravings that no one has attempted but ourselves.

Ladies' Fancy Work Department.—Some of the designs in this department are printed in colors in a style unequalled.

Terms for 1868.

One copy, one year, - - - - - -	$3 00
Two copies, one year, - - - - - -	5 50
Three copies, one year, - - - - - -	7 50
Four copies, one year, - - - - - -	10 00
Five copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making six copies, - - - - - -	14 00
Eight copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making nine copies, - - - - - -	21 00
Eleven copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making twelve copies - - - - - -	27 00

Godey's Lady's Book and Arthur's Home Magazine will be sent one year on receipt of $4 00.

Godey's Lady's and The Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $3 50.

Godey's Lady's Book, Arthur's Home Magazine, and Godey's Lady's Book will be sent one year on receipt of $5 00.

Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $2 50.

Canada subscribers must send 24 cents additional for every subscription to the Lady's Book, and 12 cents for either of the other magazines, to pay the American postage.

How to Remit.—In remitting by mail, a Post Office Order or a *Draft, payable to the Order of L. A. Godey,* is preferable to bank notes, as, should the Order or Draft be lost or stolen, it can be renewed without loss to the sender. If a Draft or a Post Office Order cannot be procured, send United States or National Bank notes.

Address L. A. GODEY,
N. E. Corner Sixth and Chestnut Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

Belleville Business Directory.

Maclellan & Maclellan,
Solicitors in Chancery and Insolvency
Attornies-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c, &c
Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Ross, Bell & Holden,
Barristers, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville.
Hon. Jno. Ross. John Bell. Thos. Holden
1D6m Wtf

Diamond & Dickson,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law
Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c.
Office:—Neilson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
A. Diamond. Geo. D. Dickson.
1D-Wtf

A. R. Dougall,
Barrister, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.
Office over Overell's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.

Robertson & Stewart,
Barristers and Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office,—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street,
Alex. Robertson. D. E. K. Stewart.
1D6m-Wft

Legate & Price,
Bakers, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1D6m-Wtf

Geo. H. Baymes,
Hatter and Furrier, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs.
1D6m-Wtf

McLeod & Carre,
Engineers, Provincial Land Surveyors, Architects, Draughtsmen and Patent Solicitors, 153½ Front Street, Belleville. 1D

Pitcathly & Kelso,
Importers and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Law Partnership.

The undersigned have this day entered into co-partnership under the name of Jellett & Bleasdell. Office—Corner of Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville.
R. P. JELLETT.
8th October, 1867. J. H. T. BLEASDELL.

Forrest & Lozo's
Royal Photograph Gallery, Lazier's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 25D-tf

T. Lockerty,
Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 22D5m

Ponton, Falkiner & Denmark
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

Angus McFee,
Watchmaker and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellry and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1D6m

John Wilson,
Baker and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street, Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled.
1D6m

J. W. Brown,
Merchant Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

Geo. Gibson,
Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1D6m

J. C. Vapor,
Merchant Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

To Gold Miners.

You will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Swedes Iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. Wm. Powell.
1D6m

McKeown & Robertson,
Manufacturers and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

ALLSOP'S ALE,
Guiness' Stout,
Blood's Porter!!
IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT
1D6m **HAMBLY'S.**

BILL HEADS.

And all other kinds of Job Printing, executed with neatness and despatch at the Intelligencer Office, Front Street, Belleville.

Ontario Legislature.

Tuesday, Feb. 18.

The following is the Finance Minister's speech in introducing his motion on Supply:

Mr. Wood then rose for the purpose of moving the House into committee of supply, and in doing so he said as it was customary for finance ministers to make a financial statement on such occasions, he would detain the House for a short time.—In their exordium on such occasions, when taxes were about to be levied, it was usual for finance ministers to assert that all that their predecessors had done was wrong, and that as they were about to do what was right, a large surplus would be the result if their recommendations were adopted. For his own part he would not pursue such a course, as it was not the intention of the government to impose any taxes, as they were, so far as they were at present able to judge, necessary to meet the current expenses of the country. With these few remarks he would proceed to refer to the estimated revenue, a report of which was in the hands of members. The first item which he would refer to was the one-year's subsidy of $1,196,872.80 received from the Dominion Government—one half of which was payable on the first of January and the other half on the first of July. The next item was the revenue derivable from the Crown Lands, of $745,064, and in making that statement he might as well say that he had been guided by the receipts of last year. Although he had calculated that they receive that large sum from the Crown Lands yet certain special funds, such as the common school and Grammar school funds, and suspense accounts would have to be taken therefrom, leaving a balance of $413,447 as the estimated revenue from the crown lands for the year. The other items in the estimates were education $26,010; Provincial Lunatic Asylum, $4,500; Malden Asylum, $600; Orillia Asylum, $200; Reformatory, Penetanguishene, $800, fines and forfeitures, $2,770; tavern and other licences, $30,950. He did not expect to derive any revenue from the sale of law stamps, because although the sum of $15,000 had been set down to that item yet it was little more than what would be required to pay the interest on the debt of the Law Society. These items, as shown in the printed report, amounted to $1,853,639.91. In making this estimate of the probable revenue of the country he might be allowed to state that he had given the question the most mature consideration, and he was satisfied that it would be found upon deducting the expenses of the year there would be a surplus at the end of December, of fully half a million of dollars. (Hear, hear.) Indeed he might say further that the statement was the most unfavorable that could be made of the financial condition of the country. In calculating the revenue he had omitted several items of special funds, which, on the settlement of affairs between the provinces of Ontario and Quebec, would become a source of revenue, and he had also omitted to take into account other items which undoubtedly belonged to the Province of Ontario, though they were still in the hands of the Dominion government. He might for instance, mention the municipalities' fund, and a few others, but even if they were in the possession of the government he would not count upon any revenue from them. There were also special funds belonging to us, from which large sums were derived, though the government had not yet obtained possession of them. Of these the common school fund returned the handsome sum last year of $1,762,037, and had he felt inclined to do so he might have added that large sum to our revenue. Then again the grammar school fund returned last year the sum of $363,063 93 to the credit of the Province, and the sum was not been included in the estimates.—The Upper Canada building fund was peculiarly an Upper Canada affair, and certainly belonged to this Province; yet he had decided not to add the receipts therefrom, which amounted last year to $159,033 96, and against which sum there was a debt of only $36,000. Taking these items into consideration, viz: the common school fund, $1,762,037; grammar school, $363,063 93; Upper Canada Building Fund, $1,590,033 96, a total of $3,716,034 89 was obtained. Therefore, deducting from the total amount the sum of $36,000 as the debt against the Upper Canada Building Fund, he had the sum of $3,679,235 belonging to the Province, and which had not been included in the estimates. (Hear.) If that sum were to be capitalized and interest drawn therefrom at the rate of six per cent they would have a yearly income from this source of $220,754 10. Other sources of revenue not included might be mentioned, amongst which were the special Crown land funds, which amounted to a very handsome sum. Taking all these items into consideration it would be found that our total revenue would amount to $3,194,141 90. (Hear, hear.) Having gone over the revenue, as briefly as he could have done, considering its importance, he would briefly refer to the expenditure. The ordinary expenses of the government as given in the printed report in the hands of members, amounted to $1,293,837 42, and which was made up as follows:—

Civil Government	$174,683 29
Legislation	97,550 00
Administration of Justice	306,680 26
Public Works and Buildings	224,972 00
Agriculture	66,459 00
Miscellaneous	13,000 00
Hospitals and Charities	166,488 50
Reformatory, Penetanguishene	25,013 39
Literary and Scientific Institutions	3,600 00
Education	301,500 00
For unforeseen and unprovided expenses	20,000 00
Total	$1,393,837 42

In addition to these items, it was but right to say, there were sundry others not included in the printed estimates. At the same time, however, it should be remembered that in the above estimates were several items which were not of a permanent character, but were occasioned by the singularity of the present position of the province. Taking everything into consideration, as far as he was able to judge under existing circumstances, he believed the annual expenditure would amount to about $1,026,750. The estimated revenue being $2,194,141, this would leave a surplus of $1,167,391, which was a most favorable exhibit, and one which he believed the future would prove to be correct. (Hear, Hear.) It was his opinion that this surplus would not have to be touched, as the special funds would be amply sufficient to pay our portion of the Dominion debt. Some of the items contained in statements Nos. 2 and 5, relative to the payments made by the Provincial Treasurer on account of the Province of Ontario, during the six months ending 31st December, 1867, and by the Dominion of Canada on account of the Province of Ontario, during the same period, might be considered as extraordinary expenses, which would not have to be provided for in subsequent years, and which amounted to nearly $100,000. With regard to the items in statement number five, it was the intention of the government to enter into a very strict account with the Dominion government. The hon. gentleman then proceeded to remind the House that when the government of which he was a member accepted office everything connected with the department was new—the Province being in a transition state, and they had consequently no precedents, and which state of affairs, in his opinion, tended in a great measure to increase the expenditure. It should be remarkable that as the estimates were to a certain extent an experiment, they had, in fact, been made larger than the amount he believed would be required to carry on the government. (Hear, hear.) Vouchers would be kept for all sums expended, and they would be open for the inspection of any party that desired to examine them, and any unexpended estimates would lapse at the end of the year into the Consolidated Revenue fund, and no payments would be made without an order in Council and a warrant to that effect. It would be observed that the first item was for the payment of the salary of a private secretary in the Lieut-Governor's office, ($800) and if the House chose it could vote the difference between it and the allowance for a similar service at Ottawa. The expenditure of the Executive Council and the Attorney-General's offices had also been regulated with a due regard to economy; and the same remark would apply to the Treasurer's office—the appropriation for which is placed at $7,318.27. He might here inform the House that the government had determined that the accounts should be kept to the close of the natural year, instead of the end of July as had heretofore been the case. This he believed would be an improvement over the old system. Equal care had also been observed in making an appropriation for the secretary and registrar's office. The item of $111,970 might appear large for the Crown Lands Department, but he thought it would compare favorably with the same item in the public accounts for the Province of Canada for the year 1866 and 1867. The staff in that department was a large one. The contingencies for all departments were placed at $25,000. In Ottawa, he might remark, the plan of making a separate appropriation for each department was pursued; but this goverment had employed Mr. Hartney (son of Mr. Hartney of Ottawa), a gentleman in every way competent to take charge of the stationary and printing, and he had complete supervision over the department, and in order that haste and extravagance might be prevented, no deputy heads of departments would be allowed to incur expenses without the authority of his superior, who would be held responsible for his acts. (Hear.) In the estimates for legislation elections which might occur had been provided for. With regard to the administration of justice it would be seen that an appropriation of $3,000 had been made for the Master in Chancery, but his attention having been called to the item, he had looked upon the statute regulating to the salary of that officer, and had found that his salary had been fixed at $3,000, but subsequently fifteen per cent. had been added to that amount, so that now he was entitled to $3,240 per annum. Of course if the House so directed that amount only would be paid him, and the remainder could lapse into the general fund. The judges of the superior and county courts were not paid by the province, but other officers of the court were. The sum of $54,924 had been put down under the head of public works and buildings as the total amount expended in fitting up the parliament buildings. In addition to this sum, however, $15,000 would be required for raising chimneys, joiners' work, shelving, fuel, gas &c. The sum of $50,000 was asked for the rebuilding and furnishing of the Government House, which work would be proceeded with during the coming summer, and $75,000 had been set down for completing the additions to the lunatic asylum at Toronto. The sum of $50,000 had been set down for colonization roads, but the government was not yet in a position to say where the improvements would be made, as they would have to be guided in this work by the course of emigration. The sum of $66,450 set down for agriculture was somewhat larger than the sum granted in previous years, but this had been caused by the increased number of new electoral division societies that required grants. The grant of $2,000 which had been previously placed to the credit of the Board of Arts in Toronto had been done away with, and the money had been applied to the encouragement of Mechanics' Institutes. It was the intention of the Minister of Agriculture to associate with him Professor Buckland, who would go through the country forming classes and delivering lectures on agricultural subjects. The sum of $4,000 had been set down for printing the *Ontario Gazette*, though it was expected that it would not only pay its own expenses, but would be a source of revenue. No changes had been made in grants previously given to hospitals and charities, and it was his desire to assist these institutions as much as possible; and he was sorry that the government had not seen its way clear to make an appropriation to St. Catharines and Brantford. (A voice, "You can do so yet.") The usual appropriation had been made for common schools. The item of unforeseen expenses had been inserted so as to provide for the settlement of accounts between Ontario and Quebec in case the award should be against Ontario. With regard to the maintenance of public asylums, he saw no way of decreasing the expenditure, as they were institutions that could not be done without, and the expenses of maintaining the patients from $140 to $150 each per annum. In conclusion, he had merely to say that the accounts would be kept in such a manner that the vouchers would be at all times open for inspection. He then moved that the Speaker should leave the chair, and that the House should go into Committee of Supply.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West,	7.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West,	8.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going West,	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train,	6.30 P. M.
Noon Express going East,	12.08 P. M.
Night Express going East,	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East,	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train,	9.30 P. M.

Montreal Time.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 19.

THE GUNBOATS.—The *Globe* says that instructions have been sent from Ottawa to Mr. G. H. Wyatt, gunboat agent, to have the Provincial gunboats ready for service on the opening of navigation. They will be temporarily manned by one of the Naval Brigades now in commission. It is thought probable that a gunboat will be stationed at Prescott. The Imperial gunboats will be ready in the spring, to assist in patrolling the lakes.

ENGLAND'S DOWNFALL.—There are some newspapers in the United States who have an intelligent idea of foreign matters, and the *New York Express* is one of them. In a recent article it points out the absurdity of the American nation and newspapers preaching about "England's downfall." There is in Britain, as the *Express* very truly says, far more real universal freedom for all classes than there is in the States. "Politically," says the *Express*, "England is progressing—although a little tried in the fire of popular discontent; and socially—if we view our country in the aggregate—she is advancing, while we retrograde."

DISTRESS AT GASPE.—The Gaspe correspondent of the Quebec *Gazette*, writing on the 7th inst., sends the following: "We have the same cold weather yet; great distress among the inhabitants of the Gulf shore; some of them have come a distance of 40 miles to beg provisions to support their families. We have heard of several families that have no article of food whatever: those having the means are doing all in their power to assist those who are in need. The help sent down by the Government will be of great service on the Gulf shore. It would have been better if the whole of the flour and cornmeal had been sent to that part, as the inhabitants in the townships of Douglas, Gaspe South, York and Gaspe North could have done without it, there being labor to be had for persons wishing to avail themselves of it."

THE TOWNSEND FAMILY.—The performances of this family last evening were received with great satisfaction by a pretty fair house. To-night, their last appearance in Belleville, the great play of Richard III will be put on the boards, and from the encomiums this tragedy, as performed by Mr. Townsend, has received from the press, we have no doubt a rich treat will be afforded the lovers of the drama. Speaking of Mr. Townsend's appearance at Astley's, London, the *Sun* says: "Having concluded a very successful engagement at the Marylebone Theatre, Mr. J. Townsend, the M. P. for Greenwich, made his appearance at the Royal Amphitheatre, in the character of Richard III. On his entree, Mr. Townsend was received with great applause, which was repeated very frequently during the representation of the tragedy. We have before given our opinion of the dramatic talent of Mr. Townsend, so on the present occasion we need only say that he exhibited all his powers as an actor to the greatest advantage. In many parts of the play his acting was of the highest order, and at the fall of the curtain he received quite an ovation. The house was crowded in every part long before the rising of the curtain."

Grand Orange Lodge of Central Canada.

This Grand Lodge held its annual session in the city of Kingston on Tuesday, 18th, and Wednesday, 19th inst., when the following brethren were elected office bearers for the current year:

M. BOWELL, Esq., M. P., Belleville, Grand Master.

R. R. SMITH, Esq., Thanet, Hastings Road, Deputy Grand Master.

W. P. PHILLIPS, Esq., Kingston, Associate Grand Master.

C. FLETCHER, Esq., Brockville, Grand Treasurer.

DAVID MARSHALL, Esq., Port Hope, Grand Secretary.

— SCOTT, Esq., Perth, Deputy Grand Secretary.

GEORGE BROWN, Esq., Kingston, Grand Lecturer.

WILLIAM Robertson, Esq., Kingston, Grand Director of Ceremonies.

THOS. B. CLENCH, Esq., Cobourg, Grand Tyler.

The next meeting is to be held in the town of Cobourg.

Grand Orange Lodge Western Canada.

The following are the officers elect of the Provincial Grand Orange Lodge of Western Canada, which held its session this year at Brampton:—Bro. John Coyne, M. P. P., was elected Grand Master, unanimously; Bro. J. Ross Robertson, of Toronto, and Bro. D. McCarty, of Barrie, were elected Deputy Provincial Grand Masters; Bro. Bessy, St. Catharines, Grand Treasurer, and Bro. Keys, of the same place, Grand Secretary; Bro. Parkhill, Grand Lecturer, and Bro. Cowan, Grand Director of Ceremonies.

The Maritime Provinces.

From our Maritime exchanges received this morning, we gather considerable interesting information. In Nova Scotia, the war between the Unionists and the Antis is being conducted with as much vigor as ever, the Repeal resolutions forming the theme just now of an excited discussion by the press. The Halifax *Express* has a two column article on the subject, in which it says, speaking of the resolutions, "they are pretty much what we expected they would be, a rehash of stale, and often refuted assertions, of unconnected and self-contradictory balderdash with a thin covering of menace to the British Government." The menace part is comprised in the following sentence: "that unless the Quebec "scheme be withdrawn, disastrous consec-"quences will follow, as the loyal people of "this Province are fully conscious of their "rights as British subjects." The *Express* in closing its article calls upon the people to counteract the effect of these repeal resolutions by sending loyal ones home. It says: "Surely it is time now for the loyalty of this Province to speak out. Further inaction would be a crime. If these resolutions are to go home, let loyal resolutions, with the true ring in them go along with them, from every county and district in the Province. To permit them to go alone will be a practical admission that Nova Scotia has the taint of disloyalty upon it. There are true men enough in it to prove the contrary, let them be up and doing,"

The Halifax *Citizen* has the following report of a large yield of gold: "One of the richest yields of gold ever obtained from a quartz mine, was brought into town on Tuesday from a new mine on Mount Uniacke. A lot of fifteen tons of quartz, from a lead six feet thick, opened last fall, yielded the large amount of 235 ounces, or nearly sixteen ounces per ton. When it is considered that a three-inch lead, yielding three ounces to the ton, is considered a good investment, the enormous value of such a property as this must be apparent. The quartz from which the gold was obtained, was the product of three men's labor from Christmas until Saturday last 25th January, and together with between $200 and $300 worth of specimens picked out of the rock while mining, gives a net yield of about $230 per day for each man employed."

Oats have not been selling for such a price in Charlottetown, P. E. I., for many years. Some few years ago, the best quality could be bought for 2s. and 2s. 3d. per bushel, to-day they bring 3s. 1½d. per bushel. It is a very significant fact that the greater quantity of the grain purchased on the Island this winter is on French account.

The P. E. Island papers despair of any efforts being made to repair the sub-marine cable between Cape Traverse and Cape Tormentine this winter. This unfortunate accident to the cable at this season is a serious inconvenience to the Islanders.

A Charlottetown paper says it is rumored that an American Company contemplate the building of a railroad from Charlottetown to Summerside. This projected road could be very easily and cheaply built, and would, in turn, pay handsomely. There is hope yet for the Island. If this rumor turns out to be correct, perhaps the time is not far distant when the "railway tunnel" across the Straits, suggested by that profound historian, Rev. Geo. Sutherland, will be an accomplished fact.

The Halifax *Chronicle* true to its Anti-British mission, takes up the cudgels on behalf of Mr. Seward, and thinks that Great Britain did wrong in recognizing the South, and therefore ought to submit to arbitration.

The Legislature of Prince Edward will meet for the despatch of business on the 4th of March.

The Nova Scotia Legislature will stand prorogued during the absence of the repeal delegates.

The Cape Ann *Advertiser* says the Newfoundland herring fishery is likely to prove quite remunerative the present season, as it has been much better managed than it was last year. There is a less number of vessels employed, and they have come along so gradually that the market has not been glutted as it was last season. Thus far seventeen vessels have arrived, most of which have proceeded to New York, where the herring meet with a ready sale at good prices.

The Legislature Yesterday.

Dr. Boulter submitted the report of the Committee on the Dentistry Bill, recommending its adoption.

In answer to Mr. Scott, whether the Government intended to appropriate any grants of money for the purpose of assisting municipalities towards improving harbors, wharves, &c., when such municipalities appropriate an equivalent sum, Mr. Macdonald said no grant had been made for that purpose.

In answer to Mr. Blake, whether the Government had applied to the Government of the Dominion for the payment of interest on withdrawn balances, Mr. Macdonald said he had reason to believe that the Dominion Government would not allow interest on withdrawn balances.

Mr. Blake moved an address for a return showing the amounts which have been received by the crown in each year since the abolition of the land improvement fund, for land sold during the existence of that fund, and also the amounts which are still receivable by the crown in respect of such sales; and also the sums which would, but for the abolition of the said fund, be payable to each municipality out of the said amounts for each year aforesaid and for the future.—Carried.

Mr. Eyre moved for a return showing the number of acres of land set apart in the township of Murray in the county of Northumberland, for the purpose of building the Murray canal.—Carried.

The Common Law Procedure Bill was passed to a third reading, and several Bills were read a second time.

A MISCHIEVOUS AGENT.—The Strathroy *Despatch* says a party in that village, who has been entrusted to make commercial reports on the standing of some of the mercantile and business community, has grossly used the position to malign several gentlemen in a most shameful manner. It is not the first time that very strong misrepresentation has been made, evidently more from petty motives of spleen than from honest convictions.

To the Editor of The Intelligencer.

STIRLING, Feb. 15, 1868.

SIR,—Sanders & Pollock's beautiful views of the Solar System were exhibited in the village of Stirling last evening with great success. The lecture of Prof. Pollock on the astronomical and scripture paintings was a great treat. The large school room, kindly granted by Morgan Jellett, Esq., and capable of containing two hundred children, was filled to its utmost capacity. In order to allow the pupils of the Common and Grammar Schools an opportunity of witnessing the exhibition, they were admitted at half price. Nearly all the Common School children and most of the pupils of the Grammar School availed themselves of the occasion. The 41 astronomical views were obtained from the Educational Depositary in Toronto, so that the scholars had an opportunity of seeing at their own doors views only accessible to Normal School Teachers under training in the Normal school.

The scripture views, of which there were 36, are splendid paintings, and showed brilliantly by means of the Argund Fountain Lamp, which the exhibitor used on the occasion. During the exhibition a large music box of German build discoursed sweet music at intervals. The young folks were excited to peals of laughter by the effects of an electro-magnetic battery on the nerves and muscles of those who held the wires. I have no doubt that every Grammar and Common School in the Dominion would derive much profit by witnessing Sanders & Pollock's exhibition and by hearing Professor Pollock's astronomical lectures. The comic views were chaste and highly amusing. All the scholars left the school house highly pleased with the entertainment of the evening.

I might say here that the same exhibition, through the kindness of Prof. Carman, of the Belleville College, took place at the Chapel of that College on Monday evening. It was very numerously attended, and every one seemed highly delighted. COM.

THE NEW BRIDGE AT NIAGARA FALLS.—Workmen are engaged this week in putting over cables for the new suspension bridge at the Falls. The ice-bridge, instead of being a formidable rival, is a most valuable aid in the work. A path was smoothed over the ice last week, and on Monday last the first wire cable was thrown across from the Canada side. It is a two-inch wire rope, and is intended as the pioneer of the large cable which will be brought over the chasm when milder weather comes. Another two-inch cable will be immediately thrown across, so that there will be one on each side of the bridge to work with each of the large cables, which weigh some eight tons each. As soon as weather will permit in the spring, work will be prosecuted with vigor.—*Buffalo Courier.*

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—Allen, the Fenian prisoner who was discharged from custody yesterday, after being examined on the charge of causing the Clerkenwell explosion, was soon after re-arrested and imprisoned on a charge of murder.

BERLIN, Feb. 19.—In the Prussian House of Deputies yesterday, the government was asked to explain why the United States consul at Jerusalem was allowed to procure the arrest of one Marcus, a Jewish subject of Prussia, with whose ward, a young girl, the American consul sought to elope, and why, after her guardian had been thrown into prison to facilitate the attempt, the Prussian consul at Jerusalem refused his demand, as a subject of the King of Prussia for protection. The case creates much feeling among the Jews, who regard it as involving rights and principles similar to those violated in the Mortari affair at Rome, and who represent that the outrage is an insult to Prussia.

Baron Von Der Heydt, Finance Minister, replied that the German consul at Jerusalem was a federal not a Prussian representative, and that consequently application for information must be made to the Chancellor of the North German confederation.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—Despatches and letters from Lisbon represent that the political agitation in Portugal continues. The new government is very unpopular, and tumults are reported in various parts of the country.

Private advices from Brazil state a general conscription has been ordered by the government to provide reinforcements for the army on the Rio Parons.

In the House of Commons this evening, the bill for the continued suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus* in Ireland, was passed.

Leading members of the Liberal party propose to give a farewell dinner to U. S. Minister Adams.

Sir George Shee, Judge of the Court of Queen's Bench, died to-day.

FLORENCE, Feb. 19, evening.—A report is current here that the French Government has detailed a frigate to watch the movements of the United States squadron under the command of Admiral Farragut, in the Adriatic Gulf, and the eastern end of the Mediterranean.

DUBLIN, Feb. 19.—Mr. Pigle, of the Dublin *Irishman* has been convicted of publishing treasonable and seditious libels.

LONDON, Feb. 19, eve.—The Paris *Temps* to-day says twenty persons were arrested on a second performance of Victor Hugo's drama "Ruy Blas," at the Odeon.

LONDON, February 20, 11:15 a.m.—Consols 93; Bonds 72¾ to 73⅛; Erie 48¼; I C 88¾.

LONDON, February 20, 1:30 p. m.—Consols 93¼.

PARIS, Feb. 20, 11:15 a. m.—Bourse firm; Rentes strong.

LIVERPOOL, February 20, 11:15 a. m.—Cotton excited and irregular; Uplands advanced to 10d; Orleans 10¼d; cotton shipments from Bombay for the week ending the 15th were 230,000 bales. Breadstuffs and Provisions unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, February 20, 1:20 p. m.—Cotton still buoyant. Beef 112s 6d; Lard 56s; Bacon 39s 6d; Refined Petroleum 1s 6d; Linseed Cakes £10 10s; Common Rosin 7s 6d; Spirits Petroleum, 1s 5d.

American Despatches.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 19.—It is reported that the Fenian organizations on the Pacific coast are being placed on a war footing, with the probable intention of a raid on the British possessions in the north.

The State Senate to-day unanimously passed the resolutions asking the President and Congress of the United States to honorably acquire or annex British Columbia to the United States.

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—Judge Barnard, of the Supreme Court, to-day issued an order suspending Daniel Drew as Director of the Erie Railroad Company until the 21st inst., when he shall appear at Court and show cause why the petition of the people of the State of New York for his removal as Director and Treasurer of the Erie Railroad Company should not be granted.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—The *Herald's* Madrid special says a despatch received from the provinces, conveys intelligence that leaders of the coalist party have effected a revolution against Queen Isabella in the North, and that their adherents have taken up arms in considerable numbers in Navarre. Skirmishes have taken place between the civil guard and the insurgents in the city of Navarre, the Queen's officers maintaining their allegiance. Some few persons were wounded during the tumult and the ancient province of Navarre is agitated at many points. It appears as if the movement was the result of a well planned organization. The officers have already found and carried away 3,000 copies of revolutionary placards addressed to the people of Spain. Each copy is headed with a wood cut, or portrait as it is termed, of the eldest son of Don Juan, who is entitled and named Charles the 7th of Spain. This young gentleman is second cousin to Queen Isabella, and grand son of Don Carlos, who made war against her ascension to the throne.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—The *Herald's* Havana special gives advices from Nassau to the 13th. A mass meeting had been held by the blacks, at which they openly criticized the Government, charging it with inability to extricate the colony from its financial difficulties, which they charged to the lavish and extravagant measures of the Colonial Government. The whites feel uneasy at the prospect. Governor Ransom opened the Legislature on the 12th. His speech was unsatisfactory and Tory-like in tone.

—Queen Victoria's new book is having a great sale in London.

The Cunard line has sold eight of its steamers within a year.

—Habitual drunkenness has been made a ground for divorce in Tennessee.

THE HEARSE IN ENGLAND.—Of all carriages, perhaps, that were invented the hearse is the most hideous, and there really is no propriety about its build or decorations whatever. It is simply a very unseemly cupboard; and why it should be surmounted with plumes, of all conceivable things, no one, we presume, is prepared to explain. These plumes again appear on the heads of the horses, without apparently any cause or suitability; and, then, be it observed, to be buried in anything like style you must have four horses. There is something grimly absurd in the idea of some honest city man, who has gone to his daily task for years in a cab or omnibuss, taking his last public drive, when he is beyond enjoying it, in a four-in-hand. He would have astonished his friends with a vengeance if he had ever supported a drag when he was living, and why should he be made to begin such extravagance, and in a line so distant from his tastes, when he is dead and helpless?—*London Leader.*

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, Feb 20.

Commercial Bills	99
Greenbacks, buying at	70 to 70¼
" selling at	71 to 71¼
Bank of Upper Canada Bills	62
Silver, buying at	3¾ to 4
" selling at	3 to 3¼

Gold opened at 140; closed at 140¼.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, Feb. 20, 1868.

FALL WHEAT—$1 65 to $1 75.
SPRING WHEAT—$1 60 to $1 70.
BARLEY—95c to $1 00.
RYE—firm at $1 00 to $1 05.
OATS—60c to 65c.
PEAS—demand only for local use at 85c to $1 00.
BUCKWHEAT—75c to 80c.
HAY—Dull at $5 50 $6 50.
PORK—$5 50 to $6 00. Heavy Park $4 25.
MUTTON—8c to 8c per pound.
BUTTER—15c to 20c.
EGGS—18c to 20c.
HIDES—$6.50 to $7.00.
SHEEPSKINS—dull at 75c.
CALFSKINS—6c to 8c ⅌ lb.
TALLOW—Rough, 5c; rendered, 8c.
WOOL—25c.
POTATOES—65c to 75c.
APPLES—80c to $1 00.
HAY—$10 to $14.
CHEESE—10c.
CORN—90c to $1.
FLOUR—No 1, $7 50 ⅌ bbl.
POTASH—$4 80 to $4 75.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.

MONTREAL, Feb. 20, 1867.

	1 P. M.	
FLOUR.—Superior Extra	$8 00	@ 8 25
Extra	7 90	@ 8 00
Fancy	7 60	@ 7 75
Welland Canal Superfine	7 45	@ 7 60
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat	7 45	@ 7 60
" " 1 Western Wheat	7 45	@ 7 60
" " 2 "	7 10	@ 7 25
Bag Flour	3 60	@ 3 75
WHEAT.—Canada Fall	0 00	@ 0 00
Spring	1 70	@ 0 00
Western	0 00	@ 0 00
OATS.—Per 32 lbs	0 46	@ 0 47
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	0 95	@ 1 00
BUTTER—Dairy	0 15	@ 0 19
" Store Packed	0 14	@ 0 18
ASHES—Pots	5 30	@ 5 35
Pearls	5 80	@ 0 00
PORK—Mess	19 00	@ 00 00
Prime Mess	14 00	@ 00 00
Prime	13 00	@ 00 00
DRESSED Hogs	5 75	@ 6 25
PEAS	0 87	@ 0 88
RYE FLOUR	5 95	@ 6 00

Market generally unchanged. Flour dull and heavy with but few transactions. Grain—no quotable change. Provisions unchanged. Butter in fair enquiry. Hogs in limited demand. Ashes quiet at unchanged rates.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, February 20.

Cotton firmer at 24¾c.

Flour dull; receipts 4,300 bbls; sales 6,000 bbls at $8 50 to $9 25 for superior state and western; $9 80 to $10 75 for common to choice extra State; $9 60 to $11 75 for common to choice extra western.

Rye flour a shade firmer at $7 60 to $9 50.

Wheat 1c to 2c lower; receipts 9,700 bushels; sales 7,500 bushels No. 1 spring at $2 43 delivered.

Rye scarce and firmer; receipts 250 bushels.

Corn 1 to 2 cents lower; receipts 59,400 bushels; sales 44,000 bushels at $1 23 to $1 26 for new mixed western; $1 27 for western yellow; $1 30 for old mixed western delivered.

Barley scarce and firm.

Oats dull and heavy; receipts 1800 bushels.

Pork steady at $22 87 to $23 00 for old mess; $24 00 to $24 50 for new do.

Lard firmer at 14¾c to 15¼c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.

Sterling Exchange 109¾.

Gold 140¾.

Loans unchanged. Stocks dull. Governments firm with little movement. R R shares quiet except Erie the meeting of the Pittsburg directors to-day, but does not seem to disturb the price. Exchange firm.

Gold closed 140¾.

Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

February 20, 1868.

IMPORTS.—5 cars merchandise.
EXPORTS.—2 cars merchandise.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LEXINGTON, Missouri, May 28, 1868.

MESSRS. J. H. HARRIS & CO.

DEAR SIRS—I have made Allen's Lung Balsam pretty well known in our city and country, and have sold about all the four dozen bottles sent me in March last; and I find that persons who try the Balsam once, come back again for more, as it gives them satisfaction; and I recommend it in preference to any other medicine for Coughs and Colds. Please send me six dozen bottles as soon as possible. I am, yours, &c.,

THOMAS J. FLETCHER, Druggist.

P. S.—I sell more Allen's Lung Balsam, than all other cough remedies together, and it gives general satisfaction.

Sold by all Family Medicine dealers.

☞ Perry Davis & Son, Agents for the Dominion of Canada.

21-4w 237-4w

☞ Ticket Office for Great Western Railway, opposite the Market, Front-St. Tickets issued to Milwaukee, Chicago, New Orleans, Omaha City, Nebraska Territory, Fort Riley, Kansas, Cheyenne, Dacotah, Denvis Colorado, and all points West. Fare received either in Greenbacks or current funds.

317-1y R. P. DAVY, AGENT.

R. R. R. Radway's Regulating Pills

Are composed of vegetable extracts (prepared in vacuo), free from all inert, crude, or irritating substances. The first dose commences its work of purifying the blood, regulating the liver, cleaning the stomach and intestines, and purging from the system all acrimonious and corrupt humors. One Pill, taken two hours before dinner, will create a good appetite and insure a healthy digestion.

BILE.

Bile on the stomach will be eliminated by one dose of the Pills—say from four to six in number. When the liver is in a torpid state, nothing can be better than Radway's Regulating Pills. They purge easily, are mild in operation, and when taken are perfectly tasteless, being elegantly coated with gum. They are recommended for the cure of all disorders of the stomach, liver, kidneys, nervous diseases, indigestion, dyspepsia, biliousness, bilious fever, inflammation of the bowels, piles, and symptoms resulting from disorders of the digestive organs.

THE AGED

Suffer from costiveness and paralysis of the bowels, and may have to use injections to keep the bowels open. Take 2 or 4 of Radway's pills every night; in a few weeks the bowels, liver, kidneys, &c., will be restored to sound health and strength—a regular discharge from the bowels will be secured daily.

See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1868.—R. R. R. sold by all druggists.

1-2t 243-2w

WANTED,

A MODERATE-SIZED HOUSE, centrally situated in Belleville, with hard and soft water on the premises.

Apply by letter to A. B., *Intelligencer* Office.

ONTARIO HALL.

☞ Positively the last night of the

TOWNSEND FAMILY.

JOHN TOWNSEND in his celebrated character of King Richard III.

MISS FLORENCE TOWNSEND in her great characters of Lady Anne and Queen Elizabeth in the Tragedy, and as Miss Louisa in the Farce.

MR. HARRY TOWNSEND as the Earl of Richmond in the Tragedy, and Hector Timid in the Farce.

Supported by the whole Company.

☞ For the BENEFIT of MISS FLORENCE TOWNSEND, and positively the last night of the season.

THIS EVENING, THURSDAY, FEB. 20, will be presented for the first time in Belleville for many years, Shakespeare's Tragedy, in 5 acts,

KING RICHARD III.

Or, The Battle of Bosworth Field,

with entirely new and appropriate dresses.

KING RICHARD III.....JOHN TOWNSEND

as performed by him at the principal theatres in England, Canada and the States, with the most signal success. Supported by the whole Company.

Previous to which (by request) the laughable Farce entitled

THE FAST YOUNG LADY!

Miss LOUISA.....Miss Florence Townsend.

Supported by the whole company.

Doors open at 7:15. To commence at 8. Admission 25 cents; reserved seats, 50 cents.

Belleville, Feb. 20, 1868.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 14th Feb'y, 1868.

AUTHORIZED discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice: 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
248 Commissioner of Customs.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Messrs. WALLACE & FORDYCE as Photographers, in the Town of Belleville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

(Signed.) D. J. WALLACE.
ED. FORDYCE.

Belleville, December 4th, 1867.

THE undersigned having purchased Mr. Fordyce's interest in the Gallery, will hereafter conduct the business on his own account. His long experience and thorough knowledge of the business will enable him to satisfy all who give him a call.

ROOMS:—Over Graham and Grainger's Store.

ENTRANCE:—Two doors South of Holden's Drug Store.

D. J. WALLACE.

Belleville, Dec. 4th, 1867. 185-ThST

MACHINE CARDS.

Dundas Card Clothing Works!

WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS CAN now obtain EVERY DESCRIPTION of

CARD CLOTHING!

Warranted equal to any, either English or American, by sending their orders direct to the subscribers, who have a large and well selected stock, made expressly for Canadian Wool from the very best material by experienced workmen.

☞ Prompt attention given to all communications. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices to suit the times.

SUPPORT HOME INDUSTRY!

FORSYTH & CO.

Napanee, Feb. 21, 1868. 1-tf

LECTURE

BY THE

REV. JOSEPH WILD, M.A.,

IN NEILSON'S HALL,

FRIDAY Evening, Feb. 21st.

SUBJECT:

"THE VOICE."

Chair taken by JAMES BROWN, Esq., M. P., at half-past seven.

Admission 12½ cents.

Proceeds given to the M. E. ORGAN FUND. The public are cordially invited.

P. S.—This Lecture will show how to come in possession of, and keep a good voice. With hints how to speak in public, and how to sing, and other interesting points.

PER ORDER OF COM.

Belleville, Feb. 14th, 1868. 244-6t

Fornerl & Kennedy,

CIVIL and MINING ENGINEERS, Provincial Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Madoc. Lands carefully examined and reported on. Money to loan.

☞ All orders by mail will receive immediate attention.

C. C. FORNERI, C.E. & P.L.S.
246d L. KENNEDY, C.E. & P.L.S.

NOW READY,

THE

Queen's New Book,

Journal in the Highlands.

PRICE, $1.25.

E. HARRISON.

Belleville, Feb. 1, 1868. 233-tf

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THIS BANK is prepared to issue drafts, receive deposits, and grant interest receipts at the office of the Commercial Bank in Belleville.

MR. THOMSON will be happy to see his old friends.

Belleville, Jany. 23, 1868. 225-tf

DIARIES, DIARIES,

FOR 1868,

AT

J. C. OVERELL'S,

TURNBULL'S BLOCK,
180 FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

The X-Mas No. of the

ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS,

IS NOW READY.

ALSO,

BOUND NUMBERS OF

British Workman,
Band of Hope Review,
Children's Friend,
Infant's Magazine,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
LEISURE HOUR, SUNDAY AT HOME, &c., &c.,

AT

J. C. OVERELL'S,

OPPOSITE THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
FRONT STREET,
BELLEVILLE.

January 4, 1868. 209

A SPLENDID

ASSORTMENT OF

FLANNELS,

GENT'S

FURNISHING GOODS,

&c., &c.,

JUST RECEIVED,

AT

J. MUIR & CO.'S.

Horses, Carriages, &c.,

FOR SALE.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS

TAKEN AT PAR.

Apply to

H. PRETTY,
Opposite the Market.

Belleville, Oct. 22, 1867. 147-tf

Limes and Glycerine,

The best Hair Dresser before the public.

Limes and Glycerine,
The best preparatiou known for Dandruff.

Limes and Glycerine,
Allays all irritation of the Scalp.

Limes and Glycerine,
All who have used it pronounce it superior to any preparation for the Hair.

Limes and Glycerine,
Is to be found on almost every toilet table.

Limes and Glycerine,
Far superior to pure Glycerine for chapped hands, &c.

Prepared only at
APOTHECARIES HALL,
1d1y Front St., Belleville.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

Ladies Work Boxes,
" Writing Desks,
" Dressing Cases,
Photograph Albums,
Fancy Wool Goods,
Ladies Bonnets,

A fine assortment of

Dress Goods!

and the

Latest Styles in Cloth

FOR LADIES JACKETS.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

Dec. 19, 1867. 1D-1y

GRAHAM FLOUR,

OATMEAL, SPLIT PEAS,
BEANS, &c.

—ALSO,—

WHITEFISH AND HERRINGS

IN BARRELS & HALF BARRELS,

At the "Corner Store,"
Front and Bridge Streets.

A. FLETCHER & Co.

January 15, 1868. 7-1y, w48-2t

HOOP SKIRTS,

LATEST STYLES.

G. C. Holton & Co.

J. & W. Sutherland

WOULD respectfully solicit an inspection of their new stock of

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS,

Which will be found complete in the following specialities:

FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FRENCH MERINOS—2s. 6d. and upwards
FRENCH LAMAS & THIBETS.
FRENCH DELAINES.
SCOTCH TWEEDS.
" ALL WOOL HOSIERY.
CANADIAN " "
" FLANNELS.
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.
DUNDAS COTTONS AND BAGS.
AMERICAN YARN.

J. & W. SUTHERLAND.

Belleville, October, 1867. 1D6m

HUFFMAN HOUSE,

MADOC, ONTARIO.

HUFFMAN & SON, Proprietors,
(LATE OF PETERBOROUGH.)

☞ Every attention paid to travellers. House and furniture entirely new. 143-tf 30f

Partner Wanted,

WANTED, as equal partner in a light and profitable manufacturing business, a good responsible man, with some capital to invest.

For particulars enquire at 234, or at the office of S. B. Burdett, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Front St., Belleville.

Belleville, Jan. 27, 1868. 238-tf

NEW BOOKS

AT

F. VAN NORMAN'S.

Queen Victoria's Journal, "Our Life in the Highlands."
Wood's Natural History—2,500 illustrations, 3 vols., Royal 8vo..... $14 00
Chambers' Cyclopedia, now complete, 10 vols.,..... per vol. 2 50
Chambers' Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols..... 2 00
Family Cyclopedia..... 2 00
Our Constitution..... 75
Romance of Charity..... 1 00
The Land and the Book..... 2 00
Pre-historic Scotland..... 5 00
Knight's Half-hours with best Authors, 2 vols..... 2 50
Knight's Half-hours with English History..... 1 25
North-west Passage by Land, by Viconnt Milton and Cheadle.
Barnes' Notes, complete.
D'Israeli's Curiosities of Literature, cloth and morocco.
Kitto's Bible History of the Holy Land.
Weales' Scientific Works.

ALL THE POETS, &c., &c.,

NEW SCHOOL BOOKS.

The CHEAPEST STATIONERY

In Belleville.

WALL PAPERS

From 5 cts. to $1 20 per Roll.

BIBLES,
HYMN BOOKS,
PRAYER BOOKS,
PSALM BOOKS,
CATECHISMS, &c. &c.

Sunday School Libraries

In great variety, and very low prices.

A GOOD STOCK OF

Sheet Music, Music Books, Violins,

&c., &c., constantly on hand.

☞ Orders by mail promptly executed.

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,
BELLEVILLE.

Belleville, Feb. 8, 1868. 239-tf

Notice of Partnership.

WE HAVE this day admitted William Jones, of Belleville, as partner into our firm.

A. S. PAGE & CO.

Belleville, Jan. 15, 1868. 218-1m

BOARDING.

MRS. McKENZIE can accommodate a few permanent boarders; also, some daily boarders.

RESIDENCE—Pinnacle Street, opposite the market.

Belleville, Nov. 18, 1867. 170-tf

F. HACKETT

HAS RECEIVED A

CHOICE ASSORTMENT

OF

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS

Belleville, Oct. 1, 1867. 1D-6m

COSGRAVE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

East India Pale Ale.

JUST RECEIVED,

50 Hhds,

150 Barrels and half Barrels.

FOR SALE ONLY BY

WESLEY BULLEN.

Belleville, Nov. 26, 1867. 177-tf

GRAND

DISCOUNT SALES

OF

DRY GOODS,

AT

P. D. CONGER'S.

GEORGE ROCHE,

HATTER & FURRIER,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now prepared to take orders for

ALL KINDS of FURS.

Having procured the services of a first-class Cutter from Paris, particular attention paid to repairing.

☞ All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.

Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs.

October 14. 1D-6m

Miscellaneous Items.

WARREN, the Fenian convict, is a near relative of Timothy Warren Anglin, M. P. of the St. John, (N. B.) *Freeman*, who has found so many friends among the members of the Montreal St. Patrick's Society.

One Bates bets that he will go through the Southern States with an American flag and without a cent. Butler beats Bates. He *went through* a section of the South with an American flag, and left the section without a cent.

THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.—The Board of Directors of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, at their meeting held on Friday, voted to place their machine shops, depots, &c., for the road, east of the mountains, and for the mountain division at Cheyenne, and to make that place the grand turning point at the east base of the mountains. This decision of the Board will cause the expenditure of a large amount of money, as the shops are to be on as large a scale as any in the United States.

The last novelty in the newspaper world, (says the South London, Eng., *Press*,) is a "daily," to be called the *Commercial Union*. It proposes to insert, free of charge, advertisements of reputable shopkeepers, being paid by the latter a commission on the amount of purchases by readers, who will receive from sellers checks on the co-operative system, entitling them to share in the distribution of a reserve commission by lottery. Loans, free of interest, to struggling tradesmen, are also proposed, a percentage on their sales being only demanded. The idea is French, and its first practical trial will be in Whitechapel.

CRIME IN ENGLAND AND FRANCE COMPARED.—"The number of cases tried before a jury in France, for a single year," says the London *Times*, "has not of late exceeded from three to four thousand, whereas in England, in the year 1866, nineteen thousand one hundred and eighty-eight were committed before a jury." The *Times* goes further, and asserts that the convictions before police magistrates in England for the past year were three hundred and thirty-nine thousand, while the French report for the year 1864 shows only one hundred and thirty-nine thousand similar cases.

WORKING FOR CHRIST.—Rev T. L. Cuyler, in the *Independent*, forcibly says: My brother, opposite to your name on the church roll stand these words: "Servant of Jesus Christ." Underneath it methinks I see a pierced, bloodstained hand write, "Occupy till I come. If thou art faithful over a few things, I will make thee ruler over many things." The night cometh in which you cannot work. Keep your hand to the plow until death loosens its grasp; and when the night comes on, you will find that the sleep of the laboring man is sweet. I have just come from the death chamber of a young man who is going home to Jesus as a harvester comes in at eventide with his load of golden sheaves. "Brother C.," he said to me, "they call this the river of death. It is no such thing; it is the river of life—*The river of Life!*"



HURRAH FOR
THE DOMINION.

R. H. JONES

BEGS leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened a new WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Grocery and Liquor Store,

in the premises lately occupied by Messrs. O'Brien & Henchy, where he will keep on hand a select and varied assortment of

General Groceries,
AND LIQUORS,

For family use and medicinal purposes.

TEAS.

YOUNG AND OLD HYSONS,
GUNPOWDER, TWANKAY,
IMPERIAL, JAPAN,
SOUCHONG,
CONGOU, &c., &c.

COFFEES.

THE BEST IN TOWN, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.

He would especially call the attention of families to his stock of

WINES, SPIRITS & LIQUORS,

Brandies, Ports, Sherries.
Irish, Scotch & Morton's Whiskeys.

Old Tom & Holland Gins,
IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.

Together with a large assortment of

CHAMPAGNE,
of the most popular brands,

LIQUEURS & CORDIALS, &C.

In addition to these there will be found a splendid stock of

LAMP GOODS & TRIMMINGS,

☞ Goods sent promptly to customers in any part of the town.
Belleville, Dec. 9, 1867. 188 43-tf

HURRAH FOR
BARNUM'S
LINE OF STAGES
For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half-past 8 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12 noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 2 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

S. BARNUM,
Proprietor.

C. HORTON, Agent, Belleville.
S. GUSTIN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—For the road, east of the mountains, and for the mountain division at Cheyenne, and to make that place the grand turning point at the east base of the mountains. This decision of the Board will cause the expenditure of a large amount of money, as the shops are to be on as large a scale as any in the United States.

P. S.—Having nothing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 23, 1867. D68

REMOVAL.

N. MANN begs to notify the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to the Dafoe House Building, where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many more, who will favor him with their patronage.

Belleville, Dec. 27, 1867.

MORTGAGE SALE.

UNDER power of sale contained in a mortgage made the 28th day of October, 1863, between William Donovan, of Belleville, Grocer, and the Hon. John Ross, there will be sold for default of payment of mortgage money, on

Thursday, the 5th day of March,

1868, at TWELVE o'clock, NOON, by M. NULTY, at his auction rooms in the Town of Belleville, the following valuable property, viz.: Lot number eighteen, on the East side of Sidney Street, as laid down on a plan of survey of Lots numbers one and two, in the second Concession of the Township of Thurlow, in the County of Hastings, made by Henry A. F. McLeod, Esq., P. L. S., and registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings, on the 28th day of October, A. D. 1863.

The said lot number eighteen, contains ten acres of land more or less. It is fenced and otherwise improved.

For terms of sale and other particulars, enquire of JAMES ROSS, Esq., or of the undersigned.

ROSS, BELL & HOLDEN,
Attorneys for Hon. John Ross.
Belleville, 5th Feb., 1868. 237-4tTh

Store-keepers!
Farmers!
And Others!
SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM THE IMPORTERS DIRECT.

The Montreal Tea Company,
6 Hospital Street, Montreal,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to different parts of the country—and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOTEL, QUEBEC, January 7, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives great satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

HOUSE OF SENATE, OTTAWA, Dec. 16, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

S. SKINNER.

QUEBEC, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of 20 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 55 cents was of excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for.

Yours respectfully,
D. ANDERSON,

TORONTO, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The two chests of Tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine in Brampton, one chest Fine Flavoured New Seasons Congou, at same price, viz.: at 55 cents per lb. Address as before.

Your obedient servant,
JAMES EDGAR.

FELCOMB, December 23, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz.: at 55 cents per lb. Address as before.

Your obedient servant,
JOHN T. DAY.

CORONTO, January 6, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box of 20 lbs. at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the "Medical Journal" have frequently declared that one half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15, and 12 lbs. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do. 55c., 60c., and 65c.; Excellent Fine Flavored do., 75c.; Sound Oolong, 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60c.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan, Good, 50c., 55c.; Very Fine, 60c.; Finest, 65c., 75c.; Scented Orange Pekoe, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankey Common, 38c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c., 60c., 65c., and 70c.; Fine do., 75c.; Very Fine, 85c.; Superfine and very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c.; Extra Superfine do., $1.

All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality, and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c. to 70c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by expressman, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.
6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of five chests and upwards.

All Boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
MOIRA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Capital Stock, $100,000. Divided into 10,000 Shares.

WORKING CAPITAL, $15,000.

HORACE YEOMANS, Esq., PRESIDENT. ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., TREASURER.
B. S. GILBERT, Esq., SECRETARY. J. G. SHURTZ, Esq., SUPERINTENDENT.

MERCHANTS' BANK, BANKERS. DEAN & GILBERT, SOLICITORS.

DIRECTORS:

HORACE YEOMANS, of Flint & Yeomans, Belleville.
ANDREW THOMSON, Banker, Belleville.
W. W. DEAN, Master in Chancery, Belleville.
JOHN G. SHURTZ, Superintendent.
JAMES LISTER, M.D., Belleville.
JAMES W. CARMAN, American, Consul, Belleville.
BARTON S. GILBERT, of Dean & Gilbert, Barristers, Belleville.

THIS COMPANY is duly Incorporated under Cap. 23, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the purpose of working the mineral veins upon *sixteen* acres of Lot No. 19, in the fifth concession of Madoc, (the Richardson Mine being No. 18 in the same concession.)

A shaft has been sunk to the depth of nine feet in the rock. At six feet a gold-bearing lode was struck, of 18 inches in width, which, as the mine goes has increased to 2½ feet, and a crushing at Gilbert & Turley's mill of four and one-half tons of the rock, gave a yield of over fifty-six dollars in gold; the lode is clearly defined, and evidently extends the whole length of the property—52 rods.

The territory is admirably situated for mining purposes, being a high ridge covered with indications of mineral veins. There are numerous places on the land fully as promising as the one on which the shaft has been sunk, and which would unquestionably yield as well. The large quantity of land, and the prospects of other gold-bearing veins, make it certain that the Company will be able to subdivide the property as soon as a little further development has been made, and form other Companies at great advantage.

Work is being vigorously prosecuted in the shaft, under the superintendence of JOHN G. SHURTZ, Esq., one of the Directors, who is largely interested in the proprietary of the mine, and who has had thirteen years' practical experience in the gold mines of California and Nevada, and is unquestionably the most accomplished quartz miner now in this country.

It is intended to have a further crushing in a few days, and negotiations are in progress which, if carried out, will secure a mill to the Company at once, so that regular work will be gone on with without delay, and dividends may, in that case, be expected in a short time.

Belleville, Jan. 27th, 1868. 228d-tf

India and China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or $1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb. Finest procurable, $1.00.
Protected by Trade Mark.

☞ Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.
August 16th, 1867. D90-1y w27-1y

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO.
OF CANADA.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
INCORPORATED 1849.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - - TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., President, LEWIS MOFFATT, Esq., Vice-President.
HON. MALCOLM CAMERON, C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq., GEORGE CHAFFEY, Esq., A. T. FULTON, Esq., H. S. HOWLAND, Esq. A. R. McMASTER, Esq. W. J. McDONELL, Esq. J. McGILLES, Esq., A. M. SMITH, Esq.

SOLICITORS:—MESSRS. DUGGAN & BURNS.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on every description of property.

MARINE INSURANCES—Inland and to the Lower Ports, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the West Indies, and by steam vessels to Europe.

Rates as moderate as any other respectable Insurance Company.

F. McANNANY, Esq., Agent, Belleville. JAS. SIDNEY CROCKER, Manager.
November 12, 1867. 39w6m—165d6m

BELLEVILLE
AGRICULTURAL WORKS
AND
IRON FOUNDRY
WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Threshing Machines,
STRAW CUTTERS,
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,
Iron and Steel Ploughs, Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-tf

American Invoices--Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
QUEBEC, 6th March, 1863.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the *Canada Gazette*.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, June 8, 1867.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 28 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
3D1t-tf Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL!

THE "DAILY NEWS,"
$6 00 per Annum, in advance.

JOHN LOVELL,
68 Printer and Publisher.

BLANKS of every description for Sale at *The Intelligencer* office.

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the *AMERICAN (WALTHAM) WATCH* have given it such a wide world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and printed its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found, who furtively trade upon the popularity of the American Watch, by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article. It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American Watch Co.—*except the lowest grade*, marked bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. ROBBINS.

The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine Watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH Co.

APPLETON, TRACY & Co.

WALTHAM WATCH Co.

P. S. BARTLETT.

WM. ELLERY.

HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the General Superintendent,
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

GENTLEMEN.—The watches manufactured by you have been in use on the Railroad for several years by our enginemen, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying your watches give us less trouble and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS.
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN.—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that Waltham watches are the most satisfactory of any for their uses. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have never known one to wear out, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON.
G. Chief Engineer.
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.

ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto & Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS.
Nov. 2, 1867. 168-8m 40-2m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every afternoon (Sundays excepted) and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of $5 a year if paid in advance, $6 otherwise. Mail subscribers $5 a year. $2 50 for 6 months; $1 50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgewater, Marmora and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the **Gold Regions**, and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the Proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., &c., and in short, neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months	$ 5 00
Half Square, 6 months,	$10 00
One Square, 6 months,	$20 00
Two Squares, 6 months,	$30 00
Four Squares, 6 months,	$50 00
Notices of Births,	50
Do of Marriages,	50
Do of Deaths,	50

"BUSINESS NOTICES"—All matter under this heading, leaded or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of solid minion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements every two weeks.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion, and 3 cents for each additional insertion.

The Weekly Intelligencer

Is published every Friday Morning at $2 per annum if called for at the Office, or sent by mail; and $2½ if delivered by the Carrier, payable in all cases in advance. When not paid until the close of the year, 50 cents will be added to each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, and the number now on our Subscription Books is over **1,400.** With such a large and general circulation throughout this and adjoining Counties, the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed advantages to advertisers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Six lines and under, first insertion,	0 50
Each subsequent insertion,	0 12½
Above six lines (per line) first insertion	0 07
Each subsequent insertion per line,	0 03

☞ BUSINESS NOTICES—10 cents per line each insertion, measured as solid minion.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to insure their appearance.

All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

The Intelligencer Job Office

Is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the country.

The DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER can be had at the Book Stores in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at El Dorado.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

M. BOWELL,
INTELLIGENCER BUILDING, Front street, Belleville. } *Publisher*

BRITISH PERIODICALS,

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review (Whig).
The Westminster Review (Liberal).
The North British Review (Free Church.)
AND
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory.)

THESE periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stands unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews,	$4.00 per annum.
For any two of the Reviews,	7.00 "
For any three of the Reviews,	10.00 "
For all four of the Reviews,	12.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine,	4.00 "
For Blackwood and one Review,	7.00 "
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews,	10.00 "
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews,	13.00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	15.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of *twenty per cent*, will be allowed to Clubs of four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent *to one address* for $12.80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $48.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is *Two Cents* a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums for New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, *gratis*, any *one* of the *Four Reviews* for 1867. New Subscribers to all five of the periodicals for 1868 may receive, gratis, Blackwood *or any two of the "Four Reviews"* for 1867.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1.60 a year for each or any Review; also, Blackwood for 1866 and 1867, for $2.60 a year, or the two years together for $4.00.

☞ Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to Clubs, nor reduced prices for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted *direct to the Publishers.*

No premiums can be given to Clubs.
THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING Co.,
140 Fulton St., N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the
FARMER'S GUIDE,
by HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1600 pages, and numerous Engravings.
Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid, $8.

Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 1. BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, FRIDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 21, 1868. No. 250.

Montreal Business Directory.

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal,

DEPARTMENTS.

Braces,	Knitted Woolens,
Braids,	Laces,
Brushes and Combs,	Ladies Collars and Sets,
Buttons,	Straw Goods,
Corsets,	Small Wares in great
Elastics,	variety,
Felt Hats,	Threads,
Gent's Collars and Ties,	Trimmings & Ornaments
Hosiery and Gloves,	Umbrellas.
VELVET RIBBONS, &c.	

HOOP SKIRTS,—our own Manufacture. 156-6m

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware Manufacturers,
MONTREAL.
KILN PLATES
AND
CASTINGS for BREWERIES.
Any parties about putting up new kilns for
MALT OR OATMEAL
will do well to correspond with the above. 156-6m.

BURROWS & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobaccos, &c., &c.
416 St. Paul St. Montreal.
☞Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 156-6m

PEAVEY & MARCH,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions,
And everything usually sold in a first class Grocery.
No. 244 Notre Dame Street, a few doors West St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.
☞Every article warranted to be as represented or may be returned. Goods sent to any part of the City Free of Charge. 156-6m

HUNTER, DUFFY & JOHNSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
29 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 156-6m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, PROPRIETOR,
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-6m

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, Collins Wharf, Halifax.
PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.
ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 38D-6m-W6m

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
278 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.
MAPS, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, Bill Bills of Lading, Bank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards, in any number of colors, Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 27D6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c., &c., &c.,
25 Hospital St., - - - MONTREAL,
OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and
ON AS GOOD TERMS
as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.
J. C. FRANCK & Co.
July 27, 1867. 74d.

QUEEN
INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL, - - - - $10,000,000.
FIRE and LIFE.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.
THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers.—One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to Ten per Cent of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.
The next division of profits takes place in 1868, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.
DR. CANNIFF, *Medical Referee* M. BOWELL, *Intelligencer Office.* *Agent.*
May, 1867. 4D-6mo.

Montreal Business Directory.

Frothingham & Workman,
MONTREAL,
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.
Warehouse and Offices 305 to 309, St. Paul St.
Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c.
May 1st. 1d-6m

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M. D.,
Consulting and Analytical Chemist,
630 Lagauchetiere Street, Montreal.
☞At home for consultation before 10 A. M., between 2 and 3, and after 6 P. M.
FEES FOR ANALYSIS,—$5 a metal, payable in advance. 156-6m

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
393 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL.
☞Every description of Jewelry manufactured from gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 2806m

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant.
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Agent for Walker Evans & Co. Sewing and Knitting Cottons, Derby; and J. M. Perry & Co.'s Gray's Patent Linen Fibre Collares, Nottingham, England. 1D-6m

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER.
OFFICE:—Corner of St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.
REFERENCES—Robertson & Beattie, Robert Esdaile, Esq., Jas Tarrance, Esq. 2D6m

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT
And Commission Merchants,
49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street.
MONTREAL. 1D-6m

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant.
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods. 1D-6m

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.
No. 329 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 2806m

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.
THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.
E. MUIR,
Chemist and Druggist,
2806m Place D'Armes, Montreal.

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McCUAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
OFFICE—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and St Common Street, Canal Wharf,
MONTREAL.
☞Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and oil or Produce, and purchase of Merchandise. 2805m

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
160 GREY NUNS STREET, MONTREAL,
HAVE FOR SALE—

Boiler Tubes,	Drain Pipes,
Gas Tubes,	Roman Cement,
Horse Nails,	Water Lime,
Paints and Putty,	Portland Cement,
Fire Bricks,	Paving Tiles,
Fire Clay,	Garden Vases,
Fine Covers.	Chimney Tops, &c.

☞Manufacturers of AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR, and BED SPRINGS. 241-6m

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.
LIBERAL advances made on consignments to ourselves, or for shipment to our friends in Great Britain and the Lower Port
May 21st, 1867. 27D6m

A. ROBERTSON & Co,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Mantles, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosier, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Clothes, Canadian Woollens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons, Prints, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Muslins.
478 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St.,
MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro', C. W. 1D-6m

Important to Miners and
MINING MEN.
JOHNS' Patent Water-Proof Safety Fuse for WET GROUND and SUBMARINE BLASTING, is much cheaper than any other, and pronounced by Mining men much better than any imported.
Testimonials received from men well known in the mining and quarrying business of Canada and the United States; from Messrs. Merrill & Colby, Bennets, Wiewell Macfarland, Adams, Watson, Griffith, Wearn, and others.
☞All orders promptly attended to.
Address JOHNS & Co.,
150-3m Sherbrooke, Q.

TERRAPIN RESTAURANT
CHARLES PAPINEAU,
BEGS to inform the public that he has opened the TERRAPIN RESTAURANT, in Coleman's Building, next door to Dr. Coleman's Drug Store, and he has fitted it up in first class style, with every convenience. He will keep constantly on hand the best Ale and Porter, and the purest brands of Liquors.
☞Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c., always on hand.
Belleville, Oct. 16, 1867. 142-tf

CONGER BROS.
FEELING thankful for the very liberal patronage given them for the past year, beg to remind their customers and the public that having thoroughly
REFITTED THEIR STORE!
are now opening a well assorted stock of FRESH TEAS, SUGARS, SPICES, CURRANTS, RAISINS, FIGS, &c.
Special attention is called to their fine assortment of
Jams, Jellies, Canned and Bottled FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.
R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER.
Nov. 13th, 1867. 1dly

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the
Canadian & United States Mails.
1867—SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.—1867.
Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.
Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.
This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undernoted First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double-Engine Iron Steamships:—

AUSTRIAN,	2700 Tons.	Capt. AITON.
NESTORIAN,	2700 "	Lt. DUTTON, R.N.R.
MORAVIAN,	2650 "	Capt. WYLIE.
PERUVIAN,	2600 "	Capt. BALLANTINE.
HIBERNIAN,	2434 "	Capt. BROWN.
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	2300 "	Capt. ARCHER.
NORTH-AMERICAN,	1734 "	Capt. KERR.
BELGIAN,	2434 "	Capt. ORANGE.
DAMASCUS,	1600 "	Capt. WATTS.

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL EVERY THURSDAY, and from PORTLAND every SATURDAY, calling at Lough Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)
The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from PORTLAND as undernoted, viz:—

NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 25th Jan.
PERUVIAN,	Saturday, 1st Feb.
AUSTRIAN,	Saturday, 8th "
HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 15th "
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Saturday, 22nd "
MORAVIAN,	Saturday, 29th "
NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 7th March

ST. GEORGE from Portland, 31st February.
ST. ANDREW from Portland, 11th March.
☞PASSAGE:—Nova Scotian, 11th January, from Scotland to St. John, N. F., and Cabin, $30; Steerage, $15.
Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway:—
CABIN, - - - $80 20 to $90 20
(according to accommodation.)
STEERAGE, - - - $32 00
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.
Berths not secured until paid for.
For particulars, apply to
J. W. THOMPSON, Agent,
Canadian Express Office,
27D5m-16W1v BELLEVILLE.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
For 1868.
THE CHEAPEST OF LADIES' MAGAZINES,
BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST.
THE friend of woman, the arbiter of fashion, the encourager and publisher of the best literature of the day, the pattern from which all others copy.
READING MATTER.
In this there will be an improvement. The volume for 1868 will be set up with new-faced type, and of a size that will enable us to give an additional quantity of reading matter amounting to about twelve pages in each number.
BEAUTIFUL STEEL PLATES.
Of these the LADY'S BOOKS contain *fourteen* each year, superior (we challenge comparison) to any published in this country, either in book or periodical.
THE LITERATURE OF THE LADY'S BOOK,
MARION HARLAND,
Authoress of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Moss Side," "Nemesis," and "Marian,"
who contributes to no other monthly publication, will furnish a new novel for 1868, called "PRIZIE ROWLAND," that will run through the year. Her stories are anxiously sought after, and as they are copyrighted, can be found nowhere but in GODEY. Our former efficient corps of *writers* has also been retained.
OUR FASHION PLATES.
The original double fashion-plates will be continued.
MODEL COTTAGES.—The only magazine in this country that gives such designs is the LADY'S BOOK.
DRAWING LESSONS.—In this we are also alone.
ORIGINAL MUSIC.—GODEY'S is the only magazine in which music is prepared expressly for it appears.
We have also a CHILDREN'S, a HORTICULTURAL, and a HEALTH department.
GODEY'S INVALUABLE RECEIPTS
upon every subject, for the Boudior, Nursery, Kitchen, House, and Laundry.
TINTED ENGRAVINGS.—This is a series of engravings that no one has attempted but ourselves.
LADIES' FANCY WORK DEPARTMENT.—Some of the designs in this department are printed in colors in a style unequalled.

Terms for 1868.

One copy, one year,	$3 00
Two copies, one year,	5 50
Three copies, one year,	7 50
Four copies, one year,	10 00
Five copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making six copies,	14 00
Eight copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making nine copies,	21 00
Eleven copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making twelve copies,	27 60

Godey's Lady's Book and Arthur's Home Magazine will be sent one year on receipt of $4 00.
Godey's Lady's and The Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $3 50.
Godey's Lady's Book, Arthur's Home Magazine, and Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $6 00.
Canada subscribers must send 24 cents additional for every subscription to the Lady's Book, and 12 cents for either of the other magazines, to pay the American postage.
HOW TO REMIT.—In remitting by mail, a Post Office Order or a Draft, *payable to the Order of L. A. Godey*, is preferable to bank notes, as, should the Order or Draft be lost or stolen, it can be renewed without loss to the sender. If a Draft or a Post Office Order cannot be procured, send United States or National Bank notes, always on hand.
Address L. A. GODEY,
N. E. Corner Sixth and Chestnut Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

Belleville Business Directory.

Maclellan & Maclellan,
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency Attornies-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c., &c. Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Ross, Bell & Holden,
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville.
HON. JNO. ROSS. JOHN BELL. THOS. HOLDEN
1D6m Wtf

Diamond & Dickson,
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c.
OFFICE:—Neilson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
A. DIAMOND. GEO. D. DICKSON.
1D-Wtf

A. R. Dougall,
BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.
Office over Overell's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.

Robertson & Stewart,
BARRISTERS and attornies-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office,—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street,
ALEX. ROBERTSON. D. E. K. STEWART.
1D6m-Wtf

Legate & Price,
BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 170, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1D6m-Wtf

Geo. H. Haymes,
HATTER and Furrier, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs. 1D6m-Wtf

McLeod & Carre,
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURveyors, Architects, Draughtsmen and Patent Solicitors, 153½ Front Street, Belleville. 1D

Pitcathly & Kelso,
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Law Partnership.
THE undersigned have this day entered into co-partnership under the name of Jellett & Bleasdell. Office—Corner of Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville.
R. P. JELLETT.
8th October, 1867. J. H. T. BLEASDELL.

Forrest & Lozo's
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Lazier's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 25D-tf

T. Lockerly,
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 22D5m

Ponton, Falkiner & Denmark
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

Angus McFee,
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellry and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1D6m

John Wilson,
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street. Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 1D6m

J. W. Brown,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

Geo. Gibson,
MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1D6m

J. C. Vapor,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

To Gold Miners
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Swedes Iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. WM. POWELL.
1D6m

McKeown & Robertson,
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

ALLSOP'S ALE,
Guinness' Stout,
Blood's Porter!!
IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT
1D6m HAMBLY'S.

BILL HEADS,
AND all other kinds of JOB PRINTING, executed with neatness and despatch at the INTELLIGENCER Office, Front Street, Belleville.

Remember the Poor.

Remember the poor! for bleak winds are blowing,
And brightly the frost-pearls are glist'ning around;
The streamlets have ceased all their musical flowing,
And snow-drifts lie scattered all over the ground.
Remember the poor in their comfortless dwellings,
Ill clad and ill fed, and o'erburdened with care.
Oh! turn not away with a look so repelling—
Thy kindness may save them perhaps from despair!

Remember the poor, when the hearth-stone is cheerful,
And happy hearts gather around its bright blaze;
There are hearts that are sad and eyes that are tearful,
As bright as thine own in their sunnier days.
Misfortunes may scatter thy present possessions
And plenty to poverty leave thee a prey;
How bitterly then will thou think of the blessings
That Charity asks from thy riches to-day.

Remember the poor, as they thankfully gather
Each round his rich table with luxury spread;
Thou, too, art a pensioner on a rich Father,
For health and for friendship, for raiment and bread.
If he hath been bountiful, with a like spirit
Dispense of that bounty what Charity claims;
Far greater the treasure thy soul shall inherit
When thy bread on the waters returneth again.

Remember the poor—this thou art commanded;
Thy Saviour thus kindly remembered the poor;
"The destitute thou shalt not send empty-handed,
Unclad, and unwarmed, and unfed from thy door."
Thy peace in this life shall be like the deep river,
And dying, thy welcome to heaven shall be—
"Ye faithful and blessed of my Father come hither;
Ye did it to others—ye did it to Me!"

Wooden Railroads.

A wooden railroad is being constructed in the States. The New York *Scientific American* says:

"A good deal of interest—we might say excitement—is now going on in Jefferson County, N. Y., concerning these wooden roads. Mr. J. B. Huibert enjoys the credit of being the projector and engineer. A short road of this kind, built by him, six miles long, has been successfully used for eight years. He is now constructing a wooden railroad twenty-two miles long, to connect the Clinton iron mines with the Oswegatchie railroad. Sixteen miles of the new railroad are nearly completed, and a portion is in actual operation."

Perhaps our readers would like to hear something further of wooden railroads with "maple rails." We quote from the same journal:

"The earliest form of railway consisted of wooden rails laid on cross-ties. When well constructed there is no doubt of their utility and success. During the late war the Confederates were often obliged to make use of wooden rails, and over them they transported thousands of tons of army supplies and soldiers. A much higher rate of speed may be obtained on wooden roads than is generally supposed. If properly built, a speed of fifteen or twenty miles an hour may be safely attained, which is as much, or more, than is realized on some iron roads rated as first-class, but too often, in reality, rotten and unsafe concerns. One of the requisites for the successful working of wooden railways is that the locomotive shall be light, and also the loads carried. Good broad-faced wheels are also essential. Such roads are considerably cheaper than plank roads in first construction, and also in maintenance. Wooden railroads can be constructed in some localities for the sum of $1,000 a mile. The exhibition of a very little united spirit and energy among country neighbors would put their towns and villages in railroad communication with the principal through lines of travel.

"Our attention has been called to this subject by reading the accounts of a projected wooden railway from Carthage, N. Y., to Harrisville, a distance of 47½ miles. The rails are to be of maple, strongly wedged into heavy cross ties, and the expense of the construction, all complete, is estimated, per mile, as shown by the following figures:

1,710 ties, delivered at 10 cents..	$176 00
21,120 feet B. M. maple rails delivered at $15.....	316 80
Wedges delivered, say.....	40 00
Notchings, ties and track laying,	467 20
Total.....	$1,000 00

The solid maple rail, 4 x 6 inches, wedged edgewise every three feet into heavy notched ties, forms a track equal in strength to that of any other railroad, and is capable of bearing heavy rolling stock, provided the wheels have a rim five inches in width. Fine sand and dust, which get on the rail, is soon crushed into the wood by the car wheels, and forms a hard and gritty surface, which does not wear, and greatly facilitates the traction. The maple rail, it sound, will last a number of years.

—A young woman in Bangor took arsenic for her complexion, and succeeded in making herself a beautiful corpse.

A Chance for Mr. Seward.

Laughter loving Logan, holding both his sides, rose in the House of Representatives at Washington, on Monday last, and made a speech which did him infinite credit as a joker. He offered an amendment, authorising Mr. Seward to appoint an agent to enter into negotiations for "the purchase of empires, kingdoms, rebellions, wars, volcanoes, icebergs, snows and rainstorms, earthquakes and submerged or undiscovered islands, instructing him also to negotiate for the purchase of Great Britain, and in the event of that kingdom not being for sale, to negotiate for a war, provided it shall not cost more than $15,000,0000 or last over sixty days." The amount of any purchase, Mr. Logan proposes, shall be liquidated by Russian bears at $10 each (the purchaser to take them as they run.) Sitka Indians to be thrown in without charge; icebergs at 25 cents per ton; rain storms at 25 cents per barrel; volcanoes at $50 each. All Mr. Logan's fellow legislators were convulsed with laughter, and his friends warmly congratulated him on his brilliant success. Although the amendment was voted out of order, it will long be remembered as one of the most successful efforts ever made by any member of the eccentric body. Robinson of Brooklyn, who has lately said some very funny things about Great Britain and Fenianism, must look to his laurels.

The Silver Nuisance.

Report of the Committee appointed to superintend the shipments of Silver:

The undersigned beg respectfully to submit the following report respecting the progress made in the movement for the exportation of Silver coin:

About ten days ago the tenders of Silver for exportation had reached a figure which, in the opinion of the undersigned, rendered it advisable to proceed with the shipments without further delay. Since then the shipments have been pushed forward with great vigour; upwards of thirty thousand dollars have already been sent out of the country, and fifty thousand dollars more was this day placed in the Bank of Montreal under contract for exportation so soon as it can be prepared for shipment. These sums are considerably in excess of the total amount received by Mr. Weir under the contracts made with him for exportation, and the undersigned urge upon all parties interested to send in their silver as promptly as possible, so that Mr. Weir may be enabled to complete the shipments according to contract.

Since the shipments commenced, as well as during the initiatory steps taken in organizing the movement, the undersigned have much pleasure in testifying to the great energy, tact and ability displayed by Mr. W. Weir, both in securing tenders of silver for shipment and in the negotiations for its exportation. While fully satisfied that the exportation of the silver already contracted for will still further reduce the rate of discount, the undersigned would again urge upon all who are interested, and who have not already joined in the movement, to do so during the coming week, as, in order to effect any really great permanent reduction in the rate of discount, it will, in the opinion of the undersigned, be necessary to largely increase the amount yet sold for exportation. This is the more to be desired in view of the very favourable arrangements made by Mr. Wier for the exportation of the silver, arrangements which it migh be found impossible to repeat in the present state of the foreign silver markets.

The undersigned have received several communications from various localities on the subject of exporting the silver, and their attention will be directed during the coming week to secure, if possible, united action in removing the surplus silver from the country.

Jos. Beaudry, Chairman.
Hugh Mackay,
Henry Morgan.

Montreal, Feb.

Famine Abroad.

Not for a long series of years has famine been so widely spread in the Old World countries as at the present time. People are perishing for lack of food in Sweden, Finland, Northern and Eastern Russia, Eastern Prussia, Tunis and Algeria. As after a great conflict, like Waterloo or Solferino, or during a devouring plague, they are burying the dead in Tunis by thousands. In Algeria, a dependency of France, a similar dreadful spectacle is witnessed. In some places in France and Spain the call for bread is loud and painful.—England has also great companies in the eastern quarter of the metropolis and here and there over the surface, in abject poverty, depending on human mercy for life from day to day. Cases of starvation have been recorded, and, with all that charity is doing, the amount of suffering is appalling —and that in London, the wealthiest city on the globe! Midas and misery, gaiety and groans, side by side! Then in the Dominion, we have the Nova Scotian fishermen silently pleading and not in vain for brotherly aid in their destitution. Their case can be met, and the generosity shown to them will not be arrested till they are once more able to provide for themselves. If the misery is terrible in so many regions it is grand to see charity making mighty efforts to alleviate its pangs. Yet, as in the North of Africa, the evil appears to be unconquerable in several localities, and myriads are given over hopelessly to death. Governments, it would seem, must resume the ancient custom of having immense graineries against the years of want. Food for the people is the first and last necessity.

—The report of the *Canadian Churchman* that the Bishop of Huron intends to remain in England and retire from the duties of his diocese, is pronounced entirely incorrect by the London papers.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West,	7.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West,	8.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going West,	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train,	6.30 P. M.
Noon Express going East,	12.03 P. M.
Night Express going East,	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East,	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train,	9.30 P. M.

Montreal Time.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, FRIDAY, FEB. 21.

Orange District No. 2, North Hastings.—The following are the officers elected for the current year: James Moore, D. M.; Robert Kinnear, D. D. M.; James Tossie, Treasurer; Charles Gream, Secretary; Donald McKay, Chaplain; Wm. John Allen, Director of Ceremonies.

Skatorial Queen.—It will be seen by our advertising columns that Carrie Augusta Moore, the celebrated lady skatress, appears at Ontario Skating Rink to-morrow (Saturday) evening. She has, we believe, made a tour of the principal cities in the Eastern States this winter, and has everywhere been greeted with crowded houses and great applause. The Zouave drill performed by her on skates, has caused a great sensation. We would advise every one not to lose the opportunity.

Mining.—A writer in the Montreal *Gazette* says: "Our correspondent at Perth, O., writes: "A lumberer has just told me that on Lake Maginaw, which a correspondent of yours described so graphically last summer, there are forty mining shanties, and preparations are being made for a crushing mill. This is distant about forty-five miles from here, on the Perth and Mississippi road, and at Eagle Hill, some distance nearer us, a test made of the rock by the Wyckoff process, gave $40 as the return for one ton of rock which was crushed. I think it very probable these statements are true from what I know of the region. In fact, I think the range probably extends from this, westerly, to Parry Sound, and if the Ottawa and Lake Huron Railway is ever built, it will develop the richest mining tract in Canada."

The Townsend Family.—Last evening Mr. Townsend finished his engagements in Belleville for the present, on which occasion (the benefit of Miss Florence Townsend,) he placed before the audience the great tragedy of Richard III, and the farce of the "Timid Lover." The acting of the whole troupe in these plays was the best we have seen since they opened here. The manner in which Mr. Townsend rendered the part of Richard, met with general approbation, and merited in every respect the warm reception which he received. Miss Florence and Mr. Harry Townsend also performed their several parts well; and, in fact, the whole company did exceedingly well. At the close, Mr. Townsend was called before the curtain, and returned thanks for the honor done him. He also informed the audience that he would return here next Wednesday evening and give one more performance, which would be for the benefit of Mr. W. J. Speck.

The Militia.

The Hamilton *Spectator* of the 20th Feb., says:—"We are glad to learn that steps are being taken with a view to the proper organization of the Militia of Canada. Lieut.-Colonel Villiers, the Brigade Major of this District, has been summoned home from his tour of inspection to meet Lt-Colonel Casault, who is appointed to confer with the various District Staff Officers and Volunteer Boards at London, Hamilton, Toronto, Kingston, Brockville, Montreal, Quebec and Ottawa.—The various Boards are to express their opinions to Colonel Casault, as to the amount of office and store accommodation necessary for the Militia service, in their respective districts, and other matters of the same nature.

We are quite sure that any steps which may be taken with a view to organizing the militia, and rendering it efficient, will be endorsed by the people of Canada, not because they desire war, but because they feel that the precious inheritence of unequalled liberty which they enjoy, ought to be rendered secure beyond peradventure."

—Sir N. F. Belleau gives official dinners every Saturday during the session of the Quebec Assembly.

—Punshon, who is considered the most eloquent preacher among the Wesleyans in England, and by some is regarded as superior to Spurgeon, is now in America. He is expected to arrive in Montreal in April, and will remain for one year, occupying the pulpits of the Wesleyan churches.

—A little boy in Lowell was asked how many mills make a cent. "Ten, sir," was the prompt reply. Immediately a bright-faced little girl held up her hand in token of dissent. "Well, miss, what have you to say?" "Please, sir, ten mills don't make a cent. Pa says all the mills in town don't make a cent."

—The rich and fashionable women of New York have discovered that hair dyes are poisonous, and gray hair is consequently becoming fashionable, and is held by dealers at double the price asked for other colors. As high as forty and even seventy-five dollars have been paid in that city for a very small bunch of gray hair.

Grand Orange Lodge of Central Canada.

The Grand Orange Lodge of Central Canada, which met in Kingston on the 19th inst., among other business performed the ceremony of laying the foundation stone of a new Orange Hall. The following description is from the *Whig*:

"On Wednesday, the 20th, at noon the ceremony of laying the corner stone of the new Orange Hall, on Princess street, took place. The building of the Hall began late last season, and was advanced a few feet above the foundation before the winter set in. It will be completed this summer, when the city will in part have one of its greatest wants supplied—a proper Music Hall. The Building Fund has been raised through the exertions of the Orangemen of the city, in making subscriptions, and in holding concerts, bazaars, &c. The building will contain, according to the carefully prepared plans, two stores on the ground flat, a Hall on the flat above, and lodge rooms on the upper flat of all.

"The ceremony attracted numbers in from the country, and the concourse on the ground during the ceremony was very large. Flags were displayed from the City Hall and some private buildings, and in many respects the streets bore a gala day appearance. The procession formed at the Court House before noon, of the members and officers of the Grand Lodge and the Orangemen of the city and country, (numbering some hundreds) and, preceded by Scott's Band, playing inspiriting tunes, paraded the streets en route to the Hall. The ceremony of laying the corner stone was performed by McKenzie Bowell, Esq., M. P. North Hastings, and Grand Master of Central Canada."

Previous to laying the stone, William Shannon, Esq., D. G. M., read the following Address to the Grand Master:

To Mackenzie Bowell, Esq., M. P., Grand Master, Grand Orange Lodge of Central Canada:

Right Worshipful Sir and Brother,—We, the Orangemen of the city of Kingston, desire to express the pleasure we feel at your presence with us on this occasion. Knowing you for many years as an upright, honorable and consistent Orangeman, we respect you as well for your personal worth as for the high office you hold in our institution. As a loyal subject of Her Gracious Majesty, our beloved Queen, we regard you as a tower of strength against her adversaries, not only by your voice in the councils of the state, but by your zeal in the discussions, when called to the frontier to defend the honor of our country; and by the press, in the use of that which is said to be mightier than the sword. We heartily congratulate you on your election to a seat in the Parliament of the Dominion, where you will have still better opportunities of serving the cause entrusted to you.

We do not arrogate exclusive loyalty: we seek not special legislation, but being

"The sons of sires that baffled
Crowned and mitred tyranny,"

our motto is, "For our God, our Country and our Queen against all opposers." Slow to take offence and offering none, we will be ever ready to resist all attempts to weaken British influence or dismember the, British Empire. Rejoicing in the fact that throughout this great Dominion every man may worship God under his own vine and fig tree, none daring to molest or make him afraid. We will stand to the death by our altars and homes when the safety of either is jeopardized or imperilled. Willing that all classes of Her Majesty's subjects should enjoy equal rights and privileges with ourselves, we ask no more and we will take no less.

Here on the spot near to which, twenty years ago, an attempt was made to enforce a Party Procession Act: in vain. Here, where, on the 4th and 5th days of September, 1840, the Orangemen of Kingston and Belleville, shoulder to shoulder, as one man stood for their rights as freemen, we have commenced the erection of an Orange Hall as a memorial of these events. Of this edifice, which we trust will be an ornament to the City and a credit to our Institution, we respectfully request you to lay the corner stone.

We present you with the accompanying silver trowel for that purpose; and we are proud of the fact that the ceremony will be performed by one who with us shares the honor of having earned the admiration of our brethren throughout the universe.

Given under our hands at Kingston, this 19th day of February, A. D. 1868.

Wm. Shannon, D. G. M.
G. W. Robertson,
County Master, Frontenac.
Chas. Livingston,
District Master, Kingston.
George Brown,
Chairman of Building Com.
T. L. Snook,
Secretary of Building Com.

REPLY.

To William Shannon, Esq., D. G. M. of the L. O. L. of C. C., and Brethren of Kingston:

This memento of your kindness, which I accept with no small degree of pleasure, will, I trust, be an incentive to greater activity and energy in promulgating the principles upon which our Order is founded.

While not insensible to the feelings which prompted this flattering Address, I know that you have over-estimated my humble endeavors to perform the duties imposed upon me as your Grand Master. If firm and persistent in the maintainance of our principles, when attacked, such course has been dictated by a sincere desire to prove that Orangeism is not that hideous monster which our enemies have represented it to be; and that, while in addition to other precepts, to be slow to take offence and offer none, we are equally bound to resist all attempts to weaken British influence or dismember the British Empire; hence the determination displayed to resist the attempt of a late adviser of the Crown to make Orangemen degrade the colors which led our forefathers to that victory which established the present dynasty upon the throne of England, and which secured to the British Empire freedom of speech, freedom of thought, and freedom to worship God in accordance with the dictates of our own consciences, and which resistance gained for the City of Kingston the name of "the Derry of Canada." The humble part played by myself on that occasion I have never had cause to regret, and let me hope that in the future as in the past, Kingston may always be among the first to resist all aggressions upon the right of Protestantism, whether it comes from those in authority, or otherwise.

In the erection of this Hall you are setting an example which is worthy of imitation, and let me hope and pray that the day is not far distant when every city and town in the Dominion may rejoice in having an Orange Hall, in which the truths of our reformed religion and the principles of loyalty to our Protestant Sovereign may be inculcated, thereby forming a strong barrier against all invasions upon our rights, whether it be from lawless Fenian hordes from without, or insidious enemies from within.

M. Bowell, G. M.

Kingston, Feb. 19, 1868.

The trowel is solid silver, with a handsome handle of polished rosewood. A creditable piece of workmanship, due to the skill of Mr. O. Mevis, Princess Street. Upon it was inscribed the following:

Presented
to
Mackenzie Bowell, M. P.,
G. M., G. O. L. of C. C.
by
The Orangemen of Kingston on the occasion of laying the corner stone of their Hall, 19th. Feby., 1868.

The ceremony of laying the stone was then performed, and prayer offered by the Grand Chaplain, Bro. Rev. William Burns. The following articles were deposited in the cavity of the stone:

The Holy Bible, wrapped in oil silk, and tied with Orange ribbon.
The Queen and Royal Family in print.
Copy of British North America Act.
Copy of the Orange Constitution.
List of the Governors and Members of the several Parliaments in the Dominion of Canada.
Names of the Officers and Members of the Supreme and Grand Lodges in British North America.
Grand Lodge Report.
List of Protestant Churches in Kingston.
Synopsis of the Orange Hall deed of trust.
The Newspapers of Kingston.
Canadian Coins.

The Procession re-formed and proceeded to the City Hall, in front of which the Grand Master made a brief and appropriate speech, and concluded by proposing three cheers for the Queen, which were accorded with right good will, the band playing the National Anthem.

Mr. Wm. Robinson, County Master proposed three cheers for the Grand Master, which he hoped would be given with sufficient vehemence to make "the eagle tremble," and which request was heartily complied with, the band playing "Rule Britannia."

The procession then dispersed, and the Grand Lodge met again at two o'clock in the Court House.

In the evening a Soiree was held in the City Hall, in aid of the building fund. At which there were about 800 persons. M. Bowell Esq., M. P. occupied the chair.—After refreshments had been served, speeches were delivered by the Chairman, Wm. Anderson Esq., Rev. Wm. Burns, — McDonald Esq., Revds. R. Hazard, Dawson and Mullen. Between the speeches, the audience was entertained with songs and duetts, and music on the Piano-Forte, by Professor Mora, and Miss Shannon, a child of 12 years of age, who played the Derry Quadrille with much effect. On the whole the soiree was a great success.

The Legislature Yesterday.

The House yesterday passed the Bills affecting Overholding Tenants, Traction Engines and the Royal Canadian Insurance Company.

The Common Law Procedure Act was discussed and passed to a third reading.

A long discussion took place on the Dog Tax Bill, providing for leaving it optional with municipalities to impose the tax. The Bill was killed by the Committee rising and not reporting.

A Bill was advanced a stage which provides for removing doubts that now exist in consequence of a conflict of decisions, as to validity of sales of real estate by "auctioneers" or puffers.

Mr. Blake's Bill respecting Attorneys-at-law was passed to a third reading.

The Bill making Registrars hold office during pleasure only, was, after a slight concession on the part of the Ministry, and an animated debate, passed. This Bill was, no doubt, introduced to effect the Bruce Registrar, a system of legislation highly reprehensible. The former Macdonald Dorion Ministry made an illegal dismissal from office, which had been so decided by the Courts, and now to legalize that Act, and defraud the dismissed Registrar of his rights. We wonder the House passed the Bill, notwithstanding the concessions of the Attorney-General.

The House then adjourned.

—It costs two millions a month to run the New York city government.

—A good dinner in London can be had for seven cents and a half.

—Ladies at the present time have more lives than a cat, for each night they "shuffle off the mortal coil."

—Napoleon has torn down 22,000 houses in Paris, and put up 87,000 better edifices.

—Paris green, many people will be glad to hear, is said to be a perfect exterminator of cockroaches.

—An Ohio farmer is planting a mammoth orchard—5,000 apple trees, 20 acres of strawberries, and the rest in proportion.

—The Philadelphia Grand Jury has found true bills against newsdealers who have sold indecent publications.

—The Wisconsin Legislature has passed a law prohibiting kerosene lamps in cars and the locking of car doors.

—The Yankees propose to affix a stamp on each cigar! Taxation is continually upon the increase in Uncle Sam's domain.

—A Boston paper is explaining why people get drowsy in church on the ground of carbonic acid gas, &c. Isn't it more often pulpit gas?

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

London, February 20, evening.—Advices to 1st January have been received from the English captives in Abyssinia. They were all safe and well.

Late advices from Cape Town, Africa, state that the Supreme Court of Natal has at last decided the question touching the matter of church property in favor of Bishop Colenso.

The regular weekly returns of the Bank of England, show bullion decreased £413,000.

Vienna, February 20.—A circular has been issued from the Home Office warning the clergy against fomenting discontent.

London, February 21, 11:15 a.m.—Bonds 72¾, Consols 93; Erie 47¼; I C 88¾.

London, February 21, 1:20 p. m.—Consols 93¼ to 93¾; Erie 46¾.

Liverpool, February 21, 11:15 a. m.—Cotton active and firm; Uplands 9d; Orleans 9¼d; stock in port 287,000 bales, of which 143,000 are American. Breadstuffs generally firm.

Liverpool, February 21, 1:20 p. m.—Cotton firm and unchanged; cotton to arrive easier. Corn 42s 9d; California Wheat 10s 2d; Oats 3s 11d; Peas 40s; Pork dull; Lard firm. Manchester advices favorable.

Paris, Feb. 21, 11.15 a. m.—Bourse dull; Rentes easy. The bullion increase in the Bank of France is 23,000,000 francs.

Glasgow, February 21.—The steamer "Columbia," from New York, has arrived.

American Despatches.

San Francisco, Feb. 20.—Late advices give particulars of a fight between the Walla Walla Indians under three principal chiefs and a force of the United States troops, resulting in the success of the latter. The Indians were armed with the Henry, Spencer, and sharp shooting rifles, and fought with great bravery. Twenty-five Indians were wounded.

Selma, Alabama, Feb. 20.—The steamer "Sallie List" sunk twenty-five miles below here yesterday. No lives lost.

New York, Feb. 21.—The *Tribune's* Washington says upon reading Gen. Sherman's letter, the President promptly telegraphed him acknowledging its receipt, and saying substantially, that in view of the objections suggested, he would not assign him to the command, but would allow him to remain in Mississippi. It is said that the President will assign another commander to the new district in a few days. Prominent democrats are urging the President to appoint Gen. Hallack, who is known to be very objectionable to Gen. Grant, and one of his bittermost opponents since the beginning of the war.

New York, Feb. 20.—The *Herald's* special says Commissioner Wilson, of the general land office, has had an interview with a prominent officer of the Canadian Government, who holds a life office from the crown in relation to the public lands for sale in Kansas. This gentleman states that it was his intention to resign his office and lend his assistance to organize a colony of Canadians, with a view to settling in the southern part of Kansas.

Burlington, Vt., Feb. 20.—The large steam mill at Richmond, Vt., was destroyed by fire last evening. Loss unknown.

New York, February 21.—The steamer 'Helvetia,' from Liverpool, has arrived.

Rather Embarrassing.—A young lady stepped into one of the Troy city cars a day or two since, and observing a vacant seat, placed her handkerchief upon it, as much as to say 'taken,' and advanced to the front of the car to speak to a friend. Meantime a nicely-dressed young man jumped in and sat down on the handkerchief, without observing it. The young lady, after seeing her friend, turned back, discovered to her chagrin that her seat was occupied, and sat down opposite, ladies making room for her. But she did not desire to lose her handkerchief, so she looked intently toward the place where she had left it, hesitating whether to ask for it or not. Discovering the direction of her looks, all eyes on the opposite side of the car were soon bent on the young man. Finding himself the object of so much attention, he himself looked and discovered to his horror something white on which he sat, the end peeping out. He mistook its character. To cover it with his hand, and to tuck it nicely away, was the work of a few seconds. None in the car but the young lady knew that "something white" was a handkerchief, and hesitating still more to ask him, she lost it.

Do Not Forget the Onions.—In this time of year, when colds and coughs abound, do not forget that onions are often a better and surer cure than drugs. As a correspondent of the Western Rural, says: "Hardly too much can be said in favor of onions as a remedy for coughs and colds; especially for children, they are invaluable. They may be cooked, and eaten at meal time, or, what is better, eaten raw with a little salt, or stirred up in vinegar. A syrup made of them has saved many a child from an attack of croup or lung fever, and where these diseases were fully settled, it has gone far toward a speedy cure. To prepare the syrup, slice an onion in a tin basin, pour upon it half a teacupful of molasses, or, what is better, honey; add a bit of butter as large as a small chestnut; set the dish in the oven, and simmer slowly for an hour. Leave one of the oven doors open, so it will not be too hot." Onions are one of the most nutritious and wholesome of vegetables, and were it not for the shocking odor they leave upon the breath, we should advise everybody to eat them daily. As it is, we can only recommend them in cases of necessity.

The petition presented by Mr. Doolittle in the U. S. Senate on the same day, of one thousand citizens of Alabama, reads as follows: "Continue over us if you will do so your iron rule by the sword; send down among us honorable and upright men of your own people, of the race to which you and me belong, and ungracious and contrary to the wise policy and the institutions of the country, and tyrannous as it will be, no hand will be raised among us to resist by force their authority. But do not, we implore you, abdicate your own rule over us to the blighting, brutalizing, and unnatural dominion of an alien and inferior race, a race which has never shown sufficient administrative capacity for the good government of even the tribes into which it has always been broken up in its natural state, a race which in all ages has furnished slaves for all the other races of the earth."

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, Feb 21.

Commercial Bills	90
Greenbacks, buying at	70
" selling at	71
Bank of Upper Canada Bills	63
Silver, buying at	3¾ to 4
" selling at	3 to 3¼

Gold opened at 140¾; closed at 141¼.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, Feb. 21, 1868.

FALL WHEAT—$1 65 to $1 75.
SPRING WHEAT—$1 60 to $1 70.
BARLEY—$2c to $1 00.
RYE—firm at $1 00 to $1 06.
OATS—60c to 65c.
PEAS—demand only for local use at 95c to $1 00.
BUCKWHEAT—75c to 80c.
SHEEP—Dull at $5 50 $6 50.
PORK—$5 50 to $6 00. Heavy Pork $6 25.
MUTTON—6c to 8c per pound.
BUTTER—15c to 20c.
EGGS—18c to 20c.
HIDES—$6.50 to $7.00.
SHEEPSKINS—dull at 75c.
CALFSKINS—6c to8c ₱ lb.
TALLOW—Rough, 8c; rendered, 8c.
WOOL—25c.
POTATOES—65c to 75c.
APPLES—80c to $1 00.
HAY—$10 to $14.
CHEESE—10c.
CORN—90c to $1.
FLOUR—No 1 $7 50 ₱ bbl.
TOTASH—$4 50 to $4 75.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.

MONTREAL, Feb. 21, 1867.
1 P. M.

FLOUR.—Superior Extra	$8 00	@ 8 25
Extra	7 90	@ 8 00
Fancy	7 60	@ 7 75
Welland Canal Superfine	7 45	@ 7 60
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat	7 45	@ 7 60
" " 1 Western Wheat	7 45	@ 7 60
" " 2 " "	7 10	@ 7 25
Bag Flour	3 60	@ 3 75
WHEAT.—Canada Fall	0 00	@ 0 00
Spring	1 70	@ 0 00
Western	0 00	@ 0 00
OATS.—Per 34 lbs	0 46	@ 0 47
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	0 95	@ 1 00
BUTTER—Dairy	0 15	@ 0 19
" Store Packed	0 14	@ 0 18
ASHES—Pots	5 30	@ 5 35
Pearls	5 80	@ 5 85
PORK—Mess	19 00	@ 00 00
Prime Mess	14 00	@ 00 00
Prime	13 00	@ 00 00
DRESSED HOGS	6 80	@ 6 40
PEAS	0 87	@ 0 88
RYE FLOUR	5 95	@ 6 00

Flour—small receipts; market very quiet; small sales at unchanged rates. Grain—no transactions and rates nominally unchanged. Provisions—Pork quiet but steady. Hogs—light weights unchanged; heavy improved; sales of strictly choice ranging up to $6.50. Lard neglected. Butter still active. Ashes steady.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, February 21.

Cotton quiet at 24c.

Flour dull; receipts 4,300 bbls; sales 5,300 bbls at $8 50 to $9 25 for superior state and western; $9 80 to $10 30 for common to choice extra State; $9 50 to $11 65 for common to choice extra western.

Rye flour quiet at $7 50 to $9 50.

Wheat 1c to 2c better with fair export demand; receipts 1,900 bushels; sales 39,000 bushels at $2 47 for No. 1 spring in store and delivered; $2 45 for mixed spring; $2 53 for amber Green Bay and Chicago No. 1 spring.

Rye quiet; receipts 400 bushels; sales 1,000 bushels Pennsylvania and New Jersey at $1 76.

Corn heavy and 1 to 2 cents lower; receipts 28,000 bushels; sales 50,000 bushels at $1 22 to $1 25 for new mixed western afloat; $1 26 for old western yellow in store; $1 28 for old mixed western delivered.

Barley scarce and firm; receipts 5,900 bushels. Oats shade lower; receipts 5,800 bushels; sales 36,000 bushels at 82½ to 83½ for western in store.

Pork firm at $23 00 to $23 50 for old mess; $24 15 to $24 25 for new do.

Lard firmer at 14½c to 15½c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.

Stocks active and fluctuating.
Sterling Exchange 109¾ to 110.
Gold 140¾.
Gold closed 141.

Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
February 21, 1868.

IMPORTS.—5 cars merchandise.
EXPORTS.—2 cars merchandise.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LEXINGTON, Missouri, May 28, 1868.

MESSRS. J. N. HARRIS & CO.:

DEAR SIRS—I have made Allen's Lung Balsam pretty well known in our city and country, and have sold about all the four dozen bottles sent me in March last; and I find that persons who try the Balsam once, come back again for more, as it gives them satisfaction; and I recommend it in preference to any other medicine for Coughs and Colds. Please send me six dozen bottles as soon as possible.

THOMAS J. FLETCHER, Druggist.

P. S.—I sell more Allen's Lung Balsam, than all other cough remedies together, and it gives general satisfaction.

Sold by all Family Medicine dealers.

☞ Perry Davis & Son, Agents for the Dominion of Canada. 51-4w 231-4w

BOARDING.

MRS. McKENZIE can accommodate a few permanent boarders; also, some daily boarders.

RESIDENCE—Pinnacle Street, opposite the market.

Belleville, Nov. 18, 1867. 170-tf

☞ Ticket Office for Great Western Railway, opposite the Market, Front-St. Tickets issued to Milwaukee, Chicago, New Orleans, Omaha City, Nebraska Territory, Fort Riley, Kansas, Cheyenne, Dacotah, Denvir Colorado, and all points West. Fare received either in Greenbacks or current funds.

217-1y R. P. DAVY, AGENT.

R. R. R. Radway's Regulating Pills

Are composed of vegetable extracts (prepared in vacuo), free from all inert, crude, or irritating substances. The first dose commences its work of purifying the blood, regulating the liver, cleansing the stomach and intestines, and purging from the system all scrimonious and corrupt humors. One Pill, taken two hours before dinner, will create a good appetite and insure a healthy digestion.

BILE.

Bile on the stomach will be eliminated by one dose of the Pills—say from four to six in number. When the liver is in a torpid state, nothing can be better than Radway's Regulating Pills. They purge easily, are mild in operation, and when taken are perfectly tasteless, being elegantly coated with gum. They are recommended for the cure of all disorders of the stomach, liver, kidneys, nervous diseases, indigestion, dyspepsia, biliousness, bilious fever, inflammation of the bowels, piles, and symptoms resulting from disorders of the digestive organs.

THE AGED

Suffer from costiveness and paralysis of the bowels, and may have to use injections to keep the bowels open. Take 2 or 4 of Radway's pills every night; in a few weeks the bowels, liver, kidneys, &c., will be restored to sound health and strength—regular discharge from the bowels will be secured daily.

See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1868.—R. R. R. sold by all druggists. 1-2t 243-2w

BOOKBINDING.

THE Subscriber having re-fitted his BINDERY with the most approved machinery, material, &c., begs to inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to execute orders for every description of

Bookbinding,
Ruling, and
Blank-work,

In the best manner and at the lowest rates.

ACCOUNT BOOKS manufactured to any pattern with despatch.

Music, Periodicals, Law-Books, &c., neatly, cheaply, and satisfactorily bound.

☞ Special terms for Libraries, and ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

E. HARRISON.

Belleville, Feb. 21st, 1868. 250tf

ONTARIO SKATING RINK.

GREAT ATTRACTION!

CARRIE A. MOORE,
The Celebrated Lady Skatress,

WILL give one of her unrivalled performances at the above rink, on

Saturday Evening, the 22nd Inst.

Besides performing a great variety of intricate ice movements, she performs several specialities, as the

Tambourine Dance, Polka, Redowa, and Varsauvienne,
ON HER TOES; ALSO,

THE ZOUAVE DRILL

On skates, including the bayonet exercise. She goes through the different movements with an eleven pound rifle; loads, fires, and does the bayonet exercise while executing different ice figures.

Each Act performed in different Costume.

ADMISSION, - - - 25 Cents.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. To commence at 8 o'clock, precisely.

THE BAND WILL BE IN ATTENDANCE.

God Save the Queen.

Belleville, Feb. 17th, 1868. 250-2t

WANTED,

A MODERATE-SIZED HOUSE, centrally situated in Belleville, with hard and soft water on the premises.

Apply by letter to A. B., *Intelligencer* Office.

John D. Evans,

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Civil Engineer and Draughtsman.

OFFICE—Over Overell's Book Store, Belleville. 34w-246d-6m

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 14th Feb'y, 1868.

AUTHORIZED discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice: 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
248 Commissioner of Customs.

COSGRAVE & CO.'S CELEBRATED East India Pale Ale.

JUST RECEIVED,

50 Hhds,

150 Barrels and half Barrels.

FOR SALE ONLY BY
WESLEY BULLEN.

Belleville, Nov. 26, 1867. 177-tf

GEORGE ROCHE,

HATTER & FURRIER,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now prepared to take orders for

ALL KINDS of FURS.

Having procured the services of a first-class Cutter from Paris, particular attention paid to repairing.

☞ All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.

Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs.

October 14. 1D-6m

LECTURE

BY THE
REV. JOSEPH WILD, M.A.,
IN NEILSON'S HALL,
FRIDAY Evening, Feb. 21st.

SUBJECT:

"THE VOICE."

Chair taken by JAMES BROWN, Esq., M. P., at half-past seven.

Admission 12½ cents.

Proceeds given to the M. E. ORGAN FUND. The public are cordially invited.

P. S.—This Lecture will show how to come in possession of, and keep a good voice. With hints how to speak in public, and how to sing, and other interesting points.

PER ORDER OF COM.

Belleville, Feb. 14th, 1868. 244-6t

Fornerl & Kennedy,

CIVIL and MINING ENGINEERS, Provincial Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Madoc. Lands carefully examined and reported on. Money to loan.

☞ All orders by mail will receive immediate attention.

C. C. FORNERI, C.E. & P.L.S.
246d L. KENNEDY, C.E. & P.L.S.

GRAND DISCOUNT SALES OF DRY GOODS, AT P. D. CONGER'S.

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THIS BANK is prepared to issue drafts, receive deposits, and grant interest receipts at the office of the Commercial Bank in Belleville.

Mr. THOMSON will be happy to see his old friends.

Belleville, Jany. 23, 1868. 225 tf

DIARIES, DIARIES, FOR 1868,

AT
J. C. OVERELL'S,
TURNBULL'S BLOCK,
180 FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

The X-Mas No. of the
ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS,
IS NOW READY.

ALSO,
BOUND NUMBERS OF
British Workman,
Band of Hope Review,
Children's Friend,
Infant's Magazine,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
LEISURE HOUR, SUNDAY AT HOME, &c., &c.,
AT
J. C. OVERELL'S,
OPPOSITE THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
FRONT STREET.
BELLEVILLE.
January 4, 1868. 209

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF FLANNELS,

GENT'S

FURNISHING GOODS,

&c., &c.,

JUST RECEIVED,

AT

J. MUIR & CO.'S.

Horses, Carriages, &c., FOR SALE.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS
TAKEN AT PAR.

Apply to
H. PRETTY,
Opposite the Market.
Belleville, Oct. 23, 1867. 147-tf

Limes and Glycerine,
The best Hair Dresser before the public.
Limes and Glycerine,
The best preparation known for Dandruff.
Limes and Glycerine,
Allays all irritation of the Scalp.
Limes and Glycerine,
All who have used it pronounce it superior to any preparation for the Hair.
Limes and Glycerine,
Is to be found on almost every toilet table.
Limes and Glycerine,
Far superior to pure Glycerine for chapped hands, &c.
Prepared only at
APOTHECARIES HALL,
1d1y Front St., Belleville.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

Ladies Work Boxes,
" Writing Desks,
" Dressing Cases,
Photograph Albums,
Fancy Wool Goods,
Ladies Bonnets,

A fine assortment of

Dress Goods!

and the

Latest Styles in Cloth

FOR LADIES JACKETS.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

Dec. 19, 1867. 1D-1y

GRAHAM FLOUR,

OATMEAL, SPLIT PEAS, BEANS, &c.

—ALSO,—

WHITEFISH AND HERRINGS

IN BARRELS & HALF BARRELS,

At the "Corner Store,"
Front and Bridge Streets.

A. FLETCHER & Co.

January 15, 1868. 7-1y, w48-3t

HOOP SKIRTS,

LATEST STYLES.

G. C. Holton & Co.

J. & W. Sutherland

WOULD respectfully solicit an inspection of their new stock of

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS,

Which will be found complete in the following specialities:

FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FRENCH MERINOS—2s. 6d. and upwards
FRENCH LAMAS & THIBETS.
FRENCH DELAINES.
SCOTCH TWEEDS.
" ALL WOOL HOSIERY.
CANADIAN " "
" FLANNELS.
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.
DUNDAS COTTONS AND BAGS.
AMERICAN YARN.

J. & W. SUTHERLAND.

Belleville, October, 1867. 1D6m

HUFFMAN HOUSE,

MADOC, ONTARIO.

HUFFMAN & SON, Proprietors,
(LATE OF PETERBOROUGH.)

☞ Every attention paid to travellers. House and furniture entirely new. 145-tf 36tf

Partner Wanted.

WANTED, as equal partner in a light and profitable manufacturing business, a good responsible man, with some capital to invest.

For particulars enquire at 224, or at the office of S. B. Burdett, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Front St., Belleville.

Belleville, Jan. 27, 1868. 228-tf

NEW BOOKS AT F. VAN NORMAN'S.

Queen Victoria's Journal, "Our Life in the Highlands."
Wood's Natural History—2,500 illustrations, 3 vols., Royal 8vo..... $14 00
Chambers' Cyclopedia, now complete, 10 vols..... per vol. 2 50
Chambers' Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols..... 2 00
Family Cyclopedia..... 75
Our Constitution..... 1 00
Romance of Charity..... 1 00
The Land and the Book..... 2 00
Pre-historic Scotland..... 5 00
Knight's Half-hours with best Authors, 2 vols..... 2 50
Knight's Half-hours with English History..... 1 25
North-west Passage by Land, by Viscount Milton and Cheadle.
Barnes' Notes, complete.
D'Israeli's Curiosities of Literature, cloth and morocco.
Kitto's Bible History of the Holy Land.
Weeles' Scientific Works.

ALL THE POETS, &c., &c.,

NEW SCHOOL BOOKS.

The CHEAPEST STATIONERY

In Belleville.

WALL PAPERS

From 5 cts. to $1 20 per Roll.

BIBLES,
HYMN BOOKS,
PRAYER BOOKS,
PSALM BOOKS,
CATECHISMS, &c. &c.

Sunday School Libraries

In great variety, and very low prices.

A GOOD STOCK OF

Sheet Music, Music Books, Violins,

&c., &c., constantly on hand.

☞ Orders by mail promptly executed.

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,
BELLEVILLE.

Belleville, Feb. 8, 1868. 229-tf

F. HACKETT

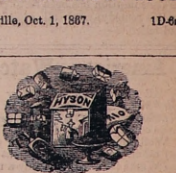
HAS RECEIVED A

CHOICE ASSORTMENT

OF

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS

Belleville, Oct. 1, 1867. 1D-6m



HURRAH FOR

THE DOMINION.

R. H. JONES

BEGS leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened a new WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Grocery and Liquor Store,

in the premises lately occupied by Messrs. O'Brien & Henchy, where he will keep on hand a select and varied assortment of

General Groceries,
AND LIQUORS,

For family use and medicinal purposes.

TEAS.

YOUNG AND OLD HYSONS,
GUNPOWDER, TWANKAY,
IMPERIAL, JAPAN,
SOUCHONG,
CONGOU, &c., &c.

COFFEES.

THE BEST IN TOWN, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.

He would especially call the attention of families to his stock of

WINES, SPIRITS & LIQUORS.

Brandies, Ports, Sherries.

Irish, Scotch & Morton's Whiskeys.

Old Tom & Holland Gins.
IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.

Together with a large assortment of

CHAMPAGNE,
of the most popular brands,

LIQUEURS & CORDIALS, &C.

In addition to these there will be found a splendid stock of

LAMP GOODS & TRIMMINGS.

☞ Goods sent promptly to customers in any part of the town.

Belleville, Dec. 9, 1867. 168 43-tf

BLANKS of every description for sale at *The Intelligencer* office.

Horror of Horrors!

A TEXAN DESPERADO COMMITS FORTY MURDERS.

The Memphis (Tenn.) *Post* of the 3rd contains the following concerning a desperado who has been committing fearful deeds of blood in northeastern Texas:—

With this man murder seems to be a sort of diabolical pastime in which he takes delight as other men would do in the killing of game. He calls himself "Col. Baker, of the Confederate army," but it is said he never held a commission in that army. He was in the rebel service as a private soldier or guerilla, and, we believe, was at one time in the Union army.

He was in Texas before the war, and married in the region of his present exploits. After the war he had no disposition to settle down to make an honest and peaceable living, but ranged about, committing depredations and outrages of the most infamous character. His conduct was so outrageous that General Reynolds, commanding in Texas, issued an order declaring him an outlaw, and directing that he should be killed wherever found.

He has lately been roaming over the country in the Northeastern corner of Texas, and occasionally in the Indian Territory and Southwestern Arkansas, sometimes alone, and at other times accompanied by other leaders and desperate characters.

A detailed account of all the outrages of this desperate villian would fill a volume. He is said to have committed upwards of forty murders. At first his murderous acts were confined to United States soldiers and negroes; but he has ceased to make distinctions, and now exempt from his [illegible] classes is atrocities.

The commander of the post at Boston, in Bowie county, Texas, issued a circular offering a reward of two hundred dollars for his head. Baker in return wrote a proclamation signing it Col. Baker, C. S. A.," offering four hundred dollars for the commander's head. He proposed to capitulate on certain conditions, among which were the following: That all United States soldiers should leave the South—that all Rebels should be repaid for their losses during the war, and that the Southern Confederacy should be acknowledged. Of late he has announced that he will not spare the Rebels. He says they have submitted to the Yankees and have dared to censure his acts, and he will treat all alike.

His last crowning act of atrocious crime aroused the citizens, and a party was organized to capture and kill Baker. He, however, made his escape and is still at large.

Who is the oldest lunatic on record? Time out of mind.

Many a heart has been made glad by the use of Allen's Lung Balsam. Many cases of Consumption has been restored to health by this remedy, after all other medicines had failed.

American Watches.

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its use Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is, indeed, little else than a machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course, there must be no defect in the principle of plan or the movement, no mistake in the sizes or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the reduplication of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough subdivision.

By means of multiplying guages and microscopes, tests and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools, and for faults and flaws in steel or stone, are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a finished machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home.—Instead of sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the lightest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear ringing sound always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a time keeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The Company claim that by it they produce Watches that cannot be equalled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan, and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of Watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes to suit all tastes and means; but every Watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM" is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

☞ EVERY WATCH FULLY WARRANTED.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
No. 182, Broadway, N.Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
TORONTO and MONTREAL,
General Agents.

Toronto, Nov. 2, 1867. 168-2m 40-3m

HURRAH FOR

BARNUM'S

LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half-past 8 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12, noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 2 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

S. BARNUM,
Proprietor.

C. HORTON, Agent, Belleville.
S. GUSTIN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1867. D68

REMOVAL.

N. MANN begs to notify the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to the Dafoe House Building, where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many more, who will favor him with their patronage.

Belleville, Dec. 27, 1867.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Messrs. WALLACE & FORDYCE as Photographers, in the Town of Belleville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

"(Signed) D. J. WALLACE.
ED. FORDYCE.

Belleville, December 4th, 1867.

THE undersigned having purchased Mr. Fordyce's interest in the Gallery, will hereafter conduct the business on his own account. His long experience and thorough knowledge of the business will enable him to satisfy all who give him a call.

ROOMS:—Over Graham and Grainger's Store.

ENTRANCE:—Two doors South of Holden's Drug Store.

D. J. WALLACE.
Belleville, Dec. 4th, 1867. 185-ThST

Store-keepers! Farmers! And Others!

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM THE IMPORTERS DIRECT.

The Montreal Tea Company,

6 Hospital Street, Montreal,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to different parts of the country—and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:—

RUSSELL HOTEL, QUEBEC, January 7, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant.

WILLIS RUSSELL.

HOUSE OF SENATE, Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours &c.,

S. SKINNER.

QUEBEC, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of 30 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 55 cents was of excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for.

Yours respectfully,

D. ANDERSON.

TORONTO, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The two chests of Tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward ten chests of mine at Brampton, one chest Fine Flavored New Season Congou, at same price, viz.: at 55 cents per lb. Yours &c.,

JAMES EDGAR.

FELCOME, December 23, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me it is considered as good as that he was using, for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz.: at 75 cents per lb. Address as before.

Your obedient servant. JOHN T. DAY.

COBOURG, January 8, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box of 30 lbs. at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the "Medical Journal" have frequently declared that one half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15, and 12 lbs. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do. 55c., 60c., and 65c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c.; Sound Oolong, 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60c.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan, Good, 55c.; Very Fine, do. 65c.; Finest, 65c., 75c.; Scented Orange Pekoe, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankey Common, 38c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c., 60c., 65c., and 70c.; Fine do., 75c.; Very Fine, 85c.; Superfine and very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c.; Extra Superfine do., $1.

All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality, and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c. to 70c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office orders before ordering. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by expressman, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of five chests and upwards.

All Boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL!

THE "DAILY NEWS,"

$6 00 per Annum, in advance.

JOHN LOVELL,
Printer and Publisher.

63

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

MOIRA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Capital Stock, $100,000. Divided into 10,000 Shares.

WORKING CAPITAL, $15,000.

HORACE YEOMANS, Esq., PRESIDENT. ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., TREASURER.
B. S. GILBERT, Esq., SECRETARY. J. G. SHURTZ, Esq., SUPERINTENDENT.

MERCHANTS' BANK, BANKERS. DEAN & GILBERT, SOLICITORS.

DIRECTORS:

HORACE YEOMANS, of Flint & Yeomans, Belleville.
ANDREW THOMSON, Banker, Belleville.
W. W. DEAN, Master in Chancery, Belleville.
JOHN G. SHURTZ, Superintendent.
JAMES LISTER, M.D., Belleville.
JAMES W. CARMAN, American, Consul, Belleville.
BARTON S. GILBERT, of Dean & Gilbert, Barristers, Belleville.

THIS COMPANY is duly incorporated under Cap. 23, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the purpose of working the mineral veins upon *sixteen* acres of Lot No. 19, in the fifth concession of Madoc, (the Richardson Mine being No. 18 in the same concession.)

A shaft has been sunk to the depth of nine feet in the rock. At six feet a gold-bearing lode was struck, of 18 inches in width, which at nine feet has increased to 2½ feet, and a crushing at Gilbert & Turley's mill of four and one-half tons of the rock, gave a yield of over fifty-six dollars in gold; the lode is clearly defined, and evidently extends the whole length of the property—52 rods.

The territory is admirably situated for mining purposes, being a high ridge covered with indications of mineral veins. There are numerous places on the land fully as promising as the one on which the shaft has been sunk, and which would unquestionably yield as well. The large quantity of land, and the prospects of other gold-bearing veins, make it certain that the Company will be able to subdivide the property as soon as a little further development has been made, and form other Companies at great advantage.

Work is being vigorously prosecuted in the shaft, under the superintendence of JOHN G. SHURTZ, Esq., one of the Directors, who is largely interested in the proprietary of the mine, and who has had thirteen years' practical experience in the gold mines of California and Nevada, and is unquestionably the most accomplished quartz miner now in this country.

It is intended to have a further crushing in a few days, and negotiations are in progress which, if carried out, will secure a mill to the Company at once, so that regular work will be gone on with without delay, and dividends may, in that case, be expected in a short time.

Belleville, Jan. 27th, 1868. 2284-tf

India and China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or $1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb. Finest procurable, $1.00.

Protected by Trade Mark.

☞ Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.
August 16th, 1867. D90-1y W27-1y

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO. OF CANADA.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
INCORPORATED 1849.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., President, LEWIS MOFFATT, Esq., Vice-President.
HON. MALCOLM CAMERON, | A. T. FULTON, Esq., | W. J. McDONELL, Esq.
C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq., | H. S. HOWLAND, Esq. | J. McGILLES, Esq.,
GEORGE CHAFFEY, Esq., | A. R. McMASTER, Esq. | A. M. SMITH, Esq.

SOLICITORS:—MESSRS. DUGGAN & BURNS.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on every description of property.

MARINE INSURANCES—Inland and to the Lower Ports, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the West Indies, and by steam vessels to Europe.

Rates as moderate as any other respectable Insurance Company.

F. McANNANY, Esq., Agent, Belleville. JAS. SIDNEY CROCKER, Manager.
November 12, 1867. 39w6m-1056m

BELLEVILLE

AGRICULTURAL WORKS AND IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Threshing Machines,
STRAW CUTTERS,
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,
Iron and Steel Ploughs,
Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-tf

MORTGAGE SALE.

UNDER power of sale contained in a mortgage made the 28th day of October, 1863, between William Donovan, of Belleville, Grocer, and the Hon. John Ross, there will be sold for default of payment of mortgage money, on

Thursday, the 5th day of March,

1868, at TWELVE o'clock, NOON, by M. NULTY, at his auction rooms in the Town of Belleville, the following valuable property, viz.: Lot number eighteen, on the East side of Sidney Street, as laid down on a plan of survey of Lots numbers one and two, in the second Concession of the Township of Thurlow, in the County of Hastings, made by Henry A. P. McLeod, Esq., P. L. S., and registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings, on the 28th day of October, A. D. 1863.

The said lot number eighteen, contains ten acres of land more or less. It is fenced and otherwise improved.

For terms of sale and other particulars, enquire of JAMES ROSS, Esq., or of the undersigned.

ROSS, BELL & HOLDEN,
Attorneys for Hon. John Ross.
Belleville, 5th Feb., 1863. 237-4-Th

ORANGE CERTIFICATES

FOR SALE at the INTELLIGENCER Office Intelligencer Buildings, Front Street Belleville.

BRITISH PERIODICALS,

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review (Whig).
The Westminster Review (Liberal).
The North British Review (Free Church.)
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory.)

THESE periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stands unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better view of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews, - - $4.00 per annum.
For any two of the Reviews, - - 7.00 "
For any three of the Reviews, - - 10.00 "
For all four of the Reviews, - - 12.00 "
For Blackwoods Magazine, - - 4.00 "
For Blackwood and one Review, - 7.00 "
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews, - - 10.00 "
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews, - - 13.00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews, 15.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of *twenty per cent.* will be allowed to Clubs of four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to *one address* for $12.80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $48.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is 24 cents a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums for New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, gratis, any one of the *Four Reviews* for 1867. New Subscribers to all five of the periodicals for 1868 may receive, gratis, Blackwood or any two of the "*Four Reviews*" for 1867.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1.50 a year for each or any Review; also, Blackwood for 1866 and 1867, for $2.50 a year, or the two years together for $4.00.

☞ Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to Clubs, nor reduced prices for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted *direct to the Publishers.*

No premiums can be given to Clubs.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING Co.,
140 Fulton St., N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE,

by HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1600 pages, and numerous Engravings.

Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid, $8

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the *AMERICAN (WALTHAM) WATCH* have given it such a wide world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and printed its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found, who furtively trade upon the popularity of the American Watch, by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article. It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for genuine watches have attained. The several grades of the American Watches—except the lowest grade, marked bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. ROBBINS.

The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine Watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH Co.

APPLETON, TRACY & Co.

WALTHAM WATCH Co.

P. S. BARTLETT.

WM. ELLERY.

HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the General Superintendent,
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

GENTLEMEN—The watches manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years by our engineers, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying your watches give us less trouble and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never kept time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that Waltham watches are the most satisfactory of any for their uses. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have never known one to wear out, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON.
G. Chief Engineer.
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto & Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS.

Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-3m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every afternoon (Sundays excepted) and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of $5 a year if paid in advance, $6 otherwise. Mail subscribers $5 a year. $2 50 for 6 months; $1 50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgewater, Marmora and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the **Gold Regions**, and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., &c., and in short, neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months	$ 5 00
Half Square, 6 months	$10 00
One Square, 6 months	$20 00
Two Squares, 6 months	$30 00
Four Squares, 6 months	$50 00
Notices of Births	50
Do of Marriages	50
Do of Deaths	50

"BUSINESS NOTICES"—All matter under this heading, leaded or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of solid minion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements every two weeks.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion, and 3 cents for each additional insertion.

The Weekly Intelligencer

Is published every Friday Morning at $2 per annum if called for at the office, or sent by mail; and $2½ if delivered by the Carrier, payable in all cases in advance. When not paid until the close of the year, 50 cents will be added to each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, and the number now on our Subscription Books is over 1,400. With such a large and general circulation throughout this and adjoining Counties, the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed advantages to advertisers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Six lines and under, first insertion	0 50
Each subsequent insertion	0 12½
Above six lines (per line) first insertion	0 07
Each subsequent insertion per do	0 02

☞ "BUSINESS NOTICES"—10 cents per line for each insertion, measured as solid minion.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to insure their appearance.

All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

The Intelligencer Job Office

Is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the country.

The DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER can be had at the Book Stores in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at El Dorado.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

M. ROWELL,
Publisher

INTELLIGENCER BUILDING, Front Street, Belleville.

Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 1. BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, SATURDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 22, 1868. No. 251.

Montreal Business Directory.

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal,

DEPARTMENTS.

Braces,	Knitted Woolens,
Braids,	Laces,
Brushes and Combs,	Ladies Collars and Sets,
Buttons,	Straw Goods,
Corsets,	Small Wares in great
Elastics,	variety,
Felt Hats,	Threads,
Gents Collars and Ties,	Trimmings & Ornaments
Hosiery and Gloves,	Umbrellas,
VELVET RIBBONS, &c.	

HOOP SKIRTS,—our own Manufacture. 156-6m

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware Manufacturers,
MONTREAL.

KILN PLATES
AND
CASTINGS for BREWERIES,
Any parties about putting up new kilns for
MALT OR OATMEAL
will do well to correspond with the above. 156-6m.

BURROWS & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobaccos, &c., &c.
418 St. Paul St., Montreal.

☞ Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 156-6m

PEAVEY & MARCH,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions,
And everything usually sold in a first class Grocery.
No. 344 Notre Dame Street, a few doors West St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

☞ Every article warranted to be as represented or may be returned. Goods sent to any part of the City Free of Charge. 156-6m

HUNTER, DUFFY & JOHNSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
20 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 156-6m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, PROPRIETOR.
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-6m

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, Collins Wharf, Halifax.

PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 38d-6m-W6m

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
376 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.

MAPS, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, Bills of Lading, Blank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards, in any number of colors. Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 27D6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c., &c., &c.,
25 Hospital St., - - - MONTREAL,

OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and
ON AS GOOD TERMS
as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.
July 27, 1867. 74d.

QUEEN
INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL, - - - - $10,000,000.
FIRE and LIFE.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers.—One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to **Ten per Cent.** of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management **Must Largely** Influence Profits and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in 1868, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.

M. HOWELL,
Agent.
DR. CANNIFF, *Intelligencer Office.*
Medical Referee.
May, 1867. 4D-6m0.

Montreal Business Directory.

Frothingham & Workman,
MONTREAL,
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.

Warehouse and Offices 395 to 399, St. Paul St.

Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on nand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c.
May 1st. 1d-6m

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M. D.,
Consulting and Analytical Chemist,
630 Lagauchetiere Street, Montreal.

☞ At home for consultation before 10 A. M., between 2 and 3, and after 6 P. M.

FEES FOR ANALYSIS,—$5 a metal, payable in advance. 156-6m

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
303 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL.

Every description of Jewelry manufactured from Gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 28d6m

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant,
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

Agent for Walter Evans & Co. Sewing and Knitting Cottons, Derby; and J. M. Perry & Co.'s Gray's Patent Linen Fibre Collarss, Nottingham, England. 1D-6m

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER.
OFFICE: Corner of St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.
REFERENCES—Robertson & Beattie, Robert Esdsile, Esq., Jas Torrance, Esq. 31D3m

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT
And Commission Merchants,
49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street, MONTREAL. 1D-6m

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant.
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods. 1D-6m

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 329 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 28d6m

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.
THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.
E. MILE,
Chemist and Druggist,
23d6m Place D'Armes, Montreal.

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McCUAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
OFFICE.—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and 81 Common Street, Canal Wharf,
MONTREAL.

☞ Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and other Produce, and purchase of Merchandise. 28d6m

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
100 GREY NUNS STREET, MONTREAL,
HAVE FOR SALE—

BOILER TUBES.	DRAIN PIPES,
GAS TUBES,	ROMAN CEMENT,
Horse Nails,	WATER LIME,
Paints and Putty,	Portland Cement,
Fire Bricks,	Paving Tiles,
Fire Clay,	Garden Vases,
Flue Covers.	Chimney Tops, &c.

☞ Manufacturers o AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR, and BED SPRINGS. 24D6m

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.
LIBERAL advances made on consignments to ourselves, or for shipment to our friends in Great Britain and the Lower Port
May 31st, 1867. 27D6m

A. ROBERTSON & Co,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Manties, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosiery, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Clothes, Canadian Woollens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons, Prints, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Muslins.
478 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St., MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro', C. W. 1D-6m

Important to Miners and MINING MEN.
JOHNS' Patent Water-Proof Safety Fuse for WET GROUND and SUBMARINE BLASTING, is much cheaper than any other, and pronounced by Mining men much better than any imported.

Testimonials received from men well known in the mining and quarrying business of Canada and the United States; from Messrs. Morrill & Colby, Bennets, Wiswell Macfarland, Adams, Watson, Griffith, Wearn, and others.

☞ All orders promptly attended to.
Address JOHNS & Co.,
150-3m Sherbrooke, Q.

TERRAPIN RESTAURANT
CHARLES PAPINEAU,
BEGS to inform the public that he has opened the TERRAPIN RESTAURANT, in Coleman's Building, next door to Dr. Coleman's Drug Store, and he has fitted it up in first class style, with every convenience. He will keep constantly on hand the best Ale and Porter, and the purest brands of Liquors.

☞ Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c., always on hand.
Belleville, Oct. 16, 1867. 142-tf

CONCER BROS.
FEELING thankful for the very liberal patronage given them for the past year, beg to remind their customers and the public that having thoroughly
REFITTED THEIR STORE!
are now opening a well assorted stock of FRESH TEAS, SUGARS, SPICES, CURRANTS, RAISINS, FIGS, &c.
Special attention is called to their fine assortment of
Jams, Jellies, Canned and Bottled FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.
R. D. CONGER, J. A. CONGER.
Nov. 13th, 1867. 1D1y

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the
Canadian & United States Mails.
1867—SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.—1867.
Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.
Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.

This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undernoted First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double-Engine Iron Steamships:—

AUSTRIAN.	2700	Tons.	Capt. AITON.
NESTORIAN,	2700	"	Lt. DUTTON, R.N.R.
MORAVIAN	2650	"	Capt. WYLIE.
PERUVIAN,	2600	"	Capt. BALLANTINE.
HIBERNIAN,	2434	"	Capt. BROWN.
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	2300	"	Capt. ALLAN.
NORTH-AMERICAN,	1734	"	Capt. KERR.
BELGIAN,	2434	"	Capt. GRANGE.
DAMASCUS,	1600	"	Capt. WATTS.

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL every THURSDAY, and from PORTLAND every SATURDAY, calling at Lough Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)

The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from PORTLAND as undernoted, viz:—

NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 25th Jan.
PERUVIAN,	Saturday, 1st Feb.
AUSTRIAN,	Saturday, 8th "
HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 15th "
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Saturday, 22nd "
MORAVIAN,	Saturday, 29th "
NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 7th March

St. GEORGE from Portland, 21st February.
St. ANDREW from Portland, 11th March.

☞ Fares per "Nova Scotian," 11th January, from Scotland to St. Johns, N. F., are—Cabin, $30; Steerage, $15.

Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway:—

CABIN, - - -	$80 20 to $90 20
(according to accommodation.)	
STEERAGE, - - - -	$32 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.
Berths not secured until paid for.
For particulars, apply to
J. W. THOMPSON, Agent,
Canadian Express Office,
27D6m-16W1y BELLEVILLE.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
For 1868.
THE CHEAPEST OF LADIES' MAGAZINES,
BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST.

THE friend of woman, the arbiter of fashion, the encourager and publisher of the best literature of the day, the pattern from which all others copy.

READING MATTER.

In this there will be an improvement. The volume for 1868 will be set up with new-faced type, and of a size that will enable us to give an additional quantity of reading matter amounting to about twelve pages in each number.

BEAUTIFUL STEEL PLATES.

Of these the LADY'S BOOKS contain *fourteen* each year, superior (we challenge comparison) to any published in this country, either in book or periodical.

THE LITERATURE OF THE LADY'S BOOK.

MARION HARLAND,
Authoress of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Moss Side," "Nemesis," and "Mariam,"

who contributes to no other monthly publication, will furnish a new novel for 1868, called "PEARL ROWLAND," that will run through the year. Her stories are anxiously sought after, and as they are copyrighted, can be found nowhere but in GODEY. Our former efficient corps of writers has also been retained.

OUR FASHION PLATES.

The original double fashion-plates will be continued each month. CAUTION.—The only magazine in this country that gives these designs is the LADY'S BOOK.

DRAWING LESSONS.—In this we are also alone.

ORIGINAL MUSIC.—GODEY'S is the only magazine in which music prepared expressly for it appears.

We have also a CHILDREN'S, a HORTICULTURAL, and a HEALTH Department.

GODEY'S INVALUABLE RECEIPTS

upon every subject, for the Boudior, Nursery, Kitchen, House, and Laundry.

TINTED ENGRAVINGS.—This is a series of engravings that no one has attempted but ourselves.

LADIES' FANCY WORK DEPARTMENT.—Some of the designs in this department are printed in colors in a style unequalled.

Terms for 1868.

One copy, one year, - - - - - -	$3 00
Two copies, one year, - - - - -	5 00
Three copies, one year, - - - -	7 00
Four copies, one year, - - - -	10 00
Five copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making six copies - - - - -	14 00
Eight copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making nine copies, - - - - -	21 00
Eleven copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making twelve copies - - - -	27 00

Godey's Lady's Book and Arthur's Home Magazine will be sent one year on receipt of $4 00.

Godey's Lady's and The Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $3 50.

Godey's Lady's Book, Arthur's Home Magazine, and Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $5 00.

☞ Canada subscribers must send 24 cents additional for every subscription to the Lady's Book, and 12 cents for either of the other magazines, to pay the American postage.

HOW TO REMIT.—In remitting by mail, a Post Office Order or a Draft, *payable to the Order of L. A. Godey*, is preferable to bank notes, as, should the Order or Draft be lost or stolen, it can be renewed without loss to the sender. If a Draft or a Post Office Order cannot be procured, send United States or National Bank notes.

Address L. A. GODEY,
N. E. Corner Sixth and Chestnut Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

Belleville Business Directory.

Macleilan & Macleilan,
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency Attornies-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c, &c Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Ross, Bell & Holden,
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville.
HON. JNO. ROSS, JOHN BELL. THOS. HOLDEN
1D6m Wtf

Diamond & Dickson,
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c.
OFFICE:—Neilson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
A. DIAMOND. GEO. D. DICKSON.
1D-Wtf

A. R. Dougall,
BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.
Office over Orrell's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.

Robertson & Stewart,
BARRISTERS and Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office,—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street,
ALEX. ROBERTSON. D. E. K. STEWART.
1D6m-Wtf

Legate & Price,
BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1D6m-Wtf

Geo. H. Raymes,
HATTER and Furrier, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs.
1D6m-Wtf

McLeod & Carre,
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURveyors, Architects, Draughtsmen and Patent Solicitors, 15½ Front Street, Belleville. 1D

Piccadilly & Kelso,
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Law Partnership.
THE undersigned have this day entered into co-partnership under the name of Jellett & Bleasdell. Office—Corner of Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville.
R. P. JELLETT.
8th October, 1867. J. H. T. BLEASDELL.

Forrest & Lozo's
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Lazier's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 35D-tf

T. Lockerty,
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 22D6m

Ponton, Falkiner & Denmark
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

Angus McFee,
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellry and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1D6m

John Wilson,
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street, Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 1D6m

J. W. Brown,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

Geo. Gibson,
MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1D6m

J. C. Vapor,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

To Gold Miners
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Swedes Iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. WM. POWELL.
1D6m

McKeown & Robertson,
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

ALLSOP'S ALE,
Guinness' Stout,
Blood's Porter!!
IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT
106m **HAMBLY'S.**

BILL HEADS,
AND all other kinds of JOB PRINTING, executed with neatness and despatch at the INTELLIGENCER Office, Front Street, Belleville.

At the Church Gate.

BY WILLIAM MAKEPEACE THACKERAY.

Although I enter not,
Yet round about the spot
Oft-times I hover;
And near the sacred gate
With longing eyes I wait,
Expectant of her.

The minster bell tolls out
Above the city's rout,
And noise and humming;
They've hushed the minster bell;
The organ 'gins to swell:
She's coming, she's coming!

My lady comes at last,
Timid and stepping fast,
And hastening hither,
With modest eye downcast;
She comes—she's here, she's past!
May Heaven go with her!

Kneel undisturbed, fair saint!
Pour out your praise or plaint
Meekly and duly;
I will not enter there,
To sully your pure prayer
With thoughts unruly.

But suffer me to pace
Round the forbidden place,
Lingering a minute—
Like outcast spirits who wait,
And see, through Heaven's gate,
Angels within it.

"Too Hard for Me."

Morris Clinton was an only son, born to wealth and a proud position in society. His father was pre-eminently worldly, seeking mainly to increase his already large fortune, and looking to see his son, as he expressed it, "cut a handsome figure in the world." Mrs. Clinton was a Christian; and while Morris was a child, he was sufficiently under her influence to be gently led in the paths of Christian nature.

But as he emerged from childhood, the more worldly views of his father drew him gradually into another course. Morris was easily influenced; he was gentle and yielding. So, while from habit and difference to his mother's wishes he spent his Sabbaths in outward religious observances, he followed his gay comrades during the week to the assembly room and the theatre, and tolerated as friends because of their companionable qualities, some of whom he knew to be familiar with haunts of vice.

Yet the young man was himself free from all gross immoralities, and was warmly loved by his family and his acquaintances. Especially was he an object of deep interest to his pastor, who saw his amiable natural traits, his danger of being led hopelessly astray, and earnestly desired to see him a trophy to Christ.

When the young man was in his nineteenth year, a precious revival of religion occurred in the church whose Sabbath services he attended, and not a few of the young were giving their hearts to the Redeemer. Morris became a subject of pious solicitude, and many were the invitations he received to join those who were seeking the Lord. He did not seem insensible to the appeals made to him, but still kept himself in the charmed circle of the world's gayeties, holding aloof as much as his courteous nature would allow, from the tender persuasions of Christians.

At length his pastor sought and found an opportunity of direct, personal conversation with him upon the subject of his soul's salvation. "I cannot see you indifferent to your immortal interests," the good man said, "and wasting so precious a season as this, without a special intreaty to you to give instant heed to this great matter of making your peace with God. Surely you must think, must know how important a thing it is for a sinner under sentence of eternal death to seek and gain reconciliation with his offended God—to win, through Jesus Christ, pardon and life."

"I do," replied Morris, "I do acknowledge the duty of becoming a Christian. I have been too well instructed by yourself and by my excellent mother not to know that I ought to repent of sin and give my heart to God. But it is too hard for me at present; I cannot see my way clear to lead a Christian life."

"Surely, my dear young friend, there are no obstacles on the part of God. He has made full provision for you, has opened a clear way through the blood and intercession of his dear Son, and now calls to you, 'All things are ready.' Why will you delay?"

Morris was deeply moved, and his trembling lips could hardly speak his answer. "Dear pastor," he said, "I feel the force of your appeal. I would be a Christian; I hope to be some time."

"God's time is now, Morris. 'To-day, if ye will hear his voice, harden not your heart.' Do you not believe this is a present duty?"

"Yes," was the young man's honest answer.

"What hinders you then?" rejoined the pastor.

Morris could not longer withstand the kind urgency of this best of friends. "I will tell you frankly," he said. "I cannot become a Christian without giving up those amusements in which I find my chief enjoyment. I cannot lead a religious life without abandoning the companions whose society is so pleasant. The sacrifice is too hard for me."

Ah, had the deluded youth realized how sweet were the pleasures which religion yields; had he been willing to trust a Saviour's promise to recompense a hundredfold those for his sake give up friends who are dear to them, he might have had in this world the reward of longer life, and "in the world to come life everlasting."

The gay companions whom Morris could not give up, took him, a few days after, to the pastor's appeal, for a moonlight sail to the harbor, and one of them, while excited

with wines, upset the boat, causing Morris and another to find a watery grave.

Dear young readers, be warned by the above true history, and do not feel that it is too hard to obey God. He knows how to reward every sacrifice made for him. Especially will he bestow sweeter pleasures in the ways of wisdom than sinful follies can yield, and he will give his followers not only the purest, but the most satisfying friendships. And who can tell, that an ungodly companion pronounced for Jesus' sake, may not, by that very renunciation, be led himself to Christ, and thus the ties of earth merge in the fellowship of heaven.

The U. S. Navy.

The Americans are, just now, rather dissatisfied with their navy. They find that while they have some monitors fit for harbor defences, and a few very fast steamers, they have scarcely an efficient man-of-war in the service. The New York *Herald* says "the ships of the American navy are so deeply immersed by machinery that they are unable to carry a suitable battery, and their holds are so cut up that they can neither berth their crews comfortably nor stow away sufficient supplies of provisions, water and coal to keep them at sea for six consecutive weeks, and, worse, even space is lacking for ammunition for half an ordinary cruise. Our fast cruisers are the most complete failures possible to imagine. They can neither take the open sea for an ordinary cruise nor safely fight an enemy off our coast. And this class of vessels, constructed or in course of building, is to make up our navy. It is high time, we think, that this ruinous policy of making every power of a man-of-war subordinate to its speed should give way to one more sensible. We should hereafter confine ourselves to building vessels with a maximum speed of twelve knots an hour, which can carry a heavy battery, have plenty of room for the crew, large store rooms and magazines, besides carrying coal enough for a three months' cruise, the engines being used as auxiliary to the sails. Engines are constantly getting out of order; journals become heated, valves are deranged, cylinders leak and crank pins break, and any one of these accidents renders the engines useless for a greater or less time, and then recourse must be had to the sails. With sails and rigging the danger is not so great, and is more readily guarded against, and therefore they should hereafter become a more prominent part in the motive power of a ship than they have been for a few years past. We must return to the models of the Colorado, Franklin, Brooklyn, Hartford and vessels of their class, which, if they are not so fast as the Wampanoag and Madawaska, can fight if they cannot run."

The House of Peers.

The House of Peers at present consists of—one Prince, two Royal Dukes, three archbishops, 25 dukes, 33 marquises, 160 earls, 33 viscounts, 27 bishops, and 164 barons—the total number of peers being 449. The Bishop of Bath and Wells sits also as Baron Aucland. The following clergymen have also seats in the House of Lords as lay peers: The Rev. E. A. Hobart, Earl of Buckinghamshire; the Rev. William George Howard, Earl of Carlisle; the Very Rev. William John Broderick, Viscount Middleton; the Rev. William Nevil, Earl of Abergavenny; the Ven. Frederick Twisleton, Wykeham Fiennes, D.C.L., Lord Saye and Sele; the Rev. Alfred Nathaniel H. Burzon, Lord Scarsdale. The heir presumptive to the title of Lord Arundell and Wardour is his brother, the Rev. Everard Aloysius Gonzaga, a Jesuit priest. There are 107 peers of Scotland and Ireland, who are not peers of Parliament; there are 22 members of the Privy Council; and the archbishops, bishops, colonial bishops, bishops of the Episcopal Church of Scotland, and retired bishops, number 99. There are 865 baronets, 485 civil and military knights, 137 noblemen and baronets, who are knights of the various Orders, 120 Knights of the Order of the Star of India, 751 Knights Companions of the Order of the Bath, three field marshals, 578 general officers in the army, 312 generals in Her Majesty's Indian army, 329 admirals in the navy, 56 judges in the United Kingdom and Ireland, 174 Queen's Counsel and Sergeants-at-Law in England, and 93 in Ireland. There are 162 deaths recorded of those whose names appeared in the Who's Who, and who died between the 30th of November, 1866, and the 1st of December, 1867, with the dates of their birth and death.—Who's Who, 1868.

A HORRIBLE ACCIDENT.—While a young girl of fourteen years of age was gathering chips in Mr. Valin's wood-yard, St. Roch's, on Saturday afternoon, she thoughtlessly darted forward to pick up a block of wood from under the descending axe of one of the laborers. While in the act of grasping the piece of wood, she received the full blow of the axe on her shoulder, being literally nearly cut in two. She was immediately carried to her home and medical assistance procured, but although every means was resorted to toward alleviating her sufferings, the case was pronounced hopeless. The poor little sufferer was still alive at a late hour on Saturday. No blame can be attached to the axe man who is apparently beside himself with grief at the unhappy accident.

Much dissatisfaction has been created in New Zealand by the imposition of newspaper postage to increase the revenue. The revenue obtained during the first six months of the new system was $19,000 while the number of newspapes circulated by mail decreased a million. In New South Wales the system is also unpopular, very little renumerative, and an impediment to education and improvement, particularly in the country districts, and is to be abandoned. In South Australia and Tasmania newspapers have always passed free by mail. —*Montreal Telegraph.*

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West,	7.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West,	8.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going West,	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train,	6.30 P. M.
Noon Express going East,	12.08 P. M.
Night Express going East,	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East,	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train,	9.30 P. M.

Montreal Time.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, FEB. 22.

FROM MONTREAL.

By Special Telegraph to the Daily Intelligencer.

MONTREAL, February 22.

It is stated that a detachment of the 16th regiment has lately been ordered to St. Helen's Island, for the purpose of strengthening the guards over the magazines, and that sentry is mounted at night with loaded rifles, and instructions to fire upon any body attempting to pass beats without the proper countersign. It is further said that the 78th Regiment is to be sin readiness on the slightest alarm being given. These precautionary measures have been taken in consequence of the report that lights have been seen about the magazine, which the authorities, though acting on information, do not credit.

LECTURE ON WILLIAM III.—We expect to see the Orange Hall filled to hear Mr. Pollock's lecture on William III and the Gunpowder Plot, on Monday evening, February 24th.

THEATRICAL.—The benefit of Mr. W.J. Speck, which we announced to take place next Wednesday, has been postponed until the evening following, Thursday, the 27th inst. Let there be a full house—he is a "Belleville boy."

LEISURE HOUR.—The February number of this really interesting and instructive Magazine has been laid upon our table by Mr. Overell, Bookseller. Those who desire to spend a leisure hour profitably, buy "Leisure Hour."

SUDDEN DEATH.—An inquest was held before Jonas Canniff and John P. McDonald, Coroners, on the 21st inst., on the body of Michael Durant, aged about sixty years, residing in Canifton. The deceased fell down on his face in the snow while loading wood, on the road near Ross' Corners. A *post mortem* examination was held by Dr. Burdett.—Verdict—"Died from appoplexy caused by rupture of a blood vessel."

MR. WILD'S LECTURE.—The lecture dellvered by the Rev. Joseph Wild, last evening, in Neilson's Hall, on "The Voice," was one of his happiest efforts. From the novelty of the subject, and the manner in which it was treated, it at once attracted the attention of the audience. The lecture contained a great deal of practical and useful information, and we have no doubt many of the auditors will benefit by the hints thrown out. Those that were not present missed a rare treat. The audience was not so large as one could have wished, still the hall was very well filled. At the close the rev. lecturer received a vote of thanks for his very interesting and instructive lecture.

GOLD.—The Amador (California) *Ledger* of the 4th ult., publishes the following:—"John Argell, Superintendent of the Chlorination Works of Goudy & Bigelow, in this place, has finished the working of a lot of sulphurets taken from the Keystone mine at Amador City, and the yield is truly astonishing, far exceeding the most sanguine expectations of the owners of that mine. The quantity of sulphurets worked was sixteen tons, which produced two hundred and thirty one (231) ounces of gold; fineness, 971; value $4,639; average per ton, $289.94." This is certainly encouraging to quartz-miners, and should induce them to save every pound of their sulphurets.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK.—The March number has been received, and is as attractive as usual. The embellishments consist of: Bird Catching, a steel plate; Colored Fashion-plate, containing six figures; a handsomely printed plate in blue and red, containing a fancy mat, etc; a large extension sheet, containing thirty-nine engravings of ladies' dresses, children's dresses, etc., etc.; Hush! a picture for juveniles. Among the illustrations of fancy work will be found a new style of tidy, a visiting card basket, crochet straps, serviette ring, toilet envelope, needle-book, bracelet, dog's muzzle in crochet, embroidery patterns for Bretonne jacket, netted kerchief for the head, initial letters, designs for corners of handkerchiefs, etc. The juvenile department is illustrated with some useful word for the little folks, in which they can pass many a pleasant hour. Drawing Lessons. A Cottage is also given, with the plan. The reading is of the usual character.

—A negro girl, but a little over thirteen years of age, was hung at Newcastle, Kentucky, on Friday of last week for the murder of a white child. Many thought justice might have been tempered with a little more mercy.

Gold in Marmora.

Mr. Laughlin Hughes, of Marmora, who has been sinking a shaft on Lot No. 15, 3d con. Marmora, has handed us the following certificates, which shew that he has been successful in finding the precious metal:

This is to certify that I have made an assay of 7 lbs. 14 oz. of rock said to have been taken from the mine "Louisa," situate upon Lot No. 15 in the 3rd concession of Marmora, which yielded a good show of gold and silver. The proprietors of this mine are L. Hughes and John Shannon. LORIN S. WILCOX,
Marmora, 12th Febry., 1868. Assayer.

I hereby certify on oath that the sample of gold and silver which I gave L. Hughes, Esq., was taken from 7 lbs. 14 oz. of rock, which he represented came from the west half of Lot No. 15 in the 3rd concession of Marmora.
LORIN S. WILCOX.

Sworn before me at Marmora this 15th day of Febry., 1868. JAS. HAMILTON, J. P.

Confederation in British Columbia.

The action of the Americans in Congress, through the press, and in the Legislature in California, in demanding the acquisition of British territory and fomenting annexation in British Columbia and Nova Scotia, has aroused the true spirit of loyalty in the minds of those who value true liberty in British Columbia, and public meetings are being held in favor of immediate union with Canada. The insidious attempts of our neighbors to weaken the British American Confederacy by attacking the extremities, is too transparent to succeed. They know that if Nova Scotia on the Atlantic, and British Columbia on the Pacific, were secured, either through purchase, sedition, or conquest, the centre of the continent, or that portion of British Columbia lying between, would in a short time become a prey to their avarice. To more effectually prevent this, a union of the West, as well as the East, is not only desirable, but must in a short time be accomplished. Therefore it is gratifying to learn, from British Columbian journals, that a union with Canada is being agitated. On the 31st of December last, a meeting was held in Barkerville, Cariboo, to discuss the propriety of a union, at which we are pleased to see the name of a Belleville boy, Mr. John B. Lovell, who, in an effective speech, seconded the following resolution:

"That this meeting views with feelings of the utmost satisfaction, and with unbounded confidence in the future success of the scheme, the Confederation of Her Most Gracious Majesty's Atlantic Colonial Empire, and beg to express their congratulations to their fellow subjects on its consummation."

In introducing the second resolution, a Mr. McLaren spoke as follows:

"In view of these facts I have no hesitation in asking every man present—the man of no country, if there be any here with a soul so dead; the man of every country and the patriotic foreigner, to unite in strengthening and extending the latest and best form of government; the British subjects generally, and Canadians especially, to use every effort in lengthening the cords and strengthening the stakes of this new Dominion. To one and all I would say, agitate! agitate! agitate! until British Columbia be admitted into the Dominion, and hasten that happy time in the history of this colony when her forests of majestic firs, now moaning their soliloquies on self-resinous strings along her coast, shall become forests of masts, moving to the lively hum of commerce and keeping time with the waves; when her valuable sable, adorning the swarthy persons of Russian nobles and ladies of high degree, her inestimable ermine enrobing the majesty of kings and queens, and symbolizing the purity of eternal justice, her silvery salmon presiding at every feast, and her gold and silver, heaped on every exchange, shall unite to proclaim her greatness abroad; when her cattle on a thousand hills, and her innumerable furnaces, with their perpetual smoke and flames, pillars of cloud by day and fire by night, shall unite with the clang of her machinery to declare her industry and prosperity at home. When the subduing and winning smiles of her fair and graceful daughters, whose chastity shall be as far removed from the base suspicion of man as the pure snow on her loftiest mountains is beyond his defiling touch, shall realize the fairy dream of our adventurous lives by making us contented and happy at home."

He then moved,

"That it is the matured opinion of this meeting, that nothing would contribute so much to the growth, progress, and prosperity of British North America as the immediate Confederation of the whole of Her Majesty's North American possessions under one central Government, and that this meeting cannot commend too highly the almost prophetic wisdom of the Imperial Act in which are provided such liberal conditions for the admission of the unconfederated colonies,"

The following resolutions were also passed:—

"That this meeting respectfully invite the undivided attention of the Dominion Government to the boundlessness of that fertile belt of country situated on the banks of the Saskatchewan, and earnestly recommend that ample provision be there made for immediately providing with a view to its more rapid colonization, thereby cementing and consolidating the contemplated union of this Colony with the Dominion of Canada."

"That this meeting respectfully request His Excellency Governor Seymour to employ every means in his power with a view to the immediate incorporation of this Colony with the Dominion of Canada under the provisions of the Imperial Act, and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the Colonial and leading Dominion newspapers."

The meeting closed with "three lusty cheers for our noble Queen," and "three for Confederation." With such men in British Columbia there is little fear of Annexation principles spreading in the west.

—A large wolf was shot last week by Mr. Pugsley at Peacock's Point, near Port Dover, the first "varmint" of the species seen in that region for many years. Mr. Pugsley secured $15 for the animal's scalp from the township clerk.

More Fenian Sympathy.

The American people are earning for themselves an unenviable notoriety in sympathizing with the Fenian scoundrels who have been murdering and blowing up prisons in the British Isles. Not satisfied with sending into Canada legal gentlemen to look after, and employing Canadian lawyers to defend the Ridgeway freebooters, the House of Representatives in Washington have passed a resolution appropriating $50,000, "to be used by the Secretary of "State for the relief of the personal wants, "or for the return to this country of "American citizens, destitute of means, "who have been or who may be imprisoned "in foreign countries without just cause, "and discharged without trial or acquitted "on trial." We doubt not the British government will properly appreciate this kindly act of the Americans, and thank them for relieving the country of the vagabonds who have infested the different cities and towns of England and Ireland. And we shall not be surprised to read in a short time of declarations by the leading liberals of England, praising the Americans for the impartial manner in which the neutrality laws are enforced. To open the eyes and clear the understandings of English politicians, open hostility will be required.

Ontario Legislature.

FEBY. 21, 1868.

Last night the supplementary estimates were brought down, and, as had been supposed, the grants to denominational Colleges are included, though no new school is mentioned. The appropriations are confined to those Colleges which formerly received aid, and are as follows:

Regiopolis College, Kingston (usual grant of 1½ years)		$4,500
Queen's College, Kingston,	do do	7,500
Bytown College, Ottawa,	do do	2,100
St. Michael's College, Toronto,	do	3,000
Trinity College, Toronto,	do do	6,000
Victoria College, Cobourg,	do do	7,500
L'Assomption College, Sandwich,	do	1,500

The above estimates were accompanied with the following message from the Lieut.-Governor, by which it will be seen that Denominational Grants are not to be continued, at least by the present ministry:

"The Lieutenant Governor, whilst regarding the payment of any sums of money out of the Treasury to collegiate institutions in this Province as inexpedient, is yet impressed with the conviction that embarrassment would ensue were the colleges named in the annexed schedule suddenly deprived of the annual grants heretofore voted by the Legislature of the late Province of Canada, and on this ground alone His Excellency submits to the Legislative Assembly the propriety of granting to the said colleges the several amounts mentioned in the said schedule, declaring at the same time that it shall not be lawful to continue such grants hereafter."

Stock Market.

The Montreal *Gazette's* commercial article of yesterday quotes stocks as follows:

Business in all descriptions of securities continues dull, but in several we have to note a considerable advance in last week's quotations.

Bank of Montreal—Has advanced 2 per cent, with buyers at 128½, and no sellers under 129½.

Bank of British North America—No transactions to report.

City Bank—Has advanced 1 per cent. closing firm at 100½ to 101.

Molson's Bank—111 to 112.

Merchants' Bank—Has been sold to some extent during the week at 107½, 108, and 108½, closing with buyers at 108 and sellers at 108½.

Mechanics' Bank—No transactions to report; quotations at 108 to 108½.

La Banque du Peuple—Books closed for payment of dividend of 4 per cent on the 2nd proximo.

La Bank Jacques Cartier—Is firm at 106½ to 107½.

Quebec Bank—Declined early in the week, but has since rallied, closing firm and in demand at 99 to 100.

La Banque Nationale—106½ to 107½.

Union Bank of Lower Canada—Remains as last quoted at 100 to 101.

Eastern Township's Bank—Is firmly held at 99 to 100.

Commercial Bank of Canada—Has been dealt in largely at 35½, 35¾, and 36.

Ontario Bank—Closes heavy at 97½ to 98.

Bank of Toronto—Is rather lower, closing dull at 111, with no buyers over 110½.

Gore Bank—Quotations nominal at 80 to 82.

Royal Canadian Bank—Prices are unchanged at 91 to 92.

Canadian Bank of Commerce.—Continues busy at 100 to 100½.

Montreal Telegraph Company—Has been dealt in to a considerable extent at 131½.

Canadian Inland Steam Navigation Co.—Has been dealt in at 105½ and 107, but would now command an advance on these prices.

Richelieu Navigation Co.—No transactions since the opening of the books. There are buyers at 98 to 99.

Canada Debentures—

	Closing price.
Government 5 per cents, stg.....	86 @ 88
Government 5 per cents, cy.....	87 @ 88
Government 6 per cents 1873, cy	99½ @ 100
Government 7 per cents, cy.....	101 @ 101½

—Four frame buildings were burned in Woodstock on the 20th February.

—The Montreal *Witness* says that "the heel of Rome is on the Quebec Legislature."

—The *Sportsman* wants a grand congress of pedestrians at Montreal on Dominion Day, with prizes of silver cups.

—3,610 emigrants arrived in Australia last year, whose passage was paid by the Colonial Government, and all of whom held warrants for free grants of land.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—The Coroner's Jury have concluded the investigation of the explosion at the Clerkenwell House of Detention, and to-day rendered their verdict. They bring a charge of murder against prisoners Barrett English, O'Keefe, Mullany, two Desmonds, the woman Ann Justice, and others, whose names have not yet been made known. Doubt is expressed as to the complicity of Allen, who was recently discharged, but has been re-arrested.—The verdict concludes by severely censuring the Metropolitan Police in the Clerkenwell district, for lack of activity and vigilance.

The indications are that Mr. Beresford Hope will carry the election for member of Parliament for the University of Cambridge. The seat was rendered vacant by the appointment of Mr. Selwyn to the Bench.

Mr. Hunt, Under-Secretary of the Treasury, has informed the House of Commons that the operation of the new postal treaty between Great Britain and the United States has been temporarily suspended, but only to enable both Governments to revise certain points which had been mutually overlooked and which it was necessary to set right.

John Curtin, inkeeper, and David Murphy, lately from the United States, a writer, were arrested in Cork yesterday, charged with complicity in Fenianism.

The *Globe* has a report that alarming revolts have broken out among the prisoners in India.

DUBLIN, Feb. 21.—The audience at Train's lecture last night was boisterous. Some persons present hissed the speaker. He was roughly used. A strong force of police was on hand, and prevented serious personal violence or disloyal demonstrations.

The jury were unable to agree on a verdict in the case of John Martin and other parties on trial for participating in Fenian funeral processions, and have been discharged.

PARIS, Feb. 21.—The *Patrie* to-day, speaking under reserve, says that it has reason to believe that the Emperor of Russia is massing troops near the Danube.

La France asserts that Chevalier de Nigra, Italian Minister to Paris, has pledged Italy to a faithful observance of the September convention as it now stands, and also to the payment of the principal and interest of her share of the old debt of the States of the Church, which were annexed to the Kingdom.

LONDON, Feb. 21, evening.—In the House of Commons this evening, Mr. Disraeli gave an explicit denial to the report that the expenditure already incurred for the Abyssinian expedition exceeds the estimates laid before the House at the last session by the Government.

Lord Stanley made an explanation in regard to Mexico. He said that diplomatic relations with that country had been suspended for the reason that, last September, the Mexican Government declined all intercourse with those powers which recognized the late empire.

Sir Stafford Northcote, Secretary of State for India, said the latest letter received from Gen. Napier gives reason to hope that the war in Abyssinia would be ended this season.

Tuesday, February the 25th, has been assigned as the day for the consideration of the state of Ireland in the House of Commons.

LONDON, February 22, 11:15 a.m.—Consols 93⅝ to 93¾ for money and account; American securities agitated by recent news; I C 88; Erie 46¼; Bonds 71¾.

PARIS, Feb. 22, 11:15 a. m.—Bourse firmer; Rentes animated.

LIVERPOOL, February 22, 11:15 a. m.—Cotton quiet and unchanged. Breadstuffs and Provisions unchanged.

SOUTHAMPTON, February 22.—The steamships "Allemania" and "Cella." from New York, have arrived.

American Despatches.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—To-day will be generally observed as a holiday in this city. Banks, custom houses, and other public institutions will be closed.

SCRANTON, Pa., Feb. 21.—Yesterday a railroad car ran off the track at Pittston and broke loose from the train. It was precipitated down an embankment eighteen feet high, into the north bank of the canal, turning over and breaking in too as it fell. Ten or twelve passengers were injured, none seriously, however, except Bishop Stevens, of Pennsylvania. It is thought he will recover.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The Senate, a few minutes after two o'clock, went into executive session and continued therein seven hours. The removal of Stanton was fully discussed, and with much spirit, in secret session. The following resolution offered by Senator Wilson, was agreed to without a division: "Whereas, the Senate have received and considered a communication of the President's, stating he had removed E. M. Stanton as Secretary-of-War, and had designated the Adjutant-General of the army to act as Secretary-of-War *ad interim*. It is therefore resolved by the Senate of the United States, that under the constitution and laws of the United States, the President has no power to remove the Secretary-of-War and designate any other officer to perform the duties of that office." Copies of the resolution were ordered to be communicated to the President, Secretary-of-War, and the Adjutant-General.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—The *Herald's* special says, the members of the House of Representatives who have taken the most active part in the late impeachment schemes, are the most exercised at this renewal of the contest between the Executive and Congress. They considered the deplorable failure of the last attempt at impeachment as finally settling this unpleasant business, and now that this fresh act of hostility has arisen, their indignation knows no bounds.

The *Times'* Washington special says when Gen. Thomas presented his order from the

President to take possession of the war department in Mr. Stanton, the latter asked him for a copy of the order, which was given, and then informed Gen. Thomas that he would take time to consider the matter. Stanton has been advised by every member of the Senate and House, who have called on him, to resist the removal, and he undoubtedly will do so. Gen. Thomas has openly declared that he will take possession of the office to-morrow morning, and if resisted by Mr. Stanton, will send for force to execute his orders.

WASHINGTON, February 21, 11:45 p. m.—Stanton is still at the department and will remain all night. The department will be closed to-morrow, it being a legal holiday.

NEW YORK, February 21.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: Gen. Thomas announces that he will promulgate orders to-morrow to all the attaches of the war department not to obey any orders from any one connected with that department unless they come through him, the penalty being dismissal. The committee appointed by the Senate at its executive session to wait upon Chief Justice Chase, of the Supreme Court, and they made an affidavit against Thomas, charging that he had violated the civil tenure of office bill. Justice Chase immediately made out an order for his arrest, which has been placed in the hands of an officer, who has gone in search of Gen. Thomas. Should Secretary Stanton refuse to surrender possession to Gen. Thomas, proceedings are to be at once begun on a writ of *quo warranto*, which takes precedence in the calendar and may come up before the circuit court at any time. Appeal lies to the supreme court.

BUFFALO, Feb. 22.—A fire this morning consumed the Union Elevator. The barque "Wm. Treat," which lay alongside, was threatened with destruction; the foremast and rigging were in flames, but the vessel was finally saved. Loss unknown at present.

NEW YORK, February 22.—No Stock or Produce market to-day. Gold is quoted in the street at 142¾.

The *Post* says 10,000 shares of Erie sold this morning at from 70¾ to 69⅝; of New York, 4,000 at 130 to 130¼. The following prices were current: Reading, 98¾; M S, 91¼; Pittsburgh, 94¾; N. W. and P. F. D., 73¼; Rock Island, 97⅝; Fort Wayne, 100¼; Pacific Mail, 110; Western Union telegraph, 34. Market closed dull. Large amounts of gold sold at 142¾. Market settled dull at 142⅝.

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, Feb 22.

Commercial Bills	99
Greenbacks, buying at	70 to 70½
" selling at	71 to 71½
Bank of Upper Canada Bills	62
Silver, buying at	3¾ to 4
" selling at	3 to 3¼

No gold board to-day, it being a holiday in the States.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, Feb. 22, 1868.

FALL WHEAT—$1 65 to $1 75.
SPRING WHEAT—$1 60 to $1 70.
BARLEY—95c to $1 00.
RYE—firm at $1 00 to $1 06.
OATS—60c to 65c.
PEAS—demand only for local use at 95c to $1 00.
BUCKWHEAT—75c to 80c.
BEEF—Dull at $5 50 $6 50.
PORK—$5 50 to $6 00. Heavy Pork $6 25.
MUTTON—6c to 8c per pound.
BUTTER—15c to 20c.
EGGS—18c to 20c.
HIDES—$6.50 to $7.00.
SHEEPSKINS—dull at 75c.
CALFSKINS—6c to8c ₱ lb.
TALLOW—Rough, 5c; rendered, 6c.
WOOL—25c.
POTATOES—65c to 75c.
APPLES—80c to $1 00.
HAY—$10 to $14.
CHEESE—10c.
CORN—90c to $1.
FLOUR—No 1, $7 50 ₱ bbl.
POTASH—$4 50 to $4 75.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.

MONTREAL, Feb. 22, 1867.
1 P. M.

FLOUR.—Superior Extra	$8 00	@	8 25
Extra	7 90	@	8 00
Fancy	7 60	@	7 75
Welland Canal Superfine	7 45	@	7 60
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat	7 45	@	7 60
" 1 Western Wheat	7 45	@	7 60
" " "	7 10	@	7 25
Bag Flour	3 60	@	3 75
WHEAT.—Canada Fall	0 00	@	0 00
Spring	1 70	@	0 00
Western	0 00	@	0 00
OATS.—Per 32 lbs	0 46	@	0 47
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	0 95	@	1 00
BUTTER—Dairy	0 15	@	0 20
" Store Packed	0 15	@	0 20
ASHES—Pots	5 85	@	5 87½
Pearls	5 80	@	5 85
PORK—Mess	19 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess	14 00	@	00 00
Prime	13 00	@	00 00
DRESSED HOGS	5 90	@	6 40
PEAS	0 80	@	0 90
RYE FLOUR	5 95	@	6 00

Flour—receipts moderate; no business reported; rates nominally unchanged. Grain—NO arrivals. Provisions—Pork steady; Hogs—choice wanted; that neglected; Butter—fair demand; rates well maintained. Ashes unchanged.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LEXINGTON, Missouri, May 28, 1868.

MESSES. J. N. HARRIS & CO.:

DEAR SIRS—I have made Allen's Lung Balsam pretty well known in our city and country, and have sold about all the four dozen bottles sent me in March last; and I find that persons who try the Balsam once, come back again for more, as it gives them satisfaction; and I recommend it in preference to any other medicine for Coughs and Colds. Please send me six dozen bottles as soon as possible.

Iam, yours, &c.,
THOMAS J. FLETCHER, Druggist.

P. S.—I sell more Allen's Lung Balsam, than all other cough remedies together, and it gives general satisfaction.

Sold by all Family Medicine dealers.

☞ Perry Davis & Son, Agents for the Dominion of Canada. 51-4w 237-4w

BOARDING.

MRS. MCKENZIE can accommodate a few permanent boarders; also, some daily boarders.

RESIDENCE.—Pinnacle Street, opposite the market.

Belleville, Nov. 18, 1867. 170-tf

☞ Ticket Office for Great Western Railway, opposite the Market, Front-St. Tickets issued to Milwaukee, Chicago, New Orleans, Omaha City, Nebraska Territory, Fort Riley, Kansas, Cheyenne, Dacotah, Denver, Colorado, and all points West. Fare received either in Greenbacks or current funds.

R. P. DAVY, AGENT.
217-1y

R. R. R. Radway's Regulating Pills

Are composed of vegetable extracts (prepared in vacuo), free from all inert, crude, or irritating substances. The first dose commences its work of purifying the blood, regulating the liver, cleansing the stomach and intestines, and purging from the system all acrimonious and corrupt humors. One Pill, taken two hours before dinner, will create a good appetite and insure a healthy digestion.

BILE.

Bile on the stomach will be eliminated by one dose of the Pills—say from four to six in number. When the liver is in a torpid state, nothing can be better than Radway's Regulating Pills. They purge easily, are mild in operation, and when taken are perfectly tasteless, being elegantly coated with gum. They are recommended for the cure of all disorders of the stomach, liver, kidneys, nervous diseases, indigestion, dyspepsia, biliousness, bilious fever, inflammation of the bowels, piles, and symptoms resulting from disorders of the digestive organs.

THE AGED

Suffer from costiveness and paralysis of the bowels, and may have to use injections to keep the bowels open. Take 2 or 4 of Radway's pills every night; in a few weeks the bowels, liver, kidneys, &c., will be restored to sound health and strength—a regular discharge from the bowels will be secured daily.

See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1868.—R. R. R. sold by all druggists. 1-2t 242-2w

LECTURE

ON THE

LIFE OF WILLIAM III.,

PRINCE OF ORANGE.

MR. POLLOCK, A. M.,

WILL deliver a Lecture on the Life of WILLIAM III., Prince of Orange, and the Gunpowder Plot, in the

ORANGE HALL, Belleville,

ON

Monday Evening, 24th Instant,

AT 8 O'CLOCK.

As the Lecture is purely Historical, it is to hoped there will be a large attendance of Individuals besides Orangemen.

The public are cordially invited.

Tickets 10 cents, to be had at the door.

BOOKBINDING.

THE Subscriber having re-fitted his BINDERY with the most approved machinery, material, &c., begs to inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to execute orders for every description of

Bookbinding,
Ruling, and
Blank-work,

In the best manner and at the lowest rates.

ACCOUNT BOOKS

manufactured to any pattern with despatch.

Music, Periodicals, Law-Books, &c., neatly, cheaply, and satisfactorily bound.

☞ Special terms for Libraries, and ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

E. HARRISON.
Belleville, Feb. 21st, 1868. 250tf

ONTARIO

SKATING RINK.

GREAT ATTRACTION!

CARRIE A. MOORE,

The Celebrated Lady Skatress,

WILL give one of her unrivalled performances at the above rink, on

Saturday Evening, the 22nd Inst.

Besides performing a great variety of intricate ice movements, she performs several specialities, as the

Tambourine Dance, Polka, Redowa, and Varsauvienne,

ON HER TOES; ALSO,

THE ZOUAVE DRILL

On skates, including the bayonet exercise. She goes through the different movements with an eleven pound rifle; loads, fires, and does the bayonet exercise while executing different ice figures.

Each Act performed in different Costume.

ADMISSION, - - - 25 Cents.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. To commence at 8 o'clock, precisely.

THE BAND WILL BE IN ATTENDANCE.

God Save the Queen.

Belleville, Feb. 17th, 1868. 250-2t

WANTED,

A MODERATE-SIZED HOUSE, centrally situated in Belleville, with hard and soft water on the premises.

Apply by letter to A. B., *Intelligencer* Office.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 14th Feb'y, 1868.

AUTHORIZED discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice: 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
248 Commissioner of Customs.

GEORGE ROCHE,

HATTER & FURRIER,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now prepared to take orders for

ALL KINDS OF FURS.

Having procured the services of a first-class Cutter from Paris, particular attention paid to repairing.

☞ All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.

Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs.

October 14. 1D-6m

John D. Evans,

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Civil Engineer and Draughtsman.

OFFICE—Over Overell's Book Store, Belleville. 34w-249d-6m

Fornerl & Kennedy,

CIVIL and MINING ENGINEERS, Provincial Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Madoc. Lands carefully examined and reported on. Money to loan.

☞ All orders by mail will receive immediate attention.

C. C. FORNERI, C.E. & P.L.S.
246d L. KENNEDY, C.E. & P.L.S.

GRAND DISCOUNT SALES

OF

DRY GOODS,

AT

P. D. CONGER'S.

COSGRAVE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

East India Pale Ale.

JUST RECEIVED,

50 Hhds,

150 Barrels and half Barrels.

FOR SALE ONLY BY
WESLEY BULLEN.

Belleville, Nov. 26, 1867. 177 tf

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THIS BANK is prepared to issue drafts, receive deposits, and grant interest receipts at the office of the Commercial Bank in Belleville.

MR. THOMSON will be happy to see his old friends.

Belleville, Jany. 23, 1868. 225-tf

DIARIES, DIARIES,

FOR 1868,

AT

J. C. OVERELL'S,

TURNBULL'S BLOCK,

180 FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

The X-Mas No. of the

ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS,

IS NOW READY.

ALSO,

BOUND NUMBERS OF

British Workman,
Band of Hope Review,
Children's Friend,
Infant's Magazine,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
LEISURE HOUR, SUNDAY AT HOME, &c., &c.,

AT

J. C. OVERELL'S,

OPPOSITE THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
FRONT STREET,
BELLEVILLE.

January 4, 1868. 209

A SPLENDID

ASSORTMENT OF

FLANNELS,

GENT'S

FURNISHING GOODS,

&c., &c.,

JUST RECEIVED,

AT

J. MUIR & CO.'S.

Horses, Carriages, &c.,

FOR SALE.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS

TAKEN AT PAR.

Apply to
H. PRETTY,
Opposite the Market.
Belleville, Oct. 22, 1867. 147-tf

Limes and Glycerine,

The best Hair Dresser before the public.

Limes and Glycerine,

The best preparation known for Dandruff.

Limes and Glycerine,

Allays all irritation of the Scalp.

Limes and Glycerine,

All who have used it pronounce it superior to any preparation for the Hair.

Limes and Glycerine,

Is to be found on almost every toilet table.

Limes and Glycerine,

Far superior to pure Glycerine for chapped hands, &c.

Prepared only at
APOTHECARIES HALL,
141y Front St., Belleville.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

Ladies Work Boxes,
" Writing Desks,
" Dressing Cases,
Photograph Albums.
Fancy Wool Goods.
Ladies Bonnets,

A fine assortment of

Dress Goods!

and the

Latest Styles in Cloth

FOR LADIES JACKETS.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

Dec. 19, 1867. 1D-1y

GRAHAM FLOUR,

OATMEAL, SPLIT PEAS, BEANS, &c.

—ALSO,—

WHITEFISH AND HERRINGS

IN BARRELS & HALF BARRELS,

At the "Corner Store,"
Front and Bridge Streets.

A. FLETCHER & Co.
January 15, 1868. 7-1y,w48-2t

HOOP SKIRTS,

LATEST STYLES.

G. C. Holton & Co.

J. & W. Sutherland

WOULD respectfully solicit an inspection of their new stock of

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS,

Which will be found complete in the following specialities:

FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FRENCH MERINOS—2s. 6d. and upwards
FRENCH LAMAS & THIBETS.
FRENCH DELAINES.
SCOTCH TWEEDS.
" ALL WOOL HOSIERY.
CANADIAN " "
" FLANNELS.
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.
DUNDAS COTTONS AND BAGS.
AMERICAN YARN.

J. & W. SUTHERLAND.
Belleville, October, 1867. 1p6m

HUFFMAN HOUSE.

MADOC, ONTARIO.

HUFFMAN & SON, Proprietors,

(LATE OF PETERBOROUGH.)

☞ Every attention paid to travellers. House and furniture entirely new. 145-tf 264f

Partner Wanted.

WANTED, as equal partner in a light and profitable manufacturing business, a good responsible man, with some capital to invest.

For particulars enquire at 224, or at the office of S. B. Bardett, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Front-St., Belleville.

Belleville, Jan. 27, 1868. 226-tf

NEW BOOKS

AT

F. VAN NORMAN'S.

Queen Victoria's Journal, "Our Life in the Highlands."	
Wood's Natural History—2,500 illustrations, 3 vols., Royal 8vo	$14 00
Chambers' Cyclopedia, new complete, 10 vols., per vol,	2 50
Chambers' Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols	2 50
Family Cyclopedia	2 00
Our Constitution	75
Romance of Charity	1 00
The Land and the Book	1 00
Pre-historic Scotland	2 00
Knight's Half-hours with best Authors, 2 vols	5 00
Knight's Half-hours with English History	2 50
North-west Passage by Land, by Viscount Milton and Cheadle	1 25
Barnes' Notes, complete.	
D'Israeli's Curiosities of Literature, cloth and morocco.	
Kitto's Bible History of the Holy Land.	
Weales' Scientific Works.	

ALL THE POETS, &c., &c.,

NEW SCHOOL BOOKS.

The CHEAPEST STATIONERY In Belleville.

WALL PAPERS

From 5 cts. to $1 20 per Roll.

BIBLES,
HYMN BOOKS,
PRAYER BOOKS,
PSALM BOOKS,
CATECHISMS, &c. &c.

Sunday School Libraries

In great variety, and very low prices.

A GOOD STOCK OF

Sheet Music, Music Books, Violins,

&c., &c., constantly on hand.

☞ Orders by mail promptly executed.

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,
BELLEVILLE.

Belleville, Feb. 8, 1868. 229-tf

F. HACKETT

HAS RECEIVED A

CHOICE ASSORTMENT

OF

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS

Belleville, Oct. 1, 1867. 1D-6m



HURRAH FOR

THE DOMINION.

R. H. JONES

BEGS leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened a new WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Grocery and Liquor Store

in the premises lately occupied by Messrs O'Brien & Henchy, where he will keep on hand a select and varied assortment of

General Groceries,

AND LIQUORS,

For family use and medicinal purposes.

TEAS.

YOUNG AND OLD HYSONS,
GUNPOWDER, TWANKAY,
IMPERIAL, JAPAN,
SOUCHONG,
CONGOU, &c., &c.

COFFEES.

THE BEST IN TOWN, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.

He would especially call the attention of families to his stock of

WINES, SPIRITS & LIQUORS.

Brandies, Ports, Sherries.

Irish, Scotch & Morton's Whiskeys.

Old Tom & Holland Gins,

IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.

Together with a large assortment of

CHAMPAGNE,

of the most popular brands,

LIQUEURS & CORDIALS, &C.

In addition to these there will be found a splendid stock of

LAMP GOODS & TRIMMINGS.

☞ Goods sent promptly to customers in any part of the town.

Belleville, Dec. 9, 1867. 188 43-tf

BLANKS of every description for sale at *The Intelligencer* office.

Fashionable weddings are cleverly hit off in the following poetic squib from the pen of some mischievous scribbler, who deserves for his impudence to be broomsticked by every young lady in the country:

Four-and-twenty bridegrooms all in a row;
Four-and-twenty dandies, dressed from top to toe;
Four-and-twenty bridesmaids, dressed in hood and feather,
Eight-and-forty Nimbles standing all together.
The bride ringed and jewelled,
The groom gloved and prim,
And both of them look foolish,
And both of them are dumb;
A thousand spectators
To see the pretty match,
A thousand tongues to whisper
"He's made quite a catch."
Eight-and-forty nimbles
Marching out of church,
Like so many schoolboys
Running from the birch;
Oh, what a sight to look upon as ever I did see,
The world makes a great fuss about nothing, seems to me.

Why is a prudent man like a pin? Because his head prevents him from going too far.

Why is a father's nose like a well-trained child? Because it is under a parent's eye.

Why is the vowel O the only one ever sounded? Because all the others are in audible.

When is a blacksmith in danger of raising a row? When he makes A poke R and shove L.

What is the difference between the entrance to a stable door and an overtalkative person? One is barn door and the other a darn bore.

—A report is current that none of the Nova Scotia members but three, who have given their assent to Confederation, will return to Ottawa.

A school girl of ten summers purchased a pair of boots. After wearing them one day she found that they had broken out. She took them back to the man she had bought them of, and after examining them, he said, 'They were not taken in enough, were they?' 'No,' she replied, 'but I was.' The clerk smiled.

EMPHATIC TYPE.—The Berkshire *Courier* says: "*People* who send us "communications" for *publication* ARE 'requested' not to "quote" and *underscore* SO MUCH. THIS is *about* the way A good deal of "matter" would LOOK if we '*printed*' it as WRITTEN. To which '*request*' TEN THOUSAND *compositors* 'most earnestly' ADVANCE their '*request*' that Names and Places be PLAINLY WRITTEN, and the *stroke* of the J always carried BELOW the line."

REMEDY FOR INDIGESTION.—Half an ounce of ground Turkey rhubarb; one drachm of extract of sarsaparilla. Put the sarsaparilla in a cup with three or four teaspoonfuls of cold water; let it stand till it dissolves then add the other ingredients. Make it into a stiff paste: it will then be ready to make into pills with the use of a little flour. It makes nearly one hundred pills. The dose is two pills every other night.

American Watches.

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its use Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is, indeed, little else than a machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course, there must be no defect in the principle of plan or the movement, no mistake in the sizes or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the reduplication of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough subdivision.

By means of multiplying gauges and microscopes, tests and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools, and for faults and flaws in steel or stone, are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a finished machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home.—Instead of sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the lightest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear ringing sound always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a time keeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The Company claim that by it they produce Watches that cannot be equalled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan, and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of Watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes to suit all tastes and means; but every Watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM" is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

☞ EVERY WATCH FULLY WARRANTED.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
No 182, Broadway, N.Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
TORONTO and MONTREAL,
General Agents.

Toronto, Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-3m

HURRAH FOR

BARNUM'S

LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half-past 8 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12, noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 2 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

S. BARNUM,
Proprietor.

C. HORTON, Agent, Belleville.
S. GUSTIN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1867. D68

REMOVAL.

N. MANN begs to notify the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to the Dafoe House Building, where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many more, who will favor him with their patronage.

Belleville, Dec. 27, 1867.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Messrs. WALLACE & FORDYCE as Photographers, in the Town of Belleville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

(Signed.) D. J. WALLACE.
ED. FORDYCE.

Belleville, December 4th, 1867.

THE undersigned having purchased Mr. Fordyce's interest in the Gallery, will hereafter conduct the business on his own account. His long experience and thorough knowledge of the business will enable him to satisfy all who give him a call.

ROOMS:—Over Graham and Grainger's Store.

ENTRANCE:—Two doors South of Holden's Drug Store.

D. J. WALLACE.

Belleville, Dec. 4th, 1867. 185-ThST

Store-keepers!
Farmers!
And Others!

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM THE IMPORTERS DIRECT.

The Montreal Tea Company,

6 Hospital Street, Montreal,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to different parts of the country—and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOTEL, QUEBEC, January 7, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

HOUSE OF SENATE, OTTAWA, Dec. 16, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

S. SKINNER.

QUEBEC, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of 30 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 55 cents was of excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for.

Yours respectfully, D. ANDERSON,

TORONTO, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The two chests of Tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton, one chest Fine Flavoured New Seasons Congou, at same price, viz.: at 55 cents per lb. Yours, &c.,

JAMES EDGAR.

FELCOMB, December 23, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz.: at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant, JOHN T. DAY.

COBOURG, January 6, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box of 20 lbs. at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

C. OLIVER.

The contributors to the "Medical Journal" have frequently declared that one half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substance, in 50, 25, 30, 15, and 12 lbs. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c.; 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do. 55c., 60c., and 65c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c.; Sound Oolong, 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60c.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan, Good, 50c., 55c.; Very Fine, 60c.; Finest, 65c., 75c.; Scented Orange Pekoe, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankey Common, 38c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c., 60c., 65c., and 70c.; Fine do., 75c.; Very Fine, 85c.; Superfine and very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c.; Extra Superfine do., $1.

All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country, not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, on price, quality, and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c. to 70c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of five chests and upwards.

All Boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL!

THE "DAILY NEWS,"

$6 00 per Annum, in advance.

JOHN LOVELL,
Printer and Publisher.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

MOIRA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Capital Stock, $100,000. Divided into 10,000 Shares.

WORKING CAPITAL, $15,000.

HORACE YEOMANS, Esq., PRESIDENT. ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., TREASURER.
B. S. GILBERT, Esq., SECRETARY. J. G. SHURTZ, Esq., SUPERINTENDENT.

MERCHANTS' BANK, BANKERS. DEAN & GILBERT, SOLICITORS.

DIRECTORS:

HORACE YEOMANS, of Flint & Yeomans, Belleville,
ANDREW THOMSON, Banker, Belleville.
W. W. DEAN, Master in Chancery, Belleville.
JOHN G. SHURTZ, Superintendent.
JAMES LISTER, M.D., Belleville.
JAMES W. CARMAN, American, Consul, Belleville.
BARTON S. GILBERT, of Dean & Gilbert, Barristers, Belleville.

THIS COMPANY is duly Incorporated under Cap. 23, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the purpose of working the mineral veins upon *sixteen* acres of Lot No. 19, in the fifth concession of Madoc, (the Richardson Mine being No. 18 in the same concession.)

A shaft has been sunk to the depth of nine feet in the rock. At six feet a gold-bearing lode was struck, of 18 inches in width, which at nine feet has increased to 2½ feet, and a crushing at Gilbert & Turley's mill of four and one-half tons of the rock, gave a yield of over fifty-six dollars in gold; the lode is clearly defined, and evidently extends the whole length of the property—52 rods.

The territory is admirably situated for mining purposes, being a high ridge covered with indications of mineral veins. There are numerous places on the land fully as promising as the one on which the shaft has been sunk, and which would unquestionably yield as well. The large quantity of land, and the prospects of other gold-bearing veins, make it certain that the Company will be able to subdivide the property as soon as a little further development has been made, and form other Companies at great advantage.

Work is being vigorously prosecuted in the shaft, under the superintendence of JOHN G. SHURTZ, Esq., one of the Directors, who is largely interested in the proprietary of the mine, and who has had thirteen years' practical experience in the gold mines of California and Nevada, and is unquestionably the most accomplished quartz miner now in this country.

It is intended to have a further crushing in a few days, and negotiations are in progress which, if carried out, will secure a mill to the Company at once, so that regular work will be gone on with without delay, and dividends may, in that case, be expected in a short time.

Belleville, Jan. 27th, 1868. 228d-tf

India and China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or $1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb. Finest procurable, $1.00.
Protected by Trade Mark.

☞ Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.

August 16th, 1867. p90-1y w27-1y

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO. OF CANADA.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
INCORPORATED 1849.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - - TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., President, LEWIS MOFFATT, Esq., Vice-President.

HON. MALCOLM CAMERON,	A. T. FULTON, Esq.,	W. J. McDONELL, Esq.
C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq.,	H. S. HOWLAND, Esq.	J. McGILLES, Esq.,
GEORGE CHAFFEY, Esq.,	A. R. McMASTER, Esq.	A. M. SMITH, Esq.

SOLICITORS:—Messrs. DUGGAN & BURNS.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on every description of property.

MARINE INSURANCES—Inland and to the Lower Ports, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the West Indies, and by steam vessels to Europe.

Risks as moderate as any other respectable Insurance Company.

F. McANNANY, Esq., Agent, Belleville. JAS. SIDNEY CROCKER, Manager.

November 12, 1867. 39w6m–165d6m

BELLEVILLE

AGRICULTURAL WORKS

AND

IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Threshing Machines,
STRAW CUTTERS,
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,
Iron and Steel Ploughs,
Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-tf

MORTGAGE SALE.

UNDER power of sale contained in a mortgage made the 28th day of October, 1863, between William Donovan, of Belleville, Grocer, and the Hon. John Ross, there will be sold for default of payment of mortgage money, on

Thursday, the 5th day of March,

1868, at TWELVE o'clock, NOON, by M. NULTY at his auction rooms in the Town of Belleville, the following valuable property, viz.: Lot number eighteen, on the East side of Sidney Street, as laid down on a plan of survey of Lots numbers one and two in the second Concession of the Township of Thurlow, in the County of Hastings, made by Henry A. F. McLeod, Esq., P. L. S., and registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings, on the 28th day of October, A. D. 1863.

The said lot number eighteen, contains ten acres of land more or less. It is fenced and otherwise improved.

For terms of sale and other particulars, enquire of JAMES ROSS, Esq., or of the undersigned.

ROSS, BELL & HOLDEN,
Attorneys for Hon. John Ross.

Belleville, 5th Feb., 1868. 237-4TTh

ORANGE CERTIFICATES

FOR SALE at the INTELLIGENCER Office Intelligencer Buildings, Front Street Belleville.

BRITISH PERIODICALS,

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review (Whig).
The Westminster Review (Liberal).
The North British Review (Free Church.)
AND
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory.)

THESE periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stands unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews, - -	$4.00 per annum.
For any two of the Reviews, - -	7.00 "
For any three of the Reviews, - -	10.00 "
For all four of the Reviews, - -	12.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine, - - -	4.00 "
For Blackwood and one Review, -	7.00 "
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews, - - - -	10.00 "
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews, - - - -	13.00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	15.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of *twenty per cent.* will be allowed to Clubs of four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood or of one Review, will be sent to *one address* for $12.80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $48.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The postage required by the United States is *Two Cents* a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums for New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, *gratis*, any one of the *Four Reviews* for 1867. New Subscribers to all five of the periodicals for 1868 may receive gratis, Blackwood or any two of the *Four Reviews* for 1867.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive; and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1.50 per year for each or any Review; also, Blackwood for 1866 and 1867, for $2.00 a year, or the two years together for $3.00.

☞ Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to Clubs, nor reduced prices for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted *direct to the Publishers.*

No premiums can be given to Clubs.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING Co.,
140 Fulton St., N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE,

by HENRY STEVENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1600 pages, and numerous Engravings.

Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid, $8

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the *AMERICAN (WALTHAM) WATCH* have given it such a wide world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and printed its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found, who furtively trade upon the popularity of the American Watch, by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article. It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American Watches—*except the lowest grade*, marked bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. ROBBINS.

The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine Watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH Co.

APPLETON, TRACY & Co.

WALTHAM WATCH Co.

P. S. BARTLETT.

WM. ELLERY.

HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the General Superintendent,
Altoona Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

GENTLEMEN.—The Watches manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years by our engineers, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying your watches give us less trouble and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that Waltham watches are the most satisfactory of any for their uses. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine, and as I have never known one to wear out, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer.
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.
American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto & Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS.

Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-3m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every afternoon (sundays excepted), and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of $5 a year if paid in advance, $6 otherwise. Mail subscribers $5 a year. $2 50 for 6 months; $1 50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgewater, Marmora and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the **Gold Regions**, and of matters of interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., &c., and in short, neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months,	$ 5 00
Half Square, 6 months,	$10 00
One Square, 6 months,	$20 00
Two Squares, 6 months,	$30 00
Four Squares, 6 months,	$50 00
Notices of Births,	50
Do of Marriages,	50
Do of Deaths,	50

"BUSINESS NOTICES"—All matter under this heading, leaded or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of solid minion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements every two weeks.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion, and 3 cents for each additional insertion.

The Weekly Intelligencer

Is published every Friday Morning at $2 per annum if called for at the Office, or sent by mail; and $2½ if delivered by the Carrier, payable in all cases in advance. If not paid until the close of the year, 50 cents will be added to each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, and the number now on our Subscription Books is **over 1,400.** With such a large and general circulation throughout this and adjoining Counties, the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed advantages to advertisers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Six lines and under, first insertion,.....0 50
Each subsequent insertion,.....0 12½
Above six lines (per line) first insertion 0 07
Each subsequent insertion per line,....0 03

☞ "BUSINESS NOTICES"—10 cents per line each insertion, measured as solid minion.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to insure their appearance.

All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

The Intelligencer Job Office

Is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the country.

The DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER can be had at the Book Stores in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at El Dorado.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

M. BOWELL,
Publisher

INTELLIGENCER BUILDINGS, Front Street, Belleville.

Daily Intelligencer.

Let there be Harmony in things Essential—Liberality in things not Essential—Charity in all.

Vol. 1. BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, MONDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 24, 1868. No. 252.

Montreal Business Directory.

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal,

DEPARTMENTS.

Braces,	Knitted Woolens,
Braids,	Laces,
Brushes and Combs,	Ladies Collars and Sets,
Buttons,	Straw Goods,
Corsets,	Small Wares in great
Elastics,	variety.
Felt Hats,	Threads,
Gents Collars and Ties,	Trimmings & Ornaments
Hosiery and Gloves,	Umbrellas.
Velvet Ribbons, &c.	

HOOP SKIRTS.—our own Manufacture. 156-6m

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware Manufacturers,
MONTREAL.
KILN PLATES
AND
CASTINGS for BREWERIES.
Any parties about putting up new kilns for
MALT. OR OATMEAL
will do well to correspond with the above.
156-6m.

BURROWS & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobaccos, &c., &c.
416 St. Paul St., Montreal.
☞Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 156-6m

PEAVEY & MARCH,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions,
And everything usually sold in a first class Grocery.
No. 344 Notre Dame Street, a few doors West St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.
☞Every article warranted to be as represented or may be returned. Goods sent to any part of the City Free of Charge. 156-6m

HUNTER, DUFFY & JOHNSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
29 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 156-6m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. ROGAN, PROPRIETOR,
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-6m

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, Collins Wharf, Halifax.
PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.
ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 38b-6m-Wtm

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
313 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.
MAPS, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, Bills of Lading, Blank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards, in any number of colors. Coulmots, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 271b6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c., &c., &c.,
25 Hospital St., - - - MONTREAL,
OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and
ON AS GOOD TERMS
as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.
J. C. FRANCK & Co.
July 27, 1867. 74d.

QUEEN
INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL, - - - $10,000,000.
FIRE and LIFE.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.
THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers.—One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to **Ten per Cent** of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management
Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.
The next division of profits takes place in 1868, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.
M. BOWELL,
DR. CANNIFF, *Intelligencer Office.*
Medical Referee *Agent.*
May, 1867. 4D-6mo.

Montreal Business Directory.

Frothingham & Workman,
MONTREAL.
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.
Warehouse and Offices 395 to 399, St. Paul St.
Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c.
May 1st. 1d-6m

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M. D.,
Consulting and Analytical Chemist,
630 Lagauchetiere Street, Montreal.
☞At home for consultation before 10 A. M. between 2 and 3, and after 6 P. M.
FEES FOR ANALYSIS,—$5 a metal, payable in advance.
156-6m

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
303 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL.
☞Every description of Jewelry manufactured from Gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 38b6m

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant.
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Agent for Walter Evans & Co. Sewing and Knitting Cottons, Derby; and J. M. Perry & Co.'s Gray's Patent Linen Fibre Collars, Nottingham, England.
1D-6m

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER.
OFFICE: Corner of St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.
REFERENCES—Robertson & Beattie. Robert Esdaile, Esq., Jas Fermace, Esq. 31D3m

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT
And Commission Merchants,
49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street,
MONTREAL. 1D-6m

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant,
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods. 1D-6m

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 329 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 26b6m

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.
THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.
E. MUIR,
Chemist and Druggist,
38b6m Place D'Armes, Montreal.

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McCUAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
OFFICE—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and St Gabriam Street, Canal Wharf.
MONTREAL.
☞Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and oil of Produce, and purchase of Merchandize. 32b6m

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
100 GREY NUNS STREET, MONTREAL.
HAVE FOR SALE—

Boiler Tubes,	Drain Pipes,
Gas Tubes,	Roman Cement,
Horse Nails,	Water Lime,
Paints and Putty,	Portland Cement,
Fire Bricks,	Paving Tiles,
Fire Clay,	Garden Vases,
Flue Covers.	Chimney Tops, &c.

☞Manufacturers of AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR, and BED SPRINGS. 24D6m

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.
LIBERAL advances made on consignments to ourselves, or for shipment to our friends in Great Britain and the Lower Port.
May 31st, 1867. 27D6m

A. ROBERTSON & Co.,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Mantles, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosiery, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Clothes, Canadian Woollens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons, Prints, Sluffs, Dress Goods, Muslins.
478 St. Paul Street & 339 Commissioners St.,
MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro', C. W. 1D-6m

Important to Miners and MINING MEN.
JOHNS' Patent Water-Proof Safety Fuse for WET GROUND and SUBMARINE BLASTING, is much cheaper than any other, and pronounced by Mining men much better than any imported.
Testimonials received from men well known in the mining and quarrying business of Canada and the United States; from Messrs. Morrill & Colby, Bennets, Wiswell, Macfarland, Adams, Watson, Griffith, Wearn, and others.
☞All orders promptly attended to.
Address JOHNS & Co.,
150-3m Sherbrooke, Q.

TERRAPIN RESTAURANT
CHARLES PAPINEAU,
BEGS to inform the public that he has opened the TERRAPIN RESTAURANT, in Coleman's Building, next door to Dr. Coleman's Drug Store, and he has fitted it up in first class style, with every convenience. He will keep constantly on hand the best Ale and Porter, and the purest brands of Liquors.
☞Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c., always on hand.
Belleville, Oct. 16, 1867. 142-tf

CONGER BROS.

FEELING thankful for the very liberal patronage given them for the past year, beg to remind their customers and the public that having thoroughly
REFITTED THEIR STORE!
are now opening a well assorted stock of FRESH TEAS, SUGARS, SPICES, CURRANTS, RAISINS, FIGS, &c.
Special attention is called to their fine assortment of
Jams, Jellies, Canned and Bottled FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.
R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER
Nov. 13th, 1867. 1dly

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the
Canadian & United States Mails.
1867—SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.—1867.
Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.
Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.
This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undernoted First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double-Engine Iron Steamships:—

AUSTRIAN	2700 Tons.	Capt. AITON.
NORWEGIAN	2700 "	Capt. DUTTON, R.N.R.
MORAVIAN.	2650 "	Capt. WYLIE.
PERUVIAN	2600 "	Capt. BALLANTINE.
HIBERNIAN	2434 "	Capt. BROWN.
NOVA-SCOTIAN	2300 "	Capt. ALLAN.
NORTH-AMERICAN	1734 "	Capt. KERR.
BELGIAN	2434 "	Capt. GRANGE.
DAMASCUS,	1600 "	Capt. WATTS.

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL EVERY THURSDAY, and from PORTLAND every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)
The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from PORTLAND as undernoted, viz:—

NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Saturday, 22nd Feb.
PERUVIAN,	Saturday, 29th "
NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 7th March.
BELGIAN	Saturday, 14th "
AUSTRIAN,	Saturday, 21st "
HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 28th "

Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway:—

CABIN, - - -	$80 20 to $90 20
(according to accommodation.)	
STEERAGE, - - -	$32 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.
Berths not secured until paid for.
For particulars apply to
J. W THOMPSON, Agent,
Canadian Express Office,
271D6m-166Wly BELLEVILLE.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
For 1868.
THE CHEAPEST OF LADIES' MAGAZINES,
BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST.
THE friend of woman, the arbiter of fashion, the encourager and publisher of the best literature of the day, the pattern from which all others copy.
READING MATTER.
In this there will be an improvement. The volume for 1868 will be set up with new-faced type, and of a size that will enable us to give an additional quantity of reading matter amounting to about twelve pages in each number.
BEAUTIFUL STEEL PLATES.
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8th October, 1867. J. H. T. BLEASDELL.

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Ontario Legislature.

FEBRUARY 21st, 1868.

After a long discussion upon the estimates during which some hard hits were exchanged, and the Attorney-General telling the members if they did not like the sessional allowance they could "abolish it altogether" if they liked, the item for SCHOOLS was reached, when the following debate ensued.

Mr. BLAKE said that, assuming the whole question of these educational grants was under discussion, he wished to make a remark on the mode of apportioning the grants to Grammar Schools. This was based on the erroneous principle of attendance, so that the effect had been unduly to swell the attendance of classes of children not qualified for Grammar Schools—girls and others being got to attend, in order to obtain an increased grant.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD thought there was a great deal of force in the observations of the member for South Bruce. The Grammar Schools had been deteriorated by receiving children who were not qualified to enter them. He hoped that some arrangements might be devised which would obviate this. The question had been brought under his attention by a communication from the Chief Superintendent of Education, who desired his opinion whether it had been intended that girls should be admitted to Grammar Schools. His (Mr. Macdonald's) impression was that such had not been the intention. This practice of getting girls into the Grammar Schools had the effect of interfering with and injuring the usefulness of higher seminaries for girls. It was to be regretted that the standard of education for young ladies in Upper Canada was not so high as in Lower Canada. He promised that the attention of the Government would be given to the subject. Mr. Macdonald also embraced this opportunity of reading a long communication from the Chief Superintendent of Education on the subject of the contingencies and salaries of his department, drawn out in consequence of some allusions to this subject in a previous debate. Dr. Ryerson claimed that these expenses were controlled by a strict regard to economy—that they had not increased within the last ten years, and that they were less than the corresponding expenses in Lower Canada. He said that the last published public accounts showed that the Lower Canada Department of Education expended, for salaries and contingencies, $16,113 with 3,826 schools, while his (Dr. Ryerson's) estimate was $14,700 with 4,457 schools, besides other agencies for the diffusion of useful knowledge which did not exist in connection with the Department of Public Instruction in Lower Canada. The only increase of salary had been in the case of two junior clerks, who were entitled to it by their long and faithful services. One of these (Mr. Stinson) had distinguished himself by his gallant conduct at Ridgeway.

Dr. MCGILL wished to get a little more information on the subject of Grammar School education. He understood the member for South Bruce and the Attorney General to say that latterly a great many girls had been made to attend the Grammar Schools, in order to get larger grants. He agreed that, to some extent, that was the fact, he did not agree, however, that girls should be excluded from the Grammar Schools. If this were done, they would to a large extent be practically excluded from the higher education which they could now get in Grammar Schools. With all due deference to Mr Young, the Inspector of Grammar Schools, who had strongly urged the exclusion of girls, he thought the learned gentleman had pressed that matter too far. Many girls were now getting a good education in Grammar Schools, which they could not possibly get otherwise. Separate high schools for the education of girls could not, in the circumstances of our country, be at all generally established.

Mr. FRASER was glad to hear that the attention of the Government was to be given to this important subject. His own impression was that Grammar Schools were not the best place for the education of girls. He hoped the Government would consider the propriety of giving a grant for high schools for girls in many localities through the country.

Mr. LAUDER said that in the small riding represented by Dr. McGill there were two Grammar Schools. In South Grey there was not one. The present distribution was not a just one, and he hoped the earnest attention of the Government would be given to providing a better Grammar School law.

Mr. SINCLAIR approved of the suggestion to establish schools for the superior education of girls. At the same time, he did not think they should be excluded from Grammar Schools which gave an education, some kinds of which were as useful to girls as to boys.

Mr. FERRIER, from the experience he had had, believed that the system of teaching boys and girls together in Grammar Schools worked well. The girls, in many instances, showed just as good an aptitude for learning Greek, Latin, &c., as boys. He thought Mr. Young went too far. The grammar school teachers were to meet in

convention in June, and would then discuss this subject. He thought, after hearing their opinion, and the remarks which the Chief Superintendent and Inspector of Grammar Schools might make upon it, the Government and Legislature would be in a better position of dealing with the subject next session.

Mr. BLAKE called attention to a petition received from Cobourg, with reference to the distribution of a Grammar School grant in that locality.

Mr. FRASER said he would be happy to put the Provincial Secretary in possession of the facts of the case.

The item was agreed to.

REGISTRY BILL.

On motion of Hon. J. S. MCDONALD, the House went again into committee—Mr. Lount in the chair—on the Bill respecting Registrars, Registry Offices, &c.

On section A of clause 9, which provides that the Registrar, whether appointed before or after the passing of this Act, may at any time be required to execute a new recognizance and covenants in the form and to the effect hereinbefore provided, and to furnish other sureties as may be deemed expedient.

Mr. BLAKE suggested an alteration so that the clause should read "may be required to exercise a new recognisance, &c., or to furnish other securities, &c., or both." He said he offered this amendment at the suggestion of a Registrar, who wrote him that he was afraid that under this clause he might be turned out, at the instance of a hungry Radical who wanted his office. (Laughter.)

After some discussion, section A was agreed to, with some verbal amendments made by the Attorney-General.

On the 13th clause, which provides that "no Registrar, or Deputy Registrar, shall advise, for fee or other reward, or otherwise, upon titles of land within his county, nor shall he carry on or transact within the Registry office, any other business or occupation whatever, upon pain of forfeiture of office."

Mr. BLAKE urged the propriety of inserting words to prevent a Registrar from acting as a Conveyancer. If a Registrar found he had made a mistake as a Conveyancer, by overlooking some entry in the registries, he was under a strong temptation to cover his error by altering the records.

Mr. HAYS supported the suggestion.

Mr. MCCALL (Norfolk) was not surprised that lawyers wanted to prevent other people from practising as Conveyancers.

Mr. BLAKE said that, on the contrary, nothing brought so much business to lawyers as wills, conveyances, &c., drawn by hedge-schoolmasters and other unqualified persons.

Mr. MCCALL (Norfolk) said he knew instances in which Registrars had to send back deeds drawn by lawyers to have blunders corrected. The Registrar in his county was as well qualified to draw a conveyance as any lawyer, and did not charge so much.

Mr. WILSON corroborated the statements of his colleague from Norfolk.

Mr. SCOTT (Grey) thought Registrars should be prevented from speculating in tax sales.

After further discussion, the clause was amended by the insertion of words to prevent Registrars from practising as conveyancers.

After about fifty clauses had been adopted, with amendments, the committee rose, reported progress, and obtained leave to sit again on Monday.

The House adjourned at twenty minutes past ten.

The Abyssinian Expedition.

The latest news by mail from the Abyssinian expedition is up to the 20th of January. At that time about three miles of the railway had been laid, and a locomotive was running upon it to the great delight of the natives. It was calculated that two miles of railway would be laid per week.

The supply of water was sufficient, though some idea may be formed of the enormous exertions required when we find that the daily demand amounts to 40,000 gallons. General Merewether and the Quartermaster General, Colonel Phayn, had gone to the front, and the Commander-in-Chief was about to proceed to Senafe leaving Sir C. Stavely in charge at Zulla.

At Zulla there were the 4th King's Own, 3rd and 25th Native Infantry, a detachment of Scinde cavalry, two batteries of mountain guns, some companies of Punjaub Pioneers, and Madras Sappers, an immense camel train, a number of elephants, a large transport establishment, and an unlimited number of Coolies. In the bay there were upwards of 70 vessels of one kind and another, beside a fleet of small boats.

It was considered doubtful whether King Theodore was yet aware of the landing of the British, as it was reported that every one was afraid to tell him.

The nickname of "The Upper Ten Thousand" seems to involve a numerical mistake. It appears from tables presented to the Statistical Society, based upon income-tax returns, that 7,084 persons possess £112,640,000 a year, being *one seventh* of the whole national income as returned,—perhaps one-fourth of all the income derived from property. The entire income of the 1,860,000 families which pay no less than £300 a year is not equal to that of these Upper Seven Thousand. There are, moreover, only 47,575 households in England returning more than £1,000 a year. Only 32,000 persons possess in Great Britain more than ten acres apiece. The deduction is, that there are but 7,000 families in England with more than £5,000 a year, and less than 59,000 with more than £1,000 from all sources.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West,	7.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West,	8.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going West,	10.55 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train,	6.30 P. M.
Noon Express going East,	12.08 P. M.
Night Express going East,	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East,	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train,	9.30 P. M.

Montreal Time.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, MONDAY, FEB. 24.

SKATING.—Carrie A. Moore, the Lady Skatteress, gives another entertainment to-night, at the Ontario Rink. Her performance is worth seeing.

LAW STAMPS.—In the finance statement by Mr. Dunkin, in the Quebec Legislature, he claims for the revenue of Quebec the funds arising from law stamps, but in Ontario Mr. Wood intimated that they belonged to the Dominion. One thing is clear, if Quebec is entitled to this source of revenue, Ontario is also.

VICTORIA GOLD MINING COMPANY OF TORONTO.—A Charter of Incorporation has been granted to the above Company, of which Mr. John W. Cox is President, and Mr. Josias Bray, Secretary and Treasurer. This Company was organized last fall, and the stock all taken up in the short period of ten days, being an indication of public confidence seldom equalled in Canadian mining experience. Two shafts of considerable depth has been sunk on the Company's property, Lot 25, in the 4th concession of Madoc, and the Directors have determined to erect a crusher (see advertisement) and with a little delay as possible, and push operations vigorously in the spring. Mr. Wm. Jenkins, a California miner of nine years practical experience, has been engaged as Superintendent. A general meeting of the stockholders will be held at the Company's office, in Toronto, on March 7th next, for the election of Directors and receiving reports from the present Board.

The Pontifical Zouaves.

This corps has taken its departure from our shores with the blessings of the Church on its head, and a grand demonstration on the part of the people of Montreal. Thirteen left Quebec on the 18th, to join their comrades in Montreal. They were composed, says the Quebec *Gazette*, of advocates, physicians, students, and others. Among them is a son of Major O'Meara's, of Her Majesty's Customs, who is to go at his father's expense. Mr. De Baucherville, Speaker of the Legislative Council, has subscribed $100 towards this fund for raising Papal soldiers, and equipping them in Canada. Another journal says these adventurers number about 125 in number, most of whom are military cadets, educated in Canada at the public expense. Is this true? If so, the sooner a change takes place in the management of our military schools, the better. In addition to allowing a violation (in spirit,) of the Foreign Enlistment Act, are we to spend our money in educating young men in military tactics for the purpose of recruiting the army of the Pope, or any other foreign potentate? If so, the sooner the people know it, and the sooner the authorities effect a change in the mode of admission to our military schools, the better.

Apart from these considerations, it is equally a questionable policy to allow the youth of the country to be recruited for any army other than our own. While we are paying large sums annually for the encouragement of emigration, should we allow the youth of the land to be enlisted to swell foreign armies?

These young men, fired by religious enthusiasm through the declamations of the Priesthood, are entering upon a service of which they have very little knowledge. Used to comfortable homes and wholesome food, and to look upon the life of a British soldier as that of comfort and ease, they will find their new vocation anything but of a similar character. The position of the Papal soldier, so far as social comfort and humane treatment is concerned, will be found somewhat different to that of the Canadian volunteer, or even the regular soldier of Great Britain. It is within our own recollection that the volunteers who left Ireland some years since to fight for the Pope, returned—at least as many of them as could—in a most miserable plight, barefooted and ragged. One of the returned crusaders, who managed to escape, writes to the London *Times* as follows:

"I did not like the living nor the people with whom I had to associate. Our first meal was at 10 a.m., and this consisted of soup and about two ounces of cooked meat. We had nothing else till 4 p.m., and then about a pound and a half of cooked potatoes, or rice, or macaroni, varied most days, but no meat; and nothing more till next day at 10 a.m. Nothing to drink allowed but water. We had three pounds of bread served out to us every other day. Our bed was of straw, sewed up in some bagging, and a rug to cover us. I did not dare to take off my clothes for fear they would be stolen. I did not take off my boots even, all the time I was there, and my feet were swollen and sore in consequence. The money pay given to us was equal to 7d. a week."

If further evidence is required, we have it in a letter from one of the disgusted, who has learned by sad experience, the difference between romance and reality. He writes to the Montreal *Witness* as follows:

"Happy the recruit who has money with him, and bears a noble name! for the Zouaves are expected to be rich and noble, the plebeian in that corps is an outcast, and must live on his three cents a day. 'How much do you receive from Rome a month?' is a question often asked. If you say Nothing,—you are considered as nobody; the officers look upon you with contempt and say, 'Another who had no soup at home.' On the contrary, the noble and rich man, when found out, is invited to dine with the Colonel and keep company with the *elite* of the battalion. How disappointed we were the next day, when, at nine o'clock,—our first meal—we marched to the kitchen to receive a scanty dish of soup, and daily loaf of bread two pounds for the day; Diellusion begins; no officer visits us; no friendly word welcomes us. Volunteers for a cause represented as so holy, we had expected to meet friends and brothers; we are received with contempt and diffidence. 'Are you rich? Are you noble?' These are the only words addressed us."

Municipal Mismanagement.

The Municipality of the City of Quebec has been frightfully managed for a number of years past, until bankruptcy begins to stare them in the face. This state of things has driven the most respectable portion of the people of the city to petition Parliament to suspend the operations of the Municipal Corporation, and substitute therefor a Board of Commissioners, the Government to name one, the Board of Trade one, and the present Corporation one, these gentlemen to receive $2,000 a year each. The following is a brief but "instructive" history of the downward progress of the Quebec Corporation, furnishing unanswerable arguments in favor of the petition now before the Legislature. In 1859 the Corporation of Quebec, being in financial difficulties, obtained from the Legislature power to issue debentures to the amount of $300,000, to consolidate the debt, but was at the same time prohibited from contracting new debts by the 22 Vic. chap 23, sec. 4. In 1865, six years later, the Corporation was in a state of insolvency, it had illegally issued debentures to a considerable amount, viz: $154,696 for the purposes of the Corporation, and $16,880 for the water works. It was again, upon application to the Legislature, authorized by 29 Vic., chap. 57, to issue new debentures to the amount of $450,000 to cover the floating debts and the amount of debentures illegally issued. On this occasion the Legislature not only prohibited the Corporation from contracting other debts, but made the Mayor and Councillors personally responsible for the same, and subject to be sued for misdemeanour. In 1867, from the statement furnished by the City Treasurer, dated the 16th Jan., 1868, it appears that, notwithstanding the penalties imposed in 1865, the Corporation will have during the two years and four months ending 30th April, 1868, contracted a further debt of $145,662.07.

FROM MADOC.

From our own Correspondent.

MADOC, Feb. 20th, 1868.

There is a tendency among a certain class in these regions to throw a doubt on everything that is a step forward in the development of the gold fields. Whether it be the result of a chronic disposition to fault-finding, or a wish to be considered wiser than their neighbors, so that in case of failure they may harp on the old growl of "I told you so," I don't know; but one thing is certain, that with strangers seeking eagerly for information it has a bad effect. If a good yield is obtained from a sample ton of rock, "it is salted." If a good sale of mining territory is made, the purchaser "is sold." If a delay occurs in the starting of a crusher, "it is a humbug." And so it goes, until an outsider would be led to suppose that the whole community here had combined to defraud any and everybody who had any capital, and disposition to invest. Croakers infest every community, however, and their wisdom is generally valued at what it is worth.

Since my last communication a good deal of crushing has been done at the custom mills, and with very satisfactory results, so far as can be ascertained. The Richardson mine has had 20 tons crushed at Gilbert's, with a result—some say—of about $600, others not so much. The most that can be got at from the managers of the mill is that "it was a good thing."

The Barry mine mill was started on Thursday, and the machinery worked admirably and to the entire satisfaction of the owners. They have not commenced to amalgamate, but intend to do so early in the coming week. As it is an entirely different process from anything tried here, the results will be looked for with considerable anxiety.

Speaking of crushers, there is considerable being done in that direction. We have now in North Hastings Gilbert & Turley's, Scott & Taylor's, Richardson Mine, Barry Mine, Hon. B. Flint's. In course of erection: Anglo Saxon, Bay State, Moira, Empire, Whitby & Toronto and Caldwell & Co. A number of other Companies are making enquiries as to the most improved plans for mills, with the intention of commencing early in the spring.

As gold matters now stand, they have a most promising appearance. A large number of shafts have been opened, and tests by assay and crushing have been made, and in a majority of instances with the most satisfactory results. Gilbert & Turley report applications for crushing far in advance of their present facilities to meet promptly. This week 20 tons are being crushed for the Caledonia Co. This is to be followed by 5 tons from the Empire, next 20 tons from Ross' mine, Elzevir. The old Moore mine is waiting for an opportunity to have 10 tons crushed, and the El Dorado, which has been hiding its light for some time, is negotiating for 50 to 100 tons. Add to this the single tons from all over the country, and you can see that the Gilbert & Turley mill is likely to be busily employed for some time to come.

Scott & Taylor have also been pretty busy, but not to the same extent as the other mill.

The Whitby and Toronto Company report the sale of a large amount of their stock during the past two weeks in Whitby, Toronto and New York. The result of their test crushing was a very good yield, and the assays made lately by Professor Chapman, of Toronto, have confirmed their highest expectations. Major Wallace, the manager, states that the Company have purchased an engine and boiler, and in a few days will be asking for tenders to erect a building.

The Empire Mine is pushed forward under the management of Mr. Smith, who reports most favorable prospects. There is an increase in the width of the leads, and an improvement in the general character of the rock. Things look like work around this mine, though the cold weather must necessarily be a great drawback. Last week—but an investigation will, no doubt, prove them untrue—all sorts of reports have been in circulation about this mine. I have just seen a specimen of rock from this mine, in which there is a fine show of gold—no mistake and no humbug. Beyond any questions of doubt, this mine is rich, and when the difficulties of water are overcome, we shall hear of most satisfactory results.

The Hononula reports a crushing from Scott & Taylor's mill, this week, of $13.45 to the ton. This is an increase on the last. I understand they have suspended work at this mine for the present, waiting for more favorable weather. Mr. McCullough informs me that the company are enquiring into the merits of an improved smelting mill, with the intention of adopting it to work their rock.

The Caledonia Company have taken out twenty tons of ore, which is now at the mill. The grey rock continues, and assays made a few days since by W. C. Smith, yielded $27.44 to the ton. The texture of the rock continues to improve, and if the result of the rock at the crushing mill is satisfactory, they intend to make arrangements for a crushing mill for themselves without delay.

The Bay State Mine is progressing rapidly and promises soon to be in a condition to report the result of their own crushing. It was reported here yesterday that some very good rock had been taken from this mine with gold visible in the grey quartz.

The Wellington Mine, under the able management of Mr. Hugh C. Fletcher, is being worked by three shifts of men, and the result is a rapidity of progress that is really astonishing. Assays and the appearance of the rock of this mine, give every reasonable ground for expecting rich results. Mr. Fletcher, in the management of this mine, has taken a different course than that pursued by many others. He has had the mouth of the shaft made large for the after purposes required in working this mine, and it will, no doubt, be a saving in the end.

The Ross & Co. Mine, on Lot No. 11, in the 1st con. Elzevir, is being worked with a view of getting out twenty tons to thoroughly test the quartz, and if satisfactory, a crushing mill will be erected at once. They have great advantages here, from the fact that they have a water power within two hundred feet of the mine. A practical working assay made by Mr. Smith a few days ago, produced $21 to the ton. Mr. Smith says they should get $20 to the ton at the crushing mill.

There is much more matter that I might add, but having exceeded the bounds of an ordinary communication, must bring it to a close.

GRANITE.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—Wm. Foster, member for Bradford, has given notice that, on the 28th inst., he will call the attention of the House of Commons to the state of the naturalization law and right of self expatriation.

The *Independence Belge* of Saturday has an article on the prospects of peace in Europe.—It expresses the general feeling of apprehension which prevails, in saying that the vast military preparations which are now going on in all parts of France, are of a character and on a scale which leads to the conviction that they are designed to meet other purposes than that of national defence.

FLORENCE, Feb. 23.—Admiral Farragut met with an enthusiastic reception last week at Venice.

LONDON, Feb. 23d, 6 p.m.—A tremendous gale prevails on the west coast of England and Wales. The great break-water at Holy Head, a massive stone pier 2000 feet long, has been carried away by the waves, and lights have disappeared. No disasters reported yet.

PARIS, Feb. 23.—The *fete* given by the United States Minister, Gen. Dix, last night, in celebration of Washington's birthday, was a very brilliant affair. Great crowds of American and foreign guests attended. Many French and other European notabilities were present.

BERLIN, Feb. 22.—The diplomatic negotiations of the United States Minister at the Prussian Court, on the subject of naturalization of Germans in America, and the rights of such naturalized citizens on their return to their fatherland, have been crowned with success. The North German Bund, as reconstructed, agrees to fully recognize and accord all rights of exemption from military duty, etc., of native born Americans to Germans naturalized according to our law, as citizens of the United States, after they have spent 5 years in the territory of the republic. The treaty to this effect has been accepted by the authorities of Prussia and the North German Bund, and was duly attested and signed by Mr. Bancroft, in his capacity of United States Minister to-day.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 23.—The steamers "Silesia" "City of New York" and "Union," from New York, has arrived.

LONDON, February 24, 1:20 p. m.—Consols 93⅞ to 93; I C 87⅝; Erie 45.

LIVERPOOL, February 24, 1:20 p. m.—Cotton heavy; prices declined to 9⅝d to 9¾d for Uplands, and 10d for Orleans to arrive.

American Despatches.

NEW YORK, February 22.—The *Times'* Washington special says that August Belmont and other members of the Democratic National Committee, were entertained by the President at dinner at the White House. The surmises and rumors having their origin in this fact are numberless, but is agreed that Mr. Johnson finds himself forced to seek openly the aid of his old democratic friends in his present trouble.

NEW YORK, February 23.—The Canadian corps of Papal Zouaves, which arrived here on Thursday, left yesterday afternoon for Europe, after participating in religious service, held in their honor at St. Peter's Church.

A telegraph operator was arrested yesterday, charged with violating the secrecy of a telegram which passed between a firm in this city and their Washington correspondent.

WASHINGTON, February 23.—It is stated that the President expressed a desire to test the case legally in court. Yesterday Gen. Thomas signed himself in two communications to the Secretary of War, *ad interim*. The determination of Mr. Stanton to cause the arrest of Gen Thomas was decided upon by him as the surest and most direct method of compelling that officer to take the initiative in any civil proceedings he may think necessary to obtain possession of the office. Being under bonds, he is in a measure prohibited from acting at his own pleasure, and if he receives further orders from the President he must decide between disobedience to him and incurring still further penalties for the violation of law. Mr. Stanton was in his office until a late hour last night, and proposed to remain until he could safely leave it. The efforts of Gen. Thomas to get possession thus far have been futile, and it is believed to-night that the supreme court will be applied to for aid. It is not believed the President will attempt any force to oust Mr. Stanton, though rumors of such intentions are plenty.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—The *Times'* Washington special says it may be set down that the impeachment of the President is certain. The demand is to make the work sharp and decisive.

WORCESTER, Mass., Feb. 22.—The horses "Empire State" and "Ivanhoe" started from Brighton to trot to Worcester for $1,000. "Empire State" won the race in 2 hours and 24 minutes, but subsequently died.

BOSTON, Feb. 23.—A fire in East Boston today destroyed Munson & Patterson's planing mill and other buildings. Loss $75,000.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—News from Mexico to the 19th have been received and state that the revolutions in Sinaloa and Yucatan are still in progress, and affairs are very complicate. The rebel force is large and active. A fight is reported between the regulars and the banditti at Huscras, in which twenty of the latter were killed.

The *Tribune* will come out to-morrow with editorial, demanding the immediate impeachment and removal of President Johnson. It says there is no avoiding this conclusion, no middle course. This most infamous chief magistrate should be swept out of his office; let him be impeached, and let the Republican party show that it has not only the power to preserve the country from rebellion under Jeff. Davis, but also from treachery under Andrew Johnson.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—A message was sent by the President to the Senate, yesterday afternoon, just after their adjournment, but was brought back to the white-house. This message, it is reported, states his reasons, in addition to those named in his former message, for removing Stanton. Briefly, "insubordination" is the word that conveys the substance of the additional reasons.

ALBANY, Feb. 23.—The large six story malt house of J. G. White & Son was totally destroyed by fire this morning. It contained barley, malt, &c. Loss about $200,000.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—The city continues in a state of the most intense excitement, and everybody is anxiously awaiting new developments. The city is filled with rumors, which, as soon as exploded, new ones are invented. It is the impression that the President will be tried, convicted and removed from office within the next ten days. There is much earnestness and determination expressed by all Republicans. The guard at the War Department has been doubled. The President is in receipt of letters and telegrams giving him assurances of approbation and support. The Republicans are constantly being encouraged in a similar manner. The President has directed application to be made to the Court to-morrow for a mandamus, with the view of making Stanton show under and by what authority he retains possession of the War Department. It is stated that Atty Gen. Stanberry, Judge Black and Chas. O'Connor will defend the President before the Senate. Yesterday the galleries of the House were crowded, and hundreds were unable to gain admittance. Many visitors were here from adjoining cities.

TOLEDO, Feb. 23.—A fire last night destroyed property to the amount of $60,000.

CHICAGO, Feb. 23.—There was no meeting of the Board of Trade to-day. No. 1 wheat nominal at $1 97 to $1 98. Oats dull. Provisions—Live Hogs moderately active at $7 to $8. Beef Cattle dull and nothing doing. Receipts: 6,000 bbls Flour, 16,000 bush Wheat, 53,000 bush Corn, 10,000 bush Oats, 1,500 Dressed Hogs. Shipments: 5,000 bbls Flour, 2,500 Dressed Hogs, 2,000 Live Hogs.

NEW YORK, February 23.—At the up-town Exchange yesterday there was great excitement, growing out of the news from Washington. From fifteen to twenty millions of gold changed hands. In the morning gold opened at 142⅜, and sold in lots from $10 to $100,000 to the extent of a quarter of a million at that figure. Prices ranged from 142½ to 143 in the afternoon. At night the first sale was made at 145⅜, after which, upon heavy transactions, the price was run up to 143¾. A reaction took place, when the price touched 143⅜. At ten

o'clock most of the sales were at 143. Stocks were not very largely dealt in. N Y C 129¾; 1,000 Erie shares sold at 69¾; closing price 69¾ bid, 69¾ asked; 110¾ bid for Pacific Mail.

—The centenary contributions of the Methodist Church for 1867 amount to $8,000,000—$60,000 of which have been contributed by Sunday Schools.

—Everything which resembles the Marie Antoinette style of toilette is said to be the rage in Paris just now, owing to the Empress Eugenie's admiration for that unhappy Queen.

—Quebec is working itself into a fever over two nuggets of gold said to have been dug out of the Chaudiere. One weighs two pounds, and the other one pound and five pennyweights.

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, Feb 24.

Commercial Bills	99
Greenbacks, buying at	69
" selling at	70
Bank of Upper Canada Bills	62
Silver, buying at	4
" selling at	3½

Gold opened at 143¾; closed at 143¾.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, Belleville, Feb. 24, 1868.

FALL WHEAT—$1 65 to $1 75.
SPRING WHEAT—$1 60 to $1 70.
BARLEY—95c to $1 00.
RYE—firm at $1 00 to $1 06.
OATS—60c to 65c.
PEAS—demand only for local use at 85c to $1 00.
BUCKWHEAT—75c to 80c.
HERD—Dull at $5 50 @ $6 50.
PORK—$5 50 to $6 00. Heavy Pork $6 25.
MUTTON—6c to 8c per pound.
BUTTER—15c to 20c.
EGGS—18c to 20c.
HIDES—$6 50 to $7 00.
SHEEPSKINS—dull at 75c.
CALFSKINS—6c to 8c ₱ lb.
TALLOW—Rough, 6c; rendered, 8c.
WOOL—32c.
POTATOES—65c to 75c.
APPLES—80c to $1 00.
HAY—$10 to $14.
CHEESE—10c.
CORN—90c to $1.
FLOUR—No 1, $7 50 ₱ bbl.
POTASH—$4 50 to $4 75.

MONTREAL MARKETS

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.

MONTREAL, Feb. 24, 1867.
1 P. M.

FLOUR.—Superior Extra	$8 00	@	8 25
Extra	7 90	@	8 00
Fancy	7 60	@	7 75
Welland Canal Superfine	7 45	@	7 60
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat,	7 45	@	7 60
" " 1 Western Wheat,	7 45	@	7 60
" " 2 " "	7 10	@	7 25
Bag Flour	3 60	@	3 75
WHEAT.—Canada Fall	0 00	@	0 00
Spring	1 70	@	0 00
Western	0 00	@	0 00
OATS.—Per 32 lbs	0 46	@	0 47
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	0 95	@	1 00
BUTTER—Dairy	0 15	@	0 20
" Store Packed	0 15	@	0 20
ASHES—Pots	5 35	@	5 40
Pearls	5 80	@	5 83
PORK—Mess	19 00	@	19 25
Prime Mess	14 50	@	00 00
Prime	13 00	@	00 00
DRESSED HOGS	5 75	@	6 40
PEAS	0 89	@	0 90
RYE FLOUR	5 95	@	6 00

Flour and grain no transactions, rates generally unchanged. Provisions—Pork steady; Hogs steady, with fair consumptive demand; Butter fair, enquiring for at quotations. Ashes—Pots in good demand; Pearls neglected.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, February 24.

Cotton quiet at 23c.
Flour firmer; receipts 7,300 bbls; sales 5,800 bbls at $8 50 to $9 25 for superior state and western; $9 80 to $10 70 for common to choice extra State; $9 50 to $10 65 for common to choice extra western.
Rye flour quiet.
Wheat not active; receipts 1,000 bushels; sales 21,500 bushels at $2 51 to $2 53 for No. 1 spring in store; $2 65 for amber Green Bay in store.
Rye scarce and firm; receipts 775 bushels; sales 1,600 bushels western at $1 87.
Corn about 1 cent better; receipts 27,000 bushels; sales 39,000 bushels at $1 24 to $1 26 for new mixed western afloat; $1 27 for old western in store; $1 30 for old mixed western afloat.
Barley scarce and tending upwards.
Oats quiet and nominal; sales 7,600 bushels at 83½c to 84c for western.
Pork quiet at $23 50 to $23 75 for old mess; $24 75 to $24 87 for new do.
Lard firmer at 14½c to 16c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.

Stocks steady.
Sterling Exchange 110.
Gold 143¾.
Gold closed 142¾.

Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY, February 24, 1868.

IMPORTS.—5 cars merchandise.
EXPORTS.—2 cars merchandise.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LEXINGTON, Missouri, May 23, 1868.

MESSRS. J. N. HARRIS & CO.

DEAR SIRS—I have made Allen's Lung Balsam pretty well known in our city and country, and have sold about all the four dozen bottles sent me in March last; and I find that persons who try the Balsam once, come back and get more, as it gives them satisfaction; and I regard it as the best preparation for Coughs and Colds. Please send me six dozen bottles as soon as possible.

I am, yours, &c.,
THOMAS J. FLETCHER, Druggist.

P. S.—I sell more Allen's Lung Balsam, than all other cough remedies together, and it gives general satisfaction.

Sold by all Family Medicine dealers.
☞ Perry Davis & Son, Agents for the Dominion of Canada. 51-w 237-1w

☞ Ticket Office for Great Western Railway, opposite the Market, Front-St. Tickets issued to Milwaukee, Chicago, New Orleans, Omaha City, Nebraska Territory, Fort Riley, Kansas, Cheyenne, Dacotah, Denvis Colorado, and all points West. Fare received either in Greenbacks or current funds.
R. P. DAVY, AGENT.
217-1y

BOARDING.

MRS. MCKENZIE can accommodate a few permanent boarders; also, some daily boarders.
RESIDENCE—Pinnacle Street, opposite the market.
Belleville, Nov. 16, 1867. 170-tf

R. R. R. Radway's Regulating Pills

Are composed of vegetable extracts (prepared in vacuo), free from all inert, crude, or irritating substances. The first dose commences its work of purifying the blood, regulating the liver, cleansing the stomach and intestines, and purging from the system all acrimonious and corrupt humors. One Pill, taken two hours before dinner, will create a good appetite and insure a healthy digestion.

BILE.

Bile on the stomach will be eliminated by one dose of the Pills—say from four to six in number. When the liver is in a torpid state, nothing can be better than Radway's Regulating Pills. They purge easily, are mild in operation, and when taken are perfectly tasteless, being elegantly coated with gum. They are recommended for the cure of all disorders of the stomach, liver, kidneys, nervous diseases, indigestion, dyspepsia, biliousness, bilious fever, inflammation of the bowels, piles, and symptoms resulting from disorders of the digestive organs.

THE AGED

Suffer from costiveness and paralysis of the bowels, and may have to use injections to keep the bowels open. Take 2 or 4 of Radway's pills every night; in a few weeks the bowels, liver, kidneys, &c., will be restored to sound health and strength—a regular discharge from the bowels will be secured daily.

See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1868.—R. R. R. sold by all druggists. 1-2t 248-2w

WANTED.

A LAD to take charge of a horse and do work about the house. Apply to
JAMES CORBY.
Belleville, Feb. 24, 1868. 252d-3t

B. G. R. S.

THE Office-Bearers, District Visitors and Managing Committee of the B. G. R. S., are requested to meet at the Town Council Room, on WEDNESDAY, 26th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M.

M. SHERWOOD, Sec'y.
Belleville, Feb. 24, 1868. 252d-2t

ONTARIO SKATING RINK!

CARRIE A. MOORE,
THE ACCOMPLISHED LADY SKATRESS!
will give one more entertainment
THIS EVENING!
To commence at 7½ o'clock.
Admission 25 cts. Subscribers and children half-price.
Belleville, Feb. 24, 1868. 252d-1t

Victoria Gold Mining Company, OF TORONTO.

(LIMITED.)

THE Directors of the above Company require tenders for the erection, on the Company's property, Lot 25, in the 4th Concession of Madoc, of a crusher and engine, of sufficient power to crush ten tons daily.
Tenders will be received up to 5th March next.
Address at the Company's Office, 76 King Street East.

JOSIAS BRAY,
Secretary & Treas.
Feb. 23d, 1868. 252d-3t

LECTURE

ON THE

LIFE OF WILLIAM III.,

PRINCE OF ORANGE.

MR. POLLOCK, A. M.,

WILL deliver a Lecture on the Life of WILLIAM III., Prince of Orange, and the Gunpowder Plot, in the

ORANGE HALL, Belleville,

ON

Monday Evening, 24th Instant,

AT 8 O'CLOCK.

As the Lecture is purely Historical, it is to hoped there will be a large attendance of individuals besides Orangemen.
The public are cordially invited.
Tickets 10 cents, to be had at the door.

BOOKBINDING.

THE Subscriber having re-fitted his BINDERY with the most approved machinery, material, &c., begs to inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to execute orders for every description of

Bookbinding,
Ruling, and
Blank-work,

In the best manner and at the lowest rates.

ACCOUNT BOOKS

manufactured to any pattern with despatch.

Music, Periodicals, Law-Books, &c., neatly, cheaply, and satisfactorily bound.
☞ Special terms for Libraries, and ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
E. HARRISON,
Belleville, Feb. 21st, 1868. 250tf

WANTED,

A MODERATE-SIZED HOUSE, centrally situated in Belleville, with hard and soft water on the premises.
Apply by letter to A. B., *Intelligencer* Office.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 14th Feb'y, 1868.

AUTHORIZED discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice: 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
248 Commissioner of Customs.

GEORGE ROCHE,

HATTER & FURRIER,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now prepared to take orders for

ALL KINDS of FURS.

Having procured the services of a first-class Cutter from Paris, particular attention paid to repairing.
☞ All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.
Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs.
October 14. 1D-6m

John D. Evans,

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Civil Engineer and Draughtsman.
OFFICE—Over Overell's Book Store, Belleville. 34w-246d-6m

Forneri & Kennedy,

CIVIL and MINING ENGINEERS, Provincial Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Madoc. Lands carefully examined and reported on. Money to loan.
☞ All orders by mail will receive immediate attention.
C. C. FORNERI, C.E. & P.L.S.
246d L. KENNEDY, C.E. & P.L.S.

GRAND DISCOUNT SALES OF DRY GOODS, AT P. D. CONGER'S.

COSGRAVE & CO.'S CELEBRATED East India Pale Ale.

JUST RECEIVED,
50 Hhds,
150 Barrels and half Barrels.
FOR SALE ONLY BY
WESLEY BULLEN.
Belleville, Nov. 26, 1867. 177 tf

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THIS BANK is prepared to issue drafts, receive deposits, and grant interest receipts at the office of the Commercial Bank in Belleville.
Mr. THOMSON will be happy to see his old friends.
Belleville, Jany. 23, 1868. 225 tf

DIARIES, DIARIES, FOR 1868,

AT

J. C. OVERELL'S,

TURNBULL'S BLOCK,
180 FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

The X-Mas No. of the ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS,

IS NOW READY.

ALSO,
BOUND NUMBERS OF
British Workman,
Band of Hope Review,
Children's Friend,
Infant's Magazine,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
LEISURE HOUR, SUNDAY AT HOME, &c., &c.,
AT
J. C. OVERELL'S,
OPPOSITE THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
FRONT STREET,
BELLEVILLE.
January 4, 1868. 209

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF FLANNELS,

GENT'S
FURNISHING GOODS,
&c., &c.,
JUST RECEIVED,
AT
J. MUIR & CO.'S.

Horses, Carriages, &c., FOR SALE.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS
TAKEN AT PAR.
Apply to
H. PRETTY,
Opposite the Market.
Belleville, Oct. 22, 1867. 147-tf

Limes and Glycerine,

The best Hair Dresser before the public.
Limes and Glycerine,
The best preparation known for Dandruff.
Limes and Glycerine,
Allays all irritation of the Scalp.
Limes and Glycerine,
All who have used it pronounce it superior to any preparation for the Hair.
Limes and Glycerine,
Is to be found on almost every toilet table.
Limes and Glycerine,
Far superior to pure Glycerine for chapped hands, &c.
Prepared only at
APOTHECARIES HALL,
1d1y Front St., Belleville.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

Ladies Work Boxes.
" Writing Desks.
" Dressing Cases.
Photograph Albums.
Fancy Wool Goods.
Ladies Bonnets.

A fine assortment of
Dress Goods!
and the
Latest Styles in Cloth
FOR LADIES JACKETS.
Geo. Ritchie & Co.
Dec. 19, 1867. 1D-1y

GRAHAM FLOUR,

OATMEAL, SPLIT PEAS, BEANS, &c.

—ALSO,—

WHITEFISH AND HERRINGS

IN BARRELS & HALF BARRELS,

At the "Corner Store," Front and Bridge Streets.
A. FLETCHER & Co.
January 15, 1868. 7-1y, w48-2t

HOOP SKIRTS,

LATEST STYLES.

G. C. Holton & Co.

J. & W. Sutherland

WOULD respectfully solicit an inspection of their new stock of

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS,

Which will be found complete in the following specialities:
FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FRENCH MERINOS—2s. 6d. and upwards
FRENCH LAMAS & THIBETS.
FRENCH DELAINES.
SCOTCH TWEEDS.
" ALL WOOL HOSIERY.
CANADIAN " "
" FLANNELS.
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.
DUNDAS COTTONS AND BAGS.
AMERICAN YARN.
J. & W. SUTHERLAND.
Belleville, October, 1867. 1D6m

HUFFMAN HOUSE,

MADOC, ONTARIO.

HUFFMAN & SON, Proprietors.
(LATE OF PETERBOROUGH.)

☞ Every attention paid to travellers. House and furniture entirely new. 145-tf 36tf

Partner Wanted.

WANTED, as equal partner in a light and profitable manufacturing business, a good responsible man, with some capital to invest.
For particulars enquire at 224, or at the office of S. B. Burdett, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Front St., Belleville.
Belleville, Jan. 27, 1868. 228-tf

NEW BOOKS AT F. VAN NORMAN'S.

Queen Victoria's Journal, "Our Life in the Highlands."
Wood's Natural History—2,500 illustrations, 3 vols., Royal 8vo. $14 00
Chambers' Cyclopedia, now complete, 10 vols. per vol., 2 50
Chambers' Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols. 2 00
Family Cyclopedia. 2 00
Our Constitution. 75
Romance of Charity. 1 00
The Land and the Book. 1 00
Pre-historic Scotland. 2 00
Knight's Half-hours with best Authors, 2 vols. 5 00
Knight's Half-hours with English History. 2 50
North-west Passage by Land, by Vicount Milton and Cheadle. 1 25
Barnes' Notes, complete.
D'Israeli's Curiosities of Literature, cloth and morocco.
Kitto's Bible History of the Holy Land.
Weeles' Scientific Works.

ALL THE POETS, &c., &c.,

NEW SCHOOL BOOKS.

The CHEAPEST STATIONERY

In Belleville.

WALL PAPERS

From 5 cts. to $1 20 per Roll.

BIBLES,
HYMN BOOKS,
PRAYER BOOKS,
PSALM BOOKS,
CATECHISMS, &c. &c.

Sunday School Libraries

In great variety, and very low prices.

A GOOD STOCK OF

Sheet Music, Music Books, Violins,

&c., &c., constantly on hand.
☞ Orders by mail promptly executed.
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,
BELLEVILLE.
Belleville, Feb. 8, 1868. 239-tf

F. HACKETT

HAS RECEIVED A

CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS

Belleville, Oct. 1, 1867. 1D-6m



HURRAH FOR

THE DOMINION.

R. H. JONES

BEGS leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened a new WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Grocery and Liquor Store

in the premises lately occupied by Messrs O'Brien & Henchy, where he will keep on hand a select and varied assortment of

General Groceries,
AND LIQUORS,
For family use and medicinal purposes.

TEAS.

YOUNG AND OLD HYSONS,
GUNPOWDER, TWANKAY,
IMPERIAL, JAPAN,
SOUCHONG,
CONGOU, &c., &c.

COFFEES.

THE BEST IN TOWN, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.

He would especially call the attention of families to his stock of

WINES, SPIRITS & LIQUORS.

Brandies, Ports, Sherries.
Irish, Scotch & Morton's Whiskeys.
Old Tom & Holland Gins,
IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.
Together with a large assortment of

CHAMPAGNE,

of the most popular brands.

LIQUEURS & CORDIALS, &c.

In addition to these there will be found a splendid stock of

LAMP GOODS & TRIMMINGS.

☞ Goods sent promptly to customers in any part of the town.
Belleville, Dec. 9, 1867. 188 43-tf

BLANKS of every description for sale at *The Intelligencer* office.

COMPETITION.—While walking down Broadway a few days ago, we heard a water-cart man cursing his ill luck in a most obstreperous manner. 'That's always the way,' said he; 'a body can go at nothing now-a-days but some one else will cut him out and take the job from him!' What is the matter?' inquired a bystander. 'Why, you see, I got a contract to water this street to-day, and have got all ready, when it has commenced raining hard enough to drown an elephant.'

THE PAPAL ZOUAVES.—The Canadian Papal Zouaves are en route for Rome.—They will be joined by the Prince Iturbide, the adopted son of Maximillian. The N. Y. *Herald* compares this to the Crusades, and chaffs Canada a little on its devotion. It says in conclusion: "We wish the battalion a safe trip to Rome; but there are many who will agree with us when we say that they might be more usefully employed. If the revenues of Pio Nono are to be exhausted in coverting Rome into a huge barrack, this cause is rather a hopeless one, and might as well be abandoned at once."

SENTENCE OF RIOTERS.—Some months ago an account was given of an outrageous attack made by some Roman Catholics, incited by certain priests, on a Protestant community established at Barletta, a small town in Italy, in which two persons were killed, and several others wounded. A great number of persons were arrested, and the Court of Assizes at Trani has just been engaged in trying 50 of them. Of these 12 were acquitted, 10 sentenced to 18 years' hard labor, 14 to 10 years, 6 to 8, 5 to 7; and 5 others were condemned to imprisonment—1 for 7 years, 2 to 5, a woman to 3, and a man to 1. Amongst those sentenced to 18 years are Father Mario, who by his preaching excited the outrage, and the Canon Ruggiere Portiglione, who organized it.

ALWAYS BEAUTIFUL.—At a festival party of old and young, the question was asked,—Which season of life was the most happy? After being freely discussed by the guests, it was referred for answer to the best host upon whom was the burden of fourscore years. He asked if they had not noticed a group of trees before the dwelling, and said—'When the spring comes, and in the soft air the buds are breaking on the trees, and they are covered with blossoms, I think, how beautiful is spring! And when the summer comes, and covers the trees with foliage, and singing birds are among the branches, I think, how beautiful is summer!' When autumn loads them with golden fruit, and their leaves bear the gorgeous tint of frost, I think, how beautiful is autumn!' And when it is seen winter, and there is neither foliage nor fruit, then I look up, and through the leafless branches, as I could never until now, I see the stars shine through.'—Dr. Adams.

—The New York *Methodist* says that collisions have occurred between the two Methodist Book Concerns at New York and Cincinnati, which threaten to interfere with their usefulness.

American Watches.

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its use Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is, indeed, little else than a machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course, there must be no defect in the principle of plan or the movement, no mistake in the sizes or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the reduplication of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough subdivision.

By means of multiplying gauges and microscopes, tests and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools, and for faults and flaws in steel or stone, are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a finished machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home,—instead of sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the lightest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear ringing sound always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a time keeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The Company claim that by it they produce Watches that cannot be equalled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan, and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but, is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of Watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes to suit all tastes and means; but every Watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM" is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

☞ EVERY WATCH FULLY WARRANTED.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
No. 182, Broadway, N.Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
TORONTO and MONTREAL
General Agents.

Toronto, Nov. 2, 1867. 168 3m 40-3m

HURRAH FOR BARNUM'S LINE OF STAGES
For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half-past 8 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12, noon.

RETURNING—Leave all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 2 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

S. BARNUM,
Proprietor.

C. HORTON, Agent, Belleville.
S. GUSTIN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1867. D68

REMOVAL.

N. MANN begs to notify the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to the Dafoe House Building, where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many more, who will favor him with their patronage.

Belleville, Dec. 27, 1867.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Messrs. WALLACE & FORDYCE as Photographers, in the Town of Belleville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

(Signed.) D. J. WALLACE.
ED. FORDYCE.

Belleville, December 4th, 1867.

ROOMS:—Over Graham and Grainger's Store.

ENTRANCE:—Two doors South of Holden's Drug Store.

D. J. WALLACE.
Belleville, Dec. 4th, 1867. 185-TbST

Store-keepers!
Farmers!
And Others!
SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM THE IMPORTERS DIRECT.

The Montreal Tea Company,
6 Hospital Street, Montreal,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to different parts of the country—and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSEL HOTEL, QUEBEC, January 7, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to aquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant.

WILLIS RUSSELL.

HOUSE OF SENATE, OTTAWA, Dec. 16, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours &c.

S. SKINNER.

QUEBEC, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of 30 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 55 cents was of excellent quality and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for.

Yours respectfully, D. ANDERSON.

TORONTO, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The two chests of Tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton, one chest Fine Flavored New Season Oolong, at same price, viz.: at 55 cents per lb. Yours, &c.,

JAMES EDGAR.

FELCOME, December 23, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz.: at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant. JOHN T. DAY.

COBOURG, January 3, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box of 20 lbs. at same price, and oblige yours, &c.

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the "Medical Journal" have frequently declared that one half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15, and 12 lbs. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do. 55c., 60c., and 65c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 67c.; Round Oolong, 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60c.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan, Good, 50c., 55c.; Very Fine, 60c.; Finest, 65c., 75c.; Scented Orange Pekoe, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankey Common, 38c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c., 60c., 65c., and 70c.; Fine do., 75c.; Very Fine, 85c.; Superfine and very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c.; Extra Superfine do., $1.

All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality, and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c. to 70c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by expressman, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of five chests and upwards.

All Boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL!

THE "DAILY NEWS,"
$6 00 per Annum, in advance.

JOHN LOVELL,
63 Printer and Publisher.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
MOIRA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Capital Stock, $100,000. Divided into 10,000 Shares.

WORKING CAPITAL, $15,000.

HORACE YEOMANS, Esq., PRESIDENT. ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., TREASURER.
B. S. GILBERT, Esq., SECRETARY. J. G. SHURTZ, Esq., SUPERINTENDENT.

MERCHANTS' BANK, BANKERS. DEAN & GILBERT, SOLICITORS.

DIRECTORS:

HORACE YEOMANS, of Flint & Yeomans, Belleville.
ANDREW THOMSON, Banker, Belleville.
W. W. DEAN, Master in Chancery, Belleville.
JOHN G. SHURTZ, Superintendent.
JAMES LISTER, M.D., Belleville.
JAMES W. CARMAN, American, Consul, Belleville.
BARTON S. GILBERT, of Dean & Gilbert, Barristers, Belleville.

THIS COMPANY is duly Incorporated under Cap. 23, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the purpose of working the mineral veins upon sixteen acres of Lot No. 19, in the fifth concession of Madoc, (the Richardson Mine being No. 18 in the same concession.)

A shaft has been sunk to the depth of nine feet in the rock. At six feet a gold-bearing lode was struck, of 18 inches in width, which at nine feet has increased to 2½ feet, and a crushing at Gilbert & Turley's mill of four and one-half tons of the rock, gave a yield of over fifty-six dollars in gold; the lode is clearly defined, and evidently extends the whole length of the property—52 rods.

The territory is admirably situated for mining purposes, being a high ridge coveed with indications of mineral veins. There are numerous places on the land fully as promising as the one on which the shaft has been sunk, and which would unquestionably yield as well. The large quantity of land, and the prospects of other gold-bearing veins, make it certain that the Company will be able to subdivide the property as soon as a little further development has been made, and form other Companies at great advantage.

Work is being vigorously prosecuted in the shaft, under the superintendence of JOHN G. SHURTZ, Esq., one of the Directors, who is largely interested in the proprietary of the mine, and who has had thirteen years practical experience in the gold mines of California and Nevada, and is unquestionably the most accomplished quartz miner now in this country.

It is intended to have a further crushing in a few days, and negotiations are in progress which, if carried out, will secure a mill to the Company at once, so that regular work will be gone on with without delay, and dividends may, in that case, be expected in a short time.

Belleville, Jan. 27th, 1868. 228d-tf

India and China Tea Company.
HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or $1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb. Finest procurable, $1.00.
Protected by Trade Mark.

☞ Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.
August 16th, 1867. D90-1y w27-1y

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO.
OF CANADA.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
INCORPORATED 1849.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., President. LEWIS MOFFATT, Esq., Vice-President.
HON. MALCOLM CAMERON, C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq., GEORGE CHAFFEY, Esq., A. T. FULTON, Esq., H. S. HOWLAND, Esq., A. R. McMASTER, Esq., W. J. McDONELL, Esq., J. McGILLES, Esq., A. M. SMITH, Esq.

SOLICITORS:—MESSRS. DUGGAN & BURNS.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on every description of property.

MARINE INSURANCES—Inland and to the Lower Ports, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the West Indies, and by steam vessels to Europe.

Rates as moderate as any other respectable Insurance Company.

F. McANNANY, Esq., Agent, Belleville.
JAS. SIDNEY CROCKER, Manager.
November 12, 1867. 39w8m-165d6m

BELLEVILLE
AGRICULTURAL WORKS
AND
IRON FOUNDRY
WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Threshing Machines,
STRAW CUTTERS,
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,
Iron and Steel Ploughs,
Stoves, &c.
May 1. 1D-tf

MORTGAGE SALE.

UNDER power of sale contained in a mortgage made the 28th day of October, 1863, between William Donovan of Belleville, Grocer, and the Hon. John Ross, there will be sold for default of payment of mortgage money, on

Thursday, the 5th day of March,

1868, at TWELVE o'clock, NOON, by MCNULTY, as his auction rooms in the Town of Belleville, the following valuable property, viz.: Lot number eighteen, on the East side of Sidney Street, as laid down on a plan of survey of Lots numbers one and two, in the second Concession of the Township of Thurlow, in the County of Hastings, made by Henry A. F. McLeod, Esq., P. L. S., and registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings, on the 28th day of October, A. D. 1863.

The said lot number eighteen, contains ten acres of land more or less. It is fenced and otherwise improved.

For terms of sale and other particulars, enquire of JAMES ROSS, Esq., or of the undersigned.

ROSS, BELL & HOLDEN,
Attorneys for Hon. John Ross.
Belleville, 5th Feb., 1868. 237-4cTh

ORANGE CERTIFICATES

FOR SALE at the INTELLIGENCER Office Intelligencer Buildings, Front Street Belleville.

BRITISH PERIODICALS,

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review (Whig).
The Westminster Review (Liberal).
The North British Review (Free Church.)
AND
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory.)

THESE periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stands unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews, - - $4.00 per annum.
For any two of the Reviews, - - 7.00 "
For any three of the Reviews, - - 10.00 "
For all four of the Reviews, - - 12.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine, - - 4.00 "
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews, - - 7.00 "
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews, - - 10.00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews, 13.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of *twenty per cent.* will be allowed to Clubs of four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood, or of any one Review, will be sent to *one address* for $12 50. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $48.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is *Two Cents* a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums for New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, gratis, any one of the *Four Reviews* for 1867. New Subscribers to all five of the periodicals for 1868 may receive, gratis, Blackwood or any two of the *Four Reviews* for 1867.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from January, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive; and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1.00 a year for each or any Review; also, Blackwood for 1866 and 1867, for $2.50 a year, or the two years together for $4.00.

☞ Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to Clubs, nor reduced prices for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted *direct to the Publishers.*

No premiums can be given to Clubs.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING Co.,
140 Fulton St., N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the
FARMER'S GUIDE,
by HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1600 pages, and numerous Engravings.
Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid, $8.

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the *AMERICAN (WALTHAM) WATCH* have given it such a wide world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and enticed its trade mark. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found, who fortively trade upon the popularity of the American Watch, by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article. It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for genuine watches have stranded. The several grades of the American Watches—except the lowest grade, marked Home Watch Co.—*are guaranteed by special certificate*, signed by the President, Treasurer and Superintendent of the Company, H. E. ROBBINS.

The purchaser should in all cases require each of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine Watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH Co.

APPLETON, TRACY & Co.

WALTHAM WATCH Co.

P. S. BARTLETT.

WM. ELLERY.

HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the General Superintendent,
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

GENTLEMEN—The Watches manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years by our engineers, to whom we furnish Watches as part of our equipment. There are now some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying your watches give us less trouble and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never kept time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that Waltham watches are the most an infactory of any for their uses. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have never known one to wear out, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer,
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto & Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS.
Nov. 2, 1867. 168-8m 40-3m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every afternoon (Sundays excepted) and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of $5 a year if paid in advance, $6 otherwise. Mail subscribers $5 a year. $2 50 for 6 months; $1 50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgewater, Marmora and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the **Gold Regions**, and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., &c., and in short, neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months	$ 5 00
Half Square, 6 months	$10 00
One Square, 6 months	$20 00
Two Squares, 6 months	$30 00
Four Squares, 6 months	$50 00
Notices of Births	50
Do of Marriages	50
Do of Deaths	50

"BUSINESS NOTICES"—All matter under this heading, leaded or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of nonpariel.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements every two weeks.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion, and 2 cents for each additional insertion.

The Weekly Intelligencer

Is published every Friday Morning at $2 per Annum if called for at the Office, or sent by mail; and $2½ if delivered by the Carrier, payable in all cases in advance. When not paid until the close of the year, 50 cents will be added to each year's subscription. A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to insure their appearance.

All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

The Intelligencer Job Office

Is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the country.

The DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER can be had at the Book Stores in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at El Dorado.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

M. BOWELL,
Publisher

INTELLIGENCER BUILDING,
Front treet, Belleville.

Daily Intelligencer.

Let there be Harmony in things Essential—Liberality in things not Essential—Charity in all.

Vol. 1. BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 25, 1868. No. 253.

Montreal Business Directory.

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal,

DEPARTMENTS

Braces,	Knitted Woolens,
Braids,	Laces,
Brushes and Combs,	Ladies Collars and Sets,
Buttons,	Straw Goods,
Corsets,	Small Wares in great
Elastics,	variety,
Felt Hats,	Threads,
Gent's Collars and Ties,	Trimmings & Ornamente
Hosiery and Gloves,	Umbrellas,
Velvet Ribbons, &c.	

HOOP SKIRTS,—our own Manufacture. 156-6m

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware Manufacturers,
MONTREAL,
KILN PLATES
AND
CASTINGS for BREWERIES.
Any parties about putting up new kilns for
MALT OR OATMEAL
will do well to correspond with the above.
156-6m.

BURROWS & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobaccoes, &c., &c.
416 St. Paul St., Montreal.
☞ Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 156-6m

PEAVEY & MARCH,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions,
And everything usually sold in a first class Grocery.
No. 544 Notre Dame Street, a few doors West St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.
☞ Every article warranted to be as represented or may be returned. Goods sent to any part of the City Free of Charge. 156-6m

HUNTER, DUFFY & JOHNSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
92 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 156-6m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, Proprietor,
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-6m

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
St. Paul Street, Montreal.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, Collins Wharf, Halifax.
Premises—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.
Advances—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 35D-6m W6m

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
178 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.
MAPS, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, Bills of Lading, Blank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards, in any number of colors, Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 27D6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c., &c., &c.,
25 Hospital St., - - - MONTREAL,
OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and
ON AS GOOD TERMS
as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.
J. C. FRANCK & Co.
July 27, 1867. 74d.

QUEEN
INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL, - - - - $10,000,000.
FIRE and LIFE.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.
THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers.—One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to **Ten per Cent.** of the Net Life income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management
Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.
The next division of profits takes place in 1868, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.
M. BOWELL,
Dr. CANNIFF, *Intelligencer Office.*
Medical Referee *Agent.*
May, 1867. 4D-6mo.

Montreal Business Directory.

Frothingham & Workman,
MONTREAL,
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.
Warehouse and Offices 376 to 379, St. Paul St.
Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c.
May 1st. 1d-6m

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M. D.,
Consulting and Analytical Chemist,
630 Lagauchetiere Street, Montreal.
☞ At home for consultation before 10 A. M., between 2 and 3, and after 8 P. M.
Fees for Analysis,—$5 a metal, payable in advance. 156-6m

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
303 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
☞ Every description of Jewelry manufactured from Gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 25D6m

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant.
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Agent for Walter Evans & Co. Sewing and Knitting Cottons, Derby; and J. M. Perry & Co.'s Gray's Patent Linen Fibre Collars, Nottingham, England. 1D-6m

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER,
OFFICE: Corner of St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.
References—Robertson & Heattie, Robert Esdaile, Esq., Jas Torrance, Esq. 31D3m

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT
And Commission Merchants,
49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street,
MONTREAL. 1D-6m

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant.
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods. 1D-6m

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 329 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 28D6m

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.
THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.
S. MUIR,
Chemist and Druggist,
235D6m Place D'Armes, Montreal.

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McCUAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
Office—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and 31 Common Street, Canal Wharf,
MONTREAL.
☞ Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and oil or Produce, and purchase of Merchandise. 25D5m

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
100 Grey Nuns Street, Montreal,
HAVE FOR SALE—

Boiler Tubes,	Drain Pipes,
Tank Tubes,	Roman Cement,
Horse Nails,	Water Lime,
Paints and Putty,	Portland Cement,
Fire Bricks,	Paving Tiles,
Fire Clay,	Garden Vases,
Flue Covers.	Chimney Tops, &c.

☞ Manufacturers of AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR, and BED SPRINGS. 24D6m

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.
LIBERAL advances made on consignments to ourselves, or for shipment to our friends at Great Britain and the Lower Port
May 21st, 1867. 27D6m

A. ROBERTSON & Co.,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Mantles, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosier, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Clothes, Canadian Woollens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons, Prints, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Muslins.
475 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St.,
MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro', C. W. 1y-6m

Important to Miners and MINING MEN.
JOHNS' Patent Water-Proof Safety Fuse for WET GROUND and SUBMARINE BLASTING, is much cheaper than any other, and pronounced by Mining men much better than any imported.
Testimonials received from men well known in the mining and quarrying business of Canada and the United States; from Messrs. Morrill & Colby, Bennets, Wiswell Macfarland, Adams, Watson, Griffith, Wearn, and others.
☞ All orders promptly attended to.
Address JOHNS & Co.,
150-3m Sherbrooke, Q.

TERRAPIN RESTAURANT
CHARLES PAPINEAU,
BEGS to inform the public that he has opened the Terrapin Restaurant, in Coleman's Building, next door to Dr. Coleman's Drug Store, and he has fitted it up in first class style, with every convenience. He will keep constantly on hand the best Ale and Porter, and the purest brands of Liquors.
☞ Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c., always on hand.
Belleville, Oct. 16, 1867. 142-tf

CONGER BROS.
FEELING thankful for the very liberal patronage given them for the past year, beg to remind their customers and the public that having thoroughly
REFITTED THEIR STORE!
are now opening a well assorted stock of FRESH TEAS, SUGARS, SPICES, CURRANTS, RAISINS, FIGS, &c.
Special attention is called to their fine assortment of
Jams, Jellies, Canned and Bottled FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.
R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER
Nov. 13th, 1867. 1d1y

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the
Canadian & United States Mails.
1867—Summer Arrangements—1867.
Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.
Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.
This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undermented First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double-Engine Iron Steamships:—

AUSTRIAN,	2700 Tons.	Capt. Alton.
NESTORIAN,	2700 "	Lt. Dutton, R.N.R.
MORAVIAN,	2650 "	Capt. Wylie.
PERUVIAN,	2600 "	Capt. Hall.
HIBERNIAN,	2434 "	Capt. Brown.
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	2300 "	Capt. Allan.
NORTH-AMERICAN,	1734 "	Capt. Kerr.
BELGIAN,	2434 "	Capt. Orange.
DAMASCUS,	1600 "	Capt. Watts.

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL EVERY THURSDAY, and from PORTLAND every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)
The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from PORTLAND as undernoted, viz:—

NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Saturday, 22nd Feb.
PERUVIAN,	Saturday, 29th "
NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 7th March.
BELGIAN	Saturday, 14th "
AUSTRIAN,	Saturday, 21st "
HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 28th "

Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway:—
CABIN, - - - - $80 20 to $90 20
(according to accommodation.)
STEERAGE, - - - - $32 00
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.
Berths not secured until paid for.
For particulars, apply to
J. W. THOMPSON, Agent,
Canadian Express Office,
27D5m-16W1y Belleville.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
For 1868.
THE CHEAPEST OF LADIES' MAGAZINES,
BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST.
THE friend of woman, the arbiter of fashion, the encourager and publisher of the best literature of the day, the pattern from which all others copy.
READING MATTER.
In this there will be an improvement. The volume for 1868 will be set up with new-faced type, and of a size that will enable us to give an additional quantity of reading matter, amounting to about twelve pages in each number.
BEAUTIFUL STEEL PLATES.
Of these the Lady's Books contain *fourteen* each year, superior (we challenge comparison) to any published in this country, either in book or periodical.
THE LITERATURE OF THE LADY'S BOOK.
MARION HARLAND,
Authoress of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Moss Side," "Nemesis" and "Miriam,"
who contributes to no other monthly publication, will furnish a new novel for 1868, called "Premie Rowland," that will run through the year. Her stories are anxiously sought after, and as they are copyrighted, can be found nowhere but in Godey. Our former efficient corps of writers has also been retained.
OUR FASHION PLATES.
The original double fashion-plates will be continued.
Model Cottages.—The only magazine in this country that gives these designs is the Lady's Book.
Drawing Lessons.—In this we are also alone.
Original Music.—Godey's is the only magazine in which music prepared expressly for it appears.
We also give CHILDREN'S, HORTICULTURAL, and a HEALTH department.
GODEY'S INVALUABLE RECEIPTS
upon every subject, for the Boudoir, Nursery, Kitchen, House, and Laundry.
Terms for 1868.

One copy, one year,	$3 00
Two copies, one year,	5 50
Three copies, one year,	7 50
Four copies, one year,	10 00
Five copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making six copies - - - -	14 00
Eight copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making nine copies, - - - -	21 00
Eleven copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making twelve copies - - - -	27 60

Godey's Lady's Book and Arthur's Home Magazine will be sent one year on receipt of $4 50.
Godey's Lady's and The Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $3 50.
Godey's Lady's Book, Arthur's Home Magazine, and Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $5 00.
☞ Canada subscribers must send 24 cents additional for every subscription to the Lady's Book, and 12 cents for either of the other magazines, to pay the American postage.
How to Remit.—In remitting by mail, a Post Office Order or a Draft, *payable to the Order of L. A. Godey*, is preferrable to bank notes, as, should the Order or Draft be lost or stolen, it can be renewed without loss to the sender. If a Draft or a Post Office Order cannot be procured, send United States or National Bank notes.
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BOUND in Books containing 100, 50 and 25 notes each, printed on fine paper, for sale at the *Intelligencer* Office,

Belleville Business Directory.

Macleilan & Macleilan,
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency Attornies-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c., &c Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Ross, Bell & Holden,
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville.
Hon. Jno. Ross. John Bell. Thos. Holden
1D6m Wtf

Diamond & Dickson,
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c.
Office:—Neilson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
A. Diamond. Geo. D. Dickson.
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A. R. Dougall,
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Office over Overell's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.

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BARRISTERS and Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office,—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street.
Alex. Robertson. D. E. K. Stewart.
1D6m-Wtf

Legate & Price,
BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 176, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1D6m-Wtf

Geo. H. Haymes,
HATTER and Furrier, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs.
1D6m-Wtf

McLeod & Carre,
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURveyors, Architects, Draughtsmen and Patent Solicitors, 153½ Front Street, Belleville. 1D

Pitcathly & Kelso,
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Law Partnership.
THE undersigned have this day entered into co-partnership under the name of Jellett & Bleasdell. Office—Corner of Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville.
R. P. JELLETT.
8th October, 1867. J. H. T. BLEASDELL.

Forrest & Lozo's
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Lazier's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 25D-tf

T. Lockerby,
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 22D5m

Ponton, Falkiner & Denmark
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

Angus McFee,
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellry and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1D6m

John Wilson,
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street. Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 1D6m

J. W. Brown,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, oppoaite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

Geo. Gibson,
MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1D6m

J. C. Vapor,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

To Gold Miners
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Swedes Iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. WM. POWELL.
1D6m

McKeown & Robertson,
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

ALLSOP'S ALE,
Guiness' Stout,
Blood's Porter!!
IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT
1p6m **HAMBLY'S.**

BILL HEADS,
AND all other kinds of Job Printing, executed with neatness and despatch at the Intelligencer Office, Front Street, Belleville.

An Eulogy on Woman by Mark Twain.

At the dinner given by the Correspondents Club at Washington, a few evenings ago, "Mark Twain" was called on to respond to the usual toast to "woman," which he did in the following characteristic style:

Mr. President: I do not know why I should have been singled out to receive the greatest distinction of the evening—for so the office of replying to the toast to woman has been regarded in every age. (Applause.) I do not know why I have received the distinction, unless it be that I am a trifle less homely than the other members of the club. But be this as it may, Mr. President, I am proud of the position, and you could not have chosen any one who would have accepted it more gladly, or labored with a heartier goodwill to do the subject justice, than I. Because, sir, I love the sex. (Laughter.) I love all the women, sir, irrespective of age or color. (Laughter.)

"Human intelligence cannot estimate what we owe to woman, sir. She sews on our buttons, (laughter), she mends our clothes (laughter), she ropes us in at the church fairs—she confides in us; she tells us whatever she can find out about the little private affairs of the neighbors; she gives us good advice—and plenty of it; she gives us a piece of her mind sometimes—and sometimes all of it; she soothes our aching brows; she bears our children—ours as a general thing. In all the relations of life, sir, it is but a just and graceful tribute to woman to say of her that she is a brick. (Great laughter.)

"Wheresoever you place woman, sir—in whatever position or estate—she is an ornament to the place she occupies, and a treasure to the world. Here Mr. Twain paused, looked inquiringly at his hearers and remarked that the applause should come in at this point. It came in. Mr. Twain resumed his eulogy.) Look at the notable names of history! Look at Cleopatra! look at Desdemona! look at Florence Nightingale! look at Joan of Arc! look at Lucretia Borgia! (Disapprobation expressed.) Well, said Mr. Twain, scratching his head doubtfully, 'suppose we let Lucretia slide.' Look at Joyce Heth! look at mother Eve! (Cries of 'Oh! oh!') You need not look at her unless you want to, but (said Mr. Twain reflectively, after a pause), Eve was ornamental, sir; particularly before the fashions changed! I repeat, sir, look at the illustrious names of history. Look at the Widow Machree! look at Lucy Stone! look at Elizabeth Cady Stanton! look at George Francis Train! (Great laughter.) And, sir, I say it with bowed head and deepest veneration, look at the mother of Washington! she raised a boy that could not lie! (Applause.) But he never had the chance! (Oh! oh!) It might have been different with him had he belonged to a newspaper correspondent's club! (Laughter, groans, hisses, cries of 'put him out!' Mark looked placidly around upon his excited audience and resumed.)

"I repeat, sir, that in whatever position you place a woman she is an ornament to society and a treasure to the world. As a sweetheart she has few equals and no superiors (laughter); as a cousin she is convenient—as a wealthy grandmother, with an incurable distemper, she is precious—as a wet nurse she has no equal among men! (Laughter.)

"What, sir, would the peoples of the earth be without woman? * * * They would be scarce, sir—almighty scarce! Then let us cherish her—let us protect her—let us give her our support, our encouragement, our sympathy—ourselves, if we get a chance. (Laughter.)

"But, jesting aside, Mr. President, woman is lovable, gracious, kind of heart, beautiful—worthy of all respect, of all esteem, of all deference. Not any here will refuse to drink her health right cordially in this bumper of wine, for each and every one of us has personally known, and loved, and honored the very best one of them all—his own mother!" (Applause.)

Statistics of Intemperance.

(From the London Times.)

Of the number of deaths which occur in England and Wales from excessive drinking only an imperfect conception can be formed, but it appears according to the returns of the Registrar-General that in the 10 years 1856-65, no less than 4,922 deaths were directly ascribed to delirium tremens, and 3,238 to intemperance; the deaths from the two forms of alcoholism being 8,160, or on an average 816 per annum.—High temperature probably increases thirst, and at the same time renders the action of alcoholic liquors more dangerous; for delirium tremens is much more fatal in the hot than in the cold months of the year.—The results, extending over a period of 20 years, show that while the deaths ascribed to intemperance were equally distributed, the deaths by delirium tremens were distributed over the four quarters unequally; the smallest number occurring in winter, the greater in summer.

The effect of the alcohol and the heat in producing delirium tremens is greatest at the age from 40 to 60; but it is also apparent at the earlier age of 20 to 40. In the

topics the combined action of spirits and sun-heat often apparently produce what is called sun-stroke or apoplexy. The number of deaths directly ascribed to excessive drinking in each of the years 1866-67, in England and Wales to 100,000 of population was 3·7, 4·0, 3·7, 4·0, 3·9, 3·8, 3·5, 4·1, 5·2, and 5·0 respectively. In 1865 alcoholism was the cause of 216 out of every 100,000 of the total deaths. The proportional number of deaths from this cause to 100,000 of population was 4·6 per annum in the five years 1850-54; 4·1 per annum in the five years 1855-59; and 4·0 per annum in the five years 1860-64. In London the number of deaths in the ten years 1854-63 was 2,181 or 1,223 from delirium tremens and 958 from intemperance. In each of the three years 1863-5 the deaths in London were 243,243, and 245.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West,	7.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West,	8.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going West,	10.30 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train,	6.30 P. M.
Noon Express going East,	12.08 P. M.
Night Express going East,	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East,	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train,	9.30 P. M.

Montreal Time.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, TUESDAY, FEB. 25.

"THE SPORTSMAN."—The first and second numbers of a new sporting journal, published in Montreal, has been received. It is neatly printed, and displays talent in treating of what are termed sporting subjects.

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.—The revenue of the Dominion for the month of January is as follows: Customs, $366,328; Excise, $253,383; Post Office, $75,853; Public Works and Railways, 32,574; Bill Stamps, $13,678; Miscellaneous, $116,087; Expenditure, $1,003,627.

COUNTY COUNCIL.—A meeting of the County Council was called for to-day, but there being no quorum, and as the matter between the County and Thurlow now before the Legislature was not yet settled, it was decided to call a special meeting for Monday, the 9th day of March next.

GUNNERY.—We are pleased to learn that Sergt. Knox, of the Trenton Field Battery, 49th Battalion, passed a creditable examination and received a first class certificate from the School of Gunnery in Toronto, last week. We hope soon to see the Trenton Company supplied with a gun.

LECTURE ON WILLIAM III.—Mr. Pollock's lecture last night, owing to the inclement state of the weather, was not so numerously attended as it should have been, therefore the lecture was postponed until next Monday evening, March 2nd, at the same place.

THE MERCHANTS' BANK.—At a meeting of the Shareholders of the Merchants' Bank, at Montreal, yesterday, the indenture of amalgamation with the Commercial Bank, under the name of the Merchants' Bank of Canada, was unanimously adopted. It is expected, therefore, that the Bank will commence business on or about the first of March.

DIABOLICAL.—A Democratic paper in the United States assures the electors that if they nominate "another Abe Lincoln," the country will produce "another John Wilkes Booth, with his *sic semper tyrannis*; and the man is even now "ready to do the work." What a state of society, to even permit such threats to go to the world unpunished.

REVIEWS.—Leonard Scott Publishing Co., 140 Fulton street, New York. One Review $4 per annum; when taken with Blackwood $7; the four Reviews $12; Blackwood and the four reviews $15. The January number of the Edinburgh Review is before us and contains the following interesting papers: "Gachard's Don Carlos, and Philip II.; Oysters, and the Oyster Fisheries; Anjou; Tyndall's Lectures on Sound; Liberal Education in England; Memoirs of Sir Philip Francis; De Fezensac's recollections of the Grand Army; Two per Cent.; The Queen's Highland Journal."

HEAVY STORM IN GREAT BRITAIN.—The storm which passed over Great Britain about the end of January, was one of peculiar severity. From Shield to Wick, especially along the whole coast, it raged with peculiar violence. Shipwrecks took place in large numbers, though marvellously few lives were lost. Trees were broken and uprooted in thousands, stackyards levelled to the ground and given to the winds, fences blown down, houses unroofed and destroyed, and altogether such damage inflicted as has not been known for the last thirty years. In Edinburg especially the destruction was peculiarly great. At least four individuals were killed by a chimney breaking through a house and passing down through two or three stories. It is said by one of the local papers that between sixty and seventy tons of lime, broken stones, chimney cans, slates, tiles &c., were collected from the streets next morning. Every district has suffered more or less, though perhaps none so much as the Scottish metropolis.

Gold News.

The following returns from Turley & Gilbert's crushing mill, have been furnished us by Mr. Gilbert. They embrace all that has been crushed from the 1st February, 1868, to the 22nd inst., and it is gratifying to know that in all the lots tested more or less gold has been found. The returns are:

A. W. Thompson, Madoc, 9th concession, lot 29, 1 ton yielded	$17 50
A. Bess, Madoc, 9th con., lot 20, 1500 lbs.	6 00
A. Ross, Elzevir, 1st con., lot 11, 1 ton	6 04
Mr. Hale, Madoc, 5th con., 1 ton	11 00
Dean & Gilbert, Lake, 2¾ tons	45 50
Dean & Gilbert, Madoc, 4 tons	65 00
Barber & Wheeler, Kennebec, 1 ton	2 00
Gregory & Nichol, Madoc, 5th con., lot 17, 1 ton	10 00
Mr. Wilcox, Marmora, 5th con., 1824 lbs.	2 68
Mr. Maitland, Tudor, 1 ton	5 50
S. Maloney, Kennebec, 700 lbs.	0 50
Mr. Beaty, Grimsthorpe, 1 ton	1 00
A. Brooks, Hungerford, 12th con., lot 23, 1 ton	1 00
Richardson Mining Company, 20 tons and 1470 lbs. yielded 37 oz. 6 dwts. 16 gr.	
H. Young & Co., Belmont, 6th con., lot 23, 1 ton	7 50
T. W. Nixon, Madoc, 1st con., lot 19, 1 ton	6 00

We understand that arrangements have been made for the construction of a crushing mill under the superintendence of W. M. Robertson, Esq., a gentleman of long practical experience in other mining countries. This mill is to be put up at Lake Michinog, some fifty miles north-east of Madoc, where gold has been found in considerable quantities. It is to be hoped that parties contemplating the erection of crushers, will not overlook the fact that Belleville has foundries and machine shops where everything connected with such works can be constructed as well, and on as good terms, as can be obtained abroad.

The United States Imbroglio.

The "irrepressible conflict" goes bravely on, and it would appear as if the last great struggle between the opposing factions in the United States were about to take place. "He whom the gods would destroy first make mad," Ever since the war between the North and South began, the worst passions of human nature have been enkindled and kept alive by the leading spirits of both great political parties, and though the Republican party conquered the South, and peace was proclaimed, it was a peace established upon a rotten foundation, upon a violated Constitution, upon broken treaties, upon the destruction of those inalienable rights and privileges which were guaranteed by the Constitution. It was a peace forced from a conquered people, and had wise counsels prevailed, had the yoke which had been just lifted from the neck of the Slave not been fastened and riveted more tightly to the necks of the brave and gallant people of the South, it might have been a lasting peace, or at least have continued for a generation. But the victors tempered not mercy with justice, they tightened the chains with which they had bound their unhappy victims, and depriving them of the rights of citizens ruled with a rod of iron. The peace was a rope of sand, which is now rapidly crumbling to pieces, and it seems as if destruction was coming upon the Nation like a whirlwind.

Every one who has read the American despatches for the last week, will not have been unprepared for the result which our columns chronicle to-day. The antagonism existing between the Executive and Congress at length emboldened the President to suspend Stanton in defiance of the enactment of Congress, and this act of his has culminated in his impeachment. The result of this high-handed measure will be looked for with great anxiety throughout the world. Already we hear of rumors that "thousands of armed men are on their way "from Maryland to support the President, "should a clash of arms occur." In New York, both parties are making preparations for a struggle, and throughout the whole country the excitement is represented as most intense. Whether the President will call to his aid the army of which he is Commander-in-Chief, and enforce obedience to his demands, is a question which a few hours will settle. Disturbances have already commenced, and in the present feverish state of the public mind, it is not at all unlikely that these disturbances will lead to something really serious. It is not probable that Congress will back down from its position, and should the President remain firm and resist the action of Congress, there will evidently be trouble ahead. While we cannot but regret that these troubles should lead to riots, and bloodshed, and revolution, we cannot ignore the fact that by its wickedness, its violation of good faith with other nations, its brazen-faced sympathy with and encouragement of a band of lawless cut-throats, its prostitution of its great powers to the basest purposes, the American Nation has incurred the just judgments of an outraged Deity, and must expect to be visited with those judgments. National sins are punished as well as individual sins, and a nation which has heaped up iniquity upon iniquity, and bid defiance to Providence, cannot expect to escape the punishment of its crimes.

BLOCKADED.—The snow storm of yesterday and to-day has effectually blockaded the railway, and until it ceases all trains have been cancelled. The morning train west, which arrived here a little before noon, remains at Belleville until further orders. The train which should have left Toronto this morning was cancelled; and the train which left that place last night, and which started with six engines, got nearly to Scarboro, where it was snowed up. The engines are so deeply buried in the snow that they will have to be dug out. A Toronto despatch says that the snow storm is the severest known in that section for twenty years. The storm commenced here yesterday morning, and has continued with more or less severity until the present writing—five o'clock this afternoon.

Miscellaneous Items.

"Nasby" remarks, in a private: "There is a good deal of oratory in me, but I don't do as well as I can in any one place, out of respect to the memory of Patrick Henry."

There is wide spread disaffection among the Mexican troops stationed in Vera Cruz. Affairs look very dark and discouraging in Mexico, and it does not appear likely that Juarez will long be able to maintain himself.

The *Irish Times* says that £100,000 has been granted by the Imperial Government for the purchase of the Exhibition Palace of Dublin; also, £100,000 for the improvement of Cork harbour, and £100,000 for the construction of a harbour in Belfast Lough.

Napoleon lately conferred the decoration of the Legion of Honor on M. Paul Dupont, a famous printer of Paris, and a few days afterwards received a deputation of twenty-five of his employees who came to thank him for the compliment to their art.

A new athlete of strength has made his appearance at the Holborn Theatre, London. He makes a full swing upon the trapeze holding the rope only by his teeth, and hanging by his feet, head downwards, he swings three men depending on the strength of his wrists.

The consequences of the strike of last summer in Chicago have been such as to reduce many families to poverty, owing to the stagnation of business caused by the turn-out. It is said that there are 25,000 unemployed men in that city, and that 19,000 of them are recipients of charity.

The New York *Tribune* says that Great Britain has never tried Republicanism, and should at once do so. But does the *Tribune* imagine that the British nation can only learn in the "school of experience," and that they are not sufficiently warned of the evils and dangers of Republican institutions by the terrible condition of affairs in the American Republic?

The Frontier Index states that incredible deposits of gold and silver have just been discovered within 15 miles of Sounders, in Wyoming Territory. An exploring party has brought in several specimens of gold, silver and copper quartz, which were thoroughly tested and proved to be as rich as any discoveries ever made, either in Montana or California.

A gentleman of St. Catharines, whose business keeps him away from home at night, returned the other evening unwell and went to bed. His wife soon complained of being sick, and asked him to go to the druggist's after medicine, which he did. Upon looking for his money to pay for the medicine he found he had on a strange pair of pants, and and hurrying back home found his own were gone!

An English paper "has reason to believe" that in a few days a conversion to the Roman Catholic Church will be announced "that will cause more talk than even the reception of Dr. Manning, or Dr. Newman, or Mr. Oakely did twenty years ago." Curiosity is naturally aroused respecting this eminent convert.

The French papers are filled with accounts of the great distress that prevails throughout that country. It is easy enough to account for this. It is principally to be attributed to the immense armaments which the Emperor is collecting in common with the rest of Europe, the effect of which is, trade is stopped, commerce is paralyzed, and £41,804,000 stg. lie unemployed in the coffers of the Bank of France.

General Salomon, Minister of Hayti at the Court of St. James, has been presented to Her Majesty at Windsor Castle, when the Queen charged him to convey to President Salnave her compliments and good wishes. Her Majesty has also written a letter to the President, testifying the friendly disposition of the British Government towards the Haytien Government and Republic.

The German papers are filled with heart-rending details of the famine which now prevails in Eastern Prussia, in consequence of the failure of three successive crops. In a number of places typhus fever has broken out, and the amount of misery met with among thousands of people baffles all description.

Garabaldi is engaged at Caprera in making surgical experiments upon certain animals, for the purpose of discovering methods by which the sufferings of the wounded soldiers, upon whom certain operations have to be performed, may be lessened. The great agitator and popular leader is in better health than he has been for years.

Lord Stanley is a man of very grave and austere habits. It is reported that at the banquet given to celebrate the successful laying of the Atlantic Cable, when every one was merry, Lord Stanley was as grave as a beadle. At an early hour he requested to be excused. "Now," said his father, the Earl of Derby, nearly thirty years his senior, "now we can have some fun, the old man's gone."

One of those troublesome children who are continually wanting to know things, would be glad to know why salt thrown on the ice-covered pavement melts the surface thereof; while salt thrown into the ice contained in the tub of an ice cream freezer makes the mixture colder and hastens the congelation of the cream. Perhaps some reader conversant with the science of things familar can tell why this is thus.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, Feb. 24.—Charles E. Stewart, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Anglo-American telegraph company, died suddenly of appoplexy in his bed-room, on Wednesday last.

LONDON, Feb. 24, 10 p.m.—In the House of Lords to-night, the Bill renewing the suspension of the operations of the writ of *habeas corpus* in Ireland, was advanced to its second reading. In the debate to which the Bill gave rise, Earls Russell and Grey spoke at length, advocating the reform in Ireland in both State and Church. Speeches in reply were made by the Earls of Hardwick and Ellenborough, and the Marquis of Westmeath. In the House of Commons this evening, proceedings were unimportant.

A remarkable scene occurred at the last session of the French Legislatif body. The chamber was engaged in the discussion of the Bill for the regulation of the press. M. Harin, of the *Siecle*, rose and said he had a document which he wished to read to the members. It was the judgment of the court, exonerating himself and M. Guerolt from charges brought against them by the government. The President interrupted M. Harin and refused to allow him to proceed. M. Harin insisted on reading the document. Much disorder and confusion followed, whereupon the President declared the sitting for the day dissolved. The government members then retired; the liberal members remained, loudly protesting against the arbitrary action of the President. They were finally expelled from the building by officers.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—The *Herald's* St. Petersburg special says the Russian admiral serving in the Grecian Archipelago demanded the Porte government to authenticate or disavow certain newspaper reports circulated in Turkey, to the effect that the officers of the Czar had afforded aid to the Cretan insurgents. The Grand Vizier replied that the official despatches of the Turkish Admiral contained no such reports, and that newspapers were to blame.

PARIS, Feb. 24.—The bill for the regulation of the newspaper press is still under discussion in the Corps Legislatif. An amendment for allowing the free publication of summaries of Corps debates, was rejected this evening by a vote of 155 to 67.

LONDON, Feb. 24, evening.—Casey, who was shot some time since by Captain McKay, died at Cork to-day.

Sullivan, of the Dublin *Nation*, who was recently convicted in that city for publishing seditious libels in his newspaper, has been sentenced by the court to six months' imprisonment. Mr. Pigot, of the Dublin *Irishman*, who was tried and convicted on a like charge, has been sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment. Both prisoners will be required, on the expiration of their terms of confinement, to furnish security for their future good behaviour.

LONDON, February 25, 11:15 a. m.—Consols for money and account steady; Bonds quiet at 71¾; I C 87¾; Erie 48¾.

LONDON, February 25, 1:20 p. m.—Consols 93 to 93⅛; Bonds 71⅛; Erie 43¾; A & G W 20¾.

LIVERPOOL, February 25, 11:15 a. m.—Cotton declining; Uplands 9¾d; Orleans 9¾d.

LIVERPOOL, February 25, 1:20 p. m.—Cotton quiet. Manchester advices unfavorable. Corn 42s 6d; Oats 3s 10d; Lard 58s; Bacon 40s 9d.

QUEENSTOWN, Feb. 25, 1:20 p.m.—The steamship "City of Paris," from New York, has arrived.

American Despatches.

NEW YORK, February 24.—A *Herald* Washington special intimates that the President is disappointed at the turn affairs have taken. Gen. Thomas was not up to the emergency and made a serious blunder in allowing Mr. Stanton to remain an hour in the war office after notification of removal. The "Grand Army of the Republic," it is said, sustains Congress and Stanton.

The *Times'* Washington special says the President will to-day apply to the supreme court for a *quo warranto*, requiring Stanton to show why he holds the office. If the court decides in favor of Stanton the President will then carry the case to the United States Supreme Court. Gen. Emery, commandant of the department of Washington, to the inquiry of the President, replied that the law required him to obey orders received only through the proper military channels. So far as can be learned, the army as yet recognizes Mr. Stanton. Notwithstanding, the President has notified Grant, and through him the army, of Stanton's removal.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says that Gen. Grant has issued an order to the commanders of posts, that all orders to the army must pass through his hands, and that orders emanating from any other source must not be obeyed.

WASHINGTON, February 24.—It is reported that Gen. Thomas again demanded possession of the war office this morning, and was again ordered to his own room by Secretary Stanton. He left, went to the President and it was determined to sue out a writ of *quo warranto*.

NEW YORK, February 24.—The *Commercial's* Washington special says the President is preparing a message explaining that his action has been for the purpose of vindicating by legal method his constitutional privileges, but the Republicans say it is too late, and demand his removal.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24, 8 p. m.—The impeachment resolution passed in the House at 5 o'clock p. m. The President received the news calmly. He said he was prepared for this act of his enemies. The resolution was adopted by yeas 128, nays 47—a strict party vote. The hotels are filled with excited crowds. All kinds of rumors are flying, some declaring that an immediate and forcible suspension of the President will be attempted to-night or to-morrow, and that a hundred thousand revolutionists in arms will be at the command of Congress to-morrow morning. The city is filled with strangers, and there is universal activity among the military.

The President to-day nominated to the Senate Thos. Ewing, Sr., of Ohio, to be Secretary of War, in place of Mr. Stanton. It is rumored that he also sent to the Senate an Executive communication in reply to the resolution recently passed by that body, arguing and insisting that he not only had a right, under the Constitution and Tenure of Office Bill, to remove Mr. Stanton, but also to appoint a Secretary of War *ad interim*.

WASHINGTON, February 24.—Excitement continues, and the impeachment question is the general theme. The capitol, long before the hour of meeting, was crowded, particularly on the house side of the building, and thousands were unable to obtain admittance to the galleries. The doorways were obstructed by ladies, and the lobbies were densely filled with persons of both sexes. There was no abatement of interest throughout the entire proceeding of the House, which continued eight hours and a half. The Senate adjourned a short time before the vote was taken, and members of that body came in the Hall in season to hear the yeas and nays called and the result announced. The reception at the Executive Mansion to-night was more largely attended than on any similar occasion during the season.

The President did not seem disturbed by to-days' action of the House of Representatives, but received many of his friends in his usual manner. Among his visitors were Attorney-General Stanbury, Secretaries Seward, and McCulloch, and Postmaster-General Randall.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—The city has been in a most feverish state all day, and all sorts of absurd rumors have been circulated, such as that the Governor had proclaimed martial law in the city; the Mayor had placed the militia under arms; that the troops were to be enrolled to sustain the President; that the Loyal League Club would raise men to support the President, and at a late hour last night the excitement was unabated. Immense crowds congregated around the bulletin boards placed before the newspaper offices, and displayed by calcium lights. The fact that the House had passed resolutions of impeachment created no surprise, and was generally received with cheers. Each faction is loud in denunciation of the other. Disturbances are constantly taking place around the drinking saloons, and the police force on duty has been increased. Mass meetings have been called for to-morrow afternoon by each political party. The supporters of the President meet at City Hall Park. The supporters of Congress meet at their headquarters, Union League Rooms.

NEW YORK, February 24.—Despatches from different points throughout the country show news of the impeachment to be received with general approbation by Republicans, while Democrats bitterly denounce the act as a reckless party measure.

NEW YORK, February 25.—The *Herald's* Havana special says, another battle had been fought in Yucatan, in which the rebels were defeated. The people of St. Croix were anxious for annexation to the United States, and a revolution was threatened if they failed in their object. An editor had been arrested for circulating a petition for annexation. President Cabal, of St. Domingo, has fled to Venezuela with his Cabinet. The southern forces had entered the capital. Thirty deaths a day were caused by cholers, in St. Domingo city.

DUNKIRK, N. Y., February 24.—A most destructive fire occurred here last night, by which twenty-four stores and dwellings were destroyed, involving a loss of $75,000.

HUDSON, N. Y., February 24.—A great fire is now raging here, the prospects are that a large amount of property will be destroyed.

DETROIT, February 24.—The Wilcox Block at Jackson, Michigan, was destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss $70,000.

NEW YORK, February 24.—This evening an explosion occurred in the Rectifying House on East 27th street, completely demolishing the building. One man killed and a boy seriously injured.

—A despatch from St. John, New Brunswick, says that Mr. McMillan has resigned his seat in the House of Commons, and a new election for Restigouche will take place in consequence.

—The recent rise in the price of cotton has already produced a magical effect in the South. In eastern Georgia and South Carolina there is a promise of 30,000 bales more than was anticipated last fall.

—Contracts have been entered into for the construction of the great Masonic Temple at Philadelphia, to be built in five years, and to cost three-quarters of a million of dollars. The corner-stone is to be laid on St. John's day.

—The New Orleans merchants are the best advertisers in the country. Some issues of the *Times* have contained seventy columns of advertising, and the usual space occupied in that paper for auction sales alone is twelve columns.

It is proposed to start a company in Paris to dig for gold in the cemeteries—that which has been used in stopping teeth. There are buried in Paris every day more than 125 persons. It is reckoned that of these at least ten have auriferous jaws, and that in those ten there may be an average of ten auriferous teeth. So the calculation proceeds, and Paris is threatened with a resurrection company.

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

	BELLEVILLE, Feb 24.
Commercial Bills	90
Greenbacks, buying at	69
" selling at	71
Bank of Upper Canada Bills	62
Silver, buying at	34 to 4
" selling at	3 to 3½

Gold opened at 143¾; closed at 143¾.

—Serious fears are entertained that the Horse Shoe Fall in Niagara River is about to give way. It is believed that a subterranean passage for the water is undermining the great natural dam, and that the fall will soon be only a wild rapid.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, Feb. 25, 1868.

FALL WHEAT—$1 65 to $1 75.
SPRING WHEAT—$1 60 to $1 70.
BARLEY—95c to $1 00.
RYE—firm at $1 00 to $1 05.
OATS—60c to 65c.
PEAS—demand only for local use at 85c to $1 00.
BUCKWHEAT—75c to 80c.
SEED—Dull at $5 50, $6 50.
PORK—$5 50 to $6 00. Heavy Pork $6 25.
MUTTON—8c to 8c per pound.
BUTTER—18c to 20c.
EGGS—18c to 20c.
WOOL—$4.50 to $7.00.
SHEEPSKINS—$1 at 75c.
CALFSKINS—6c to 8c ₱ lb.
TALLOW—Rough, 3c; rendered, 8c.
WOOL—25c.
POTATOES—65c to 75c.
APPLES—80c to $1 00.
HAY—$10 to $14.
CHEESE—10c.
CORN—90c to $1.
FLOUR—No 1, $7 50 ₱ bbl.
PEARS—$4 50 to $4 75.

MONTREAL MARKETS

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.

MONTREAL, Feb. 25, 1867.
1 P. M.

FLOUR.—Superior Extra	$8 00	@	8 25
Extra	7 75	@	8 00
Fancy	7 60	@	7 70
Welland Canal Superfine	7 45	@	7 60
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat	7 45	@	7 60
" " 1 Western Wheat	7 45	@	7 60
" " 2 "	7 15	@	7 25
Bag Flour	3 65	@	3 75
WHEAT.—Canada Fall	0 00	@	0 00
Spring	1 70	@	0 00
Western	0 00	@	0 00
OATS.—Per 32 lbs	0 46	@	0 47
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	0 95	@	1 00
BUTTER—Dairy	0 15	@	0 20
" Store Packed	0 15	@	0 20
ASHES—Pots	5 33	@	5 40
Pearls	5 80	@	5 85
PORK—Mess	19 00	@	19 25
Prime Mess	14 00	@	14 50
Prime	13 00	@	13 50
DRESSED HOGS	5 75	@	6 40
PEAS	0 80	@	0 90
RYE FLOUR	5 95	@	6 00

Flour—receipts small; no transactions; rates nominally unchanged. Grain—no sales; rates nominally unchanged. Provisions: Pork steady. Hogs—fair demand for market use. Butter active; sales of fair to choice at quotations. Ashes—Pots active. Pearls dull.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, February 25.

Cotton dull at 22½c.
Flour dull and slightly in buyer's favor; receipts 4,000 bbls; sales 6,100 bbls at $8 60 to $9 40 for superior state and western; $9 80 to $10 70 for common to choice extra State; $9 50 to $11 65 for common to choice extra western.
Rye flour steady at $7 50 to $9 50.
Wheat dull and nominally unchanged; receipts 5,800 bushels; sales 4,500 bushels at $2 50 for No. 1 spring.
Rye quiet and firm; receipts 430 bushels.
Corn opened a shade firmer; closed dull and drooping; receipts 34,500 bushels; sales 38,000 bushels at $1 25 to $1 28 for new mixed western afloat, the latter an extreme; $1 30 for old western delivered.
Barley scarce and firm.
Oats dull; sales 9,000 bushels at 84c for western in store; 86c for ditto afloat.
Pork firmer at $23 75 to $24 00 for old mess; $24 90 to $25 00 for new do.
Lard firmer at 14½c to 16¼c; small lots at 15¼c to 16¾c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.

Stocks active.
Sterling Exchange 109¾ to 109¾.
Gold 142¾.
Gold closed 142¾.

☞ Ticket Office for Great Western Railway, opposite the Market, Front-St. Tickets issued to Milwaukee, Chicago, New Orleans, Omaha City, Nebraska Territory, Fort Riley, Kansas, Cheyenne, Dacotah, Denvis Colorado, and all points West. Fare received either in Greenbacks or current funds.
217-1y R. P. DAVY, AGENT.

LEXINGTON, Missouri, May 28, 1868.

MESSRS. J. S. HARRIS & CO.:
DEAR SIRS—I have made Allen's Lung Balsam pretty well known in our city and country, and have sold about all the four dozen bottles sent me in March last; and I find that persons who try the Balsam once, come back again for more, as it gives them satisfaction; and I recommend it in preference to any other medicine for Coughs and Colds. Please send me six dozen bottles as soon as possible. I am, yours, &c.,
THOMAS J. FLETCHER, Druggist.

P. S.—I sell more Allen's Lung Balsam, than all other cough remedies together, and it gives general satisfaction.

Sold by all Family Medicine dealers.
☞ Perry Davis & Son, Agents for the Dominion of Canada. 214w 237-4w

R. R. R. Radway's Regulating Pills

Are composed of vegetable extracts (prepared in vacuo), free from all inert, crude, or irritating substances. The first dose commences its work of purifying the blood, regulating the liver, cleansing the stomach and intestines, and purging from the system all acrimonious and corrupt humors. One Pill, taken two hours before dinner, will create a good appetite and insure a healthy digestion.

BILE.

Bile on the stomach will be eliminated by one dose of the Pills—say from four to six in number. When the liver is in a torpid state, nothing can be better than Radway's Regulating Pills. They purge easily, are mild in operation, and when taken are perfectly tasteless, being elegantly coated with gum. They are recommended for the cure of all disorders of the stomach, liver, kidneys, nervous diseases, indigestion, dyspepsia, biliousness, bilious fever, inflammation of the bowels, piles, and symptoms resulting from disorders of the digestive organs.

THE AGED

Suffer from costiveness and paralysis of the bowels, and may have to use injections to keep the bowels open. Take 8 or 4 of Radway's pills every night; in a few weeks the bowels, liver, kidneys, &c., will be restored to sound health and strength—a regular discharge from the bowels will be secured daily.

See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1868.—R. R. R. sold by all druggists. 1-2l. 243-2w

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 22nd Feb'y, 1868.

AUTHORIZED discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice: 28 per cent.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
248 Commissioner of Customs.

BOARDING.

MRS. MCKENZIE can accommodate a few permanent boarders; also, some daily boarders.
RESIDENCE—Pinnacle Street, opposite the Market.
Belleville, Nov. 18, 1867. 179-tf

Upper Canada Bible Society,

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Belleville Branch of this Society will be held in the

Episcopal Methodist Church,

ON

Thursday Even'g, 27th February,

Chair to be taken by the President, F. McANNANY, Esq., at 7 o'clock.
The Committee will meet at the Church at 6:30 o'clock.
Addresses will be delivered in support of the Bible cause by S. B. JOHNSON, Esq., Agent of the Society, and by resident Ministers and Clergy of the town.

JOHN J. B. FLINT,
Secretary.
Belleville, Feb 20, 1868. 1-1i, D-2t

ONTARIO HALL.

Immense Attraction!

FOR THE BENEFIT OF

W. J. SPECK,

AND POSITIVELY THE LAST NIGHT.

JOHN TOWNSEND in two of his most popular characters, "Carwin" and "Rolla."

MISS FLORENCE TOWNSEND in her great characters of "The Orphan of Geneva," and "Cora."

On Thursday Evening, Feb. 27th,

Will be presented the highly interesting Melo-Drama (in three acts,) entitled

THE ORPHAN OF GENEVA,

OR THE TRIUMPH OF INNOCENCE,

Carwin.....John Townsend.
The Orphan.....Miss Florence Townsend.
Countess de Morville &c..Miss C. Townsend.
Supported by the whole company.

To conclude with Sheridan's great play (in four acts,) of

PIZARRO,

OR THE INVASION OF PERU.

Rolla.....John Townsend.
Cora.....Miss Florence Townsend.
Elvina.....Miss Constance Townsend.
Supported by the whole company.

Doors open at 7:15; to commence at 8. Admission 25 cents; reserved seats 50 cents.
Belleville, Feb. 25th, 1868. 235

WANTED.

A LAD to take charge of a horse and do work about the house. Apply to
JAMES CORBY.
Belleville, Feb. 24, 1868. 252d-3t

B. G. R. S.

THE Office-Bearers, District Visitors and Managing Committee of the B. G. R. S., are requested to meet at the Town Council Room, on WEDNESDAY, 26th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M.

M. SHERWOOD, Sec'y.
Belleville, Feb. 24, 1868. 252d-2t

Victoria Gold Mining Company,

OF TORONTO.
(LIMITED.)

THE Directors of the above Company require tenders for the erection, on the Company's property, Lot 25, in the 4th Concession of Madoc, of a crusher and engine, of sufficient power to crush ten tons daily.
Tenders will be received up to 5th March next.
Address at the Company's Office, 76 King Street East.

JOSIAS BRAY,
Secretary & Treas.
Feb. 22d, 1868. 252d-2t

BOOKBINDING.

THE Subscriber having re-fitted his BINDERY with the most approved machinery, material, &c., begs to inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to execute orders for every description of

Bookbinding,
Ruling, and
Blank-work,

In the best manner and at the lowest rates.

ACCOUNT BOOKS

manufactured to any pattern with despatch.

Music, Periodicals, Law-Books, &c., neatly, cheaply, and satisfactorily bound.
☞ Special terms for Libraries, and ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

E. HARRISON.
Belleville, Feb. 21st, 1868. 250tf

WANTED,

A MODERATE-SIZED HOUSE, centrally situated in Belleville, with hard and soft water on the premises.
Apply by letter to A. B., *Intelligencer* Office.

GEORGE ROCHE,

HATTER & FURRIER,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now prepared to take orders for

ALL KINDS OF FURS.

Having procured the services of a first-class Cutter from Paris, particular attention paid to repairing.
☞ All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.
Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs.
October 14. 1D-6m

John D. Evans,

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Civil Engineer and Draughtsman.
OFFICE—Over Overell's Book Store, Belleville. 34w-246d-6m

Fornerl & Kennedy,

CIVIL and MINING ENGINEERS, Provincial Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Madoc. Lands carefully examined and reported on. Money to loan.
☞ All orders by mail will receive immediate attention.

C. C. FORNERI, C.E. & P.L.S.
246d L. KENNEDY, C.E. & P.L.S.

GRAND DISCOUNT SALES

OF

DRY GOODS,

AT

P. D. CONGER'S.

COSGRAVE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

East India Pale Ale.

JUST RECEIVED,

50 Hhds,

150 Barrels and half Barrels.

FOR SALE ONLY BY
WESLEY BULLEN.
Belleville, Nov. 26, 1867. 177 tf

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THIS BANK is prepared to issue drafts, receive deposits, and grant interest; receipts at the office of the Commercial Bank in Belleville.
Mr. THOMSON will be happy to see his old friends.
Belleville, Jany. 23, 1868. 225 tf

DIARIES, DIARIES,

FOR 1868,

AT

J. C. OVERELL'S,

TURNBULL'S BLOCK,
180 FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

The X-Mas No. of the

ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS,

IS NOW READY.

ALSO,

BOUND NUMBERS OF

British Workman,
Band of Hope Review,
Children's Friend,
Infant's Magazine,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
LEISURE HOUR, SUNDAY AT HOME, &c., &c.,

AT

J. C. OVERELL'S,

OPPOSITE THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
FRONT STREET,
BELLEVILLE.
January 4, 1868. 209

A SPLENDID

ASSORTMENT OF

FLANNELS,

GENT'S

FURNISHING GOODS,

&c., &c.,

JUST RECEIVED,

AT

J. MUIR & CO.'S.

Horses, Carriages, &c.,

FOR SALE.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS

TAKEN AT PAR.

Apply to
H. PRETTY,
Opposite the Market.
Belleville, Oct. 22, 1867. 147-tf

Limes and Glycerine,

The best Hair Dresser before the public.

Limes and Glycerine,

The best preparation known for Dandruff.

Limes and Glycerine,

Allays all irritation of the Scalp.

Limes and Glycerine,

All who have used it pronounce it superior to any preparation for the Hair.

Limes and Glycerine,

Is to be found on almost every toilet table.

Limes and Glycerine,

Far superior to pure Glycerine for chapped hands, &c.

Prepared only at
APOTHECARIES HALL,
1d1y Front St., Belleville.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

Ladies Work Boxes,
" Writing Desks.
" Dressing Cases.
Photograph Albums.
Fancy Wool Goods.
Ladies Bonnets.

A fine assortment of

Dress Goods!

and the

Latest Styles in Cloth

FOR LADIES JACKETS.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.
Dec. 19, 1867. 1D-1y

GRAHAM FLOUR,

OATMEAL, SPLIT PEAS, BEANS, &c.

—ALSO,—

WHITEFISH AND HERRINGS

IN BARRELS & HALF BARRELS,

At the "Corner Store,"
Front and Bridge Streets.

A. FLETCHER & Co.
January 15, 1868. 7-1y, w48-3t

HOOP SKIRTS,

LATEST STYLES.

G. C. Holton & Co.

J. & W. Sutherland

WOULD respectfully solicit an inspection of their new stock of

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS,

Which will be found complete in the following specialities:
FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FRENCH MERINOS—2s. 6d. and upwards
FRENCH LAMAS & THIBETS.
FRENCH DELAINES.
SCOTCH TWEEDS.
" ALL WOOL HOSIERY.
CANADIAN " "
" FLANNELS.
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.
DUNDAS COTTONS AND BAGS.
AMERICAN YARN.

J. & W. SUTHERLAND.
Belleville, October, 1867. 1p6m

HUFFMAN HOUSE,

MADOC, ONTARIO.

HUFFMAN & SON, Proprietors,
(LATE OF PETERBOROUGH.)

☞ Every attention paid to travellers. House and furniture entirely new. 143-tf—206f

Partner Wanted,

WANTED, as equal partner in a light and profitable manufacturing business, a good responsible man, with some capital to invest.
For particulars enquire at 224, or at the office of S. B. Burdett, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Front St., Belleville.
Belleville, Jan. 27, 1868. 228-tf

NEW BOOKS

AT

F. VAN NORMAN'S.

Queen Victoria's Journal, "Our Life in the Highlands."
Wood's Natural History—2,500 illustrations, 3 vols., Royal 8vo..... $14 00
Chambers' Cyclopedia, now complete, 10 vols..... per vol, 2 50
Chambers' Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols..... 2 50
Family Cyclopedia..... 75
Our Constitution..... 1 00
Romance of Charity..... 1 00
The Land and the Book..... 2 00
Pre-historic Scotland..... 5 00
Knight's Half-hours with best Authors, 2 vols..... 3 50
Knight's Half-hours with English History..... 1 25
North-west Passage by Land, by Viscount Milton and Cheadle.
Barnes' Notes, complete.
D'Israeli's Curiosities of Literature, cloth and morocco.
Kitto's Bible History of the Holy Land.
Weales' Scientific Works.

ALL THE POETS, &c., &c.,

NEW SCHOOL BOOKS.

The CHEAPEST STATIONERY

In Belleville.

WALL PAPERS

From 5 cts. to $1 20 per Roll.

BIBLES,
HYMN BOOKS,
PRAYER BOOKS,
PSALM BOOKS,
CATECHISMS, &c. &c.

Sunday School Libraries

In great variety, and very low prices.

A GOOD STOCK OF

Sheet Music, Music Books, Violins,

&c., &c., constantly on hand.
☞ Orders by mail promptly executed.
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,
BELLEVILLE.
Belleville, Feb. 8, 1868. 239-tf

F. HACKETT

HAS RECEIVED A

CHOICE ASSORTMENT

OF

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS

Belleville, Oct. 1, 1867. 1D-6m



HURRAH FOR

THE DOMINION.

R. H. JONES

BEGS leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened a new WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Grocery and Liquor Store

in the premises lately occupied by Messrs O'Brien & Henchy, where he will keep on hand a select and varied assortment of

General Groceries,

AND LIQUORS,

For family use and medicinal purposes.

TEAS.

YOUNG AND OLD HYSONS,
GUNPOWDER, TWANKAY,
IMPERIAL, JAPAN,
SOUCHONG,
CONGOU, &c., &c.

COFFEES.

THE BEST IN TOWN, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.

He would especially call the attention of families to his stock of

WINES, SPIRITS & LIQUORS.

Brandies, Ports, Sherries.

Irish, Scotch & Morton's Whiskeys.

Old Tom & Holland Gins,

IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.

Together with a large assortment of

CHAMPAGNE,

of the most popular brands.

LIQUEURS & CORDIALS, &C.

In addition to these there will be found a splendid stock of

LAMP GOODS & TRIMMINGS.

☞ Goods sent promptly to customers in any part of the town.
Belleville, Dec. 9, 1867. 188 43-tf

BLANKS of every description for sale at *The Intelligencer* office.

The Fredericton *Reporter* notices, editorially, one or two rumors of which it disposes summarily. It says :—"We are surprised to find, even in this County, some who, in reference to the Intercolonial, are ready to exclaim 'all is lost,' and settle down to the conviction that the Road is bound for the North. We are in a position to state that no decision has been arrived at, and no line will be adopted until a much more thorough survey of all the routes, and until a commissioner shall make a full report of their respective advantages or disadvantages. *It is more than probable the route will not be determined for 12 months to come*, and in the meantime the big wigs at Ottawa are laughing at the summary manner in which we dispose of a question which will cause them much biting of nails and perplexities."

The anti-masonic party shows symptoms of revival out West. The Rev. Mr. Blanchard, of Galesburg, Ill., and Rev. Mr. Finney, of Oberlin, Ohio, have been opening the batteries of the church upon the time honored society of operative masons. The Roman Catholic church, as it is well known, has expressed its decided disapprobation of secret societies, as inconsistent with the entire confidence that should exist between the clergy and their penitents; but no other communion has made the question of church membership to depend upon a freedom from other ties. Mr. Blanchard prevailed upon a Methodist conference to pass a resolution condemning secret societies, while Mr. Finney succeeded in excluding the masons from the Congregational churches of Oberlin, on the ground that such individuals cannot, in the nature of the case, give the requisite evidence of personal piety.

PROTECTION.—The Montreal *News* says : "The Right Hon. Milner Gibson thinks the commercial difficulties of England are attributable in some degree to her neglect to stipulate for free exchange with the Colonies when they were granted self-government, and expressed his fears "that the Confederation would extend the Canadian protective duties to the adjacent Colonies," meaning, we suppose, Prince Edward, Newfoundland, the Bermudas, and the West Indies. It follows that those and other Colonial possessions can, by stimulating home manufactures, diminish importations from the mother country, her commercial prosperity must still further decline. It may suit Mr. Milner Gibson and politicians of the Manchester School to taunt the Colonies with being the cause of Britian's commercial decadence; but the true cause is to be sought in her well nigh exploded free trade policy, which has enabled the foundries and looms of Germany, France, and Belgium, to turn out locomotives, hardware, and textile fabrics at a cheaper rate than would pay English manufacturers. Moreover, the commercial immorality of which Liverpool so loudly complains has done something toward bringing about the sluggishness and distrust which now reign in the commercial circles of Great Britian."

American Watches.

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its use Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is, indeed, little else than a machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course, there must be no defect in the principle of plan or the movement, no mistake in the sizes or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the deduplication of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough subdivision.

By means of multiplying gauges and microscopes, tests and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools, and for faults and flaws in steel or stone, are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a finished machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home—instead of sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the lightest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear ringing sound always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a time keeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The Company claim that by it they produce Watches that cannot be equalled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan, and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of Watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes to suit all tastes and means; but every Watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM" is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

☞ EVERY WATCH FULLY WARRANTED.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
No. 182, Broadway, N.Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
TORONTO and MONTREAL,
General Agents.

Toronto, Nov. 2, 1867. 169-3m 40-3m

HURRAH FOR BARNUM'S
LINE OF STAGES
For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half-past 8 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12, noon.

RETURNING.—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 2 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

S. BARNUM,
Proprietor.

C. HORTON, Agent, Belleville.
S. GUSTIN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1867. D68

REMOVAL.

N. MANN begs to notify the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to the Dafoe House Building, where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many more, who will favor him with their patronage.

Belleville, Dec. 27, 1867.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Messrs. WALLACE & FORDYCE as Photographers, in the Town of Belleville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

(Signed.) D. J. WALLACE.
ED. FORDYCE.

Belleville, December 4th, 1867.

THE undersigned having purchased Mr. Fordyce's interest in the Gallery, will hereafter conduct the business on his own account. His long experience and thorough knowledge of the business will enable him to satisfy all who give him a call.

ROOMS :—Over Graham and Grainger's Store.

ENTRANCE :—Two doors South of Holden's Drug Store.

D. J. WALLACE.

Belleville, Dec. 4th, 1867. 185-TbST

Store-keepers!
Farmers!
And Others!
SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM THE IMPORTERS DIRECT.

The Montreal Tea Company,
6 Hospital Street, Montreal,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to different parts of the country, and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received :

RUSSELL HOTEL, QUEBEC, January 7, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company :

GENTLEMEN,—The six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

HOUSE OF SENATE, OTTAWA, Dec. 16, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company :

GENTLEMEN,—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

S. SKINNER.

QUEBEC, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company :

GENTLEMEN,—The last of 30 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 55 cents was of excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for.

Yours respectfully, D. ANDERSON,

TORONTO, December 13, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company :

GENTLEMEN,—The two chests of Tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton, one chest Fine Flavoured New Season's Congou, at same price, viz. : at 55 cents per lb. Yours, &c.,

JAMES EDGAR.

FELCOME, December 23, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company :

GENTLEMEN,—The Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz. : at 75 cents per lb. Address as before.

Your obedient servant, JOHN T. DAY.

COBOURG, January 8, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company :

GENTLEMEN,—I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box of 30 lbs. at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

E. OLIVER.

The contributors to the "Medical Journal" have frequently declared that one half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substance, in 50, 25, 20, 15, and 10 lbs. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do. 55c.; 60c., and 65c.; Excellent Full Flavored do. 70c.; Sound Oolong, 45c.; Rich Flavored do. 60c.; Very Fine do. do. 75c.; Japan, Good, 50c., 55c.; Very Fine, 60c.; Finest, 65c., 75c.; Scented Orange Pekoe, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankey Common, 38c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c., 60c., 65c., and 70c.; Fine do., 75c.; Very Fine, 85c.; Superfine and very choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c.; Extra Superfine do., $1.

All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 10 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality, and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c. to 70c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by expressman, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of five chests and upwards.

All Boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL!

THE "DAILY NEWS,"
$6 00 per Annum, in advance.

JOHN LOVELL,
Printer and Publisher.

65

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
MOIRA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Capital Stock, $100,000. Divided into 10,000 Shares.

WORKING CAPITAL, $15,000.

HORACE YEOMANS, Esq., PRESIDENT. ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., TREASURER.
B. S. GILBERT, Esq., SECRETARY. J. G. SHURTZ, Esq., SUPERINTENDENT.

MERCHANTS' BANK, BANKERS. DEAN & GILBERT, SOLICITORS.

DIRECTORS:

HORACE YEOMANS, of Flint & Yeomans, Belleville.
ANDREW THOMSON, Banker, Belleville.
W. W. DEAN, Master in Chancery, Belleville.
JOHN G. SHURTZ, Superintendent.
JAMES LISTER, M.D., Belleville.
JAMES W. CARMAN, American, Consul, Belleville.
BARTON S. GILBERT, of Dean & Gilbert, Barristers, Belleville.

THIS COMPANY is duly Incorporated under Cap. 23, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the purpose of working the mineral veins upon *sixteen* acres of Lot No. 19, in the fifth concession of Madoc, (the Richardson Mine being No. 18 in the same concession.)

A shaft has been sunk to the depth of nine feet in the rock. At six feet a gold-bearing lode was struck, of 18 inches in width, which at nine feet has increased to 2½ feet, and a crushing at Gilbert & Turley's mill of four and one-half tons of the rock, gave a yield of over fifty-six dollars in gold: the lode is clearly defined, and evidently extends the whole length of the property—52 rods.

The territory is admirably situated for mining purposes, being a high ridge covered with indications of mineral veins. There are numerous places on the land fully as promising as the one on which the shaft has been sunk, and which would unquestionably yield as well. The large quantity of land, and the prospects of other gold-bearing veins, make it certain that the Company will be able to subdivide the property as soon as a little further development has been made, and form other Companies at great advantage.

Work is being vigorously prosecuted in the shaft, under the superintendence of JOHN G. SHURTZ, Esq., one of the Directors, who is largely interested in the proprietary of the mine, and who has had thirteen years' practical experience in the gold mines of California and Nevada, and is unquestionably the most accomplished quartz miner now in this country.

It is intended to have a further crushing in a few days, and negotiations are in progress which, if carried out, will secure a mill to the Company at once, so that regular work will be gone on with without delay, and dividends may, in that case, be expected in a short time.

Belleville, Jan. 27th, 1868. 228d-tf

India and China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or $1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb. Finest procurable, $1.00.
Protected by Trade Mark.

☞ Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.
August 16th, 1867. D90-1y w27-1y

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO. OF CANADA.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
INCORPORATED 1849.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., President, LEWIS MOFFATT, Esq., Vice-President.

HON. MALCOLM CAMERON,	A. T. FULTON, Esq.,	W. J. McDONELL, Esq.
C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq.,	H. S. HOWLAND, Esq.	J. McGILLES, Esq.,
GEORGE CHAFFEY, Esq.,	A. R. McMASTER, Esq.	A. M. SMITH, Esq.

SOLICITORS :—MESSRS. DUGGAN & BURNS.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on every description of property.

MARINE INSURANCES—Inland and to the Lower Ports, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the West Indies, and by steam vessels to Europe.

Rates as moderate as any other respectable Insurance Company.

F. McANNANY, Esq., Agent, Belleville. JAS. SIDNEY CROCKER, Manager.
November 12, 1867. 39w6m-165d6m

BELLEVILLE
AGRICULTURAL WORKS
AND
IRON FOUNDRY
WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Threshing Machines,
STRAW CUTTERS,
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,
Iron and Steel Ploughs, Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-tf

MORTGAGE SALE.

UNDER power of sale contained in a mortgage made the 28th day of October, 1863, between William Donovan, of Belleville, Grocer, and the Hon. John Ross, there will be sold for default of payment of mortgage money, on

Thursday, the 5th day of March,

1868, at TWELVE o'clock, NOON, by M. NULTY, at his auction rooms in the Town of Belleville, the following valuable property, viz. : Lot number eighteen, on the East side of Sidney Street, as laid down on a plan of survey of Lots numbers one and two, in the second Concession of the Township of Thurlow, in the County of Hastings, made by Henry A. F. McLeod, Esq., P. L. S., and registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings, on the 28th day of October, A. D. 1863.

The said lot number eighteen, contains ten acres of land more or less. It is fenced and otherwise improved.

For terms of sale and other particulars, enquire of JAMES ROSS, Esq., or of the undersigned.

ROSS, BELL & HOLDEN,
Attorneys for Hon. John Ross.

Belleville, 6th Feb., 1868. 237-4tTh

ORANGE CERTIFICATES

FOR SALE at the INTELLIGENCER Office Intelligencer Buildings, Front Street Belleville.

BRITISH PERIODIALS,

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review (Whig).
The Westminster Review (Liberal).
The North British Review (Free Church.)
AND
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory.)

THESE periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stands unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews, - - $4.00 per annum.
For any two of the Reviews, - - 7.00 "
For any three of the Reviews, - - 10.00 "
For all four of the Reviews, - - 12.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine, - - 4.00 "
For Blackwood and one Review, - 7.00 "
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews, - - - - 10.00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews, 16.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of *twenty per cent.* will be allowed to Clubs of four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to *one address* for $12.80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $48.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is *Two Cents* a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums for New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, gratis, any one of the *Four Reviews* for 1867. New Subscribers to all five of the periodicals for 1868 may receive gratis, Blackwood or any two of the *Four Reviews* for 1867.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz. :

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1.50 a year for each or any Review; also, Blackwood for 1866 and 1867, for $2.50 a year, or the two years together for $4.00.

☞ Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to Clubs, nor reduced prices for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted *direct to the Publishers.*

No premiums can be given to Clubs.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING Co.,
140 Fulton St., N. Y.

THE L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE,

by HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1000 pages, and numerous Engravings.

Price $7 for the two volumes—By Mail, post-paid, $8

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the *AMERICAN (WALTHAM) WATCH* have given it such a wide world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and printed its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found, who furtively trade upon the popularity of the American Watch, by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article. It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American Watches—*except the lowest grade, marked Home Watch Co.—are guaranteed by special certificate*, bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. ROBBINS.

The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine Watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture :

AMERICAN WATCH Co.

APPLETON, TRACY & Co.

WALTHAM WATCH Co.

P. S. BARTLETT.

WM. ELLERY.

HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the General Superintendent,
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

GENTLEMEN—The watches manufactured by you have been in use on the Railroad for several years by our engineers, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying your watches give us less trouble and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we trusted to these of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that Waltham watches are the most satisfactory of any for their uses. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have never known one to wear out, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
Ch. Chief Engineer,
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto & Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS.

Nov. 2, 1867. 169-3m 40-3m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every afternoon (sundays excepted), and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of $5 a year if paid in advance, $6 otherwise. Mail subscribers $5 a year. $2 50 for 6 months; $1 60 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgewater, Marmora and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the **Gold Regions**, and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., &c., and in short, neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows :

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months,	$ 5 00
Half Square, 6 months,	$10 00
One Square, 6 months,	$20 00
Two Squares, 6 months,	$30 00
Four Squares, 6 months,	$50 00
Notices of Births,	50
Do of Marriages,	50
Do of Deaths,	50

"BUSINESS NOTICES"—All matter under this heading, leaded or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of solid minion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements every two weeks.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion, and 3 cents for each additional insertion.

The Weekly Intelligencer

Is published every Friday Morning at $2 per annum if called for at the Office, or sent by mail, and $2 50 if delivered by the carrier, payable in all cases in advance. When not paid until the close of the year, 50 cents will be added to each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, and the number now on our Subscription Books is over 1,400. With such a large and general circulation throughout this and adjoining Counties, the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed advantages to advertisers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING :

Six lines and under, first insertion,	0 50
Each subsequent insertion,	0 12½
Above six lines (per line) first insertion	0 07
Each subsequent insertion per line,	0 03

☞ "BUSINESS NOTICES"—10 cents per line each insertion, measured as Nonpariel minion.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to insure their appearance.

All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly

The Intelligencer Job Office

Is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the country.

The DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER can be had at the Book Stores in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at El Dorado.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

M. HOWELL,
INTELLIGENCER BUILDINGS, Publisher
Front treet, Belleville.

Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 1. BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, WEDNESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 26, 1868. No. 254.

Montreal Business Directory.

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal.

DEPARTMENTS.

Braces,	Knitted Woolens,
Braids,	Laces,
Brushes and Combs,	Ladies Collars and Sets,
Buttons,	Straw Goods,
Corsets,	Small Wares in great
Elastics,	variety,
Felt Hats,	Threads,
Gents Collars and Ties,	Trimmings & Ornaments
Hosiery and Gloves,	Umbrellas,
Velvet Ribbons, &c.	

HOOP SKIRTS.—our own Manufacture. 156-6m

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware Manufacturers,
MONTREAL.
KILN PLATES
AND
CASTINGS for BREWERIES.
Any parties about putting up new kilns for
MALT OR OATMEAL
will do well to correspond with the above. 156-6m.

BURROWS & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandies, Wines, Sugars, Tobaccos, &c., &c.
416 St. Paul St., Montreal.
☞ Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 156-6m

PEAVEY & MARCH,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions,
And everything usually sold in a first class Grocery,
No. 344 Notre Dame Street, a few doors West St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.
☞ Every article warranted to be as represented or may be returned. Goods sent to any part of the City Free of Charge. 156-6m

HUNTER, DUFFY & JOHNSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
20 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 156-6m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, PROPRIETOR,
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-3m

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
87, PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, Collins Wharf, Halifax.
PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.
ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 88D-6m-W6m

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
218 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St. Montreal.
MAPS, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, Bills of Lading, Blank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards, in any number of colors, Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 27D6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c., &c., &c.,
25 Hospital St., - - MONTREAL,
OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and
ON AS GOOD TERMS
as any House in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.
J. C. FRANCK & Co.
July 27, 1867. 74d.

QUEEN
INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL, - - - - $10,000,000.
FIRE and LIFE.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.
THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers.—One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to Ten per Cent. of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management
Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.
The next division of profits takes place in 1868, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.
M. BOWELL,
Dr. CANNIFF, *Medical Referee* *Intelligencer Office, Agent.*
May, 1867. 4D-6mo.

Montreal Business Directory.

Frothingham & Workman,
MONTREAL.
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.
Warehouse and Offices 393 to 399, St. Paul St.
Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c. 1d-6m

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M. D.,
Consulting and Analytical Chemist,
630 Lagauchetiere Street, Montreal.
☞ At home for consultation before 10 A. M., between 2 and 3, and after 6 P. M.
FEES FOR ANALYSIS,—$5 a metal, payable in advance. 156-6m

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
203 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL.
☞ Every description of Jewelry manufactured from gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 28d6m

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant,
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Agent for Walter Evans & Co. Sewing and Knitting Cottons, Derby; and J. M. Perry & Co.'s Gray's Patent Linen Fibre Collars, Nottingham, England. 1D-6m

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER.
OFFICE: Corner of St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.
REFERENCES—Robertson & Beattie, Robert Esdaile, Esq., Jos Terrance, Esq. 31D3m

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT
And Commission Merchants,
43 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street,
MONTREAL. 1D-6m

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant.
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods. 1D-6m

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 329 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 28d6m

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.
THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.
E. MUIR,
Chemist and Druggist,
22b5m Place D'Armes, Montreal.

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McCUAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
OFFICE.—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and 51 Common Street, Canal Wharf,
MONTREAL.
☞ Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and all or Produce, and purchase of Merchandise. 28d5m

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
109 GREY NUNS STREET, MONTREAL.
HAVE FOR SALE—

Boiler Tubes,	Drain Pipes,
Gas Tubes,	Roman Cement,
Horse Nails,	Water Lime,
Paints and Putty,	Portland Cement,
Fire Bricks,	Paving Tiles,
Fire Clay,	Garden Vases,
Flue Covers.	Chimney Tops, &c.

☞ Manufacturers o AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR, and BED SPRINGS. 24D6m

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.
LIBERAL advances made on consignments to ourselves, or for shipment to our friends in Great Britain and the Lower Port
May 31st, 1867. 27D6m

A. ROBERTSON & Co.,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Manles, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosier, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Clothes, Canadian Woollens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons, Prints, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Muslins.
475 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St.,
MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro'. C. W. 17-6m

Important to Miners and
MINING MEN.
JOHNS' Patent Water-Proof Safety Fuse for WET GROUND and SUBMARINE BLASTING, is much cheaper than any other, and pronounced by Mining men much better than any imported.
Testimonials received from men well known in the mining and quarrying business of Canada and the United States; from Messrs. Morrill & Colby, Bennets, Wiswell Macfarland, Adams, Watson, Griffith, Wearn, and others.
☞ All orders promptly attended to.
Address JOHNS & Co.,
150-3m Sherbrooke, Q.

TERRAPIN RESTAURANT
CHARLES PAPINEAU,
BEGS to inform the public that he has opened the TERRAPIN RESTAURANT, in Coleman's Building, next door to Dr. Coleman's Drug Store, and he has fitted it up in first class style, with every convenience. He will keep constantly on hand the best Ale and Porter, and the purest brands of Liquors.
☞ Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c., always on hand.
Belleville, Oct. 15, 1867. 142-tf

CONGER BROS.
FEELING thankful for the very liberal patronage given them for the past year, beg to remind their customers and the public that having thoroughly
REFITTED THEIR STORE!
are now opening a well assorted stock of FRESH TEAS, SUGARS, SPICES, CURRANTS, RAISINS, FIGS, &c.
Special attention is called to their fine assortment of
Jams, Jellies, Canned and Bottled FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.
R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER
Nov. 13th, 1867. 1dly

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the
Canadian & United States Mails.
1867—SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.—1867.
Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.
Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.
This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undernoted First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double-Engine Iron Steamships:—

AUSTRIAN,	2700 Tons.	Capt. AITON.
NESTORIAN,	2700 "	Lt. DUTTON, R.N.R.
WELSHMAN,	2650 "	Capt. WYLAM.
PERUVIAN,	2600 "	Capt. BALLANTINE.
HIBERNIAN,	2434 "	Capt. BROWN.
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	2300 "	Capt. ALLAN.
NORTH-AMERICAN,	1724 "	Capt. KERR.
BELGIAN,	2454 "	Capt. GRANGE.
DAMASCUS,	1600 "	Capt. WATTS.

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL EVERY THURSDAY, and from PORTLAND every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)
The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from PORTLAND as undernoted, viz:—

NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Saturday, 22nd Feb.
PERUVIAN,	Saturday, 29th "
NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 7th March.
BELGIAN,	Saturday, 14th "
AUSTRIAN,	Saturday, 21st "
HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 28th "

Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway:—
CABIN, - - $80 20 to $92 20
(according to accommodation.)
STEERAGE, - - - $32 00
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.
Berths not secured until paid for.
For particulars, apply to
J. W THOMPSON, Agent,
Canadian Express Office,
27D5m-16W1r. BELLEVILLE.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
For 1868.
THE CHEAPEST OF LADIES' MAGAZINES,
BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST.
THE friend of woman, the arbiter of fashion, the encourager and publisher of the best literature of the day, the pattern from which all others copy.
READING MATTER.
In this there will be an improvement. The volume for 1868 will be set up with new-faced type, and of a size that will enable us to give an additional quantity of reading matter amounting to about twelve pages in each number.
BEAUTIFUL STEEL PLATES.
Of these the LADY'S BOOK contains *fourteen* each year, superior (we challenge comparison) to any published in this country, either as book or periodical.
THE LITERATURE OF THE LADY'S BOOK.
MARION HARLAND,
Authoress of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Mora Sidi," "Nemesis," and "Moriam,"
who contributes to no other monthly publication, will furnish a new novel for 1868, called "PHŒNIX ROWLAND," that will run through the year. Her stories are all equally sought after, and as they are copyrighted, can be found nowhere but in GODEY. Our former efficient corps of writers has also been retained.
OUR FASHION PLATES.
The original double fashion-plates will be continued. MODEL COTTAGES.—The only magazine in this country that gives these designs is the LADY'S BOOK.
DRAWING LESSONS.—In this we are also alone.
ORIGINAL MUSIC.—GODEY'S is the only magazine in which music prepared expressly for it appears.
ALSO CHILDREN'S, a HORTICULTURAL, and a HEALTH department.
GODEY'S INVALUABLE RECEIPTS
upon every subject, for the Boudoir, Nursery, Kitchen, House, and Laundry.
TINTED ENGRAVINGS.—This is a series of engravings that no one has attempted but ourselves.
LADIES' FANCY WORK DEPARTMENT.—Some of the designs in this department are printed in colors in a style unequalled.
Terms for 1868.

One copy, one year,	$3 00
Two copies, one year,	5 00
Three copies, one year,	7 50
Four copies, one year,	10 00
Five copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making SIX copies,	14 00
Eight copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making NINE copies,	21 00
Eleven copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making twelve copies,	27 00

Godey's Lady's Book and Arthur's Home Magazine will be sent one year on receipt of $4 00.
Godey's Lady's and The Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $3 50.
Two copies, Godey's Lady's Book, Arthur's Home Magazine, and Godey's Lady's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $5 00.
Children's Hour subscribers must send 54 cents additional.
☞ Canada subscribers must send 24 cents additional for every subscription to the Lady's Book and 12 cents for either of the other magazines, to pay the American postage.
HOW TO REMIT.—In remitting by mail, a Post Office Order or a Draft, *payable to the Order of L. A. Godey*, is preferable to bank notes, as should the Order or Draft be lost or stolen, it can be renewed without loss to the sender. If a Draft or a Post Office Order cannot be procured, send United States or National Bank notes.
Address L. A. GODEY,
N. E. Corner Sixth and Chestnut Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

BLANK NOTES,
BOUND in Books containing 100, 50 and 25 notes each, printed on fine paper, for sale at the *Intelligencer* Office.

Belleville Business Directory.

Macilellan & Macilellan,
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency Attornies-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c, &c Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Ross, Bell & Holden,
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville.
HON. JNO. ROSS. JOHN BELL. THOS. HOLDEN
1D6m Wtf

Diamond & Dickson,
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c.
OFFICE:—Neilson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
A. DIAMOND. GEO. D. DICKSON.
1D-Wtf

A. R. Dougall,
BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.
Office over Overell's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.

Robertson & Stewart,
BARRISTERS and Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office,—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street,
ALEX. ROBERTSON, D. E. K. STEWART
1D6m-Wtf

Legate & Price,
BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1D6m-Wtf

Geo. H. Haymes,
HATTER and Furrier, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs.
1D6m-Wtf

McLeod & Carre,
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURveyors, Architects, Draughtsmen and Patent Solicitors, 153½ Front Street, Belleville. 1D

Pitcathly & Kelso,
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Law Partnership.
THE undersigned have this day entered into co-partnership under the name of Jellett & Bleasdell. Office—Corner of Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville.
R. P. JELLETT.
8th October, 1867. J. H. T. BLEASDELL.

Forrest & Lozo's
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Lazier's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 25D-tf

T. Lockerty,
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco.—No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 22D6m

Ponton, Falkiner & Denmark
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

Angus McFee,
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellry and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1D6m

John Wilson,
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street, Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 1D6m

J. W. Brown,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

Geo. Gibson,
MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1D6m

J. C. Vapor,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

To Gold Miners
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Swedes Iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks, cast steel pointed.
All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street.
WM. POWELL.
Belleville. 1D6m

McKeown & Robertson,
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

ALLSOP'S ALE,
Guiness' Stout,
Blood's Porter!!
IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT
1d6m HAMBLY'S.

BILL HEADS,
AND all other kinds of JOB PRINTING, executed with neatness and despatch at the INTELLIGENCER Office, Front Street, Belleville.

The Printer's Toil.

Blow, ye stormy winds of winter,
Drive the chilly, drifting snow;
Closely housed, the busy printer
Heeds not how the winds may blow.

Click, click, his type go dropping,
Here and there upon his case,
As he stands for hours popping
Every letter in its place.

Heaven send the useful printer
Every comfort mortals need,
For our nights were dull in winter
Had we not the news to read.

Sad would be the world's condition
If no printer boys were found;
Ignorance and superstition,
Sin and suffering would abound.

Yes, it is the busy printer
Rolls the car of knowledge on,
And a gloomy mental winter
Soon would reign if he were gone.

Money's useful, yet the winters
Fill not half so high a place
As the busy, toiling printers,
Fingering type before the case.

Yet while the type they're busy setting,
Oft some thankless popinjay
Leaves the country, kindly letting
Printers whistle for their pay.

Oh! ingratitude ungracious!
Are there on enlightened soil
Men with minds so incapacious
As to slight the printer's toil?

See him! how extremely busy,
Fingering type before the case,
Toiling till he's almost dizzy,
To exalt the human race.

Josh Billings on Chicago.

Chicago iz the Jerusalem, the Mecca ov the West, every boddy tells yew what an awful city she iz, and that there will be a million ov live beings in her in a few days.

The growth of this city has been lively. I knew all about it when it didn't have 12 hundred souls, nor boddy's in it, and I presume its populashun iz now nearly 200 thousand; I dare not ask the amount ov her folks, for the same reazon named above, i didn't want to strain the imaginashun out here, every boddy has az much az they kan do now tew keep from shouting.

While in Chicago i had several talks with her souls, and i gathered from what they told me that New York would soon be a second klass place, if they didn't have eeny pull backs.

Chicago already exceeds New York, in the amount of her divorce tunnage, and in the number of her play cards advizing strangers tew beware "confidence men."

Yu kan read this cheerful repineder every 30 feet, awl over the city, it almost makes one think that there is "Buncombe" in it.

If Chicago owns herself, or one half uv herself, she is truly a big thing, but if somebody else owns her, my opinyun is that the day will cum when sumbody will have elephants to sell, and few buyers.

What relashun she may sustane in the fewter, tew other cities in the Union, I don't intend to tell, but i will bet some 30 dollars that Milwaukee, 40 years from hence, will be the most city uv the two, and over 4 times as much az herself.

I don't serpose that there is a single soul in Chicago, if he should ever read this prophecy, but what would be anxious to send me a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," but if they do it, I certainly should see them and go a package uv worm lozingers better.

The Training of Women in Household Matters.

There comes, however, a time between the school-girl life and the married life, which must be occupied in some fashion or other. It seems to us that this is just the period when a girl ought to undergo the training which is to fit her to take her place in the world as a useful member of society. Few girls are married directly after leaving school, and the few that are, miss a very pleasurable period of women's existence. To use the words of an old book of advice to women (whose name we now entirely forget), they never know what it is to be in the position and to have the consideration extended to "a grown-up young lady." But this "grown-up young lady" has also some work to do. To be merely in the position of waiting to be married, and in the meantime to be fritting away a great deal of valuable time, is foolish, and somewhat contemptible. While every woman has a right to think that she may be married, every woman should bear in mind that she may not; and young girls should be especially guarded against forming during the period of "grown-up young ladyhood" habits of want of definite occupation, which will be difficult to get rid of if they are married, and will be far from conducive to cheerfulness and evenness of temper if they should be destined to become "old maids." Whatever may be the fate reserved for a girl, it can do her no harm, and may be of infinite service to her, that she should be acquainted with the details of house management. Of what advantage is it to the young mistress of a house that she can speak three languages, and that she possess the power of executing the most difficult of sonatas, if she knows nothing of

the prices of articles of food, or the quantities which ought to be consumed by a family consisting of so many members? When she begins to have her own key-basket, and the power of ordering her dinners, and the engaging of servants, she ought not be in ignorance of the duties of her maids, of the times at which certain viands are in season, of the price which she ought to give for the articles in her store room.—*The Queen.*

The Estimates for Quebec and Ontario.

It must be allowed that a comparison of the financial estimates of the two Provinces of Ontario and Quebec is decidedly favourable to the former. We are far from believing that the Government of Quebec have been guilty of any great extravagance, but, compared with the present economical system of Government in our own Province, the cost of Government appears heavy. Thus we find the cost of the civil government in Ontario is $174,681, in Quebec, $180,966; Legislation in Ontario costs $101,552; in Quebec, $158,393; the Administration of Justice in Ontario, $206,580, in Quebec, $510,339; Education in Ontario, $301,500, in Quebec, $392,190; Agriculture in Ontario, $66,450, in Quebec, $80,058; and so on with the smaller items. When we remember that the population and resources of Quebec are smaller than our own, the fact that the local government of that Province is to cost three quarters of a million more than ours, is still more noteworthy.

"Church and State."

We shall probably be told by some of the advocates of a monopoly of Government aid to Colleges, that the following facts are conclusive of the existence of a Union between "Church and State" in the neighboring Republic. Such a conclusion, though extremely absurd, is quite in keeping with the sophistry, that grants of a similar kind in Ontario, are indicative of state churchism here: "We have before us a return obtained from the 'Comptroller of the State of New York of the sums granted to various Colonies and Universities of that State,' during the last ten years. We will give a few examples in regard to those institutions, whose denominational control is dated in the American National Almanac. Genesee College (Methodist) $12,000; Geneva College (Episcopal) $14,500; Hamilton College (Baptist) $11,500; St. John's College "(Roman Catholic) $5,500; St. Lawrence University (Universalist) $25,000; Troy University (Roman Catholic) $5,000; Rochester University (Baptist) $25,000; University of New York (Protestant Reformed) $16,500; Marith Luther College, now called the University of Buffalo (Lutheran) $8,000; Elmira Female College (Presbyterian) $35,000; &c., &c."—*Exchange.*

Human Beings without Souls.

It is told in the United States Press that a new pamphlet is now circulating in the Southern States, the object of which is to establish the proposition that "the Negro has no soul, and is merely the highest type of the beast creation." A Western contemporary says:

"The argument in support of the new doctrine professes to be drawn from the Bible itself. Assuming, as admitted beyond question, that every human being in the world was destroyed by the deluge, excepting the eight persons saved in the ark, an attempt is made to show that the descendants of Noah and his family, through all the changes of habits and climes, never possessed any of the distinctive features of the negro organism, but always, without a single exception, have been found to have white or olive-colored skins, long hair, straight noses, thin lips, and so on. Having, by a long train of reasoning, settled to the author's satisfaction the allegation that the ancestors of the black race were not in the ark, as human beings, the deduction is made that, as every living creature outside that refuge perished by the flood, the negro must have been there as a beast, and of course without a soul. The assumption is then made, and proof from the Scriptures undertaken, that miscegenation—being in the nature of marriage of man with beast —was the awful crime for which God had indicted the punishment of the deluge. The argument is managed with considerable ingenuity, and is well fitted to impress the ignorant whites of the South, particularly as it chimes in with preconceived notions of the negro's natural and ineffaceable inferiority."

It is not probable that such an impious theory will have many believers, even among the "ignorant whites of the South," who find many of the negro race as highly endowed with natural talents as they are themselves.

Remarkable Skating Feat.

At the Gratiot street, Detroit, (Michigan) Skating Rink, on Friday afternoon, 24th ult., at three o'clock, Miss Anna Clara Jagerisky, a young lady only seventeen years of age, commenced the task of skating thirty hours, continuously, without sleep, and with but one minute's rest each hour. She completed her task on the next (Saturday) evening at nine o'clock. She started at rapid speed, and kept it for the whole time, with the exception of the minute for rest each hour, which she preferred to have occurred at these stated intervals rather than a longer period for rest and its less frequent recurrence. She ate very little during the time, and drank at intervals of two hours a cup of strong chocolate. Toward noon of Saturday she complained of drowsiness, which gradually wore off. A swollen and inflamed knee troubled her more than anything else.

The number of visitors to the rink increased as night approached to fifteen or eighteen hundred, while hundreds of men, women and children were crowded around the entrance to the rink, intent upon stretched across the rink, leaving a space some twenty-five feet wide for the fair performer. It required the efforts of a half dozen policemen, however, in spite of this precaution, to keep the crowd back.

At five minutes to nine o'clock the band struck up a lively air, and the gallant little maiden flew rapidly over the ice, the audience cheering again and again. As the time-keeper announced time, a general rush was made for the entrance, and for half an hour the jam was frightful. The police at length were enabled to clear a place for the skateress, who quickly entered a hack, and was conveyed to her home, No. 440 Branden street, and the crowd gradually dispersed, satisfied that they had witnessed the triumphant ending of one of the most remarkable feats of endurance ever essayed by a woman.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West,	7.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West,	8.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going West,	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train,	6.30 P. M.
Noon Express going East,	12.08 P. M.
Night Express going East,	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East,	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train,	9.30 P. M.

Montreal Time.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 26.

MAILS.—No trains have arrived from the West yet. We learn that the trains leave Toronto this evening.

MR. HOWE.—By telegram from Nova Scotia, it is said that the Hon. Joseph Howe has accepted a lucrative position on a London newspaper.

MUSIC.—We are indebted to Mr. Harrison, book-seller, for a copy of "A Magazine of Popular Music," published in London, England. The present number contains "The Gentle Wing of Night"—Song. "The Best Out' Lancers." "Frank the Forester"—Ballad. "After Supper"—Galop. "The Upper Ten"—Comic Song. Price 25 cents. The introduction of this Magazine into the country will enable the lovers of song and of good music to supply themselves cheaply.

BROKEN RAILS.—The New York *Tribune* of the 20th inst., says that "in a single day, the patrol on a certain New Jersey railroad discovered no fewer than *eighty-six broken rails*!" If this were found to be the case upon our roads in Canada, what a hue and cry we should hear against Grand Trunk mismanagement and recklessness. And yet, how much greater are the difficulties to contend against in Canada during the winter than in New Jersey. Considering the length of our roads and the severity of the weather, we have less accidents than any part of the United States.

EARTHQUAKES PREDICTED.—Prof. A. M. Delisee, who has been sent by the French Academy to Jamaica, asserts that a series of celestial and terrestial phenomena is at hands. On the night of the 27th February, in the western heavens, there will be a conjunction of the moon with Jupiter and Venus, and three nights after Jupiter will pass Venus by only twenty-three seconds of a degree. The result of these conjunctions and perturbations will be atmospheric commotion—electrical discharges, heavy gales, high tides, earthquakes. Moreover, the whole year will be remarkable for its storms, inundations, eruptions, quakings of the earth, &c., &c. American papers state that the current of the Gulf stream have recently increased one fourth in speed.

RUSSIAN AMERICA.—Our readers have heard and read a great deal about Walrussia. The following from a gentleman who tenanted the country from the 19th October to the 13th November, we have every reason to believe correct: On the first day it rained with easterly winds; on the second, heavy rains and easterly winds; on the third, rain and fog; fourth, fog, rain, and snow; fifth, rain, hail, snow, thunder and lightning, and strong easterly winds; sixth and seventh, rain and fog and rain and hail; eighth, *squalls* of rain, snow and hail, and at seven p.m., a regular West India cyclone; on the ninth, hurricane, lightning, hail, and rain; and from the tenth to the twenty-fifth inclusive, a grand combination of rain, hail, snow, lightning, ice, squalls, fog, gales, and mist, in one fierce unity of discordant concatenation."

BAZAAR AND CONCERT IN STIRLING.—The ladies in connection with St. John's Church, Stirling, held a highly successful bazaar and concert in Chard's Hall, on Thursday evening last. An excellent tea was served at seven o'clock, after which the assemblage were entertained with a large number of select pieces of vocal and instrumental music by the Stirling Glee Club, which had been prepared for the occasion. The Stirling String Band also furnished some splendid music. Then came the sale of ladies work, which created a great deal of mirth, and also placed a considerable sum of money in the hands of the committee.—The latter part of the programme was left entirely in the hands of the younger portion of the assemblage, who immediately brought the services of the String Band into requisition. The proceeds of the evening amounted to over one hundred dollars, and are to be applied in liquidation of the debt on the church.

Nova Scotian Members.

Some days since we noticed a speech, delivered by a Mr. McDonald in Nova Scotia, in which he recommended the members of the House of Commons not to return to their duties. Mr. Savary, another of the members for Nova Scotia, takes a different view. He said, in a speech delivered lately: "We will go back, there is "no doubt, but you must confide in your "members. They are capable and trust-"worthy. They have all been steadfast but "one." That one (Mr. Campbell) will no doubt soon have followers. The folly of keeping up an agitation about repeal will soon become apparent to the most obtuse of the Nova Scotian members, and the sooner they settle down to work the better for their Province.

Weights and Measures.

Under this heading the Peterboro *Review* calls attention to the report of the Inspector of Weights and Measures in the County of Peterboro, who says: "there is a great "difference in the measures in the dry goods "stores, varying in some instances three "inches, and in one instance more. But "he had inspected all the weights and "liquor measures of the County and made "them all correct. The *Review* also says: "We understand from the Inspector that "in several instances, he found light and "unauthorized weights in use, to the serious "loss of purchasers and the fraudulent "advantage of the dealers." It is then argued with much force, that the remuneration to the Inspectors is not sufficient to warrant them in properly looking after the fraudulent vendors in a County. It is an important question, and demands the attention of the authorities.

News from Halifax.

The following special telegrams are from the Montreal *Gazette*:

HALIFAX, Feb. 24th,

The House met at three, and sat for some time with closed doors.

The Attorney General reported an address to the Queen, embodying the reject resolutions, and moved that an address to the Lieutenant-Governor be passed, asking him to submit the same to the Queen, which was passed.

Mr. Blanchard objected to the address being entered as passed unanimously. The speaker decided against him. Mr. Blanchard requested the Government to lay on the table Mr. Howe's credentials as a delegate to the Imperial Government. The Provincial Secretary replied evasively.

The Attorney General introduced a resolution to the effect that as soon as Nova Scotia was released from the operations of the British North American Act, she would be prepared to take a full share of the expenses of the construction of the Intercolonial Railroad.

Mr. Blanchard recommended delay, and that so important a measure calculated largely to affect the revenues of the Province for all time to come, be laid on the table as a notice merely.

The Legislature will adjourn to-morrow.

It is reported that Mr. Howe has not gone home as a delegate, but has accepted a lucrative situation on a London paper, and will not return to Nova Scotia.

The Dominion members residing here held a caucus, to consider whether they would go to Ottawa again. The *Express* learns that they will all proceed thither except Power, who is in poor health.

A number of small fires occurred during the past three days. Last night the Methodist Church in Grafton Street, a handsome Gothic structure, took fire just before service, and was totally consumed. Building and organ partially insured. The wind being fortunately north and the water supply ample, the barracks and other adjoining public buildings escaped.

Weather continues severe.

To the Editor of the Daily Intelligencer.

SIR,—Is there no By-Law to prevent cows running at large in Belleville? It is very annoying and unjust to farmers who are obliged to drive on the market to sell their hay and other produce, to have half a dozen or more cows hanging about their sleighs, waiting to devour the contents. It is a well-known fact that some parties in town keep their cows in winter by allowing them to steal what they can get from farmers' sleighs and hotel sheds. It seems to me, if there is any law to prevent this it should be enforced. If there is none, there should be.

Yours, &c.,
FARMER.

February 22nd, 1868.

Once a Week relates the following story: "A friend of mine was riding on the outside of a North Devon coach, from Barnstaple to Ilfracombe, when the driver said to him, 'I've had a coin guv' me to-day two hundred year old.' Did you ever see a coin two hundred year old?' 'Oh, yes, I have one myself two thousand years old.' 'Ah,' said the driver, 'have ye?' and spoke no more during the rest of the journey. When the coach arrived at its destination, the driver came up to my friend with an intensely self-satisfied air, and said, 'I told you as we drov' along I had a coin two hundred year old.' 'Yes.' 'And you said to me as you had one two thousand year old?' 'Yes, so I have.' 'Now, it's a lie.' 'What do you mean by that?' 'What do you mean? Why, it's only 1867 now.'"

Editorial Summary.

—The Empress Eugenie's moustache is said to rival her husband's.

—Gladstone receives $500 each for his articles in an English Magazine.

—Montgomery, Ala., enjoyed skating last week, for the first time in many years.

—A Paris Princess has just paid $20,000 for a single ball dress.

—The finest street in the city of Constantinople is only 20 feet wide.

—When the Pacific Railroad is completed, a traveller may go around the world in three months.

—The proposed Ontario *Official Gazette* will only involve a provisional charge of $4,000 a year.

—Price in Sitka have gone up from 300 to 500 per cent since the Yankees took possession.

—Planters in Greene County, Ala., offer to give the use of their land for the year to come to any one who will pay the taxes.

—A lad in a French prison has made a watch out of straw, which keeps perfect time. An offer for his pardon is to be made.

—The examination of Volunteer Officers by the Board of Officers for this district, takes place at Kingston on the 10th of March.

—On the 12th inst. a colored pair was married in St. Louis, the ceremony taking two hours and a half. But they could afford to spend the time, as each had a fortune of nearly half a million.

—A pamphlet is creating a sensation in Paris, which charges the Empress with having had a child before her marriage, which is said to be held in England by parties who are constantly blackmailing her.

—Mr. George Francis Train apologizes to the *N. Y. Revolution* for the brevity of his last letter, because he is "deep in correspondence with the authorities on the purchase of Ireland for $150,000,000 in gold."

—Hon. Mr. Dunkin, Quebec, has moved a series of resolutions, proposing an increase of 25 per cent. on the tavern licenses, auctioneers' licenses, pedlars' licenses, and billiard table licenses. The motion was carried.

—Sketch from fashionable life—Morning call, Saturday. First lady—Do you intend going to church to-morrow, dear? Second lady—Well, dear, that *entirely* depends upon my bonnet.

—A celebrated lawyer once said that the three most troublesome clients he ever had were a young lady who wanted to get married, a married woman who wanted a divorce, and an old maid who didn't know what she wanted.

—A French scientific paper says that the pulse of the first Napoleon, when he was calm, beat only forty times a minute, or almost half less than ordinary persons, and that this was the secret of his coolness in the weightiest moments of his stormy life.

—The Peterboro *Review* learns that the directors of the Galway Mining Company intend to commence operations on the first of March, so as to develope the favorable indications struck just before the stoppage of the work at Christmas. A "blow up" was then reached, which promised a large deposit of lead.

—The Hamilton *Spectator* says: "The statement in the Toronto correspondence of the Hamilton *Times* to the effect that negotiations have been going on between Mr. White and leading politicians in Toronto, for the publication of the *Spectator* in that city, is quite incorrect."

—The Volunteers at Guelph were inspected recently by Lieut.-Col. Barreto, who informed them that they would be called out for 21 days before the middle of June, and receive 40 cents per diem, added to the allowance for home drill, and a bounty to five years' volunteers.

—The printers of Toronto gave a grand supper on Thursday evening, in order to commemorate the twenty-fourth anniversary of their Union. Mr. Chas. Blackhall, President of the Society, occupied the chair, supported by the Mayor, and Mr. R. A Harrison, M. P., for Toronto West.

—The Halifax *Reporter* says that Mr. Morison, one of the members of the Nova Scotia Assembly, closed with the following eloquent peroration in a recent speech against Confederation: "Had I ten thousand voices, each as loud as a dozen cats in a garden—ay, louder still, with those ten thousand voices I would cry till my ten thousand throats were raw, Repeal, Repeal, Repeal."

—Mr. Evans, the President of the Licensed Victualler's Association, Toronto, has preferred a charge against Mr. McNabb, the Police Magistrate of that city, of having shared with G. A. Mason, the informer, the fines imposed by the Police Magistrate upon certain persons convicted before him in the Police Court. Mr. Boulton has moved in the City Council for the Recorder to investigate the charge and report the result of the enquiry, with all the evidence adduced.

—The St. John *Telegraph* understands that soon after the opening of Parliament in March, the Hon. Mr. Gray, a member of the Committee appointed to frame a Bankrupt Law for the Dominion, will move for the adoption of the old Canadian Act. The *Telegraph* further says, that this law was considered by the U. S. Congress so just in its provisions, that it was adopted by that body of legislators almost without alteration.

At Montgomery, Alabama, the other day a handsome mullato came up to the poles to vote. "My name is Henry Clay." "All right, Henry, you can vote, you're registered. But Henry, where were you born?" "In Kentucky sir, Henry Clay, of Ashland was my father." And so he cast his vote.

Some time ago an affectionate wife departed this life for the benefit of her husband, who remained in this "vale of tears," she ordered placed upon her tombstone the following verse:

"Weep not for me, my dearest dear,
I am not dead, but sleeping here.
Repent, my love, before you die,
For you must come and sleep with I."

In a year or so afterwards the affectionate husband, believing it not good for man to live alone, took unto himself another spouse, who reason & mischievous wag placed beneath the epitaph the following explanatory lines:

"I will not weep, my dearest life
For I have got another wife.
I cannot come and sleep with thee,
For I must go and sleep with she."

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, Feb. 25, midnight.—It is now thought Mr. Disraeli will resign his position as Chancellor of the Exchequer, and that Sir Stafford Northcotte will take his place. No one is yet named as the probable successor of the latter as Secretary of State for India.

Official despatches from Gen. Napier say the envoy sent by him to Prince Kassai was well received at Dubor, and found 2,000 warriors, with their chiefs, assembled at Adras, by whom he was heartily welcomed.

PARIS, Feb. 25, midnight.—Mr. Packer, an American, who took part in the alleged disturbance at the O'Don theatre, on the performance of Victor Hugo's drama "Ruy Blas," has been tried and sentenced to six day's imprisonment, and the payment of a slight fine.

BERLIN, Feb. 25, evening.—The new treaty which has been concluded between the United States and the North German confederation, provides that natives of Germany must obtain a license to emigrate, which shall be registered, and that those, who, after taking out their naturalization papers, have resided five years in a foreign country, should be released from the obligations of military service in Germany.

LONDON, February 26, 11:15 a. m.—Consols 93 to 93¼ for money and account; Bonds 71¾ to 71⅝; I C 88; Erie 44¼.

LIVERPOOL, February 26, 11:15 a. m.—Cotton quiet and steady; sales 1,000 bales, Breadstuffs unchanged. Sugar firmer. Petroleum firm.

LONDON, February 26, 1:20 p. m.—Consols 93¼ to 93¾; Erie 44½; others the same.

LIVERPOOL, February 25, 1:20 p. m.—Cotton dull and easier, declined ⅛d; Uplands 9¼d; Orleans 9⅜d; Lard active and excited, advanced 2s, sales at 60s; Bacon advanced to 41s 6d. Others the same.

American Despatches.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—The House Committee entered the Senate Chamber at 1:15 p. m. and formally impeached Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, for violation of the laws and malfeasance in office. The Senate nominated a committee of seven to make arrangements for the trial of the President. While impeachment appears inevitable, several Republican Senators are very desirous of testing the opinion of the Supreme Court on the constitutionality of the Tenure of Office Bill before any definite action should be taken. The President declares that he is willing to go before the country on his last message respecting the removal of Stanton.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—The *Herald's* Washington special says: A remarkable lull in the bellicose sentiment of the past few days is noticed throughout the city to-night. The struggle for the possession of the War Department promises to settle down into a result of a tamer character even than a law suit, and the whole matter is swallowed up in the more important matter of impeachment.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says: The feeling in favor of impeachment grows stronger. The question to be settled in regard to the last offence of the President is whether he is guilty of mistaken construction or intentional violation of the laws. The room for doubt on this hand seems to be small. Secretary Stanton today made a requisition on the Treasury, which, after some hesitation, was honored.

The *World's* Washington special says: Gen. Thomas will waive an examination before Judge Carter, allow himself to be committed, sue out a writ of *habeas corpus*, and thus bring the Tenure of Office Bill before Chief Justice Chase at once.

HAVANA, Feb. 25.—Advices from Mexico received here state that the Mexican government has recognized the English and Spanish debts, and that a sinking fund has been created for the redemption of the converted bonds. The revolutionists in Yucatan hold possession of the Town of Trimsl, which was besieged on the 12th instant. Gen. Alatone expected the place to capitulate on the 13th. A number of leading rebels who escaped from Sisal in the schooner, were driven ashore by two of Juarez's gunboats, who gave them battle. The parties escaped to the interior.

PHILADELPHIA, February 26.—Major-General Geo. A. McCall died yesterday at Westchester.

—A young man named Jesse Mills was literally cut to pieces by falling against a saw in a saw mill at Lisadell, on Thursday last.

James P. Thomas, a barber, and Miss Antoinette Rudger, both colored, were married in St. Vincent's Church, St. Louis, on Wednesday. The ceremony occupied two hours and a half, and was imposing. The bride has $400,000. The husband has nearly the same amount. He presented the bride a check for $10,000 as a wedding gift. the bridal veil cost $750, and the bride wore earrings costing $3000. The Rev. Mr. Thomas Burke performed the ceremony.

A STORY OF THE BATTLE OF THE NILE.—An incident of the battle of the Nile, never in print before, the writer heard told by one who witnessed it. During the action, a man mortally wounded was carried to the cockpit; the surgeon gave the order to pass him over the side as dead: his messmate picked him up, but the poor fellow revived on coming on deck, and said: "Och, Pat, don't throw me over yit." "Why not," said Pat; "didn't the doctor say you're dead?" and thinking for a minute, said: "Well, be——, I believe I'll wait." In a few minutes the order came, "receive boarders," and poor Pat fell mortally wounded, and dragging himself up to his dying messmate, put his arm round his neck, and said: "Well, Jack, my lad, we will go over the side together now," and shortly expired.

"Professor Palmer, the Flying Man," who has been exhibiting in London, walking on a glass ceiling with his head downwards, fell head foremost the other evening. The ceiling was eighty or ninety feet from the ground, but a netting was spread for him thirty feet below the ceiling. He struck upon the back of his neck just within the netting, and was scarcely injured, but his escape from a terrible death was very narrow. He did not finish the performance.

A city fop being in a country tavern, boasted of his cash, and agreed to drop money in a hat with any one present, the man who held out longest to have the whole and treat the company, which was rather large. A farmer accepting the challenge, the fop dropped a five dollar greenback in the hat and the farmer followed with a ten cent shinplaster. "Go on," said the fop. "I won't," said the farmer; "you take the whole and treat the company."

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, Feb 26

Commercial Bills..... 99
Greenbacks, buying at..... 70
" selling at..... 72
Bank of Upper Canada Bills..... 62
Silver, buying at..... 3¾
" selling at..... 3¼
Gold opened at 142; closed at 141½.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, Feb. 26, 1868.

FALL WHEAT—$1 65 to $1 75.
SPRING WHEAT—$1 60 to $1 70.
BARLEY—90c to $1 00.
RYE—firm at $1 00 to $1 05.
OATS—50c to 55c.
PEAS—demand only for local use at 93c to $1 00.
BUCKWHEAT—75c to 80c.
BEEF—Dull at $5 50 to $6 50.
PORK—$5 50 to $6 00. Heavy Pork $6 00.
MUTTON—4c to 8c per pound.
BUTTER—18c to 20c.
EGGS—18c to 20c.
HIDES—$6 50 to $7 00.
SHEEPSKINS—dull at 75c.
CALFSKIN—6c to8c ₱ lb.
TALLOW—Rough, &c; rendered, 8c.
WOOL—30c.
POTATOES—65c to 75c.
APPLES—80c to $1 00.
HAY—$10 to $14.
CHEESE—10c.
CORN—90c to $1.
FLOUR—No 1, $7 00 ₱ bbl.
FOWLS—$4 00 to $4 75.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, February 26.

Cotton dull at 25½c for middling uplands.
Flour heavy; receipts 8,047 bbls; sales 7,000 bbls at $8 60 to $9 40 for superior state and western; $9 10 to $10 60 for common to choice extra State; $9 50 to $11 50 for common to choice extra western; $9 85 to $13 90 for common to choice extra R H O.
Rye flour steady at $7 50 to $9 50.
Wheat quiet; receipts 1,059 bushels; sales 7,500 bushels at $2 51 for No. 1 choice spring.
Rye quiet and firm; sales at $1 35.
Corn opened dull; receipts 11,000 bushels; sales 38,000 bushels at $1 24 for new mixed western afloat; $1 27 to $1 28 for high mixed and yellow; $1 23 to $1 24 for white southern.
Barley scarce and firm.
Oats dull; sales 31,000 bushels at 83¼c for western in store.
Pork heavy; sales 2,300 barrels at $23 50 to $24 75 for old mess; $24 75 to $25 90 for new ditto.
Beef firm.
Cut meats firm.
Lard firm and quiet; sales 1,140 barrels, at 14¾c to 15¾c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.

Stocks heavy and lower after call.
Money 5 to 6 per cent.
Sterling Exchange 109¾ to 109¾.
Gold 141¾.

☞ Ticket Office for Great Western Railway, opposite the Market, Front-St. Tickets issued to Milwaukee, Chicago, New Orleans, Omaha City, Nebraska Territory, Fort Riley, Kansas, Cheyenne, Dacotah, Denvis Colorado, and all points West. Fare received either in Greenbacks or current funds.
217-1y R. P. DAVY, AGENT.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LEXINGTON, Missouri, May 29, 1868.

MESSRS. J. N. HARRIS & CO.:

DEAR SIRS—I have made Allen's Lung Balsam pretty well known in our city and country, and have sold about all the four dozen bottles sent me in March last; and I find that persons who try the Balsam once, come back again for more, as it gives them satisfaction; and I recommend it in preference to any other medicine for Coughs and Colds. Please send me six dozen bottles as soon as possible.

I am, yours, &c.,
THOMAS J. FLETCHER, Druggist.

P. S.—I sell more Allen's Lung Balsam, than all other cough remedies together, and it gives general satisfaction.

Sold by all Family Medicine dealers.
☞ Perry Davis & Son, Agents for the Dominion of Canada. 51-4w 237-4w

R. R. R. Radway's Regulating Pills

Are composed of vegetable extracts (prepared in vacuo), free from all inert, crude, or irritating substances. The first dose commences its work of purifying the blood, regulating the liver, cleansing the stomach and intestines, and purging from the system all scrimonious and corrupt humors. One Pill, taken two hours before dinner, will create a good appetite and insure a healthy digestion.

BILE.

Bile on the stomach will be eliminated by one dose of the Pills—say from four to six in number. When the liver is in a torpid state, nothing can be better than Radway's Regulating Pills. They purge easily, are mild in operation, and when taken are perfectly tasteless, being elegantly coated with gum. They are recommended for the cure of all disorders of the stomach, liver, kidneys, nervous diseases, indigestion, dyspepsia, biliousness, bilious fever, inflammation of the bowels, piles, and symptoms resulting from disorders of the digestive organs.

THE AGED

Suffer from costiveness and paralysis of the bowels, and they have to use injections to keep the bowels open. Take 2 or 3 of Radway's pills every night; in a few weeks the bowels, liver, kidneys, &c., will be restored to sound health and strength—a regular discharge from the bowels will be secured daily.

See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1868.—R. R. R. sold by all druggists. 1-2t 246-2w

WANTED.

A LAD to take charge of a horse and do work about the house. Apply to
JAMES CORBY.
Belleville, Feb. 24, 1868. 252d 3t

WANTED,

A MODERATE-SIZED HOUSE, centrally situated in Belleville, with hard and soft water on the premises.
Apply by letter to A. B., *Intelligencer* Office.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.

MONTREAL, Feb. 26, 1867.
1 P. M.

FLOUR.—Superior Extra	$8 00	@	8 25
Extra	7 60	@	7 70
Fancy	7 60	@	7 70
Welland Canal Superfine	7 45	@	7 60
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat	7 45	@	7 60
" " 1 Western Wheat	7 45	@	7 60
" " 2 "	7 15	@	7 25
Bag Flour	3 65	@	3 75
WHEAT.—Canada Fall	0 00	@	0 00
Spring	1 70	@	1 80
Western	0 00	@	0 00
OATS.—Per 32 lbs	0 46	@	0 47
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	0 95	@	1 00
BUTTER—Dairy	0 15	@	0 20
" Store Packed	0 15	@	0 20
ASHES—Pots	5 35	@	5 40
Pearls	5 80	@	5 85
PORK—Mess	19 25	@	19 50
Prime Mess	14 00	@	14 50
Prime	13 50	@	14 00
DRESSED HOGS	5 75	@	6 40
PEAS	0 89	@	0 90
RYE FLOUR	5 95	@	6 00

Flour—small arrivals; market stagnant; rates nominally unchanged. Grain nominal; no sales. Provisions—Pork slightly firmer; Hogs unchanged; Butter in good demand at former rates; Lard improving. Ashes unchanged.

Foot and Snow Shoe Races.

A MEETING will be held on FRIDAY Evening, 28th February, at half-past seven o'clock, at Hambly's, to make arrangements for Foot and Snow Shoe Races, to take place on such day as may be agreed on.

C. HENRY,
Sec. pro tem.
Belleville, Feb. 26, 1868. 254 2t

To Whom it may Concern.

TAKE NOTICE, that the Council of the Corporation of the County of Hastings will meet at the Shire Hall, Belleville, on MONDAY, the NINTH DAY OF MARCH NEXT, A. D. 1868, for the despatch of general business.

By order,
THOS. WILLS,
C. C. C. H.
Belleville, Feb. 26, 1868. 2-2t 254-3t

Situation Wanted,

BY a man who is willing to do any kind of work. Apply at this office.
Belleville, Feb. 26, 1868. 254-3t

Upper Canada Bible Society,

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Belleville Branch of this Society will be held in the

Episcopal Methodist Church,

ON

Thursday Even'g, 27th February,

Chair to be taken by the President, F. McANNANY, Esq., at 7 o'clock.

The Committee will meet at the Church at 6:30 o'clock.

Addresses will be delivered in support of the Bible cause by S. B. JOHNSON, Esq., Agent of the Society, and by resident Ministers and Clergy of the town.

JOHN J. B. FLINT,
Secretary.
Belleville, Feb 20, 1868. 1-1t, D-2t

ONTARIO HALL.

Immense Attraction!

FOR THE BENEFIT OF

W. J. SPECK,

AND POSITIVELY THE LAST NIGHT.

JOHN TOWNSEND in two of his most popular characters, "Carwin" and "Rolla."

MISS FLORENCE TOWNSEND in her great characters of "The Orphan of Geneva," and "Cora."

On Thursday Evening, Feb. 27th,

Will be presented the highly interesting Melo-Drama (in three acts,) entitled

THE ORPHAN OF GENEVA,

OR THE TRIUMPH OF INNOCENCE.

Carwin.....John Townsend.
The Orphan.....Miss Florence Townsend.
Countess de Morville....Miss C. Townsend.

Supported by the whole company.

To conclude with Sheridan's great play (in four acts,) of

PIZARRO,

OR THE INVASION OF PERU.

Rolla.....John Townsend.
Cora.....Miss Florence Townsend.
Elvina.....Miss Constance Townsend.

Supported by the whole company.

Doors open at 7:15; to commence at 8. Admission 25 cents; reserved seats 50 cents.
Belleville, Feb. 25th, 1868. 235

BOOKBINDING.

THE Subscriber having re-fitted his BINDERY with the most approved machinery, material, &c., begs to inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to execute orders for every description of

Bookbinding,
Ruling, and
Blank-work,

In the best manner and at the lowest rates.

ACCOUNT BOOKS

manufactured to any pattern with despatch.

Music, Periodicals, Law-Books, &c., neatly, cheaply, and satisfactorily bound.

☞ Special terms for Libraries, and ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

E. HARRISON.
Belleville, Feb. 21st, 1868. 250tf

John D. Evans,

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Civil Engineer and Draughtsman.
OFFICE—Over Overell's Book Store, Belleville. 34w-246d-6m

Fornerl & Kennedy,

CIVIL and MINING ENGINEERS, Provincial Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Madoc. Lands carefully examined and reported on. Money to loan.

☞ All orders by mail will receive immediate attention.

C. C. FORNERI, C.E. & P.L.S.
L. KENNEDY, C.E. & P.L.S.
246d

GRAND DISCOUNT SALES

OF

DRY GOODS,

AT

P. D. CONGER'S.

COSGRAVE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

East India Pale Ale.

JUST RECEIVED,

50 Hhds,

150 Barrels and half Barrels.

FOR SALE ONLY BY
WESLEY BULLEN.
Belleville, Nov. 26, 1867. 177 tf

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THIS BANK is prepared to issue drafts, receive deposits, and grant interest receipts at the office of the Commercial Bank in Belleville.

Mr. THOMSON will be happy to see his old friends.
Belleville, Jany. 23, 1868. 225 tf

DIARIES, DIARIES, FOR 1868,

AT

J. C. OVERELL'S,

TURNBULL'S BLOCK,
180 FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

The X-Mas No. of the ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS,

IS NOW READY.

ALSO,

BOUND NUMBERS OF

British Workman,
Band of Hope Review,
Children's Friend,
Infant's Magazine,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
LEISURE HOUR. SUNDAY AT HOME, &c., &c.,

AT

J. C. OVERELL'S,

OPPOSITE THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
FRONT STREET,
BELLEVILLE.
January 4, 1868. 209

A SPLENDID

ASSORTMENT OF

FLANNELS,

GENT'S

FURNISHING GOODS,

&c., &c.,

JUST RECEIVED,

AT

J. MUIR & CO.'S.

Horses, Carriages, &c., FOR SALE.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS

TAKEN AT PAR.

Apply to
H. PRETTY,
Opposite the Market.
Belleville, Oct. 29, 1867. 147-tf

Limes and Glycerine,

The best Hair Dresser before the public.

Limes and Glycerine,

The best preparation known for Dandruff.

Limes and Glycerine,

Allays all irritation of the Scalp.

Limes and Glycerine,

All who have used it pronounce it superior to any preparation for the Hair.

Limes and Glycerine,

Is to be found on almost every toilet table.

Limes and Glycerine,

Far superior to pure Glycerine for chapped hands, &c.

Prepared only at
APOTHECARIES HALL,
1d1y Front St., Belleville.

GEORGE ROCHE,

HATTER & FURRIER,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now prepared to take orders for

ALL KINDS of FURS.

Having procured the services of a first-class Cutter from Paris, particular attention paid to repairing.

☞ All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.

Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs.
October 14 1D-6m

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 22nd Feb'y, 1868.

AUTHORIZED discount on AMERICAN Invoices until further notice: 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
248 Commissioner of Customs.

BOARDING.

MRS. McKENZIE can accommodate a few permanent boarders; also, some daily boarders.

RESIDENCE—Pinnacle Street, opposite the market.
Belleville, Nov. 18, 1867. 170-tf

GRAHAM FLOUR,

OATMEAL, SPLIT PEAS,
BEANS, &c.

—ALSO,—

WHITEFISH AND HERRINGS

IN BARRELS & HALF BARRELS,

At the "Corner Store,"
Front and Bridge Streets.

A. FLETCHER & Co.
January 15, 1868. 7-1y, w48-2t

HOOP SKIRTS,

LATEST STYLES.

G. C. Holton & Co.

J. & W. Sutherland

WOULD respectfully solicit an inspection of their new stock of

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS,

Which will be found complete in the following specialities:

FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FRENCH MERINOS—2s. 6d. and upwards
FRENCH LAMAS & THIBETS.
FRENCH DELAINES.
SCOTCH TWEEDS.
" ALL WOOL HOSIERY.
CANADIAN "
" FLANNELS.
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.
DUNDAS COTTONS AND BAGS.
AMERICAN YARN.

J. & W. SUTHERLAND.
Belleville, October, 1867. 1D6m

HUFFMAN HOUSE,

MADOC, ONTARIO.

HUFFMAN & SON, Proprietors,

(LATE OF PETERBOROUGH.)

☞ Every attention paid to travellers. House and furniture entirely new. 143-tf 30tf

Partner Wanted.

WANTED, as equal partner in a light and profitable manufacturing business, a good responsible man, with some capital to invest.

For particulars enquire at 224, or at the office of S. B. Burdett, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Front St., Belleville.
Belleville, Jan. 27, 1868. 228-tf

NEW BOOKS

AT

F. VAN NORMAN'S.

Queen Victoria's Journal, "Our Life in the Highlands."
Wood's Natural History—2,500 illustrations, 3 vols., Royal 8vo..... $14 00
Chambers' Cyclopedia, now complete, 10 vols..... per vol., 2 50
Chambers' Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols..... 3 50
Family Cyclopedia..... 75
Our Constitution..... 1 00
Romance of Charity..... 1 00
The Land and the Book..... 2 00
Pre-historic Scotland..... 5 00
Knight's Half-hours with Authors, 2 vols..... 3 50
Knight's Half-hours with English History..... 1 25
North-west Passage by Land, by Viscount Milton and Cheadle.
Barnes' Notes, complete.
D'Israeli's Curiosities of Literature, cloth and morocco.
Kitto's Bible History of the Holy Land.
Weeles' Scientific Works.

ALL THE POETS, &c., &c.,

NEW SCHOOL BOOKS.

The CHEAPEST STATIONERY

In Belleville.

WALL PAPERS

From 5 cts. to $1 20 per Roll.

BIBLES,
HYMN BOOKS,
PRAYER BOOKS,
PSALM BOOKS,
CATECHISMS, &c. &c.

Sunday School Libraries

In great variety, and very low prices.

A GOOD STOCK OF

Sheet Music, Music Books, Violins,

&c., &c., constantly on hand.

☞ Orders by mail promptly executed.

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,
BELLEVILLE.
Belleville, Feb. 8, 1868. 239-tf

F. HACKETT

HAS RECEIVED A

CHOICE ASSORTMENT

OF

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS

Belleville, Oct. 1, 1867. 1D-6m



HURRAH FOR

THE DOMINION.

R. H. JONES

BEGS leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened a new WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Grocery and Liquor Store

in the premises lately occupied by Messrs O'Brien & Hencby, where he will keep on hand a select and varied assortment of

General Groceries,

AND LIQUORS,

For family use and medicinal purposes.

TEAS.

YOUNG AND OLD HYSONS,
GUNPOWDER, TWANKAY,
IMPERIAL, JAPAN,
SOUCHONG,
CONGOU, &c., &c.

COFFEES.

THE BEST IN TOWN, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.

He would especially call the attention of families to his stock of

WINES, SPIRITS & LIQUORS.

Brandies, Ports, Sherries.

Irish, Scotch & Morton's Whiskeys.

Old Tom & Holland Gins,

IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.

Together with a large assortment of

CHAMPAGNE,

of the most popular brands.

LIQUEURS & CORDIALS, &c.

In addition to these there will be found a splendid stock of

LAMP GOODS & TRIMMINGS.

☞ Goods sent promptly to customers in any part of the town.
Belleville, Dec. 9, 1867. 183 43-tf

BLANKS of every description for sale at *The Intelligencer* office.

Health of Cows.

Good health in domestic animals is always a matter of primary importance.

As bad health in parents transmits a tendency to disease in the offspring, it is important that every kind of animal we desire to continue on our farms should be kept vigorous and healthy.

As domestic animals are a source of human food, it is of great importance to preserve them in a healthy condition. Diseased meat carries its qualities into the stomach of the consumer. It is a serious objection which vegetarians urge against the use of animal food, that the artificial circumstances in which animals live, and the bad treatment they receive, render them unhealthy. As an unhealthy animal does not consume food to as good advantage as a well one, it is economical to avoid disease.

As comparative misery and discomfort accompany disease, it is human as well as economical to see that the animals under our care enjoy, as far as possible, their creature comforts.

Each of these circumstances is a sufficient reason for guarding with scrupulous care the health of the animals we feed; but when we derive milk from animals it is doubly important that they are kept free from every objectionable taint. A sickly cow not only yields a sickly milk, and sickly in a higher degree than her flesh.

If a cow eats anything that has a strong or disagreeable odor, it appears in the milk.

If a cow eats anything medicinal, it comes out in her milk.

If she is feverish, her milk shows it.

If she has sores about her, pus may be found in her milk.

If she is fed on decayed or diseased food, her milk, since it is derived from her food, will be imperfect. It is impossible to make good milk from bad food, as to make a good building from rotten timber.—*Little Falls Farmer.*

Some months ago the death of Mr. Crawshay, the wealthiest iron manufacturer in England, was announced. It was then understood that he left an estate of £4,000,000. It now turns out to be nearer £7,000,000, or $35,000,000. His youngest son took £2,000,000 under the will, but was also left residuary legatee, probably under the supposition that, after paying the other legacies, no very large sum would be left. Curiously enough, however, on the final settlement it was found that he actually came in possession of £1,000,000 more, and he is, therefore, without doubt, the richest "younger son" in England, perhaps in the world, for he begins life with an actual capital of $15,000,000.

26,800 bales of wool were shipped from Sydney, Australia, during the month of December, and 25,000 bales were awaiting shipment. Freights are very high, averaging 1d. per lb.

American Watches.

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its use Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is, indeed, little else than a machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course, there must be no defect in the principle of plan or the movement, no mistake in the sizes or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the reduplication of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough subdivision.

By means of multiplying guages and microscopes, tests and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools, and for faults and flaws in steel or stone, are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a finished machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home.—Instead of sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the lightest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear ringing sound always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a time keeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The Company claim that by it they produce Watches that cannot be equalled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan, and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of Watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes to suit all tastes and means; but every Watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM" is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

☞ EVERY WATCH FULLY WARRANTED.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
No. 182, Broadway, N.Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
TORONTO and MONTREAL,
General Agents.

Toronto, Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-3m

HURRAH FOR
BARNUM'S
LINE OF STAGES
For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half-past 8 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12, noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 2 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

S. BARNUM,
Proprietor.

C. HORTON, Agent, Belleville.
S. GUSTIN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1867. D68

REMOVAL.

N. MANN begs to notify the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to the Dafoe House Building, where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many more, who will favor him with their patronage.

Belleville, Dec. 27, 1867.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Messrs. WALLACE & FORDYCE as Photographers, in the Town of Belleville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

(Signed.) D. J. WALLACE.
ED. FORDYCE.

Belleville, December 4th, 1867.

THE undersigned having purchased Mr. Fordyce's interest in the Gallery, will hereafter conduct the business on his own account. His long experience and thorough knowledge of the business will enable him to satisfy all who give him a call.

ROOMS:—Over Graham and Grainger's Store.

ENTRANCE:—Two doors South of Holden's Drug Store.

D. J. WALLACE.

Belleville, Dec. 4th, 1867. 185-ThST

Store-keepers!
Farmers!
And Others!

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM THE IMPORTERS DIRECT.

The Montreal Tea Company,
6 Hospital Street, Montreal,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to different parts of the country—and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSELL HOTEL, QUEBEC, January 7, 1868.
Montreal Tea Company:
GENTLEMEN,—The six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,
WILLIS RUSSELL.

HOUSE OF SENATE, Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1867.
Montreal Tea Company:
GENTLEMEN,—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,
S. SKINNER.

QUEBEC, December 18, 1867.
Montreal Tea Company:
GENTLEMEN,—The box of 30 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 55 cents was of excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for.
Yours respectfully, D. ANDERSON.

TORONTO, December 18, 1867.
Montreal Tea Company:
GENTLEMEN,—The two chests of Tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton, one chest Fine Flavoured New Seasons Congou, at same price, viz.: at 65 cents per lb. Yours, &c.,
JAMES EDGAR.

FELCOMB, December 23, 1867.
Montreal Tea Company:
GENTLEMEN,—The Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using, for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz.: at 75 cents per lb. Address as before.
Your obedient servant, JOHN T. DAY.

COBOURG, January 8, 1868.
Montreal Tea Company:
GENTLEMEN,—I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box of 20 lbs. at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,
F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the "Medical Journal" have frequently declared that one half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15, and 12 lbs. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do. 55c., 60c., and 65c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c.: Sound Oolong, 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60c.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan, Good, 50c., 55c.; Very Fine, 60c.; Finest, 65c., 75c.; Scented Orange Pekoe, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankey Common, 38c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c., 60c., 65c., and 70c.; Fine do., 75c.; Very Fine, 85c.; Superfine and very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c.; Extra Superfine do., $1.

All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality, and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c. to 70c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by expressman, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.
6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of five chests and upwards.

All Boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL!

THE "DAILY NEWS,"
$6 00 per Annum, in advance.

JOHN LOVELL,
63 Printer and Publisher.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
MOIRA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Capital Stock, $100,000. Divided into 10,000 Shares.

WORKING CAPITAL, $15,000.

HORACE YEOMANS, Esq., PRESIDENT. ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., TREASURER.
B. S. GILBERT, Esq., SECRETARY. J. G. SHURTZ, Esq., SUPERINTENDENT.
MERCHANTS' BANK, BANKERS. DEAN & GILBERT, SOLICITORS.

DIRECTORS:

HORACE YEOMANS, of Flint & Yeomans, Belleville.
ANDREW THOMSON, Banker, Belleville.
W. W. DEAN, Master in Chancery, Belleville.
JOHN G. SHURTZ, Superintendent.
JAMES LISTER, M.D., Belleville.
JAMES W. CARMAN, American, Consul, Belleville.
BARTON S. GILBERT, of Dean & Gilbert, Barristers, Belleville.

THIS COMPANY is duly Incorporated under Cap. 23, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the purpose of working the mineral veins upon *sixteen* acres of Lot No. 19, in the fifth concession of Madoc, (the Richardson Mine being No. 18 in the same concession.)

A shaft has been sunk to the depth of nine feet in the rock. At six feet a gold-bearing lode was struck, of two inches in width, which at nine feet has increased to 2½ feet, and a crushing at Gilbert & Turley's mill of four and one-half tons of the rock, gave a yield of over fifty-six dollars in gold; the lode is clearly defined, and evidently extends the whole length of the property—53 rods.

The territory is admirably situated for mining purposes, being a high ridge covered with indications of mineral veins. There are numerous places on the land fully as promising as the one on which the shaft has been sunk, and which would unquestionably yield as well. The large quantity of land, and the prospects of other gold-bearing veins, make it certain that the Company will be able to subdivide the property as soon as a little further development has been made, and form other Companies at great advantage.

Work is being vigorously prosecuted in the shaft, under the superintendence of JOHN G. SHURTZ, Esq., one of the Directors, who is largely interested in the proprietary of the mine, and who has had thirteen years' practical experience in the gold mines of California and Nevada, and is unquestionably the most accomplished quartz miner now in this country.

It is intended to have a further crushing in a few days, and negotiations are in progress which, if carried out, will secure a mill to the Company at once, so that regular work will be gone on with without delay, and dividends may, in that case, be expected in a short time.

Belleville, Jan. 27th, 1868. 228d-tf

India and China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70cts. or $1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb. Finest procurable, $1.00.

Protected by Trade Mark.

☞ Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.

August 16th, 1867. D90-1y, w27-1y

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO. OF CANADA.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
INCORPORATED 1849.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - - TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., President, LEWIS MOFFATT, Esq., Vice-President.

HON. MALCOLM CAMERON,	A. T. FULTON, Esq.,	W. J. McDONELL, Esq.
C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq.,	H. S. HOWLAND, Esq.,	J. McGILLES, Esq.,
GEORGE CHAFFEY, Esq.,	A. R. McMASTER, Esq.,	A. M. SMITH, Esq.

SOLICITORS:—MESSRS. DUGGAN & BURNS.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on every description of property.

MARINE INSURANCES—Inland and to the Lower Ports, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the West Indies, and by steam vessels to Europe.

Rates as moderate as any other respectable Insurance Company.

F. McANNANY, Esq., Agent, Belleville. JAS. SIDNEY CROCKER, Manager.

November 13, 1867. 39w6m-165d6m

BELLEVILLE
AGRICULTURAL WORKS
AND
IRON FOUNDRY
WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Threshing Machines,
STRAW CUTTERS,
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,
Iron and Steel Ploughs,
Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-tf

MORTGAGE SALE.

UNDER power of sale contained in a mortgage made the 28th day of October, 1863, between William Donovan, of Belleville, Grocer, and the Hon. John Ross, there will be sold for default of payment of mortgage money, on

Thursday, the 5th day of March,

1868, at TWELVE o'clock, NOON, by M. NULTY, at his auction rooms in the Town of Belleville, the following valuable property, viz.: Lot number eighteen, on the East side of Sidney Street, as laid down on a plan of survey of Lots numbers one and two, in the second Concession of the Township of Thurlow, in the County of Hastings, made by Henry A. F. McLeod, Esq., P. L. S., and registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings, on the 28th day of October, A. D. 1863.

The said lot number eighteen, contains ten acres of land more or less. It is fenced and otherwise improved.

For terms of sale and other particulars, enquire of JAMES ROSS, Esq., or of the undersigned.

ROSS, BELL & HOLDEN,
Attorneys for Hon. John Ross.

Belleville, 5th Feb., 1868. 287-4tTh

ORANGE CERTIFICATES

FOR SALE at the INTELLIGENCER Office Intelligencer Buildings, Front Street Belleville.

BRITISH PERIODICALS,

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review (Whig).
The Westminster Review (Liberal).
The North British Review (Free Church.)
AND
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory.)

THESE periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stands unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews.	$4.00	per annum.
For any two of the Reviews,	7.00	"
For any three of the Reviews,	10.00	"
For all four of the Reviews,	12.00	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	4.00	"
For Blackwood and one Review,	7.00	"
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews,	10.00	"
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews,	13.00	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	15.00	"

CLUBS.

A discount of *twenty per cent.* will be allowed to Clubs of four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent *to one address* for $12.80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $48.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is *Two Cents* a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums for New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, gratis, any *one* of the *Four Reviews* for 1867. New Subscribers to all five of the periodicals for 1868 may receive, gratis, Blackwood or any *two* of the "*Four Reviews*" for 1867.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1.50 a year for each or any Review; also, Blackwood for 1866 and 1867, for $2.50 a year, or the two years together for $4.00.

☞ Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to Clubs, nor reduced prices for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted *direct to the Publishers.*

No premiums can be given to Clubs.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING Co.,
140 Fulton St., N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the
FARMER'S GUIDE,
by HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1600 pages, and numerous Engravings.
Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid, $8

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the *AMERICAN (WALTHAM) WATCH* have given it such a wide world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and printed its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found, who furtively trade upon the popularity of the American Watch, by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article. It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American Watches—except the lowest grade, marked Home Watch Co.—*are guaranteed by special certificate*, bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. ROBBINS.

The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine Watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH Co.
APPLETON, TRACY & Co.
WALTHAM WATCH Co.
P. S. BARTLETT.
WM. ELLERY.
HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY
Office of the General Superintendent, Altona Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

GENTLEMEN—The watches manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years by our enginemen, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying your watches give us less trouble and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't, Western Division, Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that Waltham watches are the most satisfactory of any for their uses. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have never known one to wear out, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto & Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS.

Nov. 2, 1867. 168-8m 40-3m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every afternoon (Sundays excepted) and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of $5 a year if paid in advance, $6 otherwise. Mail subscribers $5 a year. $2 50 for 6 months; $1 50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgewater, Marmora and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the **Gold Regions,** and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., &c., and in short, neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months	$ 5 00
Half Square, 6 months,	$10 00
One Square, 6 months,	$20 00
Two Squares, 6 months,	$30 00
Four Squares, 6 months,	$50 00
Notices of Births,	50
Do of Marriages,	50
Do of Deaths,	50

"BUSINESS NOTICES"—All matter under this heading, leaded or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of solid minion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements every two weeks.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion, and 2 cents for each additional insertion.

The Weekly Intelligencer

Is published every Friday Morning at $2 per annum if called for at the Office, or sent by mail; and $2½ if delivered by the Carrier, payable in all cases in advance. When not paid until the close of the year, 50 cents will be added to each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, and the number now on our Subscription Books is over 1,400. With such a large and general circulation throughout this and adjoining Counties, the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed advantages to advertisers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Six lines and under, first insertion,	0 50
Each subsequent insertion,	0 12½
Above six, lines (per line) first insertion	0 07
Each subsequent insertion per line,	0 02

☞ "BUSINESS NOTICES"—10 cents per line each insertion, measured as solid minion.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to insure their appearance.

All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

The Intelligencer Job Office

Is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the country.

The DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER can be had at the Book Stores in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at El Dorado.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

M. BOWELL,
Publisher

INTELLIGENCER BUILDING, Front Street, Belleville.

Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 1. BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, THURSDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 27, 1868. No. 255.

Montreal Business Directory.

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal.

DEPARTMENTS.

Braces	Knitted Woolens.
Braids,	Laces,
Brushes and Combs,	Ladies Collars and Sets.
Buttons,	Mens' Goods,
Corsets,	Small Wares in great
Elastics,	variety,
Fell Hats,	Threads,
Gents' Collars and Ties	Trimmings & Ornaments
Hosiery and Gloves,	Umbrellas,
Velvet Ribbons, &c.	

HOOP SKIRTS.—our own Manufacture. 156-6m

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware Manufacturers,
MONTREAL.
KILN PLATES
AND
CASTINGS for BREWERIES.
Any parties about putting up new kilns for
MALT OR OATMEAL
will do well to correspond with the above.
156-6m.

BURROWS & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobaccos, &c., &c.
416 St. Paul St., Montreal.
☞ Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 156-6m

PEAVEY & MARCH,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions,
And everything usually sold in a first class Grocery.
No. 344 Notre Dame Street, a few doors West St. François Xavier Street, Montreal.
☞ Every article warranted to be as represented or may be returned. Goods sent to any part of the City Free of Charge. 156-6m

HUNTER, DUFFY & JOHNSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
29 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 156-6m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, PROPRIETOR.
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-6m

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, Collins Wharf, Halifax.
PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.
ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 38D-6m-W6m

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
379 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.
MAPS, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, Bills, of Lading, Blank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards, in any number of colors, Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 271D6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c., &c., &c.,
25 Hospital St., - - - MONTREAL.
OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and
ON AS GOOD TERMS
as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.
J. C. FRANCK & Co.
July 27, 1867. 74d.

QUEEN
INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL, - - - - $10,000,000
FIRE and LIFE.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.
THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers.—One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to **Ten per Cent.** of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.
The next division of profits takes place in 1868, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.
M. BOWELL,
DR. GANNIFF, *Intelligencer Office.*
Medical Referee *Agent.*
May, 1867. 4D-6m.o.

Montreal Business Directory.

Frothingham & Workman,
MONTREAL,
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.
Warehouse and Offices 395 to 399, St. Paul St.
Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c.
May 1st. 1d-6m

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M. D.,
Consulting and Analytical Chemist,
620 Jaquechetiere Street, Montreal.
☞ At home for consultation before 10 A. M., between 2 and 3, and after 6 P. M.
FEES FOR ANALYSIS,—$5 a metal, payable in advance.
156-6m

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
309 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL.
☞ Every description of Jewelry manufactured from Gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 282-6m

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant.
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Agent for Walter Evans & Co. Sewing and Knitting Cottons; Derby; and J. M. Perry & Co.'s Gray's Patent Linen Fibre Collars, Nottingham, England. 1D-6m

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER.
OFFICE: Corner of St. Sacrement and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.
REFERENCES—Robertson & Beattie, Robert Esdaile, Esq., 3rd Terrace, Ker. 311-6m

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT
And Commission Merchants,
49 St. Peter street, opposite St. Sacrament Street,
MONTREAL. 1D-6m

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant,
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods. 1D-6m

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 329 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 282-6m

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.
THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.
E. MUIR,
28d-3m Chemist and Druggist, Place D'Armes, Montreal.

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McCUAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
OFFICE—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Canal Street, St Common Street, Canal Wharf.
MONTREAL.
☞ Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and of or Produce, and purchase of Merchandise. 383-6m

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
109 GREY NUNS STREET, MONTREAL,
HAVE FOR SALE—

Boiler Tubes,	Drain Pipes,
Gas Tubes,	Roman Cement,
Horse Nails,	Water Lime,
Paints and Putty,	Portland Cement,
Fire Bricks,	Paving Tiles,
Fire Clay,	Garden Vases,
Fire Covers.	Chimney Tops, &c.

☞ Manufacturers of AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR, and BED SPRINGS. 24D6m

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.
LIBERAL advances made on consignments to our friends in Great Britain and the Lower Port
May 31st, 1867. 27D6m

A. ROBERTSON & Co.,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Mantles, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosier, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Clothes, Canadian Woollens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons, Prints, Ticks, Dress Goods, Muslins.
475 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St.,
MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro', C. W. 1D-6m

Important to Miners and
MINING MEN.
JOHNS' Patent Water-Proof Safety Fuse for WET GROUND and SUBMARINE BLASTING, is much cheaper than any other, and pronounced by Mining men much better than any imported.
Testimonials received from men well known in the mining and quarrying business of Canada and the United States; from Messrs. Morrill & Colby, Bennets, Wiswell Macfarland, Adams, Watson, Griffith, Wearn, and others.
☞ All orders promptly attended to.
Address JOHNS & Co.,
150-3m. Sherbrooke, Q.

TERRAPIN RESTAURANT
CHARLES PAPINEAU,
BEGS to inform the public that he has opened the TERRAPIN RESTAURANT, in Coleman's Building, next door to Dr. Coleman's Drug Store, and he has fitted it up in first class style, with every convenience. He will keep constantly on hand the best Ale and Porter, and the purest brands of Liquors.
☞ Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c., always on hand.
Belleville, Oct. 16, 1867. 242-tf

CONGER BROS.
FEELING thankful for the very liberal patronage given them for the past year, beg to remind their customers and the public that having thoroughly
REFITTED THEIR STORE!
are now opening a well assorted stock of FRESH TEAS, SUGARS, SPICES, CURRANTS, RAISINS, FIGS, &c.
Special attention is called to their fine assortment of
Jams, Jellies, Canned and Bottled FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.
R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER
Nov. 13th, 1867. 1d1y

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the
Canadian & United States Mails.
1867—SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.—1867.
Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.
Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.
This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undernoted First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double-Engine Iron Steamships:—

AUSTRIAN,	2700 Tons,	Capt. ATON.
NESTORIAN,	2700 "	Lt. DUTTON, R.N.R.
HIBERNIAN	2650 "	Capt. WYLIE.
PERUVIAN	2600 "	Capt. BALLANTINE.
HIBERNIAN	2434 "	Capt. BROWN.
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	2200 "	Capt. ALLAN.
NORTH-AMERICAN,	1734 "	Capt. KERR.
BELGIAN,	2434 "	Capt. GRANGE.
DAMASCUS,	1600 "	Capt. WATTS.

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL EVERY THURSDAY, and from PORTLAND every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)
The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from PORTLAND as undernoted, viz:—

NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Saturday, 22nd Feb.
PERUVIAN,	Saturday, 29th "
NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 7th March.
BELGIAN,	Saturday, 14th "
AUSTRIAN,	Saturday, 21st "
HIBERNIAN	Saturday, 28th "

Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway:—
CABIN, - - - $80 00 to $90 00
(according to accommodation.)
STEERAGE, - - - $32 00
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
For particulars, apply to
J. W. THOMPSON, Agent,
Canadian Express Office,
27D6m-166W1y BELLEVILLE.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
For 1868.
THE CHEAPEST OF LADIES' MAGAZINES,
BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST.
THE friend of woman, the arbiter of fashion, the encourager and publisher of the best literature of the day, the pattern from which all others copy.
READING MATTER.
In this there will be an improvement. The volume for 1868 will be set up with new-faced type, and of a size that will enable us to give an additional quantity of reading matter amounting to about twelve pages in each number.
BEAUTIFUL STEEL PLATES.
Of these the LADY'S BOOK contains *fourteen* each year, superior (we challenge comparison) to any published in this country either in book or periodical.
THE LITERATURE OF THE LADY'S BOOK.
MARION HARLAND,
Authoress of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Mess Side," "Nemesis," and "Marioun,"
who contributes to no other monthly publication, will furnish a new novel for 1868, called "PEMBR ROWLAND," that will run through the year. Her stories are anxiously sought after, and as they are copyrighted, can be found nowhere but in GODEY. Our former efficient corps of writers has also been retained.
OUR FASHION PLATES.
The original double fashion-plates will be continued MODEL COTTAGES.—The only magazine in this country that gives these designs is the LADY'S BOOK.
DRAWING LESSONS.—In this we are also alone.
ORIGINAL MUSIC.—GODEY'S is the only magazine in which music is prepared expressly for it appears.
We have also a CHILDREN'S, a HORTICULTURAL, and a HEALTH department.
GODEY'S INVALUABLE RECEIPTS
upon every subject, for the Boudoir, Nursery, Kitchen, House, and Laundry.
TINTED ENGRAVINGS.—This is a series of engravings that no one has attempted but ourselves.
LADIES' FANCY WORK DEPARTMENT.—Some of the designs in this department are printed in colors in a style unequalled.

Terms for 1868.

One copy, one year,	$3 00
Two copies, one year,	5 50
Three copies, one year,	7 50
Four copies, one year,	10 00
Five copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making six copies	14 00
Eight copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making nine copies,	21 00
Eleven copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making twelve copies	27 50

Godey's Lady's Book and Arthur's Home Magazine will be sent one year on receipt of $4 00.
Godey's Lady's and The Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $3 50.
Godey's Lady's Book, Arthur's Home Magazine, and Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $5 00.
☞ Canada subscribers must send 24 cents additional for every subscription to the Lady's Book and 12 cents for either of the other magazines, to pay the American postage.
HOW TO REMIT.—In remitting by mail, a Post Office Order or a Draft, *payable to the Order of L. A. Godey*, is preferable to bank notes, as, should the Order or Draft be lost or stolen, it can be renewed without loss to the sender. If a Draft or a Post Office Order cannot be procured, send United States or National Bank notes.
Address L. A. GODEY,
N. E. Corner Sixth and Chestnut Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

BLANK NOTES,
BOUND in Books containing 100, 50 and 25 notes each, printed on fine paper, for sale at the *Intelligencer* Office.

Belleville Business Directory.

Maclellan & Maclellan,
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency Attorneys-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c., &c. Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Ross, Bell & Holden,
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville.
HON. JNO. ROSS. JOHN BELL. THOS. HOLDEN
1D6m Wtf

Diamond & Dickson,
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c.
OFFICE:—Neilson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
A. DIAMOND. GEO. D. DICKSON.
1D-Wtf

A. R. Dougall,
BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.
Office over Everell's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.

Robertson & Stewart,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c., &c. Office,—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street,
ALEX. ROBERTSON. D. E. K. STEWART.
1D6m-Wtf

Legate & Price,
BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1D6m-Wtf

Geo. H. Haymes,
HATTER and Furrier, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs.
1D6m-Wtf

McLeod & Carre,
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS, Architects, Draughtsmen and Patent Solicitors, 153½ Front Street, Belleville. 1D

Pitcathly & Kelso,
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Law Partnership.
THE undersigned have this day entered into co-partnership under the name of Jellett & Bleasdell. Office—Corner of Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville.
R. P. JELLETT.
8th October, 1867. J. H. T. BLEASDELL.

Forrest & Lozo's
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Lazier's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front street, Belleville. 25D-tf

T. Lockerty,
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 22D5m.

Ponton, Falkiner & Denmark
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

Angus McFee,
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellry and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1D6m

John Wilson,
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the Old Stand, Front Street. Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 1D6m

J. W. Brown,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

Geo. Gibson,
MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1D6m

J. C. Vapor,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

To Gold Miners.
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Swedes Iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. WM. POWELL.
1D6m

McKeown & Robertson,
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Balu's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

ALLSOP'S ALE,
Guiness' Stout,
Blood's Porter!!
IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT
1D6m HAMBLY'S.

BILL HEADS.
AND all other kinds of JOB PRINTING, executed with neatness and despatch at the INTELLIGENCER Office, Front Street, Belleville.

Childhood.

The merry voice of childhood,
How gleefully it rings!
As pealing through the wildwood
Its joyous memories brings—
Of days that long have glided
Away from us for aye—
When life was all joy lighted,
Bright as a summer day.

The glad, glad voice of childhood!
It tells of purest joy—
Of things that are bright and good,
Of peace without alloy.
How soon a strain of sorrow
Shall mingle with its tone;
Oh, see that it does not borrow
That sadness from thine own.

The wild, free voice of childhood!
Chill not a gladsome thrill,
By angry look or cold harsh word,
Those loving hearts to fill,—
With feelings which, alas! too soon
May crush the budding flowers,
Of truth and trust, whose early bloom
Once gone, no more is theirs.

The Washington Imbroglio.

DEMOCRATIC VIEW OF THE DIFFICULTY—THE LAW OF THE CASE—WHAT MR. JOHNSON CAN AND MAY DO.

The New York *World* says:

Congress was yesterday thrown into a fever of spasmodic excitement by the communication which the President addressed to Mr. Stanton, informing him that he was removed from the office of Secretary of War, and commanding him to transfer the records and property in his possession to Adjutant General Lorenzo Thomas, who is authorized to act as Secretary of War *ad interim*. The Senate went immediately into executive session, and Stanton cried for help by sending the President's communication, unasked, to the House of Representatives. The first step taken by the Senate in executive session was to send a committee to wait on Stanton and instruct him to disobey the order of the President. The committee also waited on Gen. Grant (whether in pursuance of instructions does not appear), with the probable design to secure a promise that he would obey no order of the President for the forcible ejection of Stanton from the War Department. There is a law passed by the last Congress, requiring all the military orders of the President to be issued from the headquarters of the General of the army; so that if Grant refuses obedience, the President is presumed by the Republicans to be powerless. The committee is reported to have received satisfactory assurances from Gen. Grant.

We suppose the President will make no immediate attempt to eject Stanton by force; and that the ridiculous trepidation of Congress is a little premature. But when the proper time comes for a forcible ejection, Grant's disobedience of orders will be but a slight obstacle. He is bound to obey the orders of the President; it is a duty from which Congress can no more release him than it can divest the President of the chief command of the army. The right of command implies the duty of obedience; if Congress tells General Grant not to obey, it thereby attempts to deprive the President of the command of the army—an attempt which can only succeed by the overthrow of the Constitution. If Gen. Grant refuses to obey orders, he is amenable to military discipline. It will be the duty of the President to cause his arrest for insubordination and mutiny, and organize a court-martial to try him. The President can at the same time order a brevet General to take possession of the headquarters of the army.

We do not suppose the President will quite yet exert his full authority in this form.—He will probably first apply to the Supreme Court, who will summon Mr. Stanton to show by what authority he assumes to retain the office from which he has been removed. There is every reason to believe that the Court will adjudge the Tenure-of-office bill unconstitutional. With what face will Stanton go before the Court and contend that the Tenure-of-Office bill is not repugnant to the Constitution, when it is notorious that he held the contrary opinion at the time of its passage? Nay, he advised to veto it for unconstitutionality, and furnished points for the veto message. It is not to be supposed that the Supreme Court will render a partisan decision in his favour, when the case is so clear against him that he is on record as having decided against his present claim.

When the Court has rendered its decision, if General Grant refuses to obey orders, the time will have come to put him under arrest. He has, indeed, no more right to refuse obedience now than he will have then; but it is probably expedient for the President to await the decision of the Court before resorting to force. Yet the right of the President to eject Stanton forthwith is perfectly clear. If he should do so, Stanton would have his remedy, if he is wronged, in applying to the Court to reinstate him. The certainty that the Court would not do so, is the reason why Grant entered into collusion with Stanton to deliver up the office; and is also the reason why Congress is thrown into such a flutter by the order of the President. If the Republicans did not suppose the Court to be against them in this matter, they

would not take such preposterous pains to evade a judicial decision.

What right has the Senate to step in between the President and either his civil or his military subordinates, and instruct them not to obey the President's orders? If the *law* is on the side of those subordinates, the law will afford them protection and redress. It is difficult to conjecture in what capacity the Senate supposes itself to be acting. Not surely in the capacity of *law givers*, for legislation proceeds by no such forms. The Senate cannot think it is acting in its *executive* capacity, for it has no executive functions except to act on the President's appointments, and on treaties which he may have negotiated. Nor can the Senate suppose it is acting in its *judicial* capacity, for its only judicial function consists in the trial of civil officers after they have been impeached by the House of Representatives. The instructions of the Senate to Mr. Stanton are a plain usurpation of authority, an impudent intrusion into the executive department. We suppose the object is to gain time, while Congress can pass some desperate act for preventing this case going before the Supreme Court.

A REPUBLICAN VIEW—UTTERANCES OF THE NEW YORK "TRIBUNE."

The President has again vindicated his reputation for obstinacy, which had suffered some decline during the last three or four days from the absence of anything either absurd or criminal in his conduct. His second attempt to remove Secretary Stanton can have no other motive than to assert his pretended right to make appointments and removals, not only without the consent of the Senate, but in defiance of their expressed dissent. That he can make no appointment or removal without the advice and consent of the Senate is as plainly declared in the Constitution as that he shall hold his office for four years. The principle has been reiterated in the Tenure-of-Office Bill, which the President is obeying and disobeying with his usual inconsistency. In formally suspending Mr. Stanton, instead of removing him, and in sending to the Senate his reasons for suspending him, the President was obeying the Tenure-of-Office Bill. In trying to seduce General Grant to keep Mr. Stanton out of office by sheer physical force, after the Senate had re-instated him, and now again, in attempting to remove him, the President is disobeying it as audaciously as if he were disposed to deny its constitutionality, and maintain his denial by force. Technically, the point may be raised that his former order, being one of suspension, and his present order one of removal, the non-concurrence of the Senate in the first does not preclude him from making the second. But it is hardly worth while to consider technicalities relative to the orders of a President who is capable of making any order that his passions dictate. It has been usual upon the issuing of such an order for the incumbent to vacate his office without waiting for the confirmation of the order by the Senate. This usage has no sanction in constitutional law, but has been regarded as due in courtesy to the President, and essential to the public service. For since the President's order, until confirmed by the Senate, is a mere nomination which may never acquire any validity, its legal operation must date from the confirmation, and not from the sending in of the name to the Senate. While the legal right of Mr. Stanton to retain the office until the appointment shall be confirmed by the Senate is clear, Mr. Johnson has probably assumed that Mr. Stanton would follow the usage and vacate the office in behalf of Adjutant-Gen. L. Thomas, as he did before in behalf of General Grant. Indeed, the order so directing is no more valid in advance of its ratification by the Senate than any other part of the order. The President has evidently intended, however, that it should be, and on this intention he has based an expectation that physical possession of the office could be obtained for Gen. Thomas forthwith, and that Mr. Stanton could be driven into the Supreme Court for his remedy. Without this aim in view the President's order could have no meaning. Mr. Stanton, however, in obedience to the request of the Senate Committee, and in resistance of this attempted usurpation by the President, has determined to remain in possession, and leave Mr. Thomas to his remedy in the Courts. The same Committee waited upon Gen. Grant, and were satisfied with the result of their interview. It is hardly conceivable that the President could, in his present precarious tenure of his own office, design to order the ejection of Mr. Stanton by armed force, or that such an order would be obeyed by Gen. Grant if he issued it. Failing in obtaining physical possession of the office, the President's order would merely refer Mr. Thomas to his legal proceedings. That Mr. Johnson would go to so much pains to butt once more against a stonewall would seem remarkable were it not that that is exactly what he has been doing ever since he has been in office. While as an official act it is inexplicably stupid, as a political dodge it is easy to see Mr. Johnson's motive. The magnates of the Democratic party are now assembled in Washington to fix the time and place—and to a great degree the candidate—of the next Democratic National Convention. It is quite in accordance with Andrew Johnson's grade of political cunning to desire at such a time to make an impression on these gentlemen. They are buzzing around the White House, and would delight in any *coup d'etat* that would either make A. J. available as Cæsar, or get him off their hands altogether. But Mr. Johnson will achieve no *coup d'etat*.—Nature, in denying him the courage proportioned to his vanity, has made him proof against great crimes. His forte lies entirely in peccadilloes. When Congress concludes to impeach him for petty misdemeanors, it will find plenty of them. But if it waits for high crimes, he will serve out his term in feverish peacefulness, and empty feint.

BY CABLE.

RESIGNATION OF LORD DERBY—MR. DISRAELI TO SUCCEED HIM IN OFFICE—FURTHER SUSPENSION OF THE WRIT OF "HABEAS CORPUS"—FENIAN MATTERS.

LONDON, Feb. 25, evening.—Lord Derby has resigned the Premiership, and his resignation has been accepted by the Queen. Mr. Disraeli will replace Lord Derby as Prime Minister, retaining his present post as Chancellor of the Exchequer.

In the House of Lords this afternoon, at the beginning of the Session, the Earl of Malmesbury announced that Lord Derby had tendered his resignation to the Queen on account of ill health, and that Her Majesty had been pleased to call upon the present Chancellor of the Exchequer, the Right Hon. Benjamin Disraeli, to form a new Cabinet. Earl Russell and others expressed their sympathy for Lord Derby, and hoped he might recover from his illness and resume his post at the head of the Ministry.

In the House of Commons the announcement of the resignation of the Prime Minister was made by Lord Stanley, and was responded to by Mr. Gladstone, who, with much delicacy and feeling, expressed his sorrow for the cause which compelled the noble Lord to resign his high office. The transaction of all business in the House was postponed until Friday next.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—All the prisoners charged by the Coroner's jury with complicity in the Clerkenwell explosion, have been committed to stand trial for murder. Sullivan and Pigott who are now in Richmond prison, have been called upon by many influential persons, but all interviews with the prisoners are forbidden by the authorities.

LONDON, Feb. 25, 10 p.m.—The House of Lords, in Committee of the whole to-night, agreed to the bill renewing the suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus* in Ireland.

DUBLIN, Feb. 25.—It is reported that Mr. Heron has been retained by the United States government as council to defend Gen. Nagle, whose trial will commence at Sligo on Thursday next.

CORK, Feb. 25.—The dwelling house of Mr. Newenham, a magistrate in the suburbs of this city, was assailed last night by a party of men in disguise, who were repulsed, and escaped in the darkness.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West,	7.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West,	8.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going West,	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train,	6.30 P. M.
Noon Express going East,	12.08 P. M.
Night Express going East,	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East,	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train,	9.30 P. M.
Montreal Time	

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, THURSDAY, FEB. 27.

TOWN COUNCIL.—No meeting of the Council last night, for the want of a quorum.

THE TOWNSENDS.—A benefit is to be given to-night to Mr. Speck, when the "Orphan of Geneva" and "Pizarro," will be placed upon the boards. The whole strength of the company will be brought into requisition. Give him a bumper.

ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.—The Government of Ontario has promised that the revision and consolidation of the various statutes relating to the administration of Justice shall occupy the serious attention of the executive during the recess.

NEWSPAPER POSTAGE.—The newspaper men in New Brunswick have held a meeting to protest against the imposition of postage on newspapers, and the question is to be brought before the Legislature by one of the members of the House.

CHEAP RAILWAYS.—The war between narrow and broad guage railways has been carried on before the Railway Committee, Toronto, with much spirit for some time past. The Grand Trunk and Great Western contending for a wide and uniform guage, while those seeking charters for new roads are fighting for the narrow guage, contending that they are much cheaper. The Committee has sustained the narrow guage advocates, by recommending charters to the Nipissing Railway Company, and the Whitby and Port Perry Railway Company; but refused a narrow guage charter to the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway Company, causing says the telegram, great indignation in the city at the action of the Committee, the narrow guage for the Grey and Bruce Railway being the favorite project in Toronto.

Military Schools.

The Kingston *Whig* says: "There cannot "be the shadow of a doubt but that the "Military Schools, throughout both Pro-"vinces, are becoming serious and expensive "nuisances, kept up to fill the pockets of "the staff officers employed in the instruc-"tion. This is the deliberate opinion of "all those conversant with the working of "the Schools at the present day." So long as these Schools are used by mere children, and those who attend them because they have nothing else to do, and can live at the Government expense in Kingston or elsewhere, and for the education of young men to fill foreign armies, just so long will they remain "expensive nuisances." We hope to see a radical change take place in the management of these schools.

The Mails.

No trains have left Toronto for the East since Monday morning, and the track is not yet clear, but it is expected that a train will leave there to-night or to-morrow morning, still it is uncertain. A special train left Cobourg at 3:20 p.m. to-day, and is expected here at about 6 p.m. No time since the Grand Trunk has been running, has it been delayed so long from the West. A few years ago the Eastern trains were delayed for three days. The snow storm westway is unprecedented.

Owing to this storm, there is now at the station in this Town, 206 loaded freight cars, waiting for the line to be cleared.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.—The news from England by the Atlantic Cable is important. The resignation of the Earl of Derby, owing to ill health, is much to be regretted. His place, however, is filled by one of the most talented men in the kingdom, the Hon. Benjamin Disraeli, who, though he may have to fight against many prejudices, has the ability for any emergency. We rejoice at his elevation to the Premiership of the kingdom.

Death of the Hon. Robert Spence.

This gentleman, who has been Collector at the Port of Toronto for many years, we regret to learn died on Monday last at his residence in Toronto. Mr. SPENCE at one time published the Dundas *Warder*, and was an active politician and supporter of the Hon. Francis Hincks, and was returned to Parliament for North Wentworth in 1854. After the defeat of Mr. Hincks, Mr. Spence took office under Sir Allan McNab, which he held from 11th Sept. 1854 to 1st Feby. 1858, when he was defeated by the late Mr. Notman, and resigned. Shortly after his resignation he received the appointment of Collector at Toronto, which he continued to hold till his death. A contemporary says: "Mr. Spence was a "man of strong practical good sense rather "than a slave to party combinations, and "because of his joining with the 'Tories' "for the purpose of settling the great "questions then distracting the country, "he received a very liberal share of the "hostility of the opposing party leaders of "the time. To him the press was indebted "for the brief respite which it enjoyed from "the exaction of postage; and for the "Civil Service Bill, the object of which "was to secure efficiency in the public ser-"vice and fair remuneration to public "servants. His health has been precarious "for some years past, and now he has passed "from amongst us, to the sorrow of many "warm friends throughout the country, for, "personally, no one enjoyed more of the "confidence and esteem of those who knew "him than he. Mr. Spence was a warm "supporter of the temperance cause, and "promoted the holding of temperance "meetings, at which he was always ready "to assist. The flags on the public build-"ings were hoisted at half mast, in respect "to his memory."

"QUEEN'S PRINTER."—The Government of Ontario have decided to appoint a Queen's Printer. We trust Mr. Sandfield McDonald will look this way. The editor of the *Recorder* would be 'the right man in the right place,' having had forty-two years experience in the business, twenty years of which time he has stood by Sandfield. The writer could pen a column in detailing the merits of the editor, but this would be considered egotism, and we won't do it! Now is your time to win fame, Mr. McDonald! Do allow *us* to say that you have made one good appointment! Will you? *No I won't!* Very well, my dear Sandfield, there is no use in speaking so emphatically. You've lost the opportunity of doing one good action. God bless you, nevertheless, and keep you out of the hands of the Tories; *they* are ever wandering about seeking fat places."—*Brockville Recorder, Feb. 27th, 1868.*

We know of nothing in our long experience of journalism to exceed the above in modesty. The editor of the *Recorder* has been haunted night and day, for a few years past, by a horrid spectre in the shape of a Tory holding office. Scarcely an appointment has been made for a number of years but has been denounced by the *Recorder* as a continuance of Tory vampirage. And still remaining unappreciated by the man to whom he has clung for twenty years, now sounds his own trumpet, and asks for the office of Queen's Printer for Ontario. Well, we should not regret to see friend Wylie obtain the office. He has stuck to his party right or wrong until the snows of many winters have bleached his own raven locks. But should he not wait until his *own* party comes into power? His support of John Sandfield, of late, has not been such as to place his claims before others. Notwithstanding all this, we like to see the press appreciated, and shall not whine if we see David Wylie, Esq., gazetted as Queen's Printer.

The Glasgow *Herald* notices a singular incident in connection with an atrocious murder in Dumfriesshire. On Sunday, at Cummertrees, the minister confined his service in the church to a single prayer, after which he released his congregation to scour the country in quest of the murderer, who was still at large, and was supposed to be lurking about the neighborhood.

Prorogation of the Quebec Legislature.

The Quebec Legislature closed its labors on the 14th inst. The Lieut. Governor sanctioned, in Her Majesty's name, 60 Bills passed during the session, and reserved the following Bill for the signification of Her Majesty's pleasure thereon: An act to incorporate the St. Louis Hydraulic and Manufacturing Company.

His Excellency then prorogued the House with the following Address:

Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

At the close of the first session of the first parliament of the Province of Quebec, I am happy to be able to congratulate you in the name of Our Gracious Sovereign, on the assiduity and diligence with which you have devoted yourselves to the subjects which have been submitted to your consideration, on the harmony which invariably marked your proceedings, and on the number of important measures which have been considered and matured by you in so short a space of time. It was the duty of the oldest province of the Confederation to set an example of moderation and mutual forbearance between men of different creeds, races, and political opinions, of wisdom and dignity in the public councils, and of fidelity and devotion to our Gracious Sovereign and our new constitution. I think I do not err in assuring you that your conduct in all these respects will contribute very much to secure the success of the new order of things inaugurated within this part of Her Majesty's dominions. The attention which you have given to the important subjects of colonization, agriculture, and public instruction has produced results more speedy and considerable than I had dared to hope for, and should it have the effect to retain upon the soil of their country any number of those who otherwise might have been disposed to abandon it, your efforts will be well rewarded.

Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

I thank you for the liberality with which you have voted the supplies, and especially for your generosity in aiding the great distress existing in our sister Province of Nova Scotia. I at once transmitted to the Lieut.-Governor of that Province the sum which you were pleased to place at my disposal, and I am assured by him that the people of Nova Scotia fully appreciate this token of your good-will and sympathy.

Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

I thank you for the kind expressions with which you have been pleased to receive the intelligence of my permanent appointment to the office I occupy. Your kindness increases, if possible, my sense of the weighty responsibility which rests upon me, and my anxiety to neglect nothing in fulfilling the duties it imposes upon me. Before returning to your homes accept my sincere wishes for your welfare and that of your families.

—The Queen is writing a second volume about "Our" home life.

—The ice in the Mississippi at St. Louis has broken up.

—The Empress Eugenie has three thousand dresses.

—Garibaldi was at one time employed by Secretary Seward in the secret diplomatic service.

—The permanent appointment of Sir Narcisse Belleau and Gen. Doyle, as Lieutenant-Governors of Quebec and Nova Scotia respectively, is gazetted.

—The Montreal papers report the death of Mr. Jas. McCollogh, a young man widely respected. He was on his way from Montreal to Quebec, and got out at Dunham station where he delayed until the train moved off. He rushed out, and in attempting to step on board the car his hand slipped from the guard railing, and he fell from the platform. The train passed completely over his body, almost severing it, and causing instantaneous death.

The Paris *Liberte* announces that Lady Palmerston is about to visit the Suez Canal, the making of which her husband so long and so consistently opposed.

Her Majesty's letter to Mrs. Charles Kean was written by the Queen's own hand, and is seven folios in length, commencing, "My dear Mrs. Kean," and ending thus: "Victoria R."

Her Majesty's Life of the Late Prince Consort is to be reproduced in a condensed form, in embossed letters for the use of the blind. The work of abridgement has been entrusted to Mr. John Plummer.

It is rumored that the Rev. Mr. Speke is not the only person mysteriously missing from London, but that another gentleman of aristocratic connections has disappeared in an equally inexplicable manner.

A sad affair is reported from the Isle of Man. On the morning of the 2nd inst., a fire broke out in the house of Dr. Steele, the proprietor of a boarding school near Douglas. The inmates, about fifty in number, were in bed at the time, and had to leave in the greatest haste without attempting to save anything from the flames. Three of the firemen were afterwards buried by the fall of a roof, and one was burned to death.

Lord and Lady Amberley have by this time arrived in London. A late English paper describes her ladyship as "one of the best politicians of the day. She goes to the House some three or four times a week, and often remains there for several hours. Her 'at homes' on Tuesday are a favorite resort of rising young Liberals. Hereafter, the future Countess Russell will probably do for her party what Lady Palmerston and Lady Holland did before her."

The Liverpool *Courier* says: The Rev. W. M. Punshon, the eminent Wesleyan Methodist divine, preached in the Brunswick Chapel, Moss street, last night. The chapel was crowded to excess, many persons being unable to gain admission. The rev. gentleman, we understand, is about to proceed to America, for the purpose of presiding at two conferences, one in Canada and the other in Eastern America. He will then, it is said, make a tour in the United States.

The expeditionary force in Abyssinia has commenced active operations. A telegram dated the 26th ultimo announces that "all is well." Sir Robert Napier has left Annesley Bay for the front, and it was arranged that a brigade of all arms was to advance at once from Senafe to Antalo. A letter, dated 23rd December, from Lieutenant Prideaux, one of King Theodore's captives at Magdala, has been published, in which the lieutenant expresses his opinion that the force sent out is much too large. Three thousand men would, he thinks, have been amply sufficient.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, Feb. 26, 11 p. m.—A great meeting of the friends of the United States was held to-night at St. James' Hall. John Bright was president. A number of prominent members of the Liberal party were present on the platform. In the course of the evening Mr. Bright made a powerful speech, arousing the sympathy of the audience to their conduct in the war of the rebellion. Rev. Newman Hall followed with an address in which he presented, with ability, the American side of the Alabama controversy, and pressed his views with an eloquence which carried the vast assemblage entirely with him. The meeting was very enthusiastic, and broke up with repeated cheers for America.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—The *Herald's* London special says: The resignation of Earl Derby and the accession of Mr. Disraeli, with the Cabinet changes likely to ensue, engage the attention of the Clubs, the extra Parliamentary circles and the people, to an extent scarcely equalled in any of the previous political crises of the country. The Queen's request to Mr. Disraeli to form a Cabinet, and his acceptance, are regarded as an acknowledgement that the aristocracy and the Conservative party generally failed to present a man of sufficient influence, or perhaps talent, for the post, and hence the necessity of entrusting the Great Seal to the Chancellor of the Exchequer is regarded as a great step in the march towards popular government, for henceforth the Premiership will be looked upon as the legitimate reward of public labor, exhibiting perseverance, tact and a ready application of the powers of oratory and debate, so as to combine and utilize a great force in the House of Commons, like Disraeli. The people are taken by surprise at his success. The politicians call to mind that thirty years ago Lord Melbourne, who then controlled a powerful party, noticed Disraeli's exertions and inquired of him what political position he intended to achieve, to which he replied, "I mean to be Prime Minister of England." The Cabinet changes, and Ministerial prospects are discussed at length in city papers. All speak in the highest terms of praise of the talents of the new minister.

The *Times* says, he is the first man in power in England who obtained such office solely by the exhibition of personal ability in Parliament and the Cabinet, despite birth and education.

The *Standard* says his attainment of office exhibits the greatest feat of political generalship to be found in the history of England.

The *News* says, with Derby's resignation terminates a line of class statesmen that cannot be revived in the kingdom.

The *Advertiser* says that D'Israeli must make up his mind to do parliamentary battle for his place, and face the probabilities of defeat. He will receive no quarter from the Whigs or Tories, as both parties hate him; but as head of the cabinet he will enjoy fair play at the hands of the people, if he stands forth boldly and avows a line of policy distinctive from the course of either.

LONDON, February 27, 1:20 p. m.—Consols 93¼ to 93 for money; 93⅛ for account; Bonds 71⅝; I C 87¼.

LIVERPOOL, February 25, 1:20 p. m.—Cotton dull; Uplands on spot 9⅝d; do afloat 9⅝d; Orleans 9¼d; Breadstuffs and Provisions quiet; Corn declined to 42s; Sugar 25s.

American Despatches.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—The *Herald's* Washington special says: The labors of the committee to draw up impeachment articles was finished this evening. It is said that there will be six specific charges presented. The articles of impeachment have not yet been voted on by the committee; this final action is expected to be taken to-morrow. Generals Emery, Wallace and Thomas, were examined in relation to the supposed intention of using the military force of the Government in the removal of Stanton.

The *World's* Washington special says that there is a probability that the impeachment trial will be postponed until after the Presidential election.

New Brunswick.

Telegrams from New Brunswick of the 25th Feb., say: "It is reported that Mr. Skinner, late Solicitor General, will be appointed Judge of the Probate Court, in the place of the late Hon. W. B. Kinnear; and that George Kerr, Esq., M. P. for Northumberland, lies dangerously ill at Fredericton.

The Provincial Secretary introduced a Bill to facilitate the settlement of Crown Lands, and at the same time the homestead law was brought in. Mr. Peck, of Albert County, gave notice of a resolution against postage on newspapers and the stamp act; also one in favour of the revenue being raised from luxuries rather than necessaries of consumption.

The Provincial Secretary submitted a statement of the expenditure for the last eight months of 1867; $794,214; estimate $678,859; excess over estimate $115,855.

Estimated expenditure for 1868; $420,000; do. increase from all sources, $433,000; salaries of all heads of Departments, except the Attorney-General's, reduced to $2,000. All office-holders have had their salaries materially reduced. The Receiver-General's office is to be abolished, and the business to be done in the office of the Provincial Secretary.

The English papers say that Lord Russell will continue to act as leader of the Liberal party until the assembling of the new Parliament, when he will formally retire from active public life. A man seventy-five years of age, who has been prominently engaged in public life for considerably more than half a century, is surely entitled to "rest and be thankful."

The Old Well.

"There was a well near here," said a bystander, "and very good water used to come from it; but it has been filled up for a long time."

"Indeed! I never knew there was a well here, much less tasted the water. How did it get filled up?"

"Neglect, sir. Some rubbish got in, then part of the surrounding soil; and as it was not cleaned out at once it got worse and worse, till it is as you see it—quite choked up. I wonder if there is any water at the bottom?"

These last words set me thinking. I wonder if there is any water at the bottom? I thought how much this old well is like some Christians. The Lord Jesus spoke of the life he gives to the believer as "a well of water in him" (John iv. 14;) but are there not many who are supposed to be Christians in whom we do not see any water; and of whom we can only say, as of this old, "I wonder if there is any water at the bottom?"

But the Lord Jesus said to that it should "spring up into everlasting life." How then is it that it does not spring up in every Christian? This was surely God's intention in putting it there. Alas! the cause is manifest; it is the rubbish, the soil, that has been allowed to choke up the mouth of the well. In some it is only beginning to be choked.—You see some water of life and some rubbish. Lose sight of them for a time and there is generally a change: either you see more water or more rubbish. Either they have been awakened to their true state of soul as before God, and in his strength sought to cleanse themselves from the filthiness of the flesh and spirit, (2 Cor. vii. 1,) and the water springs up as the rubbish is removed, and the soul is happy, and God is glorified; or the rubbish accumulates more and more till the water is nearly hid—yea, in some it is quite hid; and the soul forgets that he "was once purged from his old sins," (2 Peter i. 9,) and at last turns as "the sow that was washed to her wallowing in the mire." 2 Peter ii. 22. We can only say of such, "I wonder if there is any water at the bottom?" Reader, how is it with you?

Applications will be made to the proper quarters fot leave to erect a monument to Charles Kean in Westminster Abbey.

The London and North Western Railway Company are about to proceed with the erection of a fine hotel opposite the Lime Street Station, Liverpool, at a cost of £72,000.

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, Feb 27.

Commercial Bills..... 99
Greenbacks, buying at..... 70
" selling at..... 71
Bank of Upper Canada Bills..... 62
Silver, buying at..... 3½
" selling at..... 3 to 3½
Gold opened at 140½; closed at 141½

BELLEVILLE MARKETS

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, Feb. 27, 1868.

FALL WHEAT—$1 65 to $1 75.
SPRING WHEAT—$1 60 to $1 70.
BARLEY—95c to $1 00.
RYE—firm at $1 05 to $1 08.
OATS—60c to 65c.
PEAS—demand only for local use at 95c to $1 00.
BUCKWHEAT—40c to 90c.
HAY—Dull at $5 50 $6 50.
PORK—$7 50 to $8 00. Heavy Pork $6 50.
MUTTON—5c to 6c per pound.
BUTTER—15c to 20c.
EGGS—13c to 20c.
HIDES—$6.50 to $7.00.
SHEEPSKINS—dull at 75c.
CALFSKINS—8c to 9c lb.
TALLOW—Rough, 6c; rendered, 8c.
WOOL—25c.
POTATOES—45c to 75c.
APPLES—80c to $1 00.
HAY—$13 to $16.
CHEESE—10c.
CORN—$1 to $1 25.
FLOUR—$6 to $7 00 ₱ bbl.
POTASH—$4 50 to $4 75.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.

MONTREAL, Feb. 27, 1867.

	1 P. M.	
FLOUR.—Superior Extra.....	$8 00 @	8 25
Extra.....	7 75 @	8 00
Fancy.....	7 60 @	7 70
Welland Canal Superfine.....	7 45 @	7 60
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat,	7 45 @	7 60
" " 1 Western Wheat,	7 45 @	7 60
" " 2 " "	7 15 @	7 25
Bag Flour.....	3 65 @	3 75
WHEAT.—Canada Fall.....	0 00 @	0 00
Spring.....	1 70 @	0 00
Western.....	0 00 @	0 00
OATS.—Per 32 lbs.....	0 46 @	0 47
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs.....	0 95 @	1 00
BUTTER—Dairy.....	0 15 @	0 20
" Store Packed.....	0 15 @	0 20
ASHES—Pots.....	5 40 @	5 42½
Pearls.....	5 80 @	5 85
PORK—Mess.....	19 25 @	19 50
Prime Mess.....	14 00 @	14 50
Prime.....	13 50 @	14 00
DRESSED HOGS.....	5 75 @	6 40
PEAS.....	0 89 @	0 90
RYE FLOUR.....	5 95 @	6 00

Flour—small arrivals; market unchanged. Grain—no transactions. Provisions—Pork steady; Hogs steady, with fair demand; Butter scarce and wanted. Ashes—Pots shade better; Pearls neglected.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, February 27.

Cotton dull at 22c to 22½c.
Flour heavy; receipts 5,000 bbls; sales 6,000 bbls at $8 50 to $9 35 for superior state and western; $9 75 to $10 50 for common to choice extra State; $9 40 to $10 30 for common to choice extra western.
Rye flour steady.
Wheat dull; receipts 9,000 bushels; sales 6,000 bushels very choice golden drop spring at $2 58 delivered.
Rye quiet; receipts 800 bushels.
Corn dull and heavy; receipts 45,500 bushels, sales 39,000 bushels at $1 22 to $1 25 for new mixed western afloat; $1 27 to $1 28 for old ditto delivered; $1 25 for prime white western.
Barley scarce and firm.
Oats dull and nominal; receipts 2,700 bushs; sales at 83c for western afloat.
Pork firmer at $23 50 to $23 62 for old mess; $24 25 to $25 00 for new ditto.
Lard steady at 16c to 16¾c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.

Stocks active and lower after call.
Sterling Exchange 109¾.
Gold 141¾.

☞ Ticket Office for Great Western Railway, opposite the Market, Front-St. Tickets issued to Milwaukee, Chicago, New Orleans, Omaha City, Nebraska Territory, Fort Riley, Kansas, Cheyenne, Dacotah, Denvis Colorado, and all points West. Fare received either in Greenbacks or current funds.
217-1y R. P. DAVY, AGENT.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

R. R. R. Radway's Regulating Pills

Are composed of vegetable extracts (prepared in vacuo), free from all inert, crude, or irritating substances. The first dose commences its work of purifying the blood, regulating the liver, cleansing the stomach and intestines, and purging from the system all acrimonious and corrupt humors. One Pill, taken two hours before dinner, will create a good appetite and insure a healthy digestion.

BILE.

Bile on the stomach will be eliminated by one dose of the Pills—say from four to six in number. When the liver is in a torpid state, nothing can be better than Radway's Regulating Pills. They purge easily, are mild in operation, and when taken are perfectly tasteless, being elegantly coated with gum. They are recommended for the cure of all disorders of the stomach, liver, kidneys, nervous diseases, indigestion, dyspepsia, biliousness, bilious fever, inflammation of the bowels, piles, and symptoms resulting from disorders of the digestive organs.

THE AGED

Suffer from costiveness and paralysis of the bowels, and may have to use injections to keep the bowels open. Take 2 or 4 of Radway's pills every night; in a few weeks the bowels, liver, kidneys, &c., will be restored to sound health and strength—a regular discharge from the bowels will be secured daily.

See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1868.—R. R. R. sold by all druggists.
1-2t 242-2w

HEART DISEASE, WITH
GREAT DISTRESS AFTER EATING,
ENTIRELY CURED!!

SAULT AU RECOLLECT, C. E., Jan. 2, 1864.
Messrs. Dorette, Boulton Druggists, Notre-Dame Street Montreal:

DEAR SIRS,—For six years I have been suffering from disease of the heart and sickness of the stomach, with much distress after eating. I determined to try Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and after the first bottle I experienced great relief, and after using four bottles I found myself entirely cured. I believe it to be my duty to make these facts known, and to say, that I had previously been bled several times, by different physicians from the city, as from the country, without receiving any perceptible benefit.

It is now six months since I used the last bottle of Sarsaparilla, and I have had no return of my illness.

I have the honor to be, dear sirs,
Your obedient servant,
THEOPHILE PAQUET.

ONTARIO HALL.

Immense Attraction!

FOR THE BENEFIT OF

W. J. SPECK,

AND POSITIVELY THE LAST NIGHT.

JOHN TOWNSEND in two of his most popular characters, "Carwin" and "Rolla."

MISS FLORENCE TOWNSEND in her great characters of "The Orphan of Geneva," and "Cora."

On Thursday Evening, Feb. 27th,

Will be presented the highly interesting Melo-Drama (in three acts,) entitled

THE ORPHAN OF GENEVA,

OR THE TRIUMPH OF INNOCENCE.

Carwin.....John Townsend.
The Orphan.....Miss Florence Townsend.
Countess de Morville...Miss C. Townsend.
Supported by the whole company.

To conclude with Sheridan's great play (in four acts,) of

PIZARRO,

OR THE INVASION OF PERU.

Rolla.....John Townsend.
Cora.....Miss Florence Townsend.
Elvina.....Miss Constance Townsend.
Supported by the whole company.

Doors open at 7:15; to commence at 8.
Admission 25 cents; reserved seats 50 cents.
Belleville, Feb. 25th, 1868. 235

WANTED,

A MODERATE-SIZED HOUSE, centrally situated in Belleville, with hard and soft water on the premises.
Apply by letter to A. B., *Intelligencer* Office.

To Whom it may Concern.

TAKE NOTICE, that the Council of the Corporation of the County of Hastings will meet at the Shire Hall, Belleville, on MONDAY, the NINTH DAY OF MARCH NEXT, A. D. 1868, for the despatch of general business.

By order,
THOS. WILLS,
C. C. C. H.
Belleville, Feb. 26, 1868. 2-2t 254-3t

Foot and Snow Shoe Races.

A MEETING will be held on FRIDAY Evening, 28th February, at half-past seven o'clock, at Hambly's, to make arrangements for Foot and Snow Shoe Races, to take place on such day as may be agreed on.

C. HENTY,
Sec. pro tem.
Belleville, Feb. 26, 1868. 254-2t

Situation Wanted,

BY a man who is willing to do any kind of work. Apply at this office.
Belleville, Feb. 26, 1868. 254-3t

BOOKBINDING.

THE Subscriber having re-fitted his BINDERY with the most approved machinery, material, &c., begs to inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to execute orders for every description of

Bookbinding,
Ruling, and
Blank-work,

In the best manner and at the lowest rates.

ACCOUNT BOOKS

manufactured to any pattern with despatch.

Music, Periodicals, Law-Books, &c., neatly, cheaply, and satisfactorily bound.

☞ Special terms for Libraries, and ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

E. HARRISON.
Belleville, Feb. 21st, 1868. 250tf

John D. Evans,

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Civil Engineer and Draughtsman.
OFFICE—Over Overell's Book Store, Belleville. 34w-246d-6m

Forneri & Kennedy,

CIVIL and MINING ENGINEERS, Provincial Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Madoc. Lands carefully examined and reported on. Money to loan.

☞ All orders by mail will receive immediate attention.

C. C. FORNERI, C.E. & P.L.S.
246d L. KENNEDY, C.E. & P.L.S.

GRAND DISCOUNT SALES

OF

DRY GOODS,

AT

P. D. CONGER'S.

COSGRAVE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

East India Pale Ale.

JUST RECEIVED,

50 Hhds,

150 Barrels and half Barrels.

FOR SALE ONLY BY
WESLEY BULLEN.
Belleville, Nov. 26, 1867. 177 tf

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THIS BANK is prepared to issue drafts, receive deposits, and grant interest receipts at the office of the Commercial Bank in Belleville.

Mr. THOMSON will be happy to see his old friends.
Belleville, Jany. 23, 1868. 225 tf

DIARIES, DIARIES, FOR 1868,

AT

J. C. OVERELL'S,

TURNBULL'S BLOCK,
180 FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

The X-Mas No. of the

ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS,

IS NOW READY.

ALSO,
BOUND NUMBERS OF
British Workman,
Band of Hope Review,
Children's Friend,
Infant's Magazine,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
LEISURE HOUR, SUNDAY AT HOME, &c., &c.,
AT
J. C. OVERELL'S,
OPPOSITE THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
FRONT STREET,
BELLEVILLE.
January 4, 1868. 209

A SPLENDID

ASSORTMENT OF

FLANNELS,

GENT'S

FURNISHING GOODS,

&c., &c.,

JUST RECEIVED,

AT

J. MUIR & CO.'S.

Horses, Carriages, &c., FOR SALE.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS
TAKEN AT PAR.

Apply to
H. PRETTY,
Opposite the Market.
Belleville, Oct. 23, 1867. 147-tf

Limes and Glycerine,

The best Hair Dresser before the public.

Limes and Glycerine,

The best preparation known for Dandruff.

Limes and Glycerine,

Allays all irritation of the Scalp.

Limes and Glycerine,

All who have used it pronounce it superior to any preparation for the Hair.

Limes and Glycerine,

Is to be found on almost every toilet table.

Limes and Glycerine,

Far superior to pure Glycerine for chapped hands, &c.

Prepared only at
APOTHECARIES HALL,
1d1y Front St., Belleville.

GEORGE ROCHE,

HATTER & FURRIER,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now prepared to take orders for

ALL KINDS of FURS.

Having procured the services of a first-class Cutter from Paris, particular attention paid to repairing.

☞ All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.

Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs,
October 14. 1D-6m

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 22nd Feb'y, 1868.

AUTHORIZED discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice: 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
248 Commissioner of Customs.

BOARDING.

MRS. McKENZIE can accommodate a few permanent boarders; also, some daily boarders.

RESIDENCE—Pinnacle Street, opposite the market.
Belleville, Nov. 18, 1867. 170-tf

GRAHAM FLOUR,

OATMEAL, SPLIT PEAS,
BEANS, &c.

—ALSO,—

WHITEFISH AND HERRINGS

IN BARRELS & HALF BARRELS.

At the "Corner Store,"
Front and Bridge Streets.
A. FLETCHER & Co.
January 15, 1868. 7-1y, w48-2t

HOOP SKIRTS,

LATEST STYLES.

G. C. Holton & Co.

J. & W. Sutherland

WOULD respectfully solicit an inspection of their new stock of

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS,

Which will be found complete in the following specialities:

FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FRENCH MERINOS—2s. 6d. and upwards
FRENCH LAMAS & THIBETS.
FRENCH DELAINES.
SCOTCH TWEEDS.
" ALL WOOL HOSIERY.
CANADIAN " "
" FLANNELS.
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.
DUNDAS COTTONS AND BAGS.
AMERICAN YARN.

J. & W. SUTHERLAND.
Belleville, October, 1867. 1p6m

Partner Wanted.

WANTED, as equal partner in a light and profitable manufacturing business, a good responsible man, with some capital to invest.

For particulars enquire at 224, or at the office of S. B. Burdett, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Front St., Belleville.
Belleville, Jan. 27, 1868. 238-tf

HUFFMAN HOUSE,

MADOC, ONTARIO.

HUFFMAN & SON, Proprietors,
(LATE OF PETERBOROUGH.)

☞ Every attention paid to travellers. House and furniture entirely new. 143-tf 36tf

NEW BOOKS

AT

F. VAN NORMAN'S.

Queen Victoria's Journal, "Our Life in the Highlands."
Wood's Natural History—2,500 illustrations, 3 vols., Royal 8vo..... $14 00
Chambers' Cyclopedia, now complete, 10 vols..... per vol., 2 50
Chambers' Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols..... 3 50
Family Cyclopedia..... 75
Our Constitution..... 1 00
Romance of Charity..... 1 00
The Land and the Book..... 2 00
Pre-historic Scotland..... 5 00
Knight's Half-hours with best Authors, 2 vols..... 2 50
Knight's Half-hours with English History..... 1 25
North-west Passage by Land, by Viscount Milton and Cheadle.
Barnes' Notes, complete.
D'Israeli's Curiosities of Literature, cloth and morocco.
Kitto's Bible History of the Holy Land.
Weeles' Scientific Works.

ALL THE POETS, &c., &c.,

NEW SCHOOL BOOKS.

The CHEAPEST STATIONERY

In Belleville.

WALL PAPERS

From 5 cts. to $1 20 per Roll.

BIBLES,
HYMN BOOKS,
PRAYER BOOKS,
PSALM BOOKS,
CATECHISMS, &c. &c.

Sunday School Libraries

In great variety, and very low prices.

A GOOD STOCK OF

Sheet Music, Music Books, Violins,

&c., &c., constantly on hand.

☞ Orders by mail promptly executed.

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,
BELLEVILLE.
Belleville, Feb. 8, 1868. 239-tf

F. HACKETT

HAS RECEIVED A

CHOICE ASSORTMENT

OF

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS

Belleville, Oct. 1, 1867. 1D-6m



HURRAH FOR

THE DOMINION.

R. H. JONES

BEGS leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened a new WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Grocery and Liquor Store

in the premises lately occupied by Messrs O'Brien & Henchy, where he will keep on hand a select and varied assortment of

General Groceries,

AND LIQUORS,

For family use and medicinal purposes.

TEAS.

YOUNG AND OLD HYSONS,
GUNPOWDER, TWANKAY,
IMPERIAL, JAPAN,
SOUCHONG,
CONGOU, &c., &c.

COFFEES.

THE BEST IN TOWN, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.

He would especially call the attention of families to his stock of

WINES, SPIRITS & LIQUORS.

Brandies, Ports, Sherries.

Irish, Scotch & Morton's Whiskeys.

Old Tom & Holland Gins,

IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.

Together with a large assortment of

CHAMPAGNE,

of the most popular brands

LIQUEURS & CORDIALS, &C.

In addition to these there will be found a splendid stock of

LAMP GOODS & TRIMMINGS.

☞ Goods sent promptly to customers in any part of the town.
Belleville, Dec. 9, 1867. 188 43-tf

BLANKS of every description for sale at *The Intelligencer* office.

Two Pictures of Death.

In a scantly-furnished chamber lies an old Scotch minister, with thin grey hair, and wrinkled skin. But his brow is high and broad; his deep-set eyes are bright and piercing; a smile plays around his lips; and though feeble and dying, he looks calm and happy. Let us speak to him, and say "Do you think yourself dying, dear sir?" He fixes his eye calmly upon you, and slowly he replies:

"Really, friend, I am not anxious whether I am or not, for if I die, I shall be with God; if I live, he will be with me."

Now let us step into yonder mansion. Entering a richly-furnished chamber, we find a dignified personage enfolded in warm robes, and seated in a large easy chair. He, too, is feeble and dying; but the light in his eye is unsteady, and he looks like a man ill at ease with himself. Let us also ask him a question:

"Mr. Gibbon, how does the world appear to you now?"

The eloquent historian of the Roman Empire—for he it is—closes his eyes a moment, then opens them again, and with a deep sigh replies:

"All things are fleeting. When I look back, I see they have been fleeting, when I look forward, *all is dark and doubtful.*—*Protestant Churchman.*

Milk and Milkers.

In a recent article on the qualities of milk, &c., Dr. Voelcker says: "Generally speaking, small races, or small individuals of the larger races, give the richest milk from the same kind of food. Where good quality is the main object, Alderneys or Guernseys unquestionably are the cows that ought to be kept, they give a richer cream than any other in common use in England; but of course, Alderneys are not the most profitable stock for cow keepers in towns, with whom the Yorkshire, essentially a shorthorn, is the favorite breed, as it surpasses all others for the quantity of milk it yields. The milk, however, compared with that of the Alderney or Ayrshire cow, is more wattery and less rich in butter, and therefore not well suited for dairies in which butter and cheese are made. In the spring of the year and early part of the summer, milk is more abundant, and the butter made from it is of a finer flavor.—As the season advances, the supply diminishes, but becomes richer in butter. The influence of food on the quality of milk is very striking. A half-starved cow, not only yields but little milk, but what it yields is miserably poor. On the other hand, the liberal supply of food rich in nitrogenous and phosphate elements of nutrition, tells directly on the milk. Nothing therefore, can be more injudicious than to stint dairy cows in food."

It is calculated that at the present time full choral service is celebrated in nearly one-fifth of the London churches. Of these services rather more than one-half are Gregorian, and nearly all the choirs are surpliced.

American Watches.

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its use Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is, indeed, little else than a machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course, there must be no defect in the principle of plan or the movement, no mistake in the sizes or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the reduplication of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough subdivision.

By means of multiplying gauges and microscopes, tests and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools, and for faults and flaws in steel or stone, are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a finished machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home.—Instead of sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the lightest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear ringing sound always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a time keeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The Company claim that by it they produce Watches that cannot be equalled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan, and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of Watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes to suit all tastes and means; but every Watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM" is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

☞ EVERY WATCH FULLY WARRANTED.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
No. 182, Broadway, N.Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto and Montreal,
General Agents.
Toronto, Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-3m

HURRAH FOR
BARNUM'S
LINE OF STAGES
For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half-past 8 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12, noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 2 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

S. BARNUM,
Proprietor.

C. HORTON, Agent, Belleville.
S. GUSTIN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1867. D68

REMOVAL.

N. MANN begs to notify the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to the Dafoe House Building, where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many more, who will favor him with their patronage.

Belleville, Dec. 27, 1867.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Messrs. WALLACE & FORDYCE, as Photographers, in the Town of Belleville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

(Signed.) D. J. WALLACE.
ED. FORDYCE.

Belleville, December 4th, 1867.

THE undersigned having purchased Mr. Fordyce's interest in the Gallery, will hereafter conduct the business on his own account. His long experience and thorough knowledge of the business will enable him to satisfy all who give him a call.

ROOMS.—Over Graham and Grainger's Store.

ENTRANCE.—Two doors South of Holden's Drug Store.

D. J. WALLACE.

Belleville, Dec. 4th, 1867. 185-ThST

Store-keepers! Farmers! And Others!
SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM THE IMPORTERS DIRECT.

The Montreal Tea Company,
6 Hospital Street, Montreal,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to the different parts of the country—and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

ROYAL HOTEL, QUEBEC, January 7, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

HOUSE OF SENATE, Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours &c.,

S. SKINNER.

QUEBEC, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of 30 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 55 cents was of excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for.

Yours respectfully, D. ANDERSON.

TORONTO, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The two chests of Tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton, one chest Fine Flavoured New Seasons Congou, at same price, viz.: at 55 cents per lb. yours, &c.,

JAMES EDGAR.

FELCOMB, December 23, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using, for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz.: at 75 cents per lb. Address as before.

Your obedient servant, JOHN T. DAY.

COBOURG, January 8, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box of 20 lbs. at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the "Medical Journal" have frequently declared that one half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substance, in 50, 25, 20, 15, and 12 lbs. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c.; 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do, 55c.; 60c., and 65c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 70c. Sound Oolong, 45c.; 50c.; Rich Flavored do., 60c.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Fine do., 50c., 55c.; Very Fine, 60c.; Finest, 65c., 75c.; Scented Orange Pekoe, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay Common, 38c.; Fine do., 45c.; Young Hyson, 50c.; 55c., 65c.; and 70c.; Fine do., 75c.; Very Fine, 85c.; Superfine and very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c.; Extra Superfine do., $1.

Orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality, and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c. to 70c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Teas will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by expressman, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of five chests and upwards.

All Boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL!

THE "DAILY NEWS,"
$6 00 per Annum, in advance.

JOHN LOVELL,
65 Printer and Publisher.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
MOIRA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Capital Stock, $100,000. Divided into 10,000 Shares.

WORKING CAPITAL, $15,000.

HORACE YEOMANS, Esq., President. ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., Treasurer.
B. S. GILBERT, Esq., Secretary. J. G. SHURTZ, Esq., Superintendent.

MERCHANTS' BANK, Bankers. DEAN & GILBERT, Solicitors.

DIRECTORS:

HORACE YEOMANS, of Flint & Yeomans, Belleville.
ANDREW THOMSON, Banker, Belleville.
W. W. DEAN, Master in Chancery, Belleville.
JOHN G. SHURTZ, Superintendent.
JAMES LISTER, M.D., Belleville.
JAMES W. CARMAN, American, Consul, Belleville.
BARTON S. GILBERT, of Dean & Gilbert, Barristers, Belleville.

THIS COMPANY is duly Incorporated under Cap. 23, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the purpose of working the mineral veins upon *sixteen* acres of Lot No. 19, in the fifth concession of Madoc, (the Richardson Mine being No. 18 in the same concession.)

A shaft has been sunk to the depth of nine feet in the rock. At six feet a gold-bearing lode was struck, of 18 inches in width, which at nine feet has increased to 2½ feet, and a crushing at Gilbert & Turley's mill of four and one-half tons of the rock, gave a yield of over fifty-six dollars in gold; the lode is clearly defined, and evidently extends the whole length of the property—52 rods.

The territory is admirably situated for mining purposes, being a high ridge covered with indications of mineral veins. There are numerous places on the land fully as promising as the one on which the shaft has been sunk, and which would unquestionably yield as well. The large quantity of land, and the prospects of other gold-bearing veins, make it certain that the Company will be able to subdivide the property as soon as a little further development has been made, and form other Companies at great advantage.

Work is being vigorously prosecuted in the shaft, under the superintendence of JOHN G. SHURTZ, Esq., one of the Directors, who is largely interested in the proprietary of the mine, and who has had thirteen years' practical experience in the gold mines of California and Nevada, and is unquestionably the most accomplished quartz miner now in this country.

It is intended to have a further crushing in a few days, and negotiations are in progress which, if carried out, will secure a mill to the Company at once, so that regular work will be gone on with without delay, and dividends may, in that case, be expected in a short time.

Belleville, Jan. 27th, 1868. 228d-tf

India and China Tea Company.
HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or $1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb. Finest procurable, $1.00.
Protected by Trade Mark.

☞ Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.
August 16th, 1867. D90-1y w27-1y

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO.
OF CANADA.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
INCORPORATED 1849.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - - TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., President, LEWIS MOFFATT, Esq., Vice-President.
HON. MALCOLM CAMERON, C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq., GEORGE CHAFFEY, Esq., A. T. FULTON, Esq., H. S. HOWLAND, Esq., A. R. McMASTER, Esq., W. J. McDONELL, Esq., J. McGILLES, Esq., A. M. SMITH, Esq.

SOLICITORS:—MESSRS. DUGGAN & BURNS.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on every description of property.

MARINE INSURANCES—Inland and to the Lower Ports, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the West Indies, and by steam vessels to Europe.

Rates as moderate as any other respectable Insurance Company.

F. McANNANY, Esq., Agent, Belleville. JAS. SIDNEY CROCKER, Manager.
November 12, 1867. 30w6m-165d6m

BELLEVILLE
AGRICULTURAL WORKS
AND
IRON FOUNDRY
WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Threshing Machines,
STRAW CUTTERS,
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,
Iron and Steel Ploughs,
Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-tf

MORTGAGE SALE.

UNDER power of sale contained in a mortgage made the 28th day of October, 1863, between William Donovan, of Belleville, Grocer, and the Hon. John Ross, there will be sold for default of payment of mortgage money, on

Thursday, the 5th day of March,

1868, at TWELVE o'clock, NOON, by M. NULTY, at his auction rooms in the Town of Belleville, the following valuable property, viz.: Lot number eighteen, on the East side of Sidney Street, as laid down on a plan of survey of Lots numbers one and two, in the second Concession of the Township of Thurlow, in the County of Hastings, made by Henry A. F. McLeod, Esq., P. L. S., and registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings, on the 28th day of October, A. D. 1863.

The said lot number eighteen, contains ten acres of land more or less. It is fenced and otherwise improved.

For terms of sale and other particulars, enquire of JAMES ROSS, Esq., or of the undersigned.

ROSS, BELL & HOLDEN,
Attorneys for Hon. John Ross.
Belleville, 5th Feb., 1868. 287-4tTh

ORANGE CERTIFICATES

FOR SALE at the INTELLIGENCER Office and Intelligencer Buildings, Front Street Belleville.

BRITISH PERIODICALS,

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review (Whig).
The Westminster Review (Liberal).
The North British Review (Free Church.)
AND
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory.)

THESE periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and Literature, and stand unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews, - - $4.00 per annum
For any two of the Reviews, - - 7.00 "
For any three of the Reviews, - - 10.00 "
For all four of the Reviews, - - 12.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine, - - 4.00 "
For Blackwood and one Review, - - 7.00 "
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews, - - 10.00 "
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews, - - 13.00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews, 15.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of *twenty per cent.* will be allowed to Clubs of four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to *one address* for $12.80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $48.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is Twenty-four cents a number. The rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums for New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, gratis, any *one* of the *Four Reviews* for 1867. New Subscribers to all five of the periodicals for 1868 may receive, gratis, Blackwood or any two of the "*Four Reviews*" for 1867.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1.50 a year for each or any Review; also, Blackwood for 1866 and 1867, for $2.50 a year, or the two years together for $4.00.

☞ Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to Clubs, nor reduced prices for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted *direct to the Publishers.*

No premiums can be given to Clubs.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING Co.,
140 Fulton St., N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE,

By HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1000 pages, and numerous Engravings.

Price $5 for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid, $6.

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the *AMERICAN (WALTHAM) WATCH* have given it such a wide world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago, imitated its style and printed its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found, to be furtively trade a base imitation under the name of the genuine article. It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our American Watches—except the lowest grade, marked bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. ROBBINS.

The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine Watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH Co.

APPLETON, TRACY & Co.

WALTHAM WATCH Co.

P. S. BARTLETT.

WM. ELLERY.

HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the General Superintendent,
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

GENTLEMEN.—The watches manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years by our engineers, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them a good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying your watches give us less trouble and have worn and do wear much longer without repair than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time so correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN.—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that Waltham watches are the most satisfactory of any for their uses. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have never known one to wear out, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer.
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto & Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS.
Nov. 2, 1867. 168-8m 40-8m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every afternoon (sundays excepted) and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of $5 a year if paid in advance, $6 otherwise. Mail subscribers $5 a year. $2 50 for 6 months; $1 50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgewater, Marmora and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the **Gold Regions,** and of matters generally transpiring there.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., &c., and in short, neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months	$ 5 00
Half Square, 3 months	$10 00
One Square, 6 months	$20 00
Two Squares, 6 months	$30 00
Four Squares, 6 months	$50 00
Notices of Births,	50
Do of Marriages,	50
Do of Deaths,	50

"BUSINESS NOTICES"—All matter under this heading, leaded or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of solid minion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements every two weeks.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion, and 2 cents for each additional insertion.

The Weekly Intelligencer

is published every Friday Morning at $2 per annum if called for at the Office, or sent by mail; and $2½ if delivered by the Carrier, payable in all cases in advance. When not paid until the close of the year, 50 cents will be added to each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, the number on our Subscription Books is **over 1,400.** With such a large and general circulation throughout this and adjoining Counties, the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed advantages to advertisers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Six lines and under, first insertion,	0 50
Each subsequent insertion,	0 12½
Above six lines (per line) first insertion	0 07
Each subsequent insertion per line,	0 02

☞ "BUSINESS NOTICES"—10 cents per line each insertion, measured as solid minion.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to insure their appearance.

All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

The Intelligencer Job Office

is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the county.

The DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER can be had at the Book Stores in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at El Dorado.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

M. BOWELL,
INTELLIGENCER BUILDING, } *Publisher*
Front Street, Belleville. }

Daily Intelligencer.

Let there be Harmony in things Essential—Liberality in things not Essential—Charity in all.

Vol. 1. BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, FRIDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 28, 1868. No. 256.

Montreal Business Directory.

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal.

DEPARTMENTS.

Braces,	Knitted Woolens,
Braids,	Laces,
Brushes and Combs,	Ladies Collars and Sets,
Buttons,	Straw Goods,
Corsets,	Small Wares in great
Elastics,	variety,
Felt Hats,	Threads,
Gent's Collars and Ties,	Trimmings & Ornaments
Hosiery and Gloves,	Umbrellas,
Velvet Ribbons, &c.	

HOOP SKIRTS.—our own Manufacture. 156-6m

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware Manufacturers,
MONTREAL.

KILN PLATES
AND
CASTINGS for BREWERIES.

Any parties about putting up new kilns for

MALT OR OATMEAL
will do well to correspond with the above.
156-6m.

BURROWS & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobaccos, &c., &c.,
416 St. Paul St., Montreal.

☞Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 156-3m

PEAVEY & MARCH,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions,
And everything usually sold in a first class Grocery.
No. 244 Notre Dame Street, a few doors West St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

☞Every article warranted to be as represented or may be returned. Goods sent to any part of the City Free of Charge. 156-6m

HUNTER, DUFFY & JOHNSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
20 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 156-6m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, Proprietor,
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 11y-8m

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
St. Paul Street, Montreal.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, Collins Wharf, Halifax.

Premises—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.

Advances—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 38d-6m-W6m

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
273 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.

Maps, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Heads, Bills of Lading, Blank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards, in any number of colors. Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 27D6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c., &c., &c.,
25 Hospital St., MONTREAL,

OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and

ON AS GOOD TERMS

as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.
July 27, 1867. 74d.

QUEEN
INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL, - - - - $10,000,000.
FIRE and LIFE.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.

The principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers.—One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to **Ten per Cent.** of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management

Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in 1868, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.

M. BOWELL,
Dr. CANNIFF, *Intelligencer Office.*
Medical Referee *Agent.*
May, 1867. 4D-6mo.

Montreal Business Directory.

Frothingham & Workman,
MONTREAL.

Importers, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.

Warehouse and Offices 395 to 399, St. Paul St.

Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c. May 1st. 1d-6m

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M. D.,
Consulting and Analytical Chemist,
630 Lagauchetiere Street, Montreal.

☞At home for consultation before 10 A. M., between 2 and 3, and after 6 P. M.

Fees for Analysis,—$5 a metal, payable in advance. 156-6m

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
303 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

☞Every description of Jewelry manufactured from gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 29d6m

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant.
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

Agent for Walter Evans & Co. Sewing and Knitting Cottons, Derby and J. M. Perry & Co.'s Gray's Patent Linen Fibre Collarss, Nottingham, England. 1d-6m

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER.
OFFICE: Corner of St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.

References—Robertson & Beattie, Robert Esdaile, Esq., Jas Turner, Esq. 31D3m

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT
And Commission Merchants,
29 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street,
MONTREAL. 1D-6m

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant,
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods. 1D-6m

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 329 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 28b6m

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.

The attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.

E. MUIR,
Chemist and Druggist,
Place D'Armes, Montreal.
28b6m

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McCUAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
Office—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and St. Common Street, Canal Wharf,
MONTREAL.

☞Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and all or Produce, and purchase of Merchandise. 29p6m

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
100 Grey Nuns Street, Montreal,
HAVE FOR SALE—

Boiler Tubes,	Drain Pipes,
Gas Tubes,	Roman Cement,
Horse Nails,	Water Lime,
Paints and Putty,	Portland Cement,
Fire Bricks,	Paving Tiles,
Fire Clay,	Garden Vases,
Flue Covers.	Chimney Tops, &c.

☞Manufacturers of AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR and BED SPRINGS. 24D6m

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.

Liberal advances made on consignments to ourselves, or for shipment to our friends in Great Britain and the Lower Port.
May 31st, 1867. 27D6m

A. ROBERTSON & Co,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Manties, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosier, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Clothes, Canadian Woollens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons, Prints, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Muslins.
479 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St.,
MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro', C. W. 179-6m

Important to Miners and
MINING MEN.

JOHNS' Patent Water-Proof Safety Fuse for Wet Ground and Submarine Blasting, is much cheaper than any other, and pronounced by Mining men much better than any imported.

Testimonials received from men well known in the mining and quarrying business of Canada and the United States; from Messrs. Morrill & Colby, Bennets, Wiswell, Macfarland, Adams, Watson, Griffith, Wearn, and others.

☞All orders promptly attended to.

Address JOHNS & Co.,
156-3m Sherbrooke, Q.

TERRAPIN RESTAURANT

CHARLES PAPINEAU,

Begs to inform the public that he has opened the Terrapin Restaurant, in Coleman's Building, next door to Dr. Coleman's Drug Store, and he has fitted it up in first-class style, with every convenience. He will keep constantly on hand the best Ale and Porter, and the purest brands of Liquors.

☞Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c., always on hand.

Belleville, Oct. 16, 1867. 142-tf

CONCER BROS.

Feeling thankful for the very liberal patronage given them for the past year, beg to remind their customers and the public that having thoroughly

REFITTED THEIR STORE!

are now opening a well assorted stock of FRESH TEAS, SUGARS, SPICES, CURRANTS, RAISINS, FIGS, &c.

Special attention is called to their fine assortment of

Jams, Jellies, Canned and Bottled FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.

R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER.
Nov. 13th, 1867. 1D1y

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,

Under Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the

Canadian & United States Mails.

1867—Summer Arrangements.—1867.

Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.

Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.

This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undernoted First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double-Engine Iron Steamships:—

AUSTRIAN,	2700 Tons.	Capt. Aird.
NESTORIAN,	2700 "	Lt. Dutton, R.N.R.
MORAVIAN,	2650 "	Capt. Wylie.
PERUVIAN,	2600 "	Capt. Ballantine.
HIBERNIAN,	2434 "	Capt. Brown.
NOVA SCOTIAN,	2300 "	Capt. Allan.
NORTH-AMERICAN,	1734 "	Capt. Kerr.
BELGIAN	2434 "	Capt. Grange.
DAMASCUS,	1609 "	Capt. Watts.

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL every THURSDAY, and from PORTLAND every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)

The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from PORTLAND as undernoted, viz:—

NOVA SCOTIAN,	Saturday, 22nd Feb.
PERUVIAN,	Saturday, 29th "
NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 7th March.
BELGIAN,	Saturday, 14th "
AUSTRIAN,	Saturday, 21st "
HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 28th "

Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway:—

CABIN, - - - - $80 20 to $90 20
(according to accommodation.)
STEERAGE, - - - - $32 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.

Berths not secured until paid for.

For particulars, apply to

J. W. THOMPSON, Agent,
Canadian Express Office,
27D3m-16W1y Belleville.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
For 1868.

THE CHEAPEST OF LADIES' MAGAZINES,
BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST.

THE friend of woman, the arbiter of fashion, the encourager and publisher of the best literature of the day, the pattern from which all others copy.

READING MATTER.

In this there will be an improvement. The volume for 1868 will be set up with new-faced type, and of a size that will enable us to give an additional quantity of reading matter amounting to about twelve pages in each number.

BEAUTIFUL STEEL PLATES.

Of these the Lady's Books contain, *fourteen* each year, superior (we challenge comparison) to any published in this country, either in book or periodical.

THE LITERATURE OF THE LADY'S BOOK,
MARION HARLAND,
Authoress of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Moss Side," "Nemesis," and "Marian,"

who contributes to no other monthly publication, will furnish a new novel for 1868, called "Phemie Rowland," that will run through the year. Her stories are universally sought after, and as they are copyrighted, can be found nowhere but in Godey. Our former efficient corps of writers has also been retained.

OUR FASHION PLATES.

The original double fashion-plates will be continued Model Cottages.—The only magazine in this country that gives these designs is the Lady's Book.

Drawing Lessons.—In this we are alone at home.

Original Music.—Godey's is the only magazine in which music prepared expressly for it appears.

We have also a Children's, a Horticultural, and a Health department.

GODEY'S INVALUABLE RECEIPTS

upon every subject, for the Boudoir, Nursery, Kitchen, House, and Laundry.

Tinted Engravings.—This is a series of engravings that no one has attempted but ourselves.

Ladies' Fancy Work Department.—Some of the designs in this department are printed in colors in a style unequalled.

Terms for 1868.

One copy, one year, - - - - -	$3 00
Two copies, one year, - - - - -	5 50
Three copies, one year, - - - - -	7 50
Four copies, one year, - - - - -	10 00
Five copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making six copies - - - - -	14 00
Eight copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making nine copies - - - - -	21 00
Eleven copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making twelve copies - - - - -	27 60

Godey's Lady's Book and Arthur's Home Magazine will be sent one year on receipt of $4 50.

Godey's Lady's and The Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $3 50.

Godey's Lady's Book, Arthur's Home Magazine, and Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $5 00.

☞Canada subscribers must send 24 cents additional for every subscription to the *Lady's Book*, and 12 cents for either of the other magazines, to pay the American postage.

How to Remit.—In remitting by mail, a Post Office Order or a Draft, *payable to the Order of L. A. Godey*, is preferable to bank notes, as should the Order or Draft be lost or stolen, it can be rescued without loss to the sender. If a Post Office Order cannot be procured, send United States or National Bank notes.

Address L. A. GODEY,
N. E. Corner Sixth and Chestnut Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

BLANK NOTES,

Bound in Books containing 100, 50 and 25 notes each, printed on fine paper, for sale at the *Intelligencer* Office.

Belleville Business Directory.

Macclellan & Macclellan,
Solicitors in Chancery and Insolvency Attornies-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c., &c. Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Ross, Bell & Holden,
Barristers, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville.
Hon. Jno. Ross. John Bell. Thos. Holden
1D6m Wtf

Diamond & Dickson,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c.
Office:—Neilson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
A. Diamond, Geo. D. Dickson.
1D-Wtf

A. R. Dougall,
Barrister, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.
Office over Overell's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.

Robertson & Stewart,
Barristers and Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office,—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street.
Alex. Robertson. D. E. K. Stewart.
1D6m-Wtf

Legate & Price,
Bakers, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1D6m-Wtf

Geo. H. Raymes,
Hatter and Furrier, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs.
1D6m-Wtf

McLeod & Carre,
Engineers, Provincial Land Surveyors, Architects, Draughtsmen and Patent Solicitors, 153½ Front Street, Belleville. 1D

Pitcathly & Kelso,
Importers and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Law Partnership.

The undersigned have this day entered into co-partnership under the name of Jellett & Bleasdell. Office—Corner of Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville.
R. P. JELLETT.
8th October, 1867. J. H. T. BLEASDELL.

Forrest & Lozo's
Royal Photograph Gallery, Lazier's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 22Dtf

T. Lockerty,
Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 22D3m

Ponton, Falkiner & Denmark
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

Angus McFee,
Watchmaker and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellry and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1D6m

John Wilson,
Baker and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street, Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled.
1D6m

J. W. Brown,
Merchant Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

Geo. Gibson,
Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1D6m

J. C. Vapor,
Merchant Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

To Gold Miners

You will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Swedes iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. WM. POWELL.
1D6m

McKeown & Robertson,
Manufacturers and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

ALLSOP'S ALE,
Guiness' Stout,
Blood's Porter!!
IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT
1D6m HAMBLY'S.

BILL HEADS.

And all other kinds of Job Printing, executed with neatness and despatch at the Intelligencer Office, Front Street, Belleville.

The Cry for Repeal.

CHARACTER OF ITS AUTHORS—STRONG LANGUAGE OF THE UNION PRESS.

The Halifax *Reporter* says: The Repeal Meetings were poor and seedy things from the first, but of late they have become perfectly ridiculous. The meeting at Truro was a farce. Colchester is sick and tired of the knaves who cheated and bribed her into the unspeakable folly of rejecting one of the best men in British America. To-day she would return Adams G. Archibald with a round 500 of a majority. But she must be satisfied with her snivelling McLean, her stupid and boisterous Morrison, and her conceited ass of a Chambers.

The Truro meeting was eclipsed by one held at Brooklyn, Hants, when the lead was taken by Otter Wicks and William Chambers! Mr. Howe was present and to his credit be it said, he objected to the absurd resolutions passed. Chambers moved something to the effect that Archibald, Tupper, McCuil, and one or two more traitors. Poor impudent knave! What is he that he should talk thus of gentlemen who have more honor, honesty, and patriotism in their little fingers than fifty thousand men like William Chambers have in their whole souls. Hants has come to a pretty pass when moral wrecks like Chambers and Weeks can carry a resolution against some of the foremost men in British America. Characteristically they stabbed in the back the men they hate.—This same Chambers and this same Weeks would crawl and cringe on their knees in the dust to receive the favorable notice of Archibald or Tupper.

We should think it high time "Repeal" were thrown overboard when its championship all over the country has passed into the hands of rowdies and "empty-headed adventurers" who have nothing to lose, but who might gain something by any change. *The Chronicle*, without a blush, brings forward the resolutions drafted and pressed by such characterless, ignorant, and impudent "fellows of the baser sort," as Chambers and Weeks, and call such trash "public opinion!" It is high time for Mr. Howe and the respectable portion of the Repealers to cut themselves clear of this nasty act. Go where you will, the very cream of the population keep aloof from "Repeal." The movement is left in the hands of professional agitators, or of drivelling upstarts who crave for notoriety. Most of these fellows who are so anxious to save the country from Archibald and Tupper, are persons who have never distinguished themselves except for the baseness of their conduct. It is for that such characters should be the only ones to launch men of whom the country is justly proud.

New Brunswick.

A St. John, N. B., paper says that at another influential meeting on the Tariff, the meeting was unanimous that a representation be made to the Privy Council to the following effect:

THE TARIFF.

That the duties on sugar—yellow, Muscovado, and clayed—be one per cent. per pound, and fifteen per cent. *ad valorem*. The duties on the higher grades of sugar to remain the same as at present.

That the duty on molasses be reduced to two cents per gallon and ten per cent. *ad valorem*.

That no duties be imposed on breadstuffs of any kind.

That printing paper and type be admitted duty free.

It was also moved and agreed that it is inexpedient to impose postage on newspapers. There were two dissenting voices to this resolution, and a slight irregular discussion on the subject took place between Mr. Willis, editor of the *News*, Mr. Snider, and Mr. Stymest.

Committees were appointed to report generally on certain branches of trade, not only as to the remission of duties and the best means of meeting the deficiency thus produced, but also as to the restrictions and hindrances which the new tariff imposes.

REDUCTION OF THE NUMBER OF MEMBERS.

The St. John *Globe* contains the following: Mr. Keans has a Bill before the House to reduce the number of members to thirty-one, instead of having it at its present figure, forty-one. Of course, a reduction in the number of the Government must follow. An executive of five members in a House of thirty-one would be large enough, and we do not want nine members of Government now. They can find nothing to do. The office of the Postmaster General expired with Confederation. That of Solicitor General has been given up by the gentleman who held it, for fear his want of work would kill him—politically. This reduces the number to seven. The two members without office might be dismissed. Or, what is better, one of these might be sent out, and the offices of Surveyor General and Commissioner of Public works amalgamated, and one salary saved. This would make five, which is quite enough for this Province.

—Queen Victoria relates how she sat down on a wasp's nest in the Highlands.

Armour Plating.

At Portsmouth on the 28th Jan. a trial of armour-plating and guns took place on board the "Thunderer" target-ship in Porchester creek, in the upper waters of Portsmouth harbour. The plate was from the rolling mills of Messrs. John Brown & Co., Atlas steel and Iron Works, and was no less than 10 inches in thickness by 13 feet in length and 3 feet 9 inches in breadth.—It was selected as a "test" plate from a score of plates manufactured by Messrs. Brown for the central broadside armour of the turret-ship "Monarch," 5,100 tons, 1,100 horse power, building at Chatham. The plate was bolted on to a wooden backing of upwards of four feet in thickness, supported by iron and oaken beam struts of immense strength. The gun was the ordinary test gun of 25cwt. 68 smooth-bore, but on this occasion fired with 16lb in lieu of the ordinary 13lb of powder. The distance between the muzzle of the gun and the face of the armour-plate was 25 feet. Nine shots were fired, and all struck the plate within a square space of 36 inches. The greatest indention made was only 1·7in., and the least 1·5in. No cracks, surface or otherwise. The trial, indeed, gave the plate an extraordinary degree of credit. It was the first 10 inch plate tried on board the "Thunderer;" but, in comparison with a series of 8 inch and 9 inch plates previously tested on board, its resisting powers to the impact of shot was very much in excess of what was simply due to its exceptional thickness. The plate is now being taken down from its backing on board the "Thunderer," and will be sent round to Shoeburyness, where it will be further experimentally tested with the 10 inch rifled gun and maximum charges of powder.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West,	7.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West,	8.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going West,	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train,	6.30 P. M.
Noon Express going East,	12.08 P. M.
Night Express going East,	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East,	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train,	9.30 P. M.

Montreal Time.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, FRIDAY, FEB. 28.

THE BLOCKADE REMOVED.—The blockade on the Grand Trunk Railway, west, is at length removed, and to-day at noon, the first train from Toronto since Monday, arrived with passengers and mails. The mail matter, as may be imagined, was somewhat extensive, it taking about an hour and a half to sort the mails at the Belleville Post-office. The Toronto papers report the Great Western Railway opened to Hamilton, and the Grand Trunk west of Toronto comparatively clear, but the Northern Railway was still blocked up.

DIAMOND CUT DIAMOND.—The town council of Port Hope petitioned the government to appoint a police-magistrate, representing that the town had the necessary population, and nominated Mr. David Marshall. The Government granted the magistracy, but gave it to Mr. D. Bethune. The town council got angry, and now declare they will not pay his salary, as the town has not the required number of inhabitants to warrant the Ministry in appointing a police-magistrate.

QUO WARRANTO.—Dr. Mostyn, Deputy Reeve elect for the township of Ramsay, has been unseated on account of not being sufficiently assessed on the last revised assessment roll for the Township of Ramsay to qualify him to hold the office. Upon hearing the argument the Judge decided that the Defendant was not qualified, and ordered him to pay costs, but as notice of the defendants disqualification was not given at the nomination, ordered a writ to issue forthwith to unseat Dr. Mostyn and for a new election.

THE MONTREAL ELECTION.—The Municipal Election for Montreal commenced on Wednesday, and will terminate on Saturday. More than usual interest has been manifested abroad in the result of the Mayoralty election, on account of the sectional, religious, and political issues involved, and it will be gratifying to every lover of law and order to know that a very decisive vote was given in Mr. Workman's favor the first day. The vote stood: Workman, 1,210; Beaudry, 618; majority for Workman, 592. It is probable that this majority will be much increased.

EARTHQUAKE IN MONTREAL.—The Montreal *Gazette* records a shock of an earthquake in that city, which was felt at five minutes past 12 o'clock on Tuesday night. The *Gazette* says:—"It was accompanied by a loud noise, as of the galloping of heavy waggons or artillery trains. Our informant describes it as the noise and sensation that would be caused by a railway train in a tunnel. It caused great alarm in many households; awoke numbers of people out of their sleep, and very much alarmed the dogs, who set up a serious howling and barking. The noise and vibration lasted three or four seconds. Our own office was sufficiently seriously shaken. Outside the city in the village of Cote des Neiges, the shock was felt in the same way and at the same time."

—Dickens has made sixty thousand dollars thus far.

Nova Scotia.

The Montreal *Gazette* furnishes the latest news from Halifax. On the 26th the Nova Scotia Legislature adjourned to August sixth. Instead of passing the customary grants of money for public service, the Lieutenant Governor has been empowered to draw such sums as may be necessary to meet the more pressing demands. The two resolutions on repeal, last moved by the Attorney-General, were subsequently expunged, and do not appear in the address. These resolutions were of a character which were offensively worded, and denies the right of the Imperial Parliament to pass the Confederation Act, without the consent of the people of Nova Scotia, intimating that consent could only be given through the people direct, and that Parliament had no right to speak for them.

A writer in the *Chronicle* (Annand's paper) gives the following statement:—

The Dominion Government takes our entire revenue collected under this tariff, yielding $1,761,210
And pays on our account the following sums:

Debt of $8,000,000 at 6 per ct.	$480,000
Subsidy	324,000
Governor and Judges	33,050
Militia	88,000
Post Office	65,000
Revenue Expenses	70,575
Steam Packets	5,000
Lighthouse	1,200
Distressed Seamen	200
Lighthouse Service	50,000
Schr. Daring and Sable Island	5,000
Penitentiary	16,000
	1,138,715

Leaving the enormous sum of ..... $622,495 as an annual loss to the Province, and fully justifies and confirms all the predictions that we have made with reference to its injurious operation in every branch of our commercial industry.

This is a statement likely to deceive those who have not the power, nor the means to investigate the whole question of union between Nova Scotia and the other Provinces. The figures given may be correct, so far as they go; but it will be observed that no mention is made of the large sums that the Dominion Parliament is paying and will continue to pay on the Railroads which are now being built, and the interest which will accrue on the money borrowed to construct the Intercolonial Railway. In 1866, Nova Scotia had a deficiency in her ordinary receipts and expenditures of $183,307, and if we add the sums paid out that year for Railways, and Provincial Notes, of $836,916, it makes a total deficiency of $1,044,223, the actual sum expended over receipts for that year. Add to this the extra amount which Nova Scotia would have had to pay, for the building of her Railways, and her proportion of the interest on the Intercolonial, had union not taken place; and what would have been the result? An increased tariff, much higher than the present Dominion tariff. It is by such suppressions of facts, that the great majority of the people of Nova Scotia have been deceived.

Newfoundland.

The Newfoundland Legislature was opened on the 30th ult. In the speech the Governor says:—

"It would be for you to consider on "what terms you would regard a union "with the other provinces as expedient. "After the expression of such an opinion, "I should be prepared to submit the "question to the decision of the constituencies."

As soon as the speech was published, a large meeting was held at St. Johns, and a number of resolutions, pretty strongly worded, passed, deprecating the intention of the Government to introduce the subject of Confederation in the present session, affirming that it would be inexpedient and detrimental to Newfoundland's interests to enter into Confederation on any terms whatever, while the Dominion is distracted with financial and other troubles and Nova Scotia seeking secession, and recommending that no appeal in anticipation of the elections of 1869 be made to the people.

A petition, with 1800 names, embodying these sentiments, was presented to the House. The debate on the Speech occupied three days, when the reply was passed. It contains the following paragraph:

"With regard to the important question "of Union with the new Dominion, we "accept your Excellency's suggestion with "the assurance of our desire to adopt such "measures as may, to the best of our "judgment, be calculated to promote the "welfare and interests of the people of "this colony."

The subsequent action in the House on the petition shewed that a majority of the members were unfavorable to any action being taken on the matter of Union.

The St. Johns *Chronicle* says:—"It is now felt in this community that Confederation in this colony is dead on the matter of Union."

Several Radical members who had voted for the impeachment of the President actually attended his reception at the White House on Monday, thus becoming his guests.—Exchange.

Radicalism is the same all over. We know of certain Radicals who take special delight in abusing in the most disgraceful manner their political opponents, but when they want a favor they are as sweet as honey.

Ontario Legislature.

On Monday, Feby. 24th, Mr. Cumberland introduced a Bill to establish municipal institutions at Algoma.

The Bayham debentures were legalized, and a Bill introduced to change the name of the Collegiate Institute of London to that of Hellmuth College.

The Port Whitby Railway, the Toronto and Nipissing Railway, and the Grand River Navigation Company's Bills were advanced a step.

The resolutions to provide for a correct registration of births, marriages and deaths were postponed until next session.

Mr. Cumberland moved for the appointment of a Select Committee, to revise the rules, so as to compel parties applying for Railway incorporations to lay before the Railway Committee certain outlines of the intentions of such parties.

After some discussion, the Dentistry Bill was again referred to a Select Committee composed of Messrs. Blake, Lount, McGill, Baxter, Rykert, Boulter, and Attorney General McDonald.

The Continuation of Acts Bill was passed.

The Bill in reference to Sheriff's Writs was read a second time and referred to a Select Committee.

The Bill providing for the organization of the Territorial District of Muskoka, was read a second time.

The Bill respecting the Inspection of Prisons and Asylums was read a third time. In this Bill the salary of the Inspector is fixed at $2,000, including mileage.

Mr. Rykert moved the Bill amending the Municipal Act, upon which a long discussion took place. The clause giving the franchise to young men receiving $600 per annum, was struck out. The franchise was fixed at $500 in cities; $300 in Towns; and $200 in incorporated Villages and Townships. The clause providing for disqualification on account of Insolvency, and giving power to declare the seat vacant and order a new election, was carried.

On Tuesday, the House was principally occupied in discussing the supplementary estimates, the debate being confined almost altogether to the item of $32,100 for the Colleges. It is impossible to-day to give even a synopsis of the discussion, which, judging from a hasty glance at the report, must have been an exceedingly interesting one. The item of $11,000 towards facilitating the transport of passengers and freight by steamer between Collingwood and Fort William, also created some discussion. Both were carried.

On Wednesday, the Municipal Bill was read a third time and passed. An amendment by Mr. Currie, to the effect that the erection of Houses of Industry should not be made compulsory on municipalities, but should instead be made permissive, was adopted on a division of 45 to 28. An amendment, extending the suffrage to persons having salaries of $600 or upwards, was negatived by a vote of 47 to 27. An amendment striking out "Division Court Clerks" from the list of persons disqualified to act as Municipal Councillors, was carried. Mr. Christie moved that the Bill be re-committed, with instructions to expunge section 39 of the Bill, which provided that members of the police force should not attend any secret society meetings while members of the police force. This motion was negatived by a vote of 39 to 31. An amendment moved by Mr. Graham, seconded by Dr. Boulter, empowering corporations to dispose of mineral rights to the roads over which such corporation had jurisdiction, was carried. Some discussion took place upon the appointment of a committee to consider the advisability of memorializing the Dominion Government to impose a duty on saw-logs, shingles, &c., manufactured in this Province. Several Bills were read a second and third time.

—At the last tea sale in Montreal prices were so unsatisfactory that only about 1,000 packages were placed.

—A Detroit barber last Monday shaved four men in ten minutes on a wager. The condition of the victims is not stated.

—Prussia has decided upon the construction of two entrenched camps—one near the mouth of the Weser, and the other on the Moselle.

—Toronto papers announce the death of Major Helm, a distinguished Southerner, who rendered material aid to Southern cause during the late war.

—Two illicit stills were recently seized near Quebec and confiscated. There are several more in the same locality, which are "wanted" by the Revenue officers.

—Hon. George Pemberton, formerly member of the Legislative Council of the Province of Canada, and of the Legislative and Executive Councils of Lower Canada, died last Friday, aged 73.

The Ottawa *Times* of the 27th inst. says: Mr. Sandford Fleming has arrived at Ottawa from Nova Scotia, with his plans of location survey made by him of the part of the Intercolonial Railway running through that Province to Truro, whence the railway is already constructed to Halifax. This survey now completed, was made under instructions from the General Government, issued early in July last. We believe an extremely favorable line has been found across the Lobequid mountains, considering the difficulties which exist in that quarter. The plans are now before the Government, and the construction of this portion of the railway may be proceeded with as soon as the season opens and the necessary preliminaries are arranged.

To the Editor of the Daily Intelligencer.

FROM EL DORADO.

EL DORADO, Feb. 25, 1868.

Nearly twelve months have elapsed since I became a naturalized citizen of the fair city of El Dorado, and having been here during the most of that period, I have watched with considerable interest the progress of things in this section, and now propose, with your permission, to give a synopsis of the actual position of affairs at the present day in the "Golden City of the North," together with whatever might be of importance respecting mining matters in the surrounding district.

El Dorado has not improved much, so far as the erection of new buildings or any other public improvements are concerned, although considerable business is still transacted in the place. During the winter, of course matters became somewhat dull throughout the mineral district, and its evil effects were immediately felt in El Dorado, as its trade depends on the miners and their employers. The principal part of the inhabitants residing at present in El Dorado are those miners connected with the different mines on the Moore hill, adjacent to the place. However, the drooping spirits of the worthy people of El Dorado are sustained by the strong hope that upon the approach of spring there will be good times for business, and lots of the precious metal in circulation, as many are expected to arrive here at that time to attend to the working of their claims. I must confess that some considerable improvement has been made of late in the hotel accommodation, and now a person can get every comfort which, considering the disadvantages of the locality, could be desired.

As I have mentioned before, with the exception of the working of the various shafts which were commenced previous to the setting in of winter, mining operations ceased entirely. Those mines which were sunk to a considerable depth below the surface were worked, and the crushing of their quartz kept the few crushing mills we have, pretty busy during the winter. I may also mention that the work for the construction of crushing mills has been vigorously prosecuted, which shows that good work is really meant as soon as the weather becomes favorable. The Gilbert & Turley mill continues to give satisfaction, and is now engaged in the crushing of quartz for the Richardson Mining Co. The new amalgamating process is likely to prove a complete success, as its working, so far, is very encouraging. The Richardson Mining Co.'s mill is still idle, in consequence of some slight imperfection in the amalgamating process, which it is expected will be corrected in a short time. The buildings connected with this mill are really very handsome. The Barry Mine crusher will be in working order in a day or two, and is expected to give satisfaction, as every precaution has been adopted to render it as nearly perfect as possible. Mr. H. G. Wyckoff, of Madoc, has the contract, and no doubt will finish his work well. I may also mention that the Wellington Mining Co. are busily engaged in the erection of a crushing mill, which is expected to be finished by the 1st of April. This mill is to have thirty stamps, and is to be constructed on the most approved principle. The Rose Mining Co. are also about taking steps to erect a crushing mill for the use of their mine, and I believe the Moorhead Union Mining Co. are also making preparations for the erection of a crushing mill. Although the winter has been some what dull, so far as mining operations are concerned, still a good deal of preparation is being made in the way of constructing crushing mills and organizing mining companies, in order to be in readiness when the weather sets fine to make the very rocks resound with the hammer and sledge.

During the winter too, a good deal of land has exchanged hands, and, indeed, at pretty fair prices, and now steps are being taken to arrange matters so as to enable the lucky owners to commence to develop their claims as soon as circumstances will permit.

In reference to the different mines now being worked in the Township of Madoc, I may refer to the celebrated Richardson Mine, which is, of course, the most important mine at present in these parts. This mine is now about eighty feet in depth, and if anything, the quartz is considerably richer at this depth than any yet found, which is, of course, very encouraging. The Gilbert & Turley crushing mill is about crushing twenty-five tons of quartz, which is taken indiscriminately, in order to give a fair test of the real value of the same.

The El Dorado Mining Company are progressing well. Sparling, the manager of the company, is getting some twenty tons of the quartz crushed at Gilbert & Turley's mill this week, and, in the meantime, I will refrain from pronouncing any opinion of the value of the quartz until after the result of the analysis is made known. However, I must say that heretofore the yields from this mine were really excellent.

The Royal Canadian Mining Company are succeeding well with their claim, which, I think, is second to none on the Moore Hill. The Directors of the company are about increasing the amount of their capital stock, and propose making a thorough reorganization of their company.

The Brantford and Goderich Mining Company are at present succeeding well with the development of their claim.

The Kootany Mining Company are also succeeding well.

The Wellington Mining Company are prosecuting the development of their claim with considerable amount of energy, having two tours of men who work alternately both day and night. Judging from some of the specimens which I have seen, and also from the result of different analysis of the quartz, I am satisfied that this mine will yield richly. The claim worked by this company is part of Lot No. 18, in the 5th concession of Madoc, so well known on account of the celebrated chancery suit of *Ross vs. Fox et. al.*, tried at Cobourg last spring. Mr. Fletcher is the superintendent of this company, and is well fitted for his station, having had some experience in mining matters.

The Rose Mining Company organized for the purpose of developing five acres, being part of Lot No. 19 in the 5th con. Madoc. The quartz of this mine looks well, and I believe upon being assayed has yielded exceedingly rich, considering the fact that they have only made a tunnel, a few feet as yet. Steps are being taken to have a quantity of quartz crushed as soon as possible.

The Merchant's Union Mining Company, of Madoc, deserves special notice on account of their success, notwithstanding the many obstacles with which they have had to contend. The property worked by this company is five acres of Lot No. 1, in the 5th concession of Madoc, and has been pronounced by all who have seen it to be really as promising in its mineral indications as any other property in Madoc. The various assays of the quartz of this mine have proved that they have a rich mine, and all that is necessary now is a little time and capital. I have seen in the possession of Mr. Stevens, who is the Managing Superintendent of the company, a nugget of gold worth, at least, eleven dollars, being the result of the analysis of a small quantity of quartz of this mine. Mr. Stevens deserves credit for his energy in disposing of so much stock in the company, which fact will enable them to commence the working of their claim as soon as the weather becomes favorable.

I believe also, that the different mines adjacent to the village of Madoc are being worked and good results obtained.

The Seymour Mine, owned by A. F. Wood, Esq., and others, promises well.

The Empire Mine, lately purchased by Mr. Patterson, of Belleville, is being worked day and night. The intention is to have a quantity of the quartz crushed as soon as possible, the result of which will be made known in due time

It is currently reported that gold has been discovered on the village property of Dr. Elmer, of Madoc, and no doubt, judging from the indications, that gold can be found on nearly every part of the hill on which this property is situated.

In reference to the mines of other Townships, I may say that I have visited Elzevir, and have been much pleased with the appearances of things there.

The well known Barry Mine is likely yet to be one of our richest mines. The work of excavation is rapidly progressing, and with the very best results. The mill which is erected expressly for the use of this mine, will be completed in a day or so.

I may also mention, with reference to the Eureka Mine, that the indications of the presence of the precious metal in this mine are unmistakable, and I am satisfied that this mine will yet turn out to be very rich. The mine is not working now, but I believe an assay was made of some of the quartz the other day by Dr. Orway, and the results proved well. This property is owned by Messrs. Davis & Co., of your Town.

Matters are beginning to look much better in this dreary region, and from present appearances we all anticipate lively times as soon as the spring sets in, which, I can assure you, is very much desired. Hoping I have not trespassed too much on your time, I beg to subscribe, yours, &c.,

A CITIZEN OF EL DORADO.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—The *Herald's* London special says of the meeting at St. James' Hall on Tuesday evening: Many sympathizers with the cause of Republican Government in the United States attended, and the hall was crowded. John Bright, with many other members of Parliament, Rev. Newman Hall and other well-known personages were present. Mr. Bright occupied the chair. He spoke strongly in favor of the United States and the government, policy and power of the American people, and of England's duty and the necessity of cultivating and maintaining friendly relations with them. If, he said, the British Government and the English press had acted rightly and prudently during the progress of the late war in America, no power on earth could have alienated the two nations in feeling or separated them in interest. Mr. Bright, in conclusion, expressed his firm belief that all prominent questions of apparent difficulty now pending between the two countries would be amicably settled. Rev. Newman Hall followed. He stated the nature and probable extent of the Alabama claims in full and explicit terms to the audience, showing that England was completely in the wrong. He said that although the people of the United States waited and appeared to postpone the matter, the Alabama claims would inevitably lead to war unless the bill was paid. He would advise settlement by arbitration. The Rev. gentleman concluded his address with a powerful appeal to the people of England and America to affirm and maintain a perpetual peace, in the interests of universal civilization. Mr. Hall resumed his seat amid loud cheers. The following resolution was proposed: "Resolved, That this meeting expresses the most hearty good-will towards America, and pledges itself to support any Government at home in its efforts to create a righteous and pacific settlement of all international differences, and more especially of those connected with the Alabama claims question." The resolution was adopted unanimously amid loud cheers, and with every person in the hall standing.

LONDON, February 28, 11:15 a. m.—Consols 93¼ to 93 for money; 93 for account; Bonds 71¾.

LONDON, February 28, 1:20 p. m.—Consols 93 for money and account; Erie 44¼.

LIVERPOOL, February 28, 11:15 a. m.—Cotton dull; Uplands on spot 9¾d; do afloat 9¾d; Orleans 9¾d; stock 292,000 bales, of which 159,000 are American. Breadstuffs and Provisions quiet; Lard 61s; Refined Petroleum 1s 3d; Sugar 25s.

LIVERPOOL, February 28, 1:20 p. m.—Cotton heavy and declined ⅛d. Breadstuffs dull; Corn heavy and declined 3d. Wheat—10s for White California 14s 3d 14s 6d; Wheat—10s for White California 14s 3d 14s 6d; Red Western; Lard 61s 6d; Bacon for No. 2 Red Western; Lard 61s 6d; Bacon 42s; Tallow 43s 6d.

PARIS, Feb. 28, 11:15 a. m.—Bourse heavy; Rentes very weak. In the Bank of France the bullion has increased 18,000,000 francs.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 28.—The steamer "Java," from New York, has arrived.

American Despatches.

PHILADELPHIA, February 27.—A large meeting of the Constitutional Union party was held here this evening and adopted a resolution to appoint a committee of fifty to visit Washington and ask Congress not to proceed with the impeachment.

CINCINNATTI, February 27.—Patrick Ross who some eight years ago murdered a lady of rank in Ireland, and for whom the British government offered 750 pounds sterling reward, was arrested in this city a few days ago. To-day he attempted suicide by cutting his throat and will probably die.

A fire this morning consumed the chemical works of Gordon & Co. Loss $60,000.

NEW YORK, February 27, evening.—Washington special telegrams state that rumors state that Stanton will resign to-morrow.

NEW YORK, February 28.—*A Herald's* special from Mexico city of the 19th, says, a conspiracy had been discovered to assassinate President Juarez and rob the Treasury department. Several foreigners had been arrested with Lieut.-Col. Estare, who was on duty with other officers. A pronunciation of the officers of the 7th Regiment failed, also the assassination scheme, which was to have been carried out at the theatre. The whole affair was planned by two Mexicans now in Havanna.

NEW YORK, February 28.—The *Herald's* Havana special says: Concerning the English loan proposition of Messrs. Kobbe, Lulling, & Co., of Manses, to Captain General Lersurdi. The offer has been accepted. The interest on the loan to be at 7 per cent., and the repayment of the loan to take place within twenty years, in annual payments of $1,000,000.

HAVANNA, February 27.—Advices from St. Domingo state that a commission had been sent to Curaccoa to receive President Baze. Up to the 19th of February there had been 160 deaths from cholera in St. Domingo. It is reported that the Mexican treasurer was buying in English and Spanish claims, but ignoring American demands. Though these proceedings were against Romeo, who was powerless to prevent them.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 27.—Late advices from the northern coast says the winter has been the severest since 1843. At camp Harney during January, the thermometer marked from 27 to 28 degrees below zero. Great numbers of horses, sheep, and cattle are dying from disease.

NEW YORK, February 28.—The *Herald's* Washington special says: Enough is now positively known to prove that the impeachment of Andrew Johnson will not pass the Senate. The two-thirds vote cannot be obtained. It is stated that Stanton has been prevailed upon by his radical friends to resign.

The *Times'* Washington special says it is the opinion of the best lawyers in the House that to include the charges already passed upon by the House in the article of impeachment, would prove fatal to both the moral and legal effects of the proposition.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says the Senate Special Impeachment Committee are actively at work on the rules for the impeachment court. It is said the committee intend to have everything in readiness by Monday, when it is expected the trial will begin. The committee are determined to cut out everything calculated to prolong the trial or to interfere with public business.

John Mitchell on Fenian Leaders.

Mr. John Mitchell, the former Fenian Ambassador of the Irish Republic in America to the High Court of European Conspirators at Paris, who was recently offered the supreme dictatorship of the two factions led respectively by O'Neil and Savage, but who declined the proffered honor, thus describes the Fenian "patriots" in a letter to John Martin, which he prints in his own paper, the *Irish Citizen*:

"And now, when blunders, failures and faction have brought their affairs to the lowest ebb, and the impatient and justly indignant people are insisting upon action, those leaders who are holding the wolf by the ears, politely invite me to take charge of the two wolves—of two packs of wolves; request me in the most complimentary manner to take and knit up the two ragged fag-ends of an organization entirely rotten, and now all tattered and torn, and to wear the patched-up thing as a robe of honor. Of course, I respectfully decline."

"Two wolves! two packs of wolves!" Eh! We suspect that they are rather sheep than wolves—that the wolves commenced to withdraw when they could no longer "fleece" their followers, and so Mr. Mitchell "declines"—there's nothing now to be made of it.

—The Hamilton *Times* says that it is generally understood that the old established firm of Brown, Gillespie, & Co., which was compelled to succumb to embarrassments a few months since, will shortly resume business again as heretofore.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, Feb. 28, 1868.

FALL WHEAT—$1 65 to $1 75.
SPRING WHEAT—$1 60 to $1 75.
BARLEY—95c to $1 00.
RYE—65c at $1 05 to $1 08.
OATS—50c to 65c.
PEAS—demand only for local use at 85c to $1 00.
BUCKWHEAT—50c to 90c.
BEEF—Dull at $5 50 @6 50.
PORK—$5 50 to $6 00. Heavy Pork $6 25.
MUTTON—5c to 6c per pound.
BUTTER—15c to 20c.
EGGS—15c to 20c.
HIDES—$5 50 to $7 00.
SHEEPSKINS—Dull at 75c.
CALFSKINS—8c to 9c ₱ lb.
TALLOW—Rough, 5c; rendered, 6c.
WOOL—25c.
POTATOES—40c to 75c.
APPLES—30c to $1 00.
HAY—$12 50 $15.
CHEESE—10c.
CORN—$1 to $1 25.
FLOUR—No 1, $7 00 ₱ bbl.
FOWLS—$4 50 to $4 75.

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, Feb 28.

Commercial Bills..... 99
Greenbacks, buying at..... 70
" selling at..... 71
Bank of Upper Canada Bills..... 63
Silver, buying at..... 3¼
" selling at..... 3½
Gold opened at 141½; closed at 141¾.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.

MONTREAL, Feb. 28, 1867.
1 P. M.

FLOUR.—Superior Extra.....$8 00 @ 8 25
Extra..... 7 75 @ 8 00
Fancy..... 7 60 @ 7 70
Welland Canal Superfine ... 7 45 @ 7 60
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat, 7 45 @ 7 60
" " 1 Western Wheat, 7 45 @ 7 60
" " 2 " 7 15 @ 7 25
Bag Flour..... 3 65 @ 3 75
WHEAT.—Canada Fall..... 0 00 @ 0 00
Spring..... 1 70 @ 0 00
Western..... 0 00 @ 0 00
OATS.—Per 32 lbs..... 0 46 @ 0 47
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs..... 0 95 @ 1 00
BUTTER—Dairy..... 0 19 @ 0 21
" Store Packed..... 0 16 @ 0 18
ASHES—Pots..... 5 40 @ 5 45
Pearls..... 5 90 @
PORK—Mess..... 19 25 @ 19 50
Prime Mess..... 14 00 @ 14 50
Prime..... 13 00 @ 13 50
DRESSED HOGS..... 5 75 @ 6 25
PEAS..... 0 90 @ 0 91
RYE FLOUR..... 5 95 @ 6 00

Flour—small arrivals and unchanged in price or demand. Grain: Wheat—no sales. Peas quiet. Barley in better demand. Oats quiet. Provisions—Mess pork in small demand; other grades, no enquiry. Hogs firm and unchanged. Potash firm; pearls rather more demand.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, February 28.

Cotton dull.
Flour in favor of buyers; receipts 1,800 bbls; sales 7,300 bbls at $8 50 to $9 25 for superior state and western; $9 75 to $10 50 for common to choice extra state; $9 40 to $10 30 for common to choice extra western.
Rye flour quiet.
Wheat dull and in favor of buyers; sales 7,500 bushels No. 2 spring at $2 43 delivered.
Rye quiet; receipts 3,800 bushels; sales 3,500 bushels of Southern and State at $1 89 to $1 91.
Corn dull and heavy; receipts 4,300 bushels, sales 43,000 bushels at $1 22 to $1 24 for new; mixed western afloat; $1 26 for high mixed; $1 24 for old western.
Barley quiet and firm.
Oats dull; receipts 12,000 bushels; sales 12,000 bushels at 83c for western in store.
Pork heavy at $23 37 to $23 43 for old mess; $24 50 to $24 62 for new ditto.
Lard lower at 15¾c to 16¾c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.

Stocks active.
Sterling Exchange 109¾.
Gold 141¾.

☞ Ticket Office for Great Western Railway, opposite the Market, Front-St. Tickets issued to Milwaukee, Chicago, New Orleans, Omaha City, Nebraska Territory, Fort Riley, Kansas, Cheyenne, Dacotah, Denvis Colorado, and all points West. Fare received either in Greenbacks or current funds.
217-1y R. P. DAVY, AGENT.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

R. R. R. Radway's Regulating Pills

Are composed of vegetable extracts (prepared in vacuo), free from all inert, crude, or irritating substances. The first dose commences its work of purifying the blood, regulating the liver, cleansing the stomach and intestines, and purging from the system all scirmonious and corrupt humors. One Pill, taken two hours before dinner, will create a good appetite and insure a healthy digestion.

BILE.

Bile on the stomach will be eliminated by one dose of the Pills—say from four to six in number. When the liver is in a torpid state, nothing can be better than Radway's Regulating Pills. They purge easily, are mild in operation, and when taken are perfectly tasteless, being elegantly coated with gum. They are recommended for the cure of all disorders of the stomach, liver, kidneys, nervous diseases, indigestion, dyspepsia, biliousness, bilious fever, inflammation of the bowels, piles, and symptoms resulting from disorders of the digestive organs.

THE AGED

Suffer from costiveness and paralysis of the bowels, and may have to use injections to keep the bowels open. Take 2 or 4 of Radway's pills every night; in a few weeks the bowels, liver, kidneys, &c., will be restored to sound health and strength—a regular discharge from the bowels will be secured daily.

See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1868.—R. R. R. sold by all druggists. 1-2t 243-2w

LEXINGTON, Missouri, May 23, 1868.

MESSRS. J. N. HARRIS & CO.:

DEAR SIRS—I have made Allen's Lung Balsam pretty well known in our city and country, and have sold all the four dozen bottles sent me in March last; and I find that persons who try the Balsam once, come back again for more, as it gives them satisfaction; and I recommend it in preference to any other medicine for Coughs and Colds. Please send me six dozen bottles as soon as possible. I am, yours, &c.,
THOMAS J. FLETCHER, Druggist.

P. S.—I sell more Allen's Lung Balsam, than all other cough remedies together, and it gives general satisfaction.

Sold by all Family Medicine dealers.

☞ Perry Davis & Son, Agents for the Dominion of Canada. 51-4w 237-4w

To Whom it may Concern.

TAKE NOTICE, that the Council of the Corporation of the County of Hastings will meet at the Shire Hall, Belleville, on MONDAY, the NINTH DAY OF MARCH NEXT, A. D. 1868, for the despatch of general business.

By order,
THOS. WILLS,
C. C. C. H.

Belleville, Feb. 26, 1868. 2-2t 254-3t

BOOKBINDING.

THE Subscriber having re-fitted his BINDERY with the most approved machinery, material, &c., begs to inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to execute orders for every description of

Bookbinding,
Ruling, and
Blank-work,

In the best manner and at the lowest rates.

ACCOUNT BOOKS

manufactured to any pattern with despatch.

Music, Periodicals, Law Books, &c., neatly, cheaply, and satisfactorily bound.

☞ Special terms for Libraries, and ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

E. HARRISON.
Belleville, Feb. 21st, 1868. 250tf

John D. Evans,

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Civil Engineer and Draughtsman.
OFFICE—Over Overell's Book Store, Belleville. 34w-246d-6m

Fornerl & Kennedy,

CIVIL and MINING ENGINEERS, Provincial Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Madoc. Lands carefully examined and reported on. Money to loan.
☞ All orders by mail receive immediate attention.
C. C. FORNERI, C.E. & P.L.S.
246d L. KENNEDY, C.E. & P.L.S.

GRAND DISCOUNT SALES OF DRY GOODS AT P. D. CONGER'S.

COSGRAVE & CO.'S CELEBRATED East India Pale Ale.

JUST RECEIVED,

50 Hhds,

150 Barrels and half Barrels.

FOR SALE ONLY BY
WESLEY BULLEN.
Belleville, Nov. 26, 1867. 177-tf

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THIS BANK is prepared to issue drafts, receive deposits, and grant interest receipts at the office of the Commercial Bank in Belleville.

MR. THOMSON will be happy to see his old friends.
Belleville, Jany. 23, 1868. 225-tf

DIARIES, DIARIES, FOR 1868,

AT
J. C. OVERELL'S,
TURNBULL'S BLOCK.
180 FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

The X-Mas No. of the ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS, IS NOW READY.

ALSO,
BOUND NUMBERS OF
British Workman,
Band of Hope Review,
Children's Friend,
Infant's Magazine,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
LEISURE HOUR, SUNDAY AT HOME, &c., &c.,
AT
J. C. OVERELL'S,
OPPOSITE THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
FRONT STREET.
BELLEVILLE.
January 4, 1868. 209

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF FLANNELS, GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, &c., &c., JUST RECEIVED, AT J. MUIR & CO.'S.

Horses, Carriages, &c., FOR SALE.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS TAKEN AT PAR.

Apply to
H. PRETTY,
Opposite the Market.
Belleville, Oct. 22, 1867. 147-tf

Limes and Glycerine,

The best Hair Dresser before the public.

Limes and Glycerine,

The best preparation known for Dandruff.

Limes and Glycerine,

Allays all irritation of the Scalp.

Limes and Glycerine,

All who have used it pronounce it superior to any preparation for the Hair.

Limes and Glycerine,

Is to be found on almost every toilet table.

Limes and Glycerine,

Far superior to pure Glycerine for chapped hands, &c.

Prepared only at
APOTHECARIES HALL,
1d1y Front St., Belleville.

GEORGE ROCHE,

HATTER & FURRIER,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now prepared to take orders for

ALL KINDS of FURS.

Having procured the services of a first-class Cutter from Paris, particular attention paid to repairing.

☞ All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.

Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs.
October 14. 1D-6m

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 22nd Feb'y, 1868.

AUTHORIZED discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice: 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
248 Commissioner of Customs.

BOARDING.

MRS. McKENZIE can accommodate a few permanent boarders; also, some daily boarders.
RESIDENCE—Pinnacle Street, opposite the market.
Belleville, Nov. 18, 1867. 170-tf

GRAHAM FLOUR, OATMEAL, SPLIT PEAS, BEANS, &c.

—ALSO,—

WHITEFISH AND HERRINGS

IN BARRELS & HALF BARRELS,

At the "Corner Store,"
Front and Bridge Streets.
A. FLETCHER & Co.
January 15, 1868. 7-1y, 248-3t

HOOP SKIRTS,

LATEST STYLES.

G. C. Holton & Co.

J. & W. Sutherland

WOULD respectfully solicit an inspection of their new stock of

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS,

Which will be found complete in the following specialities:

FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FRENCH MERINOS—2s. 6d. and upwards
FRENCH LAMAS & THIBETS.
FRENCH DELAINES.
SCOTCH TWEEDS.
" ALL WOOL HOSIERY.
CANADIAN " "
" FLANNELS.
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.
DUNDAS COTTONS AND BAGS.
AMERICAN YARN.

J. & W. SUTHERLAND.
Belleville, October, 1867. 1p6m

Partner Wanted.

WANTED, as equal partner in a light and profitable manufacturing business, a good responsible man, with some capital to invest.

For particulars enquire at 234, or at the office of S. B. Burdett, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Front St., Belleville.
Belleville, Jan. 27, 1868. 238-tf

HUFFMAN HOUSE,

MADOC, ONTARIO.

HUFFMAN & SON, Proprietors,
(LATE OF PETERBOROUGH.)

☞ Every attention paid to travellers. House and furniture entirely new. 145-tf 20tf

NEW BOOKS AT F. VAN NORMAN'S.

Queen Victoria's Journal, "Our Life in the Highlands."
Wood's Natural History—2,500 Illustrations, 2 vols., Royal 8vo..... $14 00
Chambers' Cyclopedia, now complete, 10 vols..... per vol. 2 50
Chambers' Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols..... 2 50
Family Cyclopedia..... 75
Our Constitution..... 1 00
Romance of Charity..... 1 00
The Land and the Book..... 2 00
Pre-historic Scotland..... 5 00
Knight's Half-hours with best Authors, 3 vols..... 2 50
Knight's Half-hours with the English History..... 1 25
North-west Passage by Land, by Viscount Milton and Cheadle.
Barnes' Notes, complete.
D'Israeli's Curiosities of Literature, cloth and morocco.
Kitto's Bible History of the Holy Land.
Wesles' Scientific Works.

ALL THE POETS, &c., &c.,

NEW SCHOOL BOOKS.

The CHEAPEST STATIONERY In Belleville.

WALL PAPERS

From 5 cts. to $1 20 per Roll.

BIBLES,
HYMN BOOKS,
PRAYER BOOKS,
PSALM BOOKS,
CATECHISMS, &c. &c.

Sunday School Libraries

In great variety, and very low prices.

A GOOD STOCK OF

Sheet Music, Music Books, Violins, &c., &c., constantly on hand.

☞ Orders by mail promptly executed.
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,
BELLEVILLE.
Belleville, Feb. 8, 1868. 239-tf

F. HACKETT

HAS RECEIVED A

CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS

Belleville, Oct. 1, 1867. 1D-3m



HURRAH FOR

THE DOMINION.

R. H. JONES

BEGS leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened a new WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Grocery and Liquor Store

in the premises lately occupied by Messrs O'Brien & Henchy, where he will keep on hand a select and varied assortment of

General Groceries,
AND LIQUORS,
For family use and medicinal purposes.

TEAS.

YOUNG AND OLD HYSONS.
GUNPOWDER, TWANKAY,
IMPERIAL, JAPAN,
SOUCHONG,
CONGOU, &c., &c.

COFFEES.

THE BEST IN TOWN, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.

He would especially call the attention of families to his stock of

WINES, SPIRITS & LIQUORS.

Brandies, Ports, Sherries.

Irish, Scotch & Morton's Whiskeys.

Old Tom & Holland Gins,
IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.

Together with a large assortment of

CHAMPAGNE,

of the most popular brands.

LIQUEURS & CORDIALS, &C.

In addition to these there will be found a splendid stock of

LAMP GOODS & TRIMMINGS,

☞ Goods sent promptly to customers in any part of the town.
Belleville, Dec. 9, 1867. 188 48-tf

BLANKS of every description for sale at *The Intelligencer* office.

Sound Maxims.

Keep good company or none.
Never be idle.
If your hand cannot be usefully employed, attend to the cultivation of your mind.
Always speak the truth.
Make but few promises.
Live up to your engagements.
Keep your own secrets if you have any.
When you speak to any person look him in the face.
Good company and good conversation are the very sinews of virtue.
Good character is above all thing else.
Your character cannot be essentially injured except by your own acts.
If any one speaks ill of you let your life be such that none will believe him.
Drink no kind of intoxicating liquors.
Ever live within your income, misfortune excepted.
When you retire to bed think of what you have been doing through the day.
Make no haste to be rich if you would prosper.
Small and steady gains give competency with tranquility of mind.
Never play at any kind of game of chance.
Avoid all temptation through fear you may not withstand it.
Never run into debt unless you see a way to get out again.
Earn money before you spend it.
Never borrow if you can possibly avoid it.
Don't marry until you are able to support a wife.
Never speak evil of any one.
Be just before you are generous.
Keep yourself innocent if you would be happy.
Save when you are young to spend when you are old.
Haste is poor apology; take time and do your work well.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM is considered by all those who have tried it to be the very best remedy for the cure of Consumption. It also gives immediate relief to the most distressing cough.

The Liverpool Town Council has voted an addition of £3,850 sterling to the Mayor's salary, in consideration of the expenses incurred by His Worship recently in entertaining members of the Royal Family.

One of those troublesome children who are continually wanting to know things, would be glad to know why salt thrown on the ice covered pavement melts the surface thereof; while salt thrown into the ice contained in the tub of an ice cream freezer makes the mixture colder and hastens the congelation of the cream. Perhaps some reader conversant with the science of things familar can tell why this is thus.

The Berlin journals give an account of a curious ceremony of the burial of the Police *Gazette* in that city. Letters announcing the decease of that journal were sent to a number of persons connected with the press, and their friends. The funeral procession started from the printing office, preceded by a band of music, to the place of interment. Compositors dressed in black paper carried the body. A humorous funeral oration was then pronounced, after which the journal was plunged into a tub of printer's ink and so buried.

American Watches.

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its use Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is, indeed, little else than a machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course, there must be no defect in the principle of plan or the movement; no mistake in the sizes or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their proportions, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the reduplication of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough subdivision.

By means of multiplying gauges and microscopes, tests and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools, and for faults and flaws in steel or stone, are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a finished machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home,—instead of sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the lightest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear ringing sound always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a time keeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The Company claim that by it they produce Watches that cannot be equaled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan, and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of Watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes to suit all tastes and means; but every Watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM" is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

☞ EVERY WATCH FULLY WARRANTED.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
No. 182 Broadway, N.Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
TORONTO and MONTREAL,
General Agents.

Toronto, Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-3m

HURRAH FOR

BARNUM'S

LINE OF STAGES.

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half-past 8 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12, noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 2 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

S. BARNUM,
Proprietor.

C. HORTON, Agent, Belleville.
S. GUSTIN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1867. D08

REMOVAL.

N. MANN begs to notify the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to the Dafoe House Building, where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many more, who will favor him with their patronage.

Belleville, Dec. 27, 1867.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Messrs. WALLACE & FORDYCE as Photographers, in the Town of Belleville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

(Signed.) D. J. WALLACE.
ED. FORDYCE.

Belleville, December 4th, 1867.

THE undersigned having purchased Mr. Fordyce's interest in the Gallery, will hereafter conduct the business on his own account. His long experience and thorough knowledge of the business will enable him to satisfy all who give him a call.

ROOMS:—Over Graham and Grainger's Store.

ENTRANCE:—Two doors South of Holden's Drug Store.

D. J. WALLACE.

Belleville, Dec. 4th, 1867. 185-ThST

Store-keepers!
Farmers!
And Others!

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM THE IMPORTERS DIRECT.

The Montreal Tea Company,

6 Hospital Street, Montreal,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to different parts of the country—and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOTEL, QUEBEC, January 7, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders.—Yours &c.,

S. SKINNER.

QUEBEC, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The box of 30 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 55 cents was of excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for.

Yours respectfully, D. ANDERSON.

TORONTO, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The two chests of Tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward 6 chests of mine at Brampton, one chest Fine Flavoured New Season Congou, at same price, viz.: at 55 cents per lb. Yours, &c.,

JAMES EDGAR.

FELCOME, December 23, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—The Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using, for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz.: at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant, JOHN T. DAY.

CONOUEG, January 8, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN.—I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box of 20 lbs. at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the "Medical Journal" have frequently declared that one half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15, and 12 lbs. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do. 55c., 60c., and 65c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 70c.; Sound Oolong, 45c.; Fine Flavored do., 60c.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan, Good, 50c., 55c.; Very Fine, 60c.; Finest, 65c., 75c.; Scented Orange Pekoe, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankey Common, 38c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c., 60c., 65c., and 70c.; Fine do., 75c.; Very Fine, 85c.; Superfine and very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c.; Extra Superfine do., $1.

All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could order. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c. to 70c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by expressmans, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of five chests and upwards.

All Boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL!

THE "DAILY NEWS,"

$6 00 per Annum, in advance.

JOHN LOVELL,
Printer and Publisher.

68

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

MOIRA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Capital Stock, $100,000. Divided into 10,000 Shares.

WORKING CAPITAL, $15,000.

HORACE YEOMANS, Esq., PRESIDENT. ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., TREASURER.
B. S. GILBERT, Esq., SECRETARY. J. G. SHURTZ, Esq., SUPERINTENDENT.

MERCHANTS' BANK, BANKERS. DEAN & GILBERT, SOLICITORS.

DIRECTORS:

HORACE YEOMANS, of Flint & Yeomans, Belleville.
ANDREW THOMSON, Banker, Belleville.
W. W. DEAN, Master in Chancery, Belleville.
JOHN G. SHURTZ, Superintendent.
JAMES LISTER, M.D., Belleville.
JAMES W. CARMAN, American, Consul, Belleville.
BARTON S. GILBERT, of Dean & Gilbert, Barristers, Belleville.

THIS COMPANY is duly Incorporated under Cap. 23, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the purpose of working the mineral veins upon *sixteen* acres of Lot No. 19, in the fifth concession of Madoc, (the Richardson Mine being No. 18 in the same concession.)

A shaft has been sunk to the depth of nine feet in the rock. At six feet a gold-bearing lode was struck, of 18 inches in width, which at nine feet has increased to 2½ feet, and a crushing at Gilbert & Turley's mill of four and one-half tons of the rock, gave a yield of over fifty-six dollars in gold; the lode is clearly defined, and evidently extends the whole length of the property—52 rods.

The territory is admirably situated for mining purposes, being a high ridge covered with indications of mineral veins. There are numerous places on the land fully as promising as the one on which the shaft has been sunk, and which would unquestionably yield as well. The large quantity of land, and the prospects of other gold-bearing veins, make it certain that the Company will be able to subdivide the property as soon as a little further development has been made, and form other Companies at great advantage.

Work is being vigorously prosecuted in the shaft, under the superintendence of JOHN G. SHURTZ, Esq., one of the Directors, who is largely interested in the property of the mine, and who has had thirteen years' practical experience in the gold mines of California and Nevada, and is unquestionably the most accomplished quartz miner now in this country.

It is intended to have a farther crushing in a few days, and negotiations are in progress which, if carried out, will secure a mill to the Company at once, so that regular work will be gone on with without delay, and dividends may, in that case, be expected in a short time.

Belleville, Jan. 27th, 1868. 228d-tf

India and China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or $1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb. Finest procurable, $1.00.
Protected by Trade Mark.

☞ Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.

August 10th, 1867. D90-1y w27-1y

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO.
OF CANADA.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
INCORPORATED 1849.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - - TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., President, LEWIS MOFFATT, Esq., Vice-President.

HON. MALCOLM CAMERON,	A. T. FULTON, Esq.,	W. J. McDONELL, Esq.
C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq.,	H. S. HOWLAND, Esq.	J. McGILLES, Esq.,
GEORGE CHAFFEY, Esq.,	A. R. McMASTER, Esq.	A. M. SMITH, Esq.

SOLICITORS:—MESSRS. DUGGAN & BURNS.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on every description of property.

MARINE INSURANCES—Inland and to the Lower Ports, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the West Indies, and by steam vessels to Europe.

Rates as moderate as any other respectable Insurance Company.

F. McANNANY, Esq., Agent, Belleville. JAS. SIDNEY CROCKER, Manager.

November 12, 1867. 39w3m-165d6m

BELLEVILLE

AGRICULTURAL WORKS

AND

IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Threshing Machines,

STRAW CUTTERS,
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,
Iron and Steel Ploughs,
Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-tf

MORTGAGE SALE.

UNDER power of sale contained in a mortgage made the 28th day of October, 1863, between William Donovan, of Belleville, Grocer, and the Hon. John Ross, there will be sold for default of payment of mortgage money, on

Thursday, the 5th day of March,

1868, at TWELVE o'clock, NOON, by M. NULTY, at his auction rooms in the Town of Belleville, the following valuable property, viz.: Lot number eighteen, on the East side of Sidney Street, as laid down on a plan of survey of Lots numbers one and two, in the second Concession of the Township of Thurlow, in the County of Hastings, made by Henry A. F. McLeod, Esq., P. L. S., and registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings, on the 29th day of October, A. D. 1863.

The said lot number eighteen, contains ten acres of land more or less. It is fenced and otherwise improved.

For terms of sale and other particulars, enquire of JAMES ROSS, Esq., or of the undersigned.

ROSS, BELL & HOLDEN,
Attorneys for Hon. John Ross.

Belleville, 5th Feb., 1863. 237-4Th

ORANGE CERTIFICATES

FOR SALE at the INTELLIGENCER Office and Intelligencer Buildings, Front Street, Belleville.

BRITISH PERIODICALS,

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review (Whig).
The Westminster Review (Liberal).
The North British Review (Free Church.)

AND

Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory.)

THESE periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stands unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews, - -	$4.00 per annum.
For any two of the Reviews, - -	7.00 "
For any three of the Reviews, - -	10.00 "
For all four of the Reviews, - -	12.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine, - -	4.00 "
For Blackwood and one Review, -	7.00 "
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews, - - - -	10.00 "
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews, - - - -	13.00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	15.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of *twenty per cent.* will be allowed to Clubs of four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to *one address* for $12.80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $48.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is *Two Cents* a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums for New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, gratis, any one of the *Four Reviews* for 1867. New Subscribers to all five of the periodicals for 1868 may receive, gratis, Blackwood or any two of the "*Four Reviews*" for 1867.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1863, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1.00 a year for each or any Review; also Blackwood for 1866 and 1867, for $2.00 a year, or the two years together for $4.00.

☞ Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to Clubs, nor reduced prices for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted *direct to the Publishers.*

No premiums can be given to Clubs.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING CO.,
140 Fulton St., N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the

FARMERS' GUIDE,

by HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1600 pages, and numerous Engravings.

Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid, $8.

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the *AMERICAN (WALTHAM) WATCH* have given it such a wide world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers have attempted its style and printed its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found, who fortively trade upon the popularity of the American Watch, by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article. It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American Watches—except the lowest grade, marked *Home Watch Co.*—*are guaranteed by special certificate*, bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. ROBBINS.

The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine Watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH Co.

APPLETON, TRACY & Co.

WALTHAM WATCH Co.

P. S. BARTLETT.

WM. ELLERY.

HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

Office of the General Superintendent,
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

GENTLEMEN.—The watches manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years by our employees, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying your watches give us less trouble and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never kept time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN.—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that Waltham watches are the most satisfactory of any for their uses. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have never known one to wear out, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer,
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto & Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS.

Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-3m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every afternoon (sundays excepted) and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of $5 a year if paid in advance, $6 otherwise. Mail subscribers $5 a year. $2.50 for 6 months; $1.50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgewater, Marmora and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the **Gold Regions**, and of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., &c., and in short, neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months,	$ 5 00
Half Square, 6 months,	$10 00
One Square, 6 months,	$20 00
Two Squares, 6 months,	$30 00
Four Squares, 6 months,	$50 00
Notices of Births,	50
Do of Marriages,	50
Do of Deaths,	50

"BUSINESS NOTICES"—All matter under this heading, leaded or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of nonpareil minion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements every two weeks.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion, and 2 cents for each additional insertion.

The Weekly Intelligencer

Is published every Friday Morning at $3 per annum if called for at the Office, or sent by mail; and $3½ if delivered by the Carrier, payable in all cases in advance. When not paid until the close of the year $4 will be added to each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, and the number now on our Subscription Books is **over 1,400.** With such a large and general circulation throughout this and adjoining Counties, the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed advantages to advertisers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Six lines and under, first insertion, . . . 0 50
Each subsequent insertion, ... 0 12½
Above six lines (per line) first insertion, . . 0 07
Each subsequent insertion per line, . . . 0 02

☞ "BUSINESS NOTICES"—10 cents per line each insertion, measured as solid minion.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to insure their appearance.

All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

The Intelligencer Job Office

Is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the county.

The DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER can be had at the Book Stores in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at El Dorado.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

M. HOWELL,
Publisher

INTELLIGENCER BUILDINGS, Front street, Belleville.

Daily Intelligencer.

Let there be Harmony in things Essential—Liberality in things not Essential—Charity in all.

Vol. 1. BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, SATURDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 29, 1868. No. 257.

Montreal Business Directory.

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal.

DEPARTMENTS.

Braces, Braids, Brushes and Combs, Buttons, Corsets, Elastics, Felt Hats, Gent's Collars and Ties, Hosiery and Gloves, Knitted Woolens, Laces, Ladies Collars and Sets, Straw Goods, Small Wares in great variety, Threads, Trimmings & Ornaments, Umbrellas, Velvet Ribbons, &c.

HOOP SKIRTS,—our own Manufacture. 156-6m

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware Manufacturers,
MONTREAL.

KILN PLATES
AND
CASTINGS for BREWERIES.

Any parties about putting up new kilns for

MALT OR OATMEAL
will do well to correspond with the above. 156-6m

BURROWS & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobaccos, &c., &c.
418 St. Paul St., Montreal.

☞ Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 156-6m

PEAVEY & MARCH,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions,
And everything usually sold in a first class Grocery.
No. 344 Notre Dame Street, a few doors West St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

☞ Every article warranted to be as represented or may be returned. Goods sent to any part of the City Free of Charge. 156-6m

HUNTER, DUFFY & JOHNSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
20 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 156-6m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, Proprietor,
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-6m

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
St. Paul Street, Montreal.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, Collins Wharf, Halifax.

Premises—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.

Advances—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 83n-6m-W6m

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
378 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.

Maps, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, Bills of Lading, Bank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards, in any number of colors, Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 27D6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c., &c., &c.,
25 Hospital St., - - - MONTREAL,

Offer for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and
ON AS GOOD TERMS
as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.
July 27, 1867. 74d.

QUEEN
INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL, - - - - $10,000,000.
FIRE and LIFE.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.

The principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers.—One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to Ten per Cent. of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management
Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in 1868, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.

M. BOWELL,
Intelligencer Office.
Agent.
DR. CANNIFF,
Medical Referee
May, 1867. 4D-6mo.

Montreal Business Directory.

Frothingham & Workman,
MONTREAL.,
Importers, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.

Warehouse and Offices 395 to 399, St. Paul St.

Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c.
May 1st. 1d-6m

G. P. GIRDWOOD, M. D.,
Consulting and Analytical Chemist,
630 Lagauchetiere Street, Montreal.

☞ At home for consultation before 10 A. M., between 2 and 3, and after 8 P. M.

Fees for Analysis,—$5 a metal, payable in advance. 156-6m

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
303 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

☞ Every description of Jewelry manufactured from gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 25d6m

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant,
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

Agent for Walter Evans & Co. Sewing and Knitting Cottons, Derby; and J. M. Perry & Co.'s Gray's Patent Linen Fibre Collarss, Nottingham, England. 1D-6m

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER.
OFFICE: Corner of St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.

References—Robertson & Beattie, Robert Esdaile, Esq., Jas Torrance, Esq. 31D3m

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT
And Commission Merchants,
St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street.
MONTREAL. 1D-6m

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant.
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods. 1D-6m

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 329 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 28d6m

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.

The attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.

E. MUIR,
Chemist and Druggist,
Place D'Armes, Montreal.
28d5m

Established 1861,
JOHN F. McCUAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
Office.—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and St. Common Street, Canal Wharf,
MONTREAL.

☞ Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and oil of Produce, and purchase of Merchandise. 28d5m

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
100 Grey Nuns Street, Montreal.
HAVE FOR SALE—
Boiler Tubes, Gas Tubes, Horse Nails, Paints and Putty, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, Flue Covers, Drain Pipes, Roman Cement, Water Lime, Portland Cement, Paving Tiles, Garden Vases, Chimney Tops, &c.

☞ Manufacturers of AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR, and BED SPRINGS. 24D6m

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.

Liberal advances made on consignments to ourselves, or for shipment to our friends in Great Britain and the Lower Port.
May 21st, 1867. 27D6m

A. ROBERTSON & Co.,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Manules, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosier, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Clothes, Canadian Woollens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons, Prints, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Muslins.
478 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St.,
MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro', C. W. 19-6m

Important to Miners and
MINING MEN.

JOHNS' Patent Water-Proof Safety Fuse for Wet Ground and Submarine Blasting, is much cheaper than any other, and pronounced by Mining men much better than any imported.

Testimonials received from men well known in the mining and quarrying business of Canada and the United States; from Messrs. Morrill & Colby, Bennets, Wiswell Macfarland, Adams, Watson, Griffith, Wekru, and others.

☞ All orders promptly attended to.
Address JOHNS & Co.,
150-3m Sherbrooke, Q.

TERRAPIN RESTAURANT
CHARLES PAPINEAU,

Begs to inform the public that he has opened the Terrapin Restaurant, in Coleman's Building, next door to Dr. Coleman a Drug Store, and he has fitted it up in first class style, with every convenience. He will keep constantly on hand the best Ale and Porter, and the purest brands of Liquors.

☞ Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c., always on hand.
Belleville, Oct. 16, 1867. 142-tf

CONGER BROS.

Feeling thankful for the very liberal patronage given them for the past year, beg to remind their customers and the public that having thoroughly
REFITTED THEIR STORE!
are now opening a well assorted stock of FRESH TEAS, SUGARS, SPICES, CURRANTS, RAISINS, FIGS, &c.

Special attention is called to their fine assortment of
Jams, Jellies, Canned and Bottled FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.

R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER
Nov. 13th, 1867. 1D1y

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the
Canadian & United States Mails.

1867—Summer Arrangements.—1867.

Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.

Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.

This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undernoted First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double-Engine Iron Steamships:—

AUSTRIAN,	2700 Tons.	Capt. Aiton.
NESTORIAN,	2700 "	" L. Dutton, R.N.R.
MORAVIAN,	2650 "	" Capt. Wylie.
PERUVIAN,	3000 "	" Capt. Richardine.
HIBERNIAN,	2434 "	" Capt. Brown.
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	2300 "	" Capt. Allan.
NORTH-AMERICAN,	1734 "	" Capt. Kerr.
BELGIAN,	2434 "	" Capt. Graham.
DAMASCUS,	1600 "	" Capt. Watts.

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL EVERY THURSDAY, and from PORTLAND every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)

The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from PORTLAND as undernoted, viz:—

NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Saturday, 22nd Feb.
PERUVIAN,	Saturday, 29th "
NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 7th March.
BELGIAN,	Saturday, 14th "
AUSTRIAN,	Saturday, 21st "
HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 28th "

Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway:—

CABIN, - - - $80 20 to $90 20
(according to accommodation.)
STEERAGE, - - - - $32 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
For particulars, apply to
J. W THOMPSON, Agent,
Canadian Express Office,
27D6m-16W1y BELLEVILLE.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
For 1868.

THE CHEAPEST OF LADIES' MAGAZINES,
BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST.

The friend of woman, the arbiter of fashion, the encourager and publisher of the best literature of the day, the pattern from which all others copy.

READING MATTER.

In this there will be an improvement. The volume for 1863 will be set up with new-faced type, and of a size that will enable us to give an additional quantity of reading matter amounting to about twelve pages in each number.

BEAUTIFUL STEEL PLATES.

Of these Godey's Books contain *fourteen* each year, superior (we challenge comparison) to any published in this country, either in book or periodical.

THE LITERATURE OF THE LADY'S BOOK.

MARION HARLAND,
Authoress of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Moss Side," "Nemesis," and "Mariam,"

who contributes to no other monthly publication, will furnish a new novel for 1868, called "Pemmie Rowland," that will run through the year. Her stories are seriously sought after, and as they are copyrighted, can be found nowhere but in Godey. Our former efficient corps of writers has also been retained.

OUR FASHION PLATES.

The original double fashion-plates will be continued in Godey. The only magazine in this country that gives these designs is the Lady's Book.

Drawing Lessons—In this we are also alone.

Musical Music.—Godey's is the only magazine in which music prepared expressly for it appears.

We have also a Children's, a Horticultural, and a Health department.

GODEY'S INVALUABLE RECEIPTS

upon every subject, for the Boudoir, Nursery, Kitchen, House, and Laundry.

Terms Reversings.—This is a series of engravings that no one has attempted but ourselves.

Ladies' Fancy Work Department.—Some of the designs in this department are printed in colors in a style unequalled.

Terms for 1868.

One copy, one year, - - - - - -	$3 00
Two copies, one year, - - - - - -	5 00
Three copies, one year, - - - - - -	7 00
Four copies, one year, - - - - - -	10 00
Five copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making six copies - - - - - -	14 00
Eight copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making nine copies, - - - - - -	21 00
Eleven copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making twelve copies - - - - - -	27 50

Godey's Lady's Book and Arthur's Home Magazine will be sent one year on receipt of $4 50.

Godey's Lady's and The Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $3 50.

Godey's Lady's Book, Arthur's Home Magazine, and Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of $5 00.

☞ Canada subscribers must send 24 cents additional for every subscription to the Lady's Book, and 12 cents for either of the other magazines, to pay the American postage.

How to Remit.—In remitting by mail, a Post Office Order or a Draft, *payable to the Order of L. A. Godey*, is preferable to bank notes, as, should the Order or Draft be lost or stolen, it can be renewed without loss to the sender. If a Draft or a Post Office Order cannot be procured, send United States or National Bank notes.

Address L. A. GODEY,
N. E. corner Sixth and Chestnut Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

BLANK NOTES,

Bound in Books containing 100, 50 and 25 notes each, printed on fine paper, for sale at the *Intelligencer* Office.

Belleville Business Directory.

Macllellan & Macllellan,
Solicitors in Chancery and Insolvency Attornies-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c, &c Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Ross, Bell & Holden,
Barristers, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville.
Hon. Jno. Ross. John Bell. Thos. Holden
1D6m Wtf

Diamond & Dickson,
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c.
Office:—Neilson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
A. Diamond. Geo. D. Dickson. 1D-Wtf

A. R. Dougall,
Barrister, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.
Office over Orerell's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.

Robertson & Stewart,
Barristers and Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office,—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street,
Alex. Robertson. D. E. K. Stewart. 1D6m-Wtf

Legate & Price,
Bakers, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1D6m-Wtf

Geo. H. Haymes,
Hatter and Furrier, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs. 1D6m-Wtf

McLeod & Carre,
Engineers, Provincial Land Surveyors, Architects, Draughtsmen and Patent Solicitors, 153½ Front Street, Belleville. 1D

Pitcathly & Kelso,
Importers and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

Law Partnership.

The undersigned have this day entered into co-partnership under the name of Jellett & Bleasdell. Office—Corner of Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville.
R. P. JELLETT.
8th October, 1867. J. H. T. BLEASDELL.

Forrest & Lozo's
Royal Photograph Gallery, Lazier's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 25D-tf

T. Lockerby,
Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 22D5m

Ponton, Falkiner & Denmark
Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

Angus McFee,
Watchmaker and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellry and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1D6m

John Wilson,
Baker and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street. Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 1D6m

J. W. Brown,
Merchant Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

Geo. Gibson,
Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1D6m

J. C. Vapor,
Merchant Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

To Gold Miners

You will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Swedes Iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. WM. POWELL.
1D6m

McKeown & Robertson,
Manufacturers and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

ALLSOP'S ALE,
Guinness' Stout,
Blood's Porter!!
IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT
1D6m HAMBLY'S.

BILL HEADS,

And all other kinds of Job Printing, executed with neatness and despatch at the Intelligencer Office, Front Street, Belleville.

Ontario Legislature.

Toronto, Feb. 26th, 1868.

DENOMINATIONAL GRANTS.

Hon. Mr. Wood, in moving the supplementary estimates, made a long speech in explanation of the Government policy in reference to grants to denominational Colleges, the whole pith of which is contained in the following few lines: "Other denominations made up 498,993, who did not participate at all in these grants. Now, as a matter of right and wrong, it was asserted that where so large a body of the people had conscientious scruples against these grants, it would be unjust to tax them for that which their scruples, whether right or wrong, would not allow them to participate in." If there is any force in this argument, it is equally applicable when applied to the other side of the question. For if it be not proper to tax one portion of the community who have conscientious scruples against denominational Colleges, it is equally improper and wrong to tax that portion who have conscientious scruples against those Colleges in which religion is not even recognized. This proposition is so clear that it is useless to argue it. During the debate,

Dr. Boulter said that he was pleased when these supplementary estimates were brought down, granting aid to superior education; he was pleased because he believed the colleges mentioned in the estimates had been doing a great deal of good in their respective localities, and it would be wrong to stop these grants at present, thereby crippling these institutions, which are called denominational or sectarian colleges. The Hon. Treasurer gave us a great many figures, shewing the respective numbers of the different religious denominations in this Province, and argued that it would be improper to continue grants to some of these religious denominations, while others who had no colleges got nothing. Now, sir, if these grants were considered religious grants, they might be given to the synods, conference, &c., of these different religious denominations, and it would be wrong to continue them, but as these grants are made to the colleges under the management of different denominations, they are made to support superior education. And why should this province not give aid to superior education, when it makes such liberal grants to the common and grammar schools? He was pleased to support the government in making the present grants; but a change in our educational affairs might be necessary. There are persons in this Province who object to the principle of giving support to colleges under the control of religious bodies, but he contended it would be better to leave these colleges as they are, under religious influence, for he believed that the teaching in these colleges, although called sectarian, was not of a character that would interfere with the religious freedom of their students. He was a living witness on this point, for he had been three years a student in Victoria College, and he could honestly say that no influence had been used in his case to lead him from the church of his choice. This Province makes liberal grants to its common schools and its grammar schools, and he believed it should give some support to superior education, for there was plenty of room for educated men in Ontario. He believed these colleges would do more good, scattered as they are over the country at a considerable distance from each other, than that all those seeking a superior education should be compelled to come to the University at Toronto. He believed the government might make some change for the better in the various colleges now in this Province. He believed there should be one great *University of Ontario*, whose professors should be the Examining Board and not teachers, and have no connection with any of the colleges, and that all the present colleges should become affiliated to this one provincial university, and diplomas should be granted by this university and no other. Then, as these diplomas are to be granted only upon merit, after a strict examination, there would be a uniformity in degress granted in this Province, and no jealousy between the various colleges which are the instructing bodies. A high standard for degrees should be adopted by the university, so that our graduates would compare favorably with graduates from European universities. Government aid could then be granted to each college according to the work it was doing. Such a system, he believed, would be received with general satisfaction, and would give a uniform standard in literary attainments to all our graduates. He hoped the government would take up the question and deal wisely and vigorously with it, before the next session of parliament.

Mr. Graham followed upon the same side, and said he objected to the godless education in Toronto University, and urged that the men educated at Cobourg and other colleges of that class would compare favourably with those educated in any other institution in the Province. Next session he hoped to see the Government come down with an appropriation of $50,000 or $80,000, to be divided *pro rata* among the different colleges, according to the good they did. He objected strongly

to the way in which the Government had treated the Belleville Collegiate Institution.

During the debate a large section in the House expressed themselves in favor of a continuance of the grants; and there can be no doubt that when the next budget is brought down there will be a still more lively debate.

MUNICIPAL AMENDMENTS.

On motion for the third reading of the Bill to amend the municipal law:

Mr. CURRIE moved an amendment to the effect that the 478th clause of the Act, making it compulsory on municipalities to erect Houses of Industry, should, instead, be made permissive. He moved that the Bill be committed to Committee of the Whole in order to make this alteration.

Mr. GRAHAM (Hastings) believed the poor would be better cared for by the respective municipalities than by establishing Poor Houses. The member for Bothwell spoke of establishing such institutions at a cost of $400. What sort of institutions would such be, applied to this purpose? He did not believe in them, and strongly objected to such a measure being forced on County Councils. If they desired to remedy the evil, let them strike at the root. Intemperance was undoubtly the main cause of nearly all the poverty in the land. Hon. gentlemen should endeavour to apply remedies to that evil, before they could do much to relieve and abate poverty in the land.

After some debate the motion was carried, the following being the division:

YEAS.—Messrs. Boulter, Carneigh, Christie, Clarke, Cockburn, Calquhoun, Cook, Craig (Glengary), Craig (Russell), Crosby, Currie, Evans, Eyre, Ferguson, Ferrier, Graham (Hastings), Grahame (York), Greely, Hooper, Lauder, Lount, Lyon, Luton, McDonald, Matchett, Monteith, McColl (Norfolk), McColl (Elgin), McGill, McKim, McLeod, Paxton Perry, Read, Scott (Grey), Scott (Ottawa), Secord, Sexton, Shaw, Smith (Middlesex), Strange, Supple, Tett, Wigle, Williams (Durham).—45.

NAYS.—Messrs. Barber, Baxter, Beatty, Blake, Boyd, Carling, Clemens, Cumberland, Finlayson, Fitzsimmons, Galbraith, Gibbons, Gow, McDougall, McKellar, McMurrich, Oliver, Pardee, Richards, Rykert, Sinclair, Smith (Kent), Smith (Leeds and Grenville), Springer, Trow, Wallis, Wilson, Wood.—28.

Mr. MCKELLAR, seconded by Mr. Gow, moved that the Bill be re-committed to Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the Bill by adding thereto the following clause:—

"Any natural born or naturalized subject of Her Majesty, of the full age of twenty-one years, deriving an income or salary from any trade, profession or calling to the amount of six hundred dollars and upwards, shall be entitled to vote at any election in any Municipality, provided he shall have proved to the satisfaction of the Court of Revision of the said Municipality that he is in the receipt of such income or salary, and shall have requested the said Court to insert his name on the assessment roll for such salary or income, in which case he shall not claim any exemption from payment of taxes on such income or salary; provided also he shall have paid all taxes."

A long debate ensued upon the principle involved in this resolution, in which the Hon. John S. McDonald took strong grounds against it, and contended that property had heretofore been the basis upon which the franchise was founded in this country, and that this motion was approaching to universal suffrage, which he would resist. The division upon this motion was:

YEAS.—Messrs. Barber, Baxter, Blake, Boyd, Christie, Clemens, Crosby, Evans, Ferrier, Finlayson, Galbraith, Gibbons, Gow, Graham (Hastings), McDougall, McKellar, McKim, McLeod, McMurrich, Paxton, Perry, Smith (Kent), Smith (Leeds and Grenville), Smith (Middlesex), Springer, Trow, Williams (Hamilton).—27.

NAYS.—Messrs. Beatty, Boulter, Cameron, Darling, Carneigh, Clarke, Cockburn, Colquhoun, Cook, Craig (Glengary), Craig (Russell), Cumberland, Currie, Eyre, Fergnson, Fitzsimmons, Grahame (York), Greely, Hooper, Lauder, Lount, Luton, Lyon, McDonald, Matchett, Monteith, McCall (Norfolk), McColl (Elgin), McGill, Oliver, Read, Richards, Rykers, Scott (Grey), Scott (Ottawa), Secord, Sexton, Shaw, Sinclair, Strange, Supple, Tett, Wallis, Wigle, Williams (Durham), Wilson, Wood.—47.

Mr. MCKELLAR moved to amend the 8th clause, by striking out "Division Court Clerks" from the list of persons disqualified to act as Municipal Councillors.—Carried.

The debate upon continuing the present oath administered to policemen in cities, will show that the leading Grits in the House are as hostile, no matter how much they may pretend to hide it, to the Orange Society, as when they passed the Party Processions Act.

Mr. CHRISTIE moved that the Bill be re-committed to Committee of the Whole, with instructions to expunge section 39 of the Bill, which provides that the members of the police force should not attend any secret society meetings while members of the force, and imposed on each policeman an oath to that effect.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD, with the permission of the House, would read a letter addressed to him, as Attorney General, by the Police Magistrate, Recorder and Chief of Police of Toronto, who expressed themselves strongly in favor of retaining the oath.

Mr. FERGUSON said the Attorney General would not be in order in reading the letter, and objected.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD could not, of course, read the letter under the circumstances.

Mr. MCKELLAR hoped the Atty. General would give the House the benefit of the information he had received in the communication alluded to. He (Mr. McKellar) had seen the Recorder, an Orangeman, and that gentleman had strongly urged the continuance of this oath. The Chief of Police—a Mason—and the Police Magistrate—a Good Templar—also concurred in this view. The present arrangement had been found to work well. The gentlemen advocating the expunging of this oath thought they were doing good service to secret societies, but the effect of their movement would be that no man belonging to secret societies would be received into the force. No member of the force, it appeared, had ever objected to the oath; altogether, he hoped the motion would carry.

Mr. GRAHAM (Hastings) was not a member of any secret society, but when he found that with the present police force in Toronto the law was openly set at defiance night after night, and when he was in receipt of communications from temperance men who could not obtain a position in that force, he felt that a change was needed, and that he would not be discharging his duty if he did not raise his voice against a system which excluded such men from the police force.

Mr. FERGUSON urged that the oath against secret societies was unnecessary, inasmuch as on joining the force, every policeman had to swear that he would discharge his duty faithfully and impartially, to the best of his knowledge and ability. If that oath did not bind him sufficiently to full and conscientious discharge of duty, it was not easy to believe any oath would have effect.

Mr. Gow supported the motion. He said they had the testimony of the parties best qualified to form an opinion, that the law had worked well. Farther, there was no complaint from the parties that might be supposed to be aggrieved. He had been surprised to hear Temperance Societies mixed up with this discussion. It was not within his knowledge that any of them were secret Societies.

Mr. GRAHAM (Hastings) said they had secret signs, pass-words, and grips.

Mr. BLAKE said he understood there were two Good Templars in the Police force of Toronto, and that one-third of that body were Orangemen. There was evidence before the committee that these parties did not object to the oath. On the contrary, they preferred to have the oath, as it relieved them from possible embarrassments. Where then was the grievance sought to be remedied by altering the law? Was it desired to compel the men to attend the meetings of secret Societies, while connected with the force, when they were not so inclined? He thought, at least, the law should be continued, to go on until next session, when, if a real grievance could be established, he would be prepared to consider it.

Mr. SMITH (Grenville) said he represented a constituency in which there were many Orangemen. This oath was levelled especially against Orangemen. He considered it unfair. Why should Orangemen be excluded from the Police Force of Toronto, when they were not excluded from any other position in the Dominion.

Mr. MCKELLAR.—They are not excluded.

Mr. CHRISTIE said he had not submitted his motion with the view of excluding Orangemen from the Police Force. He believed society owed much to Orangemen. But he did not think that the Police Force should consist of men, who, while members of the Force, owed obligations to other authorities than those whom the law placed at their head.

The motion was negatived.

YEAS—Messrs. Barber, Baxter, Blake, Christie, Clemens, Crosby, Cumberland, Currie, Evans, Ferrier, Finlayson, Gibbons, Galbraith, Gow, McDonald, McGill, McKellar, McKim, McLeod, McMurrich, Oliver, Paxton, Perry, Richards, Scott (Ottawa), Sexton, Sinclair, Smith (Middlesex), Springer, Trow, Williams (Hamilton)—31.

NAYS—Messrs. Beatty, Boulter, Cameron, Carling, Carnegie, Clarke, Cockburn, Cook, Colquhoun, Craig (Glengary), Craig (Russell), Eyre, Ferguson, Fitzsimmons, Graham (Hastings), Grahame (York), Greely, Hooper, Lount, Luton, Lyon, Matchett, Monteith, McCall (Norfolk), McColl (Elgin), McDougall, Read, Rykert, Scott (Grey), Secord, Shaw, Smith (Kent), Smith (Leeds and Grenville), Strange, Supple, Tett, Wallis, Wigle, Wilson—39.

Mr. GRAHAM, Hastings, seconded by Dr. BOULTER, moved that "the corporation of any township or county wherever minerals are found, may sell by public auction or otherwise, the mineral rights to the roads over which said township or county may have jurisdiction, if considered expedient so to do; provided always that no such sale shall take place until after due notice of such intended by-law has been posted up in six of the most public places in the immediate neighborhood of such road, for at least one month previous to the time fixed for considering such by-law; provided also that the deed of conveyance of such mineral right to the purchaser or purchasers, under said by-law shall contain a proviso protecting the road for public travel and preventing any uses of the granted rights so as to interfere with the public travel."—Carried.

A Cincinnatian: "Talk about filters. Just eat a quart of Ohio River water, and stand in the sun for five minutes, and you will find the aforesaid coming out at every pore, beautifully filtered, while your stomach becomes converted into a sand bag, and you can hear the gravel rattle as you walk.

A little boy was once in a complaining mood. His dinner did not suit him, so his father made that right; and his cup did not suit him, so one was brought which did; then his chair was not right, and his father took him into his lap, saying: "Are you all right now?" He looked around the room and seeing the cat crossing the floor with tail erect, he said: "The old cat's tail sticks up!" and burst out crying. The old cat's tail was, in his case, the straw that broke the camel's back, but many of the complaints of older persons are just about as reasonable.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West,	7.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West,	8.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going West,	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train,	6.30 P. M.
Noon Express going East,	12.08 P. M.
Night Express going East,	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East,	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train,	9.30 P. M.
Montreal Time.	

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, FEB. 29.

THE MONTREAL ELECTION.—The second day's polling in Montreal increased Mr. Workman's majority to 1,019. The contest was carried on by both parties with great earnestness.

SNOW STORM EAST.—Montreal papers of yesterday say it commenced to snow heavily on Thursday morning at Kingston and Cornwall, and the indications were that a heavy storm was brewing in that vicinity.

FENIAN EXCITEMENT AT VICTORIA.—A telegram states that considerable excitement exists at Victoria from reports that the Fenians intend to make a raid on British Columbia. Admiral Hastings has deemed it prudent to take immediate precautionary steps. The banking houses are also active in securing themselves against the threatening danger.

SEAT IN THE CABINET.—The Hamilton *Times*, Mr. Magill's organ, says: "It is rumored that our city M. P., Mr. Magill, has been offered the seat in the Dominion Cabinet, left vacant by the death of Mr. Blair; and further, that Mr. Magill is now engaged in consulting his friends with probabilities in favor of his accepting the office."

COOL.—The Montreal *Telegraph* has the following advertisement: "$250 REWARD.—The Quebec Bank will pay the above reward to any person for information which will lead to the recovery of a one thousand dollar bag of silver taken from the teller between the sixth and thirtieth instant. If $750 is returned, no questions will be asked." Cool, very! It has come to a pretty pass when Bankers offer a premium for rascality.

THE TOWNSEND FAMILY.—On Thursday evening Mr. John Townsend and family gave Mr. Speck, their agent, a benefit night, the plays produced being the "Orphan of Geneva" and "Pizarro." The performance was very good, the whole Company being greeted with rounds of applause. While Mr. Townsend remained here he purchased new scenery and new wardrobe, and now returns to the West, where we hope he will receive the same liberal patronage that he did on his first visit.

SCARCITY OF WATER.—The Montreal papers are becoming alarmed at the scarcity of water in that city. On Thursday there was only 16 feet of water in one compartment of the reservoir and 5 feet in the other. The *News* says: "There probably never was a time when the people of Montreal suffered so much from the want of that most indispensable of indispensables, water—at least since our reservoir has been in working order. It is terrible to think in what distress the present dearth may eventuate. The aspect of many houses yesterday reminded one of a state of siege. During the former half of the day many families were absolutely without any supply of water, and in many of the streets might be seen people with buckets and tubs, eagerly awaiting the approach of the civic aquarius. Often expectation ended in disappointment, and the water bearers drove on heedless, pleading a special destination; and even when they were induced to stop, they could only afford a mere pittance." In case of serious fire, Montreal would be in a comparatively helpless condition.

Education in Lower Canada.

The Chief Superintendent of Education in Lower Canada has made his annual report for the year 1867. The report shows that in that Province there are 3,826 schools, with 4,829 teachers and 206,820 pupils, being an increase of 120 schools and 4,172 pupils over the previous year. The total amount of money levied in that Province during the year was $649,067. Mr. Chaveau in his report gives an account of his visit to Europe, which he paid in pursuance of the desire of the Council of Public Instruction, with a view of giving him an opportunity of studying the educational systems adopted in other countries. Mr. Chaveau visited Ireland, Scotland, England, France, Belgium, Italy and Germany, collecting a considerable number of documents, and conferring with persons whose special mission is the advancement of education. In the course of his travels he visited forty-five educational establishments in the United Kingdom, eighteen in Italy, fifty-two in France, twenty-nine in Belgium and forty-two in Germany. In the course of a future report M. Chaveau purposes to lay before the Government of Quebec the various suggestions as to the educational system of the Province, which have resulted from his visit and researches.

Gold News.

A letter has been received by the proprietors of the Empire Mine from T. Sterry Hunt, the well-known geologist, which will have the effect of convincing unbelievers of the existence of gold in the Hastings mineral district. Mr. Hunt, if we mistake not, was an unbeliever himself, and the doubts he has expressed have done a good deal to throw cold water on the efforts of those capitalists to whose enterprise and energy we are indebted for what developments have already been made, and it is gratifying to know that he at length has been convinced that gold and silver does abound in the Madoc region. The result of his assay is in the highest degree satisfactory, and will have the effect of stimulating enterprise in the Mining District during the coming season. The following is an extract from the letter:

"In accordance with my promise, I have examined the specimens of ore taken by me from your mine in Madoc village last November. The ore consists of a mixture of a sulphuret of antimony and copper, with some pyrites and arsenical iron. An assay of a selected specimen from a small vein gave me for the ton of 2,000 lbs.:

Gold, 4¾ oz.	$96 46
Silver, 57 1-6 oz.	73 74
	$170 20

"By crushing and washing 8¼ pounds of an average sample, there were obtained 13 per cent of rich ore, still holding one-fourth its weight of spar, and yielding for 2,000 pounds, as the mean of two assays:

Gold, 9 7-10 oz.	$206 50
Silver, 130 7-10 oz.	156 70
	$362 20

"This, it should be understood, refers to the ton of dressed ore; the wall-rock of dolomite or magnesian limestone gave me only a trace of gold."

Who's Who, and Who Isn't.

A very lively, though not over-pleasant little scene was enacted at the War Office, Washington, on Saturday last, when Gen. Thomas, having given bail for his appearance on Monday to answer the charges made against him by Mr. Stanton, proceeded to enter on the duties of his *ad interim* Secretaryship. It is thus described by a Washington correspondent:

THOMAS—I am Secretary of War *ad interim*, and am ordered by the President of the United States to take charge of the office.

STANTON—I order you to repair to your room and exercise your functions as Adjutant-General of the Army.

THOMAS—I am Secretary of War *ad interim*, and I shall not obey your orders, but I shall obey the order of the President, who has ordered me to take charge of the War Office.

STANTON—As Secretary of War I order you to repair to your place as Adjutant-General.

THOMAS—I shall not do so.

STANTON—Then you may stand there if you please, but you cannot act as Secretary of War: if you do, you do at your peril.

THOMAS—I shall act as Secretary of War.

The above conversation occurred in the Secretary's office. Gen. Thomas then went to Gen. Schriver's room opposite, followed soon by Secretary Stanton and others, where the following conversation occurred:

STANTON—Then you claim to be here as Secretary of War, and refuse to obey my orders?

THOMAS—I do, sir, I shall require the mails for the War Department to be delivered to me, and shall transact all the business of the War Department.

At this juncture Gen. Grant and aid came in. Gen. Grant said, playfully, to Mr. Stanton's friends, "I am surprised to find you here. I supposed you would have been at my headquarters for protection."

The Legislature Yesterday.

Several Bills were read a third time yesterday. His Excellency the Lieut. Governor came down in the afternoon, and assented to fifteen bills. The Bill relating to Registrars was the chief topic of discussion at yesterday's session. It was passed in Committee and ordered to be read a third time today. In consequence of the absence through illness of Chief Justice of the Queen's Bench, and as Circuits of the Judges had been filled, it became necessary that some temporary appointment be made to fill the place of Chief Justice. A short Bill was therefore introduced authorizing two of the Judges to appoint a Clerk of the Court, or a Barrister of not less than five years' standing to discharge the duties in Chambers. The House adjourned at 11:30.

It is said that the Emperor Napoleon contemplates calling a congress to secure uniformity in the pronunciation of the alphabet.

Population in France is increasing only one-third of one per cent. per annum—only one-fourth the increase in England.

A cheap edition of the Queen's Journal will shortly be issued, with the object of its being obtained by all classes of Her Majesty's subjects.

Under the list of game recently bagged by the French Imperial party, a paper adds, "Winged ten newspapers. The birds can bite, and have very sharp beaks."

Flirtation in a woman is equivalent to libertinism in man; it is the manifestation of the same loose principles, only restrained by the usages of society from developing itself in a similar way.

A tricky lawyer, who had turned preacher from selfish purposes, pretended to have had visions, and also that he had actually been in heaven for a period of eleven months, whereupon one of his neighbors rose in the congregation and said that his statement was obviously false, as, if he had really been there so long, he'd have been sure to stay the other odd month so as to have gained a legal *settlement*.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, Feb. 28, evening.—The royal assent has been given to the Bill for the suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus* in Ireland.

Mr. G. W. Hunt, under-Secretary of the Treasury, will be appointed Chancellor of the Exchequer.

In the House of Commons this afternoon, Lord Stanley said an adjournment of Parliament until Thursday next was desirable, to afford the Government an opportunity to complete the Cabinet.

Mr. Gladstone said such delay in the proceedings of Parliament was unprecedented; but in the present case, it might possibly be justifiable.

Lord Wensleydale is dead.

Burke and other Fenian prisoners in Warwick gaol, will be removed to this city for trial.

CORK, Feb. 28.—The parsonage of the Rev. Mr. Leslie, at Wilmount, near this city, was attacked last night, but the assailants were driven off.

DUBLIN, February 28.—General Nezgle and his fellow-prisoners were indicted for treason at Sligo to-day. Mr. Heron, counsel for the defence, moved for a delay of trial. After hearing the motion, the Court reserved its decision.

VIENNA, Feb. 28.—Baron of Budberg, Russian Ambassador to Paris, while passing through this city on his return from St. Petersburg, was violently assailed by a son of the late Baron De Meyndorf, a well known Russian diplomatist; the assailant threw a hand grenade at the Baron. The missile failed to take effect, and the Ambassador escaped injury.

PARIS, Feb. 28, eve.—Prince Napoleon has left Paris on a visit to Germany.

The *Liberte* publishes a report that King William of Prussia was recently thrown from his horse and badly injured.

The officers of the French army now absent on furlough, have been ordered to report at their headquarters on or before 31st March.

LONDON, February 29—Bonds 71¾ to 71⅝; Consols 93 to 93⅜ for both; I C 88½; Erie 44½.

PARIS, Feb. 29, 11:15 a. m.—Bourse dull; Rentes flat.

LIVERPOOL, February 29, 1:30 p. m.—Cotton heavy; prices unchanged. Corn declined to 41s 3d; Lard quieter; Pork firm; Petroleum quiet.

LONDON, Feb. 29, eve.—Sales old issue Bonds at 71¾.

American Despatches.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The Cabinet meeting to-day was of longer duration than usual. There is no doubt that a writ of *quo warranto* will be applied for by the Government, perhaps to-morrow, to compel Stanton to show cause why he retains possession of the War Department. The President this evening entertained the Judges of the Supreme Court, Atty. General Stanberry and a few others at dinner.

WORCESTER, Mass., Feb. 28.—Joseph Clark, keeper of a gambling place, was robbed and murdered this evening in his room.

BOSTON, Feb. 28.—Two sisters, aged 18 and 16 years, named Collins, were drowned on Wednesday night by breaking through the ice while attempting to cross a brook.

NEW YORK, Feb. 29.—A Deputy Collector in the Second District was arrested yesterday for embezzlement.

The case of Daniel Drew and the Erie Railroad Company was before a full bench of the Supreme Court yesterday, but with the exception of the reading of some affidavits, nothing was done as to the merits. The General Term refused to hear the appeal taken by Mr. Drew from the decision of Judge Barnard suspending him from office. The case is to be heard at Special Term on the merits, on Tuesday next.

The *Times'* Washington special says: The Impeachment Committee have finally agreed that the specifications, five or six in number, shall relate solely to the violation of the Tenure of Office Act, in removing Mr. Stanton, the usurpation of authority in appointing a Secretary of War *ad interim*, an officer unknown to the law, and the attempt to use the military forces for his own purposes, based upon his alleged attempt to induce General Emery to obey orders direct from him, without transmission through the Army headquarters, as required by law. The Committee will report on Saturday and the vote will be taken on Monday.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says: The articles of impeachment were reported by the sub-Committee and the full Committee to-day. One article has been added, making a strong point against the President, in endeavoring to obtain possession of the Government money in the matter of requisitions, &c., for the War Department.

The *World's* Washington special says: The Senate had an executive session to-day. An important resolution, offered by Senator Sumner, was principally under discussion. It proposed that they should hold no intercourse with the President, in view of the fact that the House of Representatives had declared in favor of his impeachment. To-day at noon a double guard was placed at all the entrances to the War Department. Two commissioned officers were stationed inside the building. To-night a double line of troops encircles the building. This additional precaution is not explained.

Horace Greeley, in his reminiscences, speaks of first meeting Abraham Lincoln when he was a member of Congress, and adds:—"It will surprise some to hear that, though I was often in his company thence forward till his death, and long on terms of friendly intimacy with him, I never heard him tell an anecdote or story."

Editorial Summary.

—The *Leader* records the death of an unknown woman near that city by freezing.

—Sir Henry Smith is still confined to his room with a serious illness.

—Twelve Railroad lines actually enter the city of Chicago.

—The Chicago builders expect brisk work in the spring.

—In some parts of Wisconsin the ground is frozen to the depth of six feet.

—There are 3,895,000 bushels of grain and 82,805 barrels of flour stored in Chicago.

—It is said that a man named Temple was frozen to death near Toronto, during the late storm.

—Dickens has announced that his present intention is to return to England in the Cuba on the 22nd of April.

—A prominent journalist in New York, who is perfectly bald, has offered a reward of $1,000 for a tale that will make his hair stand on end.

—Bogus Canada twenty cent pieces are in circulation. They are a very fair imitation, and calculated to deceive, unless closely inspected.

—The production of coal doubles in the United States every five years, in Prussia every ten, in England, France, and Belgium every fifteen.

—An English jury has awarded £1100 damages to a gentleman whose nerves were shocked, but who received no bodily wound, by a railway accident.

—Fodder has become very scarce in the western parts of Prince Edward Island, and it is feared that the cattle will be starved out before spring sets in.

—Out of the 462,279,716 letters which annually pass through the United States mails, 4,306,508 are misdirected or unpaid and go to the Dead Letter Office at Washington.

—London has two griefs at present, the Fenians and the organ grinders. They would allow the latter to enlist in the Fenian ranks if they could be thus rid of them.

—The Seaforth *Expositor* states that a Mr. DeBecker was waylaid and murdered, and then robbed, by a young man named Hogg, of the proceeds of a load of grain, on Saturday night week.

—Nine thousand ducks were shot at Long Point last season. A small steamer is being constructed for the use of sportsmen visiting that favorite preserve.

—The *Saturday Review* says that in the event of war between Great Britain and the States, "Canada would not be surrendered without a struggle which would tax even the undoubted energies of the invader."

—Police Magistrate McNabb, of Toronto, delivered a temperance lecture at London, on Saturday evening, in which he stated that "there were plenty of drunken doctors in Toronto, but the lawyers of Hamilton and Toronto were among the most intemperate of the community." Suggestive of the proverb: "A dirty bird," &c.

Mr. Green sued a lady for breach of promise, and her friends offered him two hundred dollars to settle it. "What" cried Green, "two hundred dollars for ruined hopes, a shattered mind, a blasted life, and a bleeding heart? Never? but make it two hundred and twenty-five and it is a bargain."

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

BELLEVILLE, Feb 29.

Commercial Bills..... 99
Greenbacks, buying at..... 70
" selling at..... 71
Bank of Upper Canada Bills..... 63
Silver, buying at..... ¾
" selling at..... ⅞
Gold opened at 141¼; closed at 141¼.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
Belleville, Feb. 28, 1868.

FALL WHEAT—$1 65 to $1 75.
SPRING WHEAT—$1 60 to $1 75.
BARLEY—95c to $1 00.
RYE—$1 at $1 05 to $1 08.
OATS—60c to 65c.
PEAS—demand only for local use at 95c to $1 00.
BUCKWHEAT—80c to 90c.
BEEF—Dull at $5 50 $6 50.
PORK—$5 50 to $6 00. Heavy Pork $6 25.
MUTTON—5c to 6c per pound.
BUTTER—15c to 20c.
EGGS—18c to 20c.
HIDES—$6.00 to $7.00.
SHEEPSKINS—dull at 75c.
CALFSKINS—9c to 9c ⅌ lb.
TALLOW—Rough, 5c; rendered, 8c.
WOOL—25c.
POTATOES—65c to 75c.
APPLES—80c to $1 00.
HAY—$12 to $15.
CHEESE—16c.
CORN—$1 to $1 25.
FLOUR—No 1, $7 50 ⅌ bbl.
PORTER—$4 50 to $4 75.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, February 29.

Cotton dull at 22c for middling uplands.
Flour dull; receipts 4,775 bbls; sales 4,000 bbls at $8 50 to $9 35 for superior state and western; $9 75 to $10 50 for common to choice extra State; $9 40 to $10 30 for common to choice extra western; $9 75 to $10 35 for common to choice R H O.
Rye flour quiet at $7 50 to $9 50.
Wheat dull; receipts 3,050; sales 6,600 bushels at $2 40 for No 2 spring; $2 50 for No 1 do delivered.
Rye quiet; receipts and sales not reported.
Corn 1c to 3c lower; receipts 30,910 bushels; sales 59,000 bushels at $1 20 to $1 22 for new mixed western afloat; $1 15 to $1 18 for mixed and white Southern.
Barley scarce and firm.
Oats lower; receipts 4,775 bbls; sales 2,000 bushels at 81¾c for new western in store.
Pork heavy sales 1,000 barrels at $25 50 to $29 25 for old mess; $24 87 to $24 50 for new ditto.
Lard lower at 15¾c to 16¼c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 29.

Stocks active.
Money 6 per cent.
Sterling Exchange, 60 days, 109¾.
Gold 141¾.
At second board, stocks were steady. Gold closed 141¾.

Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
February 29, 1868.

IMPORTS.—5 cars merchandise.
EXPORTS.—2 cars merchandise.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.

MONTREAL, Feb. 28, 1867.
1 P. M.

FLOUR—Superior Extra	$8 00	@	8 25
Extra	7 75	@	8 00
Fancy	7 60	@	7 70
Welland Canal Superfine	7 45	@	7 60
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat,	7 45	@	7 60
" 1 Western Wheat,	7 45	@	7 60
" " 2 " "	7 15	@	7 25
Bag Flour	3 65	@	3 75
WHEAT—Canada Fall	0 00	@	0 00
Spring	1 70	@	0 00
Western	0 00	@	0 00
OATS.—Per 32 lbs	0 46	@	0 47
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	0 95	@	1 00
BUTTER—Dairy	0 19	@	0 21
" Store Packed	0 16	@	0 18
ASHES—Pots	5 80	@	5 85
Pearls	5 80	@	5 85
PORK—Mess	19 25	@	19 50
Prime Mess	14 00	@	14 50
Prime	13 00	@	13 50
Dressed Hogs	5 75	@	6 25
PEAS	0 90	@	0 91
RYE FLOUR	5 95	@	6 00

Flour—small receipts and rates generally unchanged. Grain—No transactions; rates nominal. Provisions unchanged. Ashes—pots higher; pearls neglected.

MARRIED,

At Syracuse, on the 14th instant, by the Rev. Mr. Hills, Episcopal Minister, F. MCANNANT, Esq., of Belleville, to Mrs. SARAH A. SMART.

CHRIST CHURCH,

NEAR UPPER BRIDGE.

REV. SEPTIMUS JONES, B.A., INCUMBENT.

SUNDAY SERVICES 11 A.M., and 7 P.M. Holy Communion Third Sunday in every month. This church is wholly supported by the offertory collections. *SEATS FREE.*
November 28th, 1867. 41-1y

☞ Ticket Office for Great Western Railway, opposite the Market, Front-St. Tickets issued to Milwaukee, Chicago, New Orleans, Omaha City, Nebraska Territory, Fort Riley, Kansas, Cheyenne, Dacotah, Denvis Colorado, and all points West. Fare received either in Greenbacks or current funds.
317-1y R. P. DAVY, AGENT.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

R. R. R. Radway's Regulating Pills

Are composed of vegetable extracts (prepared in vacuo), free from all inert, crude, or irritating substances. The first dose commences its work of purifying the blood, regulating the liver, cleansing the stomach and intestines, and purging from the system all acrimonious and corrupt humors. One Pill, taken two hours before dinner, will create a good appetite and insure a healthy digestion.

BILE,

Bile on the stomach will be eliminated by one dose of the Pills—say from four to six in number. When the liver is in a torpid state, nothing can be better than Radway's Regulating Pills. They purge easily, are mild in operation, and when taken are perfectly tasteless, being elegantly coated with gum. They are recommended for the cure of all disorders of the stomach, liver, kidneys, nervous diseases, indigestion, dyspepsia, biliousness, bilious fever, inflammation of the bowels, piles, and symptoms resulting from disorders of the digestive organs.

THE AGED

Suffer from costiveness and paralysis of the bowels, and may have to use injections to keep the bowels open. Take 2 or 3 of Radway's pills every night; in a few weeks the bowels, liver, kidneys, &c., will be restored to sound health and strength—a regular discharge from the bowels will be secured daily.

See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1868.—R. R. R. sold by all druggists. 1-2t 243-2w

LEXINGTON, Missouri, May 28, 1868.

MESSRS. J. N. HARRIS & CO.:
DEAR SIRS—I have made Allen's Lung Balsam pretty well known in our city and country, and sold about all the four dozen bottles sent me in March last; and I find that persons who try the Balsam once, come back again for more, as it gives them satisfaction; and I recommend it in preference to any other medicine for Coughs and Colds. Please send me six dozen bottles as soon as possible. Yours, &c.,
THOMAS J. FLETCHER, Druggist.
P.S.—I sell more Allen's Lung Balsam, than all other cough remedies together, and it gives general satisfaction.
Sold by all Family Medicine dealers.
☞ Perry Davis & Son, Agents for the Dominion of Canada. 51-4w 237-4w

Board Wanted,

IN a strictly private family, for a gentleman and lady. Permanent board for lady, and partial for gentleman. Reference required.
Address until Monday evening, "Boarder," Box 182, Post-Office, Belleville. 257-1t

DISSOLUTION.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, in the Boot and Shoe business, in the Village of Marmora, and doing business under the name of Mullett & Kane, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.
D. H. MULLETT.
EDWARD KANE.
Marmora, October 15th, 1867. 257-3t

To Whom it may Concern.

TAKE NOTICE, that the Council of the Corporation of the County of Hastings will meet at the Shire Hall, Belleville, on MONDAY, the NINTH DAY OF MARCH NEXT, A. D. 1868, for the despatch of general business.
By order,
THOS. WILLS,
C. C. C. H.
Belleville, Feb. 26, 1868. 2-2t 254-3t

BOOKBINDING.

THE Subscriber having re-fitted his BINDERY with the most approved machinery, material, &c., begs to inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to execute orders for every description of

Bookbinding,
Ruling, and
Blank-work,

in the best manner and at the lowest rates.

ACCOUNT BOOKS

manufactured to any pattern with despatch.

Music, Periodicals, Law-Books, &c., neatly, cheaply, and satisfactorily bound.
☞ Special terms for Libraries, and ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
E. HARRISON.
Belleville, Feb. 21st, 1868. 350tf

John D. Evans,

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Civil Engineer and Draughtsman.
OFFICE—Over Overell's Book Store, Belleville. 34w-346d-6m

Fornerl & Kennedy,

CIVIL and MINING ENGINEERS, Provincial Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Madoc. Lands carefully examined and reported on. Money to loan.
☞ All orders by mail will receive immediate attention.
C. C. FORNERI, C.E. & P.L.S.
246d L. KENNEDY, C.E. & P.L.S.

GRAND DISCOUNT SALES OF DRY GOODS, AT P. D. CONGER'S.

COSGRAVE & CO.'S CELEBRATED East India Pale Ale.

JUST RECEIVED,

50 Hhds,

150 Barrels and half Barrels.

FOR SALE ONLY BY
WESLEY BULLEN.
Belleville, Nov. 26, 1867. 177-tf

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THIS BANK is prepared to issue drafts, receive deposits, and grant interest receipts at the office of the Commercial Bank in Belleville.
Mr. THOMSON will be happy to see his old friends.
Belleville, Jany. 23, 1868. 225-tf

DIARIES, DIARIES, FOR 1868,

AT
J. C. OVERELL'S,
TURNBULL'S BLOCK,
180 FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

The X-Mas No. of the
ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS,
IS NOW READY.
ALSO,
BOUND NUMBERS OF
British Workman,
Band of Hope Review,
Children's Friend,
Infant's Magazine,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
LEISURE HOUR, SUNDAY AT HOME, &c., &c.,
AT
J. C. OVERELL'S,
OPPOSITE THE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,
FRONT STREET.
BELLEVILLE.
January 4, 1868. 209

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF FLANNELS,

GENT'S
FURNISHING GOODS,
&c., &c.,
JUST RECEIVED,
AT
J. MUIR & CO.'S.

Horses, Carriages, &c., FOR SALE.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS
TAKEN AT PAR.
Apply to
H. PRETTY,
Opposite the Market.
Belleville, Oct. 22, 1867. 147-tf

Limes and Glycerine,

The best Hair Dresser before the public.
Limes and Glycerine,
The best preparatiou known for Dandruff.
Limes and Glycerine,
Allays all irritation of the Scalp.
Limes and Glycerine,
All who have used it pronounce it superior to any preparation for the Hair.
Limes and Glycerine,
Is to be found on almost every toilet table.
Limes and Glycerine,
Far superior to pure Glycerine for chapped hands, &c.
Prepared only at
APOTHECARIES HALL,
1d1y Front St., Belleville.

GEORGE ROCHE,

HATTER & FURRIER,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his numerous friends and customers that he is now prepared to take orders for

ALL KINDS of FURS.

Having procured the services of a first-class Cutter from Paris, particular attention paid to repairing.
☞ All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.
Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs.
October 14. 1D-6m

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 22nd Feb'y, 1868.

AUTHORIZED discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice: 28 per cent.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
248 Commissioner of Customs.

BOARDING.

MRS. MCKENZIE can accommodate a few permanent boarders; also, some daily boarders.
RESIDENCE—Pinnacle Street, opposite the market.
Belleville, Nov. 18, 1867. 170-tf

GRAHAM FLOUR,

OATMEAL, SPLIT PEAS, BEANS, &c.

—ALSO,—

WHITEFISH AND HERRINGS

IN BARRELS & HALF BARRELS.

At the "Corner Store,"
Front and Bridge Streets.
A. FLETCHER & Co.
January 15, 1868. 7-1y, 248-2t

HOOP SKIRTS,

LATEST STYLES.

G. C. Holton & Co.

J. & W. Sutherland

WOULD respectfully solicit an inspection of their new stock of

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS,

Which will be found complete in the following specialities:
FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FRENCH MERINOS—2s. 6d. and upwards
FRENCH LAMAS & THIBETS.
FRENCH DELAINES.
SCOTCH TWEEDS.
" ALL WOOL HOSIERY.
CANADIAN " "
" FLANNELS.
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.
DUNDAS COTTONS AND BAGS.
AMERICAN YARN.
J. & W. SUTHERLAND.
Belleville, October, 1867. 1D6m

Partner Wanted.

WANTED, as equal partner in a light and profitable manufacturing business, a good responsible man, with some capital to invest.
For particulars enquire at 224, or at the office of S. B. Burdett, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Front St., Belleville.
Belleville, Jan. 27, 1868. 228-tf

HUFFMAN HOUSE,

MADOC, ONTARIO.

HUFFMAN & SON, Proprietors,
(LATE OF PETERBOROUGH.)

☞ Every attention paid to travellers. House and furniture entirely new. 143-tf 26tf

NEW BOOKS AT F. VAN NORMAN'S.

Queen Victoria's Journal, "Our Life in the Highlands,"	
Wood's Natural History—2,500 illustrations, 3 vols., Royal 8vo	$14 00
Chambers' Cyclopedia, now complete, 10 vols., per vol.,	2 50
Chambers' Cyclopedia of English Literature, 2 vols.,	2 50
Family Cyclopedia,	75
Our Constitution,	1 00
Romance of Charity,	1 00
The Land and the Book,	2 00
Pre-historic Scotland,	5 00
Knight's Half-hours with best Authors, 2 vols.,	2 50
Knight's Half-hours with English History,	1 25
North-west Passage by Land, by Viscount Milton and Cheadle.	
Barnes' Notes, complete.	
D'Israeli's Curiosities of Literature, cloth and morocco.	
Kitto's Bible History of the Holy Land.	
Weales' Scientific Works.	

ALL THE POETS, &c., &c.,

NEW SCHOOL BOOKS,

The CHEAPEST STATIONERY In Belleville.

WALL PAPERS

From 5 cts. to $1 20 per Roll.

BIBLES,
HYMN BOOKS,
PRAYER BOOKS,
PSALM BOOKS,
CATECHISMS, &c. &c.

Sunday School Libraries

in great variety, and very low prices.

A GOOD STOCK OF

Sheet Music, Music Books, Violins,

&c., &c., constantly on hand.
☞ Orders by mail promptly executed.
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,
BELLEVILLE.
Belleville, Feb. 8, 1868. 239-tf

F. HACKETT

HAS RECEIVED A

CHOICE ASSORTMENT

OF

FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS

Belleville, Oct. 1, 1867. 1D-6m

American Watches.

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its use Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is, indeed, little else than a machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course, there must be no defect in the principle of plan or the movement, no mistake in the sizes or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the reduplication of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough subdivision.

By means of multiplying guages and microscopes, tests and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools, and for faults and flaws in steel or stone, are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a finished machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home.—Instead of sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the lightest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear ringing sound always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a time keeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The Company claim that by it they produce Watches that cannot be equalled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan, and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of Watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes to suit all tastes and means; but every Watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM" is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

☞ EVERY WATCH FULLY WARRANTED.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.
ROBBINS & APPLETON,
No. 182, Broadway, N.Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
TORONTO and MONTREAL,
General Agents.
Toronto, Nov. 2, 1867. 163-3m 40-3m

Culture of the Tomato.

Every one who plants a garden must have experience of the difficulty of dealing with tomatoes as usually grown; they spread over space where they are not wanted; they hug the ground with such persistence that nothing can keep them from it; they rot both when it rains, and when it does not rain, and about the end of September they come to an absolute end of all production. The consequence is, that most people choose to purchase such as the market affords, and to pay for defective and unsatisfactory tomatoes, at a high price, because an ordinary garden does not afford room for them. Having gone through an ample experience of this sort, I by accident, attempted a mode of cultivation two years ago, which has far exceeded my expectations in obviating the difficulties referred to, and in giving an ample supply of tomatoes, so far superior to those unusually sold, as to bear no comparison with them.

This mode is a rigid training of the vines, on a high wall—a wall facing south in my case, by one facing east I think will do, while one facing north certainly will not do. Strips of lath nailed on posts or stakes, say eight inches from the face of the wall, suffice, to keep the vines within the enclosed space, but they must also be frequently tied to the lath, or to nails, driven in the face of the wall. Some trouble is requisite while they are growing most rapidly, but it will repay all the trouble well, being sure to keep the vines from falling or blowing down, by whatever driving—tying lathe—may be necessary. I have had no serious difficulty in this respect, nor will any one who ties the vines, frequently in July and August, using some soft flax twine, or strong cotton strings.

The result is, that the vines grow and bear from the earliest time that they can be produced, until absolute freezing weather comes in November. I have had them in profusion, and in perfection on the vines in two years, as late as the middle of November—the fall of both 1865 and 1866 being favorable, as regards late frosts, or the delay of absolute freezing weather. And it is remarkable that the tomato plant, under such circumstances, continue to produce as abundantly to the last as could be desired, without check by any frost or chill that does not absolutely freeze the vines.

The fruit of the tomato is peculiarly an air fruit, requiring the fullest sun, and the most free circulation of air to perfect it. In the shade or near the earth the fruit does not set, and if set, does not ripen. Under the best conditions for the vines, in this respect, the production is so much greater as to pay for all the trouble of attaining them, even if a wall or trellis were to be erected exclusively to produce tomatoes. And those growing them for market purposes would be as well repaid as private cultivators. I can count up already about eight bushels as the produce of sixty feet of wall, and but twelve inches of earth surface at the foot in which they are planted, a brick wall three feet in width coming next; the vines have in three cases ripened fruit largely at a height of six to seven feet, and the bearing season has begun, or the production of ripe tomatoes, about the 10th of August.—*Gardener's Monthly.*

HURRAH FOR

THE DOMINION.

R. H. JONES

BEGS leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has refitted and opened a new WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Grocery and Liquor Store

in the premises lately occupied by Messrs O'Brien & Hencky, where he will keep on hand a select and varied assortment of

General Groceries.

AND LIQUORS,

For family use and medicinal purposes.

TEAS.

YOUNG AND OLD HYSONS,
GUNPOWDER, TWANKAY,
IMPERIAL, JAPAN,
SOUCHONG,
CONGOU, &c., &c.

COFFEES.

THE BEST IN TOWN, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT VARIETIES.

He would especially call the attention of families to his stock of

WINES, SPIRITS & LIQUORS,

Brandies, Ports, Sherries,

Irish, Scotch & Morton's Whiskeys,

Old Tom & Holland Gins,

IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.

Together with a large assortment of

CHAMPAGNE,

of the most popular brands,

LIQUEURS & CORDIALS, &c.

In addition to these there will be found a splendid stock of

LAMP GOODS & TRIMMINGS,

☞ Goods sent promptly to customers in any part of the town.

Belleville, Dec. 9, 1867. 188 43-tf

Business Cards,

AND all other kinds of Job Printing, executed with despatch, at the *Intelligencer* Office, Intelligencer Building, Front Street

HURRAH FOR

BARNUM'S

LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half-past 8 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12, noon.

RETURNING.—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 2 o'clock, arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

S. BARNUM,
Proprietor.

C. HORTON, Agent, Belleville.
S. GUSTIN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 23, 1867. 068

REMOVAL.

N. MANN begs to notify the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to the Dafoe House Building, where he hopes to see all his old customers, and as many more, who will favor him with their patronage.

Belleville, Dec. 27, 1867.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Messrs. WALLACE & FORDYCE as Photographers, in the Town of Belleville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

(Signed.) D. J. WALLACE.
ED. FORDYCE.

Belleville, December 4th, 1867.

THE undersigned having purchased Mr. Fordyce's interest in the Gallery, will hereafter conduct the business on his own account. His long experience and thorough knowledge of the business will enable him to satisfy all who give him a call.

ROOMS.—Over Graham and Grainger's Store.

ENTRANCE:—Two doors South of Holden's Drug Store.

D. J. WALLACE.

Belleville, Dec. 4th, 1867. 185-TbST

Store-keepers!
Farmers!
And Others;
SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM THE IMPORTERS DIRECT.

The Montreal Tea Company,

6 Hospital Street, Montreal,

HAVE sent over One Thousand Packages to different parts of the country—and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction.

Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOTEL, QUEBEC, January 7, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—The six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

HOUSE OF SENATE, OTTAWA, Dec. 16, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—The box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours &c.,

S. SKINNER.

QUEBEC, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—The box of 30 lbs. English Breakfast Tea we had of you at 55 cents was of excellent quality, and fully as good as we have paid 75 cents for.

Yours respectfully, D. ANDERSON.

TORONTO, December 18, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—The two chests of Tea I had from you some weeks since have given satisfaction. You will please forward to a friend of mine at Brampton, one chest Fine Flavoured New Season Congou, at same price, viz.: at 65 cents per lb. Yours, &c.,

JAMES EDGAR.

ELORA, December 23, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—The Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using, for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz.: at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant, JOHN T. DAY.

COBOURG, January 8, 1868.

Montreal Tea Company:

GENTLEMEN,—I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box of 20 lbs. at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the "Medical Journal" have frequently declared that one half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15, and 12 lbs. boxes.

BLACK TEA,

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c.; 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do. 55c., 60c., and 65c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c.; Round Oolong, Fine Flavored do., 60c.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan, Good, 50c., 55c.; Very Fine, 60c.; Finest, 65c., 75c.; Scented Orange Pekoe, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay Common, 38c., Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c., 60c., 65c., and 70c.; Fine do., 75c.; Very Fine, 85c.; Superfine and very Choice, $1.; Fine Gunpowder, 85c.; Extra Superfine do., $1.

All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal Market, on weight, quality, and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three subduing together could divide. An excellent Mixed Tea could be had for 60c. to 70c., and very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by expressman, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.
6 Hospital Street, Montreal.

☞ Reductions made to buyers of five chests and upwards.

All Boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL

THE "DAILY NEWS,"

$6 00 per Annum, in advance.

JOHN LOVELL,
63 Printer and Publisher.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

MOIRA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Capital Stock, $100,000. Divided into 10,000 Shares.

WORKING CAPITAL, $15,000.

HORACE YEOMANS, Esq., PRESIDENT. ANDREW THOMSON, Esq., TREASURER.
B. S. GILBERT, Esq., SECRETARY. J. G. SHURTZ, Esq., SUPERINTENDENT.

MERCHANTS' BANK, BANKERS. DEAN & GILBERT, SOLICITORS.

DIRECTORS:

HORACE YEOMANS, of Flint & Yeomans, Belleville.
ANDREW THOMSON, Banker, Belleville.
W. W. DEAN, Master in Chancery, Belleville.
JOHN G. SHURTZ, Superintendent.
JAMES LISTER, M.D., Belleville.
JAMES W. CARMAN, American, Consul, Belleville.
BARTON S. GILBERT, of Dean & Gilbert, Barristers, Belleville.

THIS COMPANY is duly Incorporated under Cap. 23, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the purpose of working the mineral veins upon sixteen acres of Lot No. 19, in the fifth concession of Madoc, (the Richardson Mine being No. 18 in the same concession.)

A shaft has been sunk to the depth of nine feet in the rock. At six feet a gold-bearing lode was struck of 18 inches in width, which at nine feet has increased to 2½ feet, and a crushing at Gilbert & Turley's mill of four and one-half tons of the rock, gave a yield of over fifty dollars in gold; the lode is clearly defined, and evidently extends the whole length of the property—52 rods.

The territory is admirably situated for mining purposes, being a high ridge covered with indications of mineral veins. There are numerous places on the land fully as promising as the one on which the shaft has been sunk, and which would unquestionably yield as well. The large quantity of land, and the prospects of other gold-bearing veins, make it certain that the Company will be able to subdivide the property as soon as a little further development has been made, and form other Companies at great advantage.

Work is being vigorously prosecuted in the shaft, under the superintendence of JOHN G. SHURTZ, Esq., one of the Directors, who is largely interested in the proprietary of the mine, and who has had thirteen years' practical experience in the gold mines of California and Nevada, and is unquestionably the most accomplished quartz miner now in this country.

It is intended to have a further crushing in a few days, and negotiations are in progress which, if carried out, will secure a mill to the Company at once, so that regular work will be gone on with without delay, and dividends may, in that case, be expected in a short time.

Belleville, Jan. 27th, 1868. 228d-tf

India and China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or $1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb. Finest procurable, $1.00.
Protected by Trade Mark.

☞ Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.
August 16th, 1867. D90-1y W27-1y

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO. OF CANADA.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
INCORPORATED 1849.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - - TORONTO.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., President, LEWIS MOFFATT, Esq., Vice-President.
HON. MALCOLM CAMERON, C. J. CAMPBELL, Esq., GEORGE CHAFFEY, Esq., A. T. FULTON, Esq., H. S. HOWLAND, Esq., A. R. McMASTER, Esq., W. J. McDONELL, Esq., J. McGILLES, Esq., A. M. SMITH, Esq.

SOLICITORS:—MESSRS. DUGGAN & BURNS.

FIRE INSURANCES effected on every description of property.

MARINE INSURANCES—Inland and to the Lower Ports, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the West Indies, and by steam vessels to Europe.

Rates as moderate as any other respectable Insurance Company.

F. McANNANY, Esq., Agent, Belleville. JAS. SIDNEY CROCKER, Manager.
November 12, 1867. 39w6m-165d6m

BELLEVILLE

AGRICULTURAL WORKS

AND

IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Threshing Machines,

STRAW CUTTERS,
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,
Iron and Steel Ploughs,
Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-tf

MORTGAGE SALE.

UNDER power of sale contained in a mortgage made the 28th day of October, 1863, between William Donovan, of Belleville, Grocer, and the Hon. John Ross, there will be sold for default of payment of mortgage money, on

Thursday, the 5th day of March,

1868, at TWELVE o'clock, NOON, by M. NULTY, at his auction rooms in the Town of Belleville, the following valuable property, viz.: Lot number eighteen, on the East side of Sidney Street, as laid down on a plan of survey of Lots numbers one and two, in the second Concession of the Township of Thurlow, in the County of Hastings, made by Henry A. F. McLeod, Esq., P. L. S., and registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings, on the 28th day of October, A. D. 1863.

The said lot number eighteen, contains ten acres of land more or less. It is fenced and otherwise improved.

For terms of sale and other particulars, enquire of JAMES ROSS, Esq., or of the undersigned.

ROSS, BELL & HOLDEN,
Attorneys for Hon. John Ross.
Belleville, 5th Feb., 1868. 237-4Th

ORANGE CERTIFICATES

FOR SALE at the INTELLIGENCER Office Intelligencer Buildings, Front Street Belleville.

BRITISH PERIODICALS,

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review (Whig).
The Westminster Review (Liberal).
The North British Review (Free Church.)
AND
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory.)

THESE periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stands unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews, - - $4.00 per annum.
For any two of the Reviews, - - 7.00 "
For any three of the Reviews, - - 10.00 "
For all four of the Reviews, - - 12.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine, - - 4.00 "
For Blackwood and one Review, - 7.00 "
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews, - - 10.00 "
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews, - - 12.00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews, 15.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of *twenty per cent.* will be allowed to Clubs of four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to *one address* for $12.00. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for $45.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is *Two Cents* a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums for New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, gratis, any *one* of the *Four Reviews* for 1867. New Subscribers to all five of the periodicals for 1868 may receive, gratis, Blackwood or any *two* of the "*Four Reviews*" for 1867.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1862, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1.50 a year for each or any Review; also, Blackwood for 1866 and 1867, for $2.50 a year, or the two years together for $4.00.

☞ Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to Clubs, nor reduced prices for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted *direct to the Publishers.*

No premiums can be given to Clubs.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING CO.,
140 Fulton St., N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE,

by HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1000 pages, and numerous Engravings.

Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid, $8.

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the *AMERICAN (WALTHAM) WATCH* have given it such a wide world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers are counterfeiting its style and printing its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found, who furtively trade upon the popularity of the American Watch, by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article. It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for genuine watches have attained. The several grades of the American Watches—except the lowest grade, marked Home Watch Co.—are guaranteed by *special certificate*, the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. ROBBINS.

The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine Watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH Co.

APPLETON, TRACY & Co.

WALTHAM WATCH Co.

P. S. BARTLETT.

WM. ELLERY.

HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

Office of the General Superintendent, Altoona Pa., 15th Dec. 1866.

GENTLEMEN.—The watches manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years by our engineers, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now some three hundred of them carried on our line, and we consider them good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed we have great satisfaction in saying your watches give as less trouble and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than key watches we have ever had in use on the road. Always are aware we trusted to these of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never kept time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Locomotive Dep't Western Division, Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN.—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that Waltham watches are the most satisfactory of any for their uses. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine, and we have never known one to wear out, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON.
G. Chief Engineer,
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.

ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto & Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS.

Nov. 2, 1867. 168-3m 40-3m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every afternoon (Sundays excepted) and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of $5 a year if paid in advance, $6 otherwise. Mail subscribers $5 a year. $2 50 for 6 months; $1 50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgewater, Marmora and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the **Gold Regions**, and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., &c., and in short, neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months	$ 5 00
Half Square, 6 months	$10 00
One Square, 6 months	$20 00
Two Squares, 6 months	$30 00
Four Squares, 6 months	$50 00
Notices of Births,	50
Do of Marriages,	50
Do of Deaths,	50

"BUSINESS NOTICES"—All matter under this heading, leaded or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of solid minion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements every two weeks.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion, and 2 cents for each additional insertion.

The Weekly Intelligencer

Is published every Friday Morning at $2 per annum if called for at the Office, or sent by mail, and $2½ if delivered by the Carrier, payable in all cases in advance. When not paid until the close of the year, 50 cents will be added to each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, and the number now on our Subscription Books is **over 1,400.** With such a large and general circulation throughout this and adjoining Counties, the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed advantages to advertisers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Six lines and under, first insertion	0 50
Each subsequent insertion	0 12½
Above six, lines (per line) first insertion	0 07
Each subsequent insertion per line	0 02

☞ "BUSINESS NOTICES"—10 cents per line each insertion, measured as solid minion.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to insure their appearance.

All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

The Intelligencer Job Office

Is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the country.

The DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER can be had at the Book Stores in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at El Dorado.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

M. BOWELL,
Publisher
INTELLIGENCER BUILDING,
Front treet, Belleville.